

Milestone Review Flysheet 2018-2019

Institution AIAA OC Section

Milestone PDR

Vehicle Properties

Total Length (in)	122.5"
Diameter (in)	4"
Gross Lift Off Weight (lb)	23.0992 lbs
Airframe Material(s)	G12 Fiberglass
Fin Material and Thickness (in)	Fiberglass (0.375 in)
Coupler Length(s)/Shoulder Length(s) (in)	Minimum 4"

Motor Properties

Motor Brand/Designation	Cesaroni K1085WT
Max/Average Thrust (lb)	2.654/2.454
Total Impulse (lbf-s)	5.32
Mass Before/After Burn (lb)	5.357/2.714
Liftoff Thrust (lb)	450.5
Motor Retention Method	Aeropack 75mm Retainer

Stability Analysis

Center of Pressure (in. from nose)	81.2251
Center of Gravity (in. from nose)	96.1526
Static Stability Margin (on pad)	3.71
Static Stability Margin (at rail exit)	5.51784
Thrust-to-Weight Ratio	6.54:1
Rail Size/Type and Length (in)	96"
Rail Exit Velocity (ft/s)	66.445

Ascent Analysis

Maximum Velocity (ft/s)	674.9606
Maximum Mach Number	0.61
Maximum Acceleration (ft/s ²)	693.85
Target Apogee (ft)	4600
Predicted Apogee (From Sim.) (ft)	5257.94

Recovery System Properties - Overall

Total Descent Time (s)	72.457
Total Drift in 20 mph winds (ft)	2541.570637

Recovery System Properties - Energetics

Ejection System Energetics (ex. Black Powder)	F4 Black Powder	
Energetics Mass - Drogue Chute (grams)	Primary	1.9907904
	Backup	2.78710656
Energetics Mass - Main Chute (grams)	Primary	3.1532088
	Backup	4.41449232
Energetics Mass - Other (grams) - If Applicable	Primary	
	Backup	

Recovery System Properties - Recovery Electronics

Primary Altimeter Make/Model	Stratologger CF Flight Computer
Secondary Altimeter Make/Model	RRC3 Flight Computer
Other Altimeters (if applicable)	
Rocket Locator (Make/Model)	Whistle GPS
Additional Locators (if applicable)	APRSDroid
Transmitting Frequencies (all - vehicle and payload)	***Required by CDR*** (Complete on pages 3 and 4)
Describe Redundancy Plan (batteries, switches, etc.)	The rocket has a dual redundancy system where the two altimeters are on two completely different circuits and are not connected in any way. They are also two different flight computers so if one has a bug, the other will be able to execute the commands still.
Pad Stay Time (Launch Configuration)	The rocket will be able to sit on the launch pad for at least 2 hour minimum

Recovery System Properties - Drogue Parachute

Manufacturer/Model	Fruity Chutes			
Size or Diameter (in or ft)	18"			
Main Altimeter Deployment Setting	Apogee			
Backup Altimeter Deployment Setting	1 seconds after Apogee			
Velocity at Deployment (ft/s)	97.936			
Terminal Velocity (ft/s)	79.87			
Recovery Harness Material, Size, and Type (examples - 1/2 in. tubular Nylon or 1 in. flat Kevlar strap)	1" Tubular Nylon			
Recovery Harness Length (ft)	25 ft			
Harness/Airframe Interfaces	Machine-closed stainless steel eye bolts, tubular nylon shock cord			
Kinetic Energy of Each Section (Ft-lbs)	Section 1	Section 2	Section 3	Section 4
	710.810709	303.782223	898.880706	

Recovery System Properties - Main Parachute

Manufacturer/Model	Fruity Chutes			
Size or Diameter (in or ft)	72"			
Main Altimeter Deployment Setting (ft)	600			
Backup Altimeter Deployment Setting (ft)	500			
Velocity at Deployment (ft/s)	79.87			
Terminal Velocity (ft/s)	16.41			
Recovery Harness Material, Size, and Type (examples - 1/2 in. tubular Nylon or 1 in. flat Kevlar strap)	1" Tubular Nylon			
Recovery Harness Length (ft)	25 ft			
Harness/Airframe Interfaces	Machine-closed stainless steel eye bolts, tubular nylon shock cord			
Kinetic Energy of Each Section (Ft-lbs)	Section 1	Section 2	Section 3	Section 4
	30.00569949	12.82366456	37.94476364	

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Payload	
Payload 1 (official payload)	Overview
	The payload is a rover that has a camera attached to the top. The rover is cylindrical in shape with two wheels and a tail to stabilize the rover while it is moving. The task of the rover after being released is to find a colored band on the rocket and move towards the rocket. Once it has located and moved to the band, the rover will then take a picture with the camera and store it on an SD card inside the rover. The program will then stop and the rover will have completed its task.
Payload 2 (non-scored payload)	Overview

Test Plans, Status, and Results	
Ejection Charge Tests	Build up the rocket as though it were flight ready. Then, the charge will be ignited via wires out to a 9V battery at a safe distance (25 ft). A successful test is defined by the rocket separating at the designed point and the parachutes fully being ejected from the body tube. There should be no damage to the rocket body, parachute, or surrounding area. Both drogue and main chute ejections will be tested for both subscale and full scale vehicles. These tests will be performed as soon as the vehicle is ready.
Sub-scale Test Flights	The subscale will be flown at an organized launch on a CTI J295. It will be launched twice, the first time without the air brakes live to test the altitude without the air brakes. The air brake electronics will still be inside the rocket for this flight, but it won't be powered. The second test flight will test the air brakes and how close it can get the vehicle to our desired altitude. The air brakes will be ground tested before flying on the rocket. The launch is scheduled for December 8th, 2018 on Lucerne Dry Lake with ROC. The payload will NOT be flown on the subscale and instead replaced with ballast.
Vehicle Demonstration Flights	The full scale will be flown twice before the Huntsville launch. The first will be without the air brakes active to test the altitude of the rocket. After ground testing the rover release system, it will be flown on the first flight to test it in flight conditions. A second flight will include live air brakes to test how close the air brakes can get the vehicle to the desired altitude. The fullscale launch is currently set for January 12, 2019. Alternate dates for the launch are February 2nd and 9th.
Payload Demonstration Flights	The payload will be ground tested as soon as it has been completed. In addition to the rover being ground tested, we will test the entire release system from start to finish while grounded. After there is proof that the system has been designed correctly, the system will be launched with the fullscale launch on January 12th. It will be flown during both flights. Batteries will be switched as necessary.

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Transmitter #1			
Location of transmitter:	Big Red Bee		
Purpose of transmitter:	GPS on the Payload		
Brand		RF Output Power (mW)	16 mW
Model		Specific Frequency used by team (MHz)	433MHz **can be moved easily
Handshake or frequency hopping? (explain)	No		
Distance to closest e-match or altimeter (in)	33.5 inches		
Description of shielding plan:	Will add Super Shield from MG Chemicals around sensitive electronics (eg Avionics Bay)		

Transmitter #2			
Location of transmitter:	Whistle GPS		
Purpose of transmitter:	GPS on the rocket vehicle		
Brand		RF Output Power (mW)	unknown
Model		Specific Frequency used by team (MHz)	Cellphone Frequencies
Handshake or frequency hopping? (explain)	No		
Distance to closest e-match or altimeter (in)	71.5 inches		
Description of shielding plan:	Will add Super Shield from MG Chemicals around sensitive electronics (eg Avionics Bay)		

Transmitter #3			
Location of transmitter:			
Purpose of transmitter:			
Brand		RF Output Power (mW)	
Model		Specific Frequency used by team (MHz)	
Handshake or frequency hopping? (explain)			
Distance to closest e-match or altimeter (in)			
Description of shielding plan:			

Transmitter #4			
Location of transmitter:			
Purpose of transmitter:			
Brand		RF Output Power (mW)	
Model		Specific Frequency used by team (MHz)	
Handshake or frequency hopping? (explain)			
Distance to closest e-match or altimeter (in)			
Description of shielding plan:			

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Transmitter #5

Location of transmitter:			
Purpose of transmitter:			
Brand		RF Output Power (mW)	
Model		Specific Frequency used by team (MHz)	
Handshake or frequency hopping? (explain)			
Distance to closest e-match or altimeter (in)			
Description of shielding plan:			

Transmitter #6

Location of transmitter:			
Purpose of transmitter:			
Brand		RF Output Power (mW)	
Model		Specific Frequency used by team (MHz)	
Handshake or frequency hopping? (explain)			
Distance to closest e-match or altimeter (in)			
Description of shielding plan:			

Additional Comments

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