1. Your document on the ULA web site researching post-consumer plastic bales shows a range of 58-65+% (average for the 5 samples is 63%) HDPE+PP. You indicate 55%. Which figure should we use for our planning?

<u>Answer:</u> We should use the 55% fyi. This will Also-Apply for European Turn-Keys fyi, and this also allows for the Processing of more Plasmix than the 63% would - in order to get the clean PP and HDPE out.

2. When we separate out the HDPE and PP from the plastic bales, what do we do with any remaining PET, PVC, LDPE, PS and other plastics? Is this waste or does FCL purchase this plastic? If FCL does not purchase, what plastics are saleable?

<u>Answer:</u> The typical Remainders of The PlasMix after the HDPE and PP is removed, is mostly all saleable: which FCL will Organize prior to Final Punch List being Signed-Off by In-Country. Certainly there is a good price for LDPE, with a lesser price for PET. We also separate the PS and PVC, which have Additional Markets The balance of the material could certainly go to "waste to energy" plants: that @1MW Modular-Basis should be Straight-Forward for Ongoing Operations @Same-Site/Contiguous EBM Complex Site-Basis.

3. Understood, TPE production uses either 100% HDPE or 100% PP. We will plan on needing 65% of either HDPE or PP to be mixed with 35% crumb rubber. What other specifications, if any need to be met for TPE production?

<u>Answer:</u> Typically we will Require 65% of either HDPE or PP to be mixed with 35% crumb rubber. The only remaining Specification would be for clean input with no metal, which would be removed in our Process(s) @EBM Complex-Basis.