## **Basis of the sense of self** (ātmavastu)

[following Abhidharma-samuccaya 1.1]

What makes things so?

Making them so makes things so.

--Chuang Tzu

1) **The occupant:** the one who **inhabits** the body.

MATERIAL FORM

saparigrahadeh-ātmavastu
sa-(with); pari-(complete); graha-(grasping); -deha (the body)
the sense of being complete identitied with or co-terminous with the body.

2) **The beneficiary:** the one who **experiences** pleasure and pain.

**FEELING** 

 $upabhog-\bar{a}tmavastu$   $upa + \sqrt{bhuj} = to enjoy$  = the enjoyer, the recipient, the one to whom experience happens.

3) **The artiste:** the one who **expresses** herself or himself.

**PERCEPTION** 

abhil $\bar{a}p$ - $\bar{a}tmavastu$  abhi +  $\sqrt{lap}$  = to prate, to talk much, to chatter = the narrator, the creator, the origin of creative expression

4) **The agent:** the one who **does** right and wrong acts.

**FORMATIONS** 

sarvadharmādharmābhisamskār-ātmavastu sarva-(all); dharma-(righteous); adharma-(unrighteous); -abhisamskārā (constructions) = the do-er of the deed, the sense of originating action, "the one who.." acts freely.

5) **The essence:** the one who **consists** of that.

CONSCIOUSNESS

 $tad\bar{a}\acute{s}ray$ - $\bar{a}tmasvastu$  tad-(that);  $\bar{a} + \sqrt{\acute{s}ri}$  = resort, adhere, depend;  $\bar{a}\acute{s}raya$ =that upon which something depends = the sense of completely belonging to or consisting of one'e experience; "I am that which...is aware; that which...sees, hears, thinks, etc."

As a response to these five bases, one forms a view of self, built around the primary assumption:

6) **The owner:** the one to whom it all belongs.

sakkāya-diţţhi sat-(true, real, existing); -kāya (body, used figuratively); -diţţhi (view, opinion, concept) = the stance adopeted towards all experience: "This is mine, this I am, this is my self." [aka: I-maker (ahaŋ-kāra); mine-maker (maman-kāra); becoming a self (atta-bhāva)]

## This is the way leading to the origination of personality:

One regards [all experience] thus: 'This is mine, this I am, this is my self.'

## This is the way leading to the cessation of personality:

One regards [all experience] thus: 'This is not mine, this I am not, this is not my self.' (M 148)