



**Jeanne Clery Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and
Campus Crime Statistics Act (Clery Act)**

Annual Security and Fire Safety Reports

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In 2013, the Violence Against Women Reauthorization Act amended the Clery Act to require institutions to compile statistics of incidents of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, and stalking.

Compass Career College is dedicated to providing a safe, secure and crime-free environment for students, faculty, staff and visitors. Many individuals and departments are involved in campus safety and security. This information can help keep you and others safe while on our campus.

At Compass Career College, we endeavor to consistently provide accurate information to our community regarding the safety of our campus. In furtherance of these efforts, we make our policies, procedures, and statistics available electronically on our consumer information page:

<http://www.compasscareercollege.net/consumer-information.html>

These documents are in .pdf format for easy printing and saving, in case you would like your own copy.



ANNUAL SECURITY AND FIRE SAFETY REPORT

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Procedures for Reporting Crimes and Other Emergencies

Students, faculty, staff members, and visitors are strongly encouraged to report any criminal activity, potential criminal action, or any other emergency by calling 911.

Non-emergency calls can be made to the Tangipahoa Parish Sheriff's Office 985-345-6150.

In the event an individual prefers to report a criminal offense to someone other than the police department, he/she has the option of reporting to the Director of the College, telephone 985-419-2050. An employee also has the option of reporting an incident to his/her supervisor. Administration will assist any individual in the reporting of a criminal offense.

Emergency Response and Evacuation Procedures

Compass Career College will immediately notify the campus community upon the confirmation of a significant emergency or dangerous situation involving an immediate threat to the health or safety of students or employees occurring on campus. This notification will involve one or more of the following delivery methods:

- Telephone Alerts – In the event of an emergency, CCC will also use the emergency contact number on file to send emergency voice messages. The emergency message activates a “telephone tree,” in which trained faculty and staff will share the information with others in their respective classes.

- Web alerts – The institutional website, www.compasscareercollege.net, allows for quick posting of emergency alerts and updates on the home page. This is the most reliable place to check to determine whether the campus is being closed for any emergency, including weather related closures.
- Indoor/Outdoor PA system – A public address system located in each building can be used to broadcast sirens or voice alerts. The system is loud enough to be heard throughout campus by individuals outdoors. If you hear the siren or horn, this means there is an emergency or serious incident occurring on campus. CCC will, without delay, and taking into account the safety of the community, determine the content of the notification and initiate one or more of the listed notification systems, unless the notification will, in the professional judgment of responsible authorities, compromise efforts to assist victims or to contain, respond to, or otherwise mitigate the emergency.

CCC reviews its emergency notification systems, emergency response, and evacuation procedures at least once each year. These procedures are publicly available in the policies and procedures section of the institution's website: www.compasscareercollege.net.

The Annual Security Report

On a yearly basis, the Compliance Officer, or a designee, reviews each on-campus incident report, along with a report of incidents from the Tangipahoa Sheriff's Office, and records each case meeting the definitions of the Uniform Crime Report (UCR) that is within the geographical area mandated to be reported.

Crimes to be reported include (according to the definition set forth by the Federal Bureau of Investigation's Uniform Crime Report): Arson, Aggravated Assault, Burglary, Homicide (including non-negligent manslaughter), Negligent Manslaughter, Motor Vehicle Theft, Robbery, and Sexual Assault (Forcible and Non-Forcible). In addition, the number of arrests and referrals to the Director of the College for disciplinary action is recorded for violations of drug, liquor, and weapon laws. Also, any of these offenses and larceny-thefts, simple assaults, intimidation, and vandalism which were reported as hate crimes are separately identified. In 2013, the Violence Against Women Reauthorization Act amended the Clery Act to require institutions to compile statistics of incidents of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, and stalking.

Crimes are reported as having occurred in one of four categories: (1) On-Campus, (2) Residential Life Facilities, (3) Public Area, and (4) Non-Campus Properties:

1. On-Campus is defined as any building or property owned or controlled by CCC which is within the same reasonably contiguous geographic area of the institution and used by the institution in direct support of, or in a manner related to, the institution's educational purposes and property within the same reasonably contiguous geographic area of the institution but controlled by another person which is used by students and supports institutional purposes (such as food or other retail vendors).
2. Residential Life Facility is defined as any building that houses students such as residence halls and residential apartment complexes. CCC does not own or operate residential life facilities.
3. Public Area is defined as any public property that is within the same reasonably contiguous geographic area of the institution, such as a sidewalk, a street, other thoroughfare, or parking facility, and/or is adjacent to a facility owned or controlled by

the institution if the facility is used by the institution in direct support of, or in a manner related to, the institution's educational purposes.

4. Non-Campus Property is defined as any building or property owned or controlled by a student organization recognized by the institution and any building or property (other than a branch campus) owned or controlled by an institution of higher education that is used in direct support of, or in relation to, the institution's educational purposes, is used by students and is not within the same reasonably contiguous geographic area of the institution. CCC does not own or operate any non-campus property.

Compass Career College does not have Residential Life Facilities or other Non-Campus Properties. There is no data (historical or present) to enter into these two reporting categories. As such, the data fields representing Residential Life Facilities or other Non-Campus Properties are omitted from the Crime Statistics Reporting Tables.

Crime Log

Compass Career College maintains a crime log on which is recorded each criminal offense, traffic violation, and non-criminal incident reported to the institution. The Tangipahoa Parish Sheriff's office is contacted for any/all criminal offenses and traffic violations.

Timely Notice

CCC will publish, in a timely manner without undue delay, a "Community Awareness Bulletin" or similar notice to alert the campus community of crimes or other emergencies which:

- Occur on or near the campus;
- Are included in the list of crimes covered by the Clery Act;
- Are reported to the institution as identified under the institution statement of current campus policies; and
- Are considered to represent an ongoing threat to the safety of students and employees.

Security of and Access to Campus Facilities

Compass Career College is a private institution. As such, we have a limited access campus with few city streets offering access onto the campus. Administrative facilities and the Cosmetology Salon are open to the public during normal business hours. Only selected members of the faculty and staff are allowed to enter locked buildings when the institution is closed.

Students are encouraged to take an active role in campus safety by reporting all unusual occurrences and/or suspicious persons to the appropriate authorities and not leaving doors propped open or unlocked. Visitors and guests must check-in with Student Services and obtain a visitor's pass. Students are held accountable for their guests' actions and conduct.

Maintenance of Campus Facilities

Compass Career College's Maintenance person helps keep the buildings and grounds safe and secure. The Director of the College or a designated representative inspects campus facilities regularly, promptly notifies the appropriate authority for repairs affecting safety and security, and responds to reports of potential safety and security hazards such as broken windows and locks. Students, faculty, staff, and visitors may also report any safety or security hazards by calling 985-419-2050.

Working Relationship with State and Local Police Agencies

Compass Career College enjoys positive working relationships with the Tangipahoa Parish Sheriff's Office, Hammond City Police Department, Louisiana State Police, and 21st Judicial District Attorney's Office. The Compliance Officer serves as a liaison with these law enforcement agencies to ensure the monitoring and recording of criminal activity which may involve students at off-campus locations. Each year, the Compliance Officer or a designee contacts the Chief, Sheriff, or other Director of these agencies asking for statistical information regarding crimes or emergencies reported that occurred within the geographical area mandated to be reported. Local law enforcement agencies periodically provide personal safety awareness and self-defense training to our faculty, staff, and student population.

Pastoral and Professional Counselors

Compass Career College will assist students, faculty, and staff in obtaining pastoral and/or professional counseling. Anyone counseled as a result of a crime may (on a voluntary basis) report the crime to local authorities. Administration will assist any individual in the reporting of a crime.

Educational Programming

Compass Career College invites area agencies to conduct seminars and workshops for all students, faculty, and staff throughout the academic year. Awareness and prevention programs offered include, but are not limited to, the following topics: Sexual Assault, Stalking, Relationship Violence, Personal Safety/Self-Defense, Drugs/Alcohol, and General Crime Prevention. These presentations center on crime awareness and prevention, campus security policies and procedures, and how to contact the authorities for any assistance needed.

Information concerning crime prevention and awareness is also made available through crime alert and community awareness bulletins; crime prevention posters and brochures; and/or Faculty/Staff e-mail alerts.

Monitoring and Recording Student Off-Campus Criminal Activity

Upon notification by a local police department of a crime or crimes involving students at off-campus locations, a designee contacts the local agency and establishes protocol for exchange of information. The crime or crimes will be reflected in CCC's annual disclosure of crime statistics if the incident fits the requirements for reporting under the Clery Act.

Compass Career College Drug and Alcohol Policy

Compass Career College strives to provide a safe, productive, healthy and supportive environment for students, faculty, staff, and guests. Recognizing that the abuse of alcohol and other drug use is a major societal concern and health problem, CCC sets forth policies to guide community members in making knowledgeable choices which foster ethical, healthy, and responsible lifetime behaviors.

Compass Career College maintains policies regarding the possession, use, consumption, and sale of alcoholic beverages on campus. These policies include enforcement of State alcohol control laws, including underage drinking and open containers, and outline sanctions which may be levied through the Student Code of Conduct for violations of these policies.

Compass Career College maintains policies regarding the possession, use, consumption, and sale of controlled dangerous substances (drugs) on campus. These policies include enforcement of

State and Federal controlled dangerous substance laws and outline sanctions which may be levied through the Student Code of Conduct for violations of these policies.

The entire policy is available at the following URL:

<http://www.compasscareercollege.net/policies-and-procedures.html>

Drug and Alcohol Abuse Education Programs

Compass Career College maintains policies regarding the availability of prevention, intervention, education, mental health counseling, and rehabilitation programs for students and employees. These policies can be found in the institution's website and in the general catalog. When appropriate, individuals may be referred to off-campus counselors and/or chemical dependency treatment centers.

Violence Against Women Policies, Procedures, and Programs

Domestic violence, dating violence, stalking, and sexual assault are prohibited at Compass Career College.

Domestic violence (called "Family violence" under Louisiana's "Protection from Family Violence Act") is defined as: "any assault, battery, or other physical abuse which occurs between family or household members, who reside together or who formerly resided together."

Dating violence (under Louisiana's "Protection from Dating Violence Act") is defined as: "physical or sexual abuse and any offense against the person as defined in the Criminal Code of Louisiana, except negligent injury and defamation, committed by one dating partner against the other."

Stalking is defined as: "the intentional and repeated following or harassing of another person that would cause a reasonable person to feel alarmed or to suffer emotional distress. Stalking shall include but not be limited to the intentional and repeated uninvited presence of the perpetrator at another person's home, workplace, school, or any place which would cause a reasonable person to be alarmed, or to suffer emotional distress as a result of verbal or behaviorally implied threats of death, bodily injury, sexual assault, kidnapping, or any other statutory criminal act to himself or any member of his family or any person with whom he is acquainted."

Sexual Assault includes the following:

Rape, defined as: "the act of anal, oral, or vaginal sexual intercourse with a male or female person committed without the person's lawful consent."

Sexual battery, defined as: "the intentional touching of the anus or genitals of the victim by the offender using any instrumentality or any part of the body of the offender, or the touching of the anus or genitals of the offender by the victim using any instrumentality or any part of the body of the victim, when any of the following occur:

1. The offender acts without the consent of the victim.
2. The act is consensual but the other person, who is not the spouse of the offender, has not yet attained fifteen years of age and is at least three years younger than the offender.
3. The offender is seventeen years of age or older and any of the following exist:
 - a. The act is without consent of the victim, and the victim is prevented from resisting the act because either of the following conditions exist:
 - i. The victim has paraplegia, quadriplegia, or is otherwise physically incapable of preventing the act due to a physical disability.

- ii. The victim is incapable, through unsoundness of mind, of understanding the nature of the act, and the offender knew or should have known of the victim's incapacity.
- b. The act is without consent of the victim, and the victim is sixty-five years of age or older.

A sexual assault is determined to be without lawful consent if it is committed under any one or more of the following circumstances:

1. Any involved party has not consented to the act (Resistance is not necessary to prove lack of consent;
2. Any involved party is incapable of resisting or of understanding the nature of the act by reason of a stupor or abnormal condition of mind produced by an intoxicating agent or any cause;
3. Any involved party, through unsoundness of mind, is temporarily or permanently incapable of understanding the nature of the act;
4. A female victim submits under the belief that the person committing the act is her husband and such belief is intentionally induced by any artifice, pretense, or concealment practiced by the offender;
5. Any involved party is prevented from resisting the act by force or threats of physical violence under circumstances where the party reasonably believes that such resistance would not prevent the assault, such as the presence of a weapon;
6. Any involved party resists the act to the utmost, but whose resistance is overcome by force;
7. Any involved party has not yet attained fifteen years of age and is at least three years younger than any other involved party (except for parties legally married to each other.)

Anyone witnessing an act of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking should take safe, positive action to prevent harm or otherwise intervene. Examples of safe, positive action include, but are not limited to contacting the police (such reports may be made confidentially) and assisting the victim to a safe location away from the harmful person or event. Because situations vary from one incident to the next, no comprehensive list of actions can be provided, but bystanders are encouraged to act in a manner which is not likely to escalate a situation or bring harm upon the bystander.

Signs of abusive and unhealthy situations include, but are not limited to, aggressive shouting, physical strikes, repeated or continuous unwanted following and calling, threatening gestures, spreading rumors, verbal threats, pushing or shoving, financial and emotional controls, and belittling a person's actions or appearance.

Education Programs to Promote Awareness of Sexual Assault and Other Violent Offenses

Programs promoting awareness about domestic violence, dating violence, stalking, stranger and non-stranger sexual assault, stalking, and other violent offenses are offered by the Tangipahoa Parish Sheriff's Office and/or the City of Hammond Police Department. Programs include awareness of risks and myths regarding sexual assault, risk-reduction strategies for individuals, information regarding local resources and responses to reports, and self-defense programs.

If You or Someone You Know is Sexually Assaulted

As soon as possible following an incident, the victim is encouraged to call 911. Anyone reporting a crime of this sort is welcome to request a specific gender or otherwise specify an individual officer to take the report. It is important that the victim not shower, bathe or change clothes. If this occurs, important physical evidence may be lost. If the victim must change clothes, the soiled clothing should be placed in a paper bag, NOT a plastic bag. The victim also should not brush teeth or use the restroom. Even if the victim is unsure of whether or not they will pursue the prosecution of the offender, a voluntary medical exam may be conducted. The hospital where the exam is performed may keep the results for up to 30 days and may also check for injuries, disease, and/or pregnancy.

Reporting to the authorities helps:

1. Protect the victim and others from future victimization;
2. Apprehend the assailant; and/or
3. Maintain future options regarding criminal prosecution, disciplinary action and/or civil action against the perpetrator.

When the victim reports an incident, a police officer will take a statement. The victim will be asked:

- A. To identify or describe the assailant(s);
- B. About the scene of the crime;
- C. To identify witnesses; and
- D. About what happened before and after the incident.

Reporting an incident and choosing to prosecute are separate steps. When the victim files a police report, they are not obligated to continue with legal proceedings or disciplinary action. Administration will assist any victim in reporting any sexual assault to any external law enforcement agency.

Off Campus Sexual Assault Victim Services

Referrals to area professional and health services providers remain confidential.

- The Office of the District Attorney, 21st Judicial District maintains a Victim's Assistance Program. Any victim of sexual assault is encouraged to call the toll-free 24-hour Rape Crisis Hotline at 1-877-748-6882. This is an anonymous call.
- Rape, Abuse, and Incest National Network (RAINN) maintains a national hotline for Rape Crisis at 1-800-656-HOPE (4673). Any victim of sexual assault may also call this toll-free, 24-hour hotline. This is a confidential service.

Changing Academic Classes

Victims of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, and/or stalking are entitled to changes in academic situations if these changes are reasonably available. To request such changes, the victim must contact the Director of the College at 985-419-2050. The victim will be referred to the appropriate individuals to discuss such changes in a confidential manner.

Disciplinary Procedures for Alleged Sex Offenses

Any member of the institutional community may file a complaint under the Student Code of Conduct against any student for domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, stalking, or other misconduct. Compass Career College is obligated to refer complaints regarding violence or sexual offenses to the Tangipahoa Parish Sheriff's Office.

Complaints shall be prepared in writing and directed to the Compliance Officer (985-419-2050). Detailed grievance procedures and regulations are listed in the Catalog and Student Handbook. Following the final decision of the administrative investigation, the involved person(s) will be informed of the determination and recommended sanctions, if any.

Sanctions

Students found in violation of CCC's Student Code of Conduct related to domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, stalking, and other forms of violence are subject to the full range of disciplinary sanctions outlined in the Student Handbook. CCC is obligated to turn these cases over to the Tangipahoa Parish Sheriff's Office where additional civil and/or criminal proceedings may occur.

The following sanctions, individually or in combination, may be imposed upon any student found to have violated the Student Code of Conduct:

- Verbal warning
- Written warning
- Suspension
- Dismissal
- Permanent Dismissal

Missing Student Notification

It is the policy of Compass Career College to ensure that every reasonable effort is made to assist in the location of missing persons. Students, faculty, staff members, family members of students, and others are strongly encouraged to report any student who has been missing for 24 hours or more by calling 911. The parent or guardian of any student who is less than 18 years of age and not emancipated and is reported missing will be notified.

If the situation meets the criteria set forth by the National Crime Information Center (NCIC), the person's name and identifying information will be entered into the NCIC computer system by the Tangipahoa Parish Sheriff's Office.

Database of Registered Sex Offenders in Louisiana

The Louisiana State Police (LSP) is responsible for maintaining a database of registered sex offenders in Louisiana. The Louisiana State Police maintains a web page with links to the various Sheriff's Department registries at the URL titled Louisiana State Police - State Sex Offender and Child Predator Registry: <http://www.lsp.org/socpr/default.html>.

After accessing the website, select "begin search for offenders" and agree to the terms and conditions of use. Access the "search for offenders" link and enter the physical location(s) of our campus : 42353 Deluxe Plaza, 42368 Deluxe Plaza, 42383 Phyllis Ann Dr., Hammond, LA 70403.

FIRE SAFETY REPORT

For the purposes of fire safety reporting, a fire is “any instance of open flame or other burning in a place not intended to contain the burning or in an uncontrolled manner.” Any person becoming aware of a fire on campus should immediately contact the Fire Department by calling 911 and sound the relevant alarm.

Each on-campus facility is equipped with an automated alarm system with lighted strobes and an audible siren. The fire alarms are monitored on a 24 hour basis by administrative personnel and contracted security company.

Administration conducts at least two fire drills annually: one announced and one unannounced. Smoking is only permitted in designated areas. Evacuation plans are posted in each classroom and evacuation routes are posted in every building. When an alarm sounds or when an order to evacuate is given through other means, all persons in the building are expected to evacuate immediately. Designated faculty and/or staff members will check each building to ensure all persons have exited. Annually, CCC circulates information to all employees with information about fire drills and how to evacuate buildings safely.

Fire Log

Compass Career College maintains a fire log on which is recorded each instance of fire on campus including:

- The nature of the fire;
- The date the fire occurred;
- The time of day the fire occurred;
- The general location of the fire.
- The log is updated within two business days of any reported fire occurrence and is available for public viewing during regular business hours.

No fires occurred in the reporting period. There are no entries for the previous two reporting years.

Crime Log

Compass Career College maintains a crime log on which is recorded each instance of Clery Act criminal offense on campus. The information contained in the Crime Log is combined with information obtained from the Tangipahoa Sheriff’s Office regarding criminal offenses that occur on public property adjacent to the institution or accessible from the institution. Crime statistics are reported to the Department of Education through the Annual Security Report. A summary of this year’s report appears in the following table.

Crime Statistics Reporting Definitions

Murder and Non-negligent Manslaughter: the willful (non-negligent) killing of one human being by another.

Negligent Manslaughter: the killing of another person through gross negligence.

Sex Offenses:

Forcible: Any sexual act directed against another person, forcibly and/or against that person's will; or not forcibly or against the person's will where the victim is incapable of giving consent.

Forcible Rape: The carnal knowledge of a person, forcibly and/or against that person's will; or not forcibly or against the person's will where the victim is incapable of giving consent because of his/her temporary or permanent mental or physical incapacity (or because of his/her youth).

Forcible Sodomy: Oral or anal sexual intercourse with another person, forcibly and/or against that person's will; or not forcibly against the person's will where the victim is incapable of giving consent because of his/her youth or because of his/her temporary or permanent mental or physical incapacity.

Sexual Assault with an Object: The use of an object or instrument to unlawfully penetrate, however slightly, the genital or anal opening of the body of another person, forcibly and/or against that person's will; or not forcibly or against the person's will where the victim is incapable of giving consent because of his/her youth or because of his/her temporary or permanent mental or physical incapacity.

Forcible Fondling: The touching of the private body parts of another person for the purpose of sexual gratification, forcibly and/or against that person's will; or, not forcibly or against the person's will where the victim is incapable of giving consent because of his/her youth or because of his/her temporary or permanent mental incapacity.

Sex Offenses:

Non-Forcible: Unlawful, non-forcible sexual intercourse. Includes only incest and statutory rape.

Incest: Non-forcible sexual intercourse between persons who are related to each other within the degrees wherein marriage is prohibited by law.

Statutory Rape: Non-forcible sexual intercourse with a person who is under the statutory age of consent.

Dating Violence: is violence committed by a person who is or has been in a relationship of romantic or intimate nature. The existence of such a relationship shall be determined based on the following factors: (1) length of the relationship, (2) type of relationship, and (3) the frequency of interactions.

Domestic Violence: includes felony or misdemeanor crimes of violence by a current or former spouse of the victim, by a person with whom the victim shares a child in common, by a person who is cohabitating with or has cohabitated with the victim as a spouse, by a person similarly situated to a spouse of the victim under the domestic and family laws of the State of Louisiana.

Stalking: means engaging in conduct directed at a specific person that would cause a reasonable person to fear his or her safety or the safety of others or suffer substantial emotional distress.

Robbery: The taking or attempting to take anything of value from the care, custody, or control of a person or persons by force or threat of force or violence and/or by putting the victim in fear.

Aggravated Assault: An unlawful attack by one person upon another for the purpose of inflicting severe or aggravated bodily injury. This type of assault usually is accompanied by the use of a weapon or by a means likely to produce death or great bodily harm. (It is not necessary that injury result from an aggravated assault when a gun, knife, or other weapon is used that could and probably would result in serious personal injury if the crime were successfully completed.)

Burglary: The unlawful entry of a structure to commit a felony or theft. For reporting purposes this definition includes: unlawful entry with intent to commit a larceny or felony, breaking and entering with intent to commit a larceny, housebreaking, safecracking, and all attempts to commit any of the aforementioned acts.

Motor Vehicle Theft: The theft or attempted theft of a motor vehicle. (Classify as motor vehicle theft all cases where automobiles are taken by persons not having lawful access even though the vehicles are later abandoned, including joyriding.)

Arson: Any willful or malicious burning or attempt to burn, with or without intent to defraud, a dwelling house, public building, motor vehicle or aircraft, personal property of another, etc.

Hate Crime: Any of the aforementioned offenses (except for negligent manslaughter), and any other crime involving bodily injury, reported to local police agencies or to a campus security authority that manifests evidence that the victim was intentionally selected because of the perpetrator's bias.

Race: A preformed negative attitude toward a group of persons who possess common physical characteristics.

Gender: A preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a group of persons because those persons are male or female.

Religion: A preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a group of persons who share the same religious beliefs regarding the origin and purpose of the universe and the existence or nonexistence of a supreme being.

Sexual Orientation: A preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a group of persons based on their sexual attraction toward, and responsiveness to, members of their own sex or members of the opposite sex.

Ethnicity/National Origin: A preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a group of persons of the same race or national origin who share common or similar traits, languages, customs and traditions.

Disability: A preformed negative opinion or attitude toward a group of persons based on their physical or mental impairments/challenges, whether such disability is temporary or permanent, congenital or acquired by heredity, accident, injury, advanced aged or illness.

Weapon Law Violations: The violation of laws or ordinances dealing with weapon offenses, regulatory in nature, such as: manufacture, sale, or possession of deadly weapons; carrying deadly weapons, concealed or openly; furnishing deadly weapons to minors; aliens possessing deadly weapons; and all attempts to commit any of the aforementioned acts.

Drug Abuse Violations: Violations of state and local laws relating to the unlawful possession, sale, use, growing, manufacturing, and making of narcotic drugs. The relevant substances include: opium or cocaine and their derivatives (morphine, heroin, codeine); marijuana; synthetic narcotics (Demerol, methadone); and dangerous non-narcotic drugs (enzedrines, enzedrine).

Liquor Law Violations: The violation of laws or ordinances prohibiting: the manufacture, sale, transporting, furnishing, possessing of intoxicating liquor; maintaining unlawful drinking places; bootlegging; operating a still; furnishing liquor to a minor or intemperate person; using a vehicle for illegal transportation of liquor; drinking on a train or public conveyance; and all attempts to commit any of the aforementioned activities (Public Intoxication and driving under the influence are not included in this definition).

Additional Hate Crime Definitions

In addition to any of the crimes above, the following acts are now reportable as Hate Crimes, when motivated by prejudice on account of race, gender, religion, sexual orientation, ethnicity, or disability.

Larceny/Theft: The unlawful taking, carrying, leading, or riding away of property from the possession or constructive possession of another.

Simple Assault: An unlawful physical attack by one person upon another where neither the offender displays a weapon, nor the victim suffers obvious severe or aggravated bodily injury involving apparent broken bones, loss of teeth, possible internal injury, severe laceration, or loss of consciousness.

Intimidation: To unlawfully place another person in reasonable fear of bodily harm through the use of threatening words and/or other conduct, but without displaying a weapon or subjecting the victim to actual physical attack.

Destruction/Damage/Vandalism of Property (Except "Arson"): To willfully or maliciously damage, deface, or otherwise injure real or personal property without the consent of the owner or the person having custody or control of it.

Reportable Geographic Areas

On-Campus: any building or property owned or controlled by an institution within the same reasonably contiguous geographic area and used by the institution in direct support of, or in a manner related to, the institution's educational purposes.

Public Property: all public property, including thoroughfares, streets, sidewalks, and parking facilities, that is within the campus, or immediately adjacent to and accessible from the campus.

Crime Statistics Reporting Table

Offense	Year	On Campus Property	Public Property	Reported as Hate Crimes	
				On Campus Property	Public Property
MURDER / NON-NEGLIGENT MANSLAUGHTER	2014	0	0	0	0
	2013	0	0	0	0
	2012	0	0	0	0
	2011	0	0	0	0
NEGLIGENT MANSLAUGHTER	2014	0	0	0	0
	2013	0	0	0	0
	2012	0	0	0	0
	2011	0	0	0	0
SEX OFFENSES, FORCIBLE	2014	0	1	0	0
	2013	0	0	0	0
	2012	0	0	0	0
	2011	0	0	0	0
SEX OFFENSES, NON- FORCIBLE	2014	0	0	0	0
	2013	0	0	0	0
	2012	0	0	0	0
	2011	0	0	0	0
ROBBERY	2014	0	0	0	0
	2013	0	0	0	0
	2012	0	1	0	0
	2011	0	1	0	0
AGGRAVATED ASSAULT	2014	0	0	0	0
	2013	0	0	0	0
	2012	0	1	0	0
	2011	1	3	0	0
BURGLARY	2014	0	0	0	0
	2013	0	0*	0	0
	2012	0	0	0	0
	2011	0	0	0	0

*This report was amended based on instructions regarding the Clery Act definition of public property. Statistics for public property should not include burglaries that occur in private residences or business. However, in the 2013 reporting year, the Tangipahoa Parish Sheriff's office reported a burglary from a private residence in the geographic area of Compass Career College.

Crime Statistics Reporting Table Continued

Offense	Year	On Campus Property	Public Property	Reported as Hate Crimes	
				On Campus Property	Public Property
MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT	2014	0	3	0	0
	2013	0	2	0	0
	2012	0	0	0	0
	2011	0	0	0	0
ARSON	2014	0	0	0	0
	2013	0	0	0	0
	2012	0	0	0	0
	2011	0	0	0	0
ARRESTS: WEAPONS: CARRYING, POSSESSING, ETC.	2014	0	0	0	0
	2013	0	0	0	0
	2012	0	2	0	0
	2011	0	9	0	0
DISCIPLINARY REFERRALS: WEAPONS: CARRYING, POSSESSING, ETC.	2014	0	0	0	0
	2013	0	0	0	0
	2012	0	0	0	0
	2011	0	0	0	0
ARRESTS: DRUG ABUSE VIOLATIONS	2014	0	0	0	0
	2013	0	0	0	0
	2012	0	1	0	0
	2011	0	1	0	0
DISCIPLINARY REFERRALS: DRUG ABUSE VIOLATIONS	2014	0	0	0	0
	2013	0	0	0	0
	2012	0	0	0	0
	2011	1*	0	0	0
ARRESTS: LIQUOR LAW VIOLATIONS	2014	0	0	0	0
	2013	0	0	0	0
	2012	0	0	0	0
	2011	0	0	0	0
DISCIPLINARY REFERRALS: LIQUOR LAW VIOLATIONS	2014	0	0	0	0
	2013	0	0	0	0
	2012	0	0	0	0
	2011	0	0	0	0

*Disciplinary action for violation of campus policy.

Additional Hate Crime Statistics Reporting Table

Offense	Year	Reported as Hate Crimes	
		On Campus Property	Public Property
LARCENY / THEFT	2014	0	0
	2013	0	0
	2012	0	0
	2011	0	0
SIMPLE ASSAULT	2014	0	0
	2013	0	0
	2012	0	0
	2011	0	0
INTIMIDATION	2014	0	0
	2013	0	0
	2012	0	0
	2011	0	0
DESTRUCTION / DAMAGE / VANDALISM OF PROPERTY (EXCEPT ARSON)	2014	0	0
	2013	0	0
	2012	0	0
	2011	0	0

Violence Against Women Statistics Reporting Table

Offense	Year	On Campus Property	Public Property	Reported as Hate Crimes	
				On Campus Property	Public Property
DATING VIOLENCE	2014	0	0	0	0
	2013	0	0	0	0
	2012	NR	NR	0	0
	2011	NR	NR	0	0
DOMESTIC VIOLENCE	2014	0	1	0	0
	2013	0	2	0	0
	2012	NR	NR	0	0
	2011	NR	NR	0	0
SEXUAL ASSAULT	2014	0	1	0	0
	2013	0	0	0	0
	2012	NR	NR	0	0
	2011	NR	NR	0	0
STALKING	2014	0	0	0	0
	2013	0	0	0	0
	2012	NR	NR	0	0
	2011	NR	NR	0	0