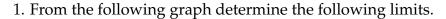
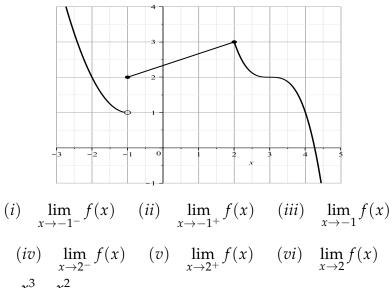
Fall 2018 - Math 1496 - Sample Test 1





2. Calculate $\lim_{x\to 1} \frac{x^3 - x^2}{x - 1}$ using the techniques of graphically, numerically and analytically.

3. Calculate the following limits analytically.

(i)
$$\lim_{x \to 4} \frac{x-4}{\sqrt{x}-2}$$
, (ii) $\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{\sin 4x}{\sin 2x}$, (iii) $\lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{3x^2+4}{x^2+2x+1}$

4. Calculate the first derivative (either f'(x) or y') of the following. Do not simplify your answer

(*ii*)
$$y = \frac{4e^x}{x^2 + 1}$$
, (*iii*) $y = x^2 \tan x$, $f(x) = \sin\left(\sqrt{4x^2 + x}\right)$,

5.(i) State the definition of the derivative.

(ii) If $f(x) = 3x^2 - 5x + 2$ then find f'(x) from the definition.

6. Find the equation of the tangent to $y = x^4 - 2x^3 + 3x^2$ at x = 1.

7. If

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x^2 & x \le 0\\ x^3 & x > 0 \end{cases}$$

is f(x) continuous and differentiable at x = 0?

8. Prove

$$\lim_{x\to 2} 2x - 1 = 3$$

9. Prove the (i) sum rule (ii) difference rule (iii) product rule.