

U. S. History Review Guide

QUARTER ONE

1. What save the Jamestown colony from failure?
2. The differences in the economic development of the New England, Middle, and Southern colonies mainly resulted from
3. The most important cash crop of the Southern colonies was
4. Which group of documents best demonstrates the desire among colonists for self government?
5. How did the Puritans treat other groups who settled in the Massachusetts Bay colony?
6. The religious group which was against war and slavery was the
7. Anne Hutchinson and Roger Williams helped establish the principle of
8. The jury decision in the John Peter Zenger case led to
9. The early colonists who worked for a specified number of years in exchange for their passage to America were called
10. Following the economic theory of mercantilism, England believed its colonies existed to
11. The exchange of rum, molasses, and slaves for manufactured products between the colonies, the West Indies, and Africa became known as
12. The French and Indian War resulted from a conflict over
13. With British and American victory in the French and Indian War,
14. The American colonists objected to Parliament's taxes
15. During the 1760's and 1770's the most effective American tactic in gaining the repeal of the Stamp and Townshend Acts was
16. In the pamphlet titled Common Sense, Thomas Paine urges Americans to
17. The Declaration of Independence is based on the idea that
18. What were the inalienable rights mentioned in the Declaration of Independence?
19. The Declaration of Independence declares that to secure their inalienable rights people institute governments whose powers are derived from
20. The Enlightenment philosopher who most influenced the colonial leaders was
21. If the Battle of Lexington and Concord was the immediate cause of the beginning of the American Revolution, what was the long term cause?
22. The Battle of Saratoga was a turning point for the patriot forces because it
23. What was the closing battle of the American Revolution?
24. Mercenaries who were paid by England to fight the colonials were called

25. The American Revolution resulted in
26. In the government provided by the Articles of Confederation
27. In the Constitution, the power is divided between the states and the central government. This is called
28. The ideas of checks and balances and the separation of powers suggest that the framers of the Constitution feared
29. The Great Compromise settled the conflict of
30. The counting of slaves as population is known as the
31. The part of the Constitution which allows Congress to make all laws necessary and proper to carry out its powers is known as
32. The power of the Supreme Court to declare a law unconstitutional is known as
33. Several states refused to ratify the Constitution unless
34. The Bill of Rights was designed to protect individual liberties against potential tyranny from
35. The Federalist Papers were published
36. Thomas Jefferson is to the Declaration of Independence as
37. In most of the original 13 states, the right to vote was restricted to
38. The first two political parties were formed as a result of the controversy between what two leaders?
39. The purpose of American diplomacy during the Washington and Adams administrations was to
40. According to the doctrine of nullification, the right to determine the constitutionality of an act of Congress resides in
41. The Louisiana Territory was important to the U. S. because
42. The purpose of the Lewis and Clark scientific expedition was to
43. What was the *most significant* result of the Supreme Court decision in *Marbury v. Madison* (1803)?
44. The case of *McCullough v. Maryland* declared that _____ was constitutional.
45. What is the *main* reason the United States declared war on Great Britain during the War of 1812?
46. A group of young Congressman called the War Hawks wanted to
47. Francis Scott Key was inspired to write "The Star-Spangled Banner" by the
48. The irony of the fact that the Battle of New Orleans was the only really decisive land victory of the entire war, was that
49. The period during which pride and national unity swept the country after the War of 1812 and the nation was at peace, prosperous, and growing rapidly is known as the
50. The Mayflower Compact was an important precedent for later colonial government in what way?

QUARTER TWO

1. The issue of slavery in the Louisiana Purchase was settled by the Missouri Compromise of 1820 which declared that
2. The Monroe Doctrine issued in 1823 by James Monroe was an expression of United States' expanding nationalism when Monroe
3. The Tariff of Abominations resulted in
4. At the core of the "new democracy", symbolized by the election of Andrew Jackson, was the belief that government should be
5. The practice of giving government jobs to members of the winning political party became known as the
6. Ralph Waldo Emerson was known for his essays on
7. The Hudson School of painters were known for their
8. What do Henry David Thoreau, Gandhi, and Martin Luther King, Jr. have in common?
9. _____ helped establish humane treatment for the mentally ill.
10. The Seneca Falls Declaration of Sentiments and Resolutions stated the position of a group of people who were seeking equal rights for
11. In view of the nature of all territory acquired, the motive that best accounts for American expansion from 1840 to 1850 is the
12. What term best describes why Americans felt justified in expanding its territory from one coast to the other?
13. The immediate cause of the Mexican War was
14. List the reasons Americans went west.
15. The acquisition of territory that gave the U. S. ownership of land from the Atlantic Ocean to the Pacific Ocean was the
16. One agent of the Underground Railroad, often called "the Moses of her People," was
17. The American Temperance Union called for an end to
18. Many Southerners strongly defended slavery because
19. The term "popular sovereignty" refers to resolving the slave issue by
20. An important result of Uncle Tom's Cabin was
21. "Bleeding Kansas" refers to the mid-century violence in the state of Kansas over
22. A major part of the platform of the Republican party in the years before the Civil War was to
23. In the Supreme Court case *Dred Scott v. Sanford* (1856), Chief Justice Roger B. Taney expressed what ideas?
24. The event causing the first southern states to secede from the Union was

25. Northern strategy during the Civil War was to ruin the South economically and separate the region into three sections. Southern strategy was to
26. What was a Confederate advantage at the beginning of the Civil War?
27. General Winfield Scott's "Anaconda Plan" involved
28. Which battle, fought in July 1863, was a turning point of the Civil War?
29. The Emancipation Proclamation freed all slaves in the
30. Slavery in the United States was finally abolished by the
31. Lincoln's plan for Reconstruction was
32. Johnson's plan for Reconstruction was
33. The Freedman's Bureau provided the services of
34. The purpose of the 13th, 14th, and 15th Amendments to the Constitution was to
35. The Ku Klux Klan was
36. The black codes developed by the southern states were designed to
37. What statement characterized big business in the U. S. during the "New Industrial Age"?
38. The group that had the most influence on the government in the late 1800's was the
39. Match each entrepreneur with the kind of enterprise with which he is identified.
Carnegie
Rockefeller
Morgan
40. The Interstate Commerce Act the government's response to the problems of
41. The purpose of the Sherman Antitrust Act was to stop the growth of
42. Bosses in big-city political machines got votes for their candidates by
43. Who was the notorious city boss who became the symbol of corrupt city governments in his Tammany Hall dealings?
44. What methods were used in the late 1800's to prevent blacks from voting?
45. The Jim Crow laws passed by southern legislatures were designed to segregate blacks socially. In 1896, the Supreme Court supported such laws in the case of
46. As leader of the black community, Booker T. Washington did
47. In the 1890's the Populist Part supported
48. The goal of the progressive movement was
49. Journalists who kept the public informed of wrong doings in business and government were known as

50. During the presidency of Woodrow Wilson the government finally passed effective antitrust legislation in the form of the

QUARTER THREE

1. When countries build empires by taking over their neighboring countries or by gaining colonies in other lands, they are practicing
2. After 1898, how did the need for markets affect the United States?
3. What was the significant motive for American imperialism?
4. What was not a reason given by American imperialists for U. S. involvement in foreign lands?
5. What was the common purpose of the Open Door Policy?
6. The United States wanted to build the Panama Canal in order to
7. What was not a colonial acquisition in the late 1800s?
8. Captain Alfred Mahan encouraged America to become imperialistic for what reasons?
9. Americans were strongly influenced by sensationalized newspaper stories in deciding whom they should support in the
10. What role did yellow journalism have in influencing America to go to war?
11. By the treaty ending the Spanish-American War, the U. S. acquired
12. This island nation fought the U. S. for its independence at the conclusion of the Spanish-American War.
13. An important result of the Spanish-American War was that it
14. United States foreign policy toward nations in the Caribbean has been motivated most by
15. Theodore Roosevelt's "Big Stick" policy was directed at countries in the
16. President Taft's foreign policy was most closely associated with the term
17. The immediate cause of World War I was
18. President Wilson's policy at the beginning of World War I was to
19. Before the U. S. entry into World War I, American opposition to Germany increased because of Germany's
20. The incident that marked the turning point in American feelings of neutrality was
21. The feeling of loyalty and pride that people have for the country is called
22. President Wilson convinced the American people to enter World War I by doing what?
23. What was not a reason for the United States' entry into World War I?
24. The only point of The Fourteen Points that Wilson successfully saved was the provision
25. After World War II, what influences did we see dominate American political thinking?

26. What was the most important long-term effect of World War I on Europe and the United States?
27. In the 1920s the United States experienced what?
28. The Republicans returned to power with election of Warren G. Harding in 1920. The new President's call for a "return to normalcy" turned out to mean
29. The prosperity of the 1920s was due to what?
30. What industry was the most important to the American economy by the end of the 1920s?
31. The term "flappers" was used to describe the
32. The organization that grew in size and strength during the early 1920s, and preached hatred of blacks, Jews, Catholics, and immigrants was the
33. Religious fundamentalism was an issue in the
34. The Harlem Renaissance describes
35. What were examples of anti-foreign feelings by Americans in the 1920s?
36. The group that suffered the most economically during the prosperous 1920s was the
37. A wide disregard for law in the 1920s was brought about by
38. The goal of American immigration policy in the 1920s was to
39. President Calvin Coolidge once said, "The business of America is business." This slogan is most closely related to
40. What were important effects of the automobile on America in the 1920s?
41. Why was the 1925 Scopes Trial called the greatest challenge to religious fundamentalism in the 1920s?
42. The event that marked the beginning of the Great Depression was the
43. One reason for the Stock Market Crash of 1929 was that
44. One of the major causes of the Great Depression was the
45. The most urgent task facing President Roosevelt in 1933 was
46. In 1933, FDR said, "I shall ask the Congress for the remaining instrument to meet the crisis- broad executive powers to wage war against the emergency as great as the power that would be given me if we were, in fact, invaded by a foreign foe." What resulted from this request?
47. What was "new" about the New Deal?
48. The Bonus March to Washington, D. C. was
49. Who did Herbert Hoover think should be responsible for helping the jobless during the Great Depression?
50. The New Deal tried to raise the price farmers received for their crops by
51. FDR's position on prohibition was to

52. What were components of New Deal laws?
53. One of the results of the New Deal was that Americans came to depend on the federal government for
54. A major criticism of the New Deal was that it
55. The purpose of Social Security was to
56. Why did Franklin Roosevelt ask Congress to increase the number of Supreme Court Justices?
57. What conditions are most characteristic of a depression?
58. What was a cause of the others?
59. What event listed in the question did not occur between the World Wars?
60. The _____ of 1928 outlawed war and ordered that all disputes must be settled peacefully.
61. The Good Neighbor Policy of the U. S. in the 1930s was directed to
62. The response of the League of Nations to the aggression of warlike countries during the 1930s was to
63. In 1931, Japan took the first step in building an empire conquering
64. The German leader who promised his people that he would return Germany to a position of world power and unite the German-speaking people of Europe was
65. Totalitarian governments gained control in Germany, Italy and Japan because of the
66. The best reason for the cause of World War II was
67. How did the worldwide depression of the 1930s contribute to World War II?
68. World War II finally ended the Great Depression because
69. Before America's entry into World War II, President Roosevelt followed a policy that
70. Hitler signed a Non-Aggression Pact with the Soviet Union before attacking
71. The U. S. entered World War II after
72. The _____ policy gave money and supplies to the Allies before the U. S. entered WWII.
73. What countries received Lend-Lease aid?
74. What were the Allied Powers of WWII?
75. What were turning points for the Allies in WWII?
76. In the war against Japan in the central Pacific, the United States forces
77. The long-awaited invasion of France on June 6, 1944 is sometimes called
78. In order to prevent a shortage of supplies needed by the military, the government

79. A violation of civil rights that occurred in the United States during WWII was the
80. In the U. S. during World War II, the role of women changed as they
81. Before and during World War II, millions of European Jews were segregated into
82. President Truman's justification for using the atomic bomb on Hiroshima and Nagasaki was
83. As WWII was ending, the U. S. decided to join the United Nations mainly because we
84. After WWII, the United States occupied Japan, joined the North Atlantic Treaty Organization, and helped organize the United Nations. These actions show that the United States was
85. What best explains why the United States did not return to isolationism after WWII?
86. What concerned the American economy during WWII?
87. What were associated with American patriotism during WWII?
88. What was the immediate affect of the end of WWII on American family life?
89. How did the G. I. Bill benefit veterans?
90. A significant achievement of the Truman administration was
91. What line of events led to America's entry into WWI?
92. Events in the Spanish-American War convinced Americans that we needed what?
93. How did the Russian/Boshevik Revolution most influence America in 1917?
94. Between 1920 and 1930 passenger car registration in the United States leaped from 8.1 million to 26.5 million. This helped bring about what?
95. Who were associated with the Harlem Renaissance of the 1920s?
96. On the political spectrum Roosevelt's domestic program for relief, recovery, and reform was
97. In the early 1940s, the "destroyers-for-military-bases deal" with Great Britain and the Lend-Lease Act were evidence that the United States
98. War measures adopted by the U. S. prior to the attack on Pearl Harbor included what?
99. During WWII the earnings of workers
100. The advice given to President Harry Truman helped him in his decision to do what?

QUARTER FOUR

1. *Brown v. Board of Education* is a significant Supreme Court decision because
2. Martin Luther King, Jr. was
3. Sputnik was launched on October 4, 1957. It was
4. In July 1969, Neil Armstrong said, "That's one step for man, one giant leap for mankind." Why?

5. U. S. involvement in the Vietnam War can be traced to what?
6. Watergate was
7. The Berlin Airlift was the significant and heroic response by the U. S. to
8. The term "iron curtain" refers to what?
9. The United States was the first country to recognize Israel because
10. Match the President with one of his accomplishments:
Nixon
Reagan
Truman
Eisenhower
Johnson
JFK
Clinton
Carter
Ford
Bush
11. The Iran hostage crisis was caused by
12. The Cuban Missile crisis was
13. The conflict between Gen. Douglas McArthur and President Truman in Korea was resolved by
14. The TET offensive in Vietnam was what?
15. The civil rights acts of the mid-1960s were intended to accomplish what?
16. The United States is unique as a world power as we enter the new millennium because
17. The United States Navy and maritime strategy since WWII is important for what reasons?
18. The Americans with Disabilities Act is to *Brown v. Board of Education of Topeka* as
19. How did Senator Joseph McCarthy achieve his fame?
20. The President who issued the executive order integrating the armed forces was
21. Voting patterns in the post WWII era strongly suggest that
22. In recent elections it could be assumed that
23. Which president never won a presidential election?
24. Which president did not win a majority of the popular vote in both his election victories?
25. Which president achieved an astounding victory when major newspapers proclaimed him a sure loser?
26. The separation of powers as written in the constitution is best exemplified by
27. The government health program for the elderly is called

28. Geraldine Ferraro was
29. Television is largely responsible for what?
30. Title IX(Nine's) significance is that it created
31. The computer is revolutionizing what area?
32. The breakdown of the family in the last thirty years has been caused by what?
33. Lowering the drinking age to eighteen was done by many states in the 1960s and 1970s due to
34. An activist Supreme Court would do what?
35. Who were leaders in the 1960s civil rights movement?
36. In which president's administration did the following events occur: escalation of Vietnam War; civil rights legislation; Malcolm X, Bobby Kennedy, and Martin Luther King assassinations?
37. The Iran-Contra controversy during the Reagan administration related to
38. WWII resulted in what situation?
39. The Long Hot Summer's race riots in Newark, Detroit, Los Angeles, and other U. S. cities was a direct result of
40. **Match the Presidents**
Nixon
Bush
Eisenhower
Truman
Kennedy
Carter
41. The Gulf of Tonkin Resolution was voided by the War Powers Resolution. This is an example of
42. A political trend since WWII has been
43. Long gas lines, high inflation, and high interest rates occurred during which presidency?
44. One of the most significant deterrents of nuclear war during the Cold War was
45. The United Nations has supported the U. S. in
46. Colin Powell is famous for
47. Sally Ride is known for achievements in which field?
48. Thurgood Marshall achieved his fame as
49. What is not a war the U. S. has been involved in directly?
50. The Democratic conventions in Chicago in 1968 is famous for
51. A social trend in the United States that has been increasing in the last forty years is
52. The largest population growth in the United States in the 1990s has been in

53. Since WWII both political parties have generally agreed on
54. Match the president with the problem he faced during his administration.
Nixon
Carter
Johnson
Bush
55. Social trends that have increased in the last quarter of the twentieth century are
56. Famous occurrences during the Vietnam War included
57. My Lai is significant because
58. Match the personality who has caused the U. S. difficulty in foreign policy with his country.
Ayatollah Khomeini
Mohmar Khadafi
Saddam Hussein
59. Apollo, Mercury, Voyager, Gemini, and Pioneer are all
60. The Camp David agreement was the significant achievement of Jimmy Carter's presidency. It was a peace settlement between Menachem Begin of Israel and Anwar Sadat of
61. The Eisenhower doctrine in 1957 called for
62. In 1976 celebrations occurred throughout the United States because
63. In 1981 Sandra Day O'Connor achieved her place in history because she
64. During the Carter administration what U. S. possessions did we relinquish?
65. President Ford created controversy by pardoning Richard Nixon. Who did Jimmy Carter pardon in 1977 that caused him difficulties?
66. Which President announced the goal of landing people on the moon?
67. Woodstock became famous in 1969 because it was
68. Who was Rosa Parks?
69. Which presidents utilized the executive office most profoundly in the cause of civil rights?
70. The first company to achieve prominence in business machines and computing was
71. Our last two states came into the union in 1959. They were
72. The significant 22nd Amendment to the Constitution was enacted in 1951. What would it have prevented?
73. The Three-Mile Island incident was
74. Dr. Jonas Salk achieved his fame by
75. The U-2 and Pueblo incident are famous

76. The federal deficit is the yearly shortfall of revenue to expenditures. The national debt is
77. Problems facing our senior citizens are
78. The SDS, Black Panthers, SLA, and Chicago 7 were groups associated with
79. Bella Abzug, Betty Friedman, and Helen Gurley Brown were all
80. What is a true statement about the United Nations?
81. To what does this cynical post WWII jingle refer? "There will always be a U. S. A. If we don't give it away."
82. A major contributing factor in the Cold War included
83. Generally, when did the Cold War begin?
84. The United States Cold War strategy of containment was applied to crises in what countries?
85. What effect did the TET Offensive have on public opinion in the United States?
86. The phrase "separate educational facilities are inherently unequal" can be found in
87. What are reasons for US involvement in foreign wars since WWII?
88. Harry Truman's presidency had
89. What president most expanded the role of government?
90. What statement is most accurate about the economy of the U. S. during the 1970s and 1980s?
91. The widespread use of computers has led to a national concern over
92. An original purpose of affirmative action programs was to
93. What has not caused concern about moral and ethical issues?
94. What problem most likely caused the U. S. space program to reconsider its direction in the 1980s?
95. The first televised presidential debate took place between which two candidates?
96. What is a major difference between immigration to the U. S. during the period of 1860-1920 and immigration since 1970?
97. How did the invention of the atomic bomb affect the postwar world?
98. What is associated with the end of the Cold War?
99. President Kennedy's main goal in the United States' 1962 decision to blockade Cuba was to