

COMET ISON (C2012 S1) + HYBRID ECLIPSE

ILLUSTRATED 'OMEN' OF EARTH CROSSING COMET DEBRIS TRAILS

The purpose of this chart is to illustrate the occurrence of the very rare Hybrid Total Solar Eclipse that is scheduled to occur on November 3, 2013 as seen due West from Jerusalem's Temple Mount. What is significant is that this is the 7th to occur and 3rd of its specific type of eclipse (H3 n-) since the time of Christ. It has some interesting correlations and associations with the comet ISON that occur during the month of November 2013 in the constellation Virgo. Incredibly, the Virgo with Eclipse at 'the feet' and Comet's apparent 'crowning' the head of Virgo could thus be metaphorically seen as a type of 'veil' as in a Bridal veil. The proportions of the constellation are also not only in the classical phi ratio proportions but occur on this date, on this Eclipse-Comet phenomena. This 'sign' echoes that of the depiction of Revelation 12. Could this be a forewarning or 'omen' to Israel and the Nations as a Heavenly Sign from the LORD? What the Comet ISON most noticeably correlates, in terms of Jewish Feasts is to Hanukkah that starts on Nov 29, 2013.

Nov 29, 2013

@ Perihelion

Closest point to sun on Hanukkah

Hybrid Eclipse

Sun, 03 Nov 2013

Both having Annular and Total Eclipse properties at the same time. It is the 7th of such type since Christ.

Jerusalem, Israel

Partial eclipse begins: 3:12 p.m. local time

Greatest eclipse: 4:00 p.m. local time

Partial eclipse ends: 4:43 p.m. local time

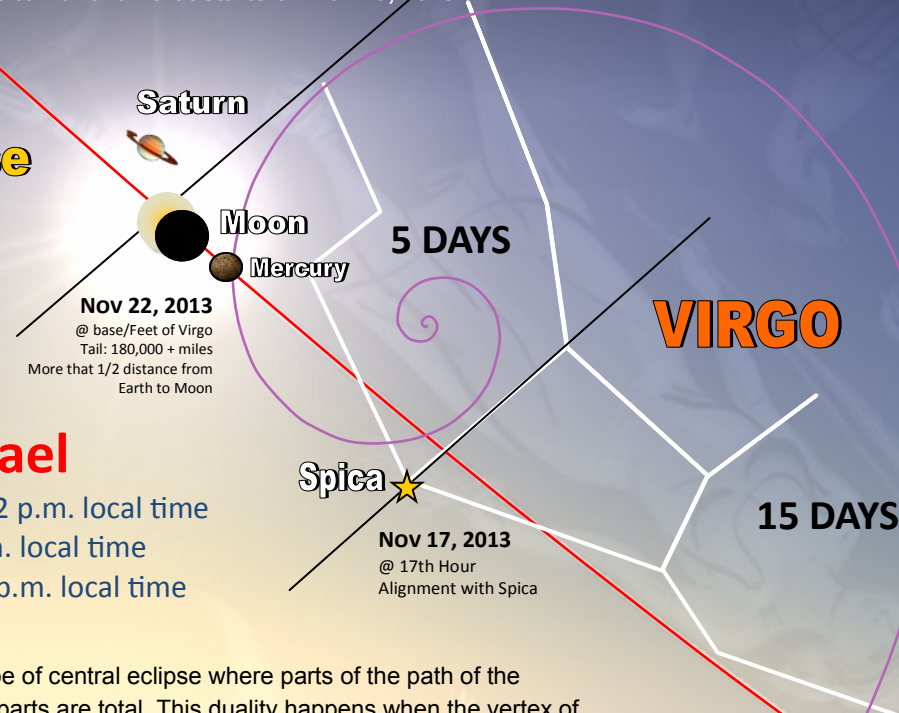
A Hybrid Eclipse is a unique type of central eclipse where parts of the path of the eclipse are annular while other parts are total. This duality happens when the vertex of the Moon's umbral shadow. It passes Earth's surface at various points, falling short of the planet while along other portions of the shadow's path, it does not. This is due, in part, to the curvature of Earth's surface.

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Some Sources

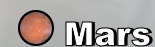
NASA.gov
SolarSystemScope.com
TimeAndDate.com
Wikipedia.com

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Nov 3, 2013
@ Earth's Orbit
Able to be seen from

Comet ISON (C1202 S1)



Sun, 03 Nov 2013

Sunrise 5:57 am

Sunset 4:48 pm

An Omen to Come?

'A phenomenon that is believed to foretell the future, often signifying the advent of change.'
During the rare Hybrid Eclipse of Nov 3, 2013 Comet ISON will be crossing Earth's orbital plain. At this time, the part of the Earth that will be facing comet ISON will be the Middle East, in part. The comet will be visible with the naked-eye at that time, throughout the hemisphere during the Eclipse in the darkened afternoon sky. What is intriguing is that the Planet Mars will be positioned, in line in its background. Will this be an 'omen' of war for Israel? The next one Hybrid will occur on Apr 20, 2023, approximately 9 years or 493 weeks. Will these 2 'bookend' Eclipses signal the culmination of all the End-Times Biblical prophecies not yet fulfilled?

THE COMET C2012 S1 (ISON)

This comet is anticipated to be very bright because it is speculated that it has never come around before. The brightness magnitude is expected to be -16 by the time it reaches the vicinity of Earth. By these calculations, it will rival the brightness of a Full Moon. And it will be seen in the day time at its maximum brightness.

MOON

in comparison to
brightness of comet
before Perihelion
-16 MAGNITUDE

C2012 S1

in comparison to the Moon at
its estimated brightest point of
reference will be
-16 TO -18 MAGNITUDE

Hybrid Solar
Eclipse
Sun and

Saturn

Side View of Solar System

Nov 3, 2013

ISON Crosses Earth's Plane

ISON's Tail projected to be ~186,000 miles long
More than 1/2 the distance from Earth to Moon

A 3D view of Earth's Orbit during the Nov 3, 2013 Hybrid Solar Eclipse as seen from the Sun. Those within the Penumbra shadow will see a Partial Eclipse as in Jerusalem. Those within the Umbra line will the Total Eclipse.

Orbit of the Moon

EARTH

Orbit of the Earth

Penumbra

Umbra

MOON

SUN

N

During a Hybrid Eclipse, some geographic locations along the path become umbra while other locations are more distant and enter the penumbral rather than umbral shadow. The last time a regular Hybrid Eclipse occurred was in 2005 where this type of Moon shadow convergence during the same eclipse was able to be seen.