

**Thomas Jefferson & His Democracy: Crash Course US History #10 Name: \_\_\_\_\_**

1. Incidentally, Burr and Hamilton really disliked each other and not unlike the passive aggressive way that politicians dislike each other these days but in the four years later they would have a duel and \_\_\_\_\_ killed Hamilton kind of way
2. So, Jefferson became president and his election showed that Americans wanted a more democratic politics where common people were more free to express their \_\_\_\_\_. The Federalists were never really a threat again in presidential politics and arguably the best thing that John Adams ever did was transfer power in an orderly and honorable way to his rival Jefferson.
3. Jefferson's campaign slogan was "Jefferson and \_\_\_\_\_," but the liberty in question was severely limited.
4. Mystery Document author? \_\_\_\_\_
5. But back to Jefferson. His idea was to make the government smaller, lower taxes, shrink the \_\_\_\_\_, and make it possible for America to become a bucolic, agrarian empire of liberty, rather than an English-style industrial-mercantile nightmare landscape.
6. This is yet another example of how foreign affairs keeps getting in the way of \_\_\_\_\_ priorities, in this case the domestic priority of not wanting to spend money on a navy.
7. Marshall was Chief Justice basically forever, and is without question the most important figure in the history of the Supreme Court. He wrote a number of key opinions, but none was more important than the 1803 decision in Marbury v \_\_\_\_\_.
8. Marbury v. Madison is so important because in that decision the Supreme Court gave itself the power of \_\_\_\_\_ review, which allows it to uphold federal laws
9. So yeah, Jefferson basically \_\_\_\_\_ the size of the US in what came to be known as the \_\_\_\_\_ Purchase. Napoleon was eager to sell it because the rebellion in Haiti had soured him on the whole idea of colonies, and also because he needed \_\_\_\_\_
10. By doubling the size of the country, Jefferson could ensure that there would be enough land for every white man to have his own small farm, and this, in turn, would ensure that Americans would remain \_\_\_\_\_ and virtuous
11. The embargo limited the power of the \_\_\_\_\_ government