

Wyoming Association of Sheriffs and Chiefs of Police

WYOMING Communities in Action:

*A Strategic Initiative to Reduce Underage Drinking in
Ten Wyoming Communities*

Casper Douglas Evanston Gillette

Jackson Lander Powell

Riverton Torrington

Rock Springs



Wyoming Association of Sheriffs and Chiefs of Police

Wyoming Communities in Action – A Strategic Initiative to Reduce Underage Drinking

NOVEMBER 2009

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INTRODUCTION

On September 1, 2007 the Wyoming Association of Sheriffs and Chiefs of Police began implementing the first of three planned phases of a statewide law enforcement initiative to reduce underage drinking in Wyoming. This initiative - Wyoming Communities in Action, or WY-CIA as it soon came to be known (and as it will be referred to throughout the remainder of this report) was designed to be a more strategic approach for addressing the myriad of issues and causal factors which contribute to underage drinking in Wyoming communities.

This initiative was primarily funded with the use of federal funds provided by the United States Department of Justice - Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention as part of an existing national grant program entitled Enforcing Underage Drinking Laws. These federal grant funds have been provided to the state of Wyoming since 1998 and are administered by the Wyoming Department of Health – Mental Health and Substance Abuse Services Division. Unlike other national prevention grant programs, these funds are specifically intended to be used for law enforcement initiatives which focus on effective enforcement of underage drinking laws. Due to the law enforcement focus of these federal grant funds, the Division began contracting with the Wyoming Association of Sheriffs and Chiefs of Police in 2006 to administer the grant process and to direct the efforts of the law enforcement agencies which apply for grant funding.

The Association also received additional funding assistance for this initiative from the Wyoming

Department of Transportation – Highway Safety Program. This additional funding was instrumental for providing the staffing necessary to direct and coordinate a series of activities and strategies which had already been planned. The initiative would now also include a focus on data collection and enforcement efforts involving underage drinking and driving.

In 2007, the Association decided to take a more strategic approach in the administration of these federal grant funds by implementing a statewide initiative that would involve multiple law enforcement agencies in a more directed manner. The Wyoming Communities in Action initiative was designed to recruit and involve more law enforcement agencies in efforts to reduce underage drinking in their communities. The initiative was also intended to be the means by which more effective strategies could be devised, implemented and evaluated – strategies which could then be shared, replicated and used by other agencies in the state.

The first phase of WY-CIA involved five law enforcement agencies in Wyoming which were recruited and selected on the basis of: 1) their already demonstrated interest and commitment to work on underage drinking issues in their communities; 2) their willingness to contribute and be a part of this statewide effort; and 3) because of their relative size and location within the state. Specifically, it was important to involve communities which were of small, medium and large size – as well as being from different regions of the state. The police departments from **Casper, Rock Springs, Gillette, Powell and Douglas** were the law enforcement agencies that were initially selected and which essentially formed the nucleus of this initiative. These agencies would

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also be instrumental in “paving the way” for the agencies which were scheduled to join the initiative in the future.

The second phase of WY-CIA was designed to include an additional five Wyoming communities. The recruitment and selection of these additional communities focused on the agencies’ willingness and ability to staff the various enforcement and reporting functions which had now been identified as being vital to the success of the initiative. A few agencies which had expressed initial interest in joining the initiative withdrew due to existing staffing/manpower shortages at the time. The police departments from **Evanston, Riverton, Lander, Jackson and Torrington** were eventually selected and officially became a part of the second phase of this initiative on May 1, 2008.

The original objective of the third phase of this initiative was to recruit and involve an additional five communities in the statewide effort - and to bring these agencies on board by May 1, 2009. This would bring the total of Wyoming law enforcement agencies involved in this initiative to fifteen – a formidable collective effort in reducing underage drinking in Wyoming. Unfortunately, it became apparent that recruiting five additional agencies at this time would not be feasible due to the staffing problems that many law enforcement agencies were experiencing during this time. The Association decided that the initiative might be better served by period of introspection and evaluation rather than by attempting to recruit agencies that were already struggling to provide basic, essential law enforcement services to their communities.

The Association’s decision to “step back” and to reflect on the previous twenty months of

experience in this initiative seemed to be a better and more effective course of action. The Association decided to conduct a formal review and objective assessment of the WY-CIA Initiative and to author a report of substantive findings and of “lessons learned.”

This report will include: a brief description of the conceptual framework for the Initiative – along with the Initiative’s goals and objectives; a brief summary of all initiative activities; a summary of lessons learned in the process; a collective review of the data collected in all ten communities; and individual community descriptions and community data.

THE ASSESSMENT PROCESS

The review and assessment of this initiative was conducted over a four-month period between June 1 and September 30, 2009. The process of evaluation involved the following four separate activities:

- A review of the Initiative’s conceptual framework, goals and objectives;
- A review of all Initiative activities from September 1, 2007 through April 31, 2009;
- Assembling and analyzing all data collected over an eighteen-month period January 1, 2008 through June 30, 2009; and
- Conducting a series of semi-structured interviews of key agency personnel who were involved in the Initiative.

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Underage and binge drinking have become serious public health and safety concerns in every community in Wyoming – as they have throughout the rest of the country. Youth are beginning to drink at an earlier age and they are drinking greater quantities than ever before. The increasing risk to our youth and communities prompted the Wyoming Association of Sheriffs and Chiefs of Police to develop a long-term strategy in an effort to enlist more law enforcement agencies in Wyoming to take up “the cause” and to direct their effort in a more strategic manner than in the past.

Participants in every community that were involved in this initiative believed that they had “made a difference” on the problem of underage drinking in their community, that their involvement in the initiative helped to provide a more directed and continued focus to their efforts and that they couldn’t have done it without the additional grant funding that was provided. However, some communities were more successful in their efforts than others.

Generally, communities that were more successful in their efforts were those agencies that: 1) had an administrator who personally “led” the way, provided direct oversight or stayed involved throughout the initiative; 2) had stability in leadership and staffing levels and did not suffer significant turnover or staffing shortages; 3) managed to schedule underage drinking enforcement activities on a consistent and continuous basis; 4) were able to coordinate enforcement efforts on a county-wide basis; 5) had community leaders and a general public who were genuinely supportive

and actively involved; 6) worked closely and partnered with existing community prevention coalitions efforts; and 7) used research and data for education, awareness and strategy development.

This report will provide a detailed account of the process and experiences of the ten communities which were involved in the Wyoming Communities in Action Initiative. There were lessons learned in the process – lessons which hopefully can be of use by others in the future.

The data collected during the twenty-months of operation provides useful details about the surrounding circumstances whenever underage youth are arrested for drinking in Wyoming – details which have not been readily available previously.

This summary provides a few of the highlights from the data collected during the course of this initiative and which is provided in greater detail later in the report. The following information can be gleaned from the previous year’s data:

- Youth drinking patterns are similar to adults: peak months for youth alcohol-related offenses are in June and July – with an additional spike for the month of October
- 28% of youth are arrested and detained – 72% are cited and released
- Males and Females age 18-20 continue to account for the most arrests/citations
- 47 boys and 44 girls under the age of 14 were arrested/cited
- Law enforcement incidents involving youth and alcohol occurred more often between 10PM and 4AM – 1,369 of the total 1,971 incidents

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- 22% of the incidents that occurred during that early morning time period occurred between 2AM and 4AM
- Average reported BAC was 0.109
- Minor in Possession was the most frequent charge – 1,489 of the total 1,971
- There was also a high incidence of accompanying charges for Assault, Battery, Curfew Violation, Disorderly Conduct, Disturbing the Peace, Interference and Resisting Arrest
- Private residences was the location most often involved in the drinking– 41% of the time
- Youth reported that 78% of the time they obtained alcohol from a party or from home
- Youth reported that 17% of the time they obtained alcohol from a bar or liquor store

CONCEPTS, GOALS AND OBJECTIVES

The conceptual framework for the Initiative was fairly simplistic in design and included an implementation strategy that was intended to accomplish specific goals and objectives. The design of the plan was 1) to recruit a core group of agencies which would commit to actively work to reduce underage drinking in their communities, 2) to direct their efforts in a more strategic and coordinated manner and 3) to provide the funding, staffing and technical assistance necessary in order to make the agencies' efforts more successful.

The targeted goals and objectives were: 1) to increase law enforcement agency participation in efforts to reduce underage drinking throughout the state; 2) to collect and analyze specific data regarding law enforcement actions involving youth and alcohol in Wyoming

communities; 3) to use and allocate EUDL grant funds more effectively; and 4) to implement and evaluate a series of “best-practices” enforcement strategies in the process.

The planning design included a priority to provide sufficient grant funds to the agencies involved in this initiative instead of allocating a minimal amount of EUDL grant funding among many agencies and individual projects as had been done in previous years. Although participating agencies were required to submit monthly activity reports and were required to fiscally account for their use of all grant funds, it was also essential that these grant funds be made available for agency use when needed and without unnecessary delay, paperwork or bureaucracy.

The plan also included an effort to collect specific data in each community that could be used to gauge the scope of the problem of underage drinking in each community, to devise more effective deployment and enforcement strategies and which could be used for evaluative purposes. This data was to be collected by each participating agency and submitted to a central repository throughout the duration of the initiative.

Finally, the plan included an effort to have the agencies work in a collaborative manner and to meet periodically to share experiences, successes and failures throughout the course of the initiative.

INITIATIVE PRIORITIES AND ACTIVITIES

The implementation plan for the Initiative involved a series of specific and prioritized activities that were designed to be conducted

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sequentially. What follows is a brief summary of discussions, decisions and activities that occurred during each planned phase of implementation.

Recruitment and Selection of Participating

Departments: During the recruitment and selection phase, all agency administrators were provided a general understanding of the Initiative's goals and objectives and specifically what would be required of all participating departments. All department administrators had to commit: 1) to provide overt administrative support and to prioritize department efforts to reduce underage drinking in their communities; 2) to promulgate and enforce a zero-tolerance enforcement policy; 3) to assign personnel to schedule, deploy and direct agency enforcement activities; 4) to assign personnel to collect and submit data and monthly reports; and 5) to meet and collaborate with other participating agencies on a regular basis.

Timelines/Scheduling of Initiative Activities:

Ideally, the three phases of this initiative would have been implemented over a thirty-six month period – twelve months for each phase of scheduled activities. Unfortunately, due to the inopportune timing of grant funding availability and some unavoidable delays in the contractual process, the scheduled timeline for Phase One of the Initiative was compressed to eight months instead of twelve. This necessarily compressed time period for Phase One ultimately had a negative impact on the start-up and orientation process for the communities which became involved in Phase Two of the Initiative.

Communications/Meetings and Reporting

Requirements: An online project management site was created at the outset of the Initiative in

order to provide a means for providing all participants with essential information about Initiative activities – as well as an efficient means for submitting monthly data and reports. It also provided a semi-secure forum for sharing concerns, information, experiences and documents among all participants.

Although all agencies agreed to attend and participate in quarterly meetings, Phase One communities decided to meet more frequently initially in order to identify, research, discuss and decide a number of issues and concerns that were an essential part of the start-up process for the Initiative. Additionally, these agencies participated in several teleconference meetings to discuss and decide issues in between regularly scheduled meetings.

Meetings required attendance by the department administrator, assigned law enforcement supervisor and a person assigned from records or administration. Every participating member was required to provide an update of department activities, as well as to share concerns, frustrations, successes and failures. Time was scheduled during each meeting for separate break-out sessions so individual team members could discuss administration, enforcement and data collection/evaluation issues.

Participating agencies were required to submit monthly reports of all initiative activities, as well as specific data concerning all law enforcement arrests, citations or activity involving youth and alcohol.

Orientation, Education and Awareness: The initial meeting for all participating agencies provided a thorough orientation of the intent and purpose of the Initiative – as well as

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identifying the specific goals and objectives which were to be accomplished.

More importantly, this initial meeting was also intended to provide a more complete understanding of the scope of the problem of underage drinking on a national, statewide and local level. It was essential that all participants were provided with, and had an opportunity to discuss, important relative research, statistics and resources which were available for their use in educating the general public and department personnel. A solid foundation of knowledge among the department core leaders was essential in order to develop effective enforcement strategies and to devise an efficient system for collecting useful data.

Data Collection: The participating agencies worked to develop an efficient system for collecting and assembling data that would be useful for strategy development and evaluation purposes. It was important to devise a process that would not be too time consuming or cumbersome for officers. Phase One communities spent a considerable amount of time devising a system that would work in all communities with minimal effort or changes to established department reporting procedures.

This group also went through the process of identifying and selecting the data fields for collection which would be useful for strategic and evaluation purposes. Demographic information, location of law enforcement contact, time of day, arrests and citations, blood alcohol concentration level and an effort to determine the source of the alcohol. All the information to be collected was incorporated into the citation or book-in process already employed by all participating agencies.

This data was collected daily, tabulated and submitted in Excel format monthly by the use of the online project management site. This information was then entered into a master database and monthly reports were created for each community – as well as a cumulative report for all communities combined. All ten communities now have a baseline of data of youth involvement with alcohol which can be used to assess and compare enforcement efforts and underage drinking prevention initiatives.

Strategy Development: All participating agencies were provided with a review of existing literature and then engaged in a thorough discussion of the various law enforcement “best practices”¹ which research has proven to be the most effective in reducing youth access to alcohol. These enforcement “best practices” have been recommended by the U.S. Department of Justice – Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention as being the highest priority for effective prevention of underage drinking.

After discussing the merits and applicability of these strategies in Wyoming communities, as well as brainstorming and discussing other possible strategies, the group decided upon a core group of best practice strategies which all agencies would prioritize and incorporate into their individual department strategy.

1) Conducting routine, ongoing compliance checks. All participating agencies had already been involved in conducting compliance checks; however, it was decided that additional follow-up compliance checks would be conducted on

¹ [Regulatory Strategies for Preventing Youth Access to Alcohol: Best Practices](#), Pacific Institute for Research and Evaluation, October 2006.

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any retail establishment which failed a regularly scheduled compliance check;

2) Adopting a policy of “zero-tolerance” for underage drinking - and in particular, underage drinking and driving;

3) Scheduling “party patrols” which would focus on underage drinking parties in public and private settings;

4) Conducting source investigations in order to identify, arrest and prosecute adult providers;

5) Conducting bar checks, walk-throughs and “shoulder-tap” operations on a regular, periodic basis.

Equipment: Initial meetings of Phase One communities also included discussions concerning equipment which could be purchased with Initiative funds and which would be useful in community enforcement efforts. Subsequently, a digital video camcorder and covert audio/video recording equipment were purchased for the initial five communities. The covert recording equipment was intended to be used during compliance checks of retail establishments, in bar checks and walk-throughs, party patrols and dispersals, and shoulder-tap operations. The video camcorder equipment was to be used to record alcohol availability, use and abuse during community events or celebrations.

Training: It was essential that all officers involved in the Initiative’s increased enforcement efforts for underage drinking receive training on the legal aspects, proper protocols and techniques for enforcing underage drinking laws. Training assistance was requested and received from the Office of Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Program – Pacific Institute for Research and Evaluation. A

total of five two-day training sessions were provided regionally for the participating agencies – these training sessions were also available for any other law enforcement agency in the state which wanted to attend. The OJJDP trainers provided classroom instruction, as well as conducted a series of hands-on exercises/instruction during the twelve hours of training. Specifically, training was provided on the following topics:

- Overview of OJJDP Best Practice Enforcement Strategies to Reduce Underage Drinking
- Identification of Fake ID’s
- Source Identification and Investigations
- Successful Prosecution under Wyoming Social Host Law
- Shoulder-Tap Operations
- Safe Party Dispersal Techniques
- Discussion of Local Issues and Concerns

Policy Makers Forums: The participating agencies also recognized the importance of educating the public and the necessity to enlist the support and involvement of community leaders in the process. Subsequently, Policy Makers Forums were scheduled and conducted in all five of Phase One communities, as well as in two out of five of the Phase Two communities. Policy Maker Forums were not conducted in Jackson, Riverton and Lander due to administrator turnover and scheduling complications.

These forums were attended by community leaders, mayors and councilpersons, county commissioners, state legislators, school administrators, and prevention and community advocates. These forums were intended to focus attention on select community actions and policy changes which could be implemented locally - and which would have a

significant positive impact on the environment and changing the culture of alcohol use by adults and youth.

WY-CIA: ISSUES & LESSONS LEARNED

This section of the report is not intended to be a community-by-community assessment, but rather, it is a summarized review of the collective WY-CIA experience. It is a blend of all the participants' personal reflections, perceptions and responses to a series of semi-structured interviews and the personal observations of the initiative's project manager. This process identified numerous successes, as well as some frustrations and concerns that surfaced in ongoing efforts to bring about positive changes in the culture or environment of participating communities. A brief discussion of some relevant issues is provided below.

Overall Summary: The Initiative accomplished most of the targeted objectives. All agencies involved reported a more focused approach to their enforcement of underage drinking laws as a result of their participation in the initiative. They also reported that they would not have been able to conduct the extra compliance checks, the party patrols, shoulder-tap operations and source investigations without the grant funding and equipment that was provided. More importantly, all agencies prioritized their underage drinking enforcement activities and acknowledged the value of collecting and using data in developing strategies.

Staff Turnover and Administrative Stability: It is important to note that some departments experienced administrative changes and/or

significant turnover and reassignment of personnel during this twenty-month period. One department not only had an administrative change during the initiative, reassignment of initiative personnel and had also experienced a turnover of 48 officers during the previous eight years. Some agencies also experienced severe staffing shortages at times and were able to only provide essential law enforcement services. Agencies that were able to re-prioritize and resume underage drinking enforcement efforts afterwards were able to have a consistent and more noticeable impact than agencies that had long periods of inactivity.

Council Support: Some departments had a distinct advantage of already having an informed, active and supportive City Council, while others were less fortunate in that regard. The City Council in Gillette identified reducing substance abuse, underage drinking and abuse of alcohol as priority objectives in the city's five-year strategic plan. The City of Casper recently re-instituted their Alcohol Task Force - which had been inactive for several years. The Evanston City Council has been diligent in not awarding liquor permits for local community events which are attended by youth. Evanston also enacted an ordinance to ban drive-up windows at liquor retail establishments – the first and only community in the state to have done so.

Public Support: Most departments believe that they have the support of the general public for their efforts to reduce underage drinking – some more so than others. In some communities, like Torrington, which pride themselves as being a “family oriented community” - the support for their local law enforcement effort is real and obvious. In

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others, the support appears to be more “lip service” in public rather than a true representation of their personal beliefs and support. Even in communities where the support for law enforcement efforts to keep young kids from drinking is evident, there appears to be an acceptance or greater tolerance for drinking by youth 18 to 20 years of age.

Prevention Framework Community Coalitions:

A few departments were assisted by an effective, well-functioning and coinciding effort on the part of their Prevention Framework Community Coalitions, while most departments were not. Evanston, Gillette and Powell, in particular, were more successful in mounting effective campaigns as a result of their willingness and ability to work in a collaborative manner – rather than in isolation as is the norm in many communities. Unfortunately, there are a number of prevention coalitions in the state that have been unwilling or unable to invite or involve law enforcement in their community prevention efforts. Although some progress has been made on this front recently, there is considerable room for improvement.

Officers Buy-In: It appears that most, but not all, officers working for the ten communities involved in the WY-CIA initiative believe in and actively enforce a zero tolerance policy. Some do so because they genuinely believe in “the cause” and recognize that their efforts really do help to save lives. Others do so because of the emphasis and priority given to the effort by their administrator and supervisors. Gillette, for instance, has been able to effectively communicate the importance to all officers through training and by consistent direction, prioritization and scheduling of department enforcement activities. The department has

renamed their four-man Drug Enforcement Team as the department Substance Abuse Enforcement Team - with alcohol offenses as a priority focus. The results have been obvious and significant. In spite of a recent 23% increase in population, Gillette has seen a decrease in all crime, violent crime, traffic crashes and driving under the influence as a result of the department’s problem oriented strategic approach to incidents of alcohol abuse in the community.

Source Investigations: Source investigation was an enforcement action which was selected and identified as a priority strategy by all WY-CIA departments initially. The data collected throughout this initiative (as well as in numerous other studies) clearly indicate that adults (older friends, siblings or parents) continue to be the major source of alcohol for underage drinkers. Unfortunately, patrol officers in a few of the WY-CIA departments failed to investigate or attempt to identify the persons who provided the alcohol whenever they arrested or cited underage youth. They didn’t even bother to ask the arrested youth the question. Fortunately, officers in other departments were more diligent in not only asking the question, but more determined in pursuing other avenues for discovering the source of alcohol whenever the youth refused to reveal the source. In particular, officers in Powell and Gillette were the most diligent in their efforts in this regard. Officers in Gillette frequently enlisted the aid/assistance of their school resource officers, as well as their municipal judge in this effort.

Inconsistent Enforcement: Officers often voiced frustration and concern over the lack of or inconsistent enforcement of underage drinking laws by other officers in their county. As a

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result, they believe that they are simply driving the kids who are drinking out of the city and into the county – merely displacing the problem rather than solving or reducing it.

Data Collection: A major accomplishment of this initiative was the process that was developed and instituted in all ten communities for collecting specific data for law enforcement arrests involving underage drinking. The data that has been collected, and which will continue to be collected in the future, will provide for a more complete understanding of the scope of the problem of underage drinking in Wyoming, and should also prove useful in devising and evaluating community enforcement and prevention efforts.

Alcohol at Community Events: For the last three years, the Rock Springs Police Department has collected data regarding the number of law enforcement responses to incidents that occur during the Sweetwater County Fair. The first day of the County Fair is designated as family

and faith night – and no alcohol is served. The number of law enforcement responses during this day has also been recorded for the last three years.

The difference in the number of law enforcement incidents for days when alcohol is served at the County Fair and for days when alcohol is not served provides compelling justification for communities to consider limiting or strictly controlling alcohol service at community events. A chart of the statistics for Sweetwater County’s experience for the previous three years is provided below.

Lessons Learned: The collective experience of all the departments that participated in this Initiative brought to light a number of issues or concerns – many of which have already been discussed in this section of the report. Some were expected, others were not. These lessons can be of benefit to any law enforcement agency that is embarking on a campaign to reduce underage drinking in their community.

Sweetwater County Fair Statistics			
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	2007	2008	2009
Calls for Service	111	144	126
Alcohol offenses	25	40	53
Arrests	25	36	55
Summons	31	63	69

Sweetwater County Fair - Family Night Statistics - no alcohol served.			
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	7/31/2007	7/29/2008	7/28/2009
Calls for Service	3	7	5
Alcohol Offenses	1	0	1 (REDDI report-NC)
Arrests	1	1	0
Summons	1 (tobacco)	0	0

COLLECTIVE COMMUNITY DATA

A review of the data collected over an eighteen month period – January 1, 2008 through June 30, 2009 provides a comprehensive view of law enforcement involvement with youth and alcohol in the ten WY-CIA communities. It also helps to provide a more complete “picture” of alcohol use by youth in Wyoming than has been available in the past. Specific data regarding age, gender, time of day, charges, location of offense and where the minor obtained alcohol was collected - information useful for prevention efforts, manpower deployment and strategy development.

Charts and graphs of aggregated data collected in the ten communities for the twelve-month period – July 1, 2008 through June 30, 2009 are included in this section of the report; however, a synopsis of the data contained in the graphs and charts provides some essential information:

- Approximately 2,000 youth were arrested or cited for involvement with alcohol
- Peak months for youth involvement with alcohol offenses are consistent with adult alcohol offenses in Wyoming – July and August; however, there was also a significant spike in October
- 28% of the youth were arrested – 72% were cited and released
- Highest number of arrests vs. citations occurred in July (31%) and August (34%)
- Males age 18-20 accounted for the most arrests/citations – 833
- Females age 18-20 were second in arrests and citations - 374
- Males age 15-18 were third in arrests/citations – 315
- Females age 15-18 were fourth in arrests/citations – 199
- 47 males age 14 and under were cited/arrested
- 44 females age 14 and under were cited/arrested
- Average BAC: PBT – 0.103 Intoximeter – 0.116
- Law enforcement incidents involving youth and alcohol occurred more often between 10PM and 4AM – 1,369 of the total 1,971
- 138 of 635 incidents between 10AM-4PM for the first six months of 2009 occurred between 2AM and 4AM (tracking in 2-hour increments did not begin until January 1, 2009)
- Minor in Possession was the most frequent charge – 1,489 of the total 1,971
- There was a high incidence of accompanying charges for Assault, Battery, Curfew violations, Disorderly Conduct, Disturbing the Peace, Interference and Resisting Arrest
- 106 underage youth were arrested for DUI
- Private Residences were most often involved – 41%
- 78% of the time minors obtained alcohol from a Party (66.4%) or Home (11.5%)
- 17% of the time minors obtained alcohol from a Bar or Liquor Store

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Law Enforcement Activity - Youth and Alcohol Data

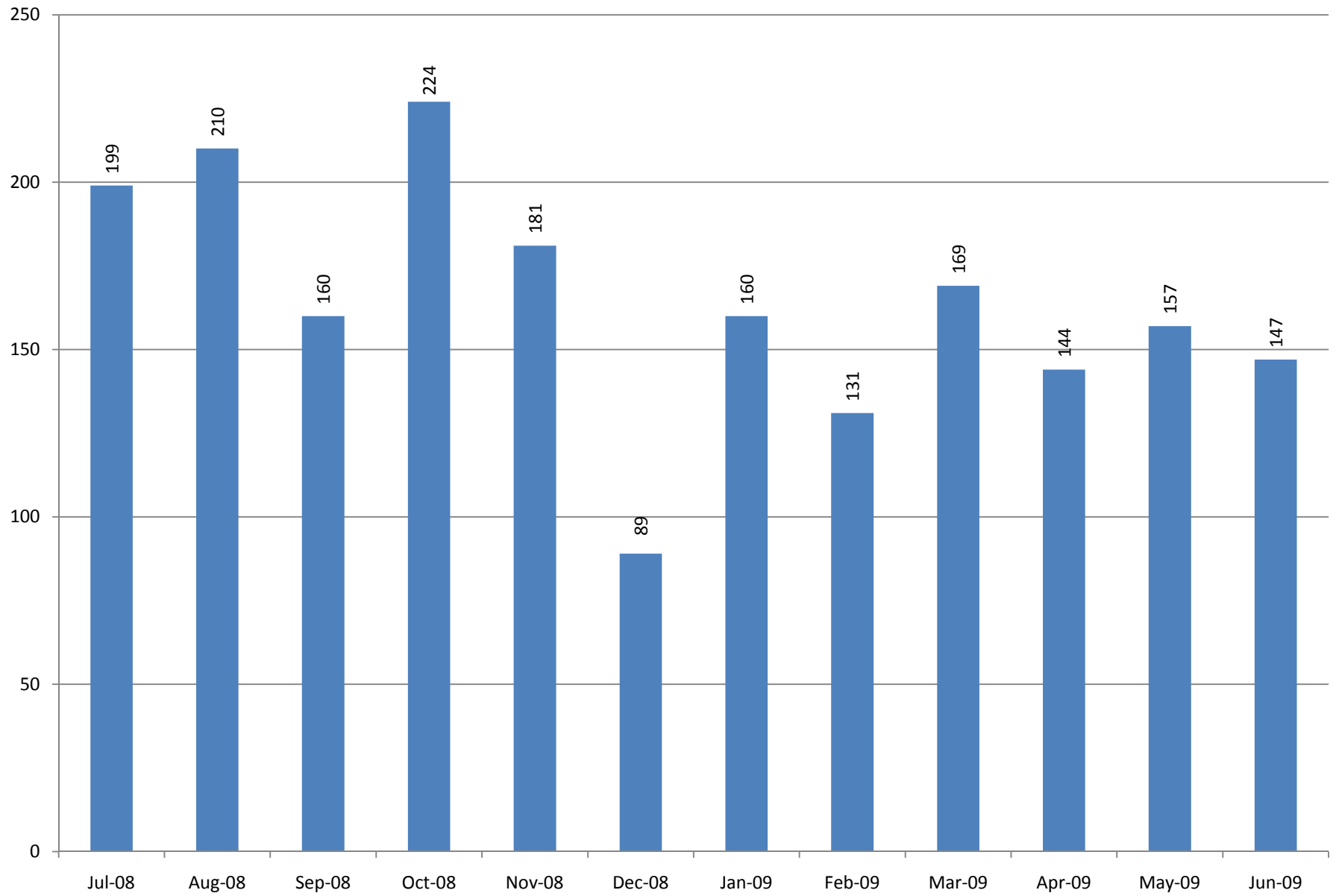
	Jul-08	Aug-08	Sep-08	Oct-08	Nov-08	Dec-08	Jan-09	Feb-09	Mar-09	Apr-09	May-09	Jun-09	Total
Total Arrests	199	210	160	224	181	89	160	131	169	144	157	147	1971
Arrest	62	73	52	47	40	40	39	35	33	47	40	41	549
Cite/Release	126	118	108	177	141	49	121	96	136	97	117	106	1392
Time													
4am-10am	11	29	15	10	8	3	11	13	1	17	18	13	149
10am-4pm	14	7	20	19	11	5	11	19	7	4	2	9	128
4pm-10pm	37	29	22	40	28	17	27	13	27	18	27	16	301
10pm-4am *	137	145	102	152	134	64	22/69/20	38/25/23	57/59/18	37/45/23	53/28/29	39/45/25	1389
Age and Gender													
Female 14 and under	3	7	5	5	2	2	3	6	1	4	3	3	44
Female 15-17	17	19	14	27	12	10	13	11	20	20	19	17	199
Female 18-20	24	38	35	42	26	25	45	25	20	30	34	30	374
Female over 21	6	3	2	9	3	1	5	2	6	5	6	1	49
Female no age									1				1
Male 14 and under		5	2	4	9	5	3	4		2	11	2	47
Male 15-17	45	30	32	32	25	8	16	21	26	22	27	31	315
Male 18-20	96	95	65	97	78	34	67	54	83	54	49	61	833
Male over 21	7	13	4	8	6	4	7	8	10	7	8	1	83
Male no age	1		1				1		2				5
MIP	158	159	136	178	152	71	124	105	110	85	117	94	1489
Illegal Poss.							1	2					
Ill. Poss. by Cons.							11	11	10		18	33	
DUI	10	13	12	12	14	3	4	8	7	14	2	7	106
Open Container	5	3	3	1	1	1	5		1		1	1	22
Youthful Offender	7	2	3	8	6	3	3	1	1	3	2	6	45
Public Intoxication	9	10	3	7	4	2	2	1	2	4	5	5	54
Minor in Establishment	1	8	2	5	5	3	1	3	3		1	1	33
Furnish to Minor	11	8	12	14	5	4	8	13	11	11	12	5	114
Sell to Minor	3	9	2	8	7	5	7		12	2	9		64
False ID		3	2	2			2		1	2	2	1	15
BAC													
PBT	0.100	0.121	0.107	0.098	0.095	0.115	0.093	0.094	0.098	0.106	0.091	0.121	0.103
Intoximeter	0.138	0.076	0.091	0.095	0.105		0.166		0.220	0.088	0.134	0.049	0.116
Refused	11	13	7	13	6	3	4	1	5	5	3	6	77
Accident Related						1	5		1			1	8
Location of Offense													
Bar	11	13	7	14	9	5	2	3	12	6	9	3	94
Liquor Store		1	1										2
Other	33	29	10	11	17	10	13	7	17	5	9	11	172
Park	3	8	3	5			1	1		3	5	5	34
Parking Lot	5	6	15	12	6	4	8	3	8	4	16	17	104
Residence	80	72	67	101	76	34	66	67	63	67	66	46	805
Restaurant	3		2	4	6	5	4		5		3		32
School		2	7	14	5	2	12	12	1	7	10		72
Street	38	62	31	53	45	28	37	18	31	26	28	37	434
Vehicle	23	14	14	8	12	1	18	17	30	24	11	27	199
Where Minor Obt. Alc.													
Bar	12	8	3	5		2	1		2	2	3	1	39
Home	9	3	5	4	5	9	10	4	2	2	3	6	62
Friends		7										1	8
Liquor Store	4	3	2	1	2		2	1	8		2	28	53
Party	28	26	34	61	20	9	32	22	34	39	33	20	358
Restaurant				2		4	4			6	3		19

Wyoming Communities in Action
Law Enforcement Activity - Youth and Alcohol Data

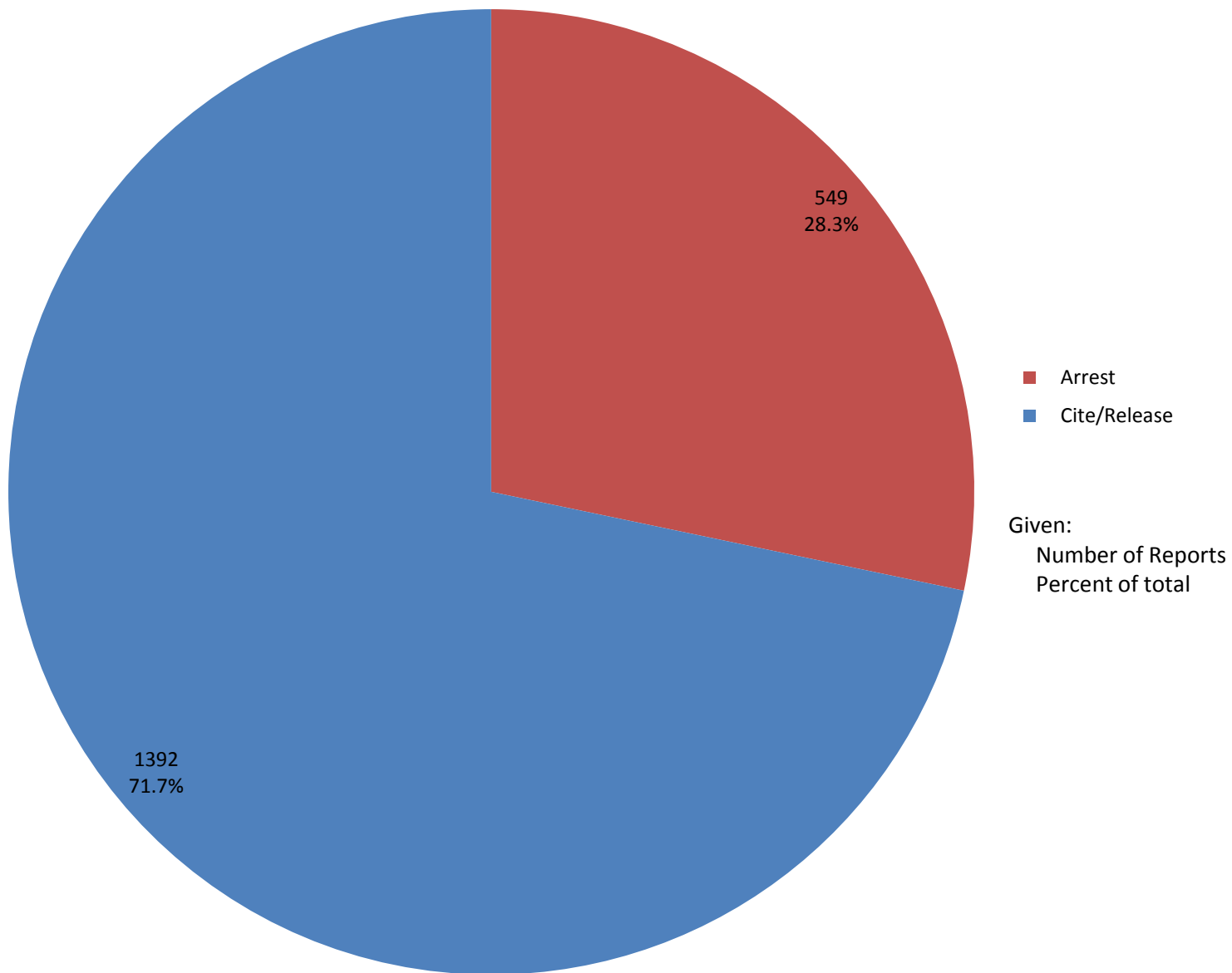
	Jul-08	Aug-08	Sep-08	Oct-08	Nov-08	Dec-08	Jan-09	Feb-09	Mar-09	Apr-09	May-09	Jun-09	Total
Other Crimes Charged													
Aid/Abet		1		5									6
Assault		2	4	1			3	1	1	2	1		15
Battery		4	2				1	1		2		1	11
Bond Revocation							1						1
Breach of Peace				1				1					2
Burglary										5			5
Careless Driving	1	1				1			1				4
Child Endangerment						1							1
Concealed Weapon								1	1				2
Conspiracy									2				2
Contempt of Court		2											2
Criminal Entry		1									1		2
Curfew	2	2	2	7	1	2	3	2	2	2	3	4	32
Disorderly Conduct	3				1			1		1			6
Disturbing Peace	4		1		1				2	2	1	1	12
Driving Single Lane				1									1
DUI - Drugs	1												1
DUS	2	1		1	1				1				6
Duty to Stop							1						1
Expired Registration							1						1
False Information			1			1							2
Family Violence							1						1
Fighting		1					1						2
Fireworks												1	1
Flee/Attempt to Elude							1		1				2
FTA									1			1	2
Grand Larceny Vehic.							1						1
Hit & Run	2		1	1	2	1	2		1				10
House Party				1									1
Improper Lights		1											1
Interference	6	10	3	14	2	6	1	3	3	4	2	7	61
Juvenile party report	2												2
Leave Scene Accid.		1	1	1	1					2		1	7
Littering	1	1					2	1					5
MUI									7				7
No DL		2	2		1	1	2	2	3		2	1	16
No Insurance	1	3	1	2			2	1	1	1			12
No Registration												1	1
Obstruction							1						1
Pedest. Under Infl.									1		1		2
Poss. Cont. Subst.	1	1		1		3		1		1	3	1	12
Poss. Of Marijuana	4	1		2		1			3		1	2	14
Poss. Of Meth					1								1
Poss. of Para.											1		1
Poss. Of Tobacco		1	1		2	1		1	4				10
Probation Violation		2		2	2	2							8
Property Destruction		8	1	2			1			1			13
Providing House											1		1
Reckless Driving							1						1
Resisting	6	2	2	11			3	3	2		3		32
Seatbelt				1									1
Sexual Assault									2				2
Shoplifting					1	1	1			1	1		5
Speeding	1				1	1	2		1	1		1	8
Tobacco					1								1
Traffic Offense	4		2	2	3	1	1	2	2			1	18
Trespassing	1		1										2
Urinating in Public			1										1
Use of Cont. Subst.					1								1
Vandalism	1	1					4						6
Vehicle Reg. Required	1												1
Warrant			2	1	1	1	3				2	2	12

* Beginning January 2009, the 10pm-4am time block was broken into three 2-hour blocks, which are reported separately with slashes between them.

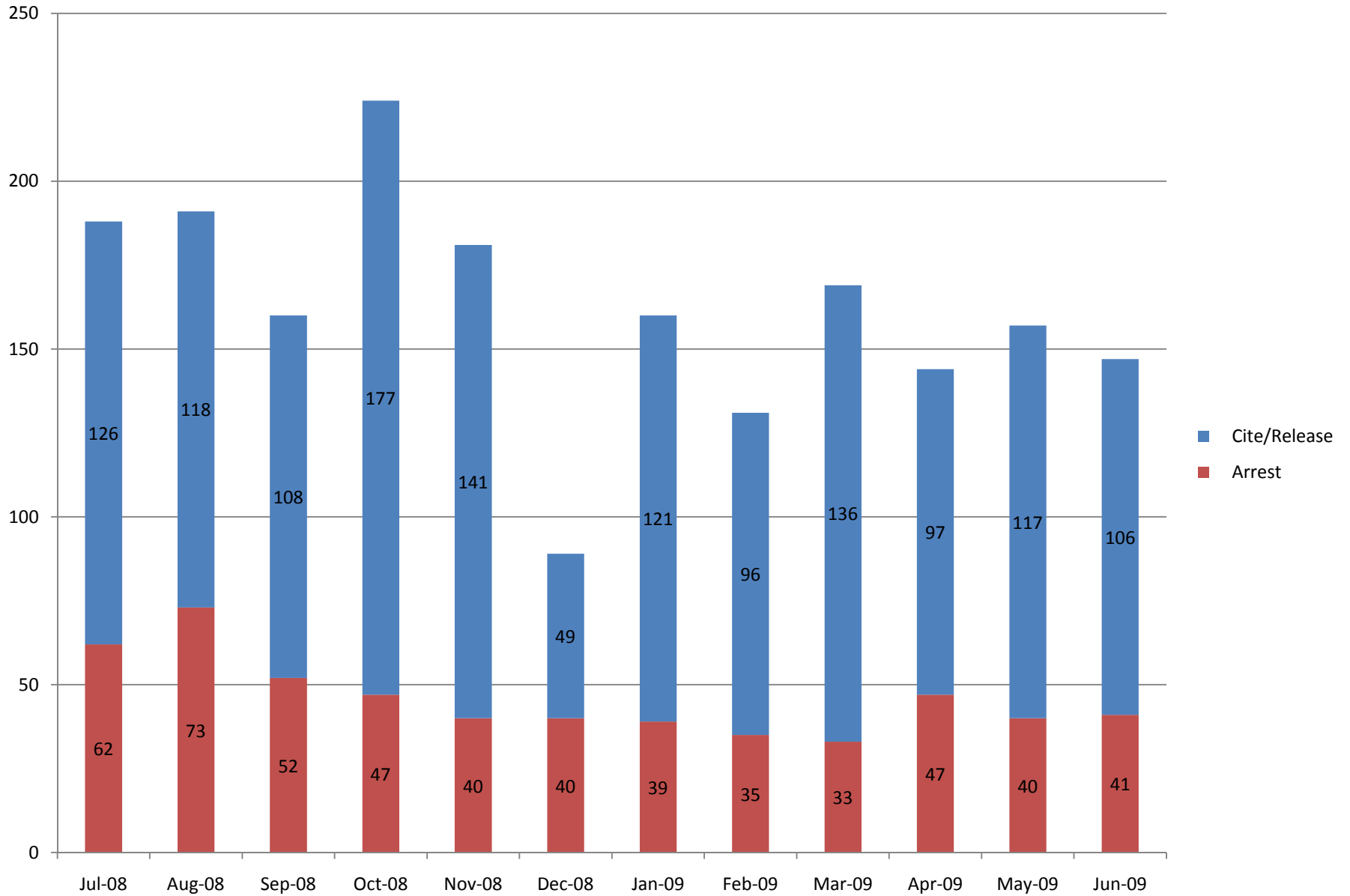
Total Reports



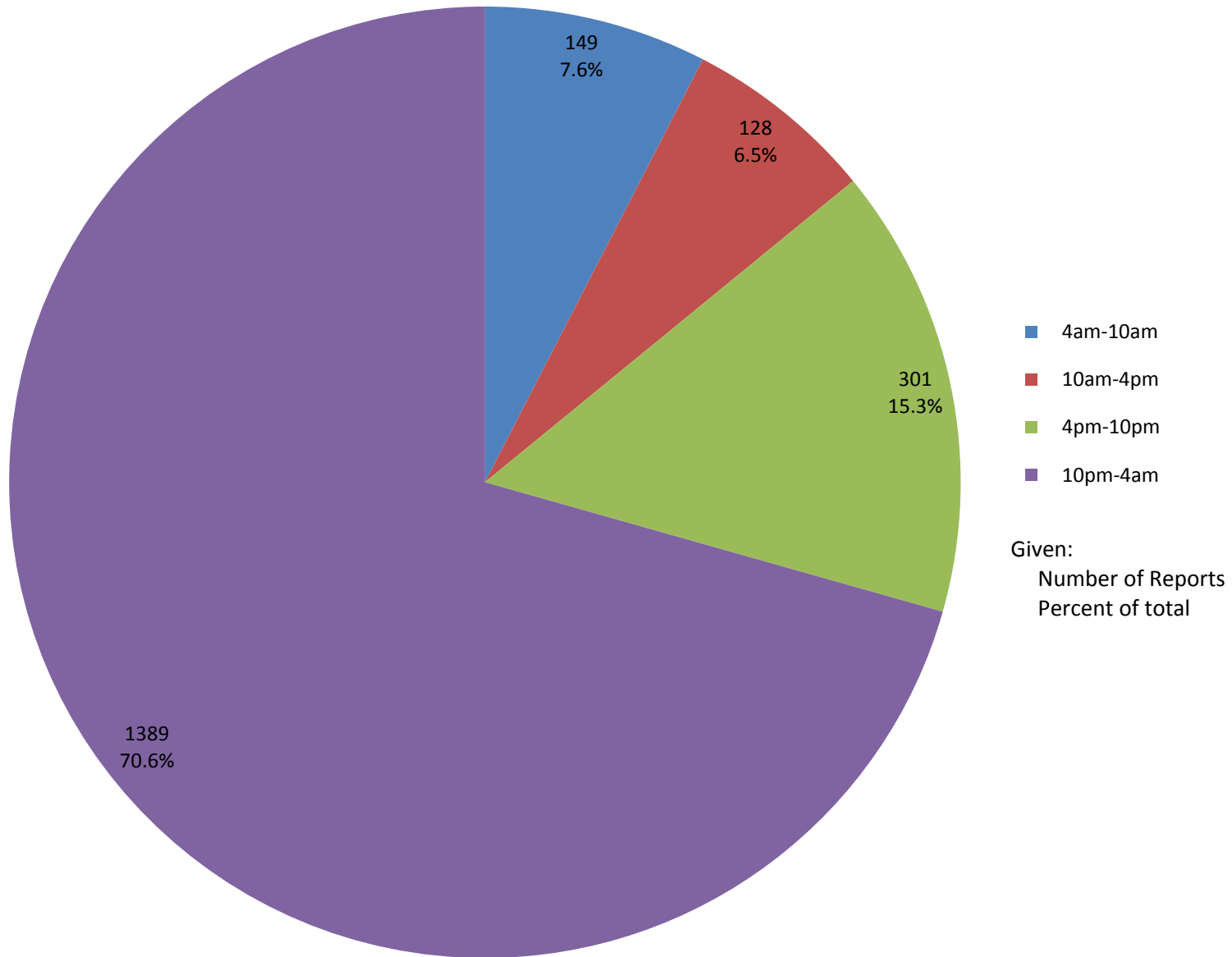
Arrest vs. Cite/Release



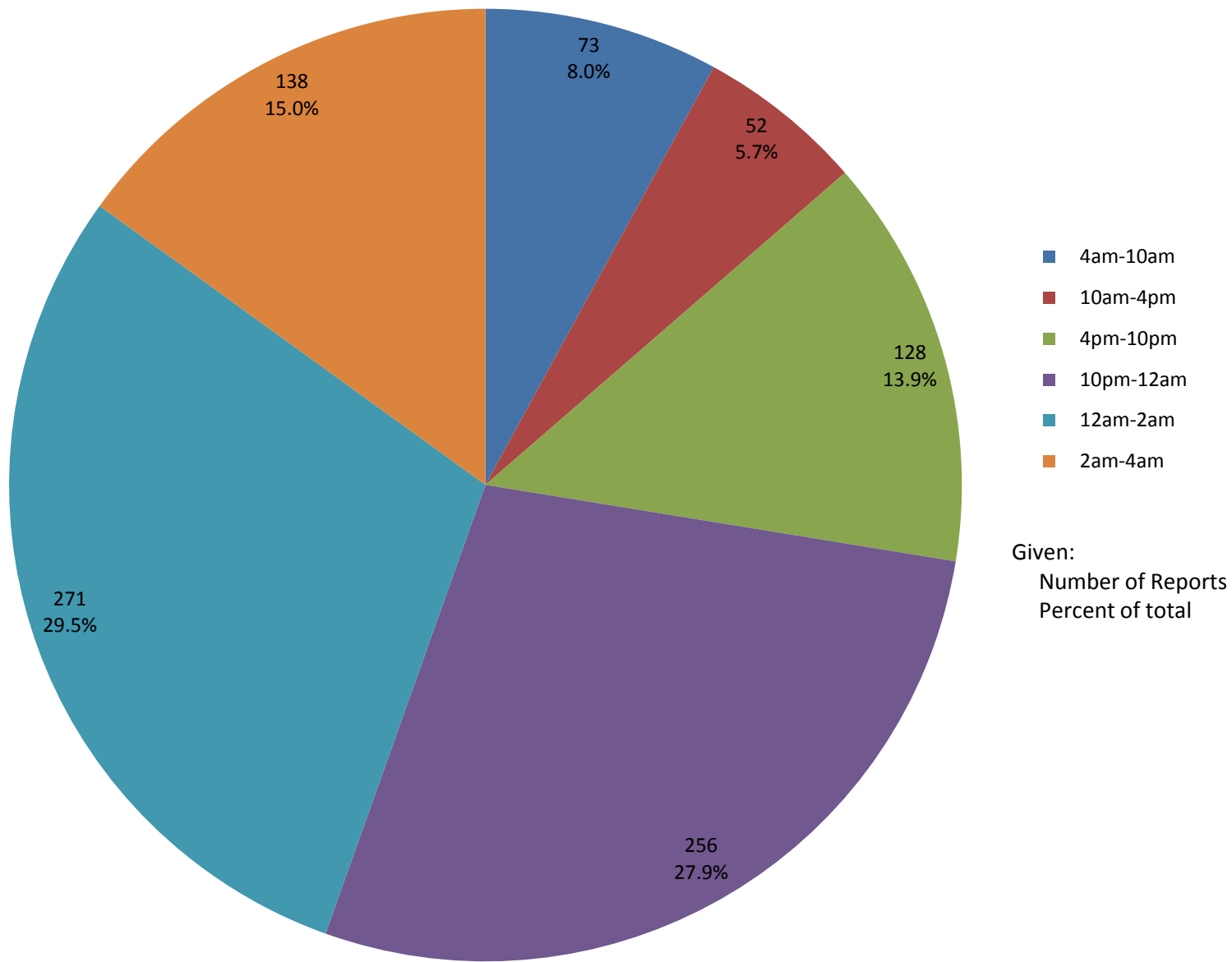
Total Reports, by Arrest and Cite/Release



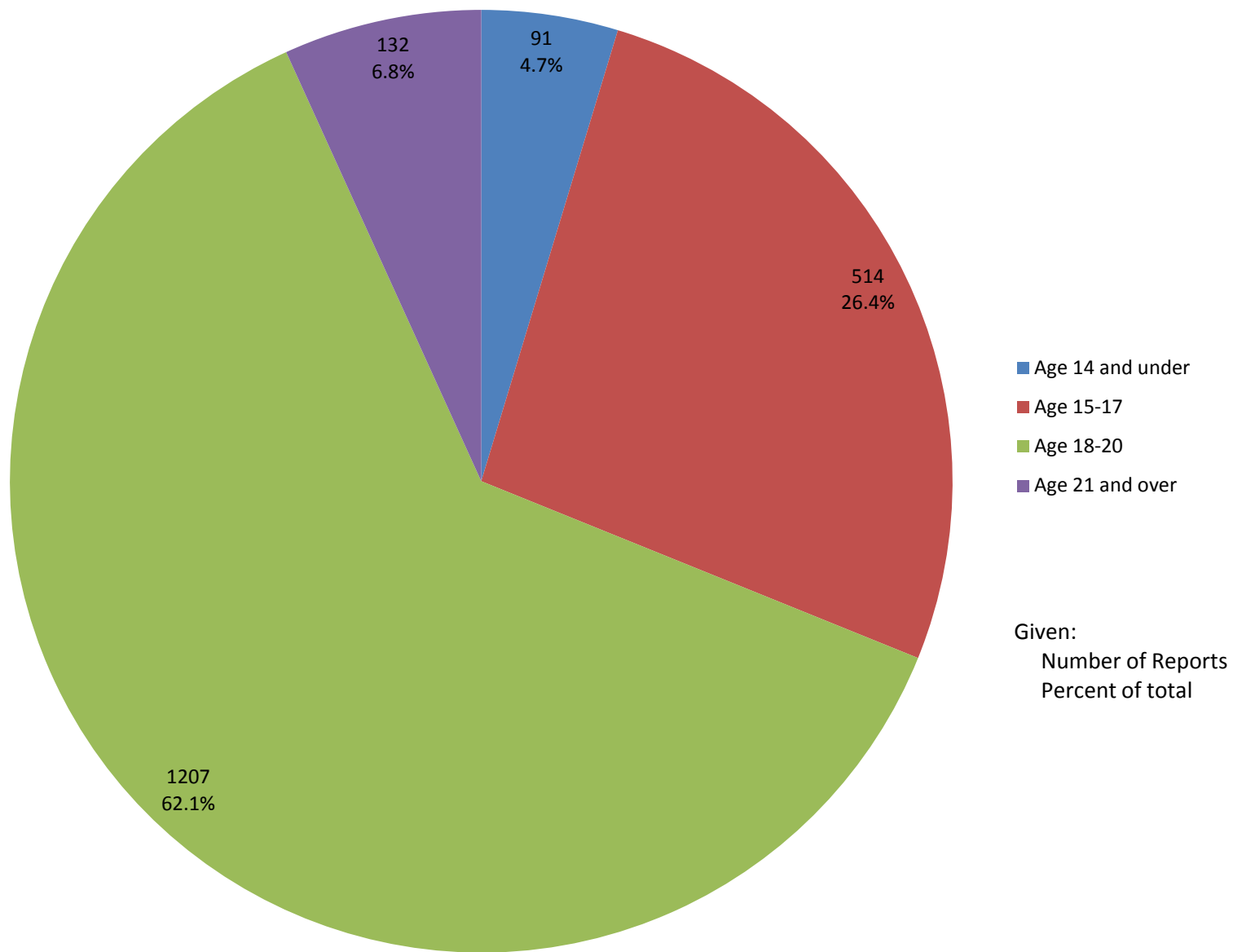
Time Distribution



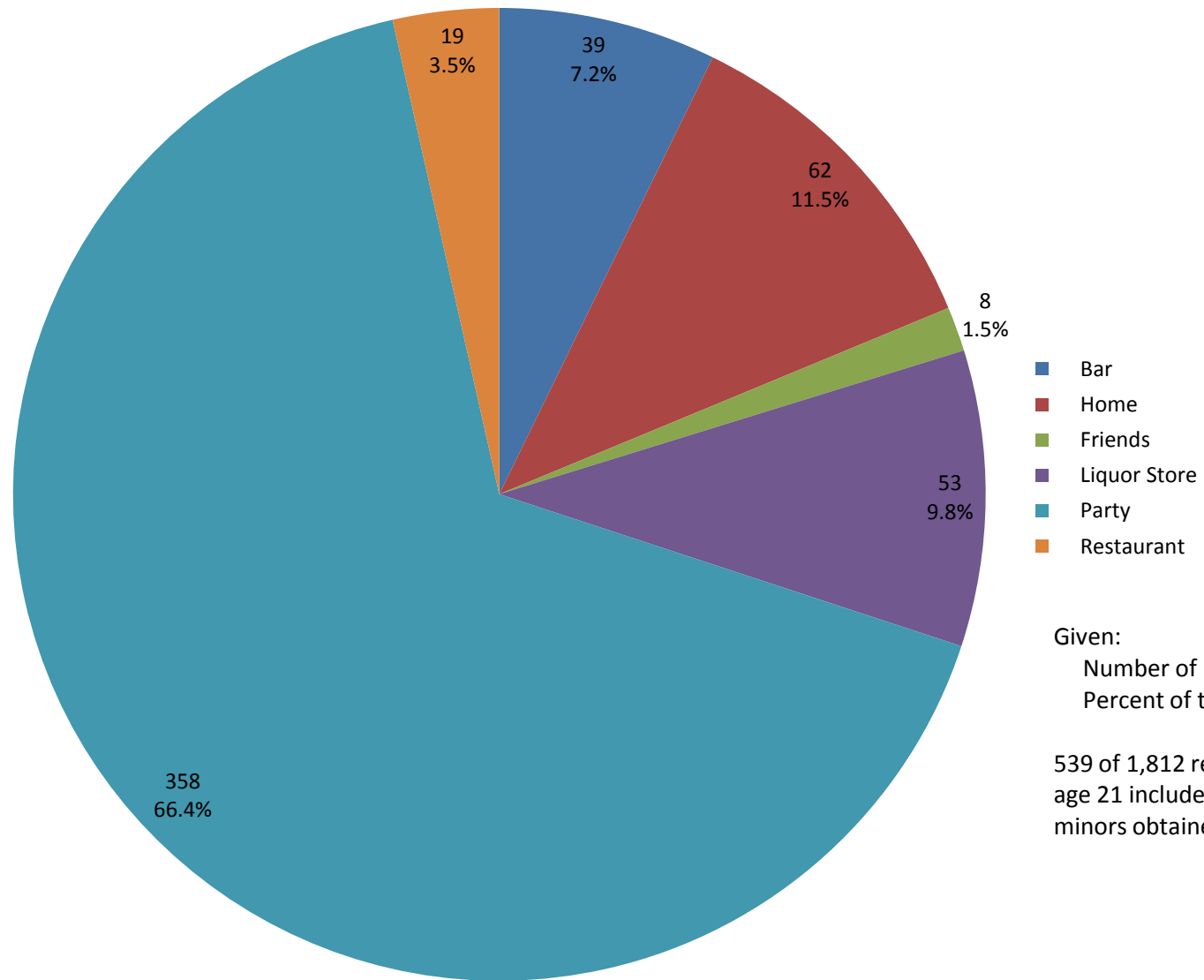
Time Distribution January-June 2009



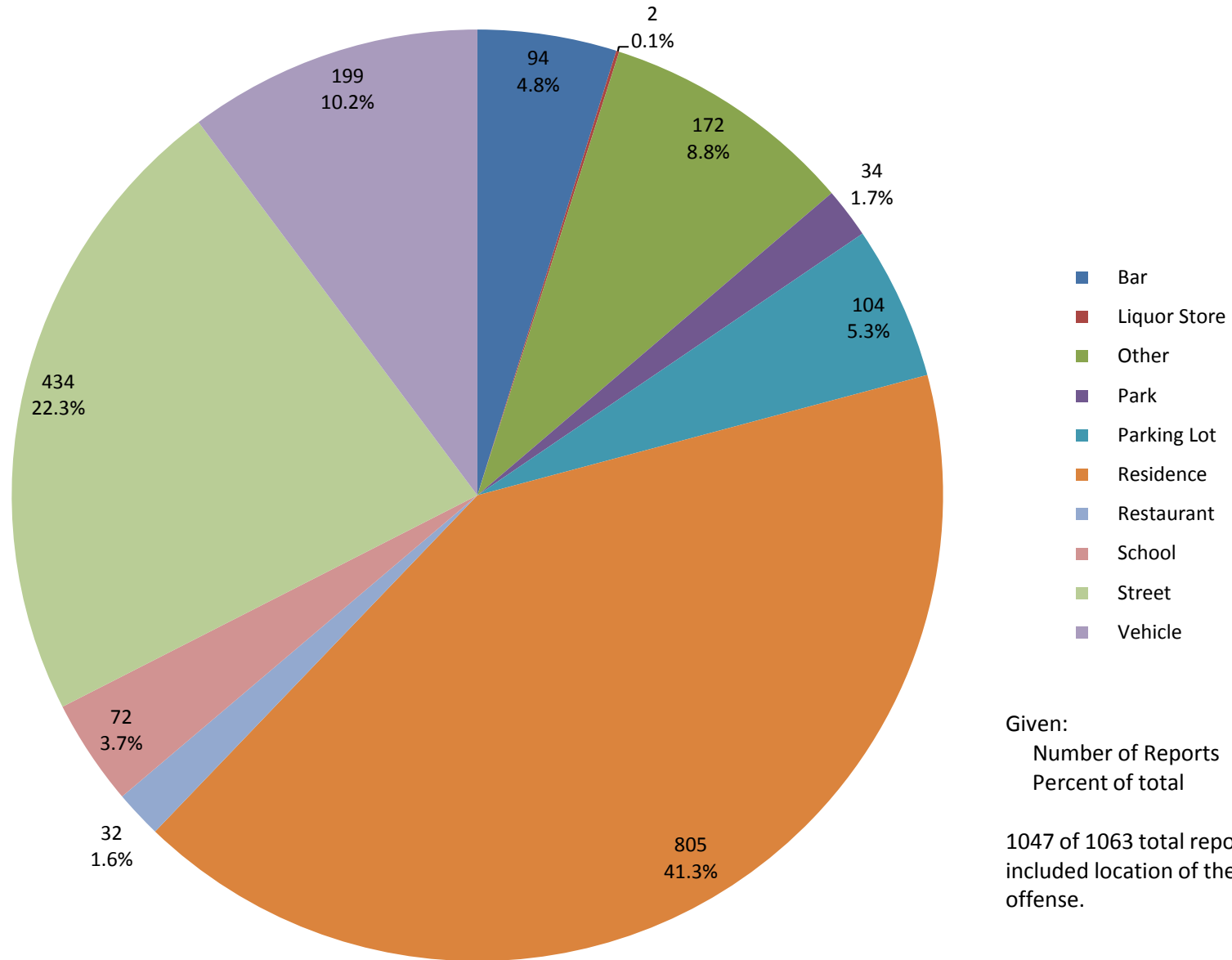
Age Distribution



Where Minors Obtained Alcohol



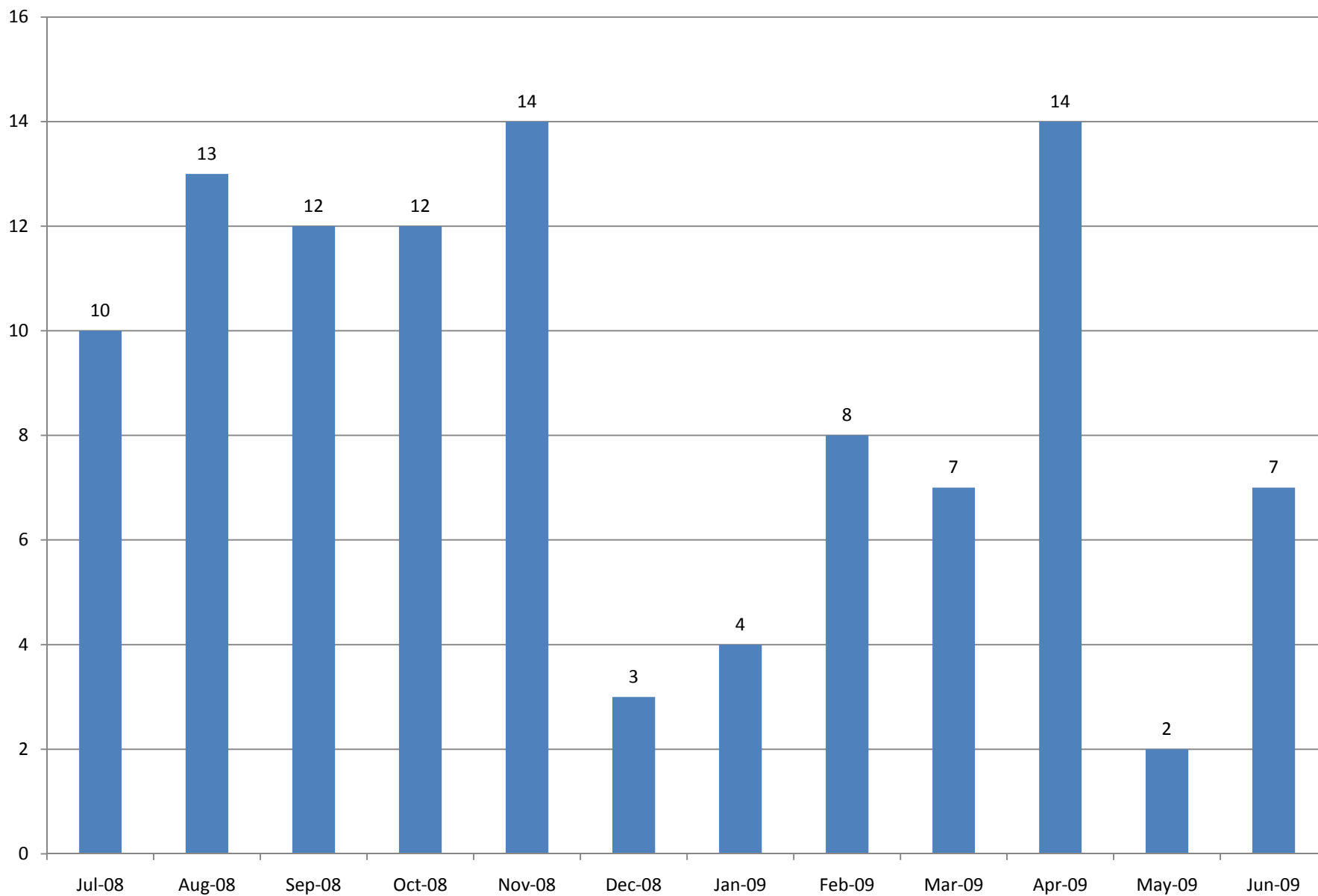
Location of Offense



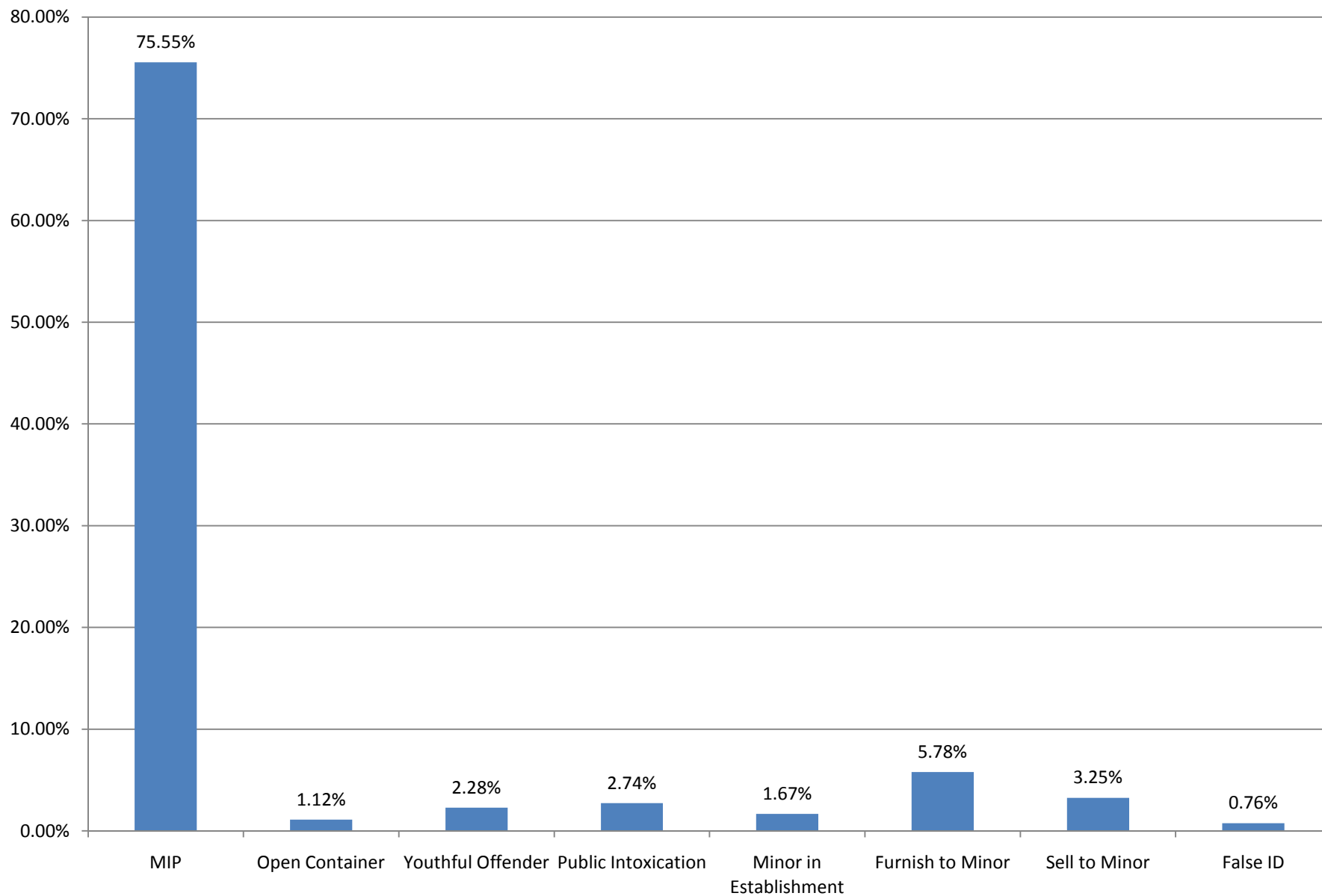
Given:
 Number of Reports
 Percent of total

1047 of 1063 total reports included location of the offense.

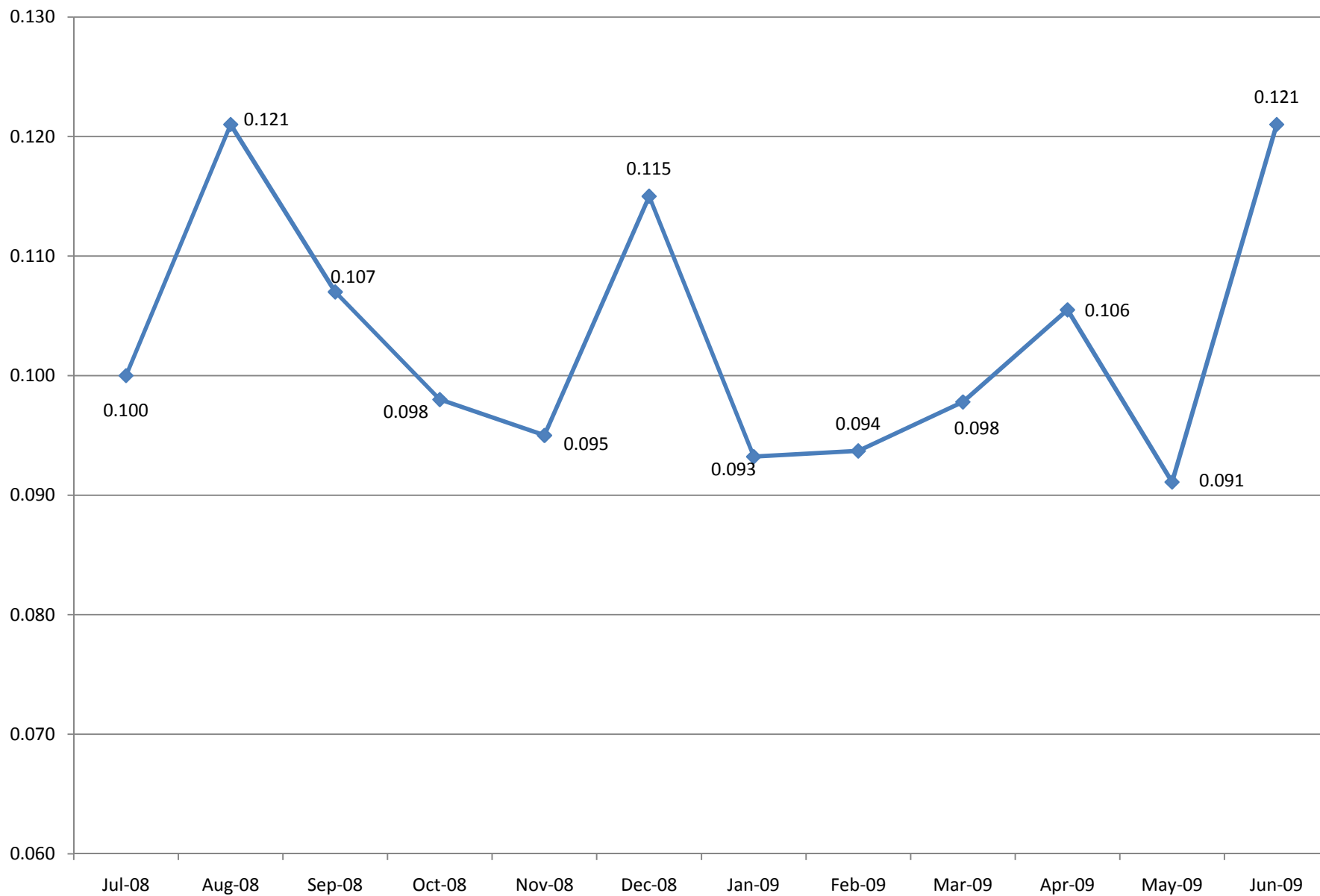
Underage DUI Reports by Month



Charges as a Percent of Total Reports



Average PBT BAC by Month



INDIVIDUAL COMMUNITY DATA

WY-CIA communities were required to conduct an assessment of their community at the outset of their involvement in this initiative. Specifically, they were required to construct a community profile and to provide a brief “state of the community” in regards to underage drinking issues and local law enforcement efforts. Their community profiles are included in this report, along with a breakdown of the data collected in each community.

CASPER



CASPER is located in the central portion of the state of Wyoming, and covers 25.69 square miles with a current projected population of 53,343. Casper is the County Seat of Natrona County and has 295 “center line” miles of roadway within the city boundaries. Casper is unique to Wyoming, as it is bordered by three other communities - Bar Nunn, Evansville and Mills. The population numbers of these three communities are not included in Casper’s estimated population total. Although the population numbers are not counted with Casper’s, they do have an effect on the city and its services. Natrona County’s population is currently estimated to be 70,401, it is also estimated that 85% of the

county’s population resides within 10 miles of the city of Casper.

Casper is also the hub for three cross-state roadways; I-25, Wyoming Highway 220 and U.S. Highway 20-26. Both I-25 and Wyoming Highway 20-26 are main routes for visitors traveling to Yellowstone or to Jackson Hole from locations to the east of Wyoming. The Burlington-Northern/Santa Fe railroad also traverses the city as it travels from Denver to Billings.

There are 36 elementary and secondary schools in Natrona County attended by 5,770 elementary students, and 5,916 secondary students. Post secondary education is offered by Casper College, a two year community college, which also offers

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several four year degrees through an outreach program with the University of Wyoming, allowing students to remain in Casper and still obtain a four-year degree. Casper College currently has over 4,000 degree-seeking full or part time students.

Casper's primary industry is energy based. Most of the energy industries work force is predominately blue collar. There has been a recent boom in the area of wind energy which has contributed to an increase in the growth to the Casper area even with the decline in the oil industry.

In addition to energy industry impact on the community, Casper also experiences temporary population surges during weekends throughout the year due to various activities or events which occur almost weekly. These surges are the result of Casper being a hub of sporting, recreation, and entertainment events throughout the year. These events include, but are not limited to: the College National Finals Rodeo, performing arts, various sporting events to include two professional teams, high school athletics, concerts, professional associations, conferences, travel and tourism, and other various seminars. These temporary surges also increase the number of calls and/or alcohol violations which get reported to the Casper Police Department and surrounding agencies.

The Alcohol related issues are evident with the year end projected arrest for D.W.U.I at 600, and Public Intoxication arrests projected at 800. Casper continues to have a problem with underage drinking. According to the latest statistics, for the period 1 January 2008 to 1 January 2009,

289 juveniles were cited for illegal possession of alcohol. This compares to 312 cited for the same period in 2007, a very slight difference. Selling alcohol to minors has also increased, while furnishing to minors was observed to decrease.

Some of causes and contributing factors are the geographical isolation of Casper; acceptance by many adults of underage drinking, perceiving it as a "rite of passage;" perceived lack of "something to do;" lack of parental supervision; acceptance of teenage parties by parents and other adults. Other issues are the availability of alcohol at most community events such as concerts, rodeos, and even charity events where one can purchase tickets to "win" a wheel barrow full of "booze". The advertisements for these events and the impression given to minors are that you cannot have a good time without alcohol.

Alcohol issues remain a strong concern within the community. As a result of these concerns, the department has taken a very strong stance with bars/establishments where the majority of serious alcohol related issues have occurred. Casper had a very active prevention coalition which was responsible for the modification of the liquor ordinances which prohibits future drive-thru window for liquor stores, standardization of fines for municipal court sentences involving minors and alcohol, and more stringent consequences for establishments who furnish alcohol to minors (our grant funded compliance checks have resulted in very few violations).

This coalition was recently discontinued for various reasons, however, the Casper Police Department, The Mercer House and MADD,

Wyoming Communities in Action

are in the process of resurrecting that coalition which will again consist of local

community leaders, law enforcement and social service representatives.

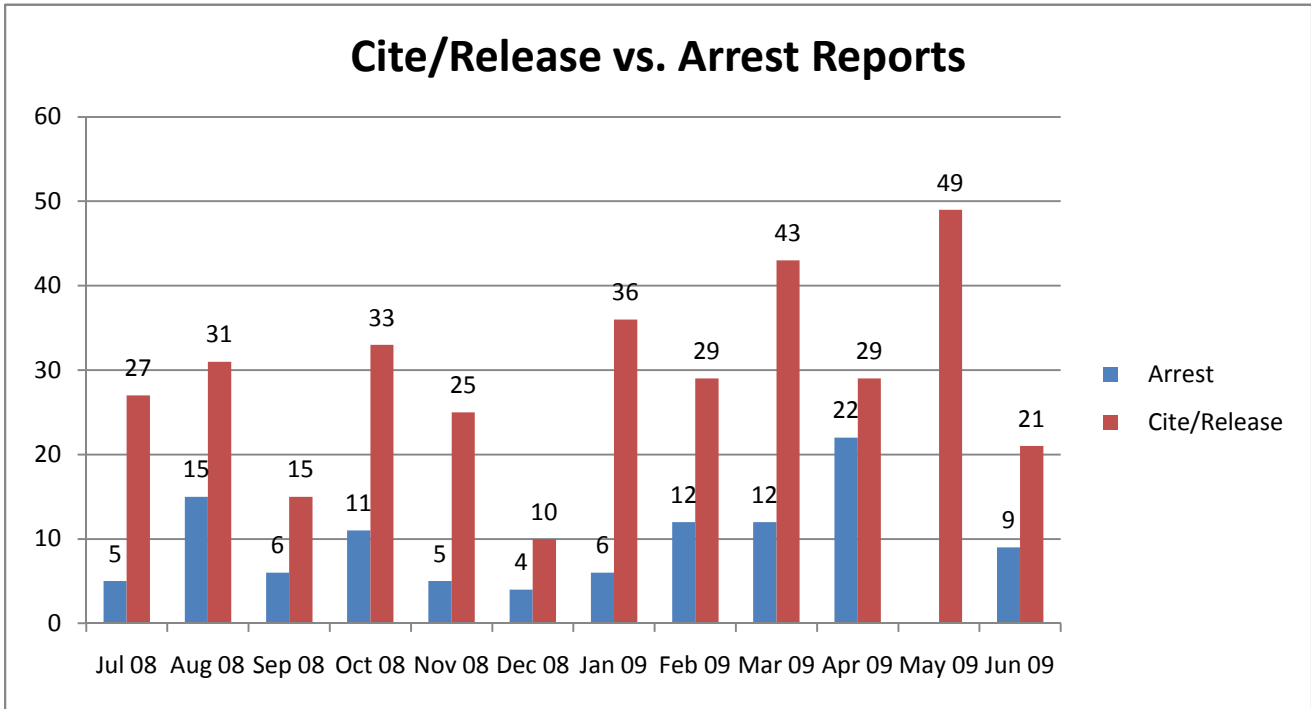
Casper

	Jul 2008	Aug 2008	Sep 2008	Oct 2008	Nov 2008	Dec 2008	Jan 2009	Feb 2009	Mar 2009	Apr 2009	May 2009	Jun 2009	TOTAL
Total Arrests	32	46	21	44	30	14	42	41	55	51	49	30	455
Arrest	5	15	6	11	5	4	6	12	12	22		9	107
Cite/Release	27	31	15	33	25	10	36	29	43	29	49	21	348
Time													
4am-10am	1	3					2	7		6	10	3	32
10am-4pm		2		1	1	2		5	2	3		1	17
4pm-10pm	2	3	3	7	6		8	3	5	1	4		42
10pm-4am/10pm-12am	29	38	18	36	23	12	7	12	28	17	23	4	247
12am-2am							17	8	16	5	5	12	63
2am-4am							8	6	4	19	7	10	54
Age and Gender													
Female 14 and under		3	1	4	1		1	3	1	1	1	2	18
Female 15-17	4	11	3	9	3	3	1	5	5	8	8	4	64
Female 18-20	2	9	5	6	5	2	10	10	9	9	10	4	81
Female over 21					2				3	1	3		9
Female no age													0
Male 14 and under		2		1	6		1	1		2	6	1	20
Male 15-17	15	5	3	8	7	5	6	8	10	14	10	8	99
Male 18-20	11	15	8	15	5	4	23	14	24	13	9	11	152
Male over 21		1	1	1	1				3	3	2		12
Male no age													0
MIP	32	41	18	39	24	14	40	33	48	39	43	27	398
DUI	2	3	4	4	4	1	7	3	6	1	3	3	34
Open Container		2			1		4						7
Youthful Offender			1										1
Public Intoxication	1	2		1	2		2	1	1	3	1		14
Minor in Establishment													0
Furnish to Minor		1	1	1	3			2	5	4	6		23
Sell to Minor									4		6		10
False ID										1		1	2
BAC													
PBT	0.086	0.087	0.108	0.078	0.086	0.104	0.086	0.077	0.089	0.088	0.074	0.113	0.09
Intoximeter													0
Refused													0
Accident Related													0
Location of Offense													
Bar				1	1				4	2	5	1	14
Liquor Store			1										1
Other	2	3		1	5	5	1	1	4	3		2	27
Park	2	1	1	5			1				3		13
Parking Lot		1						1	5	1			8
Residence	18	18	9	20	7	5	17	14	22	17	15	4	166
Restaurant					1						2		3
School		1	2	3			8	10	1	6	9		40
Street	10	21	7	13	13	4	12	7	11	16	15	19	148
Vehicle							3	8	8	6		4	29
Where Minor Obt. Alc.													
Bar													0
Home													0
Friends													0
Liquor Store													0
Party													0
Restaurant													0
Other Crimes Charged													
Access. After the Fact													0
Assault									1				1
Attempt to Purchase													0
Burglary													0
Careless Driving									1				1
Conceal Deadly Weapon								1					1
Curfew				4		2	1	2		1	2	3	15
Disorderly Conduct	2									1			3
Disturbing Peace									2	2			4
Driving Single Lane	1												1
DUS		1							1				2
Eluding													0
False Information			1										1
Fighting		1											1
Inhale Substance													0
Interference	1	3				4		2	2	4	1	5	22
Intoxication				1	1								2
Lane Violation													0
Leave Scene Accident		1	1	1	1					2		1	7
Littering		1					2						3
No DL					1		1	1	1				4
No Insurance		2		2			2	1		1			8
Poss. Cont. Subst.								1		1			2
Poss. Of Marijuana						1					1		2
Poss. of Tobacco								1	2				3
Property Destruction		2								1			3
Refusal to Leave													0
Resisting		1											1
Shoplifting						1							1
Speeding							2						2
Traffic Offense								1					1
Trespassing													0
Underage in Bar													0
Unsafe Backing													0

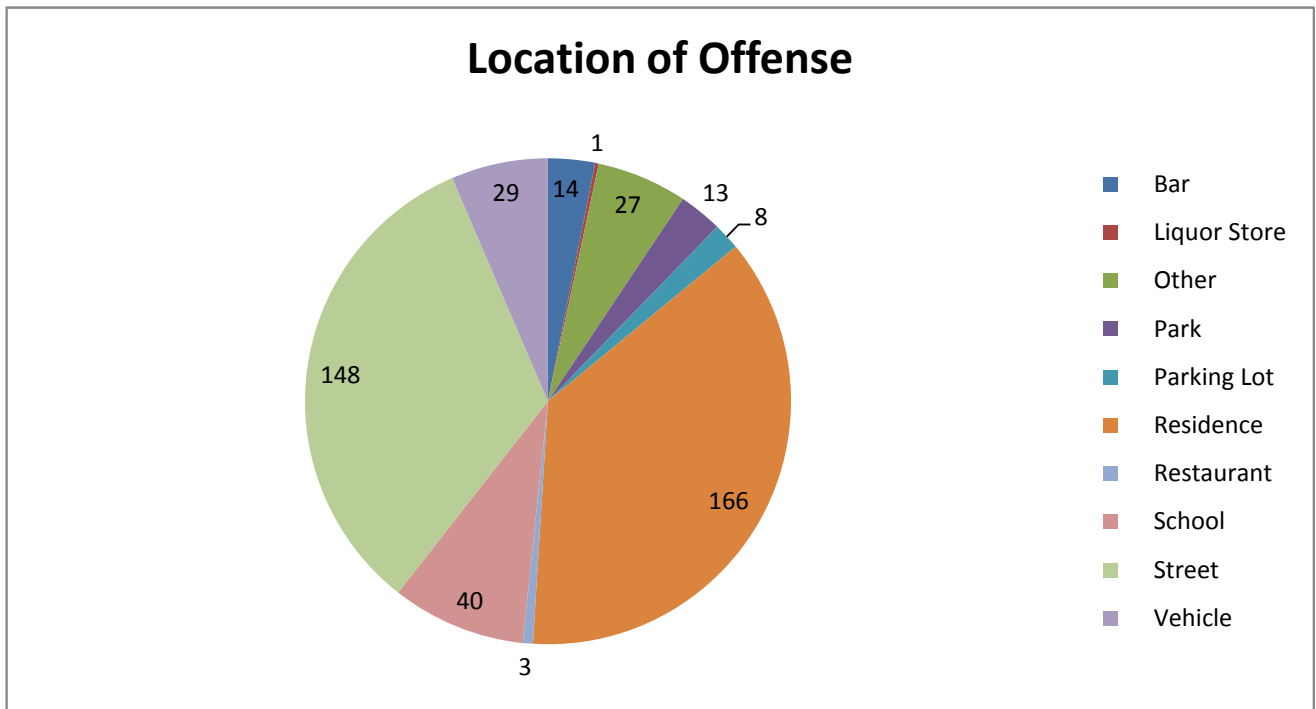
Casper

	Jan 2008	Feb 2008	Mar 2008	Apr 2008	May 2008	Jun 2008	TOTAL 2008
Total Arrests	37	30	20	56	73	56	272
Arrest	5	5	4	1	20	13	48
Cite/Release	32	25	16	55	53	43	224
Time							
4am-10am	2	1				8	11
10am-4pm	4		3		2		9
4pm-10pm	6	6	3	11	13	2	41
10pm-4am	25	23	14	45	58	46	211
Age and Gender							
Female 14 and under	6			1		2	9
Female 15-17	2	3	1	4	11	13	34
Female 18-20	4	4	2	15	18	9	52
Female over 21	1	2	2	5	2		12
Female no age					1		1
Male 14 and under		2	1	1		4	9
Male 15-17	9	4	5	9	18	14	59
Male 18-20	12	15	8	21	19	11	86
Male over 21	3		1		3	3	10
Male no age							0
MIP	33	20	16	50	61	50	230
DUI	2	3	1		5	6	17
Open Container							0
Youthful Offender		1					1
Public Intoxication			1			3	4
Minor in Establishment							0
Furnish to Minor	4	6	3	6	7	4	30
Sell to Minor							0
False ID			1			1	2
BAC							
PBT	0.088	0.091	0.095	0.063	0.104	0.070	0.088
Intoximeter							
Refused	1		1				2
Accident Related							0
Location of Offense							
Bar			1		1	2	4
Liquor Store							0
Other	3	4	3	37	16	4	67
Park			1	1		2	4
Parking Lot	1			1	1	8	11
Residence	16	12	4	9	32	14	87
Restaurant			1		1		2
School	4		2	3	1		10
Street	8	5	4		11	17	45
Vehicle	1	3	1	1	5	6	17
Where Minor Obt. Alc.							
Bar							0
Home							0
Friends							0
Liquor Store							0
Party							0
Restaurant							0
Other Crimes Charged							
Access. After the Fact					1		1
Attempt to Purchase			1				1
Burglary			1				1
Curfew						1	1
Disorderly Conduct				1	1		2
Disturbing Peace	2						2
Driving Single Lane							0
DUS						1	1
Eluding	1						1
False Information							0
Fighting							0
Inhale Substance						1	1
Interference			1			1	2
Intoxication							0
Lane Violation						1	1
Leave Scene Accident							0
Littering							0
No DL	1				1		2
No Insurance		1			1	1	3
Poss. Cont. Subst.					1		1
Poss. Of Marijuana							0
Property Destruction					1		1
Refusal to Leave					1		1
Resisting							0
Shoplifting							0
Traffic Offense			1				1
Trespassing						1	1
Underage in Bar						2	2
Unsafe Backing					1		1

Casper



No data reported for Where Minors Obtained Alcohol



Wyoming Communities in Action

DOUGLAS



DOUGLAS is the county seat of Converse County, and is located at the intersection of Interstate 25 and Highway 59. The population base of Douglas has been steadily climbing due to mining and oil and gas exploration, which makes census figures unreliable; however, the current population estimate is approximately 6,000 persons, who live within the 8.1 square miles of City of Douglas jurisdiction. The City of Douglas hosts the State Fair annually and has a race track where NHRA drag races are conducted during the summer months.

There are four (4) schools that provide educational opportunities to the children of Douglas and the surrounding area, and one satellite campus for Eastern Wyoming College that provides secondary education. The combined student population for the

district this school year is 2021 youth. The Douglas school district has a “Prevention Coordinator” whose office is located in the high school. This person is instrumental in coordinating prevention programs that were initiated through state SIG funding and other resources. This person is also currently working with the local Prevention Resources Board and participating in the Converse County Strategic Prevention framework State Incentive Grant needs assessment.

This assessment has identified alcohol use as the most prevalent substance abuse problem for the youth of Douglas. The assessment determined that a large percentage of pre-high school children admit to having consumed alcohol, while the majority of high school students reported that they have consumed alcohol. Most troubling is the number of students who report binge drinking and/or drinking on a regular basis. Our experience over the past several years has indicated that this is true, as we have dealt with the consequences.

We recognize in many cases that alcohol has played a role in assaults, fights and family violence incidents involving youth. We believe that many incidents of vandalism and property damage that occur in our community are also related to underage drinking activities. We also see many of the same youth over and over again when issuing underage alcohol possession citations.

The prevention needs assessment identified “social norms” as the most prevalent factor in our underage drinking problem, with “ready availability” the impetus for the

Wyoming Communities in Action

problem. While our young people are bombarded with advertising that paints alcohol consumption in a positive light, they are also influenced by adults who are not good role models when it comes to alcohol use.

Discussion of local alcohol use identified that most community events have alcohol consumption as a component, including the Wyoming State Fair, where a “beer garden” provides alcohol on the grounds.

When surveyed, youth continue to report that alcohol is readily available and, if not explicitly involved in providing alcohol, adults within the community implicitly condone their use of alcohol. Peer pressure to participate in the alcohol culture is also an obvious contributing factor in the wide spread use of alcohol amongst our youth. Although awareness is increasing and attitudes have changed, there is still a segment of our community who believe that alcohol use by teens is a “rite of passage” and that they can provide alcohol to youth in a “safe” environment and avoid the serious consequences that otherwise occur.

The Douglas Police Department has joined with Converse County School District #1 and other community service organizations to raise community awareness of the underage drinking problem and the consequences to our youth. The Douglas Police Department, with the assistance of grant funding, has conducted Alcohol Compliance Checks with local retail liquor outlets. The results of the initial checks (almost half of the establishments sold to underage participants) were made available to our

community and brought to the attention of our City Council members. Subsequent Compliance Checks found a sharp decrease in the number of sales to underage participants.

The Douglas Police Department, again with the assistance of grant funding, has initiated “party patrols”. Officers have been scheduled for extra watches to patrol for underage drinking activity during times when this activity is most likely to occur - after high school sports events, dances and during community events. In an effort to address the “community norm” of the annual “senior kegger” that traditionally took place on graduation night (as well other parties that were often sponsored or condoned by parents), community groups have worked together to sponsor and promote an alternative “senior send-off” party that has been very successful in attracting our graduating seniors and reducing or eliminating attendance at the annual senior kegger and other parties.

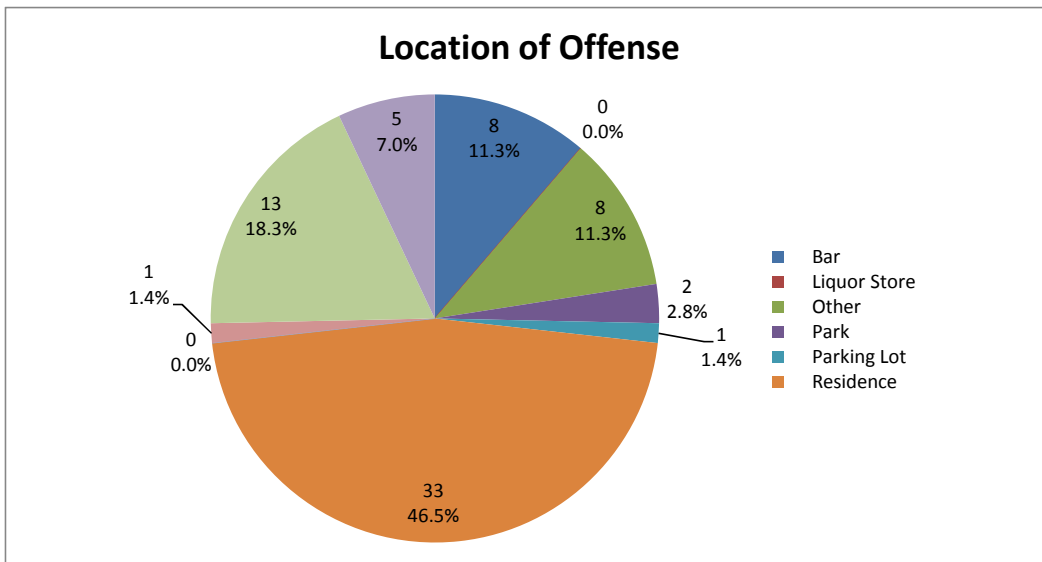
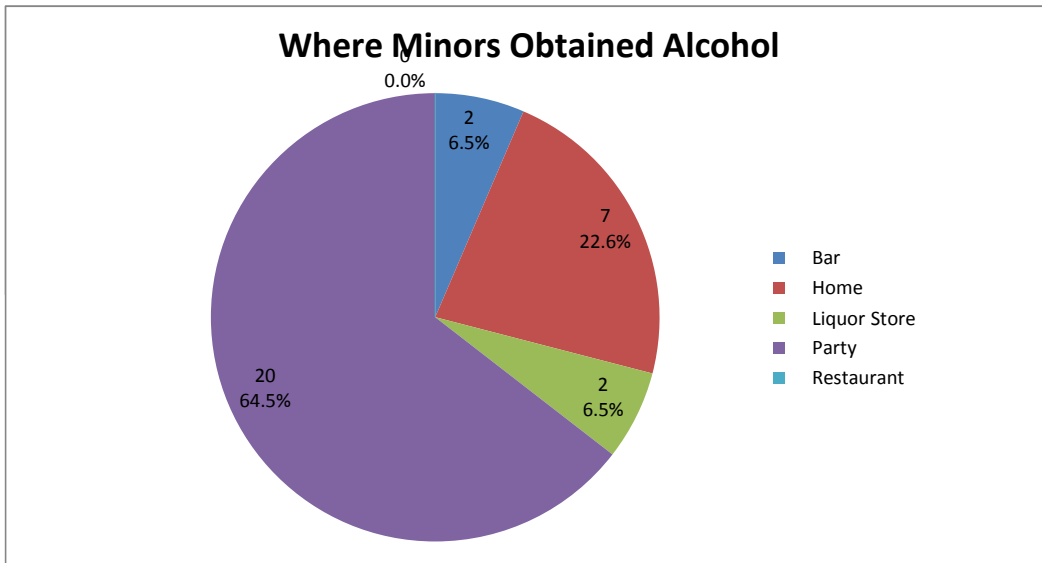
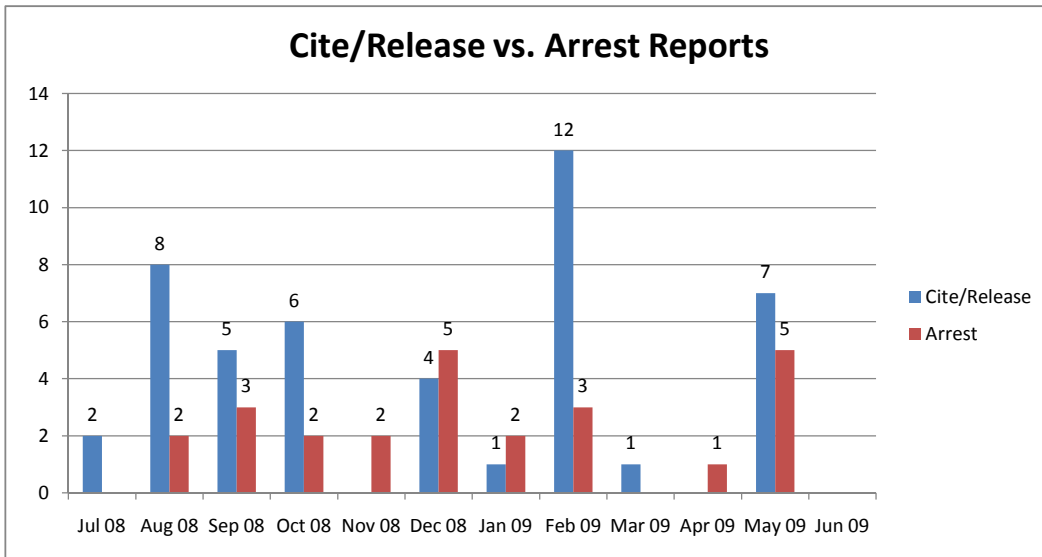
The Douglas Police Department has a zero tolerance policy toward underage drinking and we diligently pursue avenues to prevent youth access to alcohol. The department employs School Resource Officers that not only provide the DARE program, but have initiated various other programs in the community such as the Summer Youth Program, Youth Police Academy, Youth Skateboard Tournament. The department also participates in Wyoming’s Camp P.O.S.T.C.A.R.D. All are designed to promote positive life skills, including substance abuse prevention.

Douglas

	Jul 2008	Aug 2008	Sep 2008	Oct 2008	Nov 2008	Dec 2008	Jan 2009	Feb 2009	Mar 2009	Apr 2009	May 2009	Jun 2009	TOTAL
Total Arrests	2	10	8	8	2	9	3	15	1	1	12	0	71
Arrest		2	3	2	2	5	1	12	1		7		35
Cite/Release	2	8	5	6		4	2	3		1	5		36
Time													
4am-10am			6										6
10am-4pm				1									1
4pm-10pm		3		3		4	1	2		1	6		20
10pm-4am/10pm-12am	2	7	1	4	2	5		1			2		24
12am-2am							2		1		2		5
2am-4am								12			2		14
Age and Gender													
Female 14 and under				1									1
Female 15-17				1			1	1			1		4
Female 18-20		2	4	2	2	3		1					14
Female over 21	1		1					1			2		5
Female no age													0
Male 14 and under													0
Male 15-17			1	2		3	1		1	1	1		10
Male 18-20	1	6	1	1		2	1	6			5		23
Male over 21		2	1	1		1		6			3		14
Male no age													0
MIP		8	5	4	2	7	2	8	1	1	7		45
Illegal Possess.							1	1					2
Illeg. Poss. by Cons.							1	7	1				9
DUI				1		1							2
Open Container													0
Youthful Offender													0
Public Intoxication									1				1
Minor in Establishment	1			2									3
Furnish to Minor	1	2	3	1		1	1	7			3		19
Sell to Minor											2		2
False ID													0
BAC													
PBT		0.085	0.119	0.088	0.095	0.126		0.097	0.154	0.196	0.067		0.114
Intoximeter				0.117									0.117
Refused		2		1			1	1			1		6
Accident Related													
Location of Offense													
Bar	2		1	2						1	2		8
Liquor Store													0
Other		3				1					4		8
Park											2		2
Parking Lot								1					1
Residence		6	7		2	4	1	13					33
Restaurant													0
School				1									1
Street		1		5		4			1		2		13
Vehicle							2	1			2		5
Where Minor Obt. Alc.													
Bar			1							1			2
Home				1		4	2						7
Liquor Store		2											2
Party		7	7					6					20
Restaurant													0
Other Crimes Charged													
Assault			2				1			1			4
Battery			2				1			1			4
Breach of Peace								1					1
Child Endangerment						1							1
Criminal Entry		1											1
DUS				1									1
Expired Registration							1						1
Interference		1				1							2
No DL											1		1
Pedestrian Under Influence									1		1		2
Poss. Cont. Subst.		1				3					1		5
Property Destruction		1											1
Seatbelt				1									1

Douglas

	Jan 2008	Feb 2008	Mar 2008	Apr 2008	May 2008	Jun 2008	TOTAL 2008
Total Arrests	6	11	3	2	9	8	39
Arrest	1	6	1	1	3	2	14
Cite/Release	5	5	2	1	6	6	25
Time							
4am-10am	5						5
10am-4pm							0
4pm-10pm	1	6			4		11
10pm-4am		5	3	2	5	8	23
Age and Gender							
Female 14 and under							0
Female 15-17	2	4			1		7
Female 18-20			2		1	3	6
Female over 21			1				1
Female no age							0
Male 14 and under				1			1
Male 15-17		2			2	3	7
Male 18-20	4	3		1	2	2	12
Male over 21		2			3		5
Male no age							0
MIP	6	9	2	2	6	8	33
DUI							0
Open Container							0
Youthful Offender							0
Public Intoxication							0
Minor in Establishment							0
Furnish to Minor		3	1		3		7
Sell to Minor							0
False ID							0
BAC							
PBT	0.078	0.036		0.069	0.071	0.059	0.063
Intoximeter			0.220				0.220
Refused						2	2
Accident Related							0
Location of Offense							
Bar							0
Liquor Store							0
Other							0
Park							0
Parking Lot						3	3
Residence	6	11	3	1	6		27
Restaurant							0
School							0
Street				1	3	5	9
Vehicle							0
Where Minor Obt. Alc.							
Bar					2	1	3
Home	4			1	1		6
Liquor Store					2		2
Party		10	2		2		14
Restaurant							0
Other Crimes Charged							
Assault			1				1
Battery							0
Child Endangerment							0
Criminal Entry							0
DUS							0
Interference		1					1
Juvenile party report	6						6
Poss. Cont. Subst.							0
Property Destruction							0
Seatbelt							0
Warrant					1		1



Wyoming Communities in Action

EVANSTON



EVANSTON is located in the southwest corner of Wyoming and is located within Uinta County. It is a growing community and the surrounding areas are expanding as well. Between 1990 and 2000, Evanston was growing at a rate of 5.5 %. The estimated population of Evanston is around 12,000, while the county population reaches a population of approximately 20, 200. This makes Evanston the eighth largest city in Wyoming.

Evanston receives a large amount of traffic yearly due to Interstate 80 running through it. The city is located 80 miles east of Salt Lake City, Utah. In addition to I-80, the city is the stopping grounds to the majestic High Uinta Mountains located south on Highway 150 and beautiful Bear Lake directly north of Evanston on Highway 89. Evanston is host to

a wealth of participants for summer and winter activities.

Evanston has eight schools all together: Evanston High School, Evanston Alternative School, Davis Middle School, Evanston Middle School, North, Aspen, Clark and Uinta Meadows Elementary Schools. As of June 2008 the attendance for the schools are as follows: Evanston High School (808) Alternative (63) Davis Middle School (334) Evanston Middle School (319) North (395) Aspen (339) Clark (216) and Uinta Meadows (448), making the total attendance for Evanston Schools at 2,922. (Uinta County School District #1, June 1,2008) There are 33.4% under the age of 18, 9.4% from 18 to 24, and 30.1% from 25 to 44. For every 100

Wyoming Communities in Action

females there are 101.2 males and for every 100 females age 18 and over, there are 97.4 males. As of the census of 2000, the racial makeup is 92.9% white, 0.16% African American, 1.06% Native American, 0.40% Asian, 0.08% Pacific Islander, 4.15% from other races, 7.29% of the population are Hispanic or Latino.

Statistics comparing Uinta County with other counties in the State for heavy alcohol consumption in a two-week period indicate that:

- Wyoming average: 6.2% of 6th grade students, 15.2% of 8th grade students,
- 26.7%, of 10th grade students and 37.4% of 12th grade students.
- Uinta County: 3.3% of 6th grade students, 8.71% of 8th grade students, 12.8% of 10th grade students, 16.6% of 12th grade students. :

*Wyoming Dept. of Health
Substance Abuse Division,
September 2004

Evanston recognizes the same concerns and problems as any other community including underage drinking. We have been making great strides to combat this issue. The Evanston Police Department started

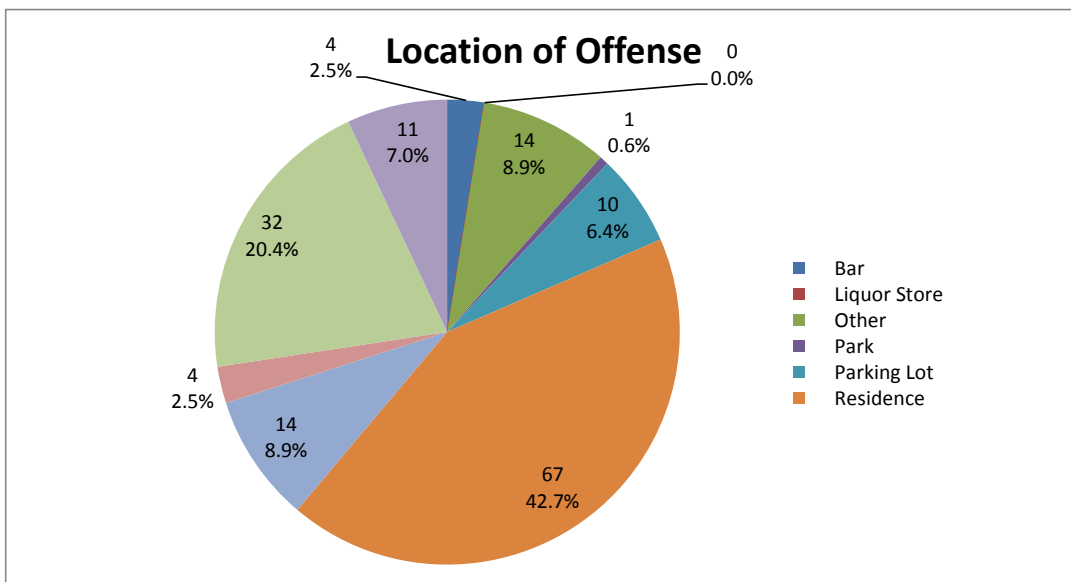
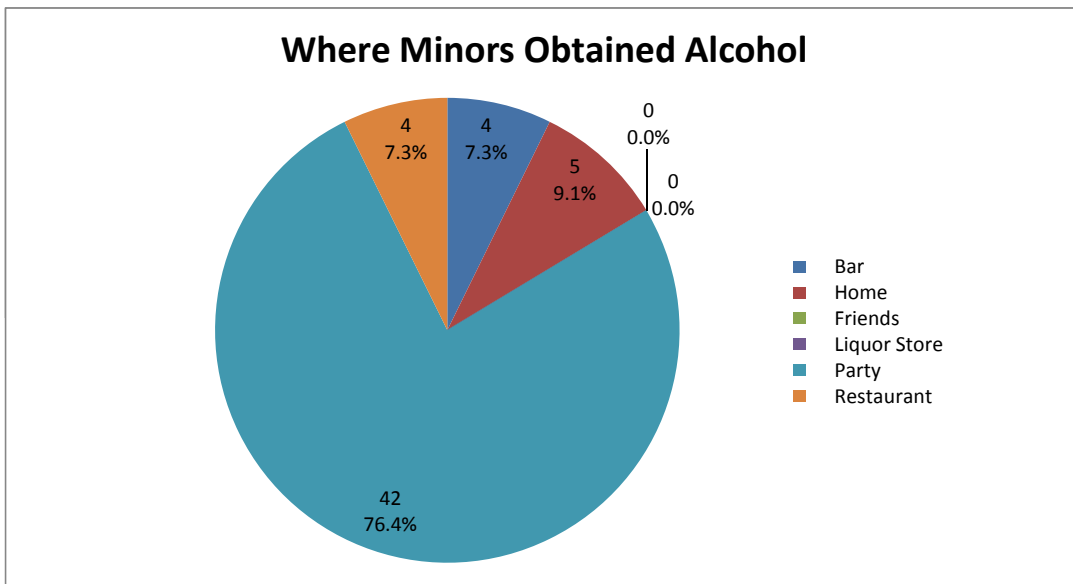
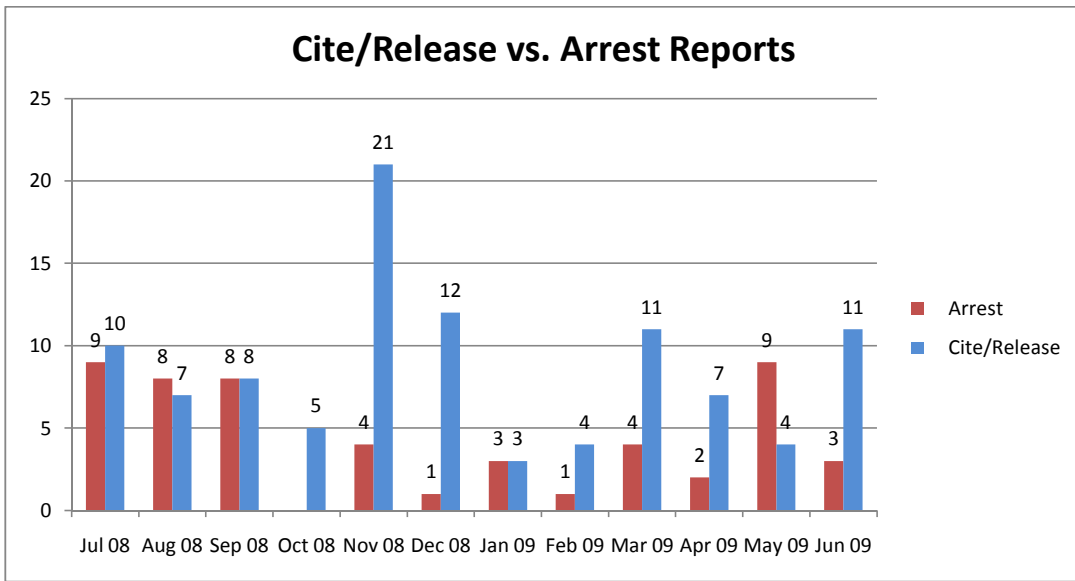
compliance checks before grants were even available. The community as well has addressed underage drinking and has a Youth Drug Court Program, a Juvenile Diversion Program, and (YOU) Youth Opportunities Unlimited. Those programs implement education, prevention and intervention by using the youth best practice list issued by OJJDP.

Uinta County School District #1 randomly tests any student who is involved in any activity now. Prevention Framework has proven to be a valuable asset not only to the school district but also the department as well. They have provided many valuable tools to help combat underage drinking, portable breath machines for every officer, Passive Alcohol Sensors and button cameras for compliance checks. Prevention Framework and students of the Evanston High School tackled a serious concern, drive up liquor store windows. They were able to present their concerns to city council that ultimately resulted in an ordinance prohibiting them. Prevention Framework has also implemented AMP (Aspiring Attitudes Mission Possible) within the high school.

We also recognize that law enforcement, intervention programs and the court systems will have to continue to improve as different issues evolve. We, the community of Evanston have made a commitment to improve and continue to address the issues that arise with our local youth.

Evanston

	Jul 2008	Aug 2008	Sep 2008	Oct 2008	Nov 2008	Dec 2008	Jan 2009	Feb 2009	Mar 2009	Apr 2009	May 2009	Jun 2009	TOTAL
Total Arrests	19	15	16	5	25	13	6	5	15	9	13	14	155
Arrest	9	8	8		4	1	3	1	4	2	9	3	52
Cite/Release	10	7	8	5	21	12	3	4	11	7	4	11	103
Time													
4am-10am		10	3				1	2	1	2			19
10am-4pm		1										1	2
4pm-10pm	3	1		2	7	4	1		4	2	1		25
10pm-4am/10pm-12am	16	3	13	3	18	9		3			12	13	90
12am-2am							4		9	5			18
2am-4am									1				1
Age and Gender													
Female 14 and under	1		2		1			2		2			8
Female 15-17	3	2			3	2	1		3	2	3	4	23
Female 18-20	2	2	4	1	2	3	2	1			3	3	23
Female over 21					3				2	1		1	7
Female no age													0
Male 14 and under					2	4	1	1					8
Male 15-17	1	4	2	3	6		1	1	2	2	2	3	27
Male 18-20	12	7	8	1	6	2	1		6	2	5	3	53
Male over 21					2	2			2				6
Male no age													0
MIP	19	14	16	5	17	8	6	4	11	7	13	12	132
DUI	2	1			1								4
Open Container													0
Youthful Offender													0
Public Intoxication				2									2
Minor in Establishment													0
Furnish to Minor	1		2		2	1		1		1		2	10
Sell to Minor					6	4			4				14
False ID				1							1		2
BAC													
PBT	0.138	0.082	0.088	0.107	0.080	0.072	0.106	0.133	0.062	0.082	0.076	0.049	0.090
Intoximeter	0.159												0.159
Refused	1	3	2		2								8
Accident Related													0
Location of Offense													
Bar	1				1				1		1		4
Liquor Store													0
Other	7	2									1	4	14
Park												1	1
Parking Lot		1										9	10
Residence	6	6	16		11	4		3	6	7	8		67
Restaurant	1				5	4			4				14
School				2			1				1		4
Street	4	4		3	3	5	4	1	4	2	2		32
Vehicle		2			5		3	1					11
Where Minor Obt. Alc.													
Bar	3										1		4
Home									1		1	3	5
Friends													0
Liquor Store													0
Party	3		15						5		8	11	42
Restaurant						4							4
Other Crimes Charged													
Assault			1							1			2
Battery		1											1
Burglary									2				2
Careless Driving		1											1
Curfew		2		2			1		2	1			8
Disorderly Conduct								1					1
Hit & Run	1												1
Interference	1		1	3									5
Poss. of Contr. Subst.											2		2
Poss. of Paraph.											1		1
Poss. Of Tobacco		1			2				1				4
Property Destruction			1										1
Providing House											1		1
Resisting				3									3
Traffic Offense					1								1
Use of Cont. Subst.					1								1



Wyoming Communities in Action

GILLETTE



Gillette is a rapidly growing community located in the northeast corner of Wyoming, in Campbell County, on Interstate 90. The city is 18.7 square miles in size. Gillette bills itself as the energy capital of the nation because of its strong energy economy. Thirty percent of the nation's coal is produced in Campbell County along with extensive oil and natural gas reserves and electrical power plants.

The "service" population of Gillette is approximately 37,000 to 42,000 with a significant portion being a contract work population. Gillette is experiencing a boom economy causing a large number of people to move in and out of the community. The workforce is mostly blue-collar with an estimated 50% being comprised of shift workers. As of June 2009, the county has a 4.8% unemployment rate, 1% lower than the state average. The median income is

\$57,724 compared to the national figure of \$43,318.

Campbell County's population is the youngest in the state with approximately 29% being under the age of eighteen compared to 25% statewide, and only 5% of the population comprised of those 65 and older compared to 12% statewide (2002 Census Data). Campbell County's population is also less diverse than the rest of the state. White persons comprise 93.4%, and our largest minority group is Hispanic at 4.2%.

There are 8 elementary schools, two junior high schools, one high school with two campuses, one alternative transitional high school, and a community college. There are approximately 7,500 school age students in the schools and an additional 1,500 minors between the ages of 18 and 20 with the vast

Wyoming Communities in Action

majority of them being a part of the workforce. In 2009 the Gillette College has expanded to include a 100 person residential hall and a large technology center.

Community opinion conveys that underage drinking is a significant issue but it is not considered a serious problem with eighteen to twenty year olds. However, 76% of all minor in possession citations were eighteen to twenty year olds.

Since 2005 Gillette has experienced a 23% population growth with a -1% decrease in

overall crime rate and a -5.1% decrease in violent crime. Our overall accident rate is down almost -8% with our injury accident rate down -29% during the same timeframe.

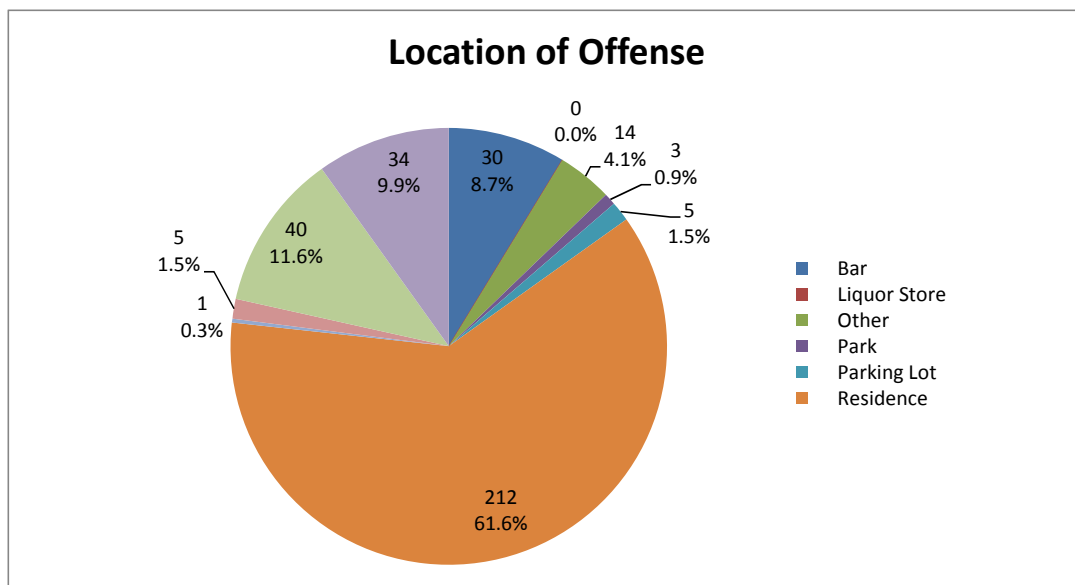
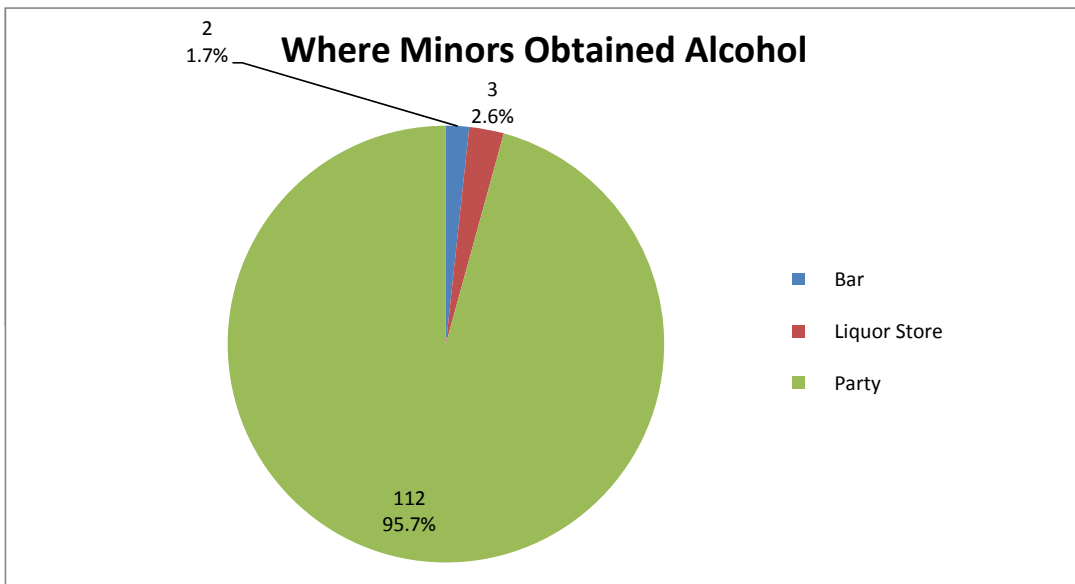
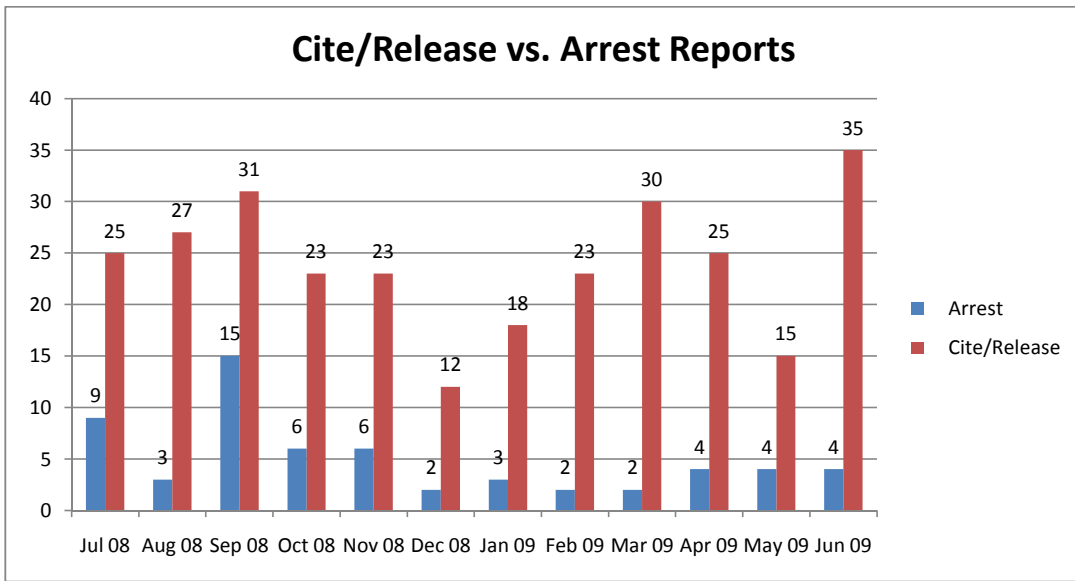
From 2007 to 2008 all crime is down -7% along with violent crime at -7.1%. Injury accidents (-2%) and driving under the influence (-16%) are both down. Developing a liquor licensing protocol, DUI enforcement with a media campaign and addressing alcohol issues with a problem oriented policing focus has significantly contributed to these decreases.

Gillette

	Jul 2008	Aug 2008	Sep 2008	Oct 2008	Nov 2008	Dec 2008	Jan 2009	Feb 2009	Mar 2009	Apr 2009	May 2009	Jun 2009	TOTAL
Total Arrests	34	30	46	29	29	14	21	25	32	29	19	39	347
Arrest	9	3	15	6	6	2	3	2	2	4	4	4	60
Cite/Release	25	27	31	23	23	12	18	23	30	25	15	35	287
Time													
4am-10am	3	3	2				2	1		2	1	3	17
10am-4pm	13	1	18	17	5	2	2	8				2	68
4pm-10pm	3	4	8	6	4	4	2	7	4	1	3	14	60
10pm-4am/10pm-12am	15	22	18	6	20	8	2	1	11	4	2	9	118
12am-2am							10	7	14	22	10	9	72
2am-4am							3	1	3		3	2	12
Age and Gender													
Female 14 and under	1		2			2							5
Female 15-17	2	4	3	4	1		6	2	3	3		2	30
Female 18-20	7	6	9	8	6	2	2	4	2	9	3	11	69
Female over 21	1		1							1	1		4
Female no age													0
Male 14 and under			1	2	1	1	1	2				1	9
Male 15-17	4	5	9	2	3		3	4	5	2	8	5	50
Male 18-20	16	14	19	12	16	9	9	12	21	12	7	19	166
Male over 21	3	1	2	1	2			1	1	2		1	14
Male no age													0
MIP	27	22	33	26	24	10	19	23	6				190
DUI	2	1	7	1	3					1		1	16
Open Container	1		3				1					1	6
Youthful Offender	1											1	2
Ill. Poss. By Cons.								1			1	1	3
Public Intoxication	2	1		2		1					18	33	57
Minor in Establishment		8	2		5	2		2	3			1	23
Furnish to Minor	4	2	6	1	2	1	1	2	2	4	1	3	29
Sell to Minor			2	1									3
False ID			2										
BAC													
PBT	0.090	0.163	0.098	0.098	0.106	0.095	0.071	0.086	0.084	0.072	0.101	0.072	0.095
Intoximeter	0.170	0.090	0.134							0.190			0.146
Refused	3	1		2	1				4	2		4	17
Accident Related												1	1
Location of Offense													
Bar		5	5	3	5	3	1	2	4	1		1	30
Liquor Store													0
Other	2		3	1	5	2		1					14
Park	1	2											3
Parking Lot			3		1						1		5
Residence	25	13	18	21	9	8	12	18	16	27	18	27	212
Restaurant			1										1
School			1	3			1						5
Street	6	8	7	1	8	1	5	3				1	40
Vehicle			8				2	1	12	1		10	34
Where Minor Obt. Alc.													
Bar									2				2
Home													0
Friends													0
Liquor Store									3				3
Party				18	5		9	3	17	24	11	25	112
Restaurant													0
Other Crimes Charged													0
Assault													0
Breach of Peace													0
Concealed Weapon													0
DUS													0
Interference													0
Leave Scene Accident													0
No DL													0
No Insurance													0
Poss. Of Marijuana													0
Poss. Of Narcotics													0
Poss. Of Tobacco													0
Probation Violation													0
Refusal to Leave													0
Shoplifting													0
Suspended DL													0
Speeding													0
Traffic Offense													0
Use of Marijuana													0

Gillette

	Jan 2008	Feb 2008	Mar 2008	Apr 2008	May 2008	Jun 2008	TOTAL 2008
Total Arrests	8	38	38	17	26	50	177
Arrest	1	9	10	2	8	9	39
Cite/Release	7	29	28	15	18	41	138
Time							
4am-10am	2	3	1			5	11
10am-4pm	2	4	6		6	11	29
4pm-10pm	1	9	3		5	1	19
10pm-4am	3	22	28	17	15	33	118
Age and Gender							
Female 14 and under						2	2
Female 15-17		6	3	3	1	3	16
Female 18-20	1	6	7	1	9	13	37
Female over 21			1				1
Female no age							0
Male 14 and under		1	1			1	3
Male 15-17	3	2	9	1	3	8	26
Male 18-20	4	21	14	10	13	18	80
Male over 21		2	3	2		5	12
Male no age							0
MIP	5	36	28	14	21	39	143
DUI	1	1	4		4	3	13
Open Container			2		1	2	5
Youthful Offender			1	1			2
Public Intoxication					1	1	2
Minor in Establishment	1		1		1	1	4
Furnish to Minor		3	5	6	1	8	23
Sell to Minor						1	1
False ID		1					1
BAC							
PBT	0.034	0.065	0.078	0.098	0.093	0.077	0.074
Intoximeter	0.019	0.099	0.154		0.113	0.117	0.100
Refused		1	4		1	5	11
Accident Related					2		2
Location of Offense							
Bar	2	1	3		2	3	11
Liquor Store							0
Other				2	1		3
Park							1
Parking Lot				1	5		6
Residence	3	31	23	13	12	36	118
Restaurant	1	1					2
School	1	1	2				4
Street	1	4	10	1	4	9	29
Vehicle							0
Where Minor Obt. Alc.							
Bar							0
Home							0
Friends							0
Liquor Store					1		1
Party					12		12
Restaurant							0
Other Crimes Charged							
Assault					1		1
Breach of Peace						1	1
Concealed Weapon			1				1
DUS						2	2
Interference		2	2		1	2	7
Leave Scene Accident						1	1
No DL					2		2
No Insurance					2		2
Poss. Of Marijuana		1	3	1	2	2	9
Poss. Of Narcotics	1						1
Poss. Of Tobacco						1	1
Probation Violation					1		1
Refusal to Leave			1				1
Shoplifting					1		1
Suspended DL		1					1
Speeding						1	1
Traffic Offense		2			2		4
Use of Marijuana						2	2
Warrant		2					2



Wyoming Communities in Action

JACKSON



The Town of **JACKSON** is the county seat and the only incorporated Municipality of Teton County and is located in the northwest corner of the state, with the National Elk Refuge and National Forests running adjacent to the town and in close proximity of Grand Teton and Yellowstone National Parks.

Teton County's population according to the latest census (2000) is approximately 18,251 with the town of Jackson's population at 8,647 (4,671 male and 3,976 females). The distribution by age: 18.06 % are 5-19 and 15.07% are 20-29 years of age. As of June 2008, Teton County School District has a student population of 2266 from kindergarten through 12th grade. There are 665 students in High School and 489 students in Middle School. This is the age population that we are focusing on in this study.

The Town of Jackson and Teton County's economy is primarily tourist based. Between summer activities of the National

Parks and whitewater rafting, fishing, and camping and the winter activities of skiing, snowboarding and snowmobiling, the tourists flock to our community throughout the entire year. Having this tourist based economy it is easy to see why there are reportedly over 100 alcohol sales and use establishments in the area. One of our issues is the accessibility to alcoholic beverages from so many outlets in the community.

The Jackson Police Department has a zero tolerance policy toward underage drinking and we diligently work at prevent youth access to alcohol. The Jackson Police Department has joined with Teton County School District #1 and other community service organizations to raise community awareness of underage drinking. The group Communities Mobilizing is a round table of professionals and concerned citizens who meet to discuss and address the issues of underage drinking in our community. We also engage in proactive education and

Wyoming Communities in Action

outreach efforts, such as talking to students and parents and participating in forums.

Our current prevention and enforcement activities include; alcohol compliance checks, shoulder tap enforcement stings, party patrols, bar checks and cops in shops. The department provides a School Resource officer to work directly with kids of all ages and actively participates in Camp P.O.S.T.C.A.R.D. S.L.A.M (Simulated Live Action Melodrama) has been a well received program in the high school, working with students, faculty and parents of potential underage drinkers.

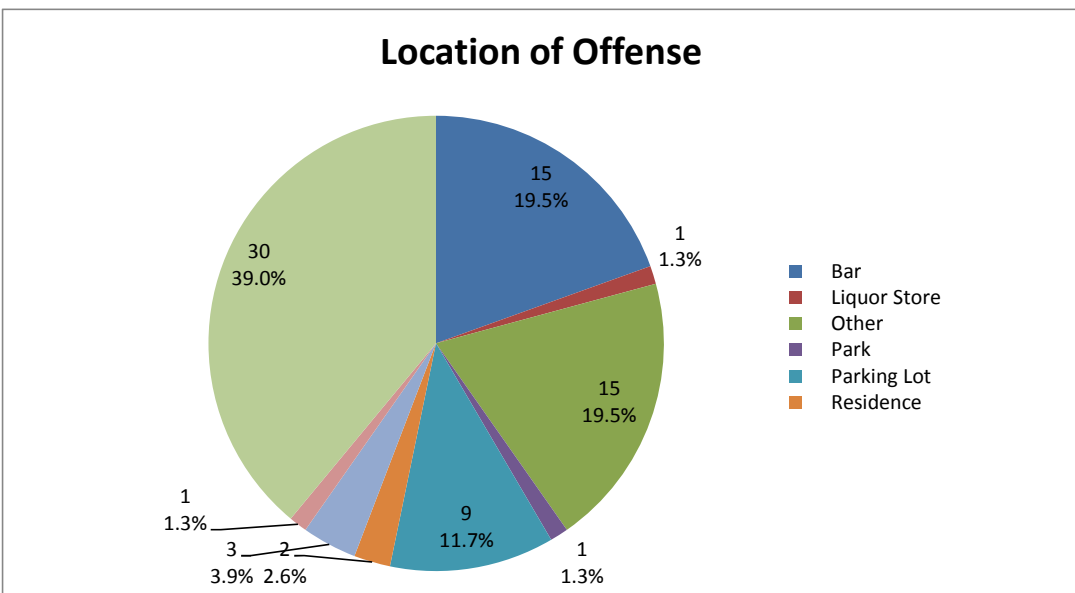
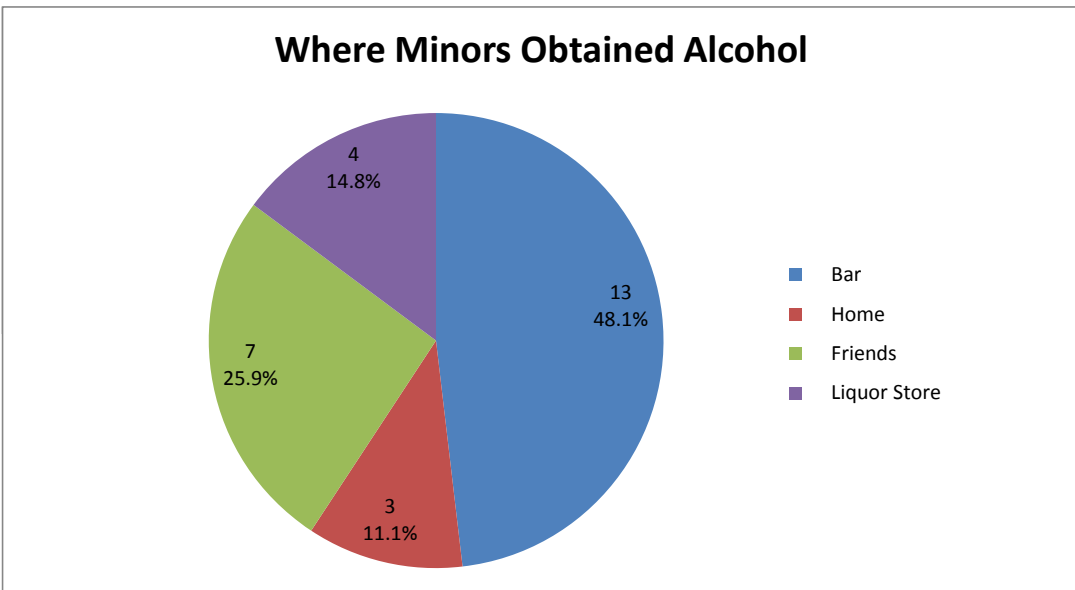
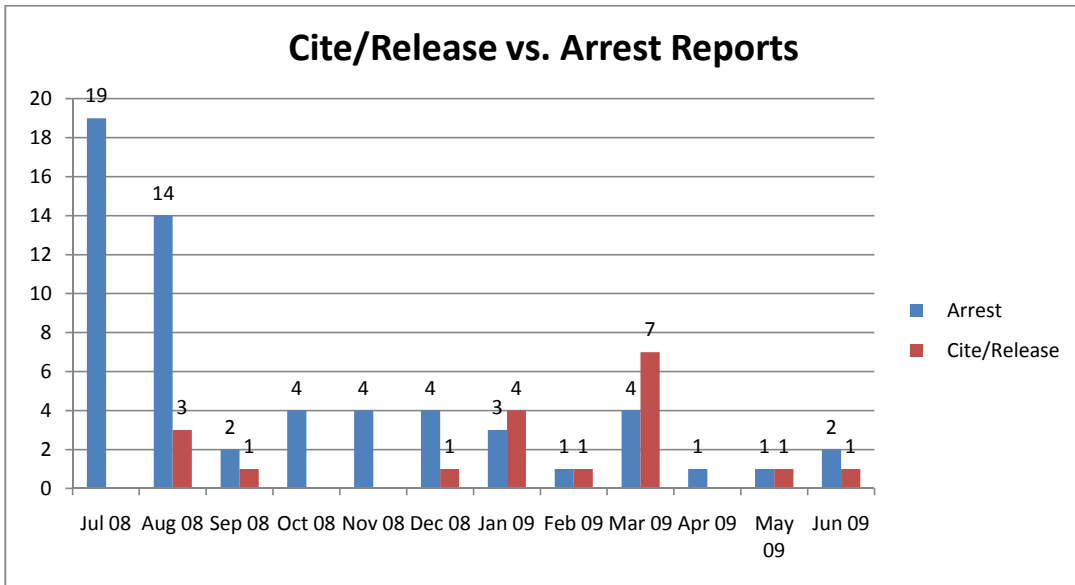
Community Organizations that work with our community youth include: Curran Seeley - provides comprehensive alcohol and drug counseling, treatment and prevention

service to those who may be suffering from substance abuse problems and their effects. Diversion Program - through the county prosecutors' office, this is designed for first offender youth in our community to give them an opportunity to turn their life around early. This involves the prosecutor, Van Vleck, Curran and Seeley for alcohol and drug issues, and the courts.

Our current strategies involve law enforcement and other concerned professionals and parents in the community. We have strong support from our local media to address and or prevent underage drinking as well. We regularly present the print, radio and television news with releases warning of upcoming events and stings as well as after action results of those events.

Jackson

	Jul 2008	Aug 2008	Sep 2008	Oct 2008	Nov 2008	Dec 2008	Jan 2009	Feb 2009	Mar 2009	Apr 2009	May 2009	Jun 2009	TOTAL
Total Arrests	19	17	3	4	4	5	7	2	11	1	2	3	78
Arrest	19	14	2	4	4	4	3	1	4	1	1	2	59
Cite/Release		3	1			1	4	1	7		1	1	19
Time													
4am-10am				1	1	2							4
10am-4pm						1							1
4pm-10pm	1	4				1	3		3		1		13
10pm-4am/10pm-12am	18	13	3	3	3	1	2	1	3				47
12am-2am							2		5	1		2	10
2am-4am								1			1	1	3
Age and Gender													
Female 14 and under													0
Female 15-17						2	1						3
Female 18-20	3	3	1			3			2			1	13
Female over 21	1												1
Female no age													0
Male 14 and under													0
Male 15-17	2		1				2	1	2			1	9
Male 18-20	11	8	1	4	4		4	1	7	1	1	1	43
Male over 21	2	6									1		9
Male no age													0
MIP	14	10	3	4	4	3	7	1	10	1	1	3	61
DUI	4	4	1	2	2							1	14
Open Container	3												3
Youthful Offender	1	1		1	1	3							7
Public Intoxication	1												1
Minor in Establishment													0
Furnish to Minor		1											1
Sell to Minor	3	5									1		9
False ID		1					1		1	1			4
BAC													
PBT	0.100	0.264	0.130	0.083	0.083	0.120	0.054	0.087	0.135	0.142	0.193	0.175	0.130
Intoximeter	0.186	0.114	0.089										0.130
Refused	1	1		2	2							1	7
Accident Related													0
Location of Offense													
Bar	6	5					1	1	1	1			15
Liquor Store		1											1
Other	3	1		1	1	1			7		1		15
Park												1	1
Parking Lot	2						5		2				9
Residence	1										1		2
Restaurant	2					1							3
School						1							1
Street	4	10	3	3	3	2	1	1	1			2	30
Vehicle													0
Where Minor Obt. Alc.													
Bar	5	6								1	1		13
Home	2						1						3
Friends		7											7
Liquor Store	2	1									1		4
Party													0
Restaurant													0
Other Crimes Charged													
Battery												1	1
Criminal Entry											1		1
DUS	2												2
Grand Larceny Vehicle							1						1
Flee/Attempt to Elude							1						1
Interference	1			1	1	1							4
MUI									7				7
No DL			1			1							2
No Registration												1	1
Poss. Cont. Subst.	1												1
Probation Violation		2		1	1	2							6
Property Destruction		1											1
Reckless Driving							1						1
Traffic Offense				1	1								2
Trespassing	1												1
Warrant						1							1



Wyoming Communities in Action

LANDER



LANDER is a rapidly growing community located in the west central area of Wyoming in Fremont County. The city is 4.42 square miles in size and located at 5,357 feet in elevation. The population of Lander is 7,047 people.

Lander was established in 1884 and is the county seat of Fremont County. Numerous local, county and state governmental agencies are located in Lander. A full service hospital, Lander Valley Regional Medical Center is located in town. Billed as “where rails end” Lander is located at the foot of the Wind River Mountain range. Many outdoor recreational activities are available including hiking, rock climbing, hunting, fishing, boating, snow machining and cross country skiing just to name a few. Lander is located close in proximity to the Wind River Indian Reservation which occupies a significant portion of Fremont County.

There are six public schools located in Lander Wyoming. Four elementary schools with 858 pupils enrolled, one junior high school with 298 pupils enrolled and one high school with enrollment of 707. The Lander schools have one full-time school resource officer who is a sworn member of the Lander Police Department. This officer assists in coordinating practice and policy between the school district and law enforcement.

The city of Lander is served by a police department composed of a chief, four patrol sergeants, two detectives and ten patrol officers. Alcohol related incidents comprise a large part of calls for service including motor vehicle accidents, domestic disputes, assaults, public intoxication complaints and minors in possession or under the influence of an alcoholic beverage.

Wyoming Communities in Action

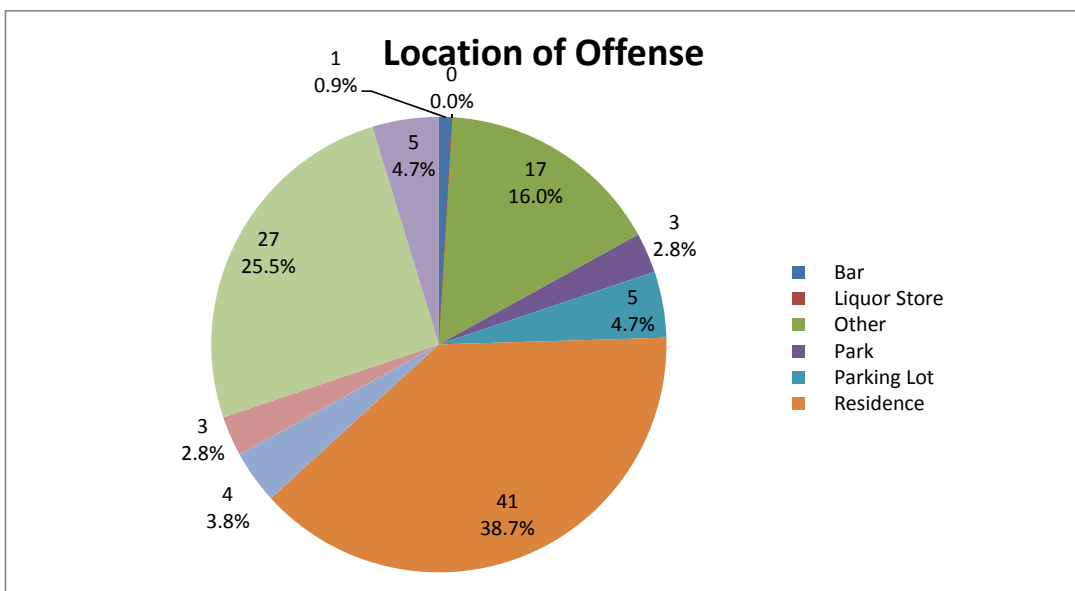
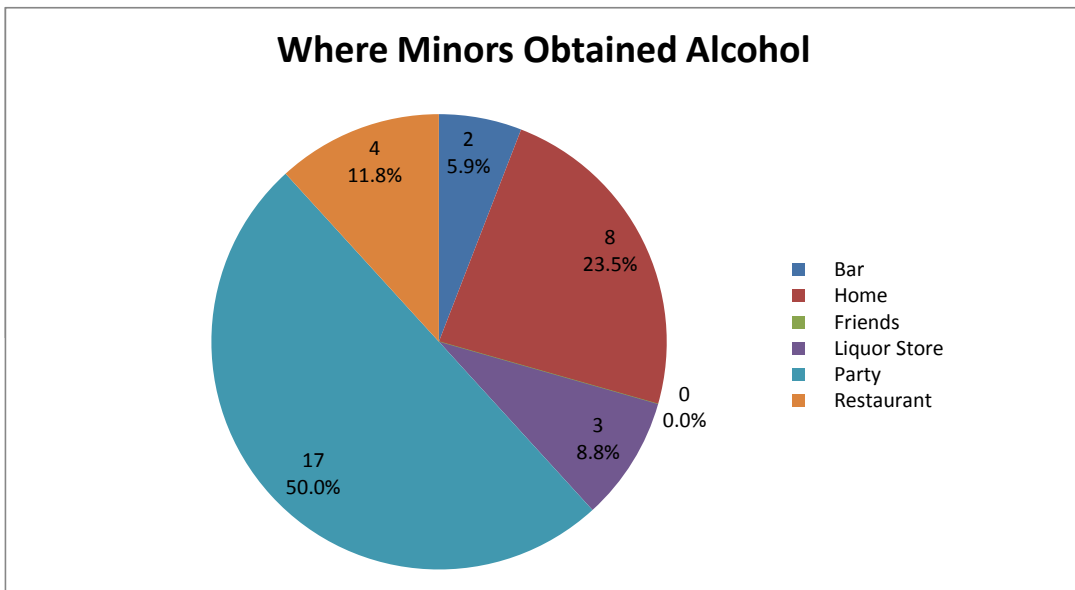
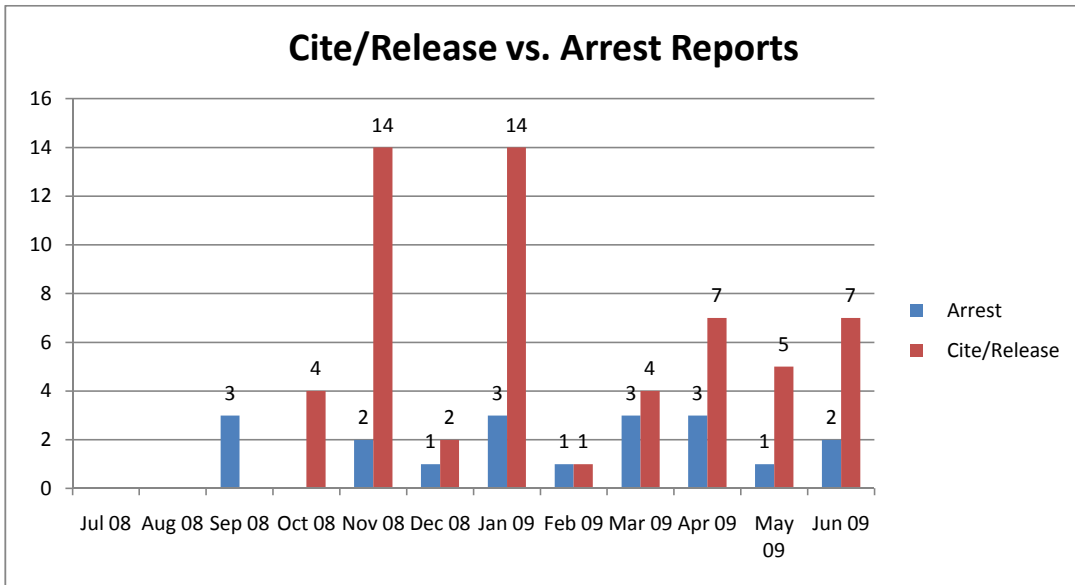
In the past, Lander Law Enforcement has been basically reactive to alcohol involved incidents. With the assistance of recent grant funding the response has been more proactive. Lander has aggressively pursued compliance checks, party patrols, officers presence at school events and social events, officers presence at all sports events to name a few. The continued education and interaction with liquor retailers has played a significant role in the success of later enforcement compliance checks. This education and interaction has been well received by the majority of the retailers.

Media coverage concerning the department's enforcement and zero tolerance policy has assisted in bringing about greater community awareness to alcohol offenses and underage drinking in Lander. This media coverage has been instrumental in addressing the problem of community indifference toward alcohol and kids.

Statistically this aggressive enforcement coupled with education and public awareness has been shown to have a significant impact on underage drinking.

Lander

	Jul 2008	Aug 2008	Sep 2008	Oct 2008	Nov 2008	Dec 2008	Jan 2009	Feb 2009	Mar 2009	Apr 2009	May 2009	Jun 2009	TOTAL
Total Arrests	10	19	3	4	16	3	17	2	7	10	6	9	106
Arrest			3		2	1	3	1	3	3	1	2	19
Cite/Release				4	14	2	14	1	4	7	5	7	58
Time													
4am-10am	2		1	1			1			2			7
10am-4pm		1	1				1	1	1			2	7
4pm-10pm	1	7				1	8		2	1		1	21
10pm-4am/10am-12am	7	11	1	3	16	2	1	1	1	5	1		49
12am-2am							3		1	2	2	2	10
2am-4am							3		2		3	4	12
Age and Gender													
Female 14 and under													0
Female 15-17	1				1		2	1	1	1		3	10
Female 18-20	2	5	1		4	1	4		1	3	2	2	25
Female over 21		2					4		1				7
Female no age													0
Male 14 and under													0
Male 15-17	3	3		3	1			1	1				12
Male 18-20	4	5	2	1	9	2	3		3	5	4	4	42
Male over 21		4			1		4			1			10
Male no age													0
MIP		2	2	4	15	3		2		8	5	9	50
Illegal Possess.								1					1
Illeg. Poss. by Consump.							8	1	4				13
DUI			1				1		2	1	1		6
Open Container													0
Youthful Offender										1			1
Public Intoxication	1		1									1	3
Minor in Establishment													0
Furnish to Minor		2			1		1			1			5
Sell to Minor		4					7		1				12
False ID													0
BAC													
PBT	0.101	0.086	0.173	0.106	0.086	0.152	0.125	0.041	0.142	0.078	0.055	0.107	0.104
Intoximeter										0.040	0.134		0.087
Refused	1	1		1						1	1		5
Accident Related							1						1
Location of Offense													
Bar		1											1
Liquor Store													0
Other		7	1		1		6		2				17
Park		3											3
Parking Lot	1				1		1				1	1	5
Residence	3	6	1	1	13	3	2		1	5	3	3	41
Restaurant							4						4
School				1			1	1					3
Street	6	2	1	2	1		3	1	4		2	5	27
Vehicle										5			5
Where Minor Obt. Alc.													
Bar			1				1						2
Home			1		3	1	2		1				8
Friends													0
Liquor Store							2		1				3
Party					9		2			6			17
Restaurant							4						4
Other Crimes Charged													
Assault							1	1					2
Bond Revocation							1						1
Curfew							1						1
Disturbing Peace					1				1				2
Hit & Run							1		1				3
Juvenile party report	2												2
No DL									2		1		3
Obstruction							1						1
Poss. of Marijuana									1				1
Resisting								1					1
Speeding									1				1
Traffic Offense	3								1				4
Vandalism							3						3
Warrant												2	2



Wyoming Communities in Action

POWELL



Powell is a community of 5,400 in northwest Wyoming situated in the north central portion of the Big Horn Basin 75 miles east of Yellowstone Park. The city covers approximately 3 square miles. Powell is the location of the Park County Fairgrounds which serves as the site of the annual county fair and other special events throughout the year. The economic base is primarily agriculture and energy production. The median household income in Park County is \$39,869 – almost \$4,000 lower than for Wyoming overall.

There are 3 elementary schools with a population of 729 students, one middle school with 374 students, one high school with 545 students and a community college that has 1,161 traditional students between the ages of 17-23. Northwest College has the largest residential population of all community colleges in the state of Wyoming. The 2007 population estimate for the 18-24 age group by the U. S. Census Bureau is 2,782.

The Powell Coalition Against Substance Abuse and the Northwest College Coalition

participated in Park County's Strategic Prevention framework State Incentive Grant needs assessment process. That process examined the consequences and potential causes of the misuse of alcohol in Park County including underage drinking. Social Availability was identified as the leading cause with Community Norms being a close second. The Criminal Justice system was identified as third.

Through the efforts of the various coalitions in the community, there is a high degree of readiness to address the identified leading causes. A survey conducted in 2004 indicated that the overwhelming majority of adults support law enforcement strongly enforcing underage drinking laws as well as arresting adults who supply. Media efforts have been used in the past to reflect this information back to the community. The local school district has been a strong and willing player to address this problem. The local college has also made significant steps to move forward on addressing this problem.

Wyoming Communities in Action

The Prevention Needs Assessment clearly indicates that the single largest source of alcohol for youth is young adults. This source of alcohol has been recognized for some time in Powell and adult providers are a top enforcement priority. Addressing community norms is a major focus of current work. Among youth, surveys have indicated that their perception of use by their peers is decreasing along with their drinking levels. This effort needs to continue and be expanded to reach the community in general. There were concerns among coalition members regarding the sentencing practices for repeat offenders.

Presently, there are several strong policies in the community to address underage drinking. The local school district has an activities participation policy which addresses substance use including underage drinking. The program requires participation in an evidence-based intervention as well as loss of privileges. The policy could be improved by expanding to include summer-time infractions. Northwest College recently established a uniform athletic policy. Overall, there are always opportunities to improve enforcement of policies.

The Powell Police Department has had a long-term unwritten zero tolerance enforcement policy on underage drinking

and furnishing alcohol to under age persons. As part of this project this position will be codified in written policy. Enforcement priorities for the Powell Police Department are the identification and prosecution of adults who provide alcohol to under age youth, controlled party dispersal and prosecution, identification and prosecution of juvenile under age violations, and underage drinking and driving.

Local leadership to address the issue of underage drinking is strong. Local law enforcement, the school district, the college, and the local prevention office are all active players. In general, the prosecutor's office has been supportive. Many best practice programs and strategies are in place and recent surveys indicate significant improvement among high school students.

Overall, interaction with the local municipal court is very positive. College students who are brought before the court for underage drinking are required to participate in an evidence-based program at the college. There has been frustration with the local circuit court judge in handling repeat offenders, and this is an area that the coalition wants to address. The following chart depicts current community activities and resources to address underage drinking:

Wyoming Communities in Action

Causal Area	Strategies	Resources
Retail Availability	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Compliance Checks • Server Training (TIPS) • Shoulder Taps 	Powell Police Department WPH Prevention & Wellness
Criminal Justice	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • WHAT’S UP (brief intervention for minors) • BASICS (brief intervention for NWC students) 	Park County Youth Services WY Dept. of Family Services Powell School Resource Officer Powell School Resource Cnslr NWC Counseling Staff WPH Cedar Mountain Center WPH Prevention & Wellness
Social Availability	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Addressing Adults who Supply (law enforcement) • Parent Booklet / Direct mailings • Social Norms to Parents (radio and billboards) • Promoting Alternative Activities for youth 	Park County Sheriff’s Office Powell Police Department Powell Schools Big Horn Radio Network Powell Youth Council WPH Prevention & Wellness
Promotion		
Community Norms	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Parent Booklet / direct mailings • Social Norms to parents (radio, billboards) • Social Norms with HS students • Social Norms at NWC • Community Presentations / articles • School Activity Participation Policies • NWC Athletic Policies • Addressing Adults who Supply 	Powell Schools Northwest College Big Horn Radio Network WPH Prevention & Wellness

Wyoming Communities in Action

Individual Factors	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Powell SPAM• Powell health curriculum• Powell Onsite Prevention• DFS Youth Prevention Project• DFS ISP Project• YBHC Family Therapy• Learning Forum Training	Powell Schools DFS Yellowstone Behavioral Health Center (YBHC) WPH Prevention & Wellness WPH Cedar Mountain Center
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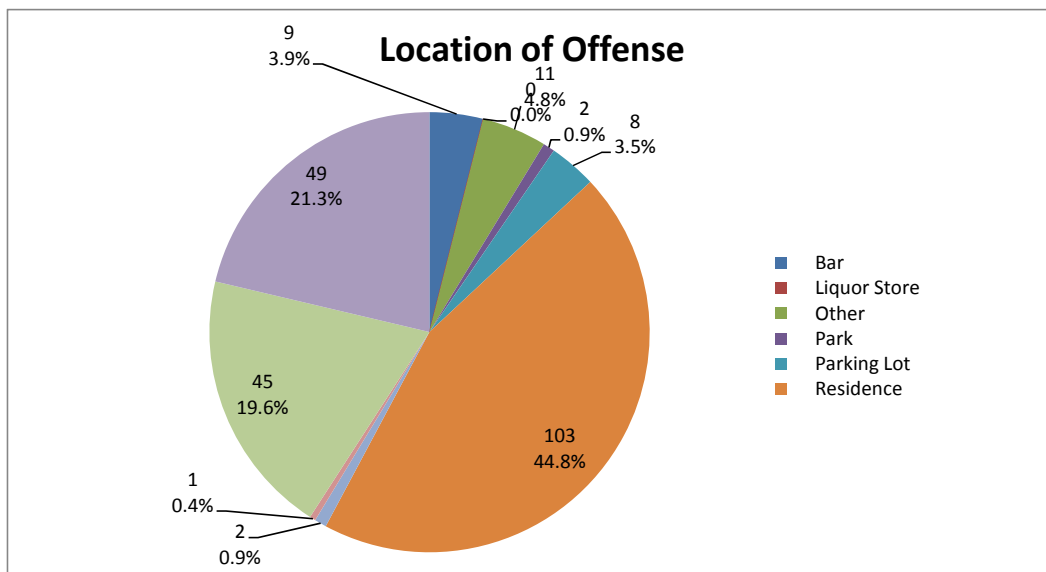
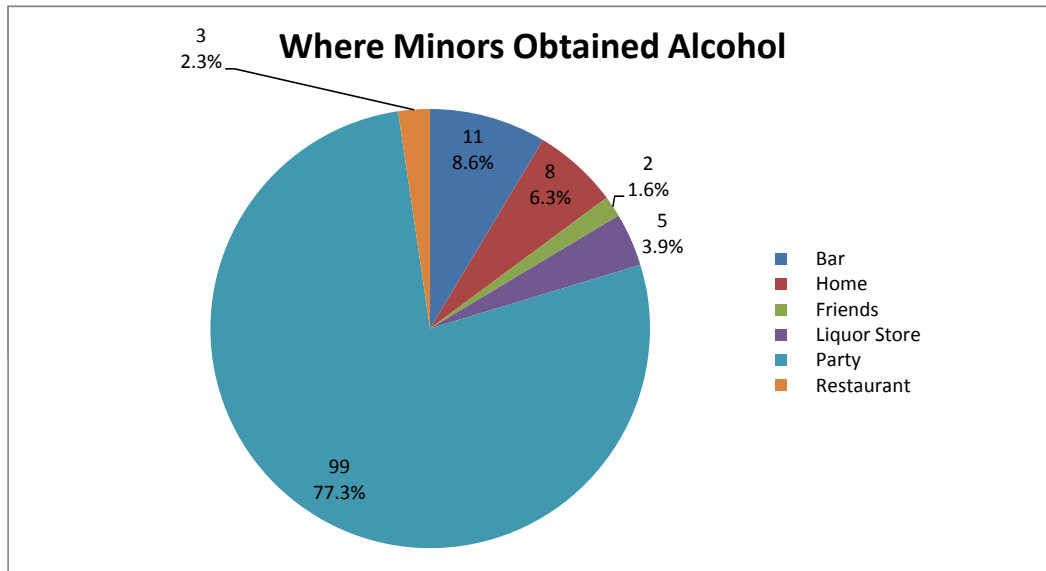
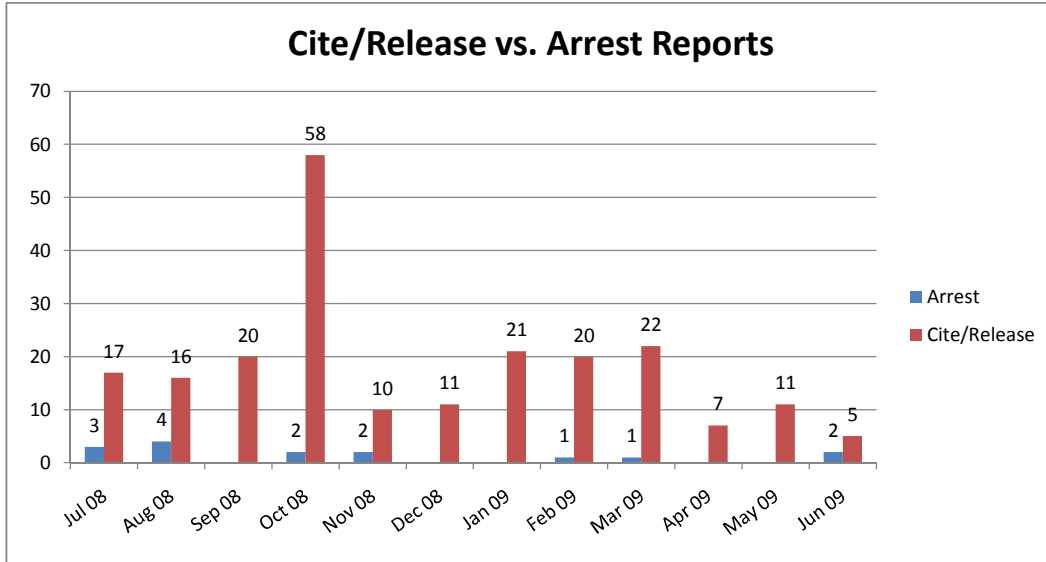
In addition to the above ongoing activities, the Powell City Council assembled a group of community stakeholders to develop public policy guidelines for the council regarding the responsible use and non-use of alcoholic beverages in public settings. That process is on-going and making progress.

Powell 2009

	Jul 2008	Aug 2008	Sep 2008	Oct 2008	Nov 2008	Dec 2008	Jan 2009	Feb 2009	Mar 2009	Apr 2009	May 2009	Jun 2009	TOTAL
Total Arrests	20	20	20	60	12	11	21	21	23	7	11	7	233
Arrest	3	4		2	2			1	1			2	15
Cite/Release	17	16	20	58	10	11	21	20	22	7	11	5	218
Time													
4am-10am		8	2	4	1	1							16
10am-4pm	1								3				4
4pm-10pm	2	1		6		1	3		1		6		20
10pm-12am	17	11	18	50	11	9	1	15	10		2		144
12am-2am							15	3	5	3	1	4	31
2am-4am							2	3	4	4	2	3	18
Age and Gender													
Female 14 and under	1										1		2
Female 15-17	1	1	1			1			2			1	7
Female 18-20	2	5	4	16	8	4	9	6	5	3	1	2	65
Female over 21	2	1		4			1	1					9
Female no age													0
Male 14 and under													0
Male 15-17	7	2	2		1		1	2		2		2	19
Male 18-20	5	11	13	38	3	6	9	12	14	2	9	2	124
Male over 21	1			2			1		2				6
Male no age	1												1
MIP	12	19	20	44	8	11	19	18	20	5	10	6	192
DUI				2	2			1	1	1			7
Open Container	1								1				2
Youthful Offender	4			2	2			1		1	1	1	12
Public Intoxication													0
Minor in Establishment				1									1
Furnish to Minor	3	1		6			2	1	2				15
Sell to Minor													0
False ID													0
BAC													
PBT	0.059	0.085	0.062	0.078	0.094	0.079	0.089	0.072	0.072	0.060	0.041	0.093	0.074
Intoximeter	0.076			0.046	0.109								0.077
Refused	1				1					1			3
Accident Related													0
Location of Offense													
Bar	2	1	1	2	2							1	9
Liquor Store													0
Other	1		1	2			1	4	2				11
Park			2										2
Parking Lot			7									1	8
Residence	5	13	2	32		5	15	11	11	1	4	4	103
Restaurant				2									2
School					1								1
Street		2	5	18	9	6	3	2					45
Vehicle	11	4	2	3			2	4	10	5	7	1	49
Where Minor Obt. Alc.													
Bar	4	1	1	4								1	11
Home		1	1	1	2	1	1	1					8
Friends	2												2
Liquor Store	1		2	1							1		5
Party		13	4	34	3	5	14	9	10	4	3		99
Restaurant				2							1		3
Other Crimes Charged													
Aid/Abet		1		5									6
Battery		1											1
Careless Driving	1												1
Disorderly Conduct	1												1
Hit & Run	1												1
Interference		1		3					1				5
Poss. Cont. Subst.				1									1
Poss. Of Marijuana	1												1
Poss. Of Tobacco			1			1							2
Speeding					1								1
Unlawful Use of DI									1				1

Powell

	Jan 2008	Feb 2008	Mar 2008	Apr 2008	May 2008	Jun 2008	TOTAL 2008
Total Arrests	4	19	10	11	20	8	72
Arrest		1		1	1	2	5
Cite/Release	4	18	10	10	19	6	67
Time							
4am-10am		3					3
10am-4pm			2				2
4pm-10pm	3		2	3		2	10
10pm-4am	1	16	6	8	20	6	57
Age and Gender							
Female 14 and under							0
Female 15-17					3	1	4
Female 18-20	1	3	3	4	11	2	24
Female over 21	2						2
Female no age							0
Male 14 and under							0
Male 15-17		5		2	6		13
Male 18-20		11	7	5		5	28
Male over 21	1						1
Male no age							0
MIP	1	17	10	9	18	7	62
DUI				2	1		3
Open Container							0
Youthful Offender		2			1	1	4
Public Intoxication							0
Minor in Establishment							0
Furnish to Minor	3						3
Sell to Minor							0
False ID							0
BAC							
PBT	0.038	0.061	0.114	0.048	0.058	0.109	0.071
Intoximeter		0.190	0.030				0.110
Refused		1	1			1	3
Accident Related							0
Location of Offense							
Bar	2	4					6
Liquor Store							0
Other	1					1	2
Park					12		12
Parking Lot		8	1				9
Residence		1	3	4		1	9
Restaurant							0
School			1				1
Street	1	4	5	7			17
Vehicle					8	6	14
Where Minor Obt. Alc.							
Bar	2	1					3
Home		6	1	1		5	13
Friends							0
Liquor Store				1			1
Party		1		6	16		23
Restaurant							0
Other Crimes Charged							
Access. After the Fact				1			1
Aid/Abet							0
Battery							0
Breach of Peace						1	1
Careless Driving							0
Disorderly Conduct			2				2
Disturbing Peace		1					1
Hit & Run							0
Interference		1				1	2
Poss. Cont. Subst.							0
Poss. Of Marijuana							0
Poss. Of Tobacco							0
Probation Violation		1	2				3
Property Destruction		1					1
Speeding							0
Tobacco		1					1
Unauth. Use of Vehicle				1			1



Wyoming Communities in Action

RIVERTON



RIVERTON is a thriving community that sits northwest of the confluence of the Big and Little Wind Rivers in Fremont County. The population of Riverton is approximately 10,000 people. The modern city of Riverton was founded in 1906. It boasts an infrastructure unseen in many communities of 10,000 people. Central Wyoming College is located in Riverton. It provides both traditional and non-traditional students a wide range of educational opportunities. It has a well-respected nursing program and recently started a Rural Law Enforcement Training Center.

The City of Riverton has a 70 bed full service, primary acute care hospitals with one of the best radiology departments in the state. It is a teaching facility for the nursing students from Central Wyoming College. Riverton is

served by a full service regional airport that provides local air passengers with connection to major airlines in Denver.

The economy in Riverton is thriving. It is historically a very agricultural based community. The Riverton Livestock Auction is the second biggest livestock auction in the state and has a sale on Tuesday throughout the year. The major crop in the Riverton area is Alfalfa hay, barley, sugar beets, corn, and beans are also produced in the area. Beef cattle are also a primary source of income for the area ranches and farms. The energy industry is also driving the economy in Riverton. The production of oil and gas has created a lot of support jobs for workers who live and shop in Riverton, Wyoming. Riverton is a regional shopping center and people come from all over western

Wyoming Communities in Action

Wyoming and the Big Horn Basin to shop in Riverton.

There are seven public school and two private parochial schools in Riverton. Riverton High School serves approximately 750 students in grades 9-12. Two Full time School resource officers serve the Riverton School District. One of the positions is a full time 12 months a year SRO. This position is fully funded by district #25. The district reimburses the wages and benefit for this officer, has purchased a marked patrol car that is assigned to the SRO as a take home car, and gives the RPD \$45,000 per year for overtime and other school related law enforcement needs. The second SRO is funded by the city of Riverton and is only an SRO when the schools are in session. He is also a variable to work regular patrol shifts when needed.

The Riverton Police department is a very proactive and well-trained police department. We have a patrol division, a detective division, a dispatch center, a records function, and an animal control officer. The Riverton Police Department has a part time Special Response Team that is composed of ten Officers and three marksmen. The command structure consists of a Chief, Captain, a Lieutenant, 4 patrol sergeants, 1 detective sergeant, 2

detectives, 15 patrol officers, and 2 school resource officers. The Dispatch Center is lead by an Administrative Supervisor and a Dispatch Lead Supervisor. The dispatch division handles the records keeping function for the police department. The police department has a receptionist/Administrative assistant and one Evidence Technician.

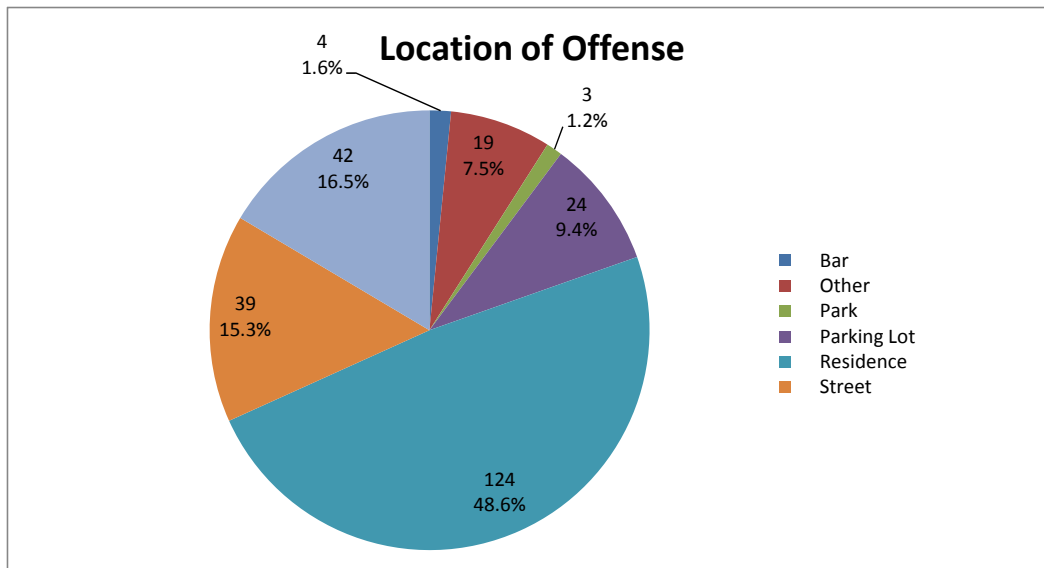
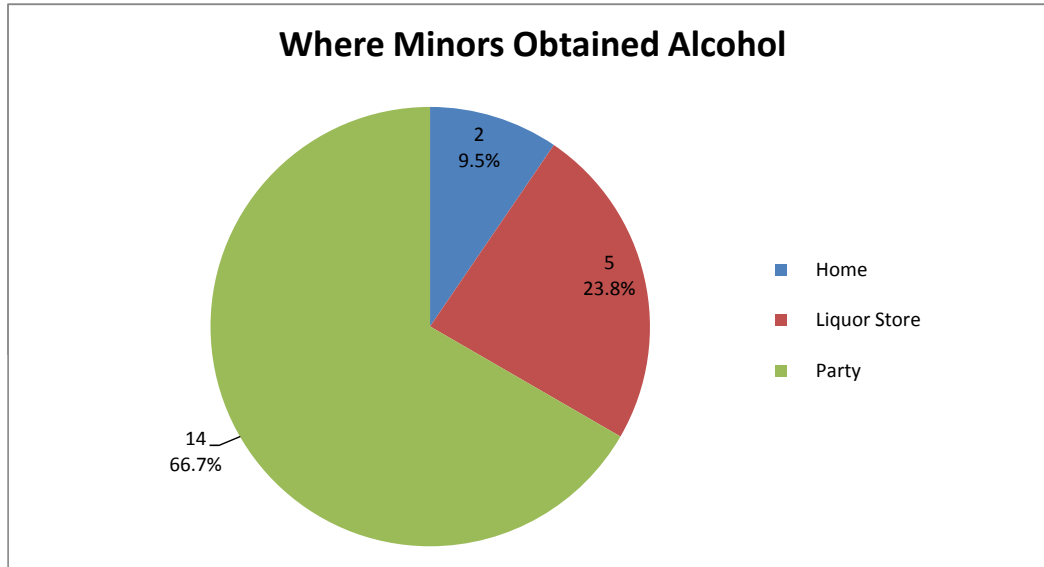
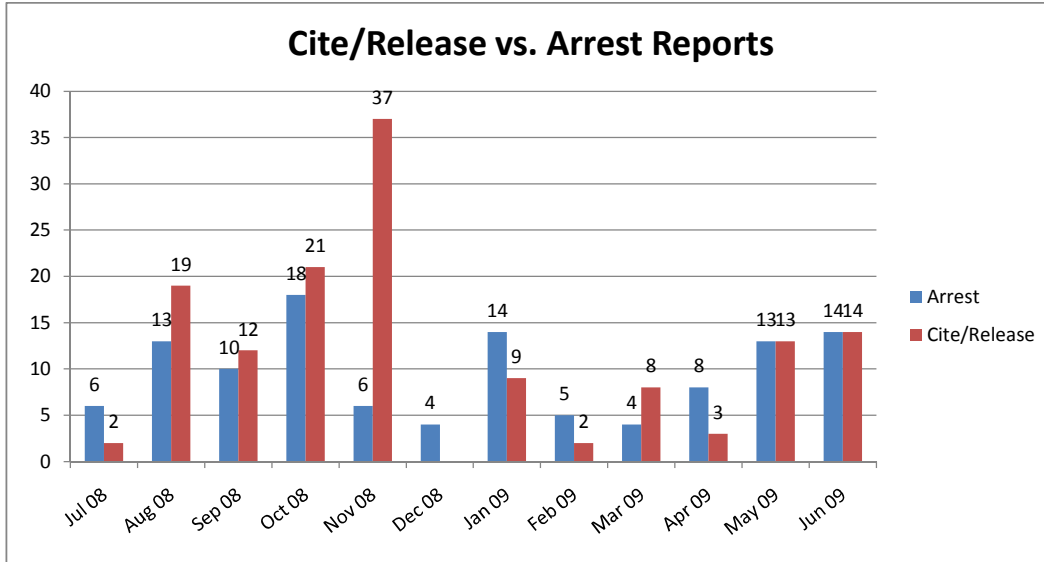
The Riverton Police Department is very proactive in the enforcement of alcohol offenses. These include such violations as underage drinking, DWUI, public Intoxication, open container, and contributing alcohol to minors. The police department has contacted compliance checks at each individual liquor retail outlet in Riverton at least twice per year for the last five years. These stings operations have shown that the liquor retailers have been in compliance approximately 95% of the times they have been checked.

In the next year we are going to become very proactive in such things as shoulder tap operations and specific party patrols. We also want to conduct regular compliance checks of alcohol retail establishments, and focus specifically on underage DWUI and underage purchase at drive up liquor store windows.

Riverton

	Jul 2008	Aug 2008	Sep 2008	Oct 2008	Nov 2008	Dec 2008	Jan 2009	Feb 2009	Mar 2009	Apr 2009	May 2009	Jun 2009	TOTAL
Total Arrests	8	32	22	39	43	4	23	7	12	11	26	28	255
Arrest	6	13	10	18	6	4	14	5	4	8	13	14	115
Cite/Release	2	19	12	21	37		9	2	8	3	13	14	140
Time													
4am-10am	5	2	1	3	5		4	2		4	5	7	38
10am-4pm		2					8	3			1	3	17
4pm-10pm	1	2	5	2	5		1			4	2		22
10pm-12am	2	26	16	34	33	4	3		2	3	6	7	136
12am-2am							4	2	6		4	8	24
2am-4am							3		4		8	3	18
Age and Gender													
Female 14 and under		4								1		1	6
Female 15-17			3	7	1				2		4	2	19
Female 18-20	2	3	5	6	19	1	13	3		2	10	3	67
Female over 21													0
Female no age													0
Male 14 and under		3	1	1							3		8
Male 15-17	3	10	4	9	4		2	2	3	1	3	8	49
Male 18-20	3	12	9	14	19	3	7	2	7	7	4	13	100
Male over 21				2			1				2		5
Male no age													0
MIP	7	31	22	33	43	3	22	7	12	10	24	25	239
DUI	1	1		1		1				1			5
Open Container		1		1									2
Youthful Offender		1		3					1			3	8
Public Intoxication		1											1
Minor in Establishment				2									2
Furnish to Minor				4			1				2		7
Sell to Minor													0
False ID		2		1									3
BAC													
PBT	0.165	0.108	0.136	0.128	0.096	0.168	0.116	0.195	0.095	0.153	0.140	0.140	0.137
Intoximeter		0.024		0.110	0.086							0.049	0.067
Refused		1	2	3		1	2		1				10
Accident Related													0
Location of Offense													
Bar		1		3									4
Other			5	3	3		1	1			1	5	19
Park		2						1					3
Parking Lot	1	4		9	1	1	1				6	1	24
Residence	1	10	11	17	33	1	15	3	6	5	15	7	124
Street	2	12	2	3	2	1	1		6	4	2	4	39
Vehicle	4	3	4	4	4	1	5	2		2	2	11	42
Where Minor Obt. Alc.													
Home												2	2
Liquor Store									2			3	5
Party											10	4	14
Other Crimes Charged													
Assault			1	1			2				1		5
Battery								1					1
Breach of Peace				1									1
Burglary										3			3
Canceled Weapon									1				1
Curfew												1	1
Conspiracy									2				2
Contempt of Court		2											2
Disorderly Conduct					1								1
Disturbing Peace			1								1	1	3
FTA									1			1	2
Hit & Run				1									1
Interference		4	1	3				1			1	2	12
No DL			1					1	1			1	4
No Insurance		1	1										2
Poss. Cont. Subst.												1	1
Poss. Of Marijuana				2					2			1	5
Probation Violation					1								1
Property Destruction		4		2									6
Resisting Arrest		1	2	6			2	2	2		3		18
Sexual Assault									2				2
Shoplifting							1				1		2
Speeding												1	1
Urinating in Public			1										1
Vehicle Reg. Required	1												1
Warrant			2	1	1		3				2		9

Riverton



Wyoming Communities in Action

ROCK SPRINGS



ROCK SPRINGS is located in Sweetwater County, in southwest Wyoming. The city covers approximately 18.5 square miles with a current estimated population of 27,500.

There are five kindergarten through fourth grade elementary schools, one fifth through sixth grade elementary school, one seventh through eighth grade junior high school, one ninth through twelfth grade high school, and one ninth through twelfth grade alternative high school. There were 4,200 elementary students in School District #1. The Rock Springs Police Department dedicates one D.A.R.E. Officer to the fifth and sixth grade elementary school, one School Resource Officer (S.R.O.) to the junior high, and one S.R.O. to the high school.

During the summer months all three school officers perform duties with area youth in Camp Law Enforcement Intense Thrilling

Experience (L.I.T.E.) and Camp Family Education Attitude Transition (F.E.A.T). Camp L.I.T.E is for fifth and sixth graders and provides classes regarding the environment, teamwork, consequences and citizenship. Camp F.E.A.T. is for junior high and high school aged children and provides classes on the environment and teamwork.

Western Wyoming Community College is an accredited two-year college offering A.A. and A.A.S. Degrees and in cooperation with area universities, Bachelor and Masters Degrees. The college also has extensive adult education programs and teleconferencing capabilities along with the outreach program through the University of Wyoming.

Rock Springs is at the strategic crossroads of Interstate 80 (East-West corridor of railroads, pipelines, and

Wyoming Communities in Action

telecommunications) and US Highway 191 (North-South corridor running from Mexico all the way to Canada and connecting Arches National Park, Moab, Dinosaur National Monument to the Teton and Yellowstone National Parks).

Rock Springs has some of the largest coal and soda ash reserves west of the Mississippi. Oil, gas fields, and power plant development employ a majority of the population. The most recent energy boom is scheduled to last six to 10 years. The population has steadily increased and housing is in short supply.

Rock Springs is host to community events which include the Red Desert Rodeo, Sweetwater County Fair, International Days, Firefighters Annual Demolition Derby, Sweetwater County Motor Sports Complex (Motocross and Stock Car Races), Urban Renewal Association events, and Cowboys Against Cancer. In addition, the Sweetwater County Events Complex hosts weekly events which range from cage fights to home and garden shows.

The majority of the events held at the Sweetwater Events Complex, within the city of Rock Springs, and in the surrounding county have alcohol sales at the concession stands. Most events are advertised as family events and attract a large number of the

patrons who are under 21 years old. Residents of the community have grown up in an environment where the perception is that to have a good time one must drink alcohol or have it readily available.

Rock Springs Police Department has recommended a restricted "beer garden" setting for the retail dispensing of alcoholic beverages at the Sweetwater County Fair. The Sweetwater County Fair administration has worked with law enforcement by providing different color wrist bands for those over 21 years of age, black light hand stamps, and alcohol free carnival area. The beer garden proposal is revisited yearly, but has not yet been implemented.

Rock Springs does not have a restriction on drive-up package liquor businesses. Alcohol compliance checks are conducted annually and are met with mixed results from the community liquor store owners. The city baseball and softball complex area is exempt from open container restrictions by municipal ordinance.

The first nine months of 2007 shows an increase in all alcohol categories for underage drinking compared to the same time frame in 2006.

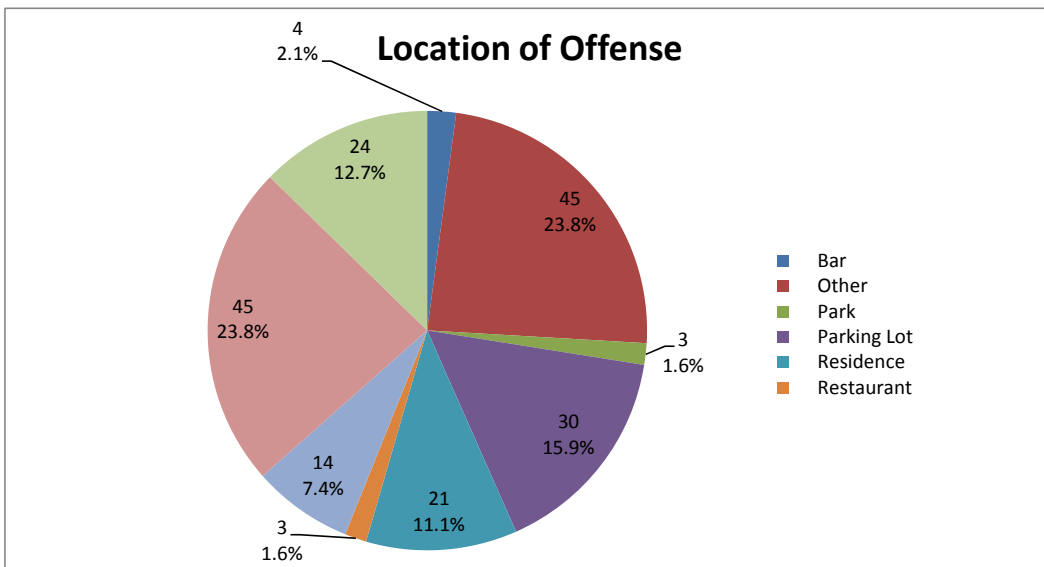
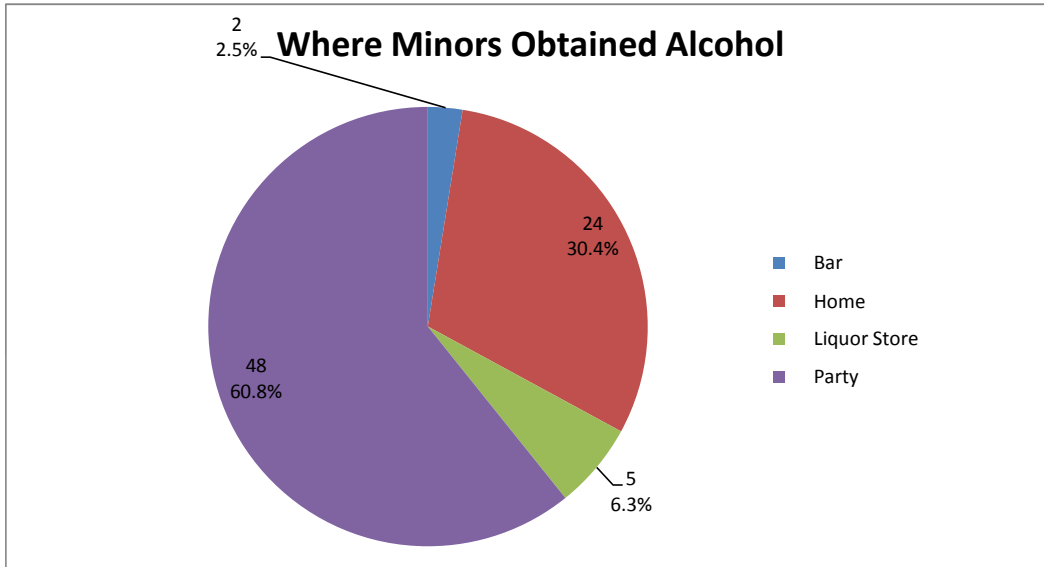
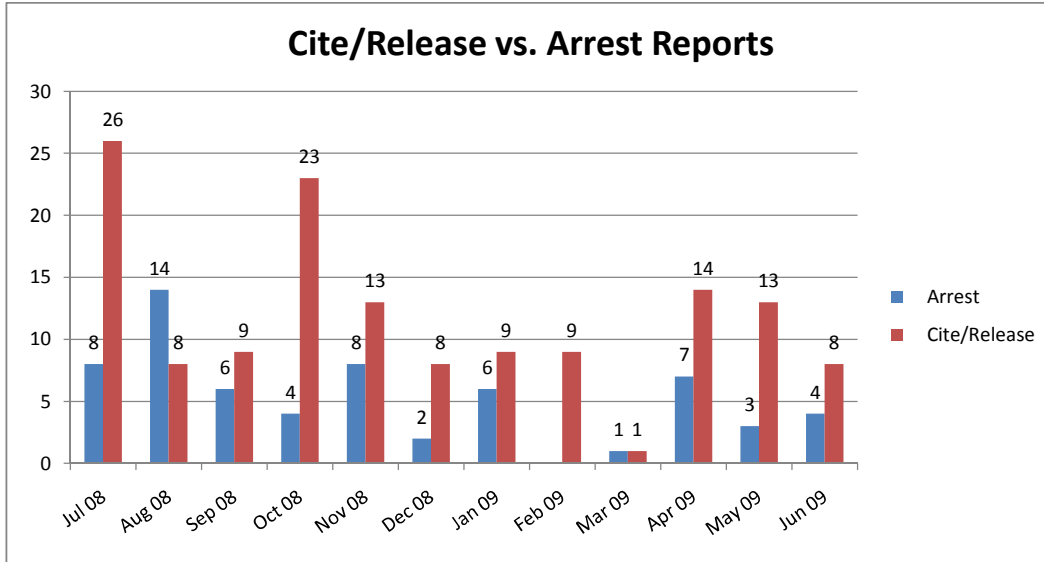
Rock Springs

	Jul 2008	Aug 2008	Sep 2008	Oct 2008	Nov 2008	Dec 2008	Jan 2009	Feb 2009	Mar 2009	Apr 2009	May 2009	Jun 2009	TOTAL
Total Arrests	35	22	15	27	21	10	15	9	2	21	16	12	205
Arrest	8	14	6	4	8	2	6		1	7	3	4	63
Cite/Release	26	8	9	23	13	8	9	9	1	14	13	8	141
Time													
4am-10am		3		1	1		1	1		1	2		10
10am-4pm					5			2		1	1		9
4pm-10pm	8	4	4	14	7	2		1		8	4	1	53
10pm-12am	27	15	11	9	8	8	4	2	1	4	4	5	98
12am-2am							9	3	1	7	2	4	26
2am-4am							1				3	2	6
Age and Gender													
Female 14 and under							2	1			1		4
Female 15-17	3	1	4	6	1	2	1	1	1	6	3	1	30
Female 18-20	1	3	1	1		5	4			3	3	2	23
Female over 21	1			5						2			8
Female no age													0
Male 14 and under											2		2
Male 15-17	8	1	6	5	3			2	1		3	4	33
Male 18-20	21	17	3	8	16	2	7	5		10	4	5	98
Male over 21	1			2	1	1							5
Male no age			1				1						2
MIP	27	12	11	14	14	7	9	9	2	11	12	7	135
DUI	1	4		1	2	1	1			4		2	16
Open Container													
Youthful Offender	1		2	2	2		3			1		1	12
Public Intoxication	4	6	2	2	2	1				1	3	3	24
Minor in Establishment													
Furnish to Minor	2			2		1	1						6
Sell to Minor				7	1					2			10
False ID													0
BAC													
PBT	0.110	0.132	0.119	0.091	0.124	0.106	0.122	0.084	0.082	0.114	0.099	0.101	0.107
Intoximeter			0.050	0.108	0.120		0.164			0.120			0.112
Refused	3	4	2	4		2	1			1	1		18
Accident Related													
Location of Offense													
Bar				3						1			4
Other	18	13		3	2	1	4			2	2		45
Park										3			3
Parking Lot	1		5	3	3	1	1	1		3	8	4	30
Residence	2			5	1	2	4	4		1	2		21
Restaurant				2							1		3
School		1	1	4	4	1	1	1		1			14
Street	5	2	6	5	4	5	4	1		4	3	6	45
Vehicle	8	5		1	3		1			5		1	24
Where Minor Obt. Alc.													
Bar		1		1									2
Home	6	2		2		3	4	3		2	1	1	24
Liquor Store					2			1		1	1		5
Party	6	6	6	4	1	2	7	3		6	2	5	48
Other Crimes Charged													
Assault		2											2
Battery		2								1			3
Careless Driving						1							1
Curfew	2		2	1							1		6
Disorderly Conduct	1												1
Disturbing Peace	2												2
Driving Single Lane				1									1
DUS					1								1
Fail to Yield							1						1
False Information						1							1
Family Violence							1						1
Fireworks												1	1
Hit & Run					2	1	1						4
Improper Lights		1											1
Interference	3	1	1	3			1						9
Littering	1												1
No DL		2											2
No Insurance	1												1
Open Container	1												1
Physical Dist.							1						1
Poss. Of Marijuana	2	1										1	4
Poss. of Meth.					1								1
Poss. Of Tobacco									1				1
Property Destruction				1			1						2
Resisting Arrest							1						1
Shoplifting					1					1			2
Speeding	1					1				1			3
Tobacco					1								1
Traffic	1		2	1	1	1		1		1		1	9
Trespassing			1										1
Vandalism		1											1

Rock Springs

	Jan 2008	Feb 2008	Mar 2008	Apr 2008	May 2008	Jun 2008	TOTAL 2008
Total Arrests	27	17	22	33	18	17	134
Arrest	5	3	9	6	4	9	36
Cite/Release	22	14	13	27	14	8	98
Time							
4am-10am	1						1
10am-4pm		1	3		1		5
4pm-10pm	7		7	11	9	1	35
10pm-4am	19	16	12	22	8	16	93
Age and Gender							
Female 14 and under		1					1
Female 15-17	4	1	3	6		3	17
Female 18-20	2	3	2	2		1	10
Female over 21	1		3	5	7	1	17
Female no age							0
Male 14 and under	1				1		2
Male 15-17	2	3	5	5	1	6	22
Male 18-20	15	9	8	13	8	6	59
Male over 21	2		1	2	1		6
Male no age							0
MIP	19	14	8	21	4	10	76
DUI	1	1	1		1	2	6
Open Container							0
Youthful Offender			7	2	1	1	11
Public Intoxication	4	2	2		3	3	14
Minor in Establishment							0
Furnish to Minor					4	1	5
Sell to Minor	3		4	7	5		19
False ID	1						1
BAC							
PBT	0.105	0.107	0.125	0.110	0.091	0.093	0.105
Intoximeter			0.084				0.084
Refused						2	2
Accident Related							
Location of Offense							
Bar	2		1		5		8
Liquor Store							0
Other	6		4	7	3	1	21
Park							0
Parking Lot	2			5		1	8
Residence	11	4	10	8		1	34
Restaurant	1			3	5		9
School		1					1
Street	4	11	6	5	3	5	34
Vehicle	1	1		2	2	9	15
Where Minor Obt. Alc.							
Bar			1	3			4
Home	2	1	4	1		2	10
Friends							0
Liquor Store				2			2
Party	12	8	8	13	1	4	46
Restaurant							0
Other Crimes Charged							
Assault			2				2
Battery							0
Breach of Peace						1	1
Careless Driving							0
Curfew				1		1	2
Disorderly Conduct							0
Disturbing Peace						1	1
Driving Single Lane						1	1
DUS					1	1	2
False Information							0
Hit & Run							0
Improper Lights							0
Interference			1	3			4
Lane Violation	1						1
Leave Scene Accident		1					1
Littering							1
No DL				1		1	2
No Insurance		1					1
Open Container							0
Poss. Of Marijuana			1				1
Poss. Of Meth							0
Poss. Of Tobacco						1	1
Property Destruction	1						1
Public Intox.						1	1
Shoplifting				2			2
Speeding	1		1				2
Tobacco							0
Traffic Offense				2		1	3
Trespassing							0
Unsafe Backing					1		1
Vandalism			1				1
Warrant			1				1

Rock Springs



Wyoming Communities in Action

TORRINGTON



Torrington is located in southeast Wyoming near the Nebraska Panhandle along the North Platte and is 85 miles north of Cheyenne. Torrington celebrated its centennial in 2008. The economy is mainly agricultural, sugar beets, potatoes, beans, corn, wheat, alfalfa and other grains are all grown in the area. The population of this rural community is 5,641.

Torrington has 4 public schools and 1 private Christian elementary school and is also the home of Eastern Wyoming College.

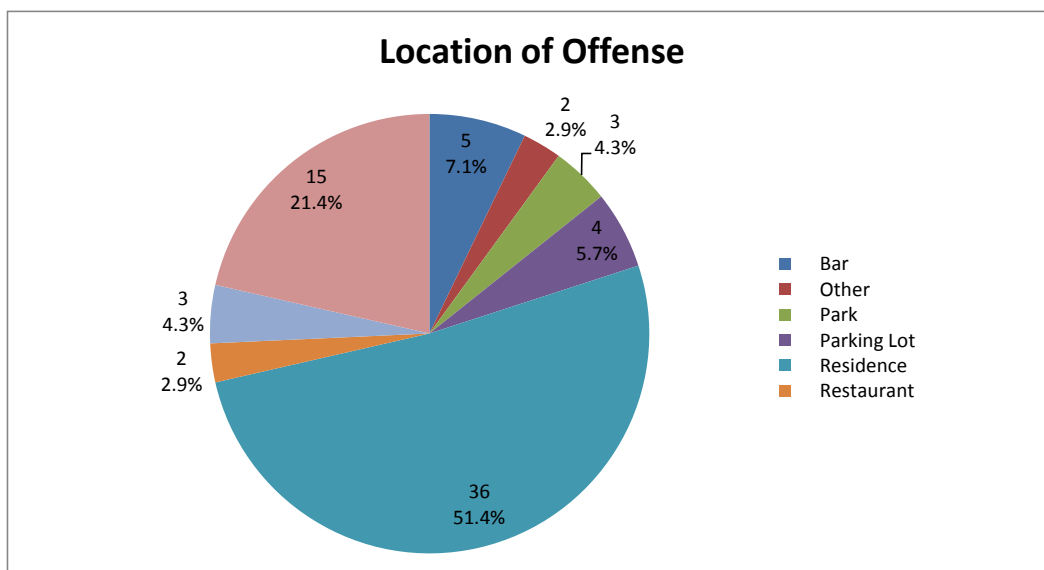
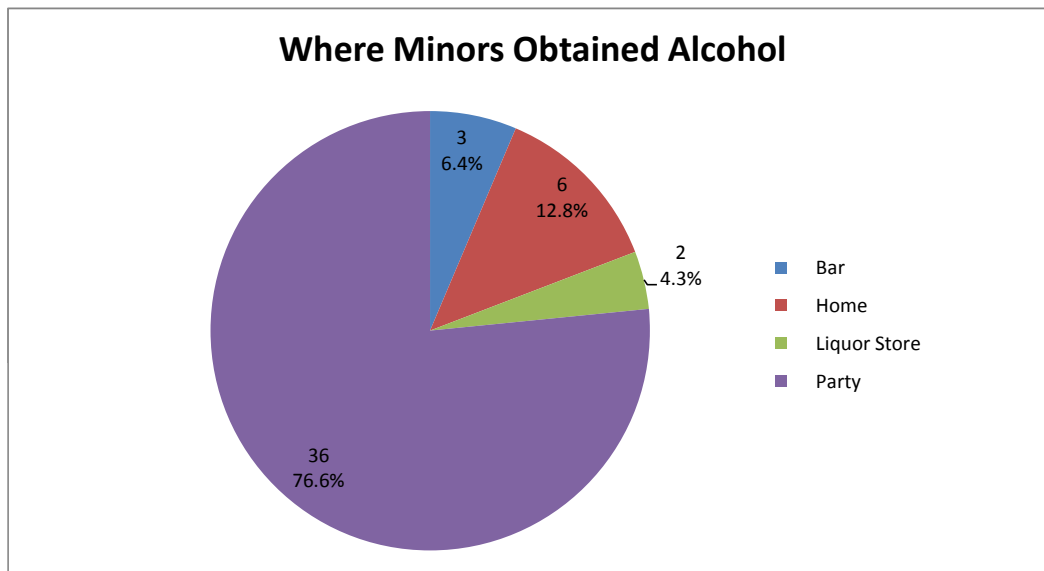
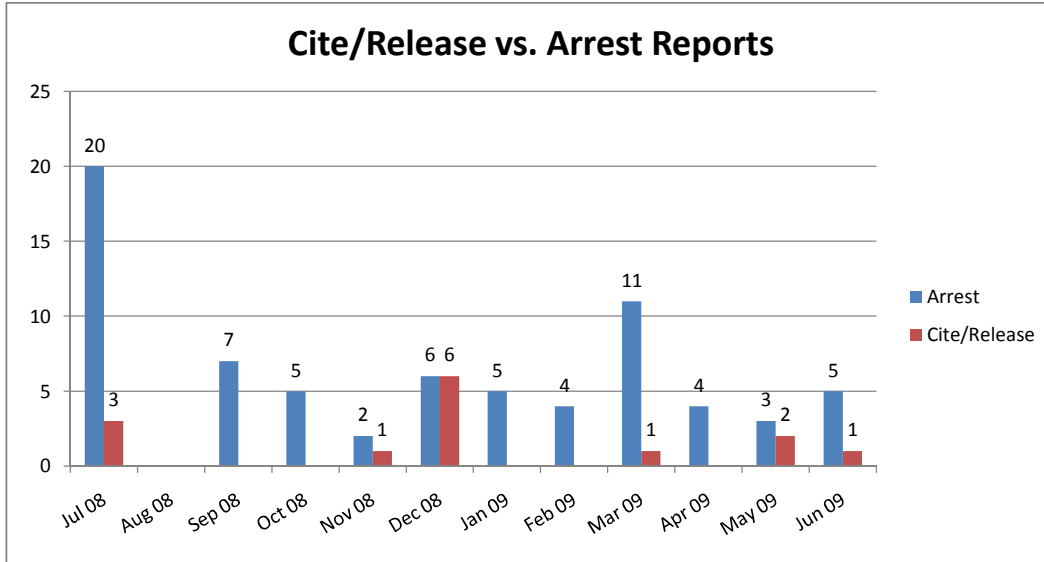
The Torrington police Department is a very well trained Police Department. We have 15 full time officers, which includes our Chief of Police and detective sergeant, one part time officer, 5 dispatchers, 1 animal control officer, and 1 multi-purpose officer. We believe that policing should be an interactive, result-oriented process between the police and the community. We have 1 School Resource Officer and 6 DARE officers who provide DARE instructions for students in Torrington, Lingle and Yoder.

Our department and community has a “zero” tolerance for alcohol offenses. This last year we performed a “shoulder-tap” operation and our officers are actively conducting party patrols, bar checks, park checks and dorm checks throughout the year.

Torrington

	Jul 2008	Aug 2008	Sep 2008	Oct 2008	Nov 2008	Dec 2008	Jan 2009	Feb 2009	Mar 2009	Apr 2009	May 2009	Jun 2009	TOTAL
Total Arrests	20		7	5	2	6	5	4	11	4	3	5	72
Arrest	3	No report			1	6			1		2	1	14
Cite/Release	17		7	5	1		5	4	10	4	1	4	58
Time													
4am-10am													0
10am-4pm			1						1				2
4pm-10pm	16		2						8				26
10pm-12am	4		4	5	2	6	2	2	1	4	1	1	32
12am-2am							3	2	1		2	4	12
2am-4am													0
Age and Gender													
Female 14 and under													0
Female 15-17	3				2			1	3				9
Female 18-20	3		1	2		1	1		1	1	2	2	14
Female over 21						1							1
Female no age									1				1
Male 14 and under													0
Male 15-17	2		4						1				7
Male 18-20	12		1	3		4	3	2	1	2	1	3	32
Male over 21			1				1	1	2	1			6
Male no age									2				2
MIP	20		6	5	1	5				3	2	5	47
DUI							1		1				2
Open Container						1							1
Ill. Poss. By Consump.							2	3	5				10
Youthful Offender					1						1		2
Public Intoxication													0
Minor in Establishment						1	1				1		3
Furnish to Minor			1				1		2	1			5
Sell to Minor						1			3				4
False ID							1				1		2
BAC													
PBT	0.054		0.041	0.123	0.103	0.125	0.070	0.065	0.063	0.070	0.065	0.236	0.092
Intoximeter	0.100						0.168		0.220				0.163
Refused	1		1										2
Accident Related							2		1				3
Location of Offense													
Bar						2			2		1		5
Other									2				2
Park												3	3
Parking Lot						2			1			1	4
Residence	19		3	5		2		1	1	4		1	36
Restaurant			1						1				2
School			3										3
Street	1				2		4	2	4		2		15
Where Minor Obt. Alc.													
Bar						2					1		3
Home	1		3								1	1	6
Liquor Store									2				2
Party	18		2	5	2	2		1	2	4			36
Other Crimes Charged													
Curfew					1								1
Disorderly Conduct	1												1
Duty to Stop							1						1
House Party				1									1
Littering								1					1
No DL							1						1
Poss. Of Marijuana	1												1
Resisting Arrest	6			2									8
Vandalism	1						1	1					3

Torrington



Wyoming Communities in Action

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

This initiative was truly a collaborative effort on the part of the administrators, enforcement team leaders and records personnel from all ten law enforcement agencies that participated. The Initiative was successful due to the unwavering support of the administrators throughout the twenty-months of activities. The day-to-day supervision of enforcement activities by the team leaders, the daily collection and monthly tabulation/submittal of arrest data was an ambitious undertaking and their efforts should be acknowledged as well. The collective efforts of all assigned department staff were essential to the overall success of this Initiative.

CASPER

Tom Pagel – Chief of Police
Terri Weinhandl – Records Supervisor
Steve Schlager – Lieutenant (retired)
Mark Trimble - Lieutenant
Steve Schulz – Sergeant
Wes Gudahl - Sergeant

DOUGLAS

Lori Emmert – Chief of Police
Ron Casalenda – Sergeant
Annette Hilyard – Administrative Assistant

EVANSTON

Mitch Allmaras – Chief of Police
Jon Kirby - Captain
Joannie Cornia - Lieutenant
Doug Mathews – Sergeant
Sandy Douglas - Statistics

GILLETTE

Rich Adriaens – Chief of Police
Sawley Wilde – Lieutenant
Sandi McKenney – Administrative Assistant

JACKSON

Dan Zivkovich – Chief of Police
Alan John – Patrol
Cynthia Riedel – Records
Dianne Ranck – Records

LANDER

Gene Galitz – Chief of Police
Bob Feldtman – Sergeant
Fred Cox – Detective
Kenneth Steigers – Patrolman
Marlena Carey – Administrative Secretary

POWELL

Timothy L. Feathers – Chief of Police
Alan Kent – Sergeant
Lisa Baker – Administration /Communications

RIVERTON

John Snell – Chief of Police
Mark Stone – Captain
Eric Murphy – Captain
Todd Byerly – Patrol
Michel Snyder – Data Manager
Cindy Harris – Records

ROCK SPRINGS

Mike Lowell – Chief of Police
Dwane Pacheco – Commander
Steve Reekers – Sergeant
Lynn Orester – Records Supervisor

TORRINGTON

Billy Janes – Chief of Police
Brian Wise – Assistant Chief
Audie Nash – Lieutenant
Kathy Stricker - Records

Database Manager: Erin Maggard – Johnson and Associates
Project Coordinator: Sharon Guerney – Johnson and Associates
Project Manager: Ernest L. Johnson – Johnson and Associates
Cover Design: Susan Johnson – Johnson and Associates
Report Author: Ernest L. Johnson – Johnson and Associates