Answer Key for 7th/8th grade Math Meet '09
Event 1: Part 1

1) $2000-?=110 \times 8+40$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 2000-?=880+40 \quad 2000-?=920 \quad 2000-1000=1000-80 \\
& \text { so } ?=1080
\end{aligned}
$$

2) $.27(45)=?(81) \quad$ divide by $9.03(45)=?(9)$ divide by 9 again $.03(5)=$ ? So, 15 or $15 \%$
3) $6 / 30+5 / 30+6 / 30+10 / 30+x=1 \quad 27 / 30+x / 30=1 \quad 3 / 30$ or $1 / 10$
4) $0.54 / x=9 \quad 54 / 9=6$ so $x=0.06$
5) $21 / 56=x / 72 \quad 21 / 56$ is $3 / 8 \quad 3 / 8=x / 72 \quad$ So multiply by $9 / 9 \quad x=27$

Event 1: Part 2

1) $1 \times(3-5)+1 \times(3+5)=1 \times-2+1 \times 8=-2+8=6$
2) $3 x(0-1)+3 x(0+1)=-3+3=0$
3) $2 x(2-2)+2 x(2+2)=2 x 0+2 \times 4=8$
4) $\mathrm{A} x(\mathrm{~B}-\mathrm{C})+\mathrm{Ax}(\mathrm{B}+\mathrm{C}) \quad$ Can try with sample numbers or
$A \times B-A \times C+A \times B+A x C$
AxB $+A \times B$ yes
5) $A \times(B-C)+A x(B+C)$ is $A \times B+A \times B$ from $\# 4$ can also try with samples and $\mathrm{Bx}(\mathrm{A}-\mathrm{C})+\mathrm{Bx}(\mathrm{A}+\mathrm{C})$
$\mathrm{BxA}-\mathrm{BxC}+\mathrm{BxA}+\mathrm{BxC}$ is $\mathrm{Bx} \mathrm{A}+\mathrm{B} x \mathrm{~A}$ and by commutative property yes
Event 2 Part 1:
6) 1 sq mile $\times 2.59 \mathrm{sq} \mathrm{km} / 1 \mathrm{sq}$ mile $=2.59 \mathrm{sq} \mathrm{km}$ so 1 sq mile is bigger
7) $14 \mathrm{ft} \times .3048 \mathrm{~m} / 1 \mathrm{ft}=4.2672$ meters so 14 feet is bigger
8) 6 miles $x 1.609 \mathrm{~km} / 1 \mathrm{mile}=9.654 \mathrm{~km}$ so 6 miles is bigger
9) $63 \mathrm{~cm} \mathrm{x} 1 \mathrm{in} / 2.54 \mathrm{~cm}=24.80$ in so 25 inches is bigger
10) $38.75 \mathrm{sq} \mathrm{ft} \mathrm{x} .0929 \mathrm{sq} \mathrm{m} / 1 \mathrm{sq} \mathrm{ft}=3.60 \mathrm{sq} \mathrm{m}$ so 38.75 sq ft is bigger

Event 2 Part 2:
6) $63 \mathrm{~cm} \times 1 \mathrm{in} / 2.54 \mathrm{~cm} \times 1 \mathrm{ft} / 12 \mathrm{in}=2.07 \mathrm{ft}$ so 63 cm is bigger
7) 6.5 miles $\times 1.609 \mathrm{~km} / 1$ mile $\times 1000 \mathrm{~m} / 1 \mathrm{~km}=10,458.5 \mathrm{~m}$ so 6.5 miles is bigger
8) $15840 \mathrm{ft} x 1 \mathrm{yd} / 3$ feet $\mathrm{x} 1 \mathrm{mile} / 1760 \mathrm{yd} \times 1.609 \mathrm{~km} / 1 \mathrm{mile}=4.827 \mathrm{~km}$ so 15840 ft is bigger
9) $14 \mathrm{sq} \mathrm{yd} x 9 \mathrm{sq} \mathrm{ft} / 1 \mathrm{sq}$ yard $x 0.0929 \mathrm{sq} \mathrm{m} / 1 \mathrm{sq} \mathrm{ft}=11.71 \mathrm{sq} \mathrm{m}$ so 14 sq yard is bigger
10) $2 \mathrm{sq} \mathrm{ft} x .0929 \mathrm{sq} \mathrm{m} / 1 \mathrm{sq} \mathrm{ft} \times 10,000 \mathrm{sq} \mathrm{cm} / 1 \mathrm{sq} \mathrm{m}=1858 \mathrm{sq} \mathrm{cm}$ so 1860 sq cm is bigger Event 3 Part 1:
You start with 4 friends. Can use equation $y=x+4$ so you are subtracting 4 friends to find out the number of handshakes or adding 4 to the number of handshakes to find the number of friends.

1) $10+4=14$
2) $20+4=24$
3) $10-4=6$
4) $50-4=46$

Event 3 Part 2:
The handshake problem can be solved in other ways but number of people $x$ number of people 1 take this result and divide by $2 \quad \frac{\mathrm{n}(\mathrm{n}-1)}{2}$
5) $8(7) / 2=28$
6) $10(9) / 2=45$
7) $20(19) / 2=190$
8) $100(99) / 2=4950$

Event 4 : mental math

1) $8+25=33$
2) $16+14+15-18 \quad 30-3=27$
3) $4(5)+2(5)+3(10)=20+10+30=60$
4) $7 / 3+10 / 6=14 / 6+10 / 6=24 / 6=4$
5) $45+55+16+4=100+20=120 \quad 120 / 8=15$
6) $1 / 12+\underline{4 / 12}+2 / 12=7 / 12 \quad 4 / 12=1 / 3$
7) 3 because there are three 3 's
8) $6+9+5+(3+4)$ is $15+5+7=20+7=27$
or $1+5+2(2+4)+3(3)=6+12+9=27$
9) $4+16+1+9=30 \quad 30 / 25=6 / 5$
10) $16+4+27+8+9=20+35+9=55+9=64 \quad 64 / 16=4$

Event 5 Problem 1

1) 14 hours $x 1 / 3=14 / 3=4$ hours and $2 / 3$ of an hour or $20+20$ minutes $=4$ hours 40 min
2) She slept $1 / 2$ of $\# 1$ answer or 2 hours 20 minutes
3) 2 days $=48$ hours $48 \times 2 / 3=96 / 3=32$ hours
4) $1 / 6(32)=32 / 6=51 / 3=5$ hours 20 min
$1 / 5(32)=32 / 5=62 / 5=6$ hours $24 / 60=6$ hours 24 minutes
$32-(5 \mathrm{hr}+6 \mathrm{hr}+20 \mathrm{~min}+24 \mathrm{~min})=31 \mathrm{hr}+60 \mathrm{~min}-11 \mathrm{hr}-44 \mathrm{~min}=20 \mathrm{hr} 16 \mathrm{~min}$
5) 4 days $=96$ hours
$1 / 3(96)=32$ hours
$1 / 4(96)=24$ hours
$1 / 5(96)=191 / 5$ hours or 19 hours 12 min
$1 / 6(96)=16$ hours
total is 91 hours 12 min
time left is 95 hours -91 hours $+60 \mathrm{~min}-12 \mathrm{~min}=4$ hours 48 min
Event 5 Problem 2
6) 4 out of 5 is $80 \%$
7) $(.8)(.8)=.64=64 \%$
8) $(.8)(.8)(.8)=.512=51.2 \% \quad$ Use expanded form or raise it to a power
9) $(.8)^{\wedge} 5=.32768=32.77 \%$
10) $(.8)^{\wedge} 10=.10737=10.74 \%$
using $1-5$ to solve the rest subtracting them from $100 \%$
11) $100 \%-64 \%=36 \%$
12) $100 \%-51.2 \%=48.8 \%$
13) $100 \%-32.77 \%=67.23 \%$
14) $100 \%-10.74 \%=89.26 \%$
15) 9 losers like problems $1-5$ and 1 winner on the tenth pick $(.8)^{\wedge} 9(.2)=2.68 \%$

## Event 5 Problem 3

1) $750 \mathrm{miles} \mathrm{x} 1 \mathrm{gal} / 27 \mathrm{mil}=27.78$ gallons
2) 27.78 gallons $x \$ 1.83 / 1$ gallon $=\$ 50.84$
3) $\$ 50 \times 1$ gallon/ $\$ 1.83 \times 27$ miles $/ 1$ gallon $=737.70$ miles
4) $\frac{\$ 1.58+?}{2}=$ the average (mean) $\$ 1.83$

Multiply both sides of the equation by 2 and subtract 1.58

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 1.58+?=3.66 \\
& \quad ?=3.66-1.58=\$ 2.08 / \text { gallon }
\end{aligned}
$$

Since both stops fill the tank, ignore the 15 gallons. The mean is the sum divided by the amount of items (2). Since we are given the mean, 1.83, we need to work backwards to find the item.
5) Could try both prices: $\quad \$ 75 \times 1 \mathrm{gal} / 1.83 \times 27 \mathrm{miles} / 1$ gallon $=1106.56 \mathrm{miles}$ $\$ 75 \times 1 \mathrm{gal} / 1.68 \times 27 \mathrm{miles} / 1$ gallon $=1205.36$ miles
This is a difference of 98.80 miles
Event 5 Problem 4

1) $\mathrm{G}=7 \quad 1 / 7 \wedge 7=1 /(7 \times 7 \times 7 \times 7 \times 7 \times 7 \times 7)=1 / 823543$
2) $1 \wedge 3=1 \quad 1 / 1=1$
3) $4^{\wedge} \mathrm{E} \quad \mathrm{Z}=26$ so $\mathrm{E}=5 \quad 1 / 4 \wedge 5=1 / 1024$
4) $0^{\wedge} \mathrm{T}=0$ flipping it would put 0 in the denominator, so there is no solution $1 / 0$ is undefined
5) $2 \wedge \mathrm{EE} Z=26$ so counting forward EE is $31 \quad 1 / 2^{\wedge} 31=1 / 2147483648$
6) $-4 \wedge \mathrm{D}=1 /-4 \wedge 4 \quad 1 /(-4 \mathrm{x}-4 \mathrm{x}-4 \mathrm{x}-4)=1 / 256$
7) $1 / 3 \wedge B \quad B=2$ so $1 / 3 \wedge 2=1 / 9 \quad 1 /(1 / 9)=9$
