- 1. All sciatica is caused from disc pathology T or F
- 2. Massage cannot help a person with a Bulging Disc T or F
- 3. Which one of these is NOT part of the disc
 - a. Annular rings
 - b. Nucleus
 - c. Golgi spindle fibers
- 4. If a patient has sciatica but is not coming from a disc it is most likely
 - a. Peripheral entrapment due to muscle
 - b. Malingering
 - c. Spinal Stenosis
 - d. Bone Spurs
- 5. T or F plain film xrays will show all aspects of the discs
- 6. T or F Dr Hawley showed us examples of MRI of the discs
- 7. As we get older we lose
 - a. Vascular supply to the disc
 - b. Nerve supply to the disc and lower limbs
- 8. DDD stands for
- a. Dynamic disc disorder
- b. Degenerative Disc Disease
- c. Degenerate Disc Disorder
- d. Dynamic Daily Dysfunction
- 9. Scoliosis has no effect on Disc pathology T or F
- 10. Which one will NOT help with Disc pathology
 - a. Massage
 - b. Decompression Therapy
 - c. Jumping jacks
 - d. Chiropractic

Foot and Ankle

d. Ankle pain

a. Pes planusb. Hallux valgus

d. Plantar fasciitis

c. Compartment syndrome

	b. 3
	c. 7
	d. 5
2. Whi	ch one is NOT an arch
a.	Transverse
b.	Vertical
C.	Medial Longitudinal
d.	Lateral Longitudinal
3. Flat	foot condition is also known as
a.	Pes candy
b.	Pes Planus
C.	Pes osseous
d.	Never heard of it
4. A fla	t foot will cause
a.	Internal leg rotation
b.	External leg rotaion
c.	Kyphosis
d.	Numbness in hands
5. The	nerve between the 3^{rd} and 4^{th} digit can inflame causing a
a.	Mortons Neuroma
b.	Hammer toe
c.	Inversion

6. Swelling of a muscle that is entrapped by fascia causing pressure pain is called

1. How many arches does the foot have

- 7. Rolling on a tennis ball is best used for what condition
 - a. Claw toe
 - b. Inversion sprain
 - c. Plantar Fasciitis
 - d. Compartment syndrome
- 8. Normal gait cycle is
 - 1. Heel strike, mid foot, toe off
 - 2. Toe off, heel strike, mid foot
 - 3. Mid foot only
 - 4. Heel strike only

Scoliosis

- 1. Medically defined as scoliosis begins at what degree
 - a. 5 deg
 - b. 25 deg
 - c. 10 deg
 - d. 15 deg
- 2. Unknown and the most common type of scoliosis
 - a. Hereditary
 - b. Idiopathic
 - c. Structural
 - d. None
- 3. Test where you bend over at the waist (did this in school) is called
 - a. Observation test
 - b. Adams or Oklahoma
 - c. Texarkana hills
 - d. Jacksons
- 4. Rigid bracing is highly effective
 - a. True or False
- 5. What also accompanies scoliosis
 - a. Seizures
 - b. Rotation
 - c. Crushing of discs
 - d. Foot drop