## Fractions January 30, 2023

## MA+볌

MA+

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## Say hello.

Describe one thing from our Operations session which you've put into action.

November 2022
Operations

- Addition and subtraction concepts
- Multiplication and division concepts
- Computation with addition, subtraction, multiplication, and division

March 2023
Word-Problem Solving

- Attack strategies
- Schemas

January 2023

## Fractions

- Length, area, and set models
- Comparison of fractions
- Ordering of fractions
- Computation of fractions


## April 2023

Geometry

- Understanding twodimensional shapes
- Lines and angles
- Understanding threedimensional shapes


## Model fractions with three models

## Compare and order fractions

Add and subtract fractions

Multiply and divide fractions

# Instructional Platform 

$\times A+1 \dot{1}$


## Instructional Platform

INSTRUCTIONAL DELIVERY


INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGIES
Fluency building


## Model fractions with three models

## Compare and order fractions

Add and subtract fractions

Multiply and divide fractions

## Fraction Models

$\times A+1 \dot{1}$


## LENGTH

## SET

## LENGTH

Fractions are appropriated by length

$\frac{2}{3}$|  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |



Fraction tiles/bars

## LENGTH

Fractions are appropriated by length

$\frac{2}{3}$


Cuisenaire rods
$x \mid A+H_{1}$

## LENGTH <br> Fractions are appropriated by length



Models of Fractions

| $\frac{2}{3}$ |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\frac{1}{4}$ |  |  |  |
| $1 \frac{1}{2}$ |  |  |  |
| $\frac{3}{7}$ |  |  |  |
| Frater |  |  |  |

## Show fractions with the length model.



## Shapes divided into equal sections

## $\frac{2}{3}$




Fraction circles

MA+:

## Shapes divided into equal sections

## $\frac{2}{3}$



Geoboards
$\times \mathrm{x}+\dot{1}$

## Shapes divided into equal sections

## $\frac{2}{3}$



Pattern blocks

## Shapes divided into equal sections

## $\frac{2}{3}$



Legos

| $\frac{2}{3}$ |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Frater leant |  |  |
| $\frac{1}{4}$ |  |  |
| $1 \frac{1}{2}$ |  |  |
| $\frac{3}{7}$ |  |  |
| seat |  |  |

## Show fractions with the area model.



## SET

## Individual shapes match the fraction



Two-color counters
$x \mathrm{~A}+\cdots$

## SET

## Individual shapes match the fraction

## $\frac{2}{3}$



Models of Fractions

| $\frac{2}{3}$ |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\frac{1}{4}$ |  |  |  |
| $1 \frac{1}{2}$ |  |  |  |
| $\frac{3}{7}$ |  |  |  |
| Frater |  |  |  |

Show fractions with the set model.
(1) Model a fraction using each of the three models.
(2) Discuss how you would use each of these models in your teaching.

## Model fractions with three models

## Compare and order fractions

Add and subtract fractions

Multiply and divide fractions

# Compare and Order Fractions 


(1) Choose one of these activities.
(2) Model with representations.

## Model fractions with three models

## Compare and order fractions

Add and subtract fractions

Multiply and divide fractions

# Addition with Fractions 

$x A+1 \dot{1}$

What does it mean to add?

What are the two ways to interpret addition?

# Total <br> (combine, putting together) 

## Join <br> (change increase, add on)

## Total

(combine, putting together)
$2+4$
$7+3$

## Join

(change increase, add on)
$8+2$
$3+5$


## $\frac{1}{5}+\frac{3}{5}$



| Addition Fraction Computation <br> $\frac{1}{5}+\frac{3}{5}$  <br> $\frac{2}{8}+\frac{5}{8}$  <br> $\frac{2}{3}+\frac{2}{3}$  <br> $\frac{3}{4}+\frac{2}{4}$  <br> $\frac{1}{2}+\frac{1}{4}$  <br> $\frac{4}{4}+\frac{1}{3}$  <br> $\frac{1}{4}+\frac{3}{4}$  <br> $\frac{4}{4}$   |
| :--- | :--- |

Notes on Addition:

What does it mean to subtract?

What are the two ways to interpret subtraction?

# Separate <br> (change decrease) 

Difference
(compare)

Separate
(change decrease)

## Difference <br> (compare)

$$
8-5
$$

10-7

$$
9-2
$$

$$
14-8
$$




Subtraction

| Problem | Representation |
| :---: | :---: |
| $\frac{4}{5}-\frac{1}{5}$ |  |
| $\frac{6}{8}-\frac{3}{8}$ |  |
| $\frac{6}{5}-\frac{2}{5}$ |  |
| $\frac{9}{6}-\frac{4}{6}$ |  |
| $\frac{7}{8}-\frac{2}{4}$ |  |
| $\frac{8}{9}-\frac{1}{3}$ |  |
| $\frac{10}{12}-\frac{2}{3}$ |  |
| $\frac{1}{2}-\frac{2}{5}$ |  |

Notes on Subtraction:


Which vocabulary term do you use?

Multiple: The result when multiplying a number by an integer

What are the first 5 multiples of your favorite number (1-9)?

Multiple: The result when multiplying a number by an integer

Factor: The numbers you multiply together

What are the factors of your favorite number (10-100)?

Least Common Multiple (LCM) Least Common Denominator (LCD) $\frac{1}{2}+\frac{1}{3}=\frac{1 \times 3}{2 \times 3}+\frac{1 \times 2}{3 \times 2}=\frac{5}{6}$

Greatest Common Factor (GCF)
$\frac{18}{48}=\frac{18 \div 6}{48 \div 6}=\frac{3}{8}$



| 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2 | 4 | 6 | 8 | 10 | 12 | 14 | 16 | 18 |
| 3 | 6 | 9 | 12 | 15 | 18 | 21 | 24 | 27 |
| 4 | 8 | 12 | 16 | 20 | 24 | 28 | 32 | 36 |
| 5 | 10 | 15 | 20 | 25 | 30 | 35 | 40 | 45 |
| 6 | 12 | 18 | 24 | 30 | 36 | 42 | 48 | 54 |
| 7 | 14 | 21 | 28 | 35 | 42 | 49 | 56 | 63 |
| 8 | 16 | 24 | 32 | 40 | 48 | 56 | 64 | 72 |
| 9 | 18 | 27 | 36 | 45 | 54 | 63 | 72 | 81 |

## Multiple Strips

| Addition Fraction Computation <br> $\frac{1}{5}+\frac{3}{5}$  <br> $\frac{2}{8}+\frac{5}{8}$  <br> $\frac{2}{3}+\frac{2}{3}$  <br> $\frac{3}{4}+\frac{2}{4}$  <br> $\frac{1}{2}+\frac{1}{4}$  <br> $\frac{4}{4}+\frac{1}{3}$  <br> $\frac{1}{4}+\frac{3}{4}$  <br> $\frac{4}{4}$   |
| :--- | :--- |

Notes on Addition:

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |


|  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

Subtraction

| Problem | Representation |
| :---: | :---: |
| $\frac{4}{5}-\frac{1}{5}$ |  |
| $\frac{6}{8}-\frac{3}{8}$ |  |
| $\frac{6}{5}-\frac{2}{5}$ |  |
| $\frac{9}{6}-\frac{4}{6}$ |  |
| $\frac{7}{8}-\frac{2}{4}$ |  |
| $\frac{8}{9}-\frac{1}{3}$ |  |
| $\frac{10}{12}-\frac{2}{3}$ |  |
| $\frac{1}{2}-\frac{2}{5}$ |  |

Notes on Subtraction:
(1) Teach an addition problem with fractions.
(2) Teach a subtraction problem with fractions.
(3) Discuss how you will emphasize addition and subtraction of fractions.

## Model fractions with three models

## Compare and order fractions

Add and subtract fractions

Multiply and divide fractions
$\frac{2}{3} \times \frac{3}{4}$
$\frac{7}{8} \div \frac{1}{4}$
The procedure of multiplying fractions is easy. Knowing when to multiply fractions is hard.

The procedure of dividing fractions is easy. Knowing when to divide fractions is hard.

Kate bought 5 and $1 / 3$ feet of ribbon. She plans to make bookmarks, and each bookmark requires $1 / 8$ of a foot of ribbon. How many bookmarks can Kate make?

5 1/3-1/8
$1 / 8 \div 51 / 3$
$1 / 8 \times 51 / 3$

$$
51 / 3 \times 1 / 8
$$

$$
51 / 3 \div 1 / 8
$$

What does it mean to multiply?

What are the two ways to interpret multiplication?

## Equal Groups

## Comparison

## Equal Groups

$3 \times 2$
$2 \times 6$
$5 \times 3$

## Comparison

$2 \times 4$


Two groups of one-half...
equals one.

One-half of two...
equals one.



One-half of four-fourths...
equals one-half.


One-half of two-fourths...

## equals one-fourth.



One-half of three-fourths...

## equals three-eighths.



One-half of three-fourths...
equals three-eighths.


## $\frac{2}{3} \times \frac{3}{4}$

Two-thirds of three-fourths...
equals one-half.

$\frac{2}{3} \times \frac{3}{4}$
Two-thirds of three-fourths...
equals one-half.


One-third of five-sixths...
equals five-eighteenths.


| Multiplication |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Problem Representation <br> $2 \times 3$  <br> $2 \times \frac{1}{2}$  <br> $\frac{1}{2} \times 2$  <br> $\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{4}{4}$  <br> $\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{2}{4}$  <br> $\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{3}{4}$  <br> $\frac{2}{3} \times \frac{3}{4}$  <br> $\frac{1}{3} \times \frac{5}{6}$  <br> $\frac{3}{4} \times \frac{7}{8}$  <br> $\frac{5}{8} \times \frac{1}{4}$  |  |

What does it mean to divide?

What are the two ways to interpret division?

Partitive Division (Equal Shares)

## Quotative Division

## Partitive Division (Equal Shares)

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 10 \div 2 \\
& 15 \div 3
\end{aligned}
$$

## Quotative Division

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 8 \div 4 \\
& 20 \div 5
\end{aligned}
$$


$3 \div \frac{1}{2}$

Three divided by groups of one-half...
equals six.


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# $\frac{1}{2} \div 2$ 

A one-half group divided by two...
equals one-fourth.


# $\frac{4}{4} \div \frac{1}{2}$ 

Four-fourths divided by a group of one-half... equals two.

How many sets of one-half can you make with four-fourths?


Two-fourths divided by a group of one-half... equals one.

How many sets of one-half can you make with two-fourths?

1 set of one-half


$\frac{3}{4} \div \frac{1}{2}$
Three-fourths divided by a group of one-half... equals one and one-half.

How many sets of one-half can you make with three-fourths?



Seven-eighths divided by a group of one-fourth... equals three and one-half.

How many sets of one-fourth can you make with seven-eighths?


## $\frac{5}{6} \div \frac{2}{3}$

Five-sixths divided by a group of two-thirds... equals one and one-fourth.

How many sets of two-thirds can you make with five-sixths?


| $\|$Division <br> $6 \div 3$ <br> Problem <br> $6 \div \frac{1}{2}$ <br> $\frac{1}{2} \div 2$ <br> $\frac{4}{4} \div \frac{1}{2}$ <br> $\frac{2}{4} \div \frac{1}{2}$ <br> $\frac{3}{4} \div \frac{1}{2}$ <br> $\frac{7}{8} \div \frac{1}{4}$ <br> $\frac{5}{6} \div \frac{2}{3}$ <br> $\frac{1}{2} \div \frac{3}{8}$ <br> $\frac{9}{6} \div \frac{1}{3}$ |
| :--- | :--- |


(1) Teach a multiplication problem with fractions.
(2) Teach a division problem with fractions.
(3) Discuss how you will emphasize multiplication and division of fractions.

## Model fractions with three models

## Compare and order fractions

Add and subtract fractions

Multiply and divide fractions

## Instructional Platform

INSTRUCTIONAL DELIVERY


INSTRUCTIONAL STRATEGIES
Fluency building

## MODELING

Step-by-step explanation

## PRACTICE

## Guided practice

Independent practice

Planned examples

## SUPPORTS

Ask high-level and low-level questions
Eliciting frequent responses
Providing affirmative and corrective feedback

## What are your strengths with modeling fractions? <br> What are your opportunities for growth?

## Use formal math language

Use terms precisely

What are five essential math vocabulary for fractions?


Explicit Instruction
Problem
Step-by-Step Explanation

1. Choose a math problem.
2. Write a step-by-step explanation. Focus on the language of math in your explanation. Consider the representations you will use.

## Explicit Instruction



1. Describe the practice opportunities you will use.
2. Write 3 high-level questions.
3. Write 3 low-level questions.
4. Write 2 ways to provide affirmative feedback.
5. Write 2 ways to provide corrective feedback.

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