

## **QUIZ FOR SUICIDE PREVENTION ON-LINE COURSE:**

1. Suicide rates do not vary by age, gender, or ethnicity.

A. True

B. False

2. Problem solving skills, strong connections to support systems, and beliefs that support self-preservation are \_\_\_\_\_ factors for suicide.

A. risk

B. protective

3. Only psychological factors contribute to suicidal behaviors.

A. True

B. False

4. HIV/AIDS claims more lives than suicide.

A. True

B. False

5. \_\_\_\_\_ related to suicide has been identified as the most formidable obstacle to future progress in the arena of mental health.

A. Substance abuse

B. Stigma

6. Suicide is the \_\_\_\_\_ leading cause of death among the U.S. college-aged population.

A. third

B. fifth

7. Which claims more lives in the U.S.?

A. Homicides

B. Suicides

8. The majority of suicides and homicides in the U.S. are \_\_\_\_\_ related.

A. Poison

B. Firearms

9. Of individuals who die by suicide, fewer than 10% have had contact with a mental health professional.

A. True

B. False

10. Is the following statement a component of a comprehensive suicide prevention plan?

**Implement training for recognition of at-risk behavior and delivery of effective treatment.**

A. Yes

B. No

11. Financial, structural, and personal factors are considered barriers to access and affordability of healthcare.

A. True

B. False

12. Suicide rates are highest for Americans in which age group?

A. 8-13

B. 15-25

C. 40-55

D. 65 and older

13. Researchers have overwhelmingly shown that there is no association whatsoever between mood disorders, substance abuse, and an increased risk for suicide.

A. True

B. False

14. Negative or inaccurate media portrayal of mental illness and substance abuse may indirectly affect the suicide rate, causing it to rise.

A. True

B. False

15. No data exists to prove there is a connection between genetic factors and suicidal behavior.

A. True

B. False