### Reinforcements

## New U.S. and Soviet Units for Assault

#### Reinforcements

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#### **Module Credits**

Research and Design: Frank Chadwick

Development: John Harshman

Research Assistance and Technical Advice: Henry Cord Meyer

III, Paul R. Banner, Joseph Bermudez, and Eric McGrath

Playtesting: The Champaign Military Games Club

Art Director: Paul R. Banner Cover Designer: Barbie Pratt Cover Illustrator: Steve Venters

#### Introduction

Reinforcements is a module in the Assault series, a tactical level simulation of ground combat in Europe in the 1980's. In order to use this module, players must also have either Assault or Boots & Saddles; for full use, they must have both. This module includes new U.S. and Soviet units plus a point system to allow players to design new force levels for existing Assault scenarios.

This folder is divided into three sections. The first consists of new rules. The second consists of additions and exceptions to previous *Assault* rules. The third is a new scenario plus notes on scenarios 1-3.

#### Section I

#### **Module Components**

This module consists mostly of new unit counters, described below. It also includes a direct/indirect fire chart for the new unit types, unit organization charts for the new units, a briefing folder, and this rules folder.

**New Units:** Most counters in this module make up complete new units. These are the U.S. 11th Battalion, 12th Squadron, and B and C Batteries of the 7th Battalion; and the Soviet 94th Regiment, 23rd through 31st Battalions, and the recon company of a *desant* division.

Additions: There are several counters which may be added to units included in Assault and Boots & Saddles.

- 1. Organic ground transport for the Soviet 93rd Brigade and U.S. 9th Battalion; this is used if the unit (or part of the unit) enters on the ground instead of by helicopter.
- 2. The ground elements of the U.S. 5th Squadron (air elements are in *Boots & Saddles*); this completes the squadron.
- 3. Assault gun batteries and MRL platoons for the Soviet 91st and 92nd Regiments; these are "Suvorov" units (see the briefing folder) and may be added to those regiments at the players' discretion.

**Changes:** Counters are provided to change the organizations of some units:

- 1. New mortar platoons for the U.S. 1st and 2nd Battalions; substitute them for the old mortar platoons.
- 2. Counters to change the U.S. 3rd Battalion to the Army of Excellence (AOE) organization.
  - 3. A revised organization for the Soviet 15th Battalion.
- 4. Alternate counters (ZSU-23 and SA-13) to be freely substituted for the current ZSU-30 and/or SA-9 counters in the air defense companies of the 91st and 92nd Regiments.

#### Rule 34: Creating New Force Levels

This rule allows players to create new force levels for existing scenarios. Point values are assigned to all units, totalled, and the total is compared to the scenario's base point value to determine a victory point multiplier. However, this system is not intended to be used in competition—players should not use it to "buy" their units before a game. The point values listed are only a rough guide, and the system is too open to abuse if players try to use it to their advantage. It is intended instead as a tool for balancing an impartially created force level. Ideally, several force levels should be created at a time by an uninvolved third party or designed by players long before a game (before sides are chosen).

A. Point Values: Each type of unit is assigned a point value per step, representing a rough assessment of its game usefulness; these are given on the unit types point value table.

The value of a unit is the total of the value of all its steps; thus the value of a platoon is (usually) twice the value listed on this table. The total values of all companies, battalions, and regiments in *Assault*, *Boots & Saddles*, and *Reinforcements* are given on the unit point totals table.

The value of a force level is the total of the values of all units in the force level (including off-board artillery, Stinger/SA-7, and entrenchments).

In designing a force level, first determine which units are used and total their values.

B. Base Point Value: Each side in each scenario has a base point value; base point values for

# Base Point Values Scen. U.S. Soviet 1 400 600 2 1200 1200 3 2000 1350

scenarios 1 to 3 are given below.

C. Victory Point Multiplier: To determine a force level's victory point

mine a force level's victory point multiplier, divide the scenario's base point value by the force level's total point value and round off to the nearest

tenth (round 0.05 up). For example, if a Soviet force level in scenario 1 totals 814 points, the victory point multiplier is 600/814, or 0.7. If the multiplier is greater than 5 or less than 0.5, add or subtract units until the multiplier falls within those bounds.

#### D. Other Considerations:

- 1. Doctrine: Force levels 1-12 are all based on U.S. and Soviet doctrine. The briefing notes provide a rough guide to what's reasonable, although almost anything can arise in the confusion of combat.
- 2. Entry and Dummies: Entry times are not very important to game balance unless one side has a very strong advantage for a very long time, for example if one player receives all his troops on turn 1 and the other receives none until turn 9. Dummies can make up for much of this by disguising the true situation. Force levels 1-12 are arranged in groups which receive the same number of counters as reinforcements each turn, some dummies and some real units. This means that a player can't tell what force level the enemy has from the quantity of reinforcements. This should also be kept in mind in designing new force levels: use dummies to disguise the situation and try to match the number of counters appearing each turn to other force levels. Dummies have no point value.
- 3. Off-Board Artillery: This may be varied with the force level; if any is assigned, its value must be added to the force level. Some of the printed scenarios place restrictions on off-board artillery; in such cases, the unit's point total should be reduced. In Soviet scenario 2, the off-board artillery costs victory points to deploy; if this restriction is used, divide the artillery's point value by 2. In Soviet scenario 3 (in Assault), the BM-21 battalion is restricted to either one or two missions; in the first case, multiply its value by 1/3; in the second, multiply by 2/3.
- 4. Stinger and SA-7: These missiles may be used or left out, depending on whether or not the force level is intended for use with helicopters. If used, their values must be added to the force level.
- 5. Entrenchments: These are determined by the scenario, and their point costs must be added into each force level.
- E. Victory Conditions (Optional): The point values can also be used to refine the victory conditions. Whenever a scenario

gives 2 victory points per enemy step eliminated, instead use the step's point value divided by 5; when the scenario gives 1 point per step, use its point value divided by 10.

#### Rule 35: Special Units in Reinforcements

- A. BTR-60 (Optional): The Soviet BTR-60 is particularly prone to engine breakdown; however, this does not bring the APC to a total halt, since it has two engines and can run at reduced speed using only one. The force level designer can represent this in either of two ways.
- A percentage of BTR-60s can be deleted from the units, together with their passengers. This assumes that units which suffered breakdowns have been left behind to preserve the tempo of advance.
- 2. A percentage of BTR-60s can be assigned a movement allowance of 2 (give them a point value of 1.5 per step). This assumes that the advance has been delayed long enough for the slower units to catch up.

In both cases, the force level designer chooses the percentage and which specific units are affected. A reasonable level is 10 to 20 percent. Obviously, option 1 may be used on individual steps in a platoon (producing a unit with a step loss), while option 2 must be inflicted on a whole platoon.

**B. T-62A and T-62M:** There are two variants of the T-62. In game terms, they differ only in their armament. The counters do not differentiate between types, although the direct fire data chart does. The force level designer must state in the force level description which type of T-62 is being used.

#### Section II

#### Rule 3: Organization

The Soviet company R-D is subordinated directly to its division. D is the division designation and stands for *desant*. The company may be cross-attached to another unit or retained as an independent company, as desired by the player.

#### Rule 8: Transport

A. Which Units May Be Transported: When carried by a helicopter, the BMD is counted as having 6 times its actual number of steps.

#### Rule 30: Anti-Aircraft Missiles

B. Stinger and SA-7: One issue of Stinger is also given to each ground maneuver company of a U.S. divisional cavalry squadron (A5 and B5). One issue of SA-7 is also given to each maneuver company of a Soviet *desant* infantry or *desant* assault gun battalion (25, 26, 27, and 29).

#### Rule 32: Radar

The Soviet SA-13 has radar, just like the M988, ZSU-30, and ZSU-23.

#### Section III

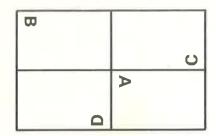
#### Scenario 4: Breakout from Encirclement

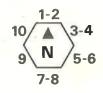
#### **U.S.** Information

**Description:** In the aftermath of a U.S. counterattack, a Soviet force has been pocketed. (Alternate scenario: a *desant* unit has

landed behind U.S. lines and reserves have contained the airhead.) The U.S. player must prevent a breakout toward Soviet lines and begin the reduction of the pocket.

Maps and Wind Direction: The maps are laid out and wind direction determined as shown in the accompanying diagram.





Victory: Victory points are awarded for the following:

For each step of Soviet units eliminated: 2 points.

If no Soviet AFV exits the east edge of the map: 25 points. Total Scenario Length: 18 turns.

Off-Board Artillery: As determined by force level.

Command Ratings: Generate command ratings for 18 HQs and 2 TOCs.

Initial Deployment: Initial units may be deployed, under cover if desired, anywhere 15 hexes or more away from hex 3201, map D.

Entry: Most units should start on the map. Other units may be slated for entry on any board edge during turns 2, 4, or 6.

Base Point Value: 1500.

#### Soviet Information

**Description:** Premature initiation of the pursuit phase followed by a U.S. counterattack has cut off Soviet forward elements. (Alternate scenario: A *desant* unit has landed in the midst of an unexpected concentration of U.S. forces.) The Soviet player must break free of the encirclement, toward Soviet lines if possi-

ble, with minimum losses.

Victory: Victory points are awarded for the following: For each step of U.S. units eliminated: 2 points.

For each step of Soviet AFVs exited off the east map edge: 4 points.

For each step of Soviet AFVs exited off the north edge of map C or the south edge of map A: 2 points.

For each step of Soviet AFVs exited off any other map edge: 1 point.

Total Scenario Length: 18 turns.

Off-Board Artillery: None.

Command Ratings: Generate command ratings for 6 HQs and 1 TOC.

**Initial Deployment:** Initial units may be deployed, under cover if desired, anywhere within 10 hexes of hex 3201, map D.

Entry: All Soviet units start on the map.

Base Point Value: 1000.

#### Scenarios 1-3

Victory multipliers in force levels 1-12 were produced using a preliminary version of the point system, which has evolved considerably since then. Consequently, victory multipliers under the new system are different; here are the new values.

Force	Scenario 1		Scenario 2		Scena	Scenario 3	
Level	U.S.	Sov.	U.S.	Sov.	U.S.	Sov.	
1	0.8	1.4	1.3	0.8	0.9	1.3	
2	0.5	1.2	2.4	0.7	0.9	0.5	
3	1.2	1.6	1.3	0.7	1.0	1.2	
4	0.4	1.3	3.4	0.6	1.2	1.0	
5	1.2	0.9	1.6	1.0	1.2	1.2	
6	1.0	1.0	1.9	1.0	1.4	1.7	
7	1.1	1.7	1.4	1.0	0.9	1.9	
8	0.7	1.4	2.1	0.7	0.9	1.2	
9	0.8	5.5	0.9	0.6	0.7	0.8	
10	0.7	3.2	1.2	1.4	0.8	1.2	
11	0.5	1.0	1.1	2.1	1.4	2.3	
12	0.6	0.9	1.3	1,3	1.0	1.4	

#### Unit Types Point Value Table

U.S. Units		Soviet Units		
AH-64100	M98824	Mi-24E 60	BMD6	Grad-P24
AH-160	M73032	Mi-24D40	BTR-702	motorcycle2
UH-6012	M74112	Mi-8E40	BTR-602	rapira-34
UH-1H8	M5772	Mi-8C20	MT-LB2	SD-443
OH-588	M2326	Mi-28	ACRV2	SPG-92
M1 20	motorcycle2	Mi-2632	BRDM-2 2	AT-43
M6012	TOW5	T-80 16	BRDM-2 w/AT-58	M-4316
M2 10	M2916	T-72 14	BMD-U2	ZU-238
МЗ 10	infantry A4	T-64 12	BTR-70PU2	infantry 2
M1132	infantry B2	T-62A8	BTR-60PU2	OP2
M90110	Stinger4	T-62M10	SA-932	SA-74
ACCV2	M10940	ASU-856	SA-1340	BM-2132
M10632	M11060	Su-13014	ZSU-23 16	D-3016
M12524		IT-1 10	ZSU-30 20	SAU-15232
		BMP-A 6	AM-8224	D-2024
		BMP-B8	SAU-12224	

Notes: All point values are per step. All trucks and jeeps are 1 point per step. Add 2 points per step for recon units (all units marked with an asterisk except HQs, TOCs, and OPs).

An HQ is worth 20 points and a TOC is worth 40 points, regardless of its number of steps. If the HQ or TOC is a vehicle unit, it also receives points for its vehicles. For example, a full-strength TOC mounted in M577s is worth 44 points: 40 for the TOC and 2 for each step of M577s.

#### **Unit Point Totals Table**

U.S Units		Soviet Units		. 200
Assault	9372	Assault	ATG-9312	AT-9348
1 856	HQ-920	91188	AD-9324	15158
HQ-140	TOC-940	HQ-9122	11 and 12 are	HQ1522
TOC-144	AT-984	TOC-9142	identical to 9	A15, :B1560
S-136	A-9, B-9, C-944	R-91 28	13241	C1516
M-196	M-9 96	AT-9148	HQ1326	R-D12
A-1, B-1,	10 344	M-9148	A13, B13, C1348	AG-9156
C-1, D-1160	HQ-1032	1 324	M1371	MRL-9148
2744	A-10, B-10,	HQ136	14 is identical to 4	94212
HQ-230	C-10104	A1, B1, C196	15110	HQ-9424
TOC-244	Reinforcements ·	2 and 3 are identical to 1	HQ1522	TOC-9442
S-236	1888	<i>4</i> 279	A1564	AT-9448
M-2 96	M-1128	HQ428	B15, C1512	M-9471
A-2, B-2,	2 776	A4, B4, C460	1666	AD-9427
C-2, D-2114	M-2128	M471	HQ1620	23172/210
E-2 82	3 528	5322	AT1610	HQ2328/30
3550	M-3128	HQ522	A16, B16, C1612	A23, B23,
HQ-322	A-3, B-3,	A5, B5, C5100	17 is identical to 16	C2348/60
TOC-344	C-3, D-358	6175	18440/640	24286
S-312	5718	HQ622	aHQ1860/80	HQ2434
M-364	HQ-530	AT610	<b>ЬНQ1860/80</b>	A24, B24, C2484
A-3, B-3, C-3106	TOC-544	A6, B6, C624	A18, B18, C18,	25 175
AT-390	S-58	M6 71	D18 80/120	HQ2522
Boots & Saddles	M-596	7 and 8 are identical to 6	19120/220	AT2510
4 632	A-5, B-5102	9248	HQ1940/60	A25, B25, C2524
HQ-432	B-794	HQ932	A19, B1940/80	M2571
TOC-444	C-7214	A9, B9, C972	20148	<u> 26148</u>
S-4 12	9397	10234	HQ2052	HQ2622
M-4128	HQ-921	HQ1021	A20, B20, C2032	A26, B26, C2642
A-4, B-4,	TOC-942	A10, B10, C1071	21148/228	27 and 28 are identical
C-4, D-4104	AT-997	Boots & Saddles	HQ2128	to 26
C-5, D-5168	A-9, B-9, C-945	92292	A21 80/120	29134
6 844	M-9102	AD-92104	B2140/80	HQ2926
HQ-640	11256	91 and AD-91 are	22 is identical to 5	A29, B29, C2936
TOC-644	HQ-1128	identical to 92	Reinforcements	30118
A-6, B-6, C-6200	A-11, B-11,	and AD-92	93 241	HQ3022
D-6160	C-1176	93 226	HQ-9321	A30, B3024
A-7 166	121456	HQ-9320	TOC-9342	C3048
81048	HQ-12,32	TOC-9340	R-9316	31 210
HQ-828	A-12, B-12340	R-9316	M-9371	HQ3130
A-8, B-8, C-8340	C-12, D-12,	AT-9348	ATG-9316	A31, B31, C3160
	E-12248	M-9366	AD-9327	

Note: Point totals above do not include Stinger. If using Stinger, add 4 points per equipped company. For example, 1st Battalion would be increased by 16 points.

**Notes:** Point totals above do not include SA-7. If using SA-7, add 4 points per equipped company. For example, 4th Battalion would be increased by 12 points.

The two point totals for 18 and A21 are used for units equipped with the Mi-24D aand Mi-24E, respectively. The two point totals for 19 and B21 are used for units equipped with the Mi-8C and Mi-8E, respectively. The two point totals for 23 are used for units equipped with T-62A and T-62M, respectively.