

Rabbit Anti-Aurora B [EP136]: RM0005, RM0005RTU7

Intended Use: For Research Use Only

Description: The serine/threonine protein kinase aurora B (Aurora B) is a chromosomal passenger protein critical for accurate chromosome segregation, cytokinesis, protein localization to the centromere and kinetochore, correct microtubule-kinetochore attachment, and regulation of the mitotic checkpoint. Aurora B forms a tight complex with inner centrosome protein and survivin. Inactivation of any of these proteins causes similar defects in chromosome segregation. A significant overexpression of Aurora B has been found in a variety of human tumors including non-small cell lung carcinoma, astrocytoma, seminoma and carcinomas of the colon, prostate, endometrium and thyroid. The expression level of Aurora B is associated with cell proliferation and prognosis in these tumors.

Specifications:

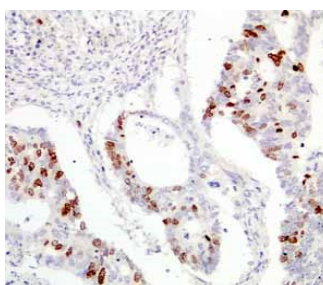
Clone: EP136
Source: Rabbit
Isotype: IgG
Reactivity: Human
Localization: Nucleus
Formulation: Antibody in PBS pH7.4, containing BSA and $\leq 0.09\%$ sodium azide (NaN₃)
Storage: Store at 2°- 8°C
Applications: IHC
Package:

Description	Catalog No.	Size
Aurora B Concentrated	RM0005	1 ml
Aurora B Prediluted	RM0005RTU7	7 ml

IHC Procedure*:

Positive Control Tissue: Tonsil, colon cancer
Concentrated Dilution: 10-30
Pretreatment: EDTA pH8.0, 15 minutes using Pressure Cooker, or 30-60 minutes using water bath at 95°-99°C
Incubation Time and Temp: 30-60 minutes @ RT
Detection: Refer to the detection system manual

* Result should be confirmed by an established diagnostic procedure.



FFPE human colon cancer stained with anti-Aurora B using DAB

References:

1. Quantitative Proteomics Reveals That the Inhibition of Na(+)/K(+)-ATPase Activity Affects S-Phase Progression Leading to a Chromosome Segregation Disorder by Attenuating the Aurora A Function in Hepatocellular Carcinoma Cells. Xu Z, et al. J Proteome Res 14:4594-602, 2015.
2. Expression of cell cycle-associated proteins in non-muscle-invasive bladder cancer: correlation with intravesical recurrence following transurethral resection. Behnsawy HM, et al. Urol Oncol 29:495-501, 2011.
3. Cotreatment with vorinostat enhances activity of MK-0457 (VX-680) against acute and chronic myelogenous leukemia cells. Fiskus W, et al. Clin Cancer Res 14:6106-15, 2008.

Doc. 100-RM0005
Rev. A