LINDMORE IRRIGATION DISTRICT ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014 AND 2013

LINDMORE IRRIGATION DISTRICT

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FINANCIAL SECTION

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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITOR

Board of Directors Lindmore Irrigation District Lindsay, California

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of the business-type activity and major fund of the Lindmore Irrigation District as of and for the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which comprise the Lindmore Irrigation District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express an opinions on these financial statements based on my audit. I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, and the State Controller's Minimum Audit Requirements for California Special Districts. These standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, I express no such opinion. An audit also involves evaluating the appropriateness of accounting principles used and the reasonableness of significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinions.

Opinions

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the business-type activity and major fund of Lindmore Irrigation District, as of December 31, 2014 and 2013, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows thereof for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, as well as accounting systems prescribed by the State Controller's Office and State regulations governing special districts.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Management has elected not to provide the management's discussion and analysis.

Other Information

My audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that comprise Lindmore Irrigation District's basic financial statements. The accompanying Budgetary Comparison Schedules and the Schedule of Organization Structure are presented for the purpose of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements of the Lindmore Irrigation District. The information on these schedules has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, I do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Dennis L. Hylton, CPA

Dennis L Afta-April 9, 2015

LINDMORE IRRIGATION DISTRICT STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION

	December 31,			
	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>		
Assets				
Current assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,072,970	\$ 1,152,102		
Accounts receivables, net	284,295	399,120		
Prepaid expense	19,861	85,101		
Investment in marketable securities	4,559,157	4,495,012		
Total Current Assets	5,936,284	6,131,335		
Non Current assets				
Capital assets, net	10,046,435	10,237,255		
Investments in joint power authorities	2,386,928	1,906,310		
Total Non Current Assets	12,433,363	12,143,565		
Restricted assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	263,947	517,659		
Investment in marketable securities	250,000	500,813		
Total Restricted Assets	513,947	1,018,472		
Total Assets	18,883,594	19,293,372		
Liabilities Current liabilities				
Current portion of long-term debt	270,000	265,000		
Accounts payable	27,748	11,221		
Accrued compensated absences	58,921	58,877		
Accrued interest	97,675	100,894		
Total Current Liabilities	454,344	435,992		
Long-term debt	5,455,000	5,725,000		
Total Liabilities	5,909,344	6,160,992		
Deferred Inflow of Resources				
Unearned revenue	1,120,550	660,428		
Net Position				
Net investment in capital assets	4,321,435	4,247,255		
Restricted for debt service	513,947	1,018,472		
Unrestricted	7,018,318	7,206,225		
Total Net Position	\$ 11,853,700	<u>\$12,471,952</u>		

LINDMORE IRRIGATION DISTRICT STATEMENTS OF REVENUES. EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

	For Years Ende			
	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>		
Operating Revenue	n 1506620	ф 2.71 <i>4.66</i> 1		
Water sales	\$ 1,596,639	\$ 2,714,661		
Standby charges	634,370	639,865		
Other revenue	130,143	141,984		
Total Operating Revenue	2,361,152	3,496,510		
Operating Expenses				
Source of supply	1,483,270	2,994,548		
Pumping	48,910	77,789		
Transmission and distribution	449,931	418,788		
Administrative and general	681,250	634,420		
Depreciation	203,476	220,678		
Total Operating Expenses	2,866,837	4,346,223		
Operating Income (Loss)	(505,685)	(849,713)		
Non-Operating Revenue (Expense)				
FPA revenue	61,628	432,758		
Interest income	106,124	158,224		
Investment gain (loss)	(38,700)	(114,937)		
Interest expense	(241,619)	(248,179)		
Total Non-Operating Revenue	(112,567)	227,866		
Change in Net Position	(618,252)	(621,847)		
Net Position Beginning of Year	12,471,952	13,093,799		
Net Position End of Year	\$ 11,853,700	\$ 12,471,952		

LINDMORE IRRIGATION DISTRICT STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

	For Years Ended	December 31,
	2014	<u>2013</u>
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:		
Cash received from:		
customers and others	\$ 2,951,743	\$ 3,460,638
Cash paid to:		
Suppliers	(2,065,387)	(3,623,722)
Employees	(537,828)	(505,566)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	348,528	(668,650)
Cash Flows from Capital and Related Financing Activities:		
Acquisition of capital assets	(12,656)	_
Debt principal paid	(265,000)	(255,000)
Interest paid	(244,838)	(252,488)
Net cash used by capital and related financing activities	(522,494)	(507,488)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:	110 144	160,000
Interest earned	112,144	168,990
Income from Friant Power Authority	61,628	432,758
Investment in marketable securities	147,968	(246,747)
Investment in joint powers authority	(480,618)	(323,249)
Net cash provided (used) from investing activities	(158,878)	31,752
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(332,844)	(1,144,386)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, beginning of year	1,669,761	2,814,147
Cash and Cash Equivalents, end of year	\$ 1,336,917	1,669,761
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Used by Operating Income (Loss)	ating Activities:	
Operating Income (Loca)	\$ (505,685)	\$ (849,713)
Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income to cash	\$ (505,065)	\$ (042,713)
provided by operating activity:		
Depreciation	203,476	220,677
•	205,470	220,077
(Increase) decrease in: Accounts receivables	108,804	(34,418)
Prepaid expenses	65,240	(2,802)
Increase (decrease) in:	03,240	(2,002)
Accounts payable	16,527	(2,789)
Accounts payable Accrued compensated absences	10,327	1,849
Unearned revenue	460,122	(1,454)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$ 348,528	\$ (668,650)
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(1) Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The Lindmore Irrigation District (the District), accounts for its financial transactions in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles as promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. The District applies Financial Accounting Standards Board pronouncements and Accounting Principles Board opinions issued on or before November 30, 1989, unless those pronouncements conflict with or contradict Governmental Accounting Standards Board pronouncements, in which case, GASB prevails.

Reporting Entity

The District was formed on March 6, 1937 as a special district in the State of California and is governed by a five-person Board of Directors. The District provides irrigation water to the area surrounding the City of Lindsay and unincorporated town of Strathmore.

Component Units

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the district is financially accountable. Component units may include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the district in that the district approves their budget, the issuance of their debt or the levying of their taxes. For financial reporting purposes, the component unit discussed below has a financial and operational relationship which meets the reporting entity definition criteria of the GASB Statement No. 14, The Financial Reporting Entity as amended by GASB Statement No. 61, The Financial Reporting Entity, and thus is included in the financial statements of the District. The component unit, although a legally separate entity, is reported in the financial statements using the blended presentation method as if it were part of the District's operations because the governing board of the component unit is the same as the governing board of the District and because a financial benefit or burden relationship exists between the component unit and the District as its purpose is to finance the acquisition of a permanent water right for the District from the United States of America, Bureau of Reclamation in which repayment will be made entirely by resources of the District.

The Lindmore Irrigation District Financing Corporation's financial activity is presented in the financial statements. Revenue Certificates of Participation issued by the Corporation are included as long-term obligations in the business-type activity financial statements. Individually-prepared financial statements are not prepared for the Lindmore Irrigation District Financing Corporation.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The accompanying financial statements have been prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when a liability is incurred regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Operating income reported in proprietary fund financial statements includes revenues and expenses related to the primary, continuing operations of the fund. Principal operating revenues for the proprietary fund are charges to customers for sales or services and standby. Principal operating expenses are the costs of providing goods or services and include administrative expenses and depreciation of capital assets. Other revenues and expenses are classified as non-operating in the financial statements.

The District follows the provisions of the GASB Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis-For State and Local Governments. This Statement established the financial reporting standards for all state and local government entities, which includes a statement of net positions, a statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position, and a statement of cash flows. It requires the classification of net position in the following three components:

Net investment in capital assets - This component of net positions consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds, mortgages, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Restricted – This component of net position consists of constraints imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenant), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted – This component of net position consists of net position that does not meet the definition of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

Budget and Budgetary Accounting

An annual budget in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles is adopted by the board of directors to provide a basis for establishing water rates at the beginning of each year. No revisions are made during the year. Budgetary comparisons are used by management to monitor expenses during the year.

Fund Accounting

The District operates with only one proprietary fund which accounts for all the operating activities of the District's water acquisition and delivery service.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash includes currency, demand deposit with banks and other financial institutions, and other accounts that have the general characteristics of demand deposits. Cash equivalents are short term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to know amounts of cash or those investments with original maturities of three months or less.

Accounts Receivable

The District uses the reserve method of accounting for bad debts. At December 31, 2014 and 2013, the amount calculated for the reserve was determined to be immaterial.

Capital Assets

Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an estimated useful life in excess of one year and are recorded at historical cost. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized. A capitalization threshold of \$500,000 was established on April 10, 2012, but allows the general manager discretion to capitalize at lesser costs.

Depreciation of capital assets is computed using the straight line method. The estimated useful lives of the various classes of depreciable capital assets are as follows:

Pumping plant 10-40 years
Transmission and distribution 5-75 years
General plant 5-40 years

Perpetual Right to Water

The District contracted with the United States Bureau of Reclamation (USBR) on November 17, 2010 to receive up to 33,000 acre-feet of Class 1 Water and up to 22,000 acre-feet of Class 2 Water for irrigation and M & I purposes. This cost represents the full repayment of obligations owing the USBR for Friant Division facilities development.

Investments in Joint Power Authorities

Investments in joint power authorities are carried at cost.

Compensated Absences

The District provides for vacation leave to all employees of two to four weeks annually, which is accrued for days earned but not taken. Vacation leave cannot exceed forty days. Employees with 35 days vacation may annually request to have up to 5 days paid on the final check of the calendar year. The District provides for accrual of sick leave for all employees at one day per month with a maximum accumulation of 84 days. An employee with 35 days accumulated sick leave can annually elect to convert up to 5 days to vacation leave.

Unearned Revenue

Cash received in advance of the standby due date or of a required delivery of water are recorded as unearned revenue.

Fund Equity

The business-type activities fund financial statements utilize a net position presentation. Net position is categorized as net investment in capital assets, restricted and unrestricted. The District has a reserve fund restriction of cash under its long-term debt requirements.

Standby Charges

Standby charges are billed in the preceding year and are payable in two installments on December 20 and June 20. Unpaid standby charges are placed as enforceable liens on November 15, which must be renewed after ten years. Standby charges sufficient to cover the annual debt service are irrevocably pledged to the payment of these installment payments.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Evaluation of Subsequent Events

The District has evaluated subsequent events through the report date of these financial statements.

Change in Accounting Principles

In December 2010, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) issued GASB Statement No. 61, The Financial Reporting Entity, which amends GASB Statement No. 14, The Financial Reporting Entity, and GASB Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements-and Management's Discussion and Analysis-for State and Local Governments, which is the result of a GASB project to reexamine its previous reporting entity guidance. While GASB Statement No. 61 retains many of the overarching concepts established in GASB Statement No. 14, it also provides clarifications or modifications to certain reporting entity considerations. This Statement requires fiscal dependency to include a financial benefit or burden relationship. Blending component units requires that there be substantively the same governing body as the primary government. A new blending criterion was added when a component unit's total debt outstanding is expected to be repaid entirely or almost entirely with resources of the primary government.

(2) Deposits and Investments

The following is a summary of the District's cash and cash equivalents with fiscal agents at December 31:

noor 31.		2014	2013
Demand Deposits	\$	908,582	\$ 983,632
Wells Fargo Advantage 100%			
Treasury Money Market Fund	• 10	263,947	517,659
Local Agency Investment Fund		138,744	138,415
Prime Fund Capital Reserves		25,644	30,055
Total Cash Equivalents		1,336,917	1,669,761
Restricted Cash		263,947	517,659
Cash and Cash Equivalent	\$	1,072,970	\$1,152,102

Demand Deposits

For purposes of classifying categories of credit risk, the demand deposits are covered by Federal deposit insurance up to \$250,000 with the remaining balance of \$658,582 collateralized by the pledging financial institution as required by section 53651 of the California Department of Business Oversight, Division of Financial Institutions Local Agency Security Law.

Cash Equivalents

District funds are on deposit with the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF), Wells Fargo Bank Advantage 100% Treasury Money Market Fund (WF) and Prime Fund Capital Reserves cash fund (Prime). LAIF is a special investment pool of the California State Treasury. Deposits with LAIF are invested consistent with the guidelines set forth under State of California Government Code Sections 16430 and 16480. Investment in the state treasurer's pool is highly liquid and may be withdrawn upon one day's notice. The state pools these funds with those of other local agencies in the state and invests the pooled funds. Investments in LAIF are not categorized as to credit risk because of their diverse nature. The District's investments in LAIF are stated at cost which approximates market.

WF and Prime are all cash management funds that seek to preserve the value of the investment at \$1 per share value. WF and Prime deposits are not insured nor guaranteed; however Prime deposits are covered under SPIC created by the Securities Investor Protection Act of 1970, an independent government sponsored corporation. SPIC membership provides account protection up to a maximum of \$500,000 per customer of which \$100,000 may be cash. The remaining balance of \$513,947 has credit risk.

Investments

The District does not have any policy regarding investments and therefore is subject to California Government Code Sections 53600-53609. Investing must meet the following three objectives: first to safeguard the principal, second to meet liquidity needs, and third to achieve a return on funds. At time of investment, the security term remaining to maturity cannot exceed five years. Investments can include the following: United States Treasury notes, bonds, bills, or those which the faith and credit of the United States are pledged for payment; California local agency bonds; Federal agency or United States government-sponsored enterprise obligations; negotiable certificates of deposit; corporate notes rated "A" or higher, and other specified securities.

The following is a summary of the District's investments in marketable securities at December 31:

	Fair Value					
		2014		2013	Credit Rating	
Corporate Bonds	\$	1,557,330	\$	1,811,997	A or above	
Certificates of Deposit		3,251,827		2,428,707	FD1C insured	
Certificates of Deposit		-		500,813	Collateralized	
California Municipal Bonds			_	254,308	AA -	
		4,809,157		4,995,825		
Restricted investments		250,000		500,813		
	\$	4,559,157	\$_	4,495,012		

Disclosures Relating to Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, an investment with a longer maturity has a greater sensitivity for its fair value to changes in market interest rates.

Disclosures Relating to Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. California Government Code requires a rating of "A" or higher.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The District has no investment policy for concentration of credit risk.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The California Government Code does not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits, other than the following provision for deposits: a financial institution shall secure deposits made by state or local government units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. Also, financial institutions are allowed to secure governmental agency deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits.

The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (e.g., broker-dealer) to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. With respect to investments, custodial credit risk generally applies only to direct investments in marketable securities. Custodial credit risk does not apply to a local government's indirect investments in securities through the use of mutual funds or government investment pools. The District's investments are in an account carried with National Financial Services LLC, Member NYSE, SIPC to mitigate custodial credit risk.

(3) Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable is comprised of the following at December 31:

	2014	<u>2013</u>
Standby	\$ 217,019	\$ 235,090
Water Sales	**	34,864
Liens	52,586	96,495
Interest	14,690	20,711
Other		11,960
	284,295	399,120
Allowance for Doubtful Accounts		
Accounts Receivable, net	\$ 284,295	\$ 399,120

(4) Capital Assets

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2014:

	Beginning Balances	Increases	<u>Decreases</u>	Ending <u>Balances</u>
Capital Assets, not being depreciated Land Perpetual Right to Water	\$ 159,347 7,076,835 7,236,182	\$ -	\$ - 	\$ 159,347 7,076,835 7,236,182
Capital Assets, being depreciated Source of Supply Pumping Plant Transmission & Distribution General Plant Total	19,704 321,109 6,836,593 1,123,641 8,301,047	12,656 12,656		19,704 321,109 6,836,593 1,136,297 , 8,313,703
Accumulated Depreciation	5,299,974	203,476		5,503,450
Capital Assets, depreciated, net	3,001,073	(190,820)		2,810,253
Capital Assets, net	\$10,237,255	\$ (190,820)	\$	\$ 10,046,435

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for the year ended December 31, 2013:

	Beginning Balances	<u>lncreases</u>	Decreases	Ending Balances
Capital Assets, not being depreciated Land Perpetual Right to Water	\$ 159,347	\$ - 	\$ -	\$ 159,347 7,076,835 7,236,182
Capital Assets, being depreciated Source of Supply Pumping Plant Transmission & Distribution General Plant Total	19,704 321,109 6,836,593 1,123,641 8,301,047			19,704 321,109 6,836,593 1,123,641 8,301,047
Accumulated Depreciation	5,079,297	220,677	-	5,299,974
Capital Assets, depreciated, net	3,221,750	(220,677)		3,001,073
Capital Assets, net	\$10,457,932	\$ (220,677)	<u>\$</u>	<u>\$ 10,237,255</u>

(5) <u>Investments in Joint Power Authorities</u>

Investments represent accumulated payments to joint power authorities for power projects. Total investments at December 31:

	<u>2014</u>	2013
Investment in Friant Power Authority	\$2,357,820	\$1,877,202
Investment in Upper San Joaquin River Water		
and Power Authority	29,108	29,108
Total	<u>\$2,386,928</u>	\$1,906,310

The District is a 15.25% member of the eight-member joint powers authority that formed Friant Power Authority (FPA) on October 23, 1979 for the purpose of constructing hydroelectric facilities at the Friant Dam. These facilities were completed and are fully functional, providing a return on this investment. Additional investment continues for the development of an additional hydroelectric facility at the base of the Friant Dam. This construction project is currently over one-third complete. Distributions of FPA earnings received included as non-operating revenue for the years ended December 31, 2014 and 2013 are \$61,628, and \$432,758 respectively.

The District investment in Upper San Joaquin River Water and Power Authority (a development stage enterprise) began with its joint powers authority formation in 1979 by twelve irrigation districts. Its purpose is the development of a hydroelectric power project on the Upper San Joaquin River. The current eleven irrigation district members each appoint one member to the governing board. This board met in 2001 deciding to remain a viable entity for future determination of feasibility for its intended development project.

Condensed financial information for investment in these joint power authorities are as follows at the respective June 30:

	Friant Power Authority			San Joaquin River & Power Authority
		2014		2011
Total Assets	\$	19,913,092	\$	1,693,090
Total Liabilities		251,986		1,974,265
Total Net Position	<u>\$</u>	19,661,106	<u>\$</u>	(281,175)
Total Revenues	\$	2,920,370	\$	•
Total Expenses		(1,635,142)		(1,200)
Total Non-operating Revenues		1,339		
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	\$	1,286,567	<u>\$</u>	(1,200)

The District's 15.25% interest in Friant Power Authority total net position per above is \$2,998,000.

(6) Restricted Assets

Under the Trust Agreement for the Revenue Certificates of Participation, Series 2010A, a reserve fund must be maintained to assure sufficient funds are available for semiannual payments according to the terms of the Certificates. Additionally, the District must pay proceeds from standby charges to the trustee on a monthly basis into a certificate payment fund until the amount is equal to the principal and interest with respect to the Certificates payable in the ensuing twelve months.

Restricted assets are comprised of the following at December 31:

	<u>2014</u>		2013
Reserve fund	\$ 510,440	\$	508,175
Certificate payment fund	 3,507		510,297
Total	\$ 513,947	\$1	,018,472

(7) Long-Term Debt

On November 1, 2010 the Lindmore Irrigation District Financing Corporation issued \$6,820,000 of revenue certificates of participation. The proceeds were used to acquire a permanent water right for the District from the United States of America, Bureau of Reclamation (USBR). The certificates bear interest at the rate of 2.0 to 5.0 percent per annum. Interest with respect to the certificates is payable on February 1 and August 1 of each year. The certificates are secured by District standby charge collections. At December 31, 2014 the outstanding principal balance is \$5,725,000.

The certificates mature through 2030 as follows:

Year Ending

June 30,	Principal	_Interest	Total
2015	\$ 270,000	\$ 236,888	\$ 506,888
2016	280,000	228,787	508,787
2017	290,000	220,388	510,388
2018	295,000	211,687	506,687
2019	305,000	202,838	507,838
2020-2024	1,700,000	856,762	2,542,562
2025-2029	2,100,000	429,200	2,543,400
2030	485,000	24,250	509,250
Total	5,725,000	\$2,410,800	\$8,135,800
Less current portion	270,000		
Long-term debt	\$5,455,000		

The changes in the District's long-term debt during the year consisted of the following:

	Jan 1, 2014			Dec 31, 2014
	<u>Balance</u>	<u>Additions</u>	Deductions	_Balance
Revenue Certificates of Participation	\$5,990,000	\$ -	\$ 265,000	\$5,725,000

(8) Commitments and Contingencies

Water Delivery Contract

The District signed, on November 17, 2010, a contract with USBR providing for project water service from Friant Division facilities. This permanent contract makes available for delivery to the District each year to purchase from the USBR up to 33,000 acre feet of Class I Water and up to 22,000 acre feet of Class 2 Water for irrigation and M & I purposes. These available allocations are subject to USBR determination of a possible Condition of Shortage.

Water Delivery Commitment

A water exchange agreement was signed on June 30, 2014 which provided \$455,000 of cash to the District as the purchase of future 6,500 acre feet of delivered water, including conveyance costs and other charges. Delivery commences in the first year when the U.S. Bureau of Reclamation's allocation of CVP Friant Division Class 1 Water exceeds 100%. The District will supply up to 3,250 acre feet of either CVP Friant Division Class 2 or Uncontrolled Season Water if available to the District. In successive years, the remaining 3,250 acre feet will be delivered from the same sources if available. All 6,500 acre feet must be delivered no later than September 30, 2026.

Settlement of NRDC v. Rogers, et al.

Settlement of this legal proceeding requires substantial commitment of water by all Friant Division Contractors to maintain flows sufficient to sustain a fishery in the Upper San Joaquin River. Prior to full implementation, significant channel and water control improvements are to be performed by federal and state governments.

Cash Commitment for Quinten Luallen Pumping Plant Construction

In September 2012, the District formally committed to cash participate in the construction of the Quinten Luallen Hydroelectric Power Plant based upon the District's 12.5% share of this Friant Power Authority project. Approximate total construction costs of \$22,000,000 have been determined as of December 31, 2014. The District's share is \$2,750,000 of which approximately \$1,769,000 remains committed for this project.

Economic Dependency

The USBR contract is the only source of water for the District.

(9) Joint Ventures (Joint Powers Agreements)

The District participates in three jointly governed organizations under joint powers agreements (JPA's): Friant Water Authority (FWA), Friant Power Authority (FPA), and Upper San Joaquin River Water and Power Authority (USJRW/PA). The relationship between the District and the JPA's is such that none of the JPA's is a component unit of the District for financial reporting purposes.

FWA was created January 19, 2004 for the purpose to negotiate an assignment of assets, liabilities, rights and obligations of the Friant Water Users Authority (FWUA) in the contract with the United States of America. With the transfer of all assets from FWUA on January 20, 2011, the FWA has been soley responsible for operating and maintaining specified project works of the Friant Division of the Central Valley Project, including, but not limited to, the Friant Dam, the Madera Canal and Friant-Kern Canal. Copies of the latest financial report for FWA may be obtained from FWA, 854 N. Harvard Ave., Lindsay CA 93247.

FPA was created October 23, 1979 for the purpose of constructing and operating hydroelectric facilities at the Friant Dam. Copies of the latest financial report for FPA may be obtained from Southern San Joaquin Municipal Utility District, Highway 99, Delano, CA, 93215

USJRW/PA was created June 18, 1979 for the purpose to develop, design, finance, acquire, construct, operate and maintain dams, reservoirs, tunnels, conduits and hydroelectric facilities in the west side of the San Joaquin drainage area above the Mammoth Pool Power Project in order to divert, store and distribute water for beneficial use, and to generate, transmit, consume and sell hydroelectric power. Copies of the latest financial report for USJRW/PA may be obtained from Terra Bella Irrigation District, 24790 Avenue 95, Terra Bella, CA 93270

Condensed financial information for these JPA's (in thousands) is as follows:

	FWA 9/30/13	FPA 6/30/14	USJRW/PA 6/30/11
Total Assets	\$ 8,620	\$ 19,913	\$ 1,693
Total Liabilities	4,642	252	1,974
Total Net Position	\$ 3,978	\$ 19,661	\$ (281)
Total Revenues	\$ 19,876	\$ 2,920	\$ -
Total Expenses	(19,834)	(1,635)	(1)
Total Non-Operating Revenues	11	2	
Increase (Decrease) in			
Net Position	\$ 53	\$_1,287	\$ (1)
Total payment to JPA			
during 2014	<u>\$ 709</u>	\$580	\$ -

(10) Pension Plan

The District has adopted a deferred compensation plan described in Internal Revenue Code Section 457 which covers all full-time employees. The District makes no contribution to the plan. Contributions are made by employees only on a voluntary basis. Total employee contributions in 2014 and 2013 were \$19,077 and \$23,449, respectively.

The District has adopted an employee pension plan under Internal Revenue Code Section 401(a) to provide for District required contributions of 8% of all employees' regular hour compensation. All employees designated as full-time regular are eligible and fully vested in this money-purchase plan that provides retirement benefits. Additionally, the District provides matching contributions of up to 4% from their regular hourly compensation that employees contribute into the above deferred compensation plan.

The information below provides a summary of records for the employee pension plan for the years ended December 31:

	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>
District contributions	\$ 53,665	\$ 57,395
Net increase in fair market value of investments	33,238 4,255	30,715 4,792
Interest income from participant loans Total Additions		92,902
Less administrative expenses	357	288
Net Increase	91,158	92,614
Net Assets Available for Plan Benefits		
Beginning of year	1,075,052	982,438
End of year	\$1,165,853	\$1,075,052

The District has appointed its general manager to be the trust administrator and Mass Mutual Retirement Services for the administration, investment management and recordkeeping of both plans.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

LINDMORE IRRIGATION DISTRICT BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE For The Year Ended December 31, 2014

		Adopted Budget		Actual	Variance Favorable (<u>Unfavorable</u>)
Operating Revenue Water sales	\$	2,343,330	\$	1,596,639	\$ (746,691)
Standby charges		640,000		634,370 130,14 <u>3</u>	(5,630) 5,143
Other revenue		125,000			(747,178)
Total Operating Revenue	_	3,108,330	_	2,361,152	(/4/,1/0)
Operating Expenses					
Source of supply		2,147,346		1,483,270	664,076
Pumping		79,500		48,910	30,590
Transmission and distribution		403,596		449,931	(46,635)
Administrative and general		678,649		681,250	(2,601)
Depreciation		244,500		203,476	41,024
Total Operating Expenses	_	3,553,291		2,866,837	686,454
Operating Income (Loss)		(444,961)	· _	(505,685)	(60,724)
Non-Operating Revenue					(7.40,070)
FPA revenue		825,000		61,628	(763,372)
Interest income		124,750		106,124	(18,626)
Investment gain (loss)		2,399		(38,700)	
Interest expense	_	(510,000)	_	(241,619)	
Total Non-Operating Revent	ie_	442,149	_	(112,567)	(554,716)
Change in Net Position	<u>\$</u>	(2,812)	<u>)</u>	(618,252)	\$ (615,440)
Net Position Beginning of Year				12,471,952	
Net Position End of Year			\$	11,853,700	

LINDMORE IRRIGATION DISTRICT BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE For The Year Ended December 31, 2013

	_	Adopted Budget		Actual]	Variance Favorable nfavorable)
Operating Revenue Water sales Standby charges Other revenue Total Operating Revenue	\$ 	2,026,395 640,000 133,500 2,799,895	\$	2,714,661 639,865 141,984 3,496,510	\$	688,266 (135) 8,484 696,615
Operating Expenses Source of supply Pumping Transmission and distribution Administrative and general Depreciation Total Operating Expenses		1,909,024 82,000 399,673 635,731 226,368 3,252,796		2,994,548 77,789 418,788 634,420 220,678 4,346,223	_	(1,085,524) 4,211 (19,115) 1,311 5,690 (1,093,427)
Operating Income (Loss)	_	(452,901)	! _	(849,713)	-	(396,812)
Non-Operating Revenue FPA revenue Interest income Investment gain (loss) Interest expense Total Non-Operating Revenue	_ ie	800,000 162,000 - (510,000) 452,000)	432,758 158,224 (114,937) (248,179) 227,866		(367,242) (3,776) (114,937) 261,821 (224,134)
Change in Net Position	\$	(901)	<u>)</u>	(621,847)) <u>;</u>	\$ (620,946)
Net Position Beginning of Year			_	13,093,799		
Net Position End of Year			<u>\$</u>	12,471,952		

LINDMORE IRRIGATION DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF ORGANIZATION STRUCTURE DECEMBER 31, 2014

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Division	Directors	<u>Office</u>	Term Expires
3	A. Leroy Spuhler	President	December, 2015
5	John A. Arnold	Vice President	December, 2015
1	Ronnie D. Adam	Director	December, 2017
2	Michael R. Brownfield	Director	December, 2017
4	David DePaoli	Director	December, 2017

General Manager/Secretary/Treasurer

Michael D. Hagman

Office Administrator/Assessor/Collector

Marvin Rowe