



The National JTPA Study

- Job Training Partnership Act of 1982
- Assessed impact of JTPA programs in 16 sites across the nation during the late 1980s and early 1990s.
 - Over 20,000 participants
- Key finding: While there were beneficial gains in income (mainly for women), the increased earnings were modest, at best.



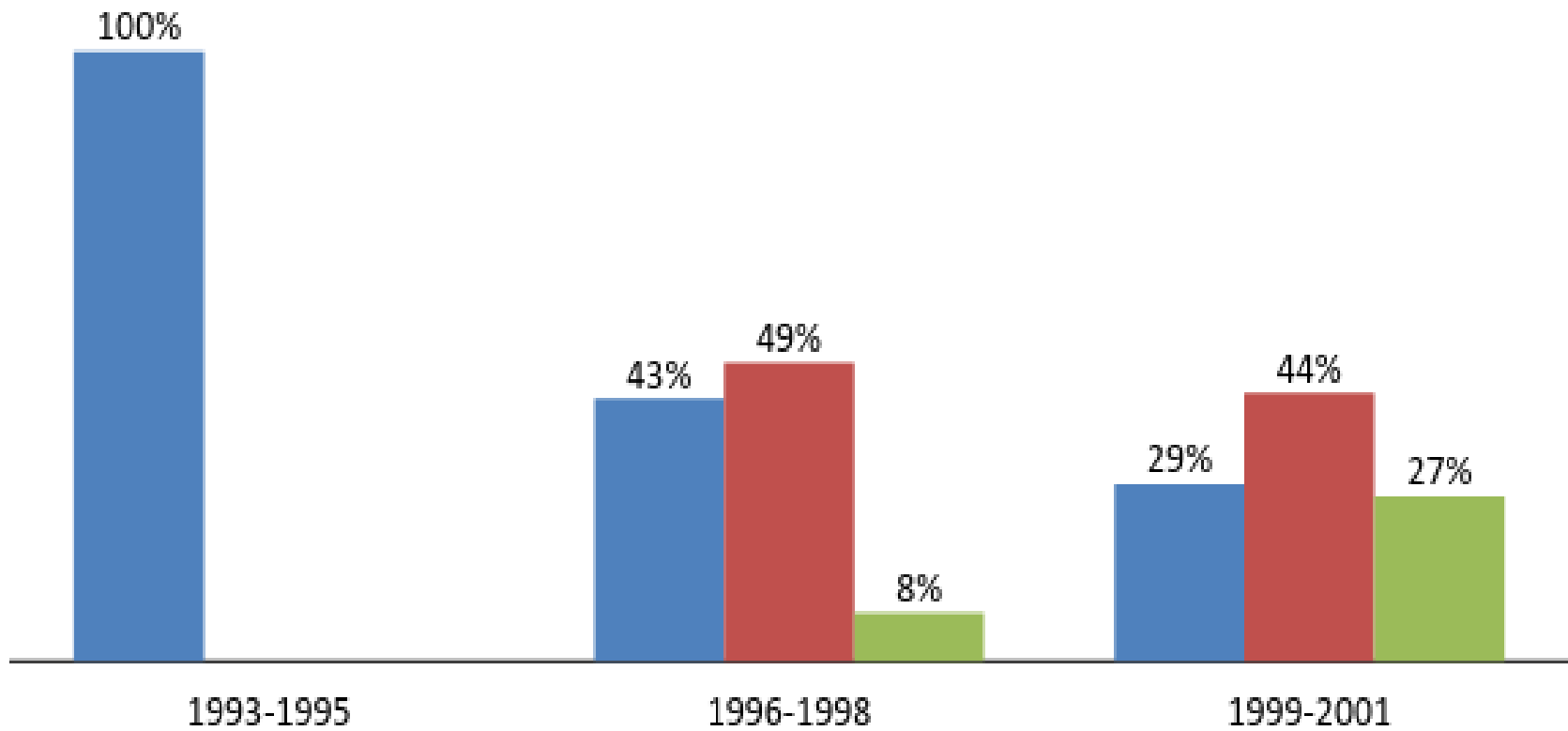
CET Replication Outcomes

	Beneficial Effect			No Effect	Harmful Effect		
	Highly Significant (P≤0.01) ***	Significant (P≤0.05) **	Marginally Significant (P≤0.10) *	Insignificant (P>0.10)	Marginally Significant (P≤0.10) *	Significant (P≤0.05) **	Highly Significant (P≤0.01) ***
Received training certificate (1, 12, 24, 36, and 48 month follow-ups)	4	1	0	0	0	0	0
Received high school diploma (1, 12, 24, 36, and 48 month follow-ups)	0	0	0	5	0	0	0
Received GED(1, 12, 24, 36, and 48 month follow-ups)	0	0	0	5	0	0	0
Received GED or H.S. diploma (1, 12, 24, 36, and 48 month follow-ups)	0	0	0	5	0	0	0
Ever worked (1-5 year follow-ups)	0	0	0	5	0	0	0

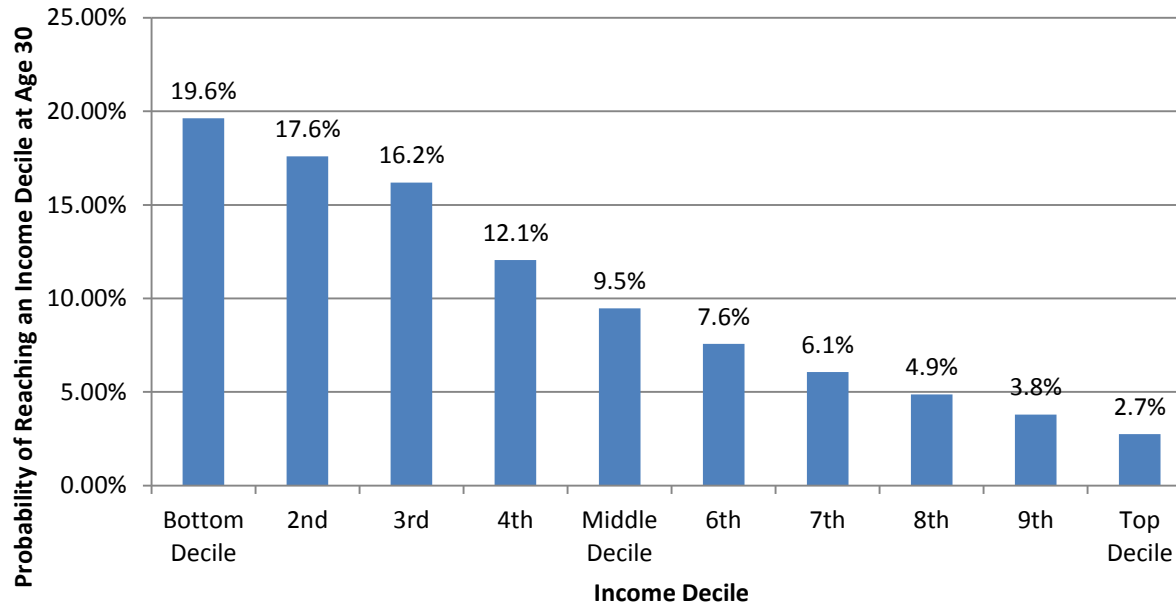
Source: Muhlhausen, 2013, Table 5.7, pp. 287-289.

Earnings Transition Matrices

■ Low ■ In-Between ■ Nonlow



Economic mobility of those raised in the bottom decile, birth cohorts from 1980-1982)



Source: House Budget Committee staff calculations based on Equality of Opportunity Project data. Estimates are rounded and may not add up to 100.