## LAWN TREATMENT PROGRAM

THE FOLLOWING IS A RECOMMENDED APPLICATION SCHEDULE TO AID IN A HEALTHY LAWN.

- 1. EARLY SPRING: FERTILIZER (19-0-6) WITH CRAB GRASS CONTROL. CRAB GRASS REQUIRES A PREEMERGENT HERBICIDE, PRIOR TO GERMINATION, TO BE CONTROLLED EFFECTIVELY. CRAB GRASS IS MUCH HARDER TO CONTROL AND MORE EXPENSIVE ONCE GERMINATION HAS TAKEN PLACE.
- LATE SPRING: FERTILIZER (20-0-5) WITH WEED CONTROL. IF BROADLEAF (I.E. CLOVER, DANDIELION)
  & GRASSY WEEDS (I.E. GOOSGRASS) ARE ACTIVELY GROWING, APPLY A WEED CONTROL SPRAY SUCH AS TRIMEC 992 OR A PRODUCT CONTAINING 2,4 D.
- 3. EARLY SUMMER: FERTILIZER (28-4-14) WITH GRUB CONTROL. THIS IS APPLICATION WILL CONTROL GRUBS THAT MATURE INTO INSECTS SUCH AS JAPANESE BETTLE.
- 4. LATE SUMMER (OPTIONAL): FERTILIZER (33-3-6) APPLY ANOTHER ROUND OF BROADLEAF/GRASSY WEED CONTROL PROUCT (I.E. TRIMEC 992) AS NECESSARY.
- 5. FALL: FERTILIZER (20-10-10) WITH ROOT BOOST. THIS WILL HELP THE GRASS TO ESTABLISH A STRONG ROOT SYSTEM PRIOR GOING DORMANT FOR THE WINTER MONTHS.
- 6. FALL (OPTIONAL): PELETIZED LIME. THIS PRODUCT HELPS TO REDUCE THE PH IN THE SOIL. GRASS GROWS BEST WHEN THE PH IS BETWEEN 6.5 & 7.5.

## OPTIONAL SERVICES

- AERATION, A PROCESS IN WHICH SMALL HOLES, UP TO 3 INCHES DEEP, ARE PLACED INTO THE SOIL, THUS ALLOWING MORE NUTRIENTS, OXYGEN AND WATER TO REACH THE ROOT SYSTEM. A DEEPER ROOT SYSTEM LEADS TO A DENSER AND HEALTHIER LAWN, WHICH WILL AID IN PREVENTING THE DEVELOPMENT OF WEEDS.
- 2. Overseeding: The application of about 3 LBS of grass seed per 1000 SQ FT to fill in a thinned out lawn. This is best performed in the fall or early spring and in combination with aeration.