

Adabiis (butterfly)

Txaalpxga gak'aay adabiis.

Butterflies have 4 wings.

K'a ksgoogm laalt ḥa gooym ada sityaawtksit a adabiis ḥa suunt.

They start as caterpillars in the spring and turn into butterflies in the summer.

Na gasasiit da hoyt dmt bāga na wineeyat.

Butterflies taste their food through their feet.



Gwisgwaas (bluejay/stellar jay)

Maay ada 'na'wa'na ada gyiik ada kṣiił ada ḥgumet di gāba

gwisgwaas.

Bluejays eat berries, seeds, insect, lizards and eggs.

Asda ḥaa 'nag, ha'lígooda Ts'msyen gwisgwaasa in diyamaalsg a halaayt.

In the old days, Ts'msyen considered bluejays messengers for shamans.

Ḱa gasuwiliinsga 'yuuta mełda gwisgwaas da gwindelpga gyibaaw.

Bluejays always tell hunters when wolves are nearby.



Gyilak'yoo (robin)

Masga na ban gyilak'yoo ada gayaak wilgyeda gak'aayt ada t'u'utsga na t'mgawst ada xs'yaanał'aldoosa na aaxt.

Robins have bright red bellies, grey wings, a black head and yellow beak.

Laalt ada gyiik ada maay di gāba gyilak'yoo.

Robins eat worms, insects and berries.

Gyilak'yoo ksgoogm ts'u'utsa luyeltgit ḥa gooym.

Robins are often the first birds to return in the spring.



Gaag (raven)

Gaaga suwaatgit a wil 'nii wila hawt.

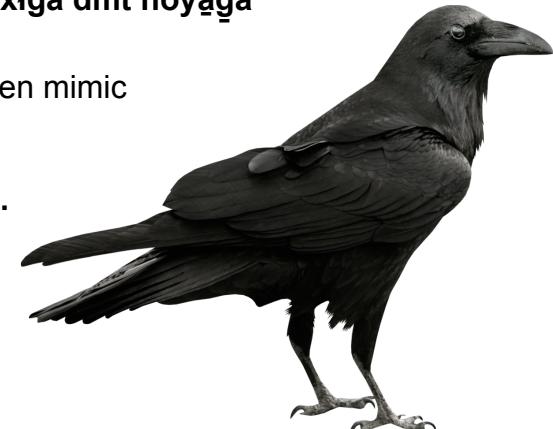
Ravens are named after the sounds they make.

Wilgagoosga gaag ada dā'axłga dmt hoyaga ḥa algyaga gyed.

Ravens are smart and can even mimic human voices.

'Nii hoy Ganhada da pdeext.

Raven is the crest of the Raven Clan.



Xsgiiik (eagle)

Mooksga na gaws ada na ts'uuba xsgiiik ada lagaloop wilgyeda txa'moot ada xs'yaanał'aldoosa gasasiit ada aaxt.

Eagles have white heads and tails with brown bodies, yellow feet and a yellow beak.

Hoon, ada nanaat, ada metxalaalt ada stukwliin di q̓aba xsgiiik.

Eagles eat fish, ducks, snakes and rabbits.

'Nii hoy Laxsgiiik da pdeext.

Eagle is the crest of the Laxsgiiik.



Gag (swan)

Laxt'aa ada k'ala'aks di wil dzoga gag.

Swans are usually found on lakes and rivers.

'Wii nik'nuunga t'mlaaniit ada mooksga liit ada kṣit'axt'ooga aaxt.

Swans have long necks with white feathers and orange beaks.

Dā'axłga dm list'ooygat a laxyuub ligi lāx aks.

Swans can sleep on land or in the water.



Ha'ax (goose)

Kyoox ada 'na'wa'na ada maay di q̓aba ha'ax.

Geese eat grasses, grains, and berries.

Gaba Ts'msyen ha'ax adat hoyt dm sik'awtsiit.

Tsimshian people eat geese and use them to make grease.

T'u'utsga na t'mgaws ada t'mlaani ha'ax, ada q̓ayaak ada lāgaloooba wilgyeda txa'moot, ada mooksga na ts'uupt.

Goose head and neck is black, it's body is grey and brown and its tail is white.



K'ask'oos (crane, heron)

Hoon ada ganaaw ada kṣiił ada amgyiika ada gyiik di q̓aba k'ask'oos.

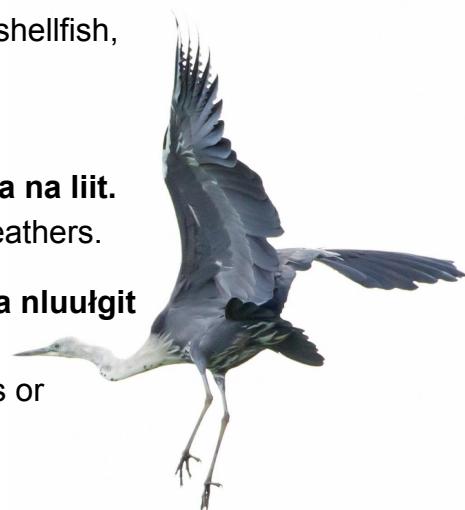
Heron eat fish, frogs, small reptiles, shellfish, and insects.

Napłaxłm ts'u'utsa k'ask'oos ada gwisgwaaask ada q̓ayaaga wilgyeda na liit.

Heron are tall birds with blue, grey feathers.

Spagayt gangan di wil dzaba na ga nluułgit ligi lāx likst'aa, a wagayt doo.

Heron build their nest in deep forests or on islands far away from people.



Biin (thrush)

K'aba sisuusm ts'u'utsa biin. Lagaloob ada mooksga wilgigyet.
Thrush are small, brown and white birds.

Xstaamga liimii biin a ganlaag adat hoyagn la liimii liksgigyedm ts'u'uts.

Thrush sing loudly early in the morning and even mimic songs other birds sing.

Ts'ma'an biin dmt gaba hadza'üüt.

Thrush love to eat snails.



Gwitgwiniiwks (owl)

Gyiik, ada sisuusm yet'sisk ada ts'u'uts di gaba gwitgwiniiwks.

Owls eat insects, small mammals and other birds.

Wiit'a likleeksa wüliil gwitgwiniiwks dm wilat d'ałx̌ga dm ni'itsgit a spagayt sgeetk.

Owls have large eyes to help them see at night.

Akadi xspakwsł wil gyipaayga gwitgwiniiwks.

It is almost impossible to hear a owl flying.



Gylats'i'its (dragonfly)

Awaa k'ala'aks ada laxt'aa di wil dzoga gylats'i'its.
Dragonflies live near rivers and lakes.

Txaalpxga sgabuu gak'aay gylats'i'its ada hanhaniit.
Dragonflies have four wings and they are very thin.

K'oolda sgabuu gasasii gylats'i'its ada akadit d'ałx̌ga dm yaat.

Dragonflies have 6 legs but can't walk.



Gaguum (seagull)

Lax liksuwən wilt dzabida gaguum na gānluulkt.
Seagulls make their nests on rocks just offshore.

Gaba Ts'msyen Igumedm gaguum.
Tsimshian people eat seagull eggs.

Da'ałx̌ga gaguum dmt aksa mela ksa'aamsm aks ada moonm aks.

Seagulls can drink both fresh and saltwater.



Xts'u'utsk (hawk)

Də'ax̌ga xts'u'utsk dmt nii wagayt doo dm wilat də'ax̌ga dmt
‘waa goo dm suwiliint ḥa gyipaaygt a wagayt ľaxha.

Hawks have good eyesight and can see prey from high in the sky.

Wiit'a ňapłax̌gm ǧan wilt dzabida xts'u'utsk na ǧanluulkt.

Hawks build their nests in the tallest trees they can find.

Saasaga na ǧa'aagt ada gałaxst dm wilat də'ax̌ga
dmt gyidi doga dm gabat.

Hawks have sharp beaks and claws for
catching food.



An'ana (duck)

Mooksga na lii an'ana adat ksit'ax̌t'ooga wilgyeda na aagt.

Ducks have white feathers and orange beaks.

Likleeksa gasasii an'ana dm in ḥimoom ḥa hadikst.

Ducks have big feet to help them swim.

K'yoox, ada gyiik, ada nawa'na,
ada maay, ada hoon di gaba an'ana.

Ducks eat grass, insects, seeds, fruit,
and fish.



Na'naat (mallard)

Awaa ľaxt'aa ada k'ala'aks di wil dzoga na'naat.

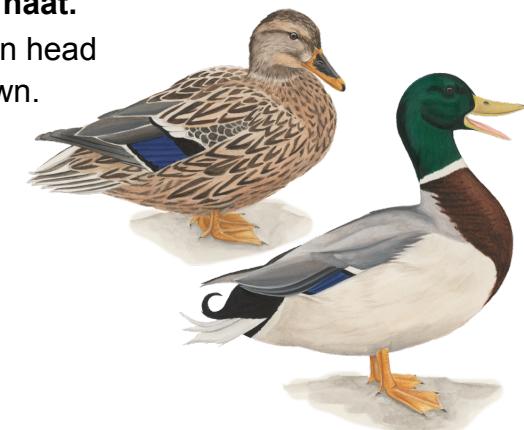
Mallards live near streams and lakes.

Meļiitga wilgyeda na t'mgawsa 'yuutam na'naat ada lagalooba
wilgyeda na t'mgawsa ksm na'naat.

Male mallards have a shiny green head
and the female mallards are brown.

Ǧaba Ts'msyen na'naat.

Tsimshian eat mallards.



Waxwog (moth)

Lagaloob ada gayaaga wilgyeda w̌axwog.

Moths are brown or grey.

Akadi ama maamxsa w̌axwog, akadit hoyaga adabiis.

Moths are not nearly as pretty as butterflies.

Na ǧak'aayt di hoyt dmt 'ňax'nuu ligi goo.

Moths hear sounds using their wings.



Kask'oosm wahuu (turkey)

Nawa'na ada sisuusm gyiik ada maay di gaba kask'oosm wahuu.

Turkeys eat seeds, small insects and wild berries.

Lax gangan di wil list'ooyaq kask'oosm wahuu.

Turkeys sleep in trees.

Akadi lii na t'mgawska kask'oosm wahuu ada akadi lii na t'mlaanit.

Turkeys don't have any feathers on their head or neck.



Gyiik (mosquito, most flying bugs)

Ksa ksm gyiik in la'aga gyed.

Only female mosquitos bite people.

Lułguymk di anooga gyiik ada akadi anooga gyemg.

Mosquitos like to be in the shade and they don't like the heat.

Ksinaałk ada xsbaalga gyed anooga gyiik.

Mosquitos are attracted to human breath and sweat.



K'awk'aaw (crow)

Ksa na wüliilda lagaloob ada al t'u'utsk txa'nii txa'moot.

Crows are all black except their eyes which are brown.

Ligi lip goo di gaba k'awk'aaw.

Crows will eat anything.

K'a sisuusu k'awk'aaw da gaag.

Crows are smaller than ravens.



Ab (bee)

Xs'yaanał'älmoos ada t'u'utsk di wilgyeda ab.

Bees are yellow and black.

Biloosa di dzaba ab.

Bees make honey.

K'wiloolaga ab.

Bees are very industrious.



Ałdigaws (hummingbird)

Ksit'axt'ooga wilgyeda 'yuutam ałdigaws ada meļitga wilgyeda ksmałdigaws.

Male hummingbirds are orange, while the female are green.

'Nii k'ap k'aa sisums ts'u'uts ada sm lit'iildat.

Hummingbirds are the smallest bird and are very fast.

Ts'm madzagalee di wilt 'waa dm gabit ada ksit'ooxt da na wii 'nagm duulat.

In the flower is where they find their food and suck it out with their long tongue.



Ts'iil (sandpipers)

Sisuusa ts'iil ada nik'nuunga ga aaxt ada gəsasii.

Sandpipers are small and have a long beak and legs.

Asta nag, nah gaba Ts'msyen ts'iil.

Long ago, Ts'msyen ate sandpipers.

K'oła ts'iil a hałgyeeka da dzoga aks.

Sandpipers run on the beach in the tides.



Gabalaas (bats)

Dildaal hoy gabalaas dmt 'waa goo dm gabit la aatk.
Bats use echos to find food at night.

Hani na ga'kaay gabalaas.

Bats have thin wings.

Gwitgwiniwsk, ada wutsii'n, ada duus, ada sged in suwiliin gabalaas.

Owls, snakes, mice, cats, and even spiders prey on bats.



Ts'iyoolk (kingfisher)

Hoyaga ts'iyoolg wila dal sasoo.

Kingfishers make a rattle sound.

Xswooxsa ts'iyoolg a łüü aks dmt gyididoga hoon da na aaxt.

Kingfishers dive down into the water and catch fish with their bills.

Wał'aw ts'iyoolg na 'nluułgit da ts'm ląxyub
a dzoga k'ala'aks ada ląxt'aa.

Kingfishers dig nesting burrows in banks along creeks, rivers and lakes.

