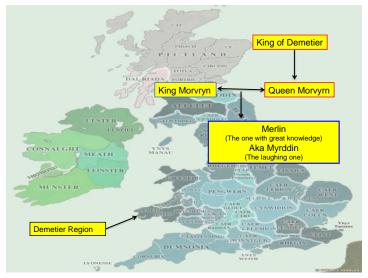


Merlin was born on May 1st, 449 a.d. His first name, Merlin means the one with great knowledge. The Welsh version of Merlin is: Myrrdin, which means 'the laughing one'. His last name was Emrys (Welsh), which means Ambrosia/Ambrosius, so he was also called Merlin/Myrddin Ambrosius

Merlin's mother was a daughter of the King Of the Demetier region.

Merlin's father, King Morvyrn, was a visionary, and these visionary capabilities led to Merlin being referred to as a "scion of the devil," a magician, a sorcerer. The naïveté and simplicity of the Christian interpretation held that Merlin and his father's paranormal abilities meant that they were satanical, and that father and son were allied with the devil and thus fathered by him.





Dinas Brân is the castle where Merlin lived for part of his life. **Dinas Bran castle was located in the valley** of the same name, situated in the then called **Cymru region** where **he** worked. The Cymru area is the Welsh name for Wales.

Merlin, was eventually known as the **Druid of Camelot.** He received his initiation when he was just nine years old, but he was not a magician and sorcerer, as falsely declared by Christianity, but a well-versed druid in many different fields of knowledge. He was also a bard, a doctor, a teacher, a prophet, a historian and ultimately the **Prince and King of the Druids** of the Demetier tribe from South Wales. This whole area was the homeland of

the Celts.

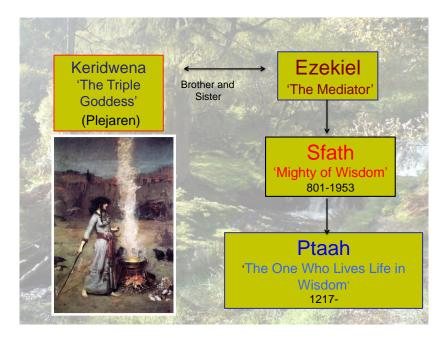
The location of Camelot is not known though there are various theories circulating based on archaeological finds in recent years. No doubt Camelot was also in the Cymru/ Wales part of what is now known as the UK.

Merlin's ET Connection



Keridwena was not an Ischrich, but an instructor or teacher in certain matters, and thus, also a conveyor of Henoch's teaching. By the year 466 (at 17 years of age) **Merlin** had already been contacted by the Plejaren **Keridwena**, who was a sister of Ptaah's grandfather Ezekiel. Thus an Aunt of Sfaath, Billy's first contact person. Keridwena was sent on a mission to instruct Merlin in Henoch's teachings on behalf of the high council. Interestingly, the Celtic philosophy parallels the teachings of Henoch in many aspects.

Keridwena told Merlin many things about the future that she had already explored through her own "Vorausschauungen" (ability to foresee events). Some of which, Merlin used and attributed to himself, calling them prophecies.



As an interesting side note there exists in Welsh lore stories of a goddess, witch or sorceress (depending on which source one references) named Ceridwyn, who had magical powers, etc. The lore refers back to the 6th century, which is the time of Merlin, Keridwena and. Later, Arthur and thus the possibility exists that there is some truth to the fiction of this legendary figure of the 'white' goddess named Ceridwyn. And given that in the re-tellings and the rewritings through the ages, that fantasy and actuality is obscured and thus time, names, occurences etc. tend to get interwoven, it is possible that Keridwena and Ceridwyn are one and the same.

Merlin, being a Celtic druid, was chosen because the High Council hoped that with his help, the future King Arthur, who, according to a "Vorausschau", or, viewing into the future, was to be born on January 4, 469 and would transform Henoch's teachings of love, peace, harmony and the freedom and equality for all people into reality. At that point in time, Arthur's birth was about 2-3 years away. The goal of the hoped for dissemination of this information to the barbaric Celts, amongst who Merlin lived, was that they would refrain from degenerate barbarity and their bloody battles.

Thus, Merlin's teachings and learnings were enhanced by Plejaren Keridwena's instructions and he had developed great visionary skills based on his practiced meditations. Merlin was unaware that Keridwena was an extraterrestrial. Keridwena was strongly taken with Merlin because he did much good for the people and was very wise. She fell in love with Merlin and fulfilled several of his wishes because he realized on several occasions that she had skills far beyond anything he could explain as a druid.

Unfortunately, Merlin was also often fickle/vacillating, which is why he also did things that were directed against the good, making Keridwena very saddened and even angry. Consequently, she ultimately ended her secret relationship with Merlin, of which really no one knew anything.

One of Merlin's prophecies was the 'dragon prophecy' made at Dinas Emrys (Fortress of Emrys



or Ambrosius respectively)

• Dinas Emrys shown within Gwynedd

is very well known, besides those which he made in the wilderness of Caledonia. According to the legends this prophecy was made when he was a young man and resulted in him gaining ownership of this castle/fortress: hence the name Dinas Emrys/ Ambrosius (his last name).



According to the legend, King Vortigern was trying to erect a defence tower in the region of Gwynned, Wales, however, every night after his men worked on it all day, it was found all collapsed every morning. The King's wisemen counselled King Vortigern that it would only be fixed if the blood of a child born without a mortal father were to be sprinkled on the site. Thus they found Myrrdin/ aka Ambrosius (in the legend) ... due to his being born to a father who was a 'scion of the devil', thus the son of an incubus, and brought him to the site. However, Myrrdin was able to convince the king that the reason for the collapse was the fact that there existed a pool or lake underneath the foundation where two fighting dragons destroyed the building efforts. One dragon was red and the other white. These prophesised the coming of King Arthur (the red dragon) and his goals of expelling the Saxon invaders (the white dragon).

The 'Holy Grail'



A Grail was a sacred place with a spring, usually located on a mountain that the Celts considered a nature sanctuary, where also a druid's grove was erected, surrounded by trees and other plants and was where the druids meditated in deep consciousness-related interconnection with water, the earth and plants as well as with the inexhaustibleness of life. These holy places were intended as places of meditation for the druids. They were numerous and indeed existed wherever druids lived and fulfilled their obligations.

But at the place with the water source, where also Merlin, the then Druid of Camelot, meditated; a vessel was linked to the well, known as the "Cauldron of Abundance", this 33-centimeter wide cauldron was meant to collect water at the divine Ceridwen Spring. (There's that association again of Merlin and the divine spring bearing the same name as the Welsh equivalent of Keridwena.)

This cauldron was made of bronze and decorated with a ruby the size of a cherry, and three small semi-precious stones – rose quartz – were placed in the shape of a triangle, and in its centre the ruby was attached. As previously stated, Merlin received a copy of Henoch's teachings from Keridwena. It represented the first part of the "Goblet of the Truth" written on Earth. He memorised it and then locked and sealed it in the Cauldron of Abundance after having removed it and replaced it with another vessel at the grail after which he and all druids then called it the 'Cauldron of Life'.

Over the years and centuries after this time Christian writers changed the word grail to mean the actual vessel, or cauldron into which Myrddin put Keridwena's transcription of Henoch's teaching. This is a fabrication woven into the stories and passed down through the ages as scripture which are nothing but falsehoods and fantasies. The grail was a place and had nothing to do with the apparent '<holy grail' of Christianity which was only based on lies and deception; it never existed and therefore was not used by Joseph of Arimathea to collect the blood of Jmmanuel (Jesus) at his crucifixion as Christian lore attests, which on top of everything, represents a mishmash of different time periods, given that Myrddin existed about 350 years after the death of Jmmanuel. The true 'holy grail' only existed as a holy place.



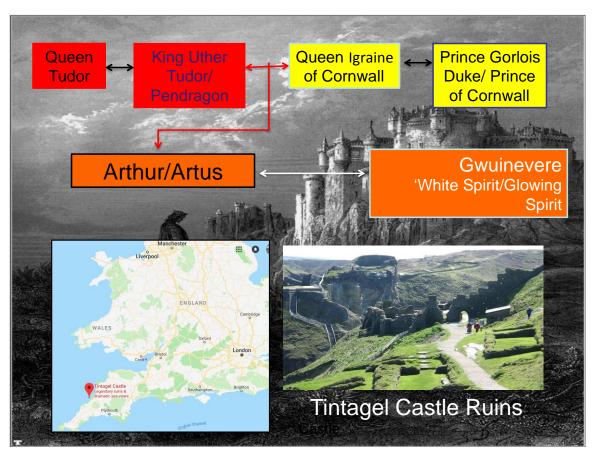
Sword of Excalibur

The **Caladvwich sword** (pronounced **Caladfluch**) was actually a light-ray weapon in the form of a sword. It was forged on the Isle of Avalon under the guidance and with the participation of **Keridwena** who later gave it as a gift to Merlin. Where exactly the Isle of Avalon remains unknown.

Among the locals it was referred to as a "lightning sword" because it emitted lightning-like rays. It later became known as **Cliburn** and was rendered falsely by the church and its Latin language as **Excalibur**.

King Arthur

This brings us to the origins of King Arthur. Nine months before his birth to be exact. Beginning with the desires of his father, King Uther Pendragon, part of the Tudor lineage. The term Pendragon referred to his place as the 'chief dragon' or 'high warlord'. He and his wife lived at Tintagel Castle.

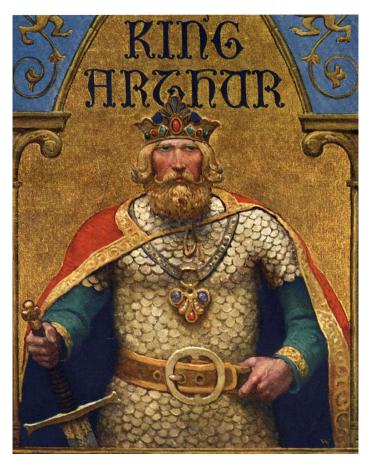


Uther Tudor Pendragon, fell in love with Queen Igraine (aka Ygerna) of Cornwall, the young and beautiful wife of Gorlois, Duke and Prince of Cornwall. Igraine, however, was faithful to her husband. So Uther Pendragon sought the support of Merlin and devised an intrigue to abduct the Queen of Cornwall and seduce her. Merlin lured Gorlois away from his castle on a pretext in order for Uther Pendragon to secretly snatch Igraine at night. A confidante of Merlin who was also a servant to the Queen Igraine of Cornwall then administered a drug to her, and she reached a hallucinogenic and will-less state.

Igraine was kidnapped from her castle and taken to a certain place where Uther Tudor Pendragon and several male and female druids where already assembled under Merlin's leadership. Inside the circle they formed, Uther and the drugged (will-less) Igraine performed the procreation of Arthur. Uther Tudor had Gorlois killed by his own bloodthirsty knights on the very same night. The first contact about this stated: "The plan he devised with Merlin thus ended with complete success". However, a later contact with Billy clarified that the

assassination was not Merlin's idea, the kidnappers killed the king of their own accord because Gorlois threatened them with the death penalty and took a stand against them. The happy end result for King Uther was that Igraine's husband was now out of the way.

When Gorlois's dead body was returned to Tintagel, Igraine was already back home, but was now made pregnant by Uther Tudor and was still highly intoxicated by the drug and did not realize what had really happened. It wasn't until later that she learned everything. (Actually the liberal Celtic marriage laws did not overvalue lifelong physical fidelity. Thus, while Gorlois, the Cornic duke was deceived, cheated by the fraud, King Uther (and killed by his men), he and Queen Igraine could, by law, engage in a sexual act.)



As prophesised: King Arthur, or Artus, king of the Celts, was born on January 4, 469. (Merlin turned 20 in May of that year). Arthur was Merlin's protégé, and his pupil for seven years.

Merlin presented the 'Cauldron of Life' to his protégé and pupil Arthur when he was 16 years old in year the 485, after Merlin had thoroughly instructed Arthur and his "knighthood" in Henoch's teaching, and after Arthur had fought his first battle against Anglo Saxon/ Germanic invaders led by King Aelle of Sussex.

Despite Merlin's best efforts Arthur and his bloody knights thirsted for blood and vengeance, and they strictly rejected the teachings of Henoch that Merlin had imparted to Arthur, because they did not want to give up killing and conquest. Arthur thus became very upset and angry at Merlin and cast the gift of the 'Cauldron of Life' into the sea with his own hands, although he later reconciled with Merlin again.

Arthur married Guinivere. A little side note states that Guinivere's had a lover who was Sir Lancelot, one of Arthur's trusted knights of the round table, and that Guinivere gave birth to Galahad by Lancelot.

Merlin had also given the light ray weapon/ Excalibur sword to Arthur who then fought many bloody battles with it. All of Keridwena's efforts to regain possession of the sword, because it had been abused, failed. Keridwena was very angry with Merlin but could not persuade him to demand Arthur's sword back and return it to her. She had already angrily ceased contact with Merlin at the time when Arthur committed his first murderous deeds with the sword.

Merlin also picked up the sword and fought with it, and he used his skills in military operations and as Arthur's military advisor, contrary to the instruction and wishes of Keridwena, however without becoming morally bankrupt. Merlin also fought with his sword against the warlike Christian intruders who stole into the country through murder and arson, killing off or suppressing the population, to spread the Christian faith, conquer the land and destroy Celtic philosophy and beliefs.

Arthur **died at the age of 40, on August 11, 509** in the Battle of Camlann (crooked valley) in a battle with his nephew **Prince Medraut**. Arthur was a brutal and stubborn man to whom human life meant little or nothing.

It was only after Arthur's death that the sword was reclaimed by Merlin and returned to Keridwena, after which she destroyed it and left Earth, returning to Erra.

After Merlin's last fight, when he was 66 years old in year 515, at the lost battle at Arfderryd, Merlin fled and settled down in a remote area in the wilderness of Caledonia in the Cheviot Hills, where he lived as Myrddin Wyllt (Merlin in the wilderness). He lived there for some time and then returned to his hometown, where an old female druid named Niniane (also known as Nimue) joined him and was a good friend to him.

When he felt his death approaching, Nimue finally accompanied Merlin to Ynys Enlli (Bardsey Island), which he had chosen as his death place. He died there in the arms of the old druid, on June 14, 542 at the age of 93, and he was buried by the wise woman in a rocky cave according to his wishes.

And so ends this little presentation with the obvious question left hanging:

Is it possible that the spirit-form inhabiting Merlin was that of the Nokodemion spirit-form lineage?

It would make sense given a number of compelling factors:

- the ET connection, with Kerdiwena being a close relative of those who've been Billy's primary contacts;
- the Arahat Athersata's involvement in setting forth the mission to Keridwena to convey the teaching of Henoch/ Nokodemion to Merlin (thus those of Elia's, Jesaia's, Jeremia's and Jmmanuel's for that matter as they all came before Merlin);
- Merlin being given an advanced laser weapon by Keridwena;
- Merlin's advanced consciousness-based abilities.

When this question was asked of Christian Frehner at the Semjase Silver Star Centre in May of 2018, his reply was: "I don't know, but logic suggests a very strong "yes". :-) " However, it was brought to the attention of the writer, after publication of this article in this newsletter in July, 2018, that in April of 2013 Bruce Lulla wrote a question to Billy in the now defunct Questions to Billy section of the online FIGU Forum: "Was the druid price Myrddin alias Merlin, of the Nokodemion spirit-form lineage?" Billy: No

So, perhaps there is someone else, who's spirit form lineage bears incarnations that serve to support Nokodemion's mission, and who is close enough to take on the responsibility of learning about the teaching that is part of the 1^{st} part of the 'Goblet of the Truth' book. This mystery shall remain just that, for the time being

As far as the timeline goes of the known previous and later personages bearing Nokodemion's spirit form it does not overlap with their lifetimes, the years involved were approximately four and a half centuries after Jmmanuel and a short 27 years between the death of Merlin and the birth of Mohammed. And given that it is not an incarnation from out of the Nokodemion lineage, it would make sense that it would leave room for a concurrent incarnation of another spirit form, who was a supporter of Mohammed and the Nokodemion mission.

And the last thing necessary is to disabuse anyone of the bucolic picture of King Arthur being a gallant knight. 'Contrary to today's depiction of him having been a hero or the like, he was absolutely not a courtly king in shining armour, nor a good-hearted and noble hero. King Artus was a fierce sixth-century clan leader, a "war king", who led his pagan warriors in bloody battles and raids. He was a slaughterer and kept the name the "Boar of Cornwall". His infamous knights of the round table truly were bloodthirsty murderous thugs.....'

Tiny, ON Mar 2, 2018