



# Troop 5 Meeting Skill

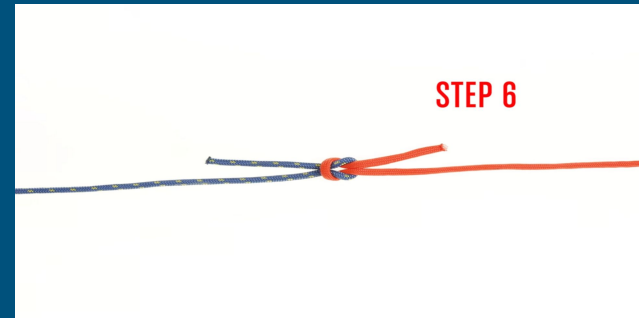
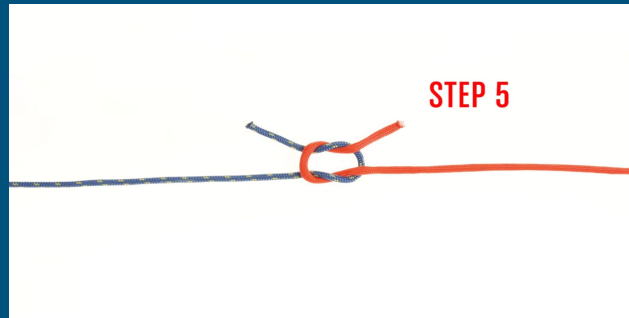
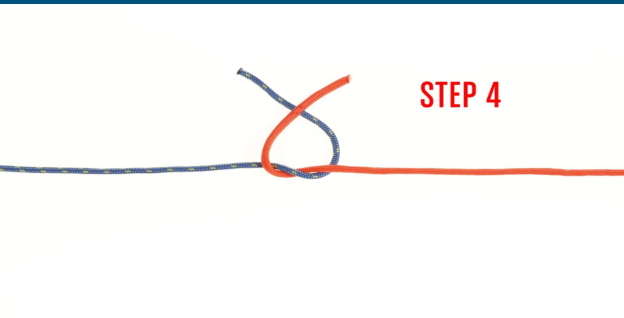
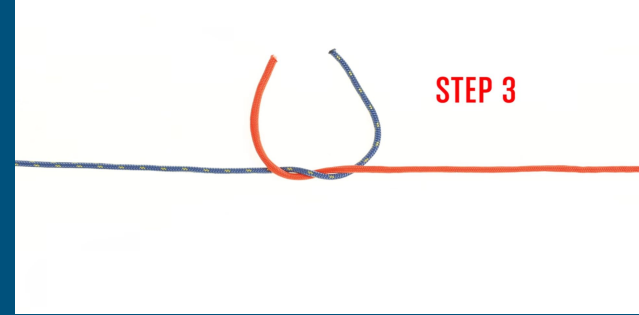
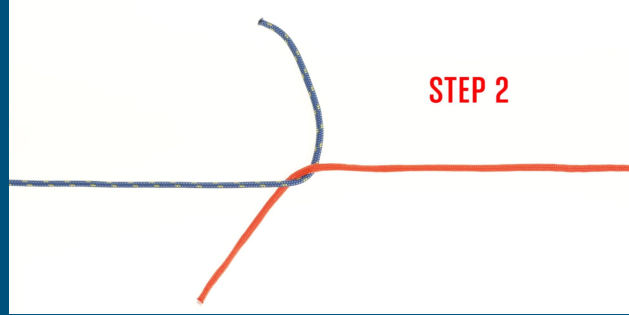
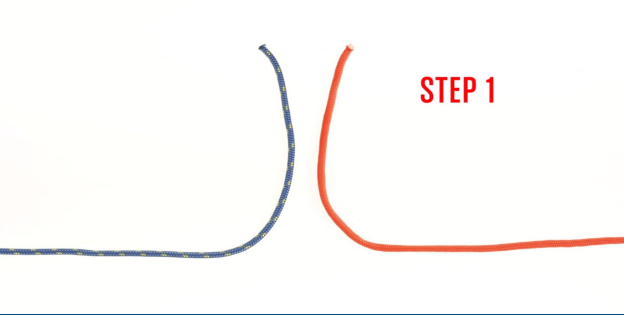
---

Knots



# Square Knot





# Practical Use

---

The square knot can be used to join two ropes together. Generally, it works best with two ropes of the same diameter, and should not be used to hold a heavy load.

# Two Half-Hitches

---



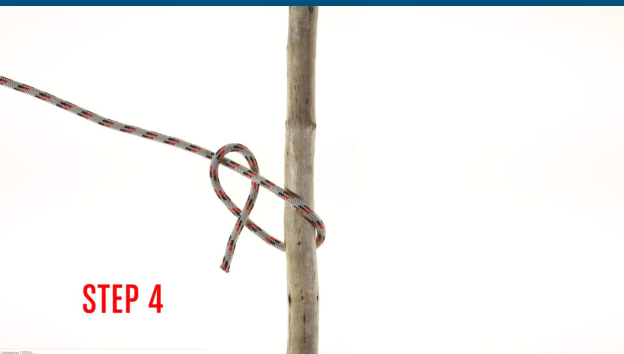
STEP 1



STEP 2



STEP 3



STEP 4



STEP 5



STEP 6



STEP 7



Two Half-Hitches

# Practical Use

---

Use two half hitches to tie a rope to a tree, ring or dock.

For more security, you can take a second turn around the tree, or just add more half-hitches.

# Taut-Line Hitch

---



STEP 1



STEP 2



STEP 3



STEP 4



STEP 5



STEP 6



STEP 7



STEP 8



STEP 9



Taut-Line Hitch



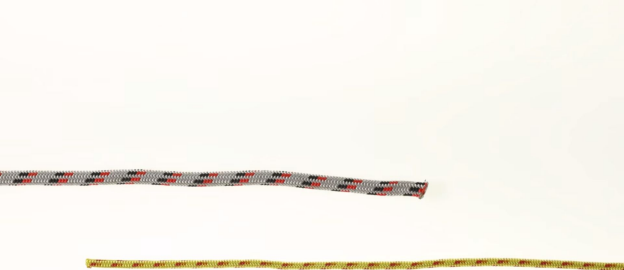
# Practical Use

---

To create an adjustable loop that stays in place, use the taut-line hitch. This is the knot to use for staking out the guy lines of your tent.

# Sheet Bend

---



STEP 1



STEP 2



STEP 3



STEP 4



STEP 5



STEP 6



STEP 7



Sheet Bend

# Practical Use

---

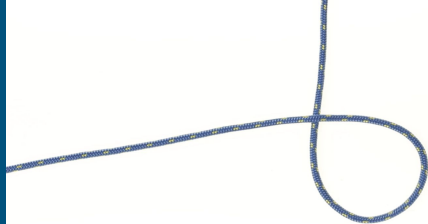
Need to tie two ropes together? This is the knot for you. The sheet bend won't slip when ropes of dissimilar material and size are entwined.

# Bowline

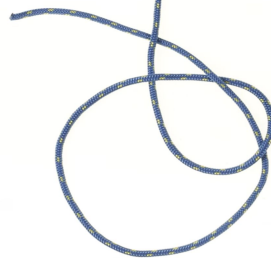




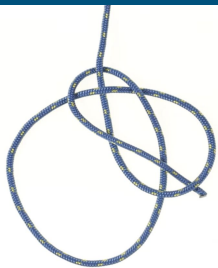
STEP 1



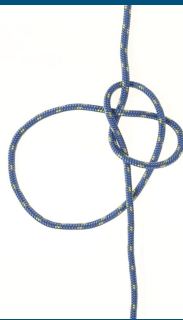
STEP 2



STEP 3



STEP 4



STEP 5



STEP 6



Bowline

# Practical Use

---

This knot is popular among mountaineers, climbers, sailors and others. Use the bowline when you need a non-slip loop at the end of a line. The knot won't slip, regardless of the load applied.



# Timber Hitch





# Practical Use

---

The timber hitch is often used to drag a log across the ground or to start a diagonal lashing.

# Clove Hitch

---



**STEP 1**



**STEP 2**



**STEP 3**



**STEP 4**



**STEP 5**



Clove Hitch

# Practical Use

---

The clove hitch is a versatile knot that is often used in Scouting activities, including servings as the start or finish to many lashings.