

Modules metrology

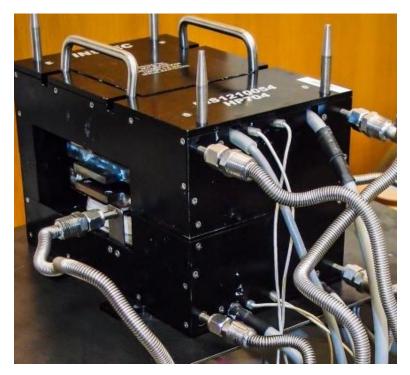
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Motivation for HELboi facility



- High Power output for operating conditions
- Our partners in industry wants low uncertainty
- Everything else is a means to an end



Modules



Size

- Temperature range Heating & cooling
- Environment
- Electrical leads
- Electrical isolation of top and bottom surface
- Soldering material

When it breaks off, use the same solder



Connections



Thermocouples

K type Quantity Position Gas/Vacuum/liquid lines Training H&S volume of the room Corrosion

Connections



- How long are the cables
- Resistance compensation
- Feedthroughs
 - Sealed
- 16 A is a lot of current!





Heat spreaders



- Machining
 Parallel surfaces
 Surface roughness
 Thermocouple feedthroughs
- Oxidation
 Clean
 Polish again
 Zinc coating

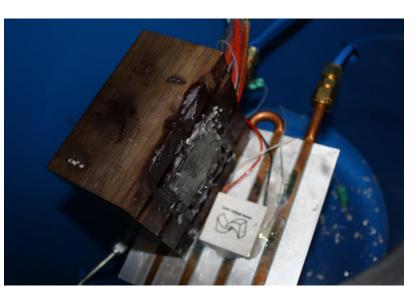


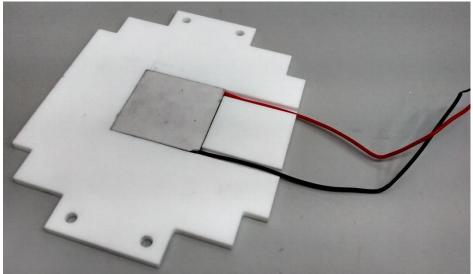


Interface material & Isolation



- Choice between using paste or graphite
- Shielding for lateral heat dissipation does not always help

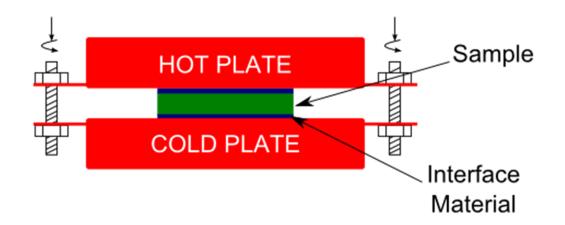




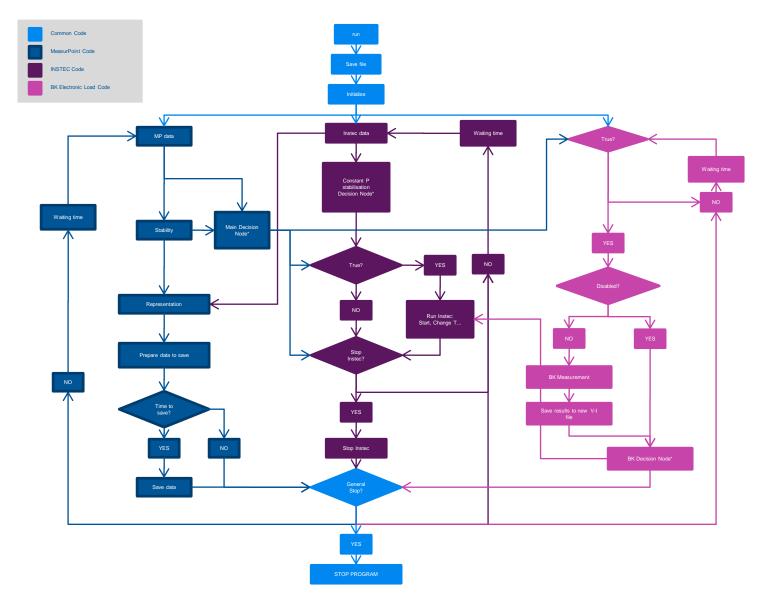
Pressure and procedures



- Order to tighten the bolts
- Does everybody use the torque wrench the same way?







Measurements



- Do a screening exercise to find out the variables with the highest influence e.g.
 - Pressure of assembly
 - Interface Material
 - Controlled environment
 - Heat flow isolation
- Improve the repeatability of the exercise
- Do an uncertainty analysis to add traceability of the experiment

| Α | В | С | D | Power | Run |
|----|----|----|----|----------|-----|
| -1 | +1 | +1 | +1 | Very Low | 1 |
| +1 | +1 | +1 | +1 | Max | 2 |
| +1 | -1 | -1 | +1 | Max | 3 |
| +1 | -1 | -1 | -1 | Low | 4 |



Combined Uncertainty

Measurement service: precision



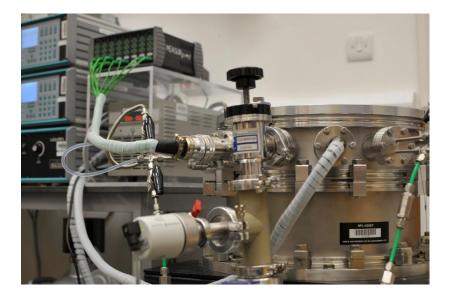
Repeatability $u_c < 0.1\%$ Level of confidence: 1σ (68%)Combined uncertainty: $u_c = 2.9\%$ Level of confidence: 1σ (68%)Extended uncertainty: U = 5.8%Level of confidence: 2σ (95%)

Accuracy and validation:

- Use standards for calibration
- Round-robin among Institutions

Main sources of discrepancies:

- Interface material
- Clamping pressure
- Mean temperature (cold temperature)
- Constant ΔT during characterisation



Conclusions



Measurement service available at NPL with a repeatability < 0.1%

- If you really want to go through all that trouble please contact us and we can tell you the Good Practice.
- NPL can provide certificate with known traceability from different NPL departments: Temperature or Electrical
- Departments are closely knitted: solder analysis, IR camera, SEMs & AFMs.
- NPL facility is ready for use: Special offer for Attendees 10% discount.





Department for Business Innovation & Skills

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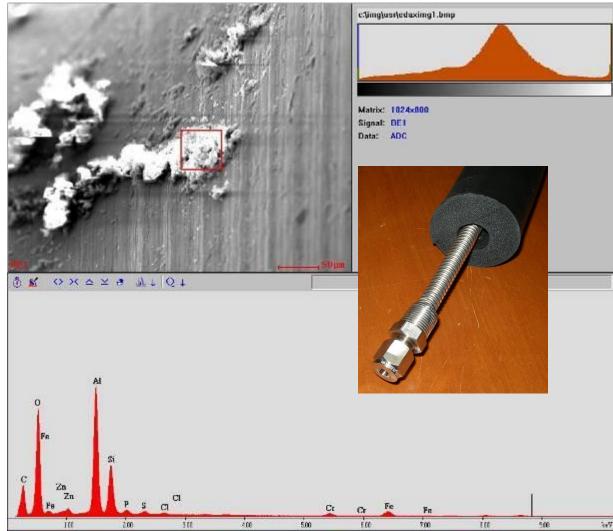




Connections



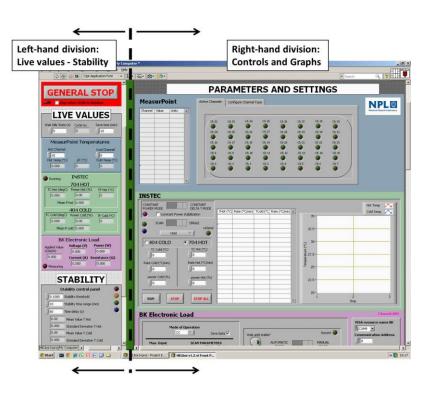
- Can the tubbing withstand change of pressure (negative)?
- Are the fittings all of the same make?
- Corrosion?
- Heat loss?



Software



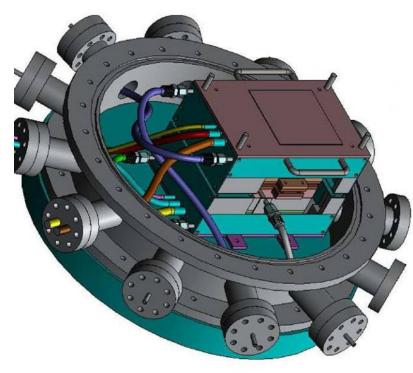
- Timing the data acquisition
- V-I or Power reading?
- Analysis
 Graph fitting
 Uncertainty budget



Purchasing equipment



- Hot plate (top and bottom)
 Choose the correct temperature range
 Uniform heat
- Chiller
 - Processed chilled water Liquid Nitrogen (H&S)
- Enclosure
 - Design
 - Vacuum chamber



Purchasing equipment



- Electronic Load
- Data acquisition systems
- Controllers such as PID
- Power supply

