## APPENDIX

# Estimation and Validation of Highest Point Single Tooth Contact in Spur Gears using Spreadsheet Application 

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Table S1. Depicts input parameters, its nomenclature, formula and Excel coding

| Step 1: Calculation of basic parameters about Pitch Circle |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Circular pitch, $m m \quad p=\pi m=\frac{\pi d}{N}$ | $=P I() * D 8$ |
| Pitch circle diameter of pinion, $m m \quad d_{p}=m * N_{p}$ | $=D 8 * D 5$ |
| Pitch circle radius of pinion, $m m \quad r_{p}=\frac{d_{p}}{2}$ | $=$ D14/2 |
| Pitch circle diameter of Gear, mm $d_{G}=m * N_{G}$ | $=D 8 * D 6$ |
| Pitch circle radius of Gear, mm $\quad r_{G}=\frac{d_{G}}{2}$ | $=$ D16/2 |
| Step 2: Calculation of basic parameters about Addendum Circle |  |
| Addendum, $m m \quad a=m$ | $=D 8$ |
| Dedendum, $m m \quad b=1.25 * m$ | $=1.25 * D 8$ |
| Addendum circle diameter of $d_{o p}=d_{p}+2 a=d_{p}+2 m$ Pinion, $m m$ | $=D 14+(2 * D 8)$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Addendum circle radius of Pinion, } \\ & m m\end{aligned} r_{o P}=\frac{d_{o P}}{2}$ | $=D 21 / 2$ |
| Addendum circle diameter of $d_{o G}=d_{G}+2 a=d_{G}+2 m$ | $=D 16+(2 * D 8)$ |
| Addendum circle radius of Gear, $r_{o G}$${ }^{d_{O G}}$ | $=D 23 / 2$ |
| Step 3: Calculation of basic parameters about Base Circle |  |
| Drive side base circle diameter of $\quad d_{b P}=d_{p} \cos \emptyset_{D}$ | $=D 14 * \operatorname{Cos}(D 7 * P I() / 180)$ |
| Drive side base circle radius of $\quad r_{b P_{1}}=\frac{d_{b p}}{2}$ Pinion, $m m$ | $=D 26 / 2$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Drive side base circle diameter of } \\ & \text { Gear } m m\end{aligned} d_{b G}=d_{G} \cos \emptyset_{D}$ | $=D 16 * \operatorname{Cos}(D 7 * P I() / 180)$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Drive side base circle radius of } \\ & \text { Gear, } m m\end{aligned} r_{b G}=\frac{d_{b G}}{2}$ | $=D 28 / 2$ |
| Step 4: Calculation of Contact Ratio |  |
| Angle A, degree $A=\cos ^{-1}\left(\frac{d_{b G}}{d_{0 G}}\right) \quad \text { oRA } A \cos ^{-1}\left(\frac{N_{\mathrm{s}} * \cos \vartheta}{d_{O G} * P}\right)$ | $=(\operatorname{ACOS}(D 28 / D 23)) * 180 / P I($ |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & =(\operatorname{ATAN}(T A N(D 7 * P I() / 180) \\ & =\quad((D 6 / D 5) *(T A N(D 31) \\ & * P I() / 180)- \end{aligned}$ |


| Angle $\alpha$, degree | $a=\cos ^{-1}\left(\frac{d_{p p}}{d_{v p}}\right) \quad o{ }^{2} a-\cos ^{-1}\left(\frac{X_{P} * \cos \rho}{d_{o p} p P}\right)$ | $=(A C O S(D 26 / D 21)) * 180 / P I($ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Angle $B$, degree | $B=\tan ^{-1}\left\{\tan \phi-\left[\left(\frac{N_{\rho}}{N_{G}}\right)+(\tan \alpha-\tan \phi)\right]\right\}$ | $\begin{aligned} & =(A T A N(T A N(D 7 * P I() / 180) \\ & -\quad((D 5 / D 6) *(T A N(D 33 \\ & * P I() / 180)- \\ & \operatorname{TAN}(D 7 * P I() / 180))))) * 180 / P \\ & I() \end{aligned}$ |
| Contact ratio $m_{f}$ | $\begin{aligned} & m_{f}=\frac{\begin{array}{c} \sqrt{\left(r_{o G}{ }^{2}-r_{b b}{ }^{2}\right)}+\sqrt{\left(r_{o p}^{2}-r_{\left.b P^{2}\right)}\right.}-\left[\left(r_{G}+r_{p}\right) \sin \emptyset\right] \end{array}}{p \cos \emptyset} \\ & O R \\ & m_{f}=\frac{N_{G}}{2 \pi}(\tan A-\tan B) O R \\ & m_{f}=\frac{N_{p}}{2 \pi}(\tan \alpha-\tan \beta) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & =(D 6 /(2 * P I())) *(T A N(D 31 * P \\ & I() / 180)-T A N(D 34 * P I() / 180)) \end{aligned}$ |
| Step 5: Calculation of Contact Diameters / Contact Radius |  |  |
| Contact diameter in Pinion, mm | $d_{c P}=\frac{d_{p} \cos \emptyset}{\cos \beta} \boldsymbol{O R} d_{c P}=\frac{N_{p} \cos \emptyset}{P \cos \beta}$ | $\begin{aligned} & =(D 14 * \operatorname{COS}(D 7 * P I() / 180)) / \\ & \operatorname{COS}(D 32 * \operatorname{PI}() / 180) \end{aligned}$ |
| Contact radius in Pinion, mm | $r_{c p}=\frac{d_{c p}}{2}$ | = D37/2 |
| diameter in Gear, mm | $d_{c G}=\frac{d_{G} \cos \emptyset}{\cos B} \boldsymbol{O R} d_{c G}=\frac{N_{G} \cos \emptyset}{P \cos B}$ | $\begin{aligned} & =(D 16 * \operatorname{COS}(D 7 * P I() / 180)) / \\ & \operatorname{COS}(D 34 * P I() / 180) \end{aligned}$ |
| Contact radius in Gear, mm | $r_{c G}=\frac{d_{c G}}{2}$ | = D39/2 |
| Step 6: Calculation of LPSTC Diameters / LPSTC Radius |  |  |
| Angle $\boldsymbol{\varepsilon}$, degree | $\varepsilon=\tan ^{-1}\left[\tan \alpha-\frac{2 \pi}{N_{p}}\right]$ | $\begin{aligned} & =(A T A N(T A N(D 33 * P I() / 180) \\ & -(2 * P I() / D 5))) * 180 / P I() \end{aligned}$ |
| LPSTC diameter in pinion, $m m$ | $d_{L P}=\frac{d_{p} \cos \emptyset}{\cos \varepsilon} \boldsymbol{O R} d_{L P}=\frac{N_{p} \cos \emptyset}{P \cos \varepsilon}$ | $\begin{aligned} & =D 14 * \operatorname{COS}(D 7 * P I() / 180) / C \\ & O S(D 42 * P I() / 180) \end{aligned}$ |
| LPSTC radius in pinion, $m m$ | $r_{L P}=\frac{d_{L P}}{2}$ | $=D 43 / 2$ |
| Angle E, degree | $\mathrm{E}=\tan ^{-1}\left[\tan A-\frac{2 \pi}{N_{G}}\right]$ | $\begin{aligned} & =(A T A N(T A N(D 31 * P I() / 180) \\ & -(2 * P I() / D 6))) * 180 / P I() \end{aligned}$ |
| LPSTC diameter in Gear, mm | $d_{L G}=\frac{d_{G} \cos \emptyset}{\cos \mathrm{E}} \boldsymbol{O R} d_{L G}=\frac{N_{G} \cos \emptyset}{P \cos \mathrm{E}}$ | $\begin{aligned} & =D 16 * \operatorname{Cos}(D 7 * P I() / 180) / C \\ & O S(D 45 * P I() / 180) \end{aligned}$ |
| LPSTC radius in Gear, mm | $r_{L G}=\frac{d_{L G}}{2}$ | $=D 46 / 2$ |
| Step 7: Calculation of HPSTC Diameters / HPSTC Radius |  |  |
| Angle f, degree | $f=\tan ^{-1}\left[\tan \beta-\frac{2 \pi}{N_{p}}\right]$ | $\begin{aligned} & =(A T A N(T A N(D 32 * P I() / 180) \\ & +(2 * P I() / D 5))) * 180 / P I() \end{aligned}$ |
| HPSTC diameter in pinion, mm | $d_{H P}=\frac{d_{p} \cos \emptyset}{\cos f} \boldsymbol{O R} d_{H G}=\frac{N_{p} \cos \emptyset}{P \cos f}$ | $\begin{aligned} & =D 14 * \operatorname{Cos}(D 7 * P I() / 180) / C \\ & O S(D 49 * P I() / 180) \end{aligned}$ |
| HPSTC radius in pinion, mm | $r_{H P}=\frac{d_{H P}}{2}$ | $=D 50 / 2$ |
| Angle F , degree | $F=\tan ^{-1}\left[\tan B-\frac{2 \pi}{N_{G}}\right]$ | $\begin{aligned} & =(A T A N(T A N(D 34 * P I() / 180) \\ & +(2 * P I() / D 6))) * 180 / P I() \end{aligned}$ |
| HPSTC diameter in Gear, mm | $d_{H G}=\frac{d_{G} \cos \emptyset}{\cos F} \text { OR } d_{H G}=\frac{N_{G} \cos \emptyset}{P \cos F}$ | $\begin{aligned} & =D 16 * \operatorname{COS}(D 7 * P I() / 180) / C \\ & O S(D 52 * P I() / 180) \end{aligned}$ |
| HPSTC radius in Gear, mm | $r_{H G}=\frac{d_{H G}}{2}$ | = D53/2 |

Table S2. Calculation of Circular tooth thickness at LPSTC and HPSTC

| Step 8: Circular tooth thickness at LPSTC |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Involute angle at <br> pitch circle, | $\theta=\tan \phi-\phi$ |
| Circular tooth <br> thickness at pitch <br> circle | $t_{c}=\frac{p}{2}$ |
| Pressure angle at <br> LPSTC <br> in Pinion | $\phi_{L P}=\cos ^{-1}\left(\frac{d_{b P}}{d_{L P}}\right)$ |
| Involute angle at <br> LPSTC | $\theta_{L P}=\tan \phi_{L P}-\phi_{L P}$ |
| in Pinion |  |$\quad$| Circular tooth |
| :--- |
| thickness |
| at LPSTC in Pinion |$\quad t_{c L P}=d_{L P} *\left(\frac{t_{c}}{d_{p}}+\theta-\theta_{L P}\right)$

