How to get drug coverage

Medicare offers prescription drug coverage to everyone with Medicare. If you decide not to join a Medicare Prescription Drug Plan (Part D) when you're first eligible, or if you decide not to join a Medicare Advantage Plan (Part C) (like an HMO or PPO) or other Medicare health plan that offers Medicare prescription drug coverage, you'll likely pay a late enrollment penalty unless you have other creditable prescription drug coverage, or you get Extra Help.

To get Medicare drug coverage, you must join a plan run by an insurance company or other private company approved by Medicare. Each plan can vary in cost and drugs covered.

2 ways to get drug coverage

- 1. <u>Medicare Prescription Drug Plan (Part D)</u>. These plans (sometimes called "PDPs") add drug coverage to Original Medicare, some Medicare Cost Plans, some Medicare Private Fee-for-Service (PFFS) Plans, and Medicare Medical Savings Account (MSA) Plans.
- 2. <u>Medicare Advantage Plan (Part C)</u> (like an HMO or PPO) or other <u>Medicare health plan</u> that offers Medicare prescription drug coverage. You get all of your <u>Medicare Part A</u> (<u>Hospital Insurance</u>) and <u>Medicare Part B</u> (<u>Medical Insurance</u>) coverage, and prescription drug coverage (Part D), through these plans. Medicare Advantage Plans with prescription drug coverage are sometimes called "MA-PDs." You must have Part A and Part B to join a Medicare Advantage Plan.

Find a Medicare drug plan.

How to join a drug plan

Once you choose a Medicare drug plan, here's how you may be able to join:

- Enroll on the <u>Medicare Plan Finder</u> or on the plan's website.
- Complete a paper enrollment form.
- Call the plan.
- Call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227).

When you join a Medicare drug plan, you'll give your Medicare number and the date your Part A and/or Part B coverage started. This information is on your Medicare card.

Joining a Medicare drug plan may affect your Medicare Advantage Plan

If your <u>Medicare Advantage Plan (Part C)</u> includes prescription drug coverage and you join a <u>Medicare Prescription Drug Plan (Part D)</u>, you'll be disenrolled from your Medicare Advantage Plan and returned to <u>Original Medicare</u>.