The purpose of this illustration is to consider various Astro-Archeological factors as well as Sacred Geometry pertaining to the 3 Altars Abraham commemorated in the Promised Land. This study suggests that perhaps based on such suppositions; some intriguing results emerge in terms of numbers, calculations and astonishment, the actual locality of Jesus' birthplace.

Thus, given the delineation of the 3 Altars of Abraham and those applied to the phi ratio proportions, the fulcrum of the phi ratio would occur in Bethlehem. Great, but where? Can it be pinpointed even further and even down to the square yard? Yes. The following is the suggested true location area of where the place was where Jesus entered the world. 31° 42'56.51" N 35° 12'20.97" E. It is to the north west section just outside the core of the city center.

This measurement is taken also from the center Manger Plaza as a reference point. Rather amazing is that from the Manger Plaza to this supposed site converted from miles would thus be 1260 yards. This same distance would be .72 miles. This same coefficient of 72 is the same angle as the Orion 3 Belt Stars, the Great Pyramids and the Temples of YHVH in the Temple Mount in Jerusalem.

© Composition and Some Graphics by Luis B. Vega
vegapost@hotmail.com
www.PostScripts.org
FOR ILLUSTRATION PURPOSES ONLY
The purpose of this illustration is to depict the phi ratio properties of the Promised Land, specifically the core territory of what is now modern Israel. Based on Sacred Geometry and mathematics, it would appear that Israel can be divided into two sections. The upper section, being the smaller portion, is delineated by the line demarcated at Jerusalem. The southern portion is terminated at the port city of Eilat. What is also noted is that the entirety of the nation can also be construed to that of the Sacred Rectangle dimensions. This is the 6 to 5 ratio that alludes to the cosmic principle of the macro to the micro or 'As Above, So Below' axiom of the esoteric. Some of the ley lines appear to correspond to key topographical points of interest. For example, the midpoint bisection line from north to south runs from Haifa to Eilat. There are several key cities that sit on the cross-sections, such as Tel Aviv with Nazareth for example. Lastly, the fulcrum of the phi ratio is at Shechem. Shechem appears to be the center demarcation in more ways than one. Gerizim is there in Shechem and denotes the center mountain, one of the seven in all of Israel that is likened to the Menorah pattern.