

Temple Beth Elohim

A blend of faith and friendship for 120 years

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The Rising Star

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25 December 2024 – 2 January 2025 – Happy Chanukah – 25 Kislev – 2 Tivet 5785



President Richard

From the President

Chanukah...Elsewhere

Many Decembers ago, while visiting relatives in the Pittsburgh area, it was suggested that while I was downtown, I should visit the lobby of the all-glass PPG Building. On display were large tableaux of Christmas scenes from all over the world. It was interesting to see how the holiday was celebrated in tropical climates and on desert terrains.

What about *Chanukah*? There are Jewish communities all over the world and the *Torah* does not provide any do's or don'ts about this festival. So, I "hit the books."

Many of the most well-known traditions are universal. Whether you are in Argentina or Zimbabwe, Jews will mark the eight-day celebration by lighting a *menorah*, eating fried foods and recounting the victorious story of

the Maccabees and the restoration of the Temple in Jerusalem.

But Jews around the world have also developed *Chanukah* customs that are unique to their local community. For example, while jelly-filled donuts (*sufganiyot*) are a mainstay among Ashkenazi Jews, *Chanukah* in southern India is celebrated by making

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Wisdom From Afar....

Suzan Cohen



Ritual Scholar Suzan

It's November, standard time is returning for a few months, and you're probably planning for Thanksgiving and maybe giving some thought to Chanukah. Chanukah is "late" this year – first candles will be lit on the evening of December 25th – although on the Hebrew calendar it starts on the 25th of Kislev, as it does every year. But it's probably not too early to start thinking about what Chanukah gifts to buy for our loved ones.

Some families hold the custom of giving at least one small gift to each family member on each

of the eight nights of Chanukah, while other families may exchange one or two larger gifts. In other families, children may be given *gelt* to use for playing the *dreidel* game. But, did you know that there is no requirement to exchange any gifts at all?

Since Chanukah commemorates the victory of the Maccabees in their war against the Greeks – an event that occurred long after the Torah was written - it's not technically a chag (religious holiday). Even though it's a minor holiday in countries that are predominantly Christian, it's occurrence on the secular calendar around the time of Christmas has led Chanukah to be given far more attention than most minor holidays.

Originally, gift giving among Jewish communities was associated only with *Purim*, because in the Book of Esther people celebrated their rescue from the plot of Haman by exchanging gifts with one another and giving gifts to the poor. In the early medieval and early minor period, schoolchildren started giving secular year-end bonuses to their teachers at Chanukah. This is the origin of the custom of giving gelt, and over time that custom was extended to children.

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Let us fervently pray for the comfort and recovery of our dear temple members and friends and for the continued strength of their

caregivers.

Susan & Brian Berry **Richard Horowitz**

Tony Cavaliere Dick Rosen



28 November 2024



We pray sincerely for America and the ideals of democracy and freedom that are here enshrined. May she be strong to withstand all the currents that assail her and all the forces of evil that would invade her sacred precincts. A tower of light to her own citizenry, may she cast a steady beam and light up all the dark areas of the world and show to a perplexed and straying humanity the path of freedom, of life and of peace. Rabbi Joseph H. Lookstein

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TEMPLE MEMBERS, please note: You have access to membership information by going to www.chaitrack.com . If you need a user name and password, contact Andy Friedman, andy.friedman@hotmail.com.



Rabbi Scott Weiner

The rabbi is scheduled to lead Shabbat services on Friday, 22 November 2024, and a morning class on Saturday, 23 November 2024.

Arrangements for Rabbi Weiner are made possible through THE ALWYN O. GOLDSTEIN MEMORIAL SHABBAT FUND.

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BIRTHDAYS

NOVMBER

DECEMBER

15 Debbie Hart 22 Mike Specht 28 Dyan Cohen 16 Carol Willey 17 Nancy Koppel 20 Roberta Schwartz 24 Steven Schwartz

25 Jim Bennett

ANNIVERSARIES



2 Donna & Tom Llewellyn 5 Dyan & Alex Cohen

NOVEMBER

21 Debbi & Webster **Jones**



Let us pray for the restoration of health of **SHANE FINKEL** grandson of Carrol Sallas

DONATIONS



Susan & Brian Berry to the General Fund in memory of Bryan M. Schneider

Joy & Seymour Birnbaum to the General Fund in memory of Wolfie Rand, Frieda Birnbaum

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Richard Dimentstein

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Men's Card Pool to the General Fund

Tish Richter to the Security Fund

Kathy & Ted Weiss to the Security Fund

WISDOM

Continued from p. 2

It wasn't until the 19th century that Jews started giving gifts to children at *Chanukah* (around the same time that marketers began encouraging the buying and exchanging of Christmas gifts). So, whatever your reason for exchanging gifts with loved ones at Chanukah, there is no Jewish law or written tradition that says you are required to do it, but, on the other hand, there's no law that says you're not allowed to buy gifts for those special people in your lives. *HAPPY CHANUKAH!*

SC

From the President

Continued from p. 1

gulab jamnun, a milk-based ball of dough that is deep fried and then drenched in sugar syrup. The sweet treat is also consumed by non-Jewish Indians during other celebrations like *Diwali*.

Most Ashkenazi Jews place a *menorah* in the window to publicize the miracle of *Chanukah*. In **Morocco**, **Algeria** and other **North African communities**, it is customary to hang the *menorah* on a hook in the doorway beside the *mezuzah*. Putting the *menorah* near the *mezuzah* was thought to enhance the protection already offered by the *mezuzah*. If you look at menorahs made in North Africa, you will notice that many have a ring at the top, as well as a flat metal backing, so that the *menorah* could be safely hung.

Jews in Romania, as well as Austria and other central European communities, would scrape out potatoes, filling each potato space with oil and a wick to serve as the *menorah*. Rather than putting all eight out at once, each day they would add another potato. While the origin of this custom is unclear, it likely came about due to economic struggles.

The Jewish community of **Aleppo (Syria)**, which comprised mostly Sephardic Jews who had escaped the Inquisition, lit an extra *shamash* on each night of *Chanukah*. Several explanations exist – some say that the second shamash was meant to honor God and acknowledge the divine intervention that brought them to safety. Others say the custom was a nod toward the non-Jews of Aleppo, who welcomed them as refugees.

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From the President

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Before mass immigration and the establishment of the State of Israel in the 20th century, Jews lived in **Jerusalem** for centuries and followed the ruling that the *menorah*'s lights needed to be placed outside the home for all to see. This decree originates in the Talmud.

The sages taught that it is a *mitzvah* to place the *Chanukah* lamp at the entrance to one's house on the outside, so that all can see it.

However, Jerusalem winters are often wet and windy, so the community began crafting aquarium-like glass boxes to protect their flames. Inside, Jerusalem Jews put small cups of olive oil and lit a wick to correspond with each night. Some of Jerusalem's oldest homes even have a shelf carved out of the home's exterior walls in which to place the glass boxes.

Today, many Israeli Jews have adopted this practice, although some will simply place a chanukkiah with candles inside the box, rather than using oil.

Jewish communities in Libya, Tunisia, Algeria, Iraq, Iran, Turkey, Morocco, Greece, and Yemen celebrate another holiday during *Chanukkah*, know in Judeo-Arabic as Eid Al Bnat (or Chag HaBanot in Hebrew), which translates to the Festival of the Daughters.

Observed on Rosh Chodesh Tevet (which falls on the eighth night of Chanukah), the girls and women of the community refrain from work and gather to recall Jewish heroines, particularly Judith, the Jewish woman who lived during the time of the Maccabees and helped prevent the impending siege of Jerusalem by decapitating the invading Assyrian general.

Chag HaBanot festivities vary from community to community, but often include eating sweets and fried treats, dancing, visiting the synagogue to kiss the Torah scrolls and singing well into the night. Girls approaching bat mitzvah age, as well as women who were engaged, were also publicly celebrated during Chag HaBanot.

The region of **Avignon**, located in southern **France**, is renowned for its wineries. During the Saturday night that falls during *Chanukah*, after *Shabbat* ended, the Jews of Avignon open a new bottle of local wine in their homes and make a toast. Then, each family travels around their neighborhood to taste the wines chosen by their neighbors and to toast to the miracle of *Chanukah*.

It is a longstanding practice among North African and Middle Eastern Jewish communities, as well as Chasidic Ashkenazi Jews, that as long as the menorah is lit, women refrain from doing melachot, the types of work that are forbidden on Shabbat and holidays. While Chanukah is not a holiday that requires Jews to refrain from labor, this custom can be traced back to laws codified by both Ashkenazi and Sephardic leaders who ruled, pre-electricity, that the light of the menorah was not to be used for anything besides enjoying the holiday.

In some parts of **Morocco**, Jewish children spend the last day of *Chanukah* going from house to house to collect the leftover cotton wicks that Moroccan Jews used in place of candles. At sundown, the wicks are ignited to create the large bonfire, and each community gathers to sing, dance, and even leap over the fire, which was believed to bring good luck to the jumper, especially to women seeking a partner or struggling to conceive.

Hanging Menorah MORACCO



The halakhah* is to place the hanging menorah on the left so that the Chanukah lamp will be on the left and the mezuzah on the right. Then, one who enters the house will be surrounded by mitzvot.

*Jewish Law

Ray Shmuel from Difti



Yahrzeits

NOVEMBER

Tillie Drucker Gershman grandmother of Michele Bennett 1 Sophie Levkoff grandmother of Susan Berry 1 Ruby Levkoff Temple Beth Elohim Memorial 2 Sarah C. Weiss member Temple Beth Elohim 2 Bernard Goldman father of Eileen Kramer 3 Bella Gramet mother of Alan Gramet 5 Herman Gold member Temple Beth Elohim 7 Charles Zelesnick great grandfather of

Craig Lieberman 9 Beatrice B. Gershman mother of Michele Bennett

13 Edward Solomon son of Janet Solomon 13 Arnold H. Franzblau father of Adele Franzblau 14 Irving Snyder Temple Beth Elohim memorial 15 Joan Davidson sister of Michael Davidson 15 Anne L. Schneider mother of Debbie Smith 16 Charlotte B. Rosenfeld aunt of Michele Bennett 17 Arnold Kane Temple Beth Elohim memorial

18 David Giegerich brother of A J Giegerich 18 Kate Tiftickjian Johnston friend of Marty Kleinrock 18 Herbert Dimentstein father of Richard Dimentstein 19 Jerome Sallas husband of Carrol Sallas

22 Milton Levkoff uncle of Dick Rosen 25 Sanford Levkoff uncle of Susan Berry 26 Charles Chaplin member Temple Beth Elohim

28 Bernard Levine father of Nancy Koppel

DECEMBER

6 Bari King Heiden first wife of Eric Heiden 10 Philip Lewenthal 11 Albert M. Schneider 11 Jennie Lewenthal 14 Lavene R. Gause 15 Sally Dube 16 Dick Charlton 18 David A. Cohen, Jr. 20 Frances Gause 21 Lois R. Levkoff 22 Nettie Rosen 23 Sarah Ross 26 Fannie L. Schneider

27 Gertrude O. Abrams 29 Meg Giegerich Irving 31 Arthur Giegerich

31 Sandy Rasnake 31 Mickey Linado 31 Morris Lieberman great grandfather of Susan Berry and Debbie Smith grandfather of Susan Berry and Debbie Smith member Temple Beth Elohim father of Miriam Drucker mother of Jana Hletko husband of Ruth Farb father of Alex Cohen mother of Miriam Drucker aunt of Dick Rosen mother of Marilyn Horowitz mother of Lynn Davidson grand mother of Susan Berry and Debbie Smith member Temple Beth Elohim sister of A J Giegerich

father of A J Giegerich sister of Butch Miceli Temple Beth Elohim memorial grandfather of Craig Lieberman



Any corrections or additions please contact Richard Dimentstein rdimentstein@gmail.com or at info.bethelohim@gmail.com. Names are read every Friday night for yahrzeits in the upcoming week.

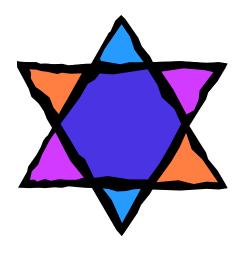
Beth Elohim Cemetery

Cemetery plots are for sale in our unique, historic resting place. The Cemetery Committee, chaired by SEYMOUR BIRNBAUM, has prepared the appropriate documentation for the purchase of gravesites.

Call the temple (843 325-0389) and request copies of Burial Rights, Rules and Regulations, Fee Schedule, and a schematic of burial plot locations. All plots include perpetual care. Plots are only available to current members of Temple Beth Elohim and to their families.

New Memorial Plaques

Plaques are displayed permanently on our Yahrzeit Board and are lit on the death anniversary of the honoree. Any member who would like to memorialize a loved one should speak with one of our Board members.



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