


# TRIBUTE<sup>®</sup>

## MATURITY PELLETED

A pelleted complete horse feed designed for mature horses

PRODUCT CODE: 912HFP

### FEATURES & BENEFITS:

- No Corn Formula!**...to keep sugar and starch levels low.
- Less than half the sugar and starch of oats** for improved behavior.
- Higher fat and highly digestible fiber for top performances and sustained energy.
- Optimal balance of **Essential** amino acids for muscle maintenance.
- Essential** organic minerals support normal tissue maintenance in aging horses.
- Essential** fatty acids, **Omega 3 and 6**, for healthy skin and haircoat and support of normal tissue function.
- Optimum levels of antioxidants Vitamin E, Vitamin C and Selenium reduce damage from aging and exercise. Also boosts immunity.
- With  microencapsulated active dry yeast; acts as both a pre-and probiotic, increases total diet digestibility and improves overall gut health.

### FEEDING DIRECTIONS:

Training Level	912HFP (Lbs. per day)	Lbs. Hay per day
<b>Mature Weight: 660-880 lbs</b>		
Idle	4-6	6 - 10
Light Training	5-7	8 - 12
Moderate Training	6-8	8 - 12
Intense Training	8-10	9 - 14
<b>Mature Weight: 880-1,100 lbs</b>		
Idle	5-8	9 - 14
Light Training	6-10	10 - 16
Moderate Training	8-12	10 - 16
Intense Training	10-14	12 - 18
<b>Mature Weight: 1,100-1,320 lbs</b>		
Idle	6-8	12 - 18
Light Training	8-12	14 - 20
Moderate Training	10-14	14 - 20
Intense Training	12-16	16 - 22

- Maturity Pelleted feed can be used as a complete feed when hay is in short supply or unavailable.

### GUARANTEED ANALYSIS:

Crude Protein (Min.)	14%
Lysine (Min.)	0.9%
Methionine (Min.)	0.3%
Methionine & Cystine (Min.)	0.5%
Threonine (Min.)	0.6%
Crude Fat (Min.)	6.0%
Crude Fiber (Max.)	18.0%
Calcium (Ca) (Min.)	0.8%
Calcium (Ca) (Max.)	1.0%
Phosphorus (P) (Min.)	0.5%
Potassium (K) (Min.)	1.2%
Magnesium (Mg) (Min.)	0.3%
Manganese (Mn) (Min.)	130 ppm
Cobalt (Co) (Min.)	0.9 ppm
Iron (Fe) (Min.)	375 ppm
Iodine (I) (Min.)	1.1 ppm
Zinc (Zn) (Min.)	170 ppm
Copper (Cu) (Min.)	40 ppm
Selenium (Se) (Min.)	0.6 ppm
Salt (NaCl) (Min.)	0.5%
Salt (NaCl) (Max.)	1.0%
Vitamin A (Min.)	7,000 IU/lb.
Vitamin D (Min.)	360 IU/lb.
Vitamin E (Min.)	100 IU/lb.
Vitamin C (Min.)	34 mg/lb.
Biotin (Min.)	0.1 mg/lb.
Thiamine (Min.)	10 mg/lb.
Riboflavin (Min.)	7 mg/lb.
Omega 6 fatty acids (Min.)	2.5%
Omega 3 fatty acids (Min.)	0.3%
Saccharomyces cerevisiae (Min.)	350 million CFU/lb.
Direct-Fed Microorganisms (Min.)	520 million CFU/lb.
<small>(Saccharomyces cerevisiae, Lactobacillus acidophilus, Bacillus subtilis, Bacillus licheniformis, Bacillus coagulans, Enterococcus faecium, Bifidobacterium thermophilum, and Bifidobacterium longum)</small>	
Cellulase (Aspergillus Oryzae) (Min.)	9.6 Enzyme Units
Protease (Aspergillus Oryzae) (Min.)	12 Enzyme Units
Lipase (Aspergillus Oryzae) (Min.)	3.6 Enzyme Units
Hemicellulase (Aspergillus Niger) (Min.)	10.8 Enzyme Units
Phytase (Trichoderma reesei) (Min.)	55 FTU/lb.

\*An Enzyme Unit is defined as milligrams of substrate liberated/minute/lb. of feed.

\*A Phytase Unit (FTU) is defined as the quantity of enzyme which liberates one micromole of inorganic phosphate per minute from sodium phytate at 37°C, 5.5 pH.

This feed contains a dry source of cellulase that breaks down cellulose, a dry source of protease that hydrolyzes proteins and increases the digestibility of protein in soybean meal based diets, a dry source of lipase that hydrolyzes triglycerides, a dry source of hemicellulase that breaks down hemicellulose, and a dry source of phytase that hydrolyzes phytate and increases the digestibility of phytin-bound phosphorus.