J.F.K. Pediatrics/ Just for Kids Pediatrics



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Tooth Decay Prevention

How to prevent baby bottle tooth decay

- Clean your baby's teeth after each bottle or breast-feeding and after giving any medicine or cough syrup that contains sugar.
- Do not put liquids that contain sugar in your child's bottle when you put him or her to bed for naptime or at night. It is best never to give a bottle in bed.
- Do not let your child fall asleep while nursing from either the breast or bottle (especially at night).
- Do not use the bottle as a pacifier.
- Sucking is a natural instinct (need) for all babies. If your baby seems to need more time for sucking after being fed, give him or her either a pacifier or a bottle of plain water.

For bottle-fed babies

- Do not give your baby milk or other sweetened liquids at bedtime
- Avoid bedtime or naptime feedings (more than 30 minutes)
- Do not use a bottle as a pacifier
- Use the bottle for feeding only
- For toddlers, other liquids should be given in a cup
- Wean your baby from the bottle to a cup by 12 months of age

For breast fed babies

- Avoid prolonged feedings (more than 30 minutes)
- Avoid all-night feedings (do not let baby go to sleep while nursing)
- Avoid frequent, on-demand feedings

How to clean your child's mouth

- Even before the teeth begin to come in, you should clean your baby's mouth at least once a day with a clean gauze pad or soft cloth. This should become a regular habit. To clean the teeth and gums:
 - 1. Be sure both you and the child are comfortable.
 - 2. Place a clean gauze pad or soft cloth over your finger. Dip it in water so that it is damp but not soaking wet. Wipe the child's teeth and gums gently.
 - 3. When the child's teeth start coming in, begin to use a small, soft toothbrush to brush his teeth. Be sure to brush all surfaces of the teeth, including the gums.
 - 4. It is not necessary to use toothpaste, but if you do, use a small amount of non-fluoride toothpaste (about the size of a small pea).
 - 5. An adult should clean the child's teeth and gums at least once a day until the child is about 6-7 years old and is able to do it thoroughly themselves.