THE FINE ART OF SEEING SIG WILDLIFE COMPOSITION IN THE ENVIRONMENT THEY CALL HOME

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AGENDA OF PRESENTATION

- PERSONAL BACKGROUND
 - INTENDED PURPOSE OF MY PHOTOGRAPHY
- EQUIPMENT
- Composition principles I follow (Style)
- DISCUSSION ON PICTURES WITH COMPOSITION PRINCIPLES
 - (GOOD AND NEEDS IMPROVEMENT)
- (WILL TAKE QUESTIONS AT ANYTIME JUST INTERRUPT OR RAISE YOUR HAND)

Purpose of Presentation is to provide at least one idea you will try in the field to improve composition

MY BACKGROUND

- 9 YEARS AGO, BOUGHT FIRST DIGITAL CAMERA
- LAST THREE YEARS GOT MORE SERIOUS TO IMPROVE PHOTOGRAPHY SKILLS
- IMPROVEMENT DRIVEN BY:
 - CRITIQUING YOUR SIG AND WOODLANDS CAMERA CLUB
 - JARED LLOYD JOURNAL OF WILDLIFE PHOTOGRAPHY
 - MORTEN HILMER NATURE & WILDLIFE PHOTOGRAPHY
 - YouTube Videos

BACKGROUND - CONTINUED

- Prefer taking pictures of birds
- HAVE BECOME KNOW FOR SNAKE PHOTOGRAPHS
- TO TAKE A GREAT PHOTOGRAPH, IN MY OPINION:
 - TAKEN WITHOUT DISTURBING OR INTERRUPTING THE WILDLIFE'S NORMAL DAILY ACTIVITY
 - GENERATES AN UNDERSTANDING OF LIFE FOR THE WILDLIFE OR AN EMOTIONAL CONNECTION/RESPONSE OF THE VIEWER
 - COMPOSITION IS A KEY COMPONENT IN TAKING A "GREAT PHOTOGRAPH"

EQUIPMENT AND SETTING

- CANON MARK IV (FULL FRAME)
- PRIMARY LENS IS 100-400 MM
- 800 MM FOR SMALL BIRDS AND DISTANCE
- SHOOT MANUAL, STARTING TO USE AUTO ISO
- SHOOT PRIMARILY WITH WIDE APERTURE
- BIG BIRDS 1/1250 SEC, SMALL BIRDS 1/2000 SEC
- ISO UP TO 6400 AND GETTING COMFORTABLE WITH EVEN HIGHER ISOS

COMPOSITION PRINCIPLES

- Quality Lighting
- Quality Background (Bokeh or no Bokeh)
- QUALITY FOREGROUND
- Position of wildlife
- CAMERA HEIGHT VS WILDLIFE
- PORTRAIT VS ENVIRONMENT SEEN WITH WILDLIFE

PICTURES

- WHAT PRINCIPLES WERE FOLLOWED, WHICH WEREN'T?
- WHAT COULD BE IMPROVED?

(A CRITICAL EYE OF YOUR OWN PHOTOS IS KEY TO IMPROVEMENT, OTHERS CAN HELP WITH CANDID COMMENTS)

BACKGROUNDS (MY MOST NEGLECTED COMPOSITION COMPONENT, UNTIL RECENTLY)



THICKET ENVIRONMENT
MORNING LIGHT

- 1) f/6.3, 1/1,000, ISO 800, 800 mm lens
- 2) White eyed Vireo
- 3) Good lighting but side lit
- 4) The shot shows the thickets these birds live in vs a tighter crop
- 5) Some of the sticks are distracting but shows the environment
- 6) Eye level with subject provides a greater sense of equality between bird and viewer
- 7) If I could change anything I would flip the bird, so the light was on the front of the bird
- 8) High Island TX



- CLEAN BACKGROUND
- GOOD LIGHT BUT SLIGHTLY SIDE LIT
- SIMPLE PERCH
- VIEWER'S EYE EASILY FOCUSES AND STAYS ON SUBJECT

- 1) F/7.1, ISO 800, 1/3,200 sec, 800 mm lens
- 2) Rose Breasted Grossbeak
- 3) Bird is looking down on viewer
- 4) High Island, TX

- BLANK BACKGROUND (BORING)
- NO CONTEXT TO LOCATION OR ENVIRONMENT
- CLEAR AND GOOD FRONT LIGHTING



- 1) f/7.1, 1/3,200 sec, ISO 400
- 2) Osprey
- 3) Would like to have gotten diving in the water/fishing.
- 4) Spring Creek Nature Trail

- Shows the grass field (Environment)
- LOW FLIGHT PATH
- FACE OF BIRD IS LIT BUT NOT UNDERBODY
- FOCUS MANAGEMENT COULD HAVE BEEN IMPROVED



- 1) f7.1, 1/3,200 sec, ISO 400, 400 mm lens
- 2) Male Northern Harrier
- 3) Slightly out of focus
- 4) This is typical hunting of a Harrier.
- 5) Wish lighting was better on bird.
- 6) Wish bird was tack sharp
- 7) West Texas

- SO FOCUSED ON FLOWER AND BEES FLYING AROUND I DIDN'T EVEN NOTICE THE BUSY BACKGROUND UNTIL LOADED ON MY COMPUTER
- USING THE TIME NEEDED TO GET AN EXCELLENT PICTURE. HARD TO ACCOMPLISH WHEN WITH OTHER PEOPLE, PARTICULARLY IF THEY ARE NOT PHOTOGRAPHERS
- I NOW TAKE "TRIPS" JUST TO TAKE PHOTOGRAPHS TO GIVE ME THE TIME TO WORK ON TAKING PHOTOGRAPHS WITH THE BEST COMPOSITION



- 1) 1/500 of sec, ISO 200, f/7.1, 70 mm lens
- 2) Big Bend National Park
- 3) Needed a cleaner background
- 4) Position myself so I get more of a side or frontal view of the bee

- CLEANER BACKGROUND LETS THE VIEWER FOCUS ON BIRDS WITHOUT DISTRACTION
- Group tells a story vs individual Bird.
- ENVIRONMENT: THE IMPORTANCE OF WATER IN A DESERT.



- 1) 1/800, ISO 800, f/8.0, 400 mm
- 2) Guadalupe Mountain National Park
- 3) Western Blue Bird



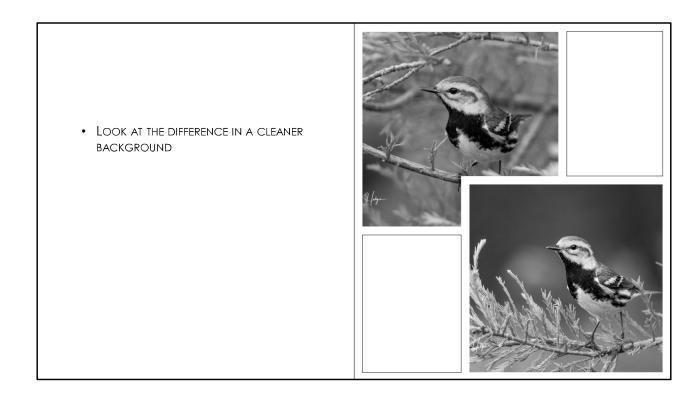
- EVEN BACKGROUND
- EVEN FOREGROUND
- MANAGEMENT OF DEPTH OF FIELD
- EVEN IN "DARK" ENVIRONMENT YOU CAN TAKE A QUALITY PICTURE.

- 1) 1/60 SEC, ISO 3200, f/6.3, 400 mm
- 2) Free Frog
- 3) Spring Creek Nature Trail

- CLEAN BOKEH BACKGROUND
- This is the Type of shot I aim to achieve



- 1) 1/1,000 sec, f/8, ISO 640, 800 mm
- 2) High Island Boy Scout Woods
- 3) Blue Grosbeak





- COMPARISON OF BACKGROUNDS
 - BUSY VS BOKEH
 - BUSY HIGHLIGHTS IN FIRST PICTURE WHICH ARE UNMANAGEABLE IN POST PROCESSING
 - DEPTH OF FIELD SAME IN BOTH PICTURES WITH F/8
 - SET UP WHERE YOU WILL BE TAKING A PICTURE WITH A CLEAN BACKGROUND AND THERE IS ENOUGH SPACE BETWEEN SUBJECT AND BACKGROUND TO CREATE DESIRED PICTURE.

1) First picture: 1/1,250 sec, ISO 2,000, f8, 800 mm

2) Second picture: 1/2000 sec, ISO 2000, f8, 800 mm

FOREGROUND (IS THERE ANYTHING IN THE WAY OR DISTRACTING? DOES THE FOREGROUND ADD TO PICTURE?)

I BELIEVE THE FOREGROUND HELPS
THE VIEWER UNDERSTAND THIS BIRD
HIDES IN THE GRASS AND REEDS



- 1) 1/320 sec, ISO 1,250, f/8 and 800mm lens
- 2) Rail?
- 3) Attwater Chicken Prairie Wildlife Refuge
- 4) Also like the picture as it was the best shot I could get that showed the rail

 DOES THE PLANT COMPETE WITH THE SUBJECT?



- 1) 1/125 sec, ISO 800, f/5.6, 400mm lens
- 2) Buttermilk Racer
- 3) George Mitchell Preserve off Flintridge
- 4) Snake was moving directly towards me.
- 5) Getting into position and waiting for the snake to come to me made the picture and composition

- TALL GRASS FRAMING THE FAWN
- I DON'T MIND SMALL GRASS OVERLAPPING SUBJECT, EXCEPT WHEN ON EYES. PLACES THE ANIMAL IN ITS ENVIRONMENT



ENVIRONMENT WHAT IS THE BACKSTORY BEING TOLD ABOUT THE ANIMAL?

- PINE WARBLER TAKING MEAL TO CHICKS IN A NEST
- WAITING FOR ME TO LEAVE TO VISIT THE NEST.



- 1) 1/200 sec, f/7.1, ISO 400, 400 mm
- 2) Pine Warbler
- 3) Clean background behind head

- COMING IN FOR A LANDING FOR THE EVENING AFTER BEING OUT IN THE FIELDS EATING ALL DAY
- ALL WINGS UP (MORE PLEASING)
- FLYING TOWARDS VS AWAY. (MORE PLEASING)
- CAPTURES THE ENVIRONMENT OF BOSQUE DEL APACHE NATIONAL WILDLIFE REFUGE IN NEW MEXICO



- 1) 1/1,000 sec, ISO 2000, f/5 182 mm
- 2) Sandhill Cranes
- 3) Bosque Del Apache National Wildlife Refuge NM



- BACKGROUND?
- FOREGROUND?
- LIGHTING?
- COMPOSITION? (I WOULD HAVE LIKED TO HAVE BEEN IN A FIELD AND HAD A WIDER FIELD OF VIEW TO SHOW MORE ENVIRONMENT.)



- 1) 1/1,600 sec, ISO 640, f/5.6, 800mm
- 2) Bosque Del Apache
- 3) Picture actually taken on Nature Trail by visitors center, attracted by bird feeder

- NOT SHARP BUT DOES IT MATTER?
- Shows environment of coyote



- 1) 1/640 sec, ISO 200, f/6.3, 800 mm lens
- 2) Coyote about to cross service road
- 3) Shutter speed to slow for sharp image



- JAVELINA DURING DAILY ROUTINE -ENVIRONMENT
- ANIMAL MOVING AWAY FROM VIEWER NOT STRONG IMAGE

- 1) 1/1,600 sec, ISO 1250, f/5.6, 800 mm
- 2) Javelina
- 3) Like foreground and background but would have liked the animal to be coming towards me

- FOCUS ON BUCK
- TWO DOES ON THE GROUND ADDS INTEREST AND MAKES STATEMENT OF BUCK'S STATUS
- ENVIRONMENT OF FIELDS AND THICKETS



- 1) 1/250 sec, ISO 200, f/6.3, 800 mm
- 2) Mule Deer
- 3) Environment
- 4) Need to focus on on eyes of buck, could have improved depth of field
- 5) Composition is great just poor execution.



- Position of bird in Picture!
- Interesting background environment but a little messy. Environment shots will tend to have more details throughout the whole picture
- BIRD A LITTLE ABOVE BRUSH HELPS

- 1) 1/1600 sec, ISO 640, f/7.1, 800 mm lens
- 2) Female Northern Harrier
- 3) Bosque Del Apache NM

- BACKSTORY AND SET UP TO CAPTURING PICTURE
- ONE OF THE FIRST TIMES I SAW THE PICTURE WELL BEFORE I TOOK THE SHOT.
- GRASS FIELD IS WHAT ATTRACTED ME TO TAKE THE PICTURE
- FALL LEAVES IN BACKGROUND, GOLDEN GRASS FIELD AND SANDHILL CRANE



- 1) 1/1650 sec, ISO 2,500, f/7.1, 800 mm lens
- 2) Sandhill Crane in grass field
- 3) Waited for Sandhill Crane to move into the space where yellow fall leaves filled the background

PERSPECTIVE ANIMAL VS VIEWER

HOW DOES THE ANIMAL SEE THE WORLD? HOW DO YOU SHOW WHAT THE ANIMAL SEES?



- A PATH THROUGH A FIELD THE RACOON WAS TRAVELING.
- MORNING SUN IN BACKGROUND COULD BE CONSIDERED DISTRACTING. DOES IT HELP SAY, THIS IS MORNING? LOOK AT ALL THE DEW.
- I COULDN'T GET AS LOW AS I WANTED BEFORE THE RACOON LEFT.
- WOULD YOU CROP TIGHTER? WHY?

- 1) 1/250 sec, ISO 1250, f/7.1, 400 mm
- 2) Racoon
- 3) Aransas National Wildlife Refuge
- 4) I actually like that he is looking through the grass and slightly hiding

- GET YOUR CAMERA AS LOW TO THE GROUND AS POSSIBLE TO GET INTO THE ANIMAL'S ENVIRONMENT
- I LAY ON THE GROUND A LOT
- ONCE YOU LAY ON THE GROUND YOU WILL REALIZE YOU NEED TO THINK ABOUT THE PICTURE BEFORE PICKING YOUR SPOT TO LAY DOWN. ONCE ON THE GROUND YOU WILL HAVE A MUCH DIFFERENT PERSPECTIVE. IF YOU DON'T THINK ABOUT THE PICTURE FIRST, YOU WILL BE GETTING UP AND DOWN NUMEROUS TIMES AS YOU REALIZE YOU CAN IMPROVE THE PICTURE IN A DIFFERENT LOCATION



1) 1/25 sec, ISO 2,000, f/7.1, 400 mm



LOOK AT THE DIFFERENCE IN THE PERSPECTIVE OF BEING AT EYE LEVEL WITH A LIZARD.

1) First picture: 1/250, ISO 400, f/16, 400 mm lens

2) Second picture: ½,000, ISO 400, f/10, 400 mm lens



There isn't a right answer to the question. Both pictures have a place. Common Yellowthroat Warbler
Boy Scout Woods on High Island
Yellowthroat pictures bathing: 1/1,000, f/5.6, ISO 5000; 800 mm
Yellowthroat singing: 1/400, f/5.6, ISO 3,200, 800 mm

- LOOK AT THE COPPER EYE I DIDN'T SEE THIS UNTIL I WAS ON THE GROUND
- LOOK AT THE CRUSHED GRANITE (IT WAS LIKE LAYING ON CRUSHED GLASS)
- RED-SPOTTED TOAD SITTING ON SMALL RIDGE WHICH HELPED SEPARATE THE TOAD FROM THE BACKGROUND



- 1) 1/2,000 sec, ISO 400, f/8, 400 mm lens
- 2) Red-spotted Toad
- 3) Joshua Tree National Park



- 1) Picture 1: 1/100 sec, ISO 6400, f/5.6, 124mm
- 2) Picture 2: 1/80 sec, ISO 6400, f/5.6, 400 mm



BOTH PICTURES HAVE A PLACE FOR A VIEWER. WHICH PICTURE MEANS MORE TO YOU? WHY?



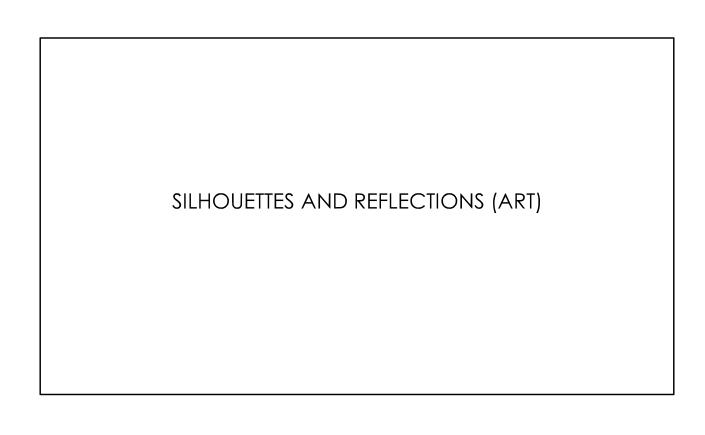
Buttermilk Racer Camera settings for both pictures the same: 1/400 sec, f/6.3, ISO 1250 Close picture 182 mm, Other 100mm.





- The first picture reflects that I couldn't even get a good picture of the snake based on location.
- I CRAWLED INTO THE BRUSH TO BE ABLE TO GET THE SECOND PICTURE.
- WHICH PICTURE TALKS TO YOU?

Western Rat Snake Spring Creek Nature trail (by beaver pond) Body of snake taken at 1/125 sec, f/8.0 ISO 1,000, 400 mm Snake. Face: 1/200, f/9.0, ISO 2,500, 400 mm



- SUNRISE IN A RICE FIELD?
- WHITE BALANCE IS IMPORTANT!



- 1) 1/80 sec, ISO 800, f/14, 400 mm lens
- 2) On the way to High Island

- LOOK AT THE FALL COLORS BEING REFLECTED IN THE WATER.
- I PICKED THE SPOT BECAUSE OF THE REFLECTION AND THEN WAITED FOR A BIRD TO FLY INTO THE SCENE.



- 1) Snowy Egret
- 2) 1/1,250 sec, ISO 250, f/7.1, 800 mm lens



WHAT TIME OF DAY DO YOU BELIEVE THIS WAS TAKEN?

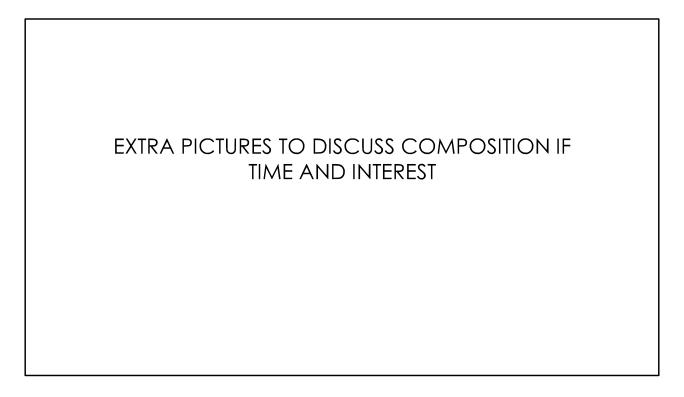
Great Egret 1/2500 sec, f/16, ISO 400 Spring Creek Nature Pond off Ann Snyder Drive

SUMMARY OF COMPOSITION OF WILDLIFE PHOTOS

- IS THE LIGHTING GOOD ON THE SUBJECT (DO YOU NEED TO MOVE TO IMPROVE?)
- PAY ATTENTION TO FOREGROUND AND BACKGROUND IT CAN MAKE OR BREAK A PHOTO.

 CAN YOU POSITION YOURSELF TO MAKE THESE COMPONENTS BETTER?
- DOES THE ANGLE OF VIEW PROVIDE THE VIEW YOU WANT?
 - GET LOW FOR ANIMALS ON THE GROUND
- SHOW THE ENVIRONMENT, DON'T FEEL YOU NEED TO CROP EVERYTHING INTO A PORTRAIT OF THE SUBJECT.
- SUBJECT FACING INTO THE FRAME OF THE PICTURE IS PREFERRED
- FRONT OR SIDE OF SUBJECT SHOULD BE CAPTURED IN PICTURE, NOT BACK.
- SUBJECT SHOULD BE MOVING TOWARDS YOU NOT AWAY FROM YOU WHEN SHOT IS TAKEN
- TRY SOMETHING DIFFERENT WHAT ARE YOU GOING TO TRY?

THANK YOU FOR YOUR TIME AND INTEREST! ANY ADDITIONAL QUESTIONS?





White Egret 1/500 sec, f/8.0, ISO 100, 800 mm Rookery on High Island



Texas Coral Snake 1/320 sec, f/7.1, ISO 800, 400 mm My front yard



Baby Alligator 1/1000 sec, f/8.0, ISO 800, 800 mm Attwater Prairie Chicken National Wildlife Refuge



Swallow Tail Butterfly 1/125 sec, f/10, ISO 400, 400 mm





Tropical King Bird 1/640 sec, f/7.1, ISO 400, 400 mm Southern Texas



Barred Owl 1/500 sec, f/7.1, ISO 400, 400 mm Spring Creek Nature Trail



Bald Eagles at Bosque Del Apache 1/1250 sec, f/7.1, ISO 640, 800 mm