

CHAPTER 10 – SMALL WIRELESS FACILITIES REGULATIONS FOR THE RIGHT-OF-WAY

ARTICLE 1 – PURPOSE, DEFINITIONS, DEPLOYMENT IN THE RIGHT-OF-WAY AND RELIEF

SECTION 10-101: PURPOSE

The provisions of this Chapter shall be known as the Small Wireless Facilities Regulations for the Right-of-Way. It is the purpose of these provisions to delineate restrictions, development standards and siting criteria, and establish removal procedures in order to protect the Village from the uncontrolled siting of wireless communication facilities in locations that have significant adverse effects and cause irreparable harm.

The Legislature found and declared in the Small Wireless Facilities Deployment Act that:

1. The deployment of small wireless facilities and other next-generation wireless facilities is a matter of statewide concern and interest and public policy;
2. Wireless products and services are a significant and continually growing part of the state's economy and that encouraging the development of strong and robust wireless communications networks throughout the state is necessary to address public need and policy and is integral to the state's economic competitiveness;
3. Rapid deployment of small wireless facilities will serve numerous important statewide goals and public policy, including meeting growing consumer demand for wireless data, increasing competitive options for communications services available to the state's residents, improving the ability of the state's residents to communicate with other residents and with their state and local governments, and promoting public safety;
4. Small wireless facilities, including facilities commonly referred to as small cells and distributed antenna systems, are deployed most effectively in public rights-of-way;
5. To meet the public need and policy and the key objectives of the Small Wireless Facilities Deployment Act that wireless providers must have access to the public rights-of-way to densify their networks and provide next-generation wireless services;
6. Uniform procedures, rates, and fees for permit issuance and deployment of small wireless facilities in public rights-of-way and on authority infrastructure, including poles, throughout the state that are reasonable and will encourage

the development of robust next-generation wireless networks for the benefit of residents throughout the state; and

7. The procedures, rates, and fees in the Small Wireless Facilities Deployment Act, together with any taxes, fees, or charges imposed under Nebraska Revised Statutes Section 86-704; (a) are fair and reasonable when viewed from the perspective of the state's residents and the state's interest in having robust, reliable, and technologically advanced wireless networks and (b) reflect a balancing of the interests of the wireless providers deploying new facilities and the interests of authorities in receiving fair value by recovering their costs of managing access to the public rights-of-way and provide for the attachment space on authority infrastructure and enable the reviewing and processing of applications for the installation of small wireless facilities within the rights-of-way.

SECTION 10-102: DEFINITIONS

- a. **“Act”** means the Small Wireless Facilities Deployment Act (Legislative Bill 184 adopted by the Legislature and approved by the Governor on May 17, 2019).
- b. **“Antenna”** means communications equipment that transmits or receives electromagnetic radio frequency signals used in providing wireless services.
- c. **“Applicable codes”** means uniform building, fire, safety, electrical, plumbing, or mechanical codes adopted by a recognized national code organization or local amendments to such codes so long as such amendments are not in conflict with the Act and to the extent such codes have been adopted by the authority and are generally applicable in the jurisdiction.
- d. **“Applicant”** means any person who submits an application and is a wireless provider.
- e. **“Application”** means a written request submitted by an applicant to an authority (1) for a permit to collocate small wireless facilities on an existing utility pole or wireless support structure or (2) for a permit for approval for the installation, modification, or replacement of a utility pole to support the installation of a small wireless facility.
- f. **“Authority”** means the State of Nebraska or any agency, county, city, village, or other political subdivision thereof, except as otherwise excluded herein. Authority does not include public power suppliers, state courts having jurisdiction over an authority, or an entity that does not have zoning or permit-granting authority.
- g. **“Authority pole”** means a utility pole owned, managed, or operated by or on behalf of an authority.

- h. **“Collocate” or “collocation”** means to install, mount, maintain, modify, operate, or replace small wireless facilities on or adjacent to a wireless support structure or utility pole. Collocate or collocation does not include the installation of a new utility pole or new wireless support structure in the right-of-way.
- i. **“Communications facility”** means the set of equipment and network components including wires, cables, and associated facilities used by a cable operator as defined in 47 U.S.C. 522(5), as such section existed on January 1, 2019, a telecommunications carrier as defined in 47 U.S.C. 153(51), as such section existed on January 1, 2019, a provider of information service as defined in 47 U.S.C. 153(24), as such section existed on January 1, 2019, or a wireless services provider, to provide communications services, including cable service as defined in 47 U.S.C. 153(8), as such section existed on January 1, 2019, an information service as defined in 47 U.S.C. 153(24), as such section existed on January 1, 2019, wireless services, or other one-way or two-way communications service.
- j. **“Communications network”** means a network used to provide communications service.
- k. **“Communications service”** means a cable service as defined in 47 U.S.C. 522, as such section existed on January 1, 2019, an information service as defined in 47 U.S.C. 153, as such section existed on January 1, 2019, a telecommunications service as defined in 47 U.S.C. 153, as such section existed on January 1, 2019, or a wireless service.
- l. **“Communications service provider”** means a cable operator as defined in 47 U.S.C. 522, a provider of information service as defined in 47 U.S.C. 153, or a telecommunications carrier as defined in 47 U.S.C. 153, as such sections existed on January 1, 2019. Communications service provider includes a wireless provider.
- m. **“Decorative pole”** means an authority pole that is specially designed and placed for aesthetic purposes.
- n. **“Distributed Antenna System”** means a network consisting of transceiver equipment at a central hub site to support multiple antenna locations throughout the desired coverage area.
- o. **“Eligible Facilities Request”** shall be as defined in federal regulations.
- p. **“FAA”** means the Federal Aviation Administration.
- q. **“FCC”** means the Federal Communications Commission.

- r. **“Fee”** means a one-time, nonrecurring charge.
- s. **“Governing body”** means the group of elected officials which is able to make decisions on behalf of the Village – the Board of Trustees of the Village of Inglewood.
- t. **“Historic district”** means any prehistoric or historic district, site, building, structure, or object included in, or eligible for inclusion in, the National Register of Historic Places, in accordance with Stipulation VI.D.1.a (i)-(v) of the Nationwide Programmatic Agreement for Review of Effects on Historic Properties for Certain Undertakings Approved by the Federal Communications Commission codified at 47 C.F.R. part 1, Appendix C, as such regulation existed on January 1, 2019, or designated pursuant to state historic preservation law if such designation exists at the time of application.
- u. **“Law”** means federal, state, or local law, statute, common law, code, rule, regulation, order, or ordinance.
- v. **“Macro cell”** means an antenna or antennas mounted on a tower, ground-based mast, rooftops or structures, at a height that provides coverage to the surrounding area.
- w. **“Microwireless facility”** means a small wireless facility that is not larger in dimension than twenty-four inches in length, fifteen inches in width, and twelve inches in height and with any exterior antenna no longer than eleven inches.
- x. **“Village”** means the Village of Inglewood, Nebraska.
- y. **“Permit”** means a written authorization required by an authority to perform an action, initiate, continue, or complete installation of a small wireless facility on an existing utility pole or attached to an existing wireless support structure, or to install, modify, or replace a utility pole to support installation of a small wireless facility.
- z. **“Person”** means an individual, a corporation, a limited liability company, a partnership, an association, a trust, or any other entity or organization, including an authority.
- aa. **“Pole”** means a legally constructed pole, such as a utility, lighting or similar pole made of wood, concrete, metal or other material, located or to be located within the right-of-way.
- bb. **“Public power supplier”** means a public power district or any other governmental entity providing electric service. Public power supplier includes a municipal electric utility or a rural public power supplier.
- cc. **“Rate”** means a recurring charge.

- dd. **“Right-of-way”** means the area on, below, or above a public roadway, highway, street, sidewalk, alley, dedicated utility easement, or similar property, but not including a freeway as defined in Neb. Rev. Stat. Section 39-1302, the National System of Interstate and Defense Highways, or a private easement.
- ee. **“Routine maintenance”** means inspections, testing or repair that maintain functional capacity, aesthetic and structural integrity of a small wireless facility and the associated structure, pole or tower, and that does not involve impeding, damaging or disturbing any portion of the right-of-way.
- ff. **“Rural public power supplier”** means a public power district, a public power and irrigation district, an electric cooperative, or an electric membership association, that does not provide electric service to any city of the metropolitan class, city of the primary class, or city of the first class.
- gg. **“Small wireless facility”** means a wireless facility that meets each of the following conditions: (1) The facilities (a) are mounted on structures fifty feet or less in height including the antennas or (b) are mounted on structures no more than ten percent taller than other adjacent structures; (2) each antenna associated with the deployment is no more than three cubic feet in volume; (3) all other equipment associated with the structure, whether ground-mounted or pole-mounted, is no more than twenty-eight cubic feet in volume; (4) the facilities do not require antenna structure registration under 47 C.F.R. part 17, as such regulation existed on January 1, 2019; (5) the facilities are not located on tribal lands, as defined in 36 C.F.R. 800.16(x), as such regulation existed on January 1, 2019; and (6) the facilities do not result in human exposure to radio frequency radiation in excess of the applicable safety standards specified in 47 C.F.R. 1.1307(b), as such regulation existed on January 1, 2019.
- hh. **“State”** means the State of Nebraska.
- ii. **“Stealth”** means a design that minimizes the visual impact of wireless communication facilities by camouflaging, disguising, screening or blending them into the surrounding environment. Examples of stealth design include but are not limited to facilities disguised as trees (monopines), flagpoles, utility and light poles, bell towers, clock towers, ball field lights and architecturally screened roof-mounted antennas or flush-mounted antennas that are either painted to match or enclosed in an architecturally, applicable box.
- jj. **“Substantial change”** is as defined in federal regulations.
- kk. **“Technically feasible”** means that by virtue of engineering or spectrum usage, the proposed placement for a small wireless facility, or its design or

site location, can be implemented without a reduction in the functionality of the small wireless facility.

- ll. **“Tower”** means any structure in the right-of-way built for the sole or primary purpose of supporting a wireless communication facility.
- mm. **“Tower height”** means the vertical distance measured from the base of the tower structure at grade to the highest point of the structure including the antenna. A lightning rod, not to exceed ten (10) feet in height, shall not be included within tower height.
- nn. **“Transmission equipment”** means equipment that facilitates transmission for any FCC-licensed or authorized wireless communication service, including, but not limited to, radio transceivers, antennas, microwave dishes, coaxial or fiber-optic cable and backup power supplies. The term includes equipment associated with wireless communication services including, but not limited to, private, broadcast, and public safety services, as well as unlicensed wireless services and fixed wireless services such as microwave backhaul.
- oo. **“Utility pole”** means a pole located in the right-of-way that is used for wireline communications, lighting, the vertical portion of support structures for traffic control signals or devices or a similar function, or for the collocation of small wireless facilities and located in the right-of-way. Utility pole does not include (1) wireless support structures, (2) any transmission infrastructure owned or operated by a public power supplier or rural public power supplier, and (3) any distribution or communications infrastructure owned or operated by a rural public power supplier.
- pp. **“Wireless facility”** means equipment at a fixed location that enables wireless communications between user equipment and a communications network, including (a) equipment associated with wireless communications and (b) radio transceivers, antennas, coaxial or fiber-optic cable, regular power supply, and small back-up battery, regardless of technological configuration. Wireless facility includes small wireless facilities. Wireless facility does not include (a) the structure or improvements on, under, or within the equipment which is collocated, (b) coaxial or fiber-optic cable that is between wireless structures or utility poles or that is otherwise not immediately adjacent to, or directly associated with, a particular antenna, or (c) a wireline backhaul facility.
- qq. **“Wireless infrastructure provider”** means any person, including a person authorized to provide telecommunications service in the State of Nebraska, when acting to build or install wireless communication transmission equipment, wireless facilities, or wireless support structures, but that is not a wireless services provider.

- rr. **“Wireless provider”** or **“provider”** means a wireless services provider or a wireless infrastructure provider when acting as a coapplicant for a wireless services provider.
- ss. **“Wireless services”** means any services using licensed or unlicensed spectrum, including the use of Wi-Fi, whether mobile or at a fixed location, provided to the public using wireless facilities.
- tt. **“Wireless services provider”** means a person who provides wireless services.
- uu. **“Wireless support structure”** means a structure such as a guyed or self-supporting tower, billboard, building, or other existing or proposed structure designed to support or capable of supporting wireless facilities other than a structure designed solely for the collocation of small wireless facilities. Wireless support structure does not include a utility pole.
- vv. **“Wireline backhaul facility”** means an above-ground or underground facility used to transport communications services from a wireless facility to a communications network.

SECTION 10-103: DEPLOYMENT IN THE RIGHT-OF-WAY

1. Non-Exclusivity, Charges, Permitted Use and Right-of-Way Criteria. This subsection applies only to activities of a wireless provider within the right-of-way to deploy small wireless facilities and associated utility poles.

- A. The Village shall not enter into an exclusive arrangement with any person for use of the right-of-way.
- B. Subject to the other provisions of this Chapter, the Village may only charge a wireless provider on a nondiscriminatory basis the rate or fee provided in the Act for the use of any right-of-way for the collocation of small wireless facilities or the installation, maintenance, modification, operation, or replacement of a utility pole in the right-of-way if the authority charges other entities for the use of the right-of-way.
- C. Except as provided in this Chapter, a wireless provider shall have the right, as a permitted use not subject to zoning review or approval, to collocate small wireless facilities and install, maintain, modify, operate, and replace utility poles along, across, upon, and under the right-of-way so long as such facilities and poles do not obstruct or hinder the usual travel or public safety on such right-of-way or obstruct the legal use of such right-of-way by utilities or the safe operation of their systems or provision of service. Small wireless

facilities to be located in an airport hazard area shall comply with any regulations governing such area.

- D. Placement. This Chapter only applies to the deployment of small wireless facilities in the right-of-way with the exception that the application fees provided in the FCC's Declaratory Ruling and Third Report and Order released September 27, 2018, apply to small wireless facilities in and outside of the right-of-way.
- E. Height Limitations.
1. Any new or modified utility pole installed in a right-of-way shall not exceed the greater of (i) five feet in height above the tallest existing utility pole in place as of the effective date of the Act located within five hundred feet of the new utility pole in the same right-of-way or (ii) fifty feet above ground level.
 2. New small wireless facilities in a right-of-way shall not extend more than the greater of (i) fifty feet in height, including antenna, or (ii) more than five feet above an existing utility pole in place as of the effective date of the Act and located within five hundred feet in the same right-of-way.
 3. The Village shall have the right, at its sole discretion and subject to applicable nondiscriminatory regulations, to consider and approve an application to install a utility pole or wireless support structure that exceeds the height limits in this subsection for the right to collocate a small wireless facility and install, maintain, modify, operate, and replace a utility pole that exceeds such height limits along, across, upon, and under a right-of-way.
- F. An applicant may request approval from the Village, as part of the application process, to replace a decorative pole when necessary to collocate a small wireless facility. Any replacement decorative pole shall conform to the nondiscriminatory design aesthetics of the decorative pole being replaced.
- G. Except for facilities excluded from evaluation for effects on historic properties under 47 C.F.R. 1.1307 (a) (4), as such regulation existed on January 1, 2019, the Village shall have the right to require design or concealment measures in a historic district established prior to January 1, 2019. Such design or concealment measures shall be objective and directed to avoid or remedy the intangible public harm of unsightly or out-of-character wireless facilities deployed at the proposed location. Any such design or concealment measures shall be reasonable, nondiscriminatory, and published in advance, and shall not be considered a part of the small wireless facility for purposes of the size restrictions of a small wireless facility.

2. Agreement for Use of the Right-of-Way.

A. Agreement. Prior to installing in the right-of-way any small wireless facility, or any pole built for the sole or primary purpose of supporting a small wireless facility, or any tower, a person shall enter into an Agreement with the Village expressly authorizing use of the right-of-way for the small wireless facility, pole or tower proposed to be installed. The Agreement shall provide for the attachment to Municipal poles or structures in the right-of-way in addition to poles or structures owned by unrelated third parties, provided that the applicant secures the written consent of the third party for such attachment.

B. General Terms.

1. The term of an Agreement shall be for up to five (5) years. The Agreement may be renewed for an additional term of five (5) years subject to the mutual written agreement of the Village and provider.
2. The Agreement authorizes the provider's non-exclusive use of the right-of-way for the sole purpose of installing, maintaining and operating wireless communication facilities, including any pole built for the sole or primary purpose of supporting the wireless communication facilities and any tower, to provide the services expressly authorized in the Agreement, subject to applicable laws, this Chapter and the terms and conditions of the Agreement. The Agreement authorizes use only of the right-of-way in which the Village has an actual interest. It is not a warranty of title or interest in any right-of-way and it does not confer on the provider any interest in any particular location or to a superior or preferred location within the right-of-way. Nothing herein shall authorize the use of the Village's poles, towers, support structures or other structures outside of the right-of-way. All use of Municipal poles, towers, support structures, and other structures in the right-of-way shall require a separate attachment agreement or be specifically provided for in the Agreement and shall include the payment of fees for such use.
3. The provider shall, at its sole cost and expense, keep and maintain its wireless communication facilities, poles, support structures and towers in the right-of-way in a safe condition, and in good order and repair.
4. In the event of an emergency regarding the provider's small wireless facilities, or related poles, support structures or towers, the provider shall immediately notify the Village of the na-

ture of the emergency and planned response to the emergency.

5. This Chapter applies to the issuance of a permit for a small wireless facility within the right-of-way and to the issuance of a permit for the installation, modification, and replacement of a utility pole by an applicant within a right-of-way.
6. An applicant that collocates a small wireless facility within a Municipal right-of-way or on a utility pole assumes the risk of loss, damage to, or loss of use of such facility when such pole is damaged, destroyed, or taken out of service on Municipal property, except to the extent that such loss or damage is due to or caused by the negligence or willful misconduct of the Village or its employees, contractors, or agents.
7. The construction, operation, maintenance, collocation, or placement of wireless facilities, utility poles, or wireless support structures shall occur at no cost from an applicant to the Village unless otherwise agreed to in advance between an applicant and the Village.

C. Permit Required.

1. An applicant shall apply for and obtain one or more permits to collocate a small wireless facility or install a new, modified, or replacement utility pole associated with a small wireless facility. Such permits shall be of general applicability and not apply exclusively to wireless facilities.
2. No person may construct, install or maintain in the right-of-way any wireless communication facilities without first receiving a permit from the Village. Notwithstanding the foregoing, in the event of an emergency, a provider or its duly authorized representative may work in the right-of-way prior to obtaining a permit, provided that the provider shall contact the Village prior to commencing the work and shall apply for a permit as soon as reasonably possible, but not later than twenty-four (24) hours after commencing the emergency work. For purposes of this subsection, an “emergency” means a circumstance in which immediate repair to damaged or malfunctioning facilities is necessary to restore lost service or prevent immediate harm to persons or property.

D. Permit Application Requirements. The application shall be submitted by the wireless provider or its duly authorized representative and shall contain the following:

1. The applicant's name, address, telephone number, and email address, including emergency contact information for the applicant.
2. The names, addresses, telephone numbers, and email addresses of all consultants, if any, acting on behalf of the applicant or provider with respect to the filing of the application.
3. A description of the proposed work and wireless communication facility sufficient to demonstrate compliance with the provisions of this Chapter.
4. If applicable, a copy of the authorization from the owner of the pole, tower or support structure on or in which the wireless communication facility will be placed or attached.
5. To the extent the proposed wireless communication facility involves collocation on a pole, tower or support structure, a structural report prepared by a Nebraska licensed professional engineer evidencing that the pole, tower or support structure will support the collocation (or that the pole, tower or support structure will be modified to meet structural requirements) in accordance with applicable codes.
6. For any new above-ground wireless communication facilities, accurate visual depictions or representations, if not included in the construction drawings or photo simulations.
7. Any other submission requirements per published Municipal policies or regulations.

All applications for small wireless facility installations in the right-of-way shall be made to the Village Clerk.

E. Denial. The Village may deny a proposed collocation of a small wireless facility or installation, modification, or replacement of a utility pole that meets the requirements of the Act only if the proposed application:

1. materially and demonstrably interferes with the safe operation of traffic control equipment or the right-of-way;

2. materially interferes with sight lines or clear zones for air or land transportation or pedestrians;
3. materially interferes with compliance with the federal Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 or similar federal or state standards regarding pedestrian access or movement;
4. fails to comply with reasonable and nondiscriminatory spacing requirements of general application adopted by ordinance or resolution that concern the location of ground-mounted equipment and new utility poles. Such spacing requirements shall not prevent a wireless provider from serving any location;
5. fails to comply with applicable codes if they are of general applicability and do not apply exclusively to wireless facilities;
6. fails to comply with the Village's aesthetic requirements that are reasonable, objective and published in advance; or
7. designates the location of a new utility pole within seven feet in any direction of an electrical conductor unless the wireless provider obtains the written consent of the public power supplier that owns or manages the electrical conductor.

The Village shall document the basis for a permit application denial including any specific code provisions on which the denial was based, and send such documentation to the applicant on or before the day the Village denies the application. The applicant may cure the deficiencies identified by the Village and resubmit the application within thirty days after the denial without paying an additional application fee. The Village shall approve or deny the resubmitted application within thirty days. Any subsequent review shall be limited to the deficiency cited in the denial.

- F. The Village shall be allowed to reserve space on Municipal poles, and the applicant shall cooperate with the Village in any such reservation, except that the Village shall first notify the applicant in writing that it is interested in reserving such pole space or sharing the trenches or bores where the collocation is to occur. The applicant shall allow the Village to place its infrastructure in the applicant's trenches or bores or on the utility poles as requested by the Village except that the Village shall incur the incremental cost of placing the conduit or infrastructure as requested. The Village shall be responsible for maintaining its facilities in the trenches and bores and on the Municipal poles.

- G. An applicant shall not be required to provide more information to obtain a permit than a communications service provider that is not a wireless provider, except as directly related to the impairment of wireless service in the immediate area of the proposed small wireless facility and except that an applicant may be required to include construction and engineering drawings and information demonstrating compliance with the criteria in this Chapter.
- H. The Village may propose a technically feasible alternate utility pole location. The wireless provider shall cooperate with the Village to address the Village's reasonable proposal. The Village shall not require the placement of small wireless facilities on a specific utility pole or category of poles or require multiple antenna systems on a single utility pole.
- I. The Village shall not limit the placement of small wireless antennas by minimum horizontal separation distances.
- J. An applicant shall include an attestation that the small wireless facilities will be operational for use by a wireless services provider within nine months after the later of the completion of all make-ready work or the permit issuance date unless a delay is caused by lack of commercial power or communication transport facilities to the site. In such case the applicant shall have an extension, not to exceed nine months. The Village and applicant may mutually agree to an additional extension.
- K. Proprietary or Confidential Information in Application. Applications are public records that may be made publicly available pursuant to the Nebraska Public Records Law. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the applicant may designate portions of its application materials that it reasonably believes contain proprietary or confidential information as "proprietary" or "confidential" by clearly marking each portion of such materials accordingly, and the Village shall treat the information as proprietary and confidential, subject to the Nebraska Public Records Law and the Village's determination that the applicant's request for confidential or proprietary treatment of application materials is reasonable and in compliance with such law. The Village shall not be required to incur any costs to protect the application materials from disclosure, other than the Village's routine procedures for complying with the Nebraska Public Records Law.
- L. Routine Maintenance and Replacement. The Village shall not require an application, permit, or other approval or charge fees or rates for routine maintenance of small wireless facilities, replacement of small wireless facilities with small wireless facilities that are substantially

similar in weight or windage or the same size or smaller, or for the installation, placement, maintenance, operation or replacement of microwaveless facilities that are strung on cables between existing utility poles in compliance with the National Electrical Safety Code. A permit shall be required for work that exceeds original weight or windage or requires excavation or closing of sidewalks or vehicular lanes within the right-of-way for such activities.

- M. Application Fees. The application fees for collocation of small wireless facilities on an existing or replacement Municipal pole shall not exceed \$500 for up to five small wireless facilities on the same application and \$100 for each additional small wireless facility on the same application.

The application fees for the installation, modification, or replacement of a utility pole and the collocation of an associated small wireless facility that are a permitted use in accordance with the specifications of the Act shall not exceed \$250 per pole. In the case of coapplicants for a single site, only one application fee may be charged for the site. The rate for collocation of a small wireless facility on a Municipal pole in the right-of-way shall be no more than \$20 per Municipal pole per year.

- N. Bonds. Unless otherwise provided in an Agreement or agreed to in writing by the Village, a performance or construction bond or other form of surety acceptable to the Village equal to at least one hundred percent (100%) of the estimated cost of the work within the right-of-way shall be provided before the applicant commences work.

- O. Effect of Permit. A permit from the Village authorizes an applicant to undertake only the activities in the right-of-way specified in the application and permit, and in accordance with this Chapter and any conditions included in the permit. A permit does not authorize attachment to or use of existing poles, towers, support structures or other structures in the right-of-way. A permittee or wireless provider must obtain all necessary approvals from the owner of any pole, tower, support structure or other structure prior to any attachment or use. A permit does not create a property right for the applicant. The applicant shall not interfere with other uses or users of the right-of-way.

- P. Duration. Installation or collocation for which a permit is granted shall be completed within one (1) year of the later of the completion of all make-ready work or permit issuance date unless a delay is caused by the lack of commercial power or communications transport facilities at the site. In such case, the applicant shall have an extension of up to nine (9) months. The Village and applicant may mutually agree to an

additional extension. Approval of an application authorizes the applicant to maintain and operate the small wireless facilities and any associated utility pole covered by the permit for a period of not less than five (5) years, subject to applicable relocation requirements and the applicant's right to terminate at any time. The Village shall renew such permit for an equivalent duration so long as the applicant is in compliance with the criteria set forth in this Chapter, as such criteria existed at the time the permit was granted.

- Q. Multiple Sites in a Consolidated Application. An applicant seeking to collocate small wireless facilities may, at the applicant's discretion, file a consolidated application for up to five (5) individual small wireless facilities instead of filing a separate application for each individual small wireless facility. The denial of one or more small wireless facilities in a consolidated application shall not delay processing of any other small wireless facilities in the same application or be a basis upon which to deny the consolidated application as a whole. An applicant is allowed to file a single set of documents that apply to all of the applicant's small wireless facilities, and the Village shall render a decision regarding all of the applicant's wireless facilities in a single administrative proceeding unless the local requirements require an elected or appointed body to render such a decision.

3. Municipal Poles.

- A. The Village shall allow the collocation of small wireless facilities on Municipal poles using the processes in the Act.
- B. The rates provided in the Act to collocate on Municipal poles shall be nondiscriminatory regardless of the services provided by the collocating person.
- C. The rates, fees, terms, and conditions for make-ready work to collocate on a Municipal pole shall be nondiscriminatory, competitively neutral, and commercially reasonable and shall reimburse all reasonable costs incurred by the Village in compliance with the Act.
- D. The Village shall provide a good faith estimate for any make-ready work necessary to enable the Municipal pole to support the requested collocation by an applicant, including pole replacement if necessary, within one hundred twenty days after receipt of a completed application. Make-ready work, including any pole replacement shall be completed within ninety days after written acceptance of the good faith estimate by the applicant. The Village may require replacement of the Municipal pole only if it determines and provides details

indicating that the collocation would make the Municipal pole structurally unsound.

- E. The person owning, managing, or controlling the Municipal pole shall not require more make-ready work than required to meet applicable codes or industry standards. Fees for make-ready work shall not include costs related to known preexisting or prior damage or noncompliance. Fees for make-ready work, including any pole replacement, shall not exceed actual costs or the amount charged to other communications service providers for reasonably similar work and may include reasonable consultant fees or expenses.
- F. Make-ready work generally refers to the modification of utility poles or lines or the installation of guys and anchors to accommodate additional facilities.

4. Rates and Fees.

- A. The Village shall not require a wireless provider to pay any rate, fee, or compensation to the Village or other person other than what is expressly authorized by Neb. Rev. Stat. Section 86-704, or, where applicable, Neb. Rev. Stat. Section 14-109, 15-203, 16-205, or 17-525, or the Act for the right to use or occupy a right-of-way for the collocation of small wireless facilities on wireless support structures or utility poles in the right-of-way or for the installation, maintenance, modification, operation, and replacement of utility poles in the right-of-way.
- B. If the Village charges occupation taxes under Section 86-704, it shall not charge a wireless services provider any additional amount for the use of a right-of-way. The Village may charge a wireless provider that does not pay the Village's occupation tax under Section 86-704 either a rate of \$250 for each small wireless facility each year, or a fee equal to the occupation tax charged by the Village under Section 14-109, 15-203, 16-205, or 17-525.

5. Administrative Review.

- A. Approval Process. Small wireless facilities in the right-of-way may be approved through administrative review if the following requirements are met:
 - 1. A complete application is submitted, all fees are paid and a permit is obtained by the applicant or provider; and

2. Each new, modified or replacement pole, tower or structure installed in the right-of-way shall not exceed the height limits of the respective zoning district. If a height limit is exceeded, then either a conditional use permit or special use permit is required; and
3. The applicant complies with all of the other requirements of this Chapter.

B. Design Standards. Subject to subsection 4.5 A. 2. above, all poles and small wireless facilities may be approved through administrative review if the following design standards and recommended design guidelines (if adopted) are met by the applicant:

1. Height, shape, design and color for poles and related equipment.
2. Number, location and styles of poles that may be installed or used.
3. Aesthetic approach for different types of poles and related equipment.
4. Construction approach per wireless communication facility, including powering and metering.
5. Structural integrity.
6. Set-backs for poles and ground-mounted equipment.
7. Ground-mounted equipment for small wireless facilities may be used only to house equipment in support of the operation of the facilities.
8. Lighting, marking and noise requirements.
9. Fencing/landscaping/screening/signage requirements.
10. Collocation analysis.
11. Use of decorative poles, where necessary.
12. A written report will be prepared, signed and sealed by a Nebraska licensed professional engineer or a qualified employee of the applicant, which assesses whether the proposed small wireless facility demonstrates compliance with the Radio Fre-

quency (“RF”) emissions limits established by the FCC. The qualified employee of the applicant shall submit his or her qualifications with the report.

The governing body may approve by Resolution additional recommended design guidelines. Further changes to those recommended design guidelines are subject to the discretion of the Village.

6. Right-of-Way Construction and Installation Requirements.

- A. Lighting. Towers may not be artificially lighted, unless required by public safety, the FAA or applicable Municipal regulation.
- B. State or Federal Requirements. All towers and antennas must meet current standards and regulations of the FAA, FCC and any other agency of the local, state or federal government with authority to regulate towers and antennas.
- C. Building Codes. To ensure the structural integrity of poles and towers, the owner of a pole or tower shall ensure that the pole or tower is maintained in compliance with Industry standards and applicable State and local building code standards.
- D. Public Notice. For purposes of this Chapter, any application for a wireless communication facility, including small wireless facilities and poles, variance, exception or appeal of a request for a permit requires public notice to all adjoining property owners and all owners of surrounding properties as may be required by the Municipal Code.
- E. Equipment Cabinets. The equipment cabinets shall comply with all applicable building codes and zoning requirements.
- F. Site Plan. A site plan is required. A scaled site plan shall clearly indicate the location, type, height and width of the proposed pole, on-site land uses and zoning, adjacent land uses and zoning, adjacent roadways, photo simulations, a depiction of all proposed transmission equipment, proposed means of access, setbacks from property lines, elevation drawings or renderings of the proposed pole and any other structures, topography, utility runs and other information deemed necessary to assess compliance with this Chapter.
- G. Inventory of Existing Sites. Not more than one (1) time per year, each applicant owning a macro cell tower shall provide to the Village an inventory of the wireless provider’s existing towers, antennas, or sites approved for towers or antennas, that are either within the jurisdiction of the Village or within one (1) mile of the border thereof, including

specific information about the location and tower height. The Village may share such information with other applicants applying for administrative review or other permits under this Chapter or other organizations seeking to locate antennas within the jurisdiction of the Village; provided, however, that the Village is not, by sharing such information, in any way representing or warranting that such sites are available or suitable.

- H. Color. To the extent feasible, the antennas shall be placed and colored to blend into the architectural detail and coloring of the host structure. Towers and antennas shall be painted a color that best allows them to blend into the surroundings. The use of grays, blues, greens, dark bronze, browns or other site-specific colors may be appropriate; however, each case shall be evaluated individually.
- I. Signs. No facilities may bear any signage other than that required by law or expressly permitted or required by the Village.
- J. Visual Impact. All small wireless facilities in residential districts, historic and downtown districts shall be sited and designed with stealth features to minimize adverse visual impacts on surrounding properties and the traveling public to the greatest extent reasonably possible, consistent with the proper functioning of the wireless communication facilities. Such wireless communication facilities and equipment enclosures shall be integrated through location and design to blend in with the existing characteristics of the site. Stealth and concealment techniques must be appropriate given the proposed location, design, visual environment, and nearby uses, structures, and natural features. Such wireless communication facilities shall also be designed to either resemble the surrounding landscape and other natural features where located in proximity to natural surroundings or be compatible with the built environment or be consistent with other uses and improvements permitted in the relevant zone.
- K. Obstruction. Any new pole or support structure or equipment associated with small wireless facilities shall not obstruct access to:
 - 1. any existing above-ground or underground right-of-way user facilities or public facilities;
 - 2. any public infrastructure for traffic control, street light or public transportation purposes including, without limitation, any vehicular traffic sign or signal or pedestrian traffic sign or signal;
 - 3. any public transportation street furniture or other improvements at any public transportation stop;

4. fire hydrants; or
5. any doors, gates or other ingress and egress points to any building appurtenant to the right-of-way.

L. Placement and Notice.

1. All pole-mounted transmission equipment shall be mounted as close as technically possible to the pole so as to reduce the overall visual profile to the extent feasible subject to applicable safety codes.
2. Prior to the installation or construction of a small wireless facility within the right-of-way or utility easement, the wireless provider must notify all utilities located within such right-of-way or utility easement regarding its proposed use of the right-of-way or utility easement.

M. Accessory Equipment. All accessory equipment located at the base of a pole or tower shall be placed (at the provider's choice) underground or in an equipment cabinet that is (a) designed to blend in with existing surroundings, using architecturally compatible construction and colors; and (b) be located so as to be unobtrusive as possible consistent with the proper functioning of the wireless communication facilities.

N. Site Design Flexibility. Individual sites vary in the location of adjacent buildings, existing trees, topography and other local variables. By mandating certain design standards, there may result a project that could have been less intrusive if the location of the various elements of the project could have been placed in more appropriate locations within a given site. Therefore, the wireless communication facilities and supporting equipment may be installed so as to best camouflage, disguise or conceal them, to make the wireless communication facilities more closely compatible with and blend into the setting or host structure, upon approval by the Village.

O. Inclusion of Base Equipment. Where technically feasible, the applicant may incorporate the cabinet and other equipment into the base of a new pole (for example, for a small wireless facility) provided there is adequate space in the right-of-way and that Americans with Disabilities Act sidewalk accessibility requirements can be met. All provisions of the Americans with Disabilities Act (including, but not limited to, clear space requirements) shall be met by the provider.

- P. New Poles. To the extent technically feasible, new poles must be designed to match the existing light fixtures and other poles, and they shall serve a dual purpose (for example, a new light fixture, flag pole or banner clips).
- Q. Maps and As-Builts. The wireless provider shall furnish to the Village paper and electronic maps showing the location of its equipment in the right-of-way and as-builts after construction is completed.

7. Attachment to and Replacement of Decorative Poles.

- A. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this Chapter, an applicant may not install a small wireless facility on a decorative pole, or replace a decorative pole with a new decorative pole unless the Village has determined, in its sole discretion, that each of the following conditions has been met:
 - 1. The application qualifies for issuance of a permit; and
 - 2. The attachments and replacement pole are in keeping with the aesthetics of the decorative pole.
- B. An applicant may not install a small wireless facility on a decorative pole, replace a decorative pole with a new decorative pole, or install new above-ground facilities in the Historic District unless the Village has determined, in its sole discretion, that each of the following conditions has also been met:
 - 1. The application qualifies for issuance of a permit; and
 - 2. The attachment and replacement pole are in keeping with the aesthetics and character of the decorative pole and Historic District.

8. General Work Requirements.

- A. General Safety and Compliance with Laws. The permittee shall employ due care during the installation, maintenance or any other work in the right-of-way, and shall comply with all safety and construction requirements of applicable laws, Municipal guidelines, standards and practices and any additional commonly accepted safety standards.
- B. Traffic Control. Unless otherwise specified in the permit, the permittee shall erect a barrier around the perimeter of any excavation and provide appropriate traffic control devices, signs and lights to protect,

warn and guide the public (vehicular and pedestrian) through the work zone. The manner and use of these devices shall be as described within a traffic control plan. The permittee shall maintain all barriers and other traffic control and safety devices related to an open excavation until the excavation is restored to a safe condition or as otherwise directed by the Village.

- C. Non-Interference. The permittee shall not interfere with any existing facilities or structures in the right-of-way and shall locate its lines and equipment in such a manner as not to interfere with the usual traffic patterns (vehicular or pedestrian) or with the rights or reasonable convenience of owners of property that abut any right-of-way.
- D. Utility Locates. Before beginning any excavation in the right-of-way, the permittee shall comply with the Nebraska One Call Notification Act.
- E. Compliance with Permit
 - 1. All construction practices and activities shall be in accordance with the permit and approved final plans and specifications. The Village and its representatives shall be provided access to the work site and such further information as they may require to ensure compliance with such requirements. All work that does not comply with the permit, the approved plans and specifications for the work, or the requirements of this Chapter, shall be removed at the sole expense of the permittee. The Village may stop work in order to assure compliance with the provisions of this Chapter.
 - 2. In addition to obtaining a permit for installation of a small wireless facility, an applicant must obtain all other required approvals from the Village.

9. Location of New Facilities.

- A. The wireless provider shall not locate or maintain its wireless communication facilities so as to interfere with the use of the right-of-way by the Village, by the general public or by other persons authorized to use or be present in or upon the right-of-way.
- B. Whenever any existing electric utilities, natural gas, water or sewer lines (or other public improvements) and communications facilities are located underground within a right-of-way, the wireless provider with permission to occupy the same portion of the right-of-way shall locate its wireless communication facilities underground at its own expense

where technically feasible. The Village may, in its sole discretion, approve above-ground placement of equipment cabinets, pedestals and similar equipment. For facilities or equipment such as small wireless facilities that cannot, by their nature, operate unless located above-ground, the wireless provider and Village shall work to find a suitable location for such facilities or equipment.

- C. In performing any work in or affecting the right-of-way, the wireless provider, and any agent or contractor of the provider, shall comply with the provisions of this Chapter and all other applicable laws.
- D. A wireless provider shall repair all damage to a right-of-way directly caused by the activities of the wireless provider in the right-of-way and return the right-of-way to equal or better condition to that before the damage occurred pursuant to the competitively neutral and reasonable requirements and specifications of the Village. If the applicant fails to make the repairs that are reasonably required by the Village within fourteen days after written notice, the Village may undertake such repairs and charge the wireless provider the reasonable, documented costs of such repairs. The Village shall grant an extension of up to ten days to complete such repairs if the wireless provider requests such extension within the original fourteen-day period. In the event of immediate threat to life, safety, or to prevent serious injury, the Village may immediately undertake to restore the site and then notify the applicant and charge the applicant for all reasonable restoration costs.

10. Removal, Relocation and Abandonment.

- A. Within thirty (30) days following written notice from the Village, the wireless provider shall, at its own expense, protect, support, temporarily or permanently disconnect, remove, relocate, change or alter the position of any of its wireless communication facilities within the right-of-way, including relocation of above-ground wireless communication facilities underground (consistent with the provisions of this Chapter), whenever the Village has determined, in its sole discretion, that such removal, relocation, change or alteration is necessary for the construction, repair, maintenance, or installation of any Municipal improvement, the operations of the Village on, under or upon the right-of-way, or otherwise is in the public interest. The wireless provider shall be responsible to the Village for any damages the Village may incur as a result of the provider's failure to remove or relocate its wireless communication facilities.
- B. If the future maintenance or construction of a Municipal road requires the moving or relocating of wireless facilities, utility poles, or wireless

support structures currently located within a right-of-way, such facilities, poles, or structures shall be removed or relocated by the owner of such small wireless facilities, poles, or structures at the owner's expense and as directed by the Village.

- C. The Village retains the right and privilege to cut or move any wireless communication facility located within the right-of-way of the Village, as the Village may determine, in its sole discretion, to be necessary, appropriate or useful in response to any public emergency. If circumstances permit, the Village shall notify the wireless provider and give the provider an opportunity to move its own facilities prior to cutting or removing the wireless communication facilities. In all cases the Village shall notify the wireless provider after cutting or removing the wireless communication facility as promptly as reasonably possible.
- D. Any small wireless facility that is not operated for a continuous period of ninety days after completion of initial installation, excluding nonoperation due to a natural disaster or other unforeseeable circumstance or temporary equipment failure, shall be considered abandoned. If a small wireless facility is abandoned, the small wireless facility owner shall notify the Village within thirty days of the abandoned status of such facility, and such owner shall remove the abandoned facility. The related utility pole shall also be removed unless such pole is otherwise being used by another utility or is owned by a party other than the owner of the removed small wireless facility.
- E. If the wireless provider fails to timely protect, support, temporarily or permanently disconnect, remove, relocate, change or alter any of its wireless communication facilities or remove any of its abandoned wireless communication facilities as required in this subsection, the Village or its contractor may do so and the provider shall pay all costs and expenses related to such work, including any damages the Village incurs arising from the delay and attorneys' fees and expenses.

11. Indemnification. The applicant and wireless provider shall defend, indemnify, and hold harmless the Village, its agents, officers, officials and employees from any and all damages, liabilities, injuries, losses, attorneys' fees, costs, and expenses, whether for personal injury, death or property damage, arising out of or in connection with the activities or performance of the applicant or wireless provider. In the event the Village becomes aware of any actions or claims, the Village shall promptly notify the applicant and wireless provider and reasonably cooperate in the defense. It is expressly agreed that the Village shall have the right to approve, which approval shall not be unreasonably withheld, the legal counsel providing the Village's defense, and the applicant and the wireless provider, as applicable, shall reimburse the Village for any costs, expenses and attorneys' fees directly and necessarily incurred by the Village in the course of the defense.

12. Insurance. No person shall own or operate a small wireless facility within the Village without having secured and at all times maintained in place insurance coverage which conforms to the following:

- A. Comprehensive general liability, automobile, workers compensation, employer's liability and umbrella insurance in amounts satisfactory to the Village;
- B. For a small wireless facility in the right-of-way, the commercial general liability insurance policy shall specifically include the Village and its officers, officials, employees, and agents as additional insureds;
- C. All insurance policies shall be issued by an agent or representative of an insurance company licensed to do business in the State and with a Best's rating of at least A+; and
- D. Such policies shall not be modified or cancelled without thirty (30) days prior written notice being given to the Village and the insurance must be replaced by the owner of the wireless communication facility up to its original amounts.

13. Independent Technical and Legal Review. Although the Village intends for Municipal staff to review applications to the extent feasible, the Village may retain the services of an independent technical consultant and attorney of its choice to provide technical and legal evaluations of permit applications. The technical consultant and attorney shall have recognized qualifications in the field of small wireless facilities. The review may include, but is not limited to (a) the accuracy and completeness of the items submitted with the application; (b) the applicability of analysis and techniques and methodologies proposed by the applicant; (c) the validity of conclusions reached by the applicant; and (d) whether the proposed small wireless facilities comply with the applicable approval criteria set forth in this Chapter. The applicant shall pay the cost for any independent technical consultant and attorneys' fees through a deposit, estimated by the Village, within ten (10) business days of the Village's request. When the Village requests such payment, the application shall be deemed incomplete for purposes of application processing time lines until the deposit is received. In the event that such costs and fees do not exceed the deposit amount, the Village shall refund any unused portion within thirty (30) days after the final permit is released or, if no final permit is released, within thirty (30) days after the Village receives a written request from the applicant. If the costs and fees exceed the deposit amount, then the applicant shall pay the difference to the Village before the permit is issued. The technical consultant and attorney shall provide an itemized description of the services provided and related fees and costs. The fees shall be limited to a reasonable approximation of costs and the costs shall be reasonable.

14. Federal and State Shot Clocks.

- A. Eligible Facilities Requests. This subsection implements Section 6409(a) of the Spectrum Act, 47 U.S.C. Section 1455(a), interpreted by the FCC in its Report and Order No. 14-153, which requires a state or local government to approve any Eligible Facilities Request for a modification of an existing tower or base station that does not result in a substantial change to the physical dimensions of such tower or base station. Eligible Facilities Requests shall be governed by the provisions of Federal law including, but not limited to, application review, the sixty (60) day shot clock, tolling and the deemed granted remedy. Eligible Facilities Requests are subject to administrative review by the Village.

- B. Small Wireless Facilities - Collocation on Existing Structures. This subsection implements the sixty (60) day shot clock which is contained in the FCC's Declaratory Ruling and Third Report and Order released September 27, 2018, regarding the collocation of small wireless facilities on existing structures. These requests shall be governed by the provisions of Federal law and the Act including, but not limited to, application review and incompleteness, restarting of the sixty (60) day shot clock once upon the first finding of incompleteness, tolling (under Federal law and the Act) and available remedies. The applicant may resubmit the completed application within thirty days without additional charge. Any subsequent review shall be limited to the specifically identified information subsequently completed except to the extent material changes have been made by the applicant, other than those required by the Village, in which case a new application and application fee shall be submitted. The application processing deadline also may be tolled by agreement of the applicant and the Village. The Village may extend the application processing deadline under the Act for a single period of ten (10) business days if the Village notifies the applicant in advance before the day on which approval or denial is originally due. Upon mutual agreement between the applicant and the Village, the Village may extend the period for consideration of an application for thirty (30) days under the Act. An application shall be processed on a nondiscriminatory basis and deemed approved if the Village fails to timely approve or deny the application within ninety (90) days after receipt of the application. The Village may deny a proposed collocation of a small wireless facility or installation, modification, or replacement of a utility pole only in accordance with Sec. 37 of the Act.

- C. Small Wireless Facilities - Construction (New Structures). This subsection implements the ninety (90) day shot clock which is contained in the FCC's Declaratory Ruling and Third Report and Order released

September 27, 2018, regarding the construction of small wireless facilities on a new structure. These requests shall be governed by the provisions of Federal law and the Act including, but not limited to, application review and incompleteness, restarting of the ninety (90) day shot clock once upon the first finding of incompleteness, tolling (under Federal law and the Act) and available remedies. The applicant may resubmit the completed application within thirty days without additional charge. Any subsequent review shall be limited to the specifically identified information subsequently completed except to the extent material changes have been made by the applicant, other than those required by the Village, in which case a new application and application fee shall be submitted. The application processing deadline also may be tolled by agreement of the applicant and the Village. The Village may extend the application processing deadline for a single period of ten (10) business days if the Village notifies the applicant in advance before the day on which approval or denial is originally due. Upon mutual agreement between the applicant and the Village, the Village may extend the period for consideration of an application for thirty (30) days. An application shall be processed on a nondiscriminatory basis and deemed approved if the Village fails to timely approve or deny the application within ninety (90) days after receipt of the application. The Village may deny a proposed collocation of a small wireless facility or installation, modification, or replacement of a utility pole only in accordance with Sec. 37 of the Act.

- D. Collocation for Other Than Small Wireless Facilities. This subsection implements, in part, 47 U.S.C. Section 332(c)(7) of the Federal Communications Act of 1934, as amended, as interpreted by the FCC regarding collocation applications for other than small wireless facilities including, but not limited to, application review, the ninety (90) day shot clock and tolling.
- E. New Macro Cell Towers. This subsection implements, in part, 47 U.S.C. Section 332(c)(7) of the Federal Communications Act of 1934, as amended, as interpreted by the FCC regarding new macro cell tower applications including, but not limited to, application review, the one hundred fifty (150) day shot clock and tolling.
- F. In the event of any inconsistencies in and between the application of Federal law and state law the Act shall govern unless preempted by Federal law.

SECTION 10-104: RELIEF

Any applicant desiring relief, waiver or exemption from any aspect or requirement of these regulations may request such, provided that the relief, waiver or exemption is

contained in the submitted application. The burden of proving the need for the requested relief, waiver or exemption is solely on the applicant. No such relief, waiver or exemption shall be approved unless the applicant demonstrates by clear and convincing evidence that, if granted the relief, waiver or exemption will have no significant effect on the health, safety and welfare of the Village, its residents and other service providers.

SECTION 10-105: OTHER APPROVALS

All other proposed installations within the right-of-way involving wireless communication facilities (for example, where the facilities do not qualify as small wireless facilities), shall require the issuance of a conditional use permit or special use permit under the Municipal Code.

SECTION 10-106: VIOLATION OF THIS CHAPTER

Violation of any of the provisions of this Chapter shall be punishable with a fine of up to \$1,000 for each violation. Each day that a violation occurs or is allowed to exist by the applicant or wireless provider constitutes a separate offense.

SECTION 10-107: LAWS, RULES AND REGULATIONS

This Ordinance shall be subject to all applicable laws, rules and regulations now or hereafter enacted.

SECTION 10-108: SEVERABILITY

The various parts, sentences, paragraphs, sections and clauses of this Ordinance are hereby declared to be severable. If any part, sentence, paragraph, section or clause is adjudged unconstitutional or invalid by a court of competent jurisdiction, the remainder of the Ordinance shall not be affected thereby.

SECTION 10-109: CONFLICTS

In the event of a conflict between the provisions of this Chapter, Federal law and the Act, Federal law or the Act, as applicable, shall control. In the event any other Village Ordinance or part thereof is in conflict with the provisions of this Ordinance, this Ordinance shall control to the extent of such conflict.

SECTION 10-110: EFFECTIVE DATE

This Ordinance shall take effect and be in full force from and after its passage, approval and publication or posting as required by law.