

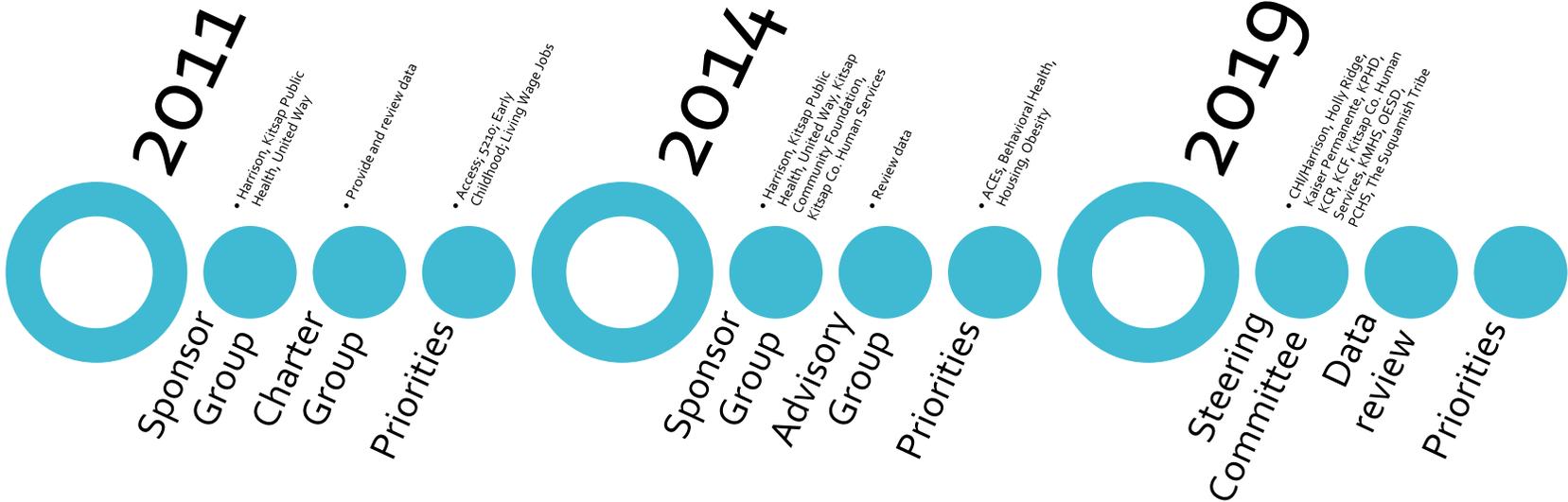
KCHP Purpose and Goals

Kitsap Community Health Priorities (KCHP) brings diverse community sectors together in a collaborative process to improve community health in Kitsap County.

GOALS

- Improve health and well-being status and opportunities for all
- Improve collaboration and planning among community agencies
- Increase public awareness of and engagement around improving health and well-being
- Increase access to and use of data

KCHP History



2019 Assessment

Elements and Timeline

- *Collect and analyze quantitative and qualitative data
- *Develop 3 data reports
- *Apply criteria to prioritize issues

Steering Committee



Online Community Survey



Community Input Questions



Key Informant Interviews



Quantitative Indicators



Presentations



Methods: Community Survey

- Hosted online through SurveyMonkey
- Dissemination via:
 - Email networks
 - KPHD website
 - Facebook
 - Instagram
 - Twitter
 - Kitsap County GovDelivery
- Responses collected:
9/8/2019 - 9/30/2019
- Total Number of Respondents (n) = 1,1173



Kitsap Public Health District
Published by Tad Sooter [?] · September 9 · 🌐

What can we do to improve the health of our community? You can help set health priorities for Kitsap County by completing this survey: <https://bit.ly/2m94cT3>

Results from the Kitsap Community Health Priorities survey will be combined with local health data to identify areas of need that can be addressed by work groups. Please take a few moments participate and share this post with your friends and family!

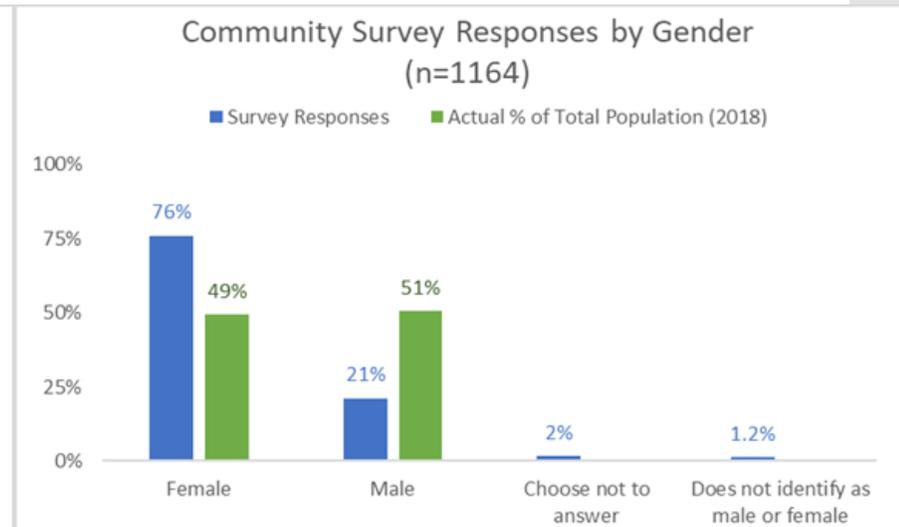
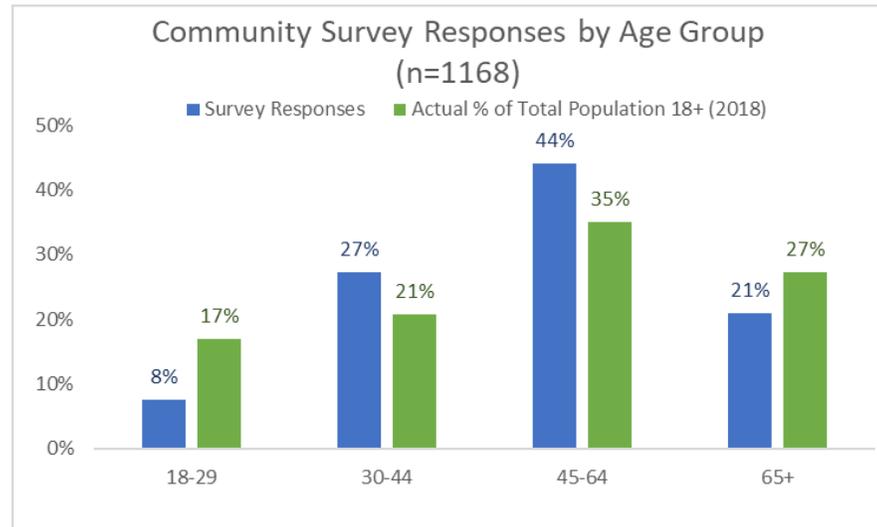
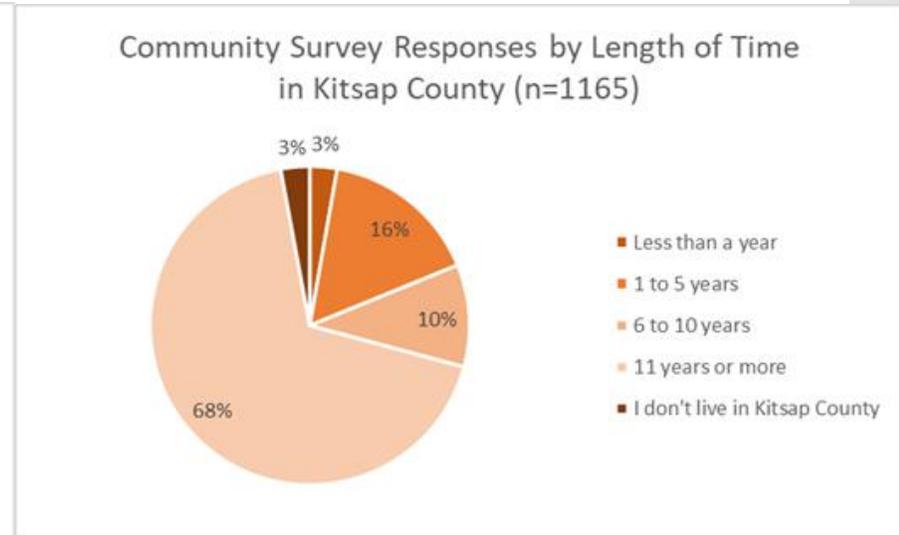
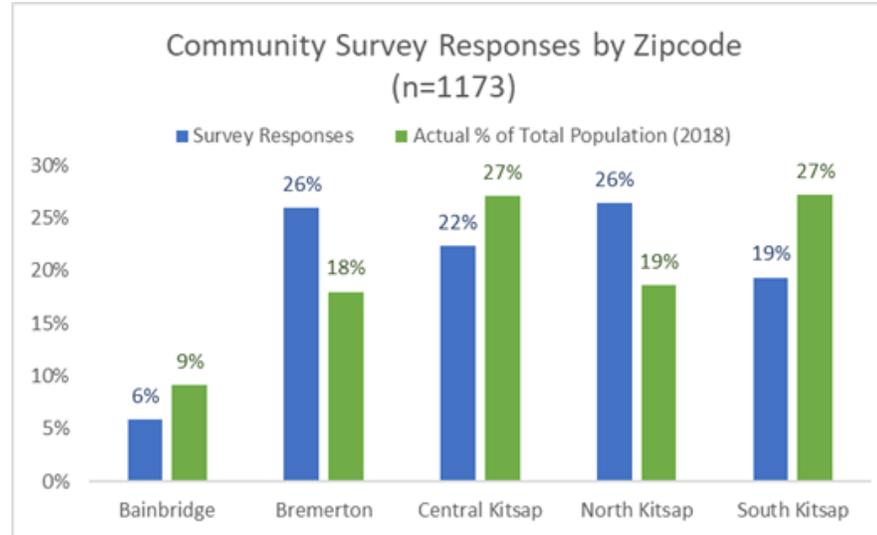
Kitsap County - Government Suquamish Tribe Port Gamble S'Klallams United Way of Kitsap County CHI Franciscan Peninsula Community Health Services (PCHS) Kaiser Permanente Washington Kitsap Community Foundation Kitsap Community Resources (KCR)

**KITSAP
COMMUNITY
HEALTH
PRIORITIES
ASSESSMENT**

Help guide Kitsap to a healthier future! Take the survey at [KitsapPublicHealth.org](https://www.kitsappublichealth.org)

The image shows a family of three (a woman, a man, and a young child) riding bicycles on a paved path outdoors. The woman is in the foreground, wearing a light blue shirt and white shorts. The man is behind her, wearing a pink shirt and blue shorts. The child is in the foreground, wearing a colorful striped shirt and a helmet. The background is a blurred green landscape with trees.

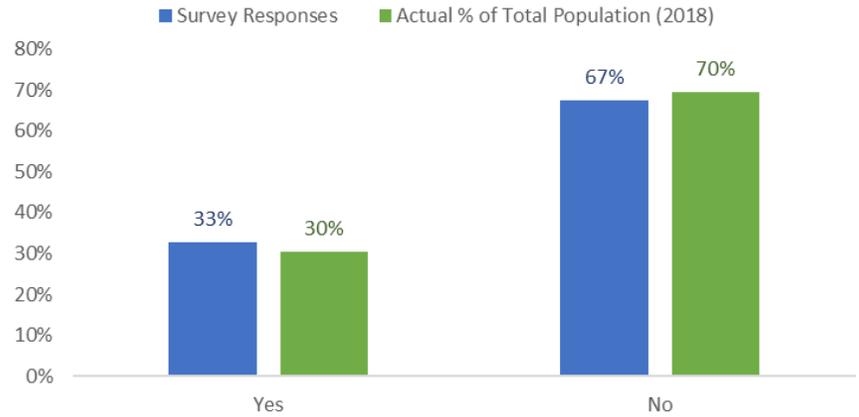
Community Survey Population Demographics



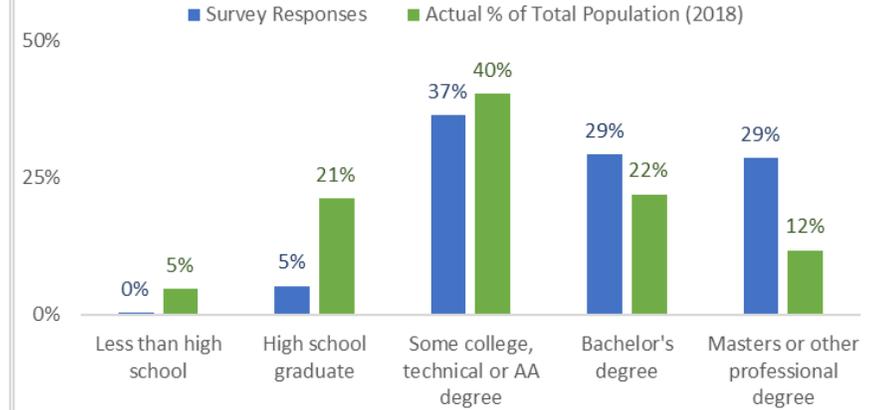
*No demographic data was captured for the Community Voice

Community Survey Population Demographics (cont.)

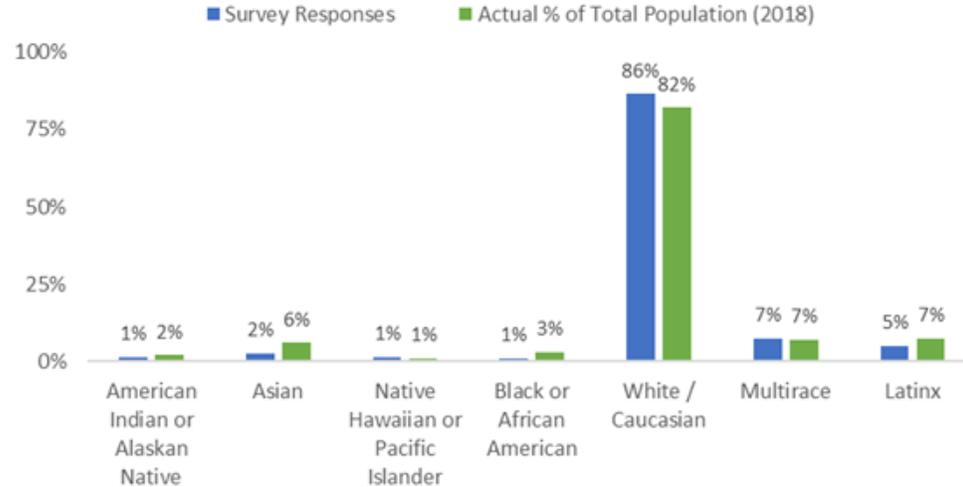
Community Survey Responses by Households with Children Under Age 18 (n=1167)



Community Survey Responses by Education Level (n=1167)



Community Survey Responses by Race/Ethnicity (n=1107)



Methods: Community Input

Key Informant Interviews

- Purposeful selection of interview participants by KCHP Steering Committee
 - Behavioral health, schools and youth, healthcare, veterans, human rights, social services, aging, law enforcement, and public health
- 12 key informants identified:
 - 7 completed via email
 - 3 completed over the phone
 - 2 did not participate
- Conducted in September and October 2019

Total Number of
Respondents (n) = 10



Methods: Community Input

- Convenience + Snowball sample
 - Community Partnerships for distribution
 - YWCA
 - Kitsap Rescue Mission
 - Agape Kitsap
 - Kitsap Community Resources
 - Catholic Community Services
 - Marvin Williams Recreation Center
 - Boys and Girls Club on Wheaton Way
 - Conducted in September and October
- Total Number of Respondents
(n) = 145



Questionnaires

Key Informant	Community Voice
1. What are the main priorities you have for improving the health of Kitsap County residents right now?	1. What are some things about Kitsap County that help you to be healthy?
2. What programs or projects are happening or planned that are most relevant to these priorities?	3. What are some things about Kitsap County that make being healthy a challenge?
3. What are the most significant gaps in resources, coordination, etc.? Mention specific subgroups or populations if relevant (age groups, race/ethnicity, veterans, LGBTQ, or others)	2. What do you need to be healthy in the next 1 - 3 years?
3. What are the most significant gaps in resources, coordination, etc.? Mention specific subgroups or populations if relevant (age groups, race/ethnicity, veterans, LGBTQ, or others)	
5. Is there anything else you would like to share?	

Theme Analysis

- Open coded response
- Close coded responses to fit within Quantitative Indicator Framework

What are some things about Kitsap County that help you to be healthy?



What are some things about Kitsap County that make being healthy a challenge?



What do you need to be healthy in the next 1 - 3 years?



Methods: Quantitative Indicators

- Mostly percentages, rates per 100,000 or per 1,000
 - Current and historical data points;
 - Statistical trend over time for Kitsap & WA;
 - Statistical comparison to Washington State;
 - Estimated # of Kitsap residents affected
- Sub-county regions and subgroups when available
 - At least one indicator per section
 - Race abbreviations
- Multi-year & Suppression of data

Section #	Section Name	Indicator Name	Annual number of residents affected	Most recent value	Most recent year	Kitsap's statistical trend or year to year comparison	Statistical comparison of Kitsap to WA State	Geographic disparity	Race/Ethnicity disparity
B.2.1		POPULATION AGE 25+ WITH MORE THAN A HIGH SCHOOL EDUCATION	132,452	72%	2017	↑	↔	Y	

Criteria to Prioritize Issues

Part 1. Based on data collected (present at 11/7 meeting)

- Apply criteria to indicators in the quantitative table of contents to develop a numerical score to be used to narrow down and identify top priority areas
- Calculate point total for each section based on total elements available

CRITERIA	ELEMENTS	POINTS
Comparison	Worse than Washington State Note: weighted by number of indicators per section	1
	Trend over time worsening Notes: indicators have different base years, length of trend differs Weighted by number of indicators per section	1
Disparities	Significant disparity between sub groups Notes: only a small % of quantitative indicators have subgroup data. A disparity is a difference of >=10% between two groups	1
	Geography	
	Race/ethnicity	1
Top issue	Key informant interview/community input theme	1
	Community survey Notes: at least 15% of respondents ranking for 'biggest problem in overall health' and/or 'factors wished more present in the community'	1
	TOTAL:	6

Part 2. Based on group review (at 11/14 meeting)

Meeting participants will review criteria ranked sections and key indicators and then discuss community gaps and feasibility/impact to narrow issue list to a few community priorities to be presented at KCHP Summit in December

Age

Section	Indicator ^{*, **}	Age disparity present
Economic well-being	median household income	yes
	100% poverty	no
HC Access	health insurance	yes
	unmet health care need	yes
	medicaid using dental	yes
Pregnancy	smoking during pregnancy	yes
Phys/emotional well-being	adult activities limited	yes
	disability	yes
substance use	adult smoking	yes
weight	adult overweight/obese	yes
infectious disease	chlamydia rate	yes
injury	unintentional injury hospitalization	yes
	12	11
	92% of indicators with an age group comparison has a difference between age groups	
*this does not include any differences between 8th and 10th graders in the HYS indicators		
**birth rate, pregnancy rate, infant mortality (maternal age), death rates all excluded		

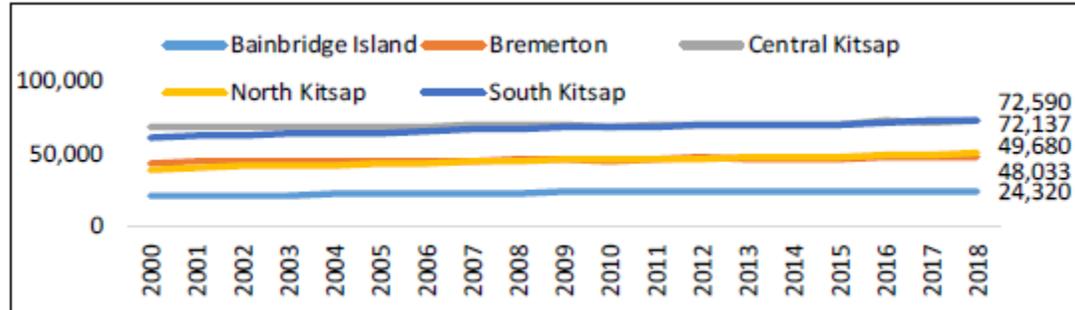
- Age disparities are not included as criteria in priority issue model but age, or life stage, should be a categorical consideration

High Level Summaries by Section

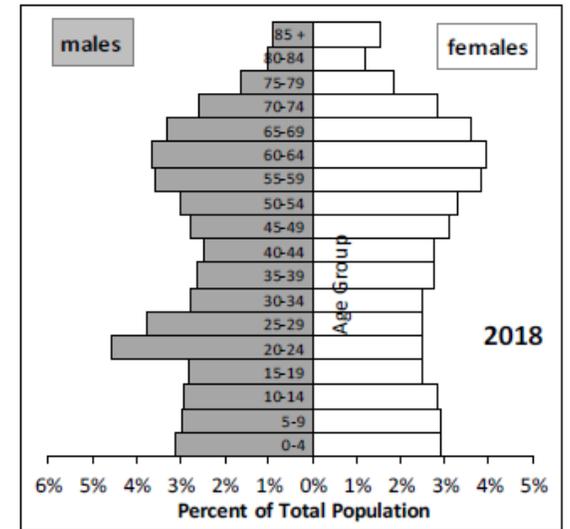
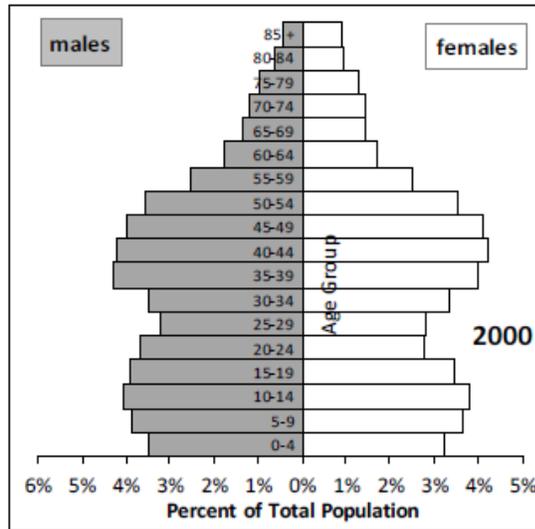
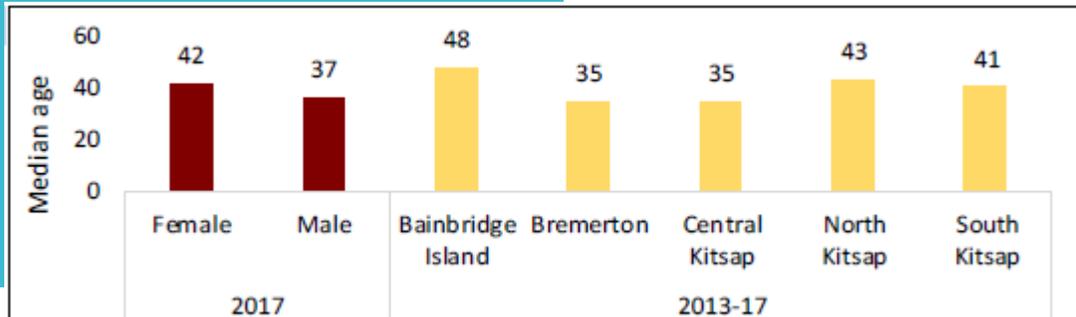
- **A. Demographics**
- B. Socioeconomics
- C. Environmental Health
- D. Health Care Resources
- E. Pregnancy & Births
- F. Quality of Life
- G. Health-Related Behaviors
- H. Death, Illness and Injury

A. Demographics

- Total population 270,100, annual increase ~1%
 - 66% live in unincorporated areas
 - Population by zip code areas:

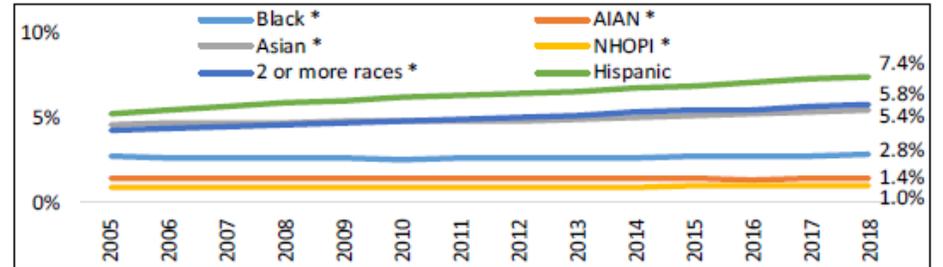


- Number of births unchanged ~3,000; deaths increasing ~2,300; in-migration unchanged ~2,100
- Median age= 39

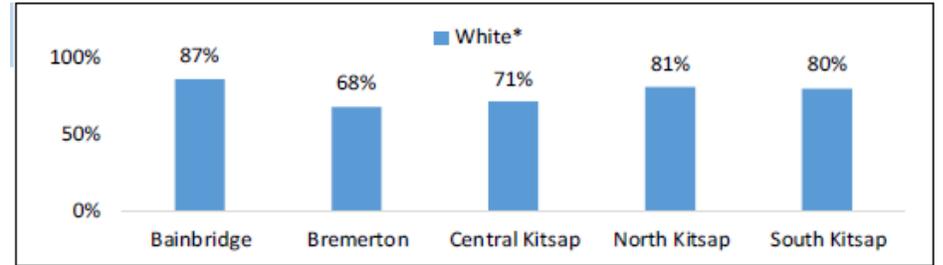


Demographics

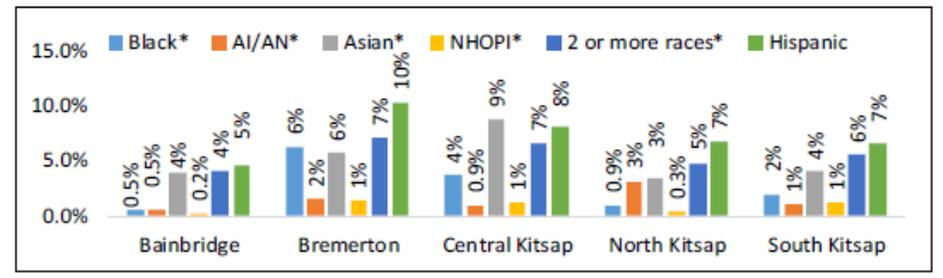
- Increasing diversity, differs by place



- Diversity higher in younger population (public school students)



Percentage	2018-19	
	#	%
Kitsap County	36,364	100%
White*	23,090	64%
Black*	864	2%
AIAN*	483	1%
Asian*	1,266	4%
NHOPI*	439	1%
2 or more races*	5,025	14%
Hispanic	5,197	14%

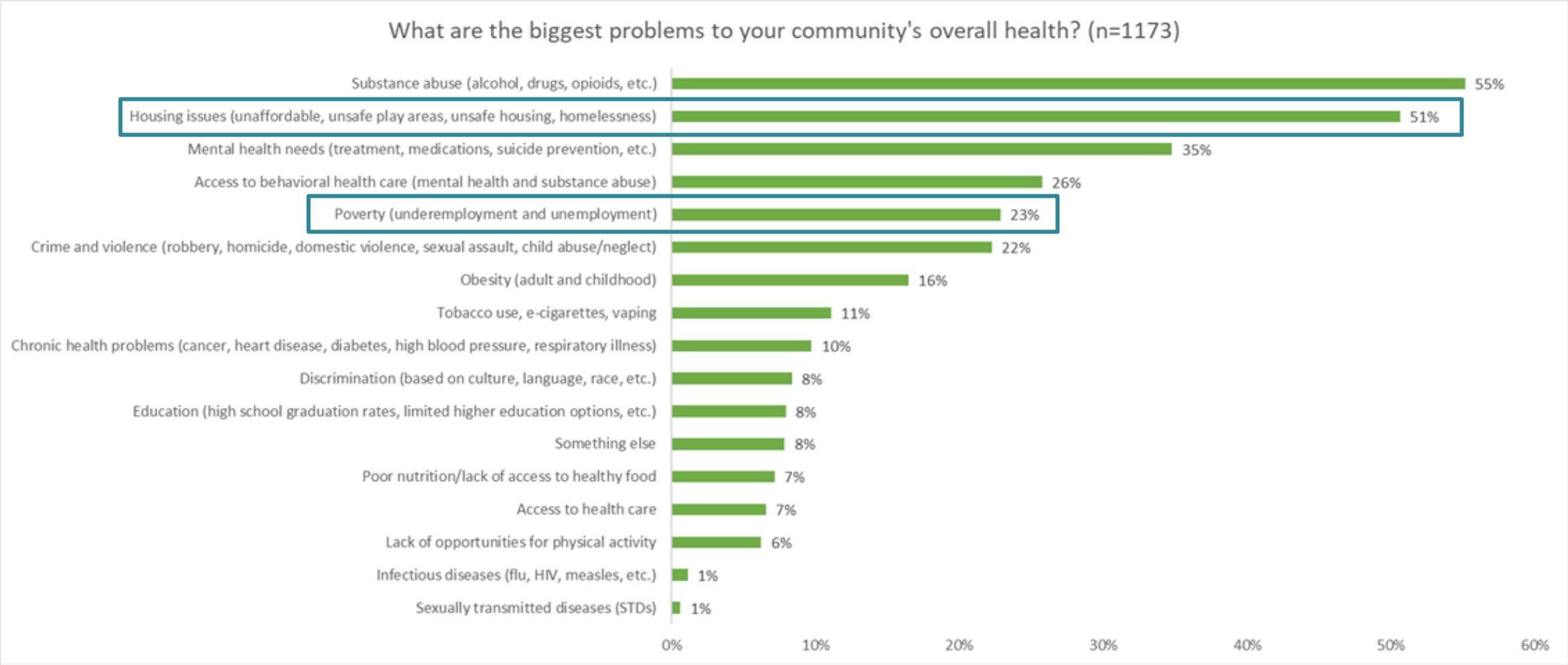


- 11% Armed Forces personnel
- 17% veterans
- 40% of 8th and 10th graders report having a parent in the military

High Level Summaries by Section

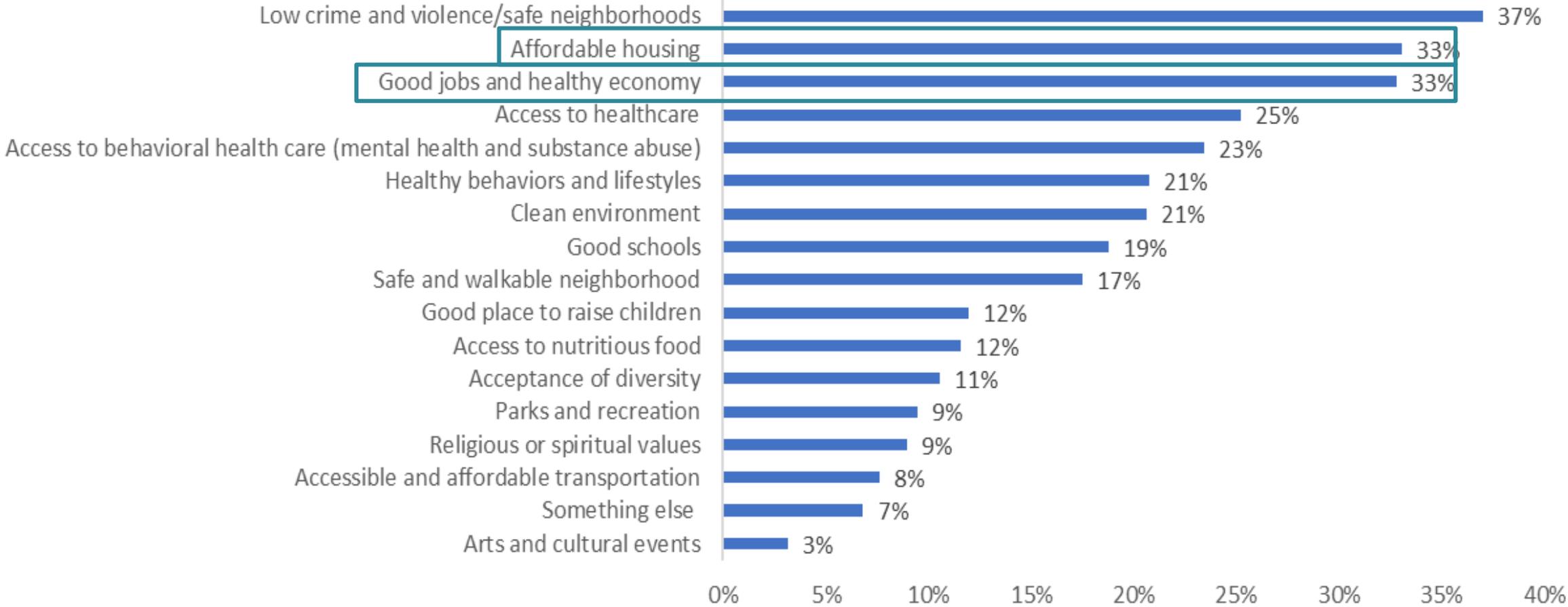
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- H. Death, Illness and Injury

B. Socioeconomics



B. Socioeconomics

What do you think are the most important things that make a healthy community? (n=1173)



B. Socioeconomics

education
economic well-being
employment
housing

“Affordable housing – housing that people on minimum wage can afford. *No health measures make a long-lasting impact when there is nowhere to live.*” –Community Member

Community Voice Themes

Schools provide a platform for community improvement efforts

After school programs vary greatly between schools

Community prevention coalitions are needed in every school district

School based health clinics bring behavioral and physical healthcare to those in need

Opportunity to earn a living wage is challenging

Employment is a key factor to be healthy

Ensure all residents have affordable housing

Rental assistance program waits are very long

The rising costs of rent is a challenge for many residents

Reduce the number of those experiencing homelessness

The number of shelter beds is low, as is permanent housing stock

Medical supportive respite beds are needed for people who need step down care from hospitals to homeless

Agencies are lacking the capacity to take on this growing problem

Education

Qualitative=1

Section #	Section Name	Indicator Name	Annual number of residents affected	Most recent value	Most recent year	Kitsap's statistical trend or year to year comparison	Statistical comparison of Kitsap to WA State	Geographic disparity	Race/Ethnicity disparity
B.2 EDUCATION									
B.2.1		POPULATION AGE 25+ WITH MORE THAN A HIGH SCHOOL EDUCATION	132,452	72%	2017	↑	↔	Y	
B.2.2		CHILDREN AGE 3-4 ENROLLED IN SCHOOL	585	48%	2013-17	↔	↑	Y	
B.2.3		HIGH SCHOOL 5-YEAR GRADUATION RATES	2,414	87%	2017-18	↑	↑	Y	Y
B.2.4		HIGH SCHOOL DROP OUT RATES	267	10%	2017-18	↔	↑	Y	
B.2.5		YOUTH AT RISK OF LOW COMMITMENT TO SCHOOL - 8TH GRADE	1,259	46%	2018	↑	↔		
		YOUTH AT RISK OF LOW COMMITMENT TO SCHOOL - 10TH GRADE	1,268	46%	2018	↑	↔		
B.2.6		YOUTH AT RISK OF ACADEMIC FAILURE - 8TH GRADE	1,248	46%	2018	↔	↔		
		YOUTH AT RISK OF ACADEMIC FAILURE - 10TH GRADE	1,304	47%	2018	↑	↔		

Sub-Section	comp to WA		1 POINT	comp over time		1 POINT	geography		1 POINT	race/ethnicity		1 POINT	1 POINT	1 POINT	SUM OF EARNED POINTS F+H+O+P+Q	Quant: # points available	TOTAL POINTS AVAILABLE	% score (R/U)	RANK
	# indicators with WA comparison	# worse than WA	points	# indicators with trend	# with worsening trend	points	# indicators with geo	# with 10% disparity	points	# indicators with race/ethnicity	# with 10% disparity	points	Community voice theme	Community Survey					
Education	8	0	0	8	2	0.25	4	4	1	1	1	1	1	1	3.25	4	6	0.54	8

Employment

Qualitative=2

Section #	Section Name	Indicator Name	Annual number of residents affected	Most recent value	Most recent year	Kitsap's statistical trend or year to year comparison	Statistical comparison of Kitsap to WA State	Geographic disparity	Race/Ethnicity disparity
B.3	EMPLOYMENT								
B.3.1	UNEMPLOYMENT RATE		5,713	4.6%	2018	↔	↑	Y	
B.3.2	EMPLOYED AND WORK IN COUNTY OF RESIDENCE		104,666	82%	2017	↔	↔		

Sub-Section	comp to WA		1 POINT	comp over time		1 POINT	geography		1 POINT	race/ethnicity		1 POINT	1 POINT	1 POINT	SUM OF EARNED POINTS F+H+O+P+Q	Quant: # points available	TOTAL POINTS AVAILABLE	% score (R/U)	RANK
	# indicators with WA comparison	# worse than WA	points	# indicators with trend	# with worsening trend	points	# indicators with geo	# with 10% disparity	points	# indicators with race/ethnicity	# with 10% disparity	points	Community voice theme	Community Survey					
Employment	2	0	0	2	1	0.5	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	2.50	3	5	0.50	

Economic Wellbeing

Qualitative=1

Section #	Section Name	Indicator Name	Annual number of residents affected	Most recent value	Most recent year	Kitsap's statistical trend or year to year comparison	Statistical comparison of Kitsap to WA State	Geographic disparity	Race/Ethnicity disparity
B.4	ECONOMIC WELL-BEING								
B.4.1		MEDIAN HOUSEHOLD INCOME		\$74,729	2018	↑	↑	Y	Y
B.4.2		MEDIAN ANNUAL PER CAPITA PERSONAL INCOME		\$52,508	2017	↑	↓		
B.4.3		POPULATION LIVING BELOW 100% OF THE POVERTY LEVEL	20,068	8%	2017	↔	↓	Y	Y
B.4.4		POPULATION LIVING BELOW 200% FEDERAL POVERTY LEVEL	51,858	20%	2017	↔	↔	Y	
B.4.5		SUPPLEMENTAL NUTRITION ASSISTANCE PROGRAM (SNAP) PARTICIPATION	37,773	14%	2017	↑	↓	Y	
B.4.6		FREE & REDUCED MEAL PROGRAM ELIGIBILITY	12,105	33%	2018-19	↑	↓	Y	
B.4.7		ADULTS EXPERIENCED FOOD INSECURITY IN PAST YEAR	57,840	28%	2017	↓	↓		
B.4.8		YOUTH FOOD INSECURITY - 8TH GRADE	256	9%	2018	↓	↔		
		YOUTH FOOD INSECURITY - 10TH GRADE	301	11%	2018	↓	↓		
B.4.9		FOOD INSECURITY - OVERALL	30,000	11.6%	2017	↓	↑		
		- CHILD	9,400	17.4%	2017	↓	↔		

Sub-Section	comp to WA		1 POINT	comp over time		1 POINT	geography		1 POINT	race/ethnicity		1 POINT	1 POINT	1 POINT	SUM OF EARNED POINTS F+H+O+P+Q	Quant: # points available	TOTAL POINTS AVAILABLE	% score (R/U)	RANK
	# indicators with WA comparison	# worse than WA	points	# indicators with trend	# with worsening trend	points	# indicators with geo	# with 10% disparity	points	# indicators with race/ethnicity	# with 10% disparity	points	Community voice theme	Community Survey					
Economic Well-being	11	2	0.18182	11	2	0.18182	5	5	1	2	2	1		1	3.36	4	6	0.56	7

Housing

Qualitative=2

Section #	Indicator Name	Annual number of residents affected	Most recent value	Most recent year	Kitsap's statistical trend or year to year comparison	Statistical comparison of Kitsap to WA State	Geographic disparity	Race/Ethnicity disparity
B.5	HOUSING							
B.5.1	BUILDING PERMITS	1,094	4 per 1,000	2017	↑	↓		
B.5.2	HOUSING OCCUPANCY AND TENURE FOR OWNERS AND RENTERS							
	OWNER OCCUPIED	67,077	61%	2013-17	↔	↑	Y	
	RENTER OCCUPIED	33,407	30%	2013-17	↔	↓	Y	
	VACANT	10,460	9%	2013-17	↔	↔	Y	
B.5.3	MEDIAN HOUSE PRICES		\$346,800	2018	↑	↓	Y	
B.5.4	HOUSEHOLDS SPENDING MORE THAN 30% OF INCOME ON HOUSING	32,019	33%	2013-17	↓	↔		
	OWNER		25%	2013-17			Y	
	RENTER		50%	2013-17			Y	
B.5.5	APARTMENT VACANCY RATES AND AVERAGE RENT							
	VACANCY RATE		5%	2019	↔	↑		
	AVERAGE RENT		\$1,400	2019	↑	↓		
B.5.6	MEDIAN MONTHLY RENT		\$1,179	2017	↑	↑	Y	
B.5.7	MONTHLY HOUSING WAGE		\$3,930	2017				
B.5.8	NUMBER ON WAITLIST TO RECEIVE SECTION 8 HOUSING VOUCHERS		566	2019				
B.5.9	PUBLIC SCHOOL STUDENTS EXPERIENCING HOMELESSNESS	1,011	28 per 1,000	2017-18	↑	↓	Y	
B.5.10	TOTAL INDIVIDUALS USING HOUSING SOLUTIONS CENTER	5,592	2%	2017	↔			
B.5.11	HOMELESSNESS (POINT-IN-TIME)	480	1.8 per 1,000	2019	↔	↓		

Sub-Section	comp	# indicat with compari
Housing	11	1

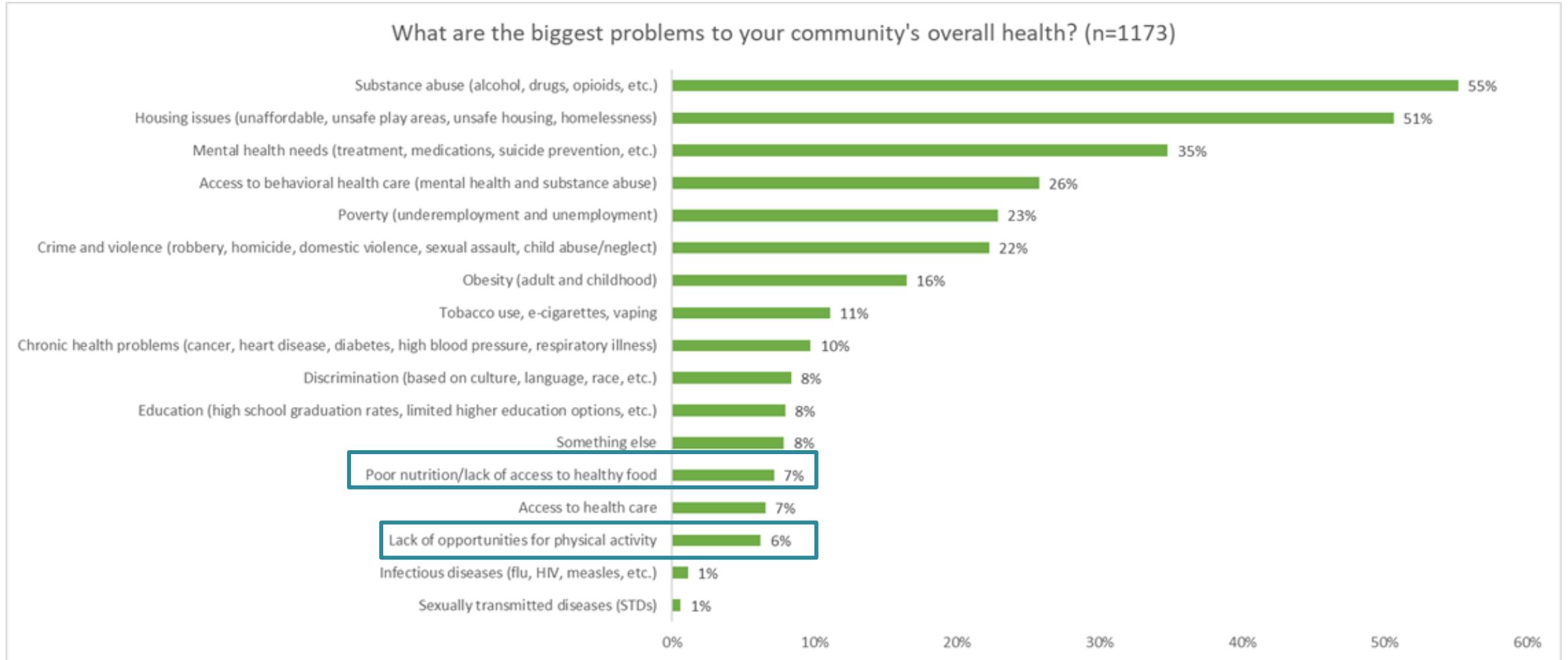
0.09091	12	4	0.33333	8	8	1	0	0	1	1	3.42	3
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TOTAL POINTS AVAILABLE	% score (R/U)	RANK
5	0.685	5

Section

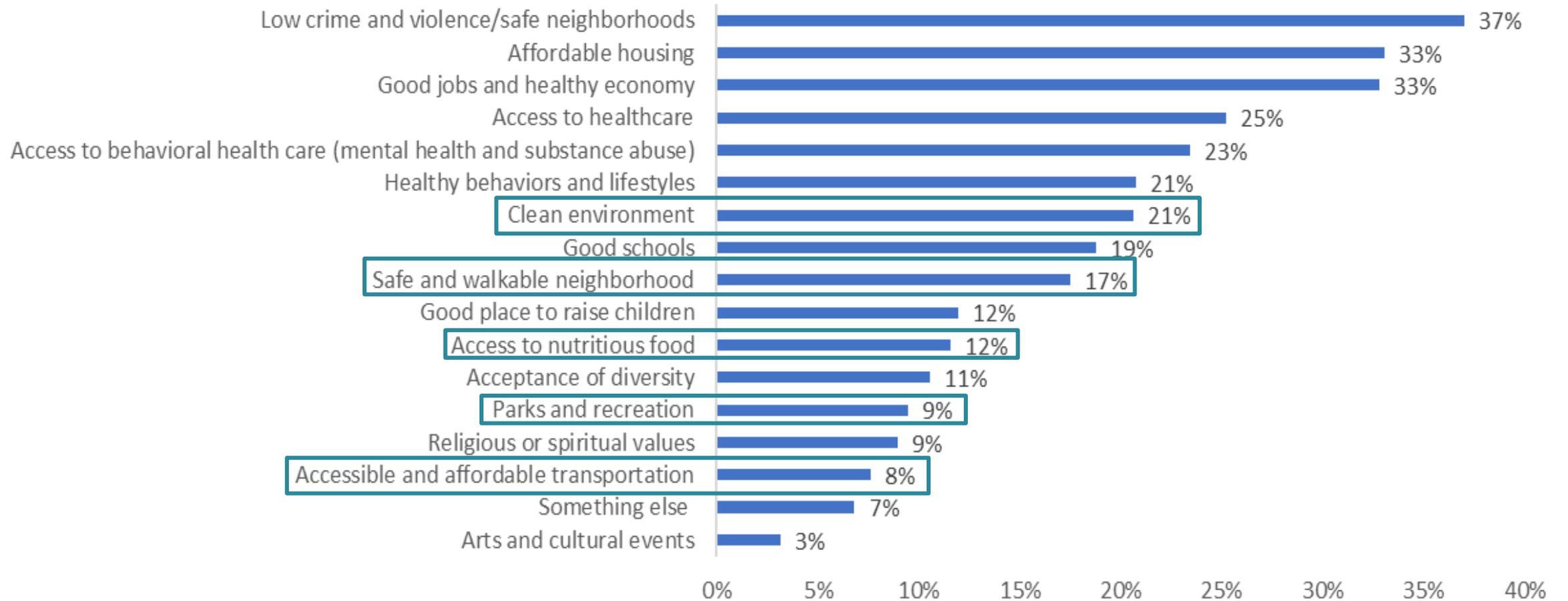
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C. Environmental Health



C. Environmental Health

What do you think are the most important things that make a healthy community? (n=1173)



C. Environmental Health

Natural Environment
Transportation

Food affordability was a theme identified by the community. Many respondents identified the high number of fast foods as a barrier to eating healthy.

While eating healthy is expensive, according to community respondents, the farmers market is a key factor that allows for Kitsap County to access fresh food. Eighteen respondents identified food as a key factor to be healthy in the next one to three years.

Community Voice Themes

Kitsap County has many parks and walking trails

The number and quality of parks and walking trails are a great asset to the community

Rural areas have less access to safe sidewalks

Clean air and water were identified as an aspect that helps keep residents healthy

Healthy food options are limited and expensive

Food Affordability

High number of fast food is a barrier to eating healthy

The farmers market allows for residents to access fresh food

Public Transportation

Transportation remains a challenge for many trying to access healthcare services

Environmental Health

natural environment
built environment
transportation

Section #	Section Name	Indicator Name	Annual number of residents affected	Most recent value	Most recent year	Kitsap's statistical trend or year to year comparison	Statistical comparison of Kitsap to WA State	Geographic disparity	Race/Ethnicity disparity
C.1 NATURAL ENVIRONMENT									
C.1.1		DAYS WITH HEALTHY AIR		95%	2018	↔	↑		
C.1.2		FRESH WATER BEACHES - AVERAGE NUMBER OF DAYS WITH AN ADVISORY		18	2018	↑			
C.1.3		MARINE BEACHES - AVERAGE NUMBER OF DAYS WITH AN ADVISORY		3	2018	↔			
C.1.4		FRESH WATER STREAMS MEETING STANDARDS		62%	2018	↑			
C.1.5		SHORELINE MILES OPEN FOR SHELLFISHING		92%	2019	↑			
C.2 BUILT ENVIRONMENT									
C.2.1		DENSITY OF SUPERMARKET & GROCERY STORES		18 per 100,000	2016	↔	↔		
C.2.2		DENSITY OF FAST FOOD & CONVENIENCE STORES		65 per 100,000	2016	↔	↔		
C.2.3		DENSITY OF SNAP AUTHORIZED FOOD STORES		54 per 100,000	2019		↓		
C.2.4		DENSITY OF WIC AUTHORIZED FOOD STORES		8 per 100,000	2018	↓	↔		
C.2.5		AVERAGE SCORE OF FOOD SERVICE ESTABLISHMENT INSPECTIONS		98%	2018	↓			
C.2.6		FOOD SERVICE ESTABLISHMENT INSPECTIONS WITH A CRITICAL VIOLATION		43%	2018	↔			
C.3 TRANSPORTATION									
C.3.1		YOUTH WALK OR BIKE TO SCHOOL - 8TH GRADE	851	31%	2018	↔	↓		
C.3.1		YOUTH WALK OR BIKE TO SCHOOL - 10TH GRADE	799	29%	2018	↓	↓	Y	
C.3.2		EMPLOYED RESIDENTS COMMUTING TO WORK BY MEANS OTHER THAN DRIVING ALONE	30,657	27%	2013-17	↔	↑		
C.3.3		MOTOR VEHICLE INJURY RELATED DEATH RATE	21	8 per 100,000	2017	↓	↔		
C.3.4		MOTOR VEHICLE INJURY RELATED HOSPITALIZATIONS	106	39 per 100,000	2018	↔	↓		

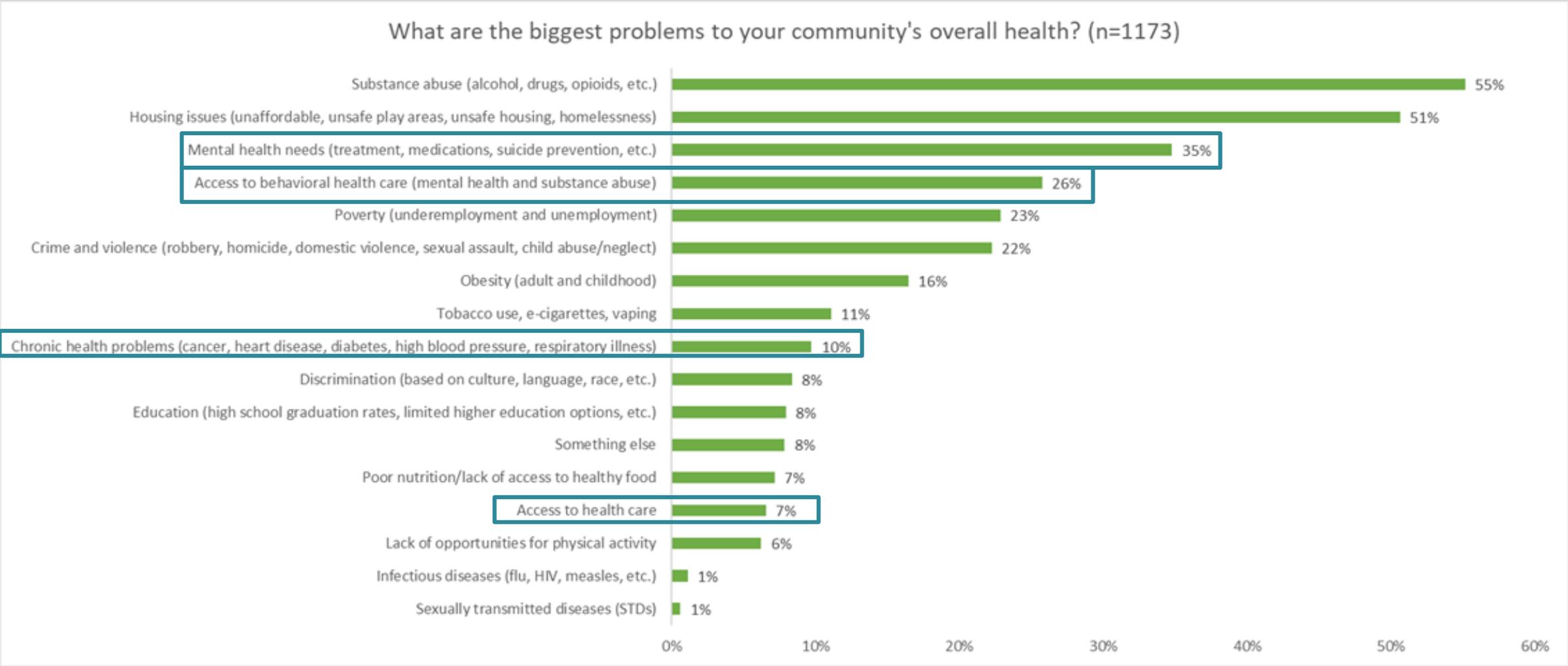
Sub-Section	comp to WA		1 POINT
	# indicators with WA comparison	# worse than WA	points
Natural Environment	1	0	0
Built Environment	4	1	0.25
Transportation	5	2	0.4

OF ED TS	Quant: # points available	TOTAL POINTS AVAILABLE	% score (R/U)	RANK
0	2	4	0.30	
5	2	4	0.41	
0	3	5	0.520	10

Section

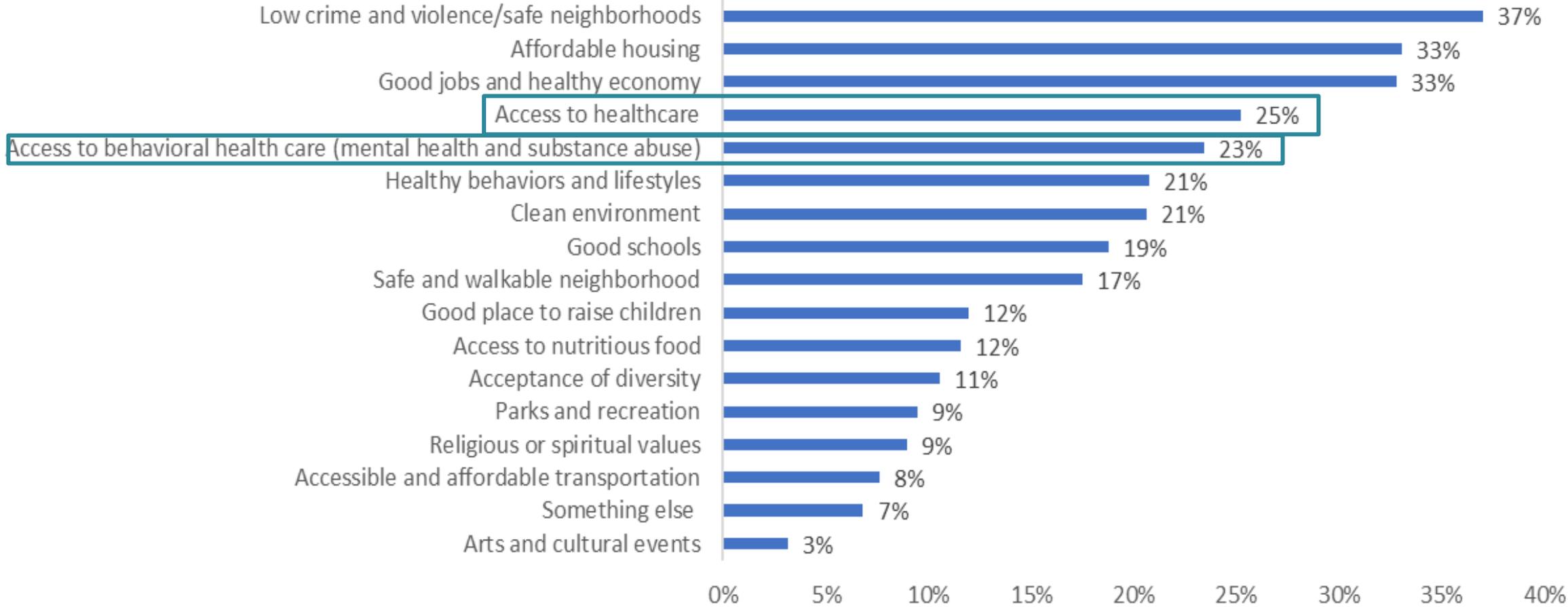
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- **D. Health Care Resources**
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D. Health Care Resources



D. Health Care Resources

What do you think are the most important things that make a healthy community? (n=1173)



D. Health Care Resources

Health Care Availability
Health Care Access
Barriers to Accessing Care

“Cultural gaps exist for African Americans, Spanish, Asian and Native American cohorts. Culturally diverse curriculum and resources are needed. [We need to] identify strategies to reduce racial disparities in how we serve different racial populations.” –Key Informant

Gaps exist in the care delivery system

behavioral health workforce shortages

Access to dental care is a challenge

Access to specialty care, specifically OB services is a challenge

Continue to expand access points into clinical care

School based health clinics are important to improve health

Moblile clinics play a key role

Access to specialty care, specifically OB services is a challenge

Connecting patients to care by suppotng transitions across the healthcare system

Integration of behavioral health services, including Medication Assistant Treatment, into jails

Barriers to accessing care

Transportation to access healthcare is a barrier

Affordability and options for care is limiting

Finding care for certain populations is challenging due to stigma

Support young families toward prevention of infant mortality

Prenatal care access, especially for those on Medicaid is challenging

Health Care Availability

Qualitative=1

Section #	Section Name	Indicator Name	Annual number of residents affected	Most recent value	Most recent year	Kitsap's statistical trend or year to year comparison	Statistical comparison of Kitsap to WA State	Geographic disparity	Race/Ethnicity disparity
D.1	HEALTH CARE AVAILABILITY								
D.1.1		PRIMARY CARE PHYSICIAN RATE	163	6 per 10,000	2016	↓	↓		
D.1.2		DENTIST RATE	204	8 per 10,000	2017	↑	↔		
D.1.3		MENTAL HEALTH PROVIDER RATE	750	28 per 10,000	2018	↑	↓		
C.1.4		HEALTH CARE PROFESSIONAL SHORTAGE AREAS (HPSA)	See report						

Sub-Section	comp to WA		1 POINT	comp over time		1 POINT	geography		1 POINT	race/ethnicity		1 POINT	1 POINT	1 POINT	SUM OF EARNED POINTS F++L+O+P+Q	Quant: # points available	TOTAL POINTS AVAILABLE	% score (R/U)	RANK
	# indicators with WA comparison	# worse than WA	points	# indicators with trend	# with worsening trend	points	# indicators with geo	# with 10% disparity	points	# indicators with race/ethnicity	# with 10% disparity	points	Community voice theme	Community Survey					
Health Care Availability	3	2	0.66667	3	1	0.33333	0	0		0	0		1	1	2.00	2	4	0.50	

Health Care Access

Qualitative=2

Section #	Section Name	Indicator Name	Annual number of residents affected	Most recent value	Most recent year	Kitsap's statistical trend or year to year comparison	Statistical comparison of Kitsap to WA State	Geographic disparity	Race/Ethnicity disparity
D.2	HEALTH CARE ACCESS								
D.2.1		ADULTS WITHOUT HEALTH INSURANCE	7,821	4%	2017	↓	↓	Y	Y
D.2.2		ADULTS WITH UNMET HEALTHCARE NEEDS	75,171	36%	2017	↓	↓	Y	Y
D.2.3		ADULTS ADEQUATELY INSURED	176,560	85%	2015-17	↑	↑		
D.2.4		HOSPITAL CHARITY CARE	\$11,451,781	0.6%	2017	↔	↓		
D.2.5		ADULTS REPORT HAVING A PERSONAL DOCTOR OR HEALTH CARE PROVIDER	158,987	77%	2015-17	↔	↔		
D.2.6		CHILDREN ENROLLED IN APPLE HEALTH	21,739	39%	2018	↔	↓		
D.2.7		INSURED ADULTS BY HEALTH INSURANCE TYPE	See report						
D.2.8		ADULTS ACCESS TO PREVENTIVE/AMBULATORY CARE (MEDICAID)		77%	FY 2018				
D.2.9		CHILD AND ADOLESCENT ACCESS TO PRIMARY CARE (MEDICAID)		90%	FY 2018				
D.2.10		WELL CHILD VISITS (AGE 3-6) (MEDICAID)		62%	FY 2018				
D.2.11		MEDICAID POPULATION ELIGIBLE FOR DENTAL SERVICES	65,708		2018	↔			
D.2.12		ELIGIBLE MEDICAID POPULATION USING DENTAL SERVICES	2,185	31%	2018	↔	↓		

Section	comp to WA		1 POINT	comp over time		1 POINT	geography		1 POINT	race/ethnicity		1 POINT	1 POINT	1 POINT	SUM OF EARNED POINTS F+H+O+P+Q	Quant: # points available	TOTAL POINTS AVAILABLE	% score (R/U)	RANK
	# indicators with WA comparison	# worse than WA	points	# indicators with trend	# with worsening trend	points	# indicators with geo	# with 10% disparity	points	# indicators with race/ethnicity	# with 10% disparity	points	Community voice theme	Community Survey					
Health Care Access	7	1	0.14286	8	0	0	2	2	1	2	2	1	1	1	4.14	4	6	0.690	4

Meet Health Recommendations

Qualitative=

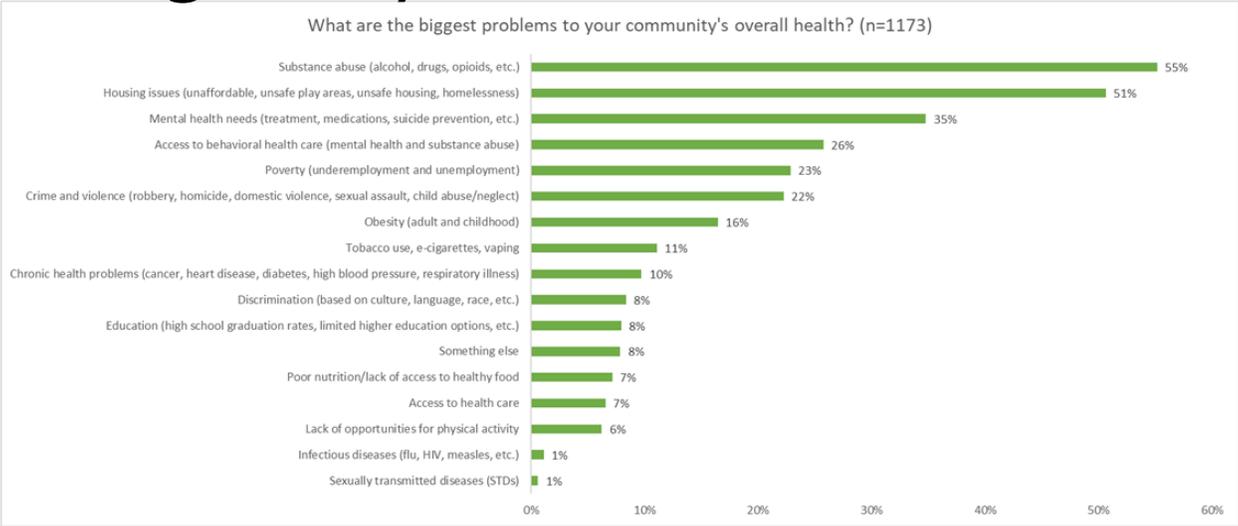
Section #	Section Name	Indicator Name	Annual number of residents affected	Most recent value	Most recent year	Kitsap's statistical trend or year to year comparison	Statistical comparison of Kitsap to WA State	Geographic disparity	Race/Ethnicity disparity
D.3	MEETING ROUTINE HEALTH RECOMMENDATIONS								
D.3.1		ADULTS WITH A ROUTINE MEDICAL CHECK-UP IN PAST YEAR	143,481	69%	2015-17	↔	↑		
		YOUTH WITH A ROUTINE MEDICAL CHECK-UP IN PAST YEAR - 8TH GRADE	2,172	80%	2018		↔		
D.3.2		YOUTH WITH A ROUTINE MEDICAL CHECK-UP IN PAST YEAR - 10TH GRADE	2,153	77%	2018		↔		
D.3.3		ADULTS WITH A ROUTINE DENTAL VISIT IN THE PAST YEAR	143,691	70%	2014-16		↔		
		YOUTH WITH A ROUTINE DENTAL VISIT IN PAST YEAR - 8TH GRADE	2,304	85%	2018	↔	↔		
D.3.4		YOUTH WITH A ROUTINE DENTAL VISIT IN PAST YEAR - 10TH GRADE	2,405	87%	2018	↑	↑		
D.3.5		FEMALE AGE 50+ BREAST CANCER SCREENING	46,837	83%	2016	↔	↔		
D.3.6		FEMALE AGE 18+ CERVICAL CANCER SCREENING	147,620	71%	2016	↔	↔		
D.3.7		ADULTS AGE 50 TO 75 COLORECTAL CANCER SCREENING	65,860	76%	2014-16		↑		

Sub-Section	# indicators with WA comparison	# worse than WA	points	# indicators with trend	# with worsening trend	points	# indicators with geo	# with 10% disparity	points	# indicators with race/ethnicity	# with 10% disparity	points	Community voice theme	Community Survey	SUM OF EARNED POINTS F+H+O+P+Q	Quant: # points available	TOTAL POINTS AVAILABLE	% score (R/U)	RANK
Meet Health Recommendations	9	0	0	5	0	0	0	0		0	0			1	1.00	2	4	0.25	

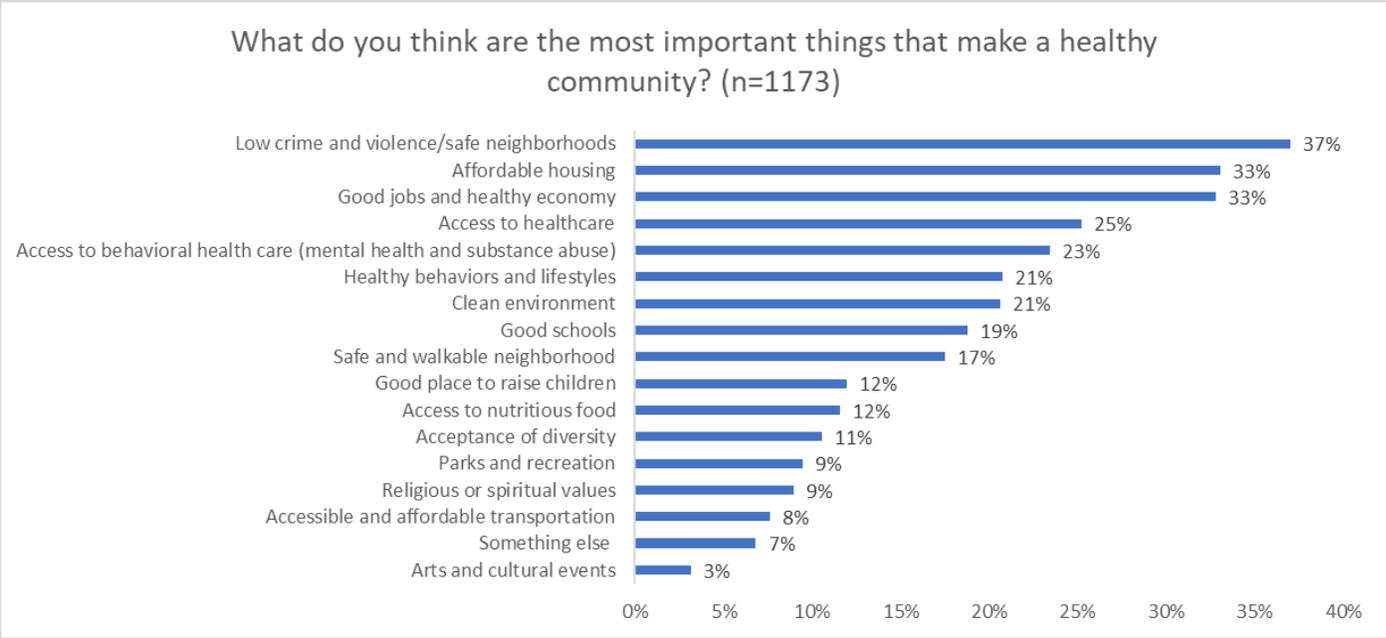
Section

- A. Demographics
- B. Socioeconomics
- C. Environmental Health
- D. Health Care Resources
- **E. Pregnancy & Births**
- F. Quality of Life
- G. Health-Related Behaviors
- H. Death, Illness and Injury

E. Pregnancy & Births



Was not identified as a theme in the Community Survey



Pregnancy & Births

Prenatal
Pregnant
Post Partum

“[We need continued] Support for young families toward prevention of infant mortality and other poor birth outcomes”
–Key Informant

Community Voice Themes

Support young families toward prevention of infant mortality

Prenatal care access, especially for those on Medicaid is challenging

Pregnancy, Births, Post Partum

Qualitative=0

Section #	Indicator Name	Annual number of residents affected	Most recent value	Most recent year	Kitsap's statistical trend or year to year comparison	Statistical comparison of Kitsap to WA State	Geographic disparity	Race/Ethnicity disparity
E.1 PREGNANCY								
E.1.1	PREGNANCY RATE	3,483	84 per 1,000	2017	↔	↑		
E.1.2	ABORTION RATE PER 1,000 WOMEN AGE 15-44	505	12 per 1,000	2018	↓	↔		
E.1.3	PRENATAL CARE INITIATION IN THE FIRST TRIMESTER	2,201	78%	2017	↔	↔	Y	
E.1.4	PRENATAL CARE INITIATION IN THE SECOND TRIMESTER	464	16%	2017	↔	↑		
E.1.5	PRENATAL CARE INITIATION IN THE THIRD TRIMESTER OR NO PRENATAL CARE	160	6%	2017	↔	↔		
E.1.6	EARLY AND ADEQUATE PRENATAL CARE	1558	69%	2018	↔	↔	Y	
E.1.7	GESTATIONAL DIABETES	208	7%	2017	↑	↓		
E.1.8	GESTATIONAL HYPERTENSION	224	8%	2017	↑	↔	Y	
E.1.9	SMOKING DURING PREGNANCY	218	7%	2017	↓	↑	Y	Y
E.2 BIRTHS								
E.2.1	LIVE BIRTH RATE	2,994	11 per 1,000	2018	↓	↔		
E.2.2	CIVILIAN MEDICAID-PAID BIRTHS	863	39%	2018	↓	↔		
E.2.3	LOW BIRTH WEIGHT	134	5%	2018	↔	↔	Y	
E.2.4	PREMATURE BIRTHS	212	7%	2018	↔	↔		
E.3 POSTPARTUM								
E.3.1	BREASTFEEDING AT BIRTH	2,761	94%	2018	↔	↔		
E.3.2	INFANT MORTALITY	14	5 per 1,000	2013-17	↔	↔	Y	
E.3.3	PERCENT OF INFANTS BORN SERVED BY WIC	5,612	36%	2018	↓	↓		

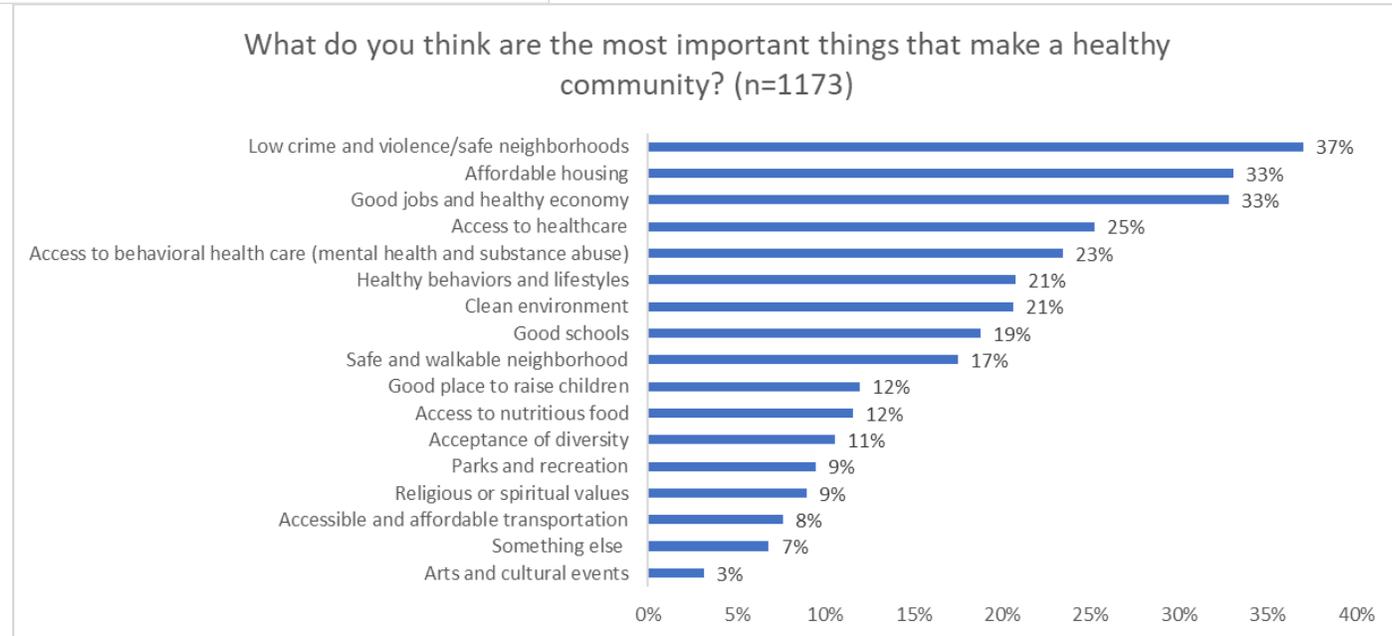
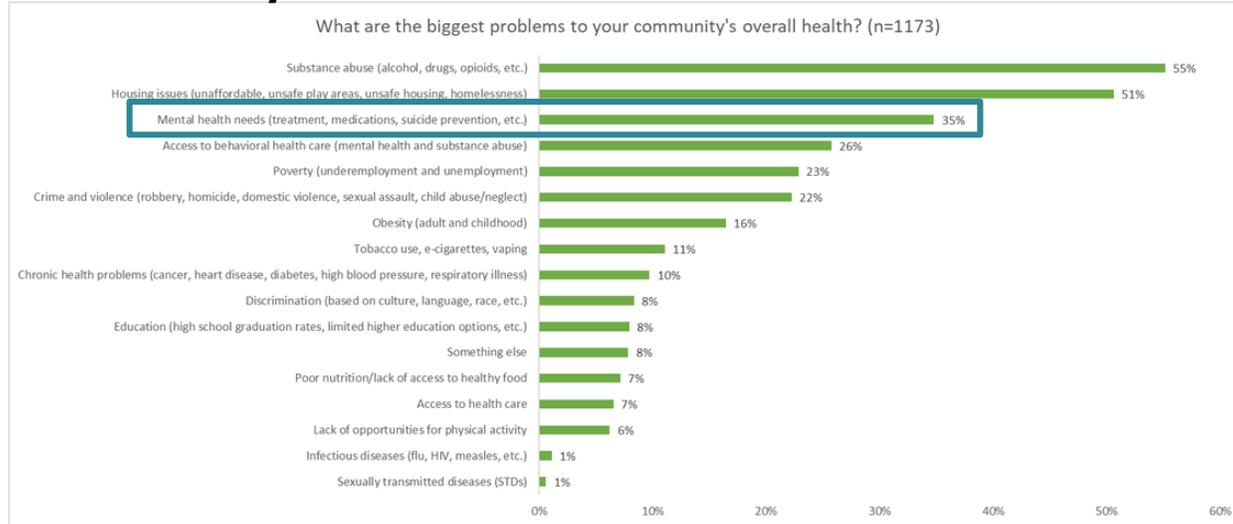
Sub-Section	comp to WA	1 POINT	comp over	Quant: # points available	TOTAL POINTS AVAILABLE	% score (R/U)	RANK
Pregnancy	8	2	8	4	6	0.58	6
Birth	3	0	3	3	5	0.40	
Post Partum	2	0	2	3	5	0.40	

Sub-Section	# indicators with WA comparison	# worse than WA	1 POINT points	# indicators with trend
Pregnancy	8	2	0.25	8
Birth	3	0	0	3
Post Partum	2	0	0	2

Section

- A. Demographics
- B. Socioeconomics
- C. Environmental Health
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- E. Pregnancy & Births
- **F. Quality of Life**
- G. Health-Related Behaviors
- H. Death, Illness and Injury

F. Quality of Life



F. Quality of Life

Well Being

“Quantitatively and subjectively through experience, [I see an] ongoing rise in anxiety and depression, and an inability to effectively cope with those feelings... resulting in behaviors seen in schools.” -Key Informant

Community Voice Themes

Depression increasing among youth

Youth behavioral health is a main priority

Kitsap strong is working to support trauma informed models of care that promote health and wellness

Increase awareness of Suicide Prevention

decrease suicide ideation among all age groups, with a youth focus

Well-being

Qualitative=2

Revised post 11/7 meeting. Well-being section was missing 8th grade hope (worse than WA) and 10th grade hope and denominators were incorrect for # indicators over time and # with WA comparison.

Section #	Section Name	Indicator Name	Annual number of residents affected	Most recent value	Most recent year	Kitsap's statistical trend or year to year comparison	Statistical comparison of Kitsap to WA State	Geographic disparity	Race/Ethnicity disparity
F.1	WELL-BEING								
F.1.1		ADULTS REPORT EXCELLENT, VERY GOOD, OR GOOD GENERAL HEALTH	180,281	87%	2015-17	↑	↑	Y	Y
F.1.2		ADDITIONAL YEARS OF HEALTHY LIFE EXPECTED AT AGE 20		53	2016	↔	↔		
F.1.3		ADULTS DO NOT GET NEEDED SOCIAL/EMOTIONAL SUPPORT	4,360	2%	2016	↓	↓		
F.1.4		ADULTS WITH 3 OR MORE ADVERSE CHILDHOOD EXPERIENCES	63,078	32%	2011		↔		
F.1.5		ADULTS REPORT ACTIVITIES LIMITED BY POOR PHYSICAL/MENTAL HEALTH	102,107	49%	2017	↔	↑		
F.1.6		ADULTS REPORT PHYSICAL IMPAIRMENT IN THE PAST MONTH	30,277	15%	2017	↔	↔		
F.1.7		ADULTS REPORT MENTAL DISTRESS IN PAST MONTH	23,776	12%	2015-17	↔	↔		
F.1.8		ADULTS REPORT DEPRESSION	63,478	30%	2017	↔	↔	Y	
F.1.9		YOUTH REPORT DEPRESSIVE FEELINGS - 8TH GRADE	950	35%	2018	↑	↑		Y
		YOUTH REPORT DEPRESSIVE FEELINGS - 10TH GRADE	1,152	41%	2018	↑	↔	Y	Y
F.1.10		YOUTH LIVE IN A HOME WITH RISK FACTOR OF POOR FAMILY MANAGEMENT - 8TH GRADE	1,051	39%	2018	↑	↑		
		YOUTH LIVE IN A HOME WITH RISK FACTOR OF POOR FAMILY MANAGEMENT	893	32%	2018	↔	↔		
F.1.11		YOUTH DO NOT HAVE AN ADULT TO TURN TO WHEN SAD OR HOPELESS - 8TH	605	22%	2018	↔	↔		
		YOUTH DO NOT HAVE AN ADULT TO TURN TO WHEN SAD OR HOPELESS - 10TH	589	21%	2018	↓	↓		
F.1.12		YOUTH SERIOUSLY CONSIDERED SUICIDE IN PAST YEAR - 8TH GRADE	617	23%	2018	↑	↑		
		YOUTH SERIOUSLY CONSIDERED SUICIDE IN PAST YEAR - 10TH GRADE	765	28%	2018	↑	↑		
F.1.13		YOUTH HIGHLY HOPEFUL - 8TH GRADE	1,306	48%	2018		↑		
		YOUTH HIGHLY HOPEFUL - 10TH GRADE	1,298	47%	2018		↔		
F.1.14		SUICIDE NON-FATAL HOSPITALIZATION RATE	63	25 per 100,000	2018		↔		
		SUICIDE DEATH RATE	41	15 per 100,000	2018	↑	↔		

Section	# indicators with WA comparison	# worse than WA	points	# indicators with trend	# with worsening trend	points	# indicators with geo	# with 10% disparity	points	# indicators with race/ethnicity	# with 10% disparity	points	Community voice theme	Community Survey	SUM OF EARNED POINTS F+H+O+P+Q	Quant: # points available	TOTAL POINTS AVAILABLE	% score (R/U)	RANK
Well-being	21	7	0.33333	18	6	0.33333	5	5	1	4	4	1	1	1	4.67	4	6	0.78	1

Safety and Violence

Qualitative=1

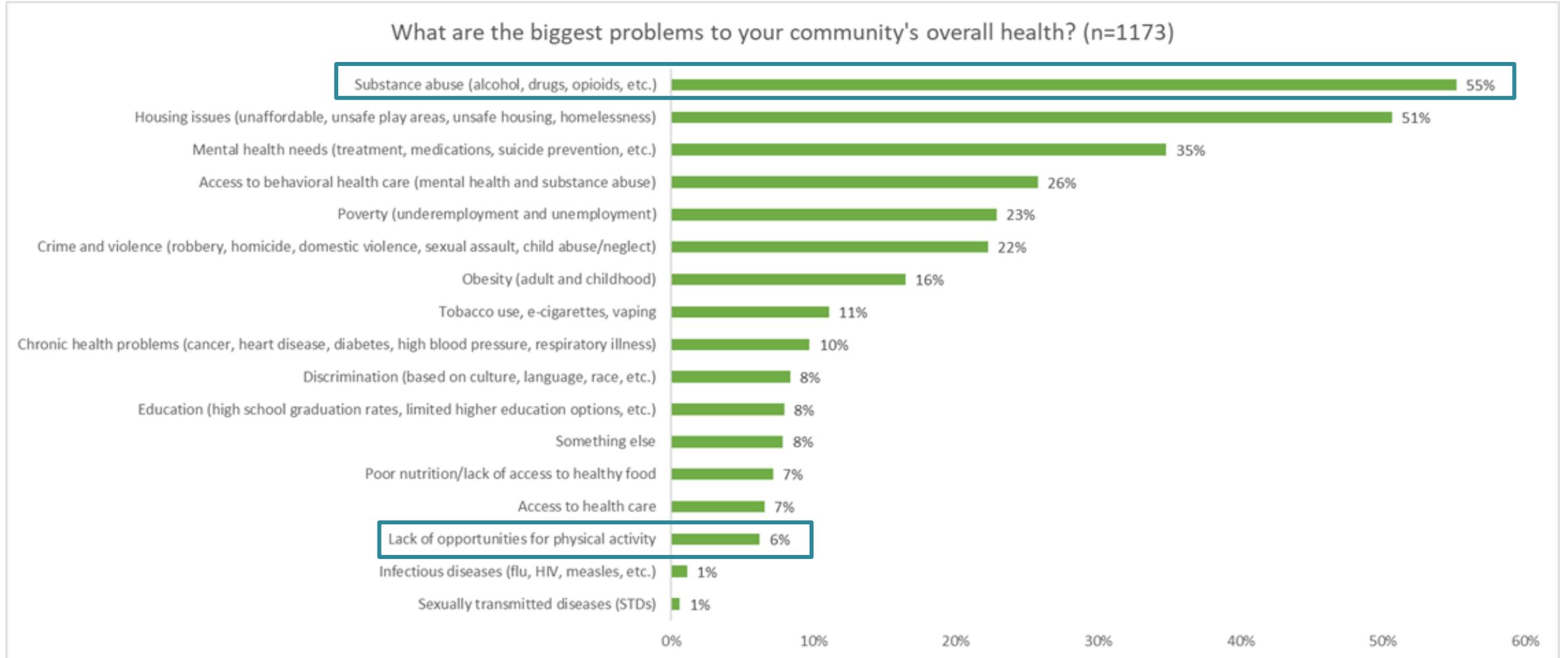
Section #	Section Name	Indicator Name	Annual number of residents affected	Most recent value	Most recent year	Kitsap's statistical trend or year to year comparison	Statistical comparison of Kitsap to WA State	Geographic disparity	Race/Ethnicity disparity
F.2	SAFETY AND VIOLENCE								
F.2.1	YOUTH FEEL UNSAFE AT SCHOOL - 8TH GRADE		558	21%	2018	↑	↔		Y
	YOUTH FEEL UNSAFE AT SCHOOL - 10TH GRADE		653	23%	2018	↑	↑	Y	N
F.2.2	YOUTH BULLYING - 6TH GRADE		886	33%	2018	↑	↔		
	YOUTH BULLYING - 8TH GRADE		760	28%	2018	↓	↔		Y
	YOUTH BULLYING - 10TH GRADE		587	21%	2018	↓	↑	Y	Y
F.2.3	YOUTH MADE TO FEEL UNSAFE BY BOYFRIEND OR GIRLFRIEND IN PAST YEAR -		381	14%	2018	↔	↔		
	YOUTH MADE TO FEEL UNSAFE BY BOYFRIEND OR GIRLFRIEND IN PAST YEAR -		514	19%	2018	↔	↔		
F.2.4	PERSONAL CRIME RATE		3,986	15 per 1,000	2017	↑	↑		
F.2.5	PROPERTY CRIME RATE		8,982	34 per 1,000	2017	↓	↓		
F.2.6	RATE OF CRIMES TO SOCIETY		1,177	4 per 1,000	2017	↔	↓		
F.2.7	TOTAL CRIME RATE - GROUP A		13,771	52 per 1,000	2018	↔	↓	Y	
	TOTAL CRIME RATE - GROUP B		853	3 per 1,000	2018	↔		Y	
F.2.8	ADULT ARREST RATE		3,929	19 per 1,000	2017	↔	↓		
F.2.9	ADOLESCENT (AGE 10-17) ARREST RATE		279	12 per 1,000	2017	↔	↓		
F.2.10	CHILD ABUSE AND NEGLECT ACCEPTED REFERRAL RATE		2,940	35 per 1,000	2018	↔	↓	Y	

Sub-Section	comp to WA			1 POINT			comp over time			1 POINT			geography			1 POINT			race/ethnicity			1 POINT			1 POINT		1 POINT		SUM OF EARNED POINTS F++L+O+P+Q	Quant: # points available	TOTAL POINTS AVAILABLE	% score (R/U)	RANK
	# indicators with WA comparison	# worse than WA	points	# indicators with trend	# with worsening trend	points	# indicators with geo	# with 10% disparity	points	# indicators with race/ethnicity	# with 10% disparity	points	Community voice theme	Community Survey	Community	Community	Community	Community															
Safety and Violence	17	3	0.17647	18	4	0.22222	6	6	1	4	3	0.75														3.15	4	6	0.525	9			

Section

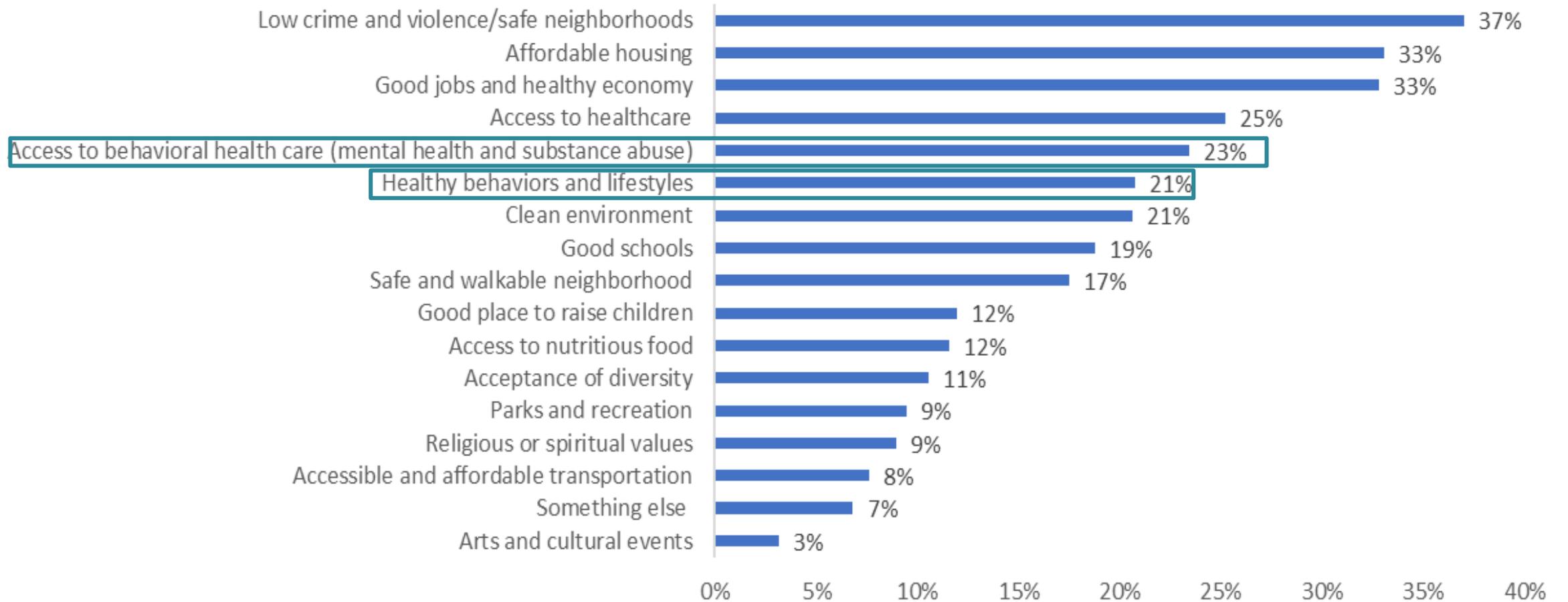
- A. Demographics
- B. Socioeconomics
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- F. Quality of Life
- **G. Health-Related Behaviors**
- H. Death, Illness and Injury

G. Health Related Behaviors



G. Health Related Behaviors

What do you think are the most important things that make a healthy community? (n=1173)



G. Health Related Behaviors

Substance Use
Weight, Nutrition, and Physical Activity

Engaging multiple sectors to address substance use disorder across the community – from those entering jail to those seeking recovery services – was a theme identified from experts in the community.

Community Voice Themes

A multi-sector approach to increase substance use disorder prevention

coordination of efforts around substance use disorder and mental health services is a main priority

Engage partners across the community - from jails to first responders.

Prevent opioid overdose and ensure access to opioid treatment

Medication Assisted Treatment programs for those addicted to opioids should be more accessible

Distribute naloxon kits and provide training to reduce fatal overdoses

Educate the community about mental health and chemical dependency

3CCORP (Olympic Community of Health) is developing a communications plan to reduce stigma and educate youth

Foster an environment for increased physical activity

A persistent problem of sedentary lifestyles and poor nutrition is having an impact on health

Feeling connected to the community is the most important element

The lack of affordable gyms makes working out a challenge

Substance Use

Qualitative=2

Section #	Section Name	Indicator Name	Annual number of residents affected	Most recent value	Most recent year	Kitsap's statistical trend or year to year comparison	Statistical comparison of Kitsap to WA State	Geographic disparity	Race/Ethnicity disparity
G.1	SUBSTANCE USE					31	31	1	1
G.1.1		ADULT CURRENT SMOKING	32,783	16%	2017	↔	↑	Y	Y
G.1.2		SALES OF TOBACCO TO MINORS - FAILED COMPLIANCE CHECKS	14	21%	2013-17	↔	↑		
G.1.3		YOUTH CURRENT SMOKING - 8TH GRADE	109	4%	2018	↓	↑		
		YOUTH CURRENT SMOKING - 10TH GRADE	204	7%	2018	↓	↑		
G.1.4		YOUTH CURRENT VAPING - 8TH GRADE	284	10%	2018	↑	↔		
		YOUTH CURRENT VAPING - 10TH GRADE	652	23%	2018	↑	↔		
G.1.5		YOUTH CURRENT MARIJUANA USE - 8TH GRADE	212	8%	2018	↓	↔		
		YOUTH CURRENT MARIJUANA USE - 10TH GRADE	508	18%	2018	↔	↔		
G.1.6		YOUTH CURRENT PRESCRIPTION DRUG (PAINKILLERS) USE TO GET HIGH - 8TH GRADE	92	3%	2018	↔	↑		
		YOUTH CURRENT PRESCRIPTION DRUG (PAINKILLERS) USE TO GET HIGH - 10T	86	3%	2018	↓	↔		
G.1.7		ADULT BINGE ALCOHOL DRINKERS	54,167	26%	2015-17	↔	↔		
G.1.8		SIXTH GRADERS EVER USED ALCOHOL	703	26%	2018	↑	↔		
G.1.9		YOUTH CURRENT ALCOHOL USE - 8TH GRADE	235	9%	2018	↓	↔		
		YOUTH CURRENT ALCOHOL USE - 10TH GRADE	531	19%	2018	↓	↔		

Substance Use

Qualitative=2

G.1.10	YOUTH BINGE ALCOHOL USE - 8TH GRADE	83	3%	2018	↓	↔		
	YOUTH BINGE ALCOHOL USE - 10TH GRADE	234	8%	2018	↓	↔		
G.1.11	YOUTH DRUNK OR HIGH AT SCHOOL IN PAST YEAR - 8TH GRADE	244	9%	2018	↔	↔		
	YOUTH DRUNK OR HIGH AT SCHOOL IN PAST YEAR - 10TH GRADE	417	15%	2018	↔	↔		
G.1.12	ALCOHOL RELATED DEATH RATE	35	11 per 100,000	2018	↔	↔		
G.1.13	ALCOHOL RELATED HOSPITALIZATION RATE	496	170 per 100,000	2015	↑	↓		
G.1.14	DRUG RELATED DEATH RATE	32	10 per 100,000	2017	↑	↔		
G.1.15	DRUG RELATED HOSPITALIZATION RATE	170	64 per 100,000	2017	↔	↓		
G.1.16	OPIOID RELATED DEATH RATE	22	7 per 100,000	2017	↔	↔		
G.1.17	OPIOID RELATED HOSPITALIZATION RATE	54	19 per 100,000	2017	↑	↔		
G.1.18	OPIOID PRESCRIPTION RATE		61 per 1,000	2019 Q1	↓	↔		
G.1.19	YOUTH RIDING WITH SOMEONE WHO HAD BEEN DRINKING IN PAST MONTH - 8TH GRADE	379	14%	2018	↔	↓		
	YOUTH RIDING WITH SOMEONE WHO HAD BEEN DRINKING IN PAST MONTH	444	16%	2018	↔	↔		
G.1.20	YOUTH REPORT RIDING IN A CAR WITH SOMEONE WHO WAS USING MARIJUANA - 8TH GRADE	298	11%	2018	↑	↔		
	YOUTH REPORT RIDING IN A CAR WITH SOMEONE WHO WAS USING MARIJU	466	17%	2018	↔	↔		
G.1.21	YOUTH REPORT DRIVING AFTER USING MARIJUANA IN PAST MONTH - 10TH C	938	34%	2018	↔	↔		

Section	comp to WA		1 POINT	comp over time		1 POINT	geography		1 POINT	race/ethnicity		1 POINT	1 POINT	1 POINT	SUM OF EARNED POINTS F+H+O+P+Q	Quant: # points available	TOTAL POINTS AVAILABLE	% score (R/U)	RANK
	# indicators with WA comparison	# worse than WA	points	# indicators with trend	# with worsening trend	points	# indicators with geo	# with 10% disparity	points	# indicators with race/ethnicity	# with 10% disparity	points	Community voice theme	Community Survey					
Substance Use	31	5	0.16129	31	7	0.22581	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	4.39	4	6	0.73	2

Weight, Nutrition, Physical Activity

Qualitative=2

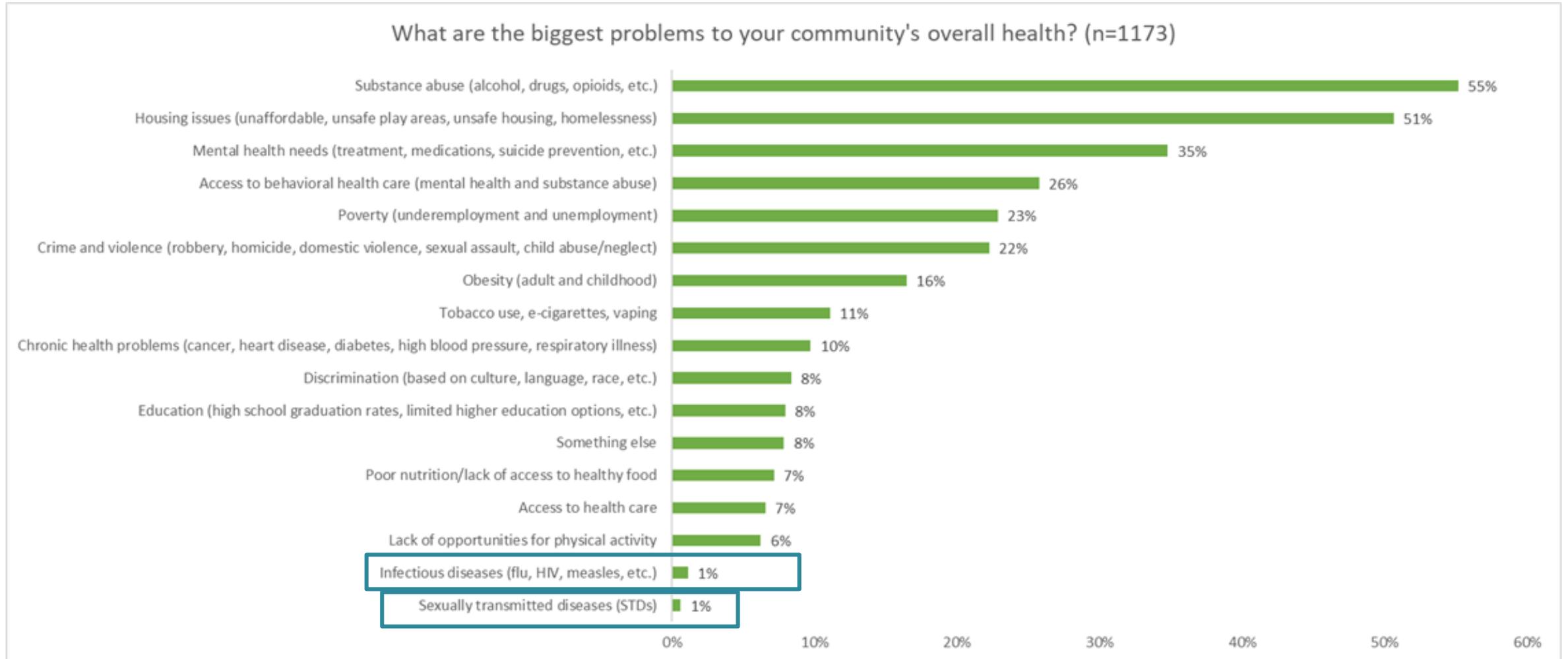
Section #	Section Name	Indicator Name	Annual number of residents affected	Most recent value	Most recent year	Kitsap's statistical trend or year to year comparison	Statistical comparison of Kitsap to WA State	Geographic disparity	Race/Ethnicity disparity
G.2	WEIGHT, NUTRITION AND PHYSICAL ACTIVITY					12	12	2	3
G.2.1		ADULTS OVERWEIGHT OR OBESE	120,482	58%	2017	↔	↓	Y	Y
G.2.2		YOUTH OVERWEIGHT OR OBESE - 8TH GRADE	730	27%	2018	↑	↔		N
		YOUTH OVERWEIGHT OR OBESE - 10TH GRADE	732	26%	2018	↔	↔	Y	Y
G.2.3		ADULT DAILY FRUIT AND VEGETABLE CONSUMPTION	46,931	23%	2017	↔	↔		
G.2.4		YOUTH DAILY FRUIT AND VEGETABLE CONSUMPTION - 8TH GRADE	532	19%	2018	↓	↔		
		YOUTH DAILY FRUIT AND VEGETABLE CONSUMPTION - 10TH GRADE	532	19%	2018	↓	↔		
G.2.5		ADULTS NOT MEETING RECOMMENDATIONS FOR PHYSICAL ACTIVITY	53,664	26%	2017	↔	↔		
G.2.6		ADULTS NOT GETTING ANY PHYSICAL ACTIVITY IN PAST MONTH	50,114	24%	2017	↔	↑		
G.2.7		YOUTH PHYSICALLY ACTIVE AT RECOMMENDED LEVEL - 8TH GRADE	1,629	60%	2018	↔	↑		
		YOUTH PHYSICALLY ACTIVE AT RECOMMENDED LEVEL - 10TH GRADE	1,213	44%	2018	↓	↓		
G.2.8		YOUTH HAVE 2 HOURS OR LESS OF DAILY SCREEN TIME - 8TH GRADE	1,053	39%	2018	↓	↔		
		YOUTH HAVE 2 HOURS OR LESS OF DAILY SCREEN TIME - 10TH GRADE	1,061	38%	2018	↔	↔		

Section	comp to WA		1 POINT	comp over time		1 POINT	geography		1 POINT	race/ethnicity		1 POINT	1 POINT	1 POINT	SUM OF EARNED POINTS F+H+O+P+Q	Quant: # points available	TOTAL POINTS AVAILABLE	% score (R/U)	RANK
	# indicators with WA comparison	# worse than WA	points	# indicators with trend	# with worsening trend	points	# indicators with geo	# with 10% disparity	points	# indicators with race/ethnicity	# with 10% disparity	points	Community voice theme	Community Survey					
Weight/Nutrition/Physical Activity	12	2	0.16667	12	5	0.41667	2	2	1	3	2	0.7	1	1	4.25	4	6	0.71	3

Section

- A. Demographics
- B. Socioeconomics
- C. Environmental Health
- D. Health Care Resources
- E. Pregnancy & Births
- F. Quality of Life
- G. Health-Related Behaviors
- **H. Death, Illness and Injury**

H. Death, Illness and Injury



Not identified in the list of most important things that make a healthy community

H. Death, Illness and Injury

Theme not identified through Community
Input or Key Informant

Deaths, hospitalizations

Qualitative=0

Section #	Section Name	Indicator Name	Annual number of residents affected	Most recent value	Most recent year	Kitsap's statistical trend or year to year comparison	Statistical comparison of Kitsap to WA State	Geographic disparity	Race/Ethnicity disparity
H.1	DEATHS AND HOSPITALIZATIONS								
H.1.1		LIFE EXPECTANCY AT BIRTH		82	2017	↑	↑	N	Y
H.1.2		ALL-CAUSE DEATH RATE	2,261	617 per 100,000	2017	↓	↓		
H.1.3		LEADING CAUSES OF DEATH	See report				6↑14↔	3Y	2Y
H.1.4		YEARS OF POTENTIAL LIFE LOST (YPLL) DUE TO PREMATURE DEATH	6,954 years	3,275 per 100,000	2017	↔	↓		
H.1.5		YEARS OF POTENTIAL LIFE LOST (YPLL) BY CAUSE	See report						
H.1.6		ALL-CAUSE HOSPITALIZATION RATE	20,985	7,087 per 100,000	2017	↔	↓		
H.1.7		LEADING CAUSES OF HOSPITALIZATIONS	See report				5↓2↑3↔		
H.1.8		ALL-CAUSE EMERGENCY DEPARTMENT VISITS	7,336	27 per 1,000	2019 Oct	↔			

Sub-Section	comp to WA		1 POINT	comp over time		1 POINT	geography		1 POINT	race/ethnicity		1 POINT	1 POINT	1 POINT	SUM OF EARNED POINTS F++L+O+P+Q	Quant: # points available	TOTAL POINTS AVAILABLE	% score (R/U)	RANK
	# indicators with WA comparison	# worse than WA	points	# indicators with trend	# with worsening trend	points	# indicators with geo	# with 10% disparity	points	# indicators with race/ethnicity	# with 10% disparity	points	Community voice theme	Community Survey					
Deaths/Hospitalizations	54	18	0.33333	5	0	0	4	3	0.75	3	3	1			2.08	4	6	0.35	

Chronic Disease

Qualitative=0

Section #	Section Name	Indicator Name	Annual number of residents affected	Most recent value	Most recent year	Kitsap's statistical trend or year to year comparison	Statistical comparison of Kitsap to WA State	Geographic disparity	Race/Ethnicity disparity
H.2	CHRONIC DISEASE								
H.2.1		ADULTS HAVE LOST A TOOTH TO GUM DISEASE OR DECAY	81,388	39%	2016	↔	↑		
H.2.2		ADULTS EVER TOLD THEY HAVE HIGH CHOLESTEROL	61,807	30%	2017	↔	↓		
H.2.3		ADULTS EVER TOLD THEY HAVE HIGH BLOOD PRESSURE	141,781	68%	2017	↔	↓		
H.2.4		ADULTS EVER TOLD THEY HAVE CARDIOVASCULAR DISEASE	12,528	6%	2017	↔	↓		
H.2.5		ADULTS EVER TOLD THEY HAVE DIABETES	12,528	6%	2017	↔	↓		
H.2.6		YOUTH EVER TOLD THEY HAVE DIABETES - 8TH GRADE	77	3%	2014		↔		
		YOUTH EVER TOLD THEY HAVE DIABETES - 10TH GRADE	89	3%	2014		↔		
H.2.7		YOUTH EVER TOLD THEY HAVE ASTHMA - 8TH GRADE	584	22%	2018	↔	↔		
		YOUTH EVER TOLD THEY HAVE ASTHMA - 10TH GRADE	596	21%	2018	↔	↔		
H.2.8		CANCER INCIDENCE	1,739	487 per 100,000	2016	↓	↔		
H.2.9		FEMALE BREAST CANCER INCIDENCE	300	160 per 100,000	2016	↔	↔		
H.2.10		FEMALE GENITAL CANCER INCIDENCE	87	52 per 100,000	2016	↔	↔		
H.2.11		CERVICAL CANCER INCIDENCE	10	8 per 100,000	2012-16	↓	↔		

Chronic Disease

Qualitative=0

H.2.12	PROSTATE CANCER INCIDENCE	215	54 per 100,000	2016	↓	↔		
H.2.13	COLORECTAL CANCER INCIDENCE	107	34 per 100,000	2016	↓	↔		
H.2.14	LUNG CANCER INCIDENCE	186	50 per 100,000	2016	↓	↔		
H.2.15	CANCER DEATHS	468	123 per 10,000	2017	↓	↓	Y	
H.2.16	FEMALE BREAST CANCER DEATH RATE	29	14 per 100,000	2017	↔	↔		
H.2.17	FEMALE GENITAL CANCER DEATH RATE	23	12 per 100,000	2017	↔	↔		
H.2.18	CERVICAL CANCER DEATH RATE	n/a	n/a	2013-17				
H.2.19	PROSTATE CANCER DEATH RATE	28	17 per 100,000	2017	↓	↔		
H.2.20	COLORECTAL CANCER DEATH RATE	41	11 per 100,000	2017	↓	↔		
H.2.21	LUNG CANCER DEATH RATE	98	25 per 100,000	2017	↓	↓		

Sub-Section	comp to WA		1 POINT	comp over time		1 POINT	geography		1 POINT	race/ethnicity		1 POINT	1 POINT	1 POINT	SUM OF EARNED POINTS F+H+O+P+Q	Quant: # points available	TOTAL POINTS AVAILABLE	% score (R/U)	RANK
	# indicators with WA comparison	# worse than WA	points	# indicators with trend	# with worsening trend	points	# indicators with geo	# with 10% disparity	points	# indicators with race/ethnicity	# with 10% disparity	points	Community voice theme	Community Survey					
Chronic Disease	22	1	0.04545	20	0	0	1	1	1	0	0			1.05	3	5	0.21		

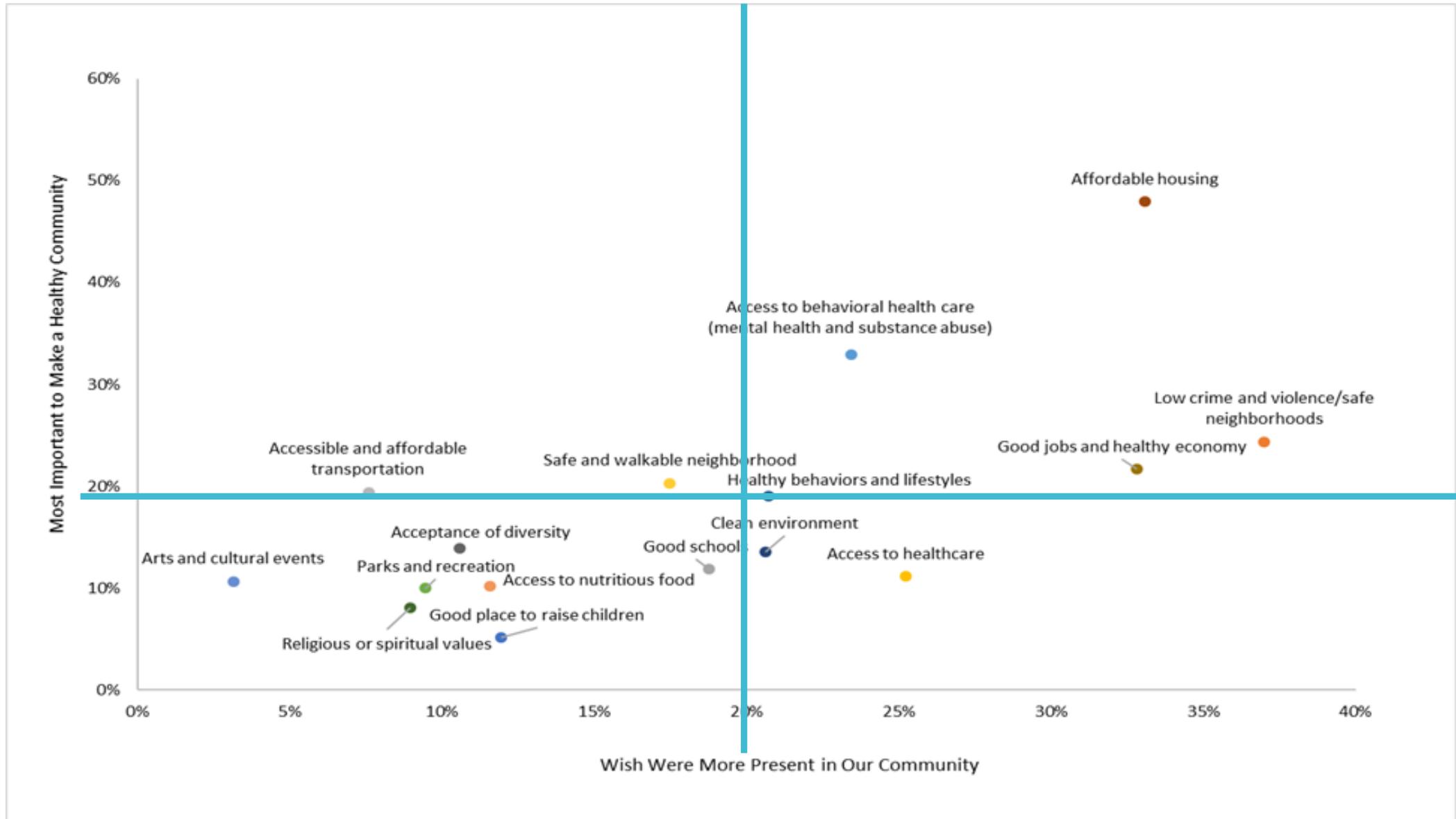
Infectious Disease and Injury

Qualitative=0

Section #	Section Name	Indicator Name	Annual number of residents affected	Most recent value	Most recent year	Kitsap's statistical trend or year to year comparison	Statistical comparison of Kitsap to WA State	Geographic disparity	Race/Ethnicity disparity
H.3 INFECTIOUS DISEASE									
H.3.1		CHLAMYDIA INFECTION RATE	1,184	443 per 100,000	2018	↑	↔	Y	
H.3.2		GONORRHEA INFECTION RATE	306	115 per 100,000	2018	↑	↓		
H.3.3		HIV INCIDENCE RATE	8	3 per 100,000	2013-17				
H.3.4		CHILDREN AGE 19 TO 35 MONTHS WITH COMPLETE IMMUNIZATIONS	2,016	49%	2018		↓		
H.3.5		KINDERGARTNERS WITH COMPLETE IMMUNIZATIONS	2,384	87%	2018-19	↔	↔	Y	
H.3.6		SIXTH GRADERS WITH COMPLETE IMMUNIZATIONS	2,367	83%	2018-19	↔	↑		
H.3.7		ADULTS GETTING A FLU SHOT IN PAST YEAR	93,242	45%	2015-17		↔		
H.3.8		ADULTS AGE 65+ GETTING PNEUMONIA VACCINE IN PAST YEAR	4,342	82%	2015-17	↔	↔		
H.4 INJURY									
H.4.1		UNINTENTIONAL INJURY HOSPITALIZATIONS	1,360	393 per 100,000	2018	↑	↓	Y	
H.4.2		LEADING CAUSES OF UNINTENTIONAL INJURY HOSPITALIZATIONS	See report				2↓3↔	2Y	
H.4.3		CHILD INJURY AND ACCIDENT HOSPITALIZATION RATE	72	129 per 100,000	2018	↑	↔		

Sub-Section	comp to WA		1 POINT	comp over time		1 POINT	geography		1 POINT	race/ethnicity		1 POINT	1 POINT	1 POINT	SUM OF EARNED POINTS F+H+O+P+Q	Quant: # points available	TOTAL POINTS AVAILABLE	% score (R/U)	RANK
	# indicators with WA comparison	# worse than WA	points	# indicators with trend	# with worsening trend	points	# indicators with geo	# with 10% disparity	points	# indicators with race/ethnicity	# with 10% disparity	points	Community voice theme	Community Survey					
Infectious Disease	7	1	0.14286	5	2	0.4	2	2	1	0	0			1.54	3	5	0.31		
Injury	14	2	0.14286	3	3	1	5	5	1	0	0			2.14	3	5	0.43		
H.4.6																			

Most Important Factor to Make a Healthy Community VS Wish Were More Present in our Community



X-Assessment Summary: Qualitative (2 points)

Community Survey:	
Biggest problem (classified category):	Wished For (classified category):
Substance abuse (sub use)	Affordable housing (housing)
Housing issues (housing)	Access to BH care (hc access)
Mh needs (emo well-being)	Low crime/ violence/ safe neighborhoods (safety/viol)
Poverty (econ well-being)	Good jobs/ healthy economy (employment)
Crime/violence (safety/violence)	Safe/walkable neighborhood (safety/violence; built env)
Obesity (weight/n/pa)	Healthy behaviors/lifestyles (hc recs, sub use, wt/n/pa)

Community Voice Themes:	
Education	Pregnancy
Employment	Births
Housing	Post partum
Natural Environment	Physical/emotional well-being
Transportation	Substance use
Health care availability	Weight, nutrition, phys activity
Health care access	

Criteria Ranking Results

% score (R/U)	RANK	Section headers
		<i>Demographics</i>
		<i>Household composition</i>
0.54	8	Education
0.50		Employment
0.56	7	Economic Well-being
0.686	5	Housing
0.30		Natural Environment
0.41		Built Environment
0.52	9	Transportation
0.50		Health Care Availability
0.690	4	Health Care Access
0.25		Meet Health Recommendations
0.58	6	Pregnancy
0.40		Birth
0.40		Post Partum
0.78	1	Well-being
0.52		Safety and Violence
0.73	2	Substance Use
0.71	3	Weight/Nutrition/Physical Activity
0.35		Deaths/Hospitalizations
0.21		Chronic Disease
0.31		Infectious Disease
0.43		Injury

- Revised post 11/7 meeting. Well-being section was missing 8th grade hope (worse than WA) and 10th grade hope and denominators were incorrect for # indicators over time and # with WA comparison.