## The Discourse on Loving Kindness

## Mettā Sutta (Sutta Nipāta 143-152)

This is what's done by one skilled in what's good, Who reaches toward that most peaceful state: One would be capable, and straight—quite straight; Well-spoken, gentle, without too much pride;

Content with little, easily maintained, Not doing too much and lightly engaged; Thoughtful, with a peaceful demeanor, and Modest, without greed among worldly things.

One would not do even the slightest thing
That others who are wise would speak against.
May they be secure and profoundly well;
—May all beings be happy in themselves.

Whatsoever living beings exist, Without exception, whether weak or strong, Whether tall and large, middle-sized, or short, Whether very subtle or very gross,

Whether visible or invisible,
Dwelling far away or not far away,
Whether born already or not yet born
—May all beings be happy in themselves.

Let no one work to undo another. Let no one think badly of anyone. Either with anger or with violent thoughts, One would not wish suffering on others.

Just as a mother would watch over her Son—her one and only son—with her life, In just the same way develop a mind Unbounded toward all living creatures.

Develop a mind of loving kindness Unbounded toward the entire world: Above and below and all the way 'round, With no holding back, no loathing, no foe.

Standing, walking, sitting or lying down, As long as one is devoid of torpor, One would resolve upon this mindfulness—This is known as sublime abiding here.

Without falling into mistaken views, Endowed with insight and integrity, Guiding away greed for sensual things, One would not be born again in a womb. karaṇīyam atthakusalena yan taṃ santaṃ padaṃ abhisamecca: sakko ujū ca sūjū ca suvaco c' assa mudu anatimānī

santussako ca subharo ca appakicco ca sallahukavutti santindriyo ca nipako ca appagabbho kulesu ananugiddho,

na ca khuddam samācare kiñci, yena viññū pare upavadeyyum, sukhino vā khemino hontu sabbe sattā bhavantu sukhitattā:

ye keci pāṇabhūt' atthi tasā vā thāvarā vā anavasesā dīghā vā ye mahantā vā majjhimā rassakā anukathūlā,

diṭṭhā vā ye vā addiṭṭhā, ye ca dūre vasanti avidūre, bhūtā vā sambhavesī vā, sabbe sattā bhavantu sukhitattā.

na paro param nikubbetha, nātimaññetha katthacinam kañci, vyārosanā paṭighasaññā nāññamaññassa dukkham iccheyya.

mātā yathā niyam puttam āyusā ekaputtam anurakkhe, evam pi sabbabhūtesu mānasam bhāvaye aparimāṇam.

mettañ ca sabbalokasmim mānasam bhāvaye aparimāṇaṃ uddhaṃ adho ca tiriyañ ca asambādham averam asapattam.

tiṭṭhaṃ caraṃ nisinno vā sayāno vā yāvat' assa vigatamiddho, etaṃ satiṃ adhiṭṭheyya, brahmam etam vihāram idha-m-āhu.

diṭṭhiñ ca anupagamma sīlavā dassanena sampanno kāmesu vineyya gedhaṃ, na hi jātu gabbhaseyyaṃ punar etī ti