

# American History 1 Midterm Study Guide- 2020

Know why Winthrop wanted to build a City on a Hill?	
Why did Puritans settle in towns?	
How much religious variety was there in British North America?	
Why was Jamestown settled?	
How was Virginia's settlement pattern different from Massachusetts towns based culture?	
What were the consequences of mercantilism?	
How did the British manage their colonies before 1763?	
How did the various European nations (and their colonies) clash in the New World?	
What motivated the colonists to come to the English colonies?	
What were the characteristics of the First Great Awakening?	
What were the characteristic of the Enlightenment?	
How did Pennsylvania get along with the natives? How did the other colonies?	
How did slaves resist their enslavement?	
What factors led to the regional concentration of slavery in the American South?	
Who was Chief Pontiac?	
What were the consequences of the French and Indian War for the English, French and natives?	
How did Britain manage the debt after the 7 Years War?	
What role did natives play in the balance of power in North America during the colonial years?	
What factors led to the American Revolution in the years from 1760 to 1775?	
What regions were most affected by fighting in the Revolutionary War?	
Why is Saratoga important?	
How did the Enlightenment influence the Declaration of Independence?	
How did it influence the Constitution?	
How did slavery influence the Constitution?	

What was the global significance of the American Revolution, if any?	
What was the focus of the Federalist Party?	
What was the focus of the Dem-Republican Party?	
What was the meaning of Republican Motherhood and the Cult of Domesticity?	
What was the significance of the Whiskey Rebellion?	
Why is the election of 1800 called a Peaceful Revolution?	
What happened at the Battle of Fallen Timbers?	
Who was John Marshall?	
What famous cases did he author?	
What caused the War of 1812?	
What consequences did the war have on the young American nation?	
How did the romantic writers of the 1820's and 1830's change American literature?	
How did the growing industrialization of America help spur the Romanticism of the Era?	
What was the impact of the American System?	
How was the 2 <sup>nd</sup> Great Awakening different from the 1 <sup>st</sup> Great Awakening?	
Who led the abolitionism movement?	
Why was the Seneca Falls Convention important?	
How did Seneca Falls change the future of women's rights, if at all?	
Who were the Transcendentalists?	
What treaties helped expand the United States by acquiring new territory?	
What prominent reformers helped change society during the period between 1820-1850?	
What were the weaknesses of the AOC?	
What were the AOC's achievements, if any?	
What groups were most tolerant of others in early America?	
Who helped explore the American West?	