



Troop 5 Meeting Skill

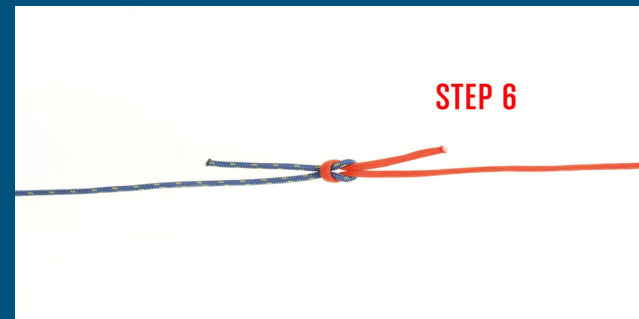
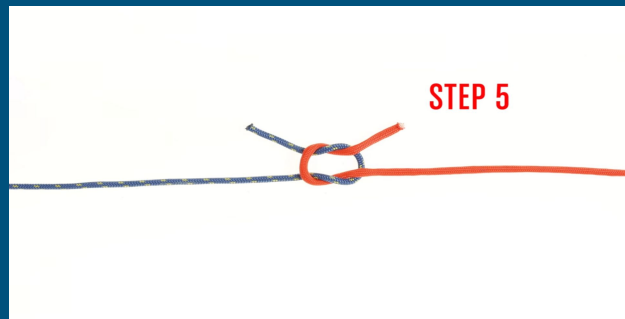
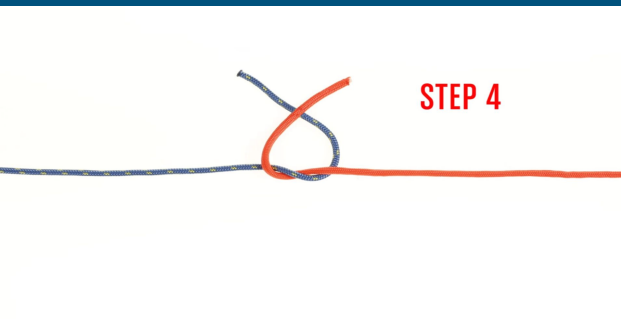
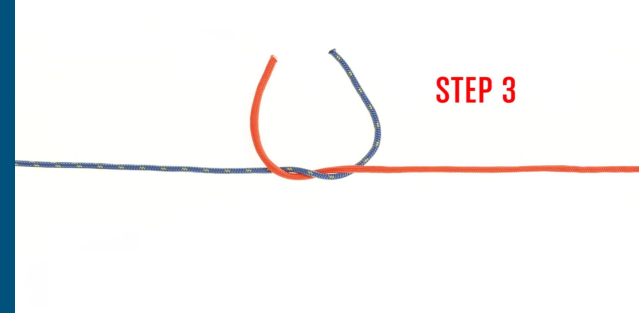
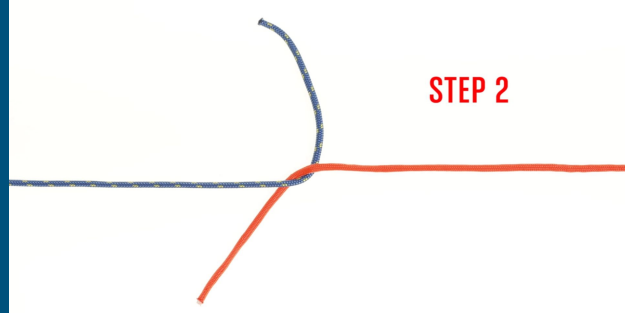
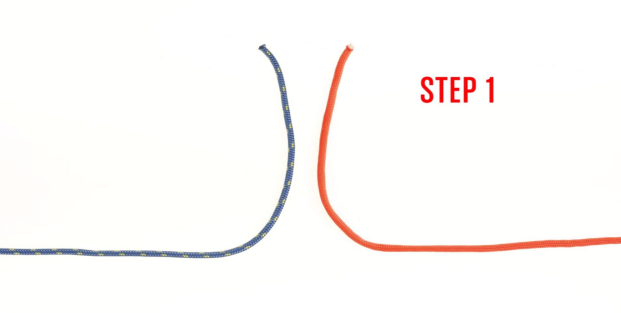


Knots



Square Knot





Practical Use

The square knot can be used to join two ropes together. Generally, it works best with two ropes of the same diameter, and should not be used to hold a heavy load.

Two Half-Hitches

STEP 1

STEP 2

STEP 3

STEP 4

STEP 5

STEP 6

STEP 7

Two Half-Hitches

Practical Use

Use two half hitches to tie a rope to a tree, ring or dock.

For more security, you can take a second turn around the tree, or just add more half-hitches.

Taut-Line Hitch

STEP 1



STEP 2



STEP 3



STEP 4



STEP 5



STEP 6



STEP 7



STEP 8



STEP 9



Taut-Line Hitch



Practical Use

To create an adjustable loop that stays in place, use the taut-line hitch. This is the knot to use for staking out the guy lines of your tent.

Sheet Bend



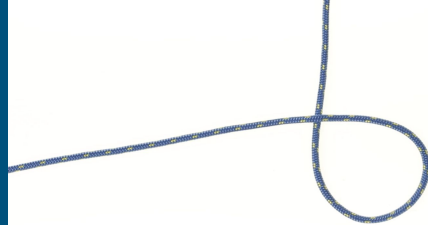
Practical Use

Need to tie two ropes together? This is the knot for you. The sheet bend won't slip when ropes of dissimilar material and size are entwined.

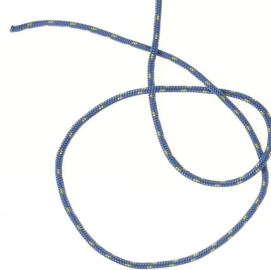
Bowline



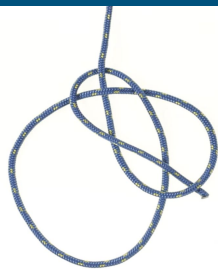
STEP 1



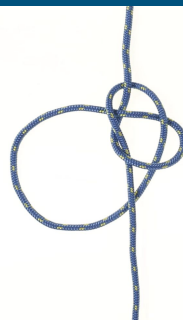
STEP 2



STEP 3



STEP 4



STEP 5



STEP 6



Bowline

Practical Use

This knot is popular among mountaineers, climbers, sailors and others. Use the bowline when you need a non-slip loop at the end of a line. The knot won't slip, regardless of the load applied.

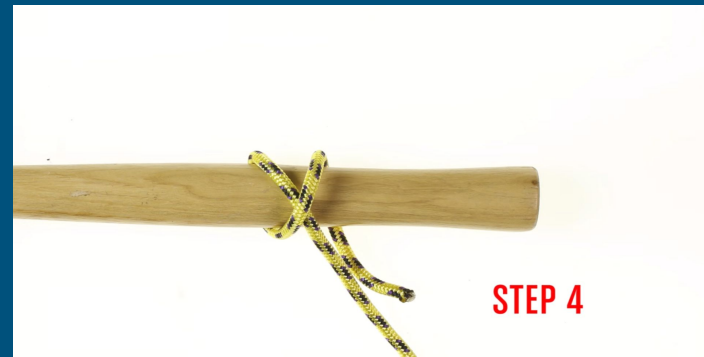
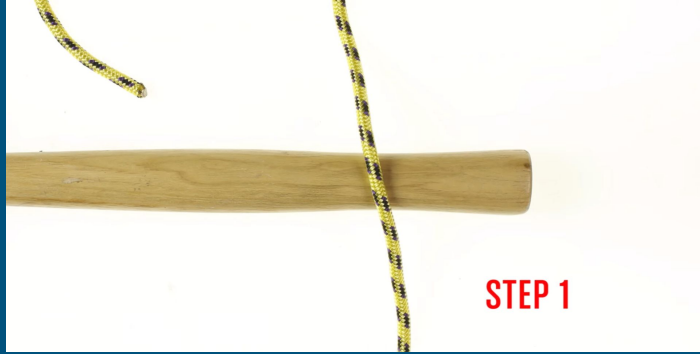
Timber Hitch



Practical Use

The timber hitch is often used to drag a log across the ground or to start a diagonal lashing.

Clove Hitch



Practical Use

The clove hitch is a versatile knot that is often used in Scouting activities, including servings as the start or finish to many lashings.