FORM: 1501-I

NAME: Valor SX Herbicide

KIND: Comp Book - 24pp - 11508

DATE: 11.3.15

PRODUCT SIZE: 5 pounds

LABEL SIZE: 5-1/2"(w) x 6-1/2"(h) - book closed

11"(w) x 6-1/2"(h) - book open 6-1/4"(w) x 6-1/2"(h) - base

UCC: (01) 0 06 53204 07382 2

BLACK
PMS 348 (green)
PMS 360 (green)
PMS 912 (vallow)

Front

GROUP 14 HERBICIDE

NET WEIGHT 5 POUNDS

FOR CONTROL AND/OR SUPPRESSION OF CERTAIN WEEDS IN COTTON, DRY BEANS, FIELD CORN, FIELD PEAS, FLAX, LENTILS, PEANUT, SOYBEAN, SUGARCANE, SUNFLOWER AND SAFFLOWER, SWEET POTATO, WHEAT, FALLOW LAND AND TO MAINTAIN BARE GROUND ON NON-CROP AREAS OF FARMS.



 Active Ingredient
 By Wt

 Flumioxazin*
 51%

 Other Ingredients
 49%

 Total
 100%

*2-[7-fluoro-3,4-dihydro-3-oxo-4-(2-propynyl)-2*H*-1,4-benzoxazin-6-yl]-4,5,6,7-tetrahydro-1*H*-isoindole-1,3(2*H*)-dione

Valor® SX Herbicide is a water dispersible granule containing 51% active ingredient.

EPA Reg. No. 59639-99

EPA Est. 11773-IA-01[®], 39578-TX-01[®], 5905-IA-01[®] Superscript is first letter of lot number.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN CAUTION

SEE NEXT PAGE FOR ADDITIONAL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS.

ACCEPTED VIA NOTIFICATION

LABEL NOT REVIEWED

JAN 22 2016

New York State Department of Environmental Conservation Division of Materials Management Pesticide Product Registration



Doc ID: 544196



Form 1501-I

6-1/2

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS HAZARDS TO HUMANS & DOMESTIC ANIMALS CAUTION

Harmful if inhaled or absorbed through the skin. Causes moderate eye irritation. Avoid breathing dust and spray mist. Avoid contact with skin, eves or clothing.

FIRST AID

If inhaled: Move person to fresh air.

If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible.

Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.

Take off contaminated clothing. If on skin or clothing:

Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for

15-20 minutes.

Call a poison control center or doctor for treat-

ment advice.

If in eves: Hold eve open and rinse slowly and gently with

water for 15-20 minutes.

Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing

Call a poison control center or doctor for treat-

ment advice.

Call a poison control center or doctor immediswallowed:

ately for treatment advice.

Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.

Do not induce vomiting unless told to by the

poison control center or doctor.

Do not give anything to an unconscious person.

HOT LINE NUMBER

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment. You may also contact 800-892-0099 for emergency medical treatment in-

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE):

Some of the materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are listed below. If you want more options, follow the instructions for category A on an EPA chemical-resistance category selection chart.

Applicators and other handlers must wear: long-sleeved shirt and long pants, chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material such as polyethylene or polyvinyl chloride, shoes and socks.

For aerial application to sugarcane, mixer/loaders must also wear: coveralls, chemical-resistant apron and chemical-resistant

For aerial application to field peas, flax, lentils, safflower, sunflower and wheat, mixer/loaders must also wear; filtering face piece respirator (N95, R95 or P95).

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If there are no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

Users should:

- · Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet.
- Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This product is toxic to non-target plants and aquatic invertebrates. Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Drift or runoff may be hazardous to non-target plants and aquatic organisms in neighboring areas. Do not apply where runoff is likely to occur. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from treated areas. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equipment washwaters

This pesticide is toxic to plants and should be used strictly in accordance with the drift and run-off precautions on this label in order to minimize off-site exposures.

Under some conditions this product may have a potential to runoff to surface water or adjacent land. Where possible, use methods which reduce soil erosion, such as no till, limited till and contour plowing; these methods also reduce pesticide run-off. Use of vegetation filter strips along rivers, creeks, streams, wetlands or on the downhill side of fields where run-off could occur will minimize water run-off and is recommended.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

READ ENTIRE LABEL. USE STRICTLY IN ACCORDANCE WITH PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS AND DIRECTIONS, AND WITH APPLICABLE STATE AND FEDERAL REGULATIONS.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification and emergency assistance. It also contains specific statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE), and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard.

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 12 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil or water is: coveralls, chemical resistant gloves made of waterproof material, shoes plus socks.

NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standards for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forest, nurseries or greenhouses.

Keep all unprotected persons out of operating areas, or vicinity where there may be drift.

Do not enter or allow others to enter treated areas until sprays have dried.

DISCLAIMER, RISKS OF USING THIS PRODUCT. LIMITED WARRANTY AND LIMITATION OF LIABILITY

IMPORTANT: Read the entire Label including this Disclaimer, Risks of Using this Product, Limited Warranty, and Limitation of Liability before using this product. If the terms are not acceptable THEN DO NOT USE THE PRODUCT; rather, return the unopened product within 15 days of purchase for a refund of the purchase price.

RISKS OF USING THIS PRODUCT

The Buyer and User (referred to collectively herein as "Buyer") of this product should be aware that there are inherent unintended risks associated with the use of this product which are impossible to eliminate. These risks include, but are not limited to, injury to plants and crops to which this product is applied. lack of control of the target pests or weeds, resistance of the target pest or weeds to this product, injury caused by drift, and injury to rotational crops caused by carryover in the soil Such risks of crop injury, non-performance, resistance or other unintended consequences are unavoidable and may result because of such factors as weather soil conditions disease moisture conditions, irrigation practices, condition of the crop at the time of application, presence of other materials either applied in the tank mix with this product or prior to application of this product, cultural practices or the manner of use or application, (or a combination of such factors) all of which are factors beyond the control of Valent. The Buyer should be aware that these inherent unintended risks may reduce the harvested vield of the crop in all or a portion of the treated acreage, or otherwise affect the crop such that additional care, treatment and expense are required to take the crop to harvest. If the Buyer chooses not to accept these risks, THEN THIS PRODUCT SHOULD NOT BE APPLIED. By applying this product Buyer acknowledges and accepts these inherent unintended risks AND TO THE FULLEST EXTENT ALLOWED BY LAW, AGREES THAT ALL SUCH RISKS ASSOCIATED WITH THE APPLICATION AND USE ARE ASSUMED BY THE BUYER.

Valent shall not be responsible for losses or damages (including but not limited to, loss of yield, increased expenses of farming the crop or such incidental, consequential or special damages that may be claimed) resulting from use of this product in any manner not set forth on the label. Buyer assumes all risks associated with the use of this product in any manner or under conditions not specifically directed or approved on the label

LIMITED WARRANTY

Valent warrants only that this product conforms to the chemical description on the label and is reasonably fit for the pur-(continued)

poses stated in the label, under average use conditions, when used strictly in accordance with the label and subject to the Risks of Using This Product as described above. To the extent consistent with applicable law AND AS SET FORTH ABOVE, VALENT MAKES NO OTHER WARRANTIES, EITHER **EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED.** No agent or representative of Valent or Seller is authorized to make or create any other express or implied warranty.

LIMITATION OF LIABILITY

To the fullest extent allowed by law. Valent or Seller is not liable for any incidental, consequential, indirect or special damages resulting from the use or handling of this product. The limitation includes, but is not limited to, loss of yield on all or any portion of the treated acreage, increased care, treatment or other expenses required to take the crop to harvest, increased finance charges or altered finance ratings, emotional or mental distress and/or exemplary damages. TO THE FULLEST EXTENT ALLOWED BY LAW, THE EXCLUSIVE REMEDY OF THE BUYER. AND THE EXCLUSIVE MAXIMUM LI-ABILITY OF VALENT OR SELLER FOR ANY AND ALL CLAIMS, LOSSES, INJURIES OR DAMAGES (INCLUDING CLAIMS BASED ON BREACH OF WARRANTY, CONTRACT, NEGLI-GENCE, TORT, STRICT LIABILITY OR OTHERWISE) RESULTING FROM THE USE OR HANDLING OF THIS PRODUCT SHALL BE THE RETURN OF THE PURCHASE PRICE OF THIS PRODUCT OR, AT THE ELECTION OF VALENT OR SELLER, THE REPLACEMENT OF THE PRODUCT.

PROMPT NOTICE OF CLAIM

To the extent consistent with applicable law allowing such requirements Valent must be provided notice as soon as Buver has reason to believe it may have a claim, but in no event later than twenty-one days from date of planting, or twenty-one days from the date of application, whichever is latter, so that an immediate inspection of the affected property and growing crops can be made.

To the extent consistent with applicable law if Buyer does not notify Valent of any claims, in such period, it shall be barred from obtaining any remedy.

NO AMENDMENTS

Valent and Seller offer this product, and Buyer accepts it, subject to the foregoing Disclaimer, Risks of Using This Product, Limited Warranty and Limitation of Liability, which may not be modified by any oral or written agreement.

TANK MIXES

NOTICE: Tank mixing or use of this product with any other product which is not specifically and expressly authorized by the label shall be the exclusive risk of user, applicator and/or application advisor, to the extent allowed by applicable law.

Read and follow the entire label of each product to be used in the tank mix with this product.

RESISTANCE MANAGEMENT RECOMMENDATIONS

Valor SX Herbicide is a Group 14 herbicide. Any weed population may contain or develop plants naturally resistant to Valor SX Herbicide and other Group 14 herbicides. Weed species with acquired resistance to Group 14 herbicides may eventually dominate the weed population if Group 14 herbicides are used repeatedly in the same field or in successive years as the primary method of control for targeted species. This may result in partial or total loss of control of those species by Valor SX Herbicide or other Group 14 herbicides.

To delay herbicide resistance consider:

- Avoiding the consecutive use of Valor SX Herbicide or other target site of action Group 14 herbicides that might have a similar target site of action, on the same weed species.
- Using tank mixtures or premixes with herbicides from different target site of action Groups as long as the involved products are all registered for the same use, have different sites of action and are both effective at the tank mix or prepack rate on the weed(s) of concern.
- Basing herbicide use on a comprehensive Integrated Pest Management (IPM) program.
- Monitoring treated weed populations for loss of field efficacy. Contacting your local extension specialist, certified crop advisors and/or manufacturer for herbicide resistance management and/or integrated weed management recommendations for specific crops and resistant weed biotypes.

For further information or to report suspected resistance, you may contact Valent U.S.A. Corporation at the following toll-free number: 800-682-5368.

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	 Valor SX Herbicide provides residual control of 	of susceptibl
!	weeds.	

- · Valor SX Herbicide provides additional burndown activity when used as part of a burndown program.
- Valor SX Herbicide can be applied as part of a fall burndown program for control of susceptible winter annuals.
- Valor SX Herbicide can be applied with a hooded or shielded sprayer, as well as part of a layby application in selected crops, for postemergence weed control as well as residual control of susceptible weeds.
- Valor SX Herbicide can be used on farms for non-selective vegetation control to maintain bare ground non-crop areas that must be kept weed free.
- Read tank mix product label for rates and weeds controlled. Always read and follow label directions for all tank mix products before using. The most restrictive labeling of any tank mix product must be followed. Valor SX Herbicide, when applied according to label use directions, will control the weeds claimed in crop specific use directions. This label makes no claims concerning control of other weed species.

AVOIDING SPRAY DRIFT AT THE APPLICATION SITE IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE APPLICATOR.

The interaction of many equipment and weather related factors determine the potential for spray drift. The applicator is responsible for considering all of these factors when making decisions. Where states have more stringent regulations, they should be observed.

RESTRICTIONS AND LIMITATIONS

- Do not apply this product when weather conditions favor spray drift from treated areas.
- Do not apply during low-level inversion conditions, including fog. • When applying by air, observe drift management restrictions and precautions listed under "AERIAL APPLICATION".
- Do not apply to frozen or snow covered soil.
- Mechanical incorporation into the soil will reduce residual weed
- Post directed and layby applications of Valor SX Herbicide should be applied only to healthy growing crops.
- Do not apply to farm alleys or roads where traffic may result in treated dust settling onto crops or other desirable vegetation.

- Do not apply within 300 yards of non-dormant pears.
- Do not apply to powdery soils or soils that are susceptible to wind displacement unless irrigation can be applied immediately after application.

Spray equipment used to apply Valor SX Herbicide should not be used to apply other materials to any crop foliage, unless the proper cleanout procedures are followed. See "SPRAYER CLEANLIP" for more information.

ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS AND BIOLOGICAL PERFORMANCE

Preemergence Application (Conventional Tillage)

Important: Crop injury may occur from applications made to poorly drained soils and/or applications made under cool, wet conditions. Risk of crop injury can be minimized by using on well drained soils, planting at least 1.5 inches deep, using high quality seed and completely covering seeds with soil prior to preemergence applications. Treated soil that is splashed onto newly emerged crops may result in temporary crop injury.

Moisture is necessary to activate Valor SX Herbicide in soil for residual weed control. Dry weather following applications of Valor SX Herbicide may reduce effectiveness. However, when adequate moisture is received after dry conditions, Valor SX Herbicide will control susceptible germinating weeds. Valor SX Herbicide may not control weeds that germinate after application but before an activating rainfall/irrigation or weeds that germinate through cracks resulting from dry soil.

When adequate moisture is not received after a *Valor* SX Herbicide application, weed control may be improved by irrigation with at least 1/4 inch of water. If emerged weeds are controlled by cultivation, residual weed control will be reduced.

Burndown Application

For best results, Valor SX Herbicide should be applied as part of a burndown program to actively growing weeds. Applying Valor SX Herbicide under conditions that do not promote active weed growth will reduce herbicide effectiveness. Do not apply Valor SX Herbicide when weeds are under stress due to drought, excessive water, extremes in temperature, disease or low humidity. Weeds under stress tend to become less susceptible to herbicidal action. Valor SX Herbicide is most effective when applied under warm sunny conditions.

Reduced residual weed control may occur when burndown applications are made to fields where heavy crop and/or weed residue exist.

Postemergence Application

Valor SX Herbicide should only be applied to healthy crops labeled for postemergence use. Do not apply Valor SX Herbicide to crops that have been weakened by disease, drought, flooding, excessive fertilization, soil salts, previously applied pesticides, nematodes insects or winter injury.

Rainfastness

Valor SX Herbicide is rainfast one hour after application. Applications should not be made if rain is expected within one hour of application or postemergence efficacy may be reduced.

Soil Characteristics

Application of *Valor* SX Herbicide to soils with high organic matter and/or high clay content may require higher dosages than soils with low organic matter and/or low clay content. Application to cloddy seedbeds can result in reduced weed control.

HERBICIDE RATE

Residual Weed Control (Including Preemergence Applications or Applications as Part of a Fall or Spring Burndown and Fallow Seedbed Program)

Based upon soil characteristics (organic matter content and texture), the most difficult to control weed species being targeted, and the crop being grown, select the proper *Valor* SX Herbicide dosage from the rate range tables contained in this label.

CARRIER VOLUME AND SPRAY PRESSURE (Ground Equipment only. See Information for Aerial Equipment under "AERIAL AP-PLICATION".)

Preemergence Application (Conventional Tillage)

To ensure uniform coverage, use 10 to 30 gals of spray solution per acre for conventional tillage applications. Nozzle selection should meet manufacturer's gallonage and pressure recommendations for preemergence herbicide application.

Burndown Application (Prior to Crop Emergence)

To ensure thorough coverage in burndown applications, use 15 to 60 gals spray solution per acre. Use 20 to 60 gals per acre if dense vegetation or heavy crop residue is present. Nozzle selection should meet manufacturer's gallonage and pressure recommendations for postemergence herbicide application. Do not use flood jet nozzles.

Postemergence Application (Emerged Crop)

Check use directions for specific crops in which Valor SX Herbicide can be applied postemergence. To ensure thorough coverage in burndown applications, use a minimum of 15 gallons spray solution per acre. Use a minimum of 20 gallons per acre if dense vegetation or heavy crop residue is present. Nozzle selection should meet manufacturer's gallonage and pressure recommendations for postemergence herbicide application.

ADDITIVES

Burndown Application (Prior to Crop Emergence)

Postemergence control of weeds from Valor SX Herbicide tank mixes will require the addition of an agronomically approved adiuvant to the spray mixture. When an adjuvant is to be used with Valor SX Herbicide, Valent recommends the use of a Chemical Producers and Distributors Association certified adjuvant. Either a crop oil concentrate or methylated seed oil which contains at least 15% emulsifiers and 80% oil or a non-ionic surfactant at 0.25% v/v, may be used when applying Valor SX Herbicide as part of a burndown program. Some tank mix partners, such as Roundup Power Max®, are formulated with sufficient adjuvants and do not require the addition of a crop oil concentrate, methylated seed oil or non-ionic surfactant when tank mixed with Valor SX Herbicide. The addition of a crop oil concentrate or methylated seed oil may increase the burndown activity on certain weeds such as cutleaf eveningprimrose and Carolina geranium. Mixing compatibility qualities should be verified by a jar test.

A spray grade nitrogen source (either ammonium sulfate at 2 to 2.5 lbs/A or a 28 to 32% nitrogen solution at 1 to 2 qts/A) may be added to the spray mixture along with either a crop oil concentrate, methylated seed oil or non-ionic surfactant to enhance weed control. The addition of a nitrogen source does not replace the need for a crop oil concentrate, a methylated seed oil or a non-ionic surfactant.

JAR TEST TO DETERMINE COMPATIBILITY OF ADJUVANTS AND VALOR SX HERBICIDE

When using Valor SX Herbicide and an adjuvant, such as in stale seed bed, layby, hooded/shielded or reduced tillage situations, a jar test should be performed before mixing commercial quantities of Valor SX Herbicide, when using Valor SX Herbicide for the first time, when using new adjuvants or when a new water source is being used.

- Add 1 pt of the water to a quart jar. The water should be from the same source and temperature as which will be used in the spray tank mixing operation.
- Add 1 g of Valor SX Herbicide to the quart jar for every 3 oz of Valor SX Herbicide per acre being applied (4 g if 12 oz/A is the desired Valor SX Herbicide rate), gently mix until product goes into suspension.
- Add 60 ml (4 Tbsps or 2 fl oz) of the crop oil or methylated seed oil to the quart jar or 1 ml of non-ionic surfactant if it is being used in place of oil, gently mix.
- 4. If nitrogen is being used, add 16 ml (1 Tbsp or 0.5 oz) of the 28 to 32% nitrogen source to the quart jar. If ammonium sulfate is being used, add 19 g AMS to the quart jar in place of the 28 to 32% nitrogen.
- 5. Place cap on jar, invert 10 times, let stand for 15 minutes, evaluate.
- 6. An ideal tank mix combination will be uniform and free of suspended particles. If any of the following conditions are observed the choice of adjuvant should be questioned:
- a) Layer of oil or globules on the mixture's surface.
- b) Flocculation: fine particles in suspension or as a layer on the bottom of the jar.
- c) Clabbering: thickening texture (coagulated) like gelatin.

SPRAYER PREPARATION

Before applying Valor SX Herbicide, start with clean, well maintained application equipment. The spray tank, as well as all hoses and booms, must be cleaned to ensure no residue from the previous spraying operation remains in the sprayer. Some pesticides, including but not limited to, the sulfonylurea and phenoxy herbicides, (i.e., Classic® and 2,4-D respectively) are active at very small amounts and can cause crop injury when applied to susceptible crops. The spray equipment must be cleaned according to the manufacturer's directions for the last product used before the equipment is used to apply Valor SX Herbicide. If two or more products were tank mixed prior to Valor SX Herbicide application, the most restrictive cleanup procedure should be followed.

MIXING INSTRUCTIONS

- Fill clean spray tank 1/2 to 2/3 of desired level with clean water.
 If a drift retardant is to be used, add 10 lbs of spray grade ammonium sulfate per 100 gals of spray solution.
- 3. To ensure a uniform spray mixture, pre-slurry the required amount of Valor SX Herbicide with water prior to addition to the spray tank. Use a minimum of 1 gal of water per 10 oz of Valor SX Herbicide.
- While agitating, slowly add the pre-slurried Valor SX Herbicide to the spray tank. Agitation should create a rippling or rolling action on the water surface.
- 5. If tank mixing Valor SX Herbicide with other labeled herbicides, add water soluble bags first, followed by dry formulations, flowables, emulsifiable concentrates and then solutions. Prepare no more spray mixture than is required for the immediate spray operation.
- 6. Add any required adjuvants.

- 7. Fill spray tank to desired level with water. Agitation should continue until all spray solution has been applied.
- Mix only the amount of spray solution that can be applied the day of mixing. Valor SX Herbicide should be applied within 6 hours of mixing.

SPRAYER CLEANUP

Spray equipment, including mixing vessels and nurse tanks, must be cleaned each day following *Valor* SX Herbicide application. After *Valor* SX Herbicide is applied, the following steps must be used to clean the spray equipment:

- Completely drain the spray tank, rinse the sprayer thoroughly, including the inside and outside of the tank and all in-line screens.
- Fill the spray tank with clean water and flush all hoses, booms, screens and nozzles.
- 3. Top off tank, add 1 gal of 3% household ammonia (or equivalent) for every 100 gals of water, circulate through sprayer for 5 minutes, and then flush all hoses, booms, screens and nozzles for a minimum of 15 minutes. If diaphragms are being used on the spray boom, loosen diaphragms before flushing the spray system, allowing cleaning solution to spray through the open diaphragm. If spray lines have any end caps, they must be loosened before flushing the system, allowing cleaning solution to spray through the loosened caps. To enhance removal of Valor SX Herbicide from the spray system, add a tank cleaner such as "Valent Tank Cleaner" from Valent U.S.A. Corporation, in place of ammonia and allow the cleaning solution to remain in the pressurized spray system (spray tank, hoses and boom) overnight before flushing the system for a minimum of 15 minutes.
- 4. Drain tank completely.
- 5. Add enough clean water to the spray tank to allow all hoses, booms, screens and nozzles to be flushed for 2 minutes.
- 6. Remove all nozzles and screens and rinse them in clean water. Spray equipment, including all tanks, hoses, booms, screens and nozzles, should be thoroughly cleaned before it is used to apply postemergence pesticides. Equipment with Valor SX Herbicide residue remaining in the system may result in crop injury to the subsequently treated crop.

APPLICATION EQUIPMENT

Application equipment should be clean and in good repair. Nozzles should be uniformly spaced on boom and frequently checked for accuracy.

BROADCAST APPLICATION

Apply Valor SX Herbicide, and Valor SX Herbicide tank mixes, with ground equipment using standard commercial sprayers equipped with flat fan or flood nozzles (preemergence applications only) designed to deliver the desired spray pressure and spray volume.

AERIAL APPLICATION

Spray drift away from the site of application may cause damage to non-target vegetation. To minimize drift, apply the largest droplet size consistent with uniform coverage and satisfactory weed control. To obtain satisfactory application and avoid drift, the following directions must be observed:

- Do not apply during low-level inversion conditions (including fog), when winds are gusty or under other conditions that favor drift. Do not spray when wind velocity is less than 2 mph or more than 10 mph.
- Do not apply this product by air within 40 ft of non-target plants including non-target crops.
- Do not apply this product by air within 100 ft of emerged cotton crops.

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- Do not apply this product by air within 40 ft of streams, wetlands,
 Special Precautions for Chemigation marshes, ponds, lakes and reservoirs.
- Carrier Volume and Spray Pressure: When used as part of a burndown weed control program, apply Valor SX Herbicide in 7 to 10 gals of water per acre. Application at less than 7 gals per acre may provide inadequate control. When used for preemergence weed control, apply Valor SX Herbicide in 5 to 10 gals of water per acre. The higher gallonage applications generally afford more consistent weed control. Do not exceed the nozzle manufacturer's recommended pressures. For many nozzle types, lower pressure produces larger droplets. When higher flow rates are needed, use higher flow rate nozzles instead of increasing pressure.
- Nozzle Selection and Orientation: Formation of very small drops may be minimized by appropriate nozzle selection, by orienting nozzles away from the air stream as much as possible and by avoiding excessive spray pressure. Use nozzles that produce flat or hollow cone spray patterns. Use non-drip type nozzles. such as diaphragm type nozzles, to avoid unwanted discharge of spray solution. The nozzles must be directed toward the rear of the aircraft, at an angle between 0 and 15° downward. Do not place nozzles on the outer 25% of the wings or rotors.
- · Adjuvants and Drift Control Additives: Refer to tank mix partner's label for adjuvant recommendation. Drift control additives may be used. When a drift control additive is used, read and carefully observe the cautionary statements and all other information appearing on the additive label.

CHEMIGATION

Follow all label recommendations for crops regarding rates, timing of application, special instructions and precautions.

Apply this product only through center pivot systems. End guns must be turned off due to uneven application. Do not apply this product through any other type of irrigation system.

Crop injury, lack of efficacy or illegal pesticide residues in the crop can result from non-uniform distribution of treated water.

The system must be properly calibrated (with water only) to ensure that the amount of Valor SX Herbicide applied corresponds to the recommended rate

Apply Valor SX Herbicide in 1/2 to 3/4 inches of water during the first sprinkler set. Allow time for all lines to flush the herbicide through all nozzles before turning off irrigation water. To ensure the lines are flushed and free of remaining herbicide, a dve indicator may be injected into the lines to mark the end of the application period. Once chemigation has begun, the run must be completed to ensure no product is left in the system.

If you have any questions about calibration, you should contact your State Extension Service Specialist, equipment manufacturers or other experts.

- 1. Do not connect an irrigation system (including greenhouse systems) used for pesticide application to a public water system unless the pesticide label-prescribed safety devices for public water systems are in place.
- 2. A person knowledgeable of the chemigation system and responsible for its operation or under the supervision of the responsible person, shall shut the system down and make necessary adjustments should the need arise.
- 3. The system must be free of leaks and clogged nozzles.
- 4. The pesticide must be supplied continuously for the duration of the aqueous application. An uneven application may cause injury to the crop or poor weed control.
- 5. Agitation must be maintained in the nurse tank.
- 6. The sprinkler chemication system must contain a functional check valve, vacuum relief valve and low pressure drain appropriately located on the irrigation pipeline to prevent water source contamination from backflow.
- 7. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, automatic, quick-closing check valve to prevent the flow of fluid back toward the injection pump.
- 8. The pesticide injection pipeline must contain a functional, normally closed, solenoid-operated valve located on the intake side of the injection pump and connected to the system interlock to prevent fluid from being withdrawn from the supply tank when the irrigation system is either automatically or manually
- 9. The system must contain functional interlocking controls to automatically shut off the pesticide injection pump when the water pump motor stops, or in the case where there is no water pump, when the water pressure decreases to the point where nesticide distribution is adversely affected
- 10. The irrigation line or water pump must include a functional pressure switch which will stop the water pump motor when the water pressure decreases to the point where pesticide distribution is adversely affected.
- 11. Systems must use a metering pump, such as a positive displacement injection pump (e.g., diaphragm pump), effectively designed and constructed of materials that are compatible with the pesticides and capable of being fitted with a system interlock
- 12.Do not apply when wind speed favors drift beyond the area intended for treatment.

Chemigation Systems Connected to Public Water Systems

- 1. Public water system means a system for the provision to the public of piped water for human consumption, if such a system has at least 15 service connections or regularly serves an average of at least 25 individuals daily at least 60 days out of the
- 2. Chemiqation systems connected to the public water system must contain a functional, reduced pressure zone, backflow preventer (RPZ) or the functional equivalent in the water supply line upstream from the point of pesticide introduction. As an option to the RPZ, the water from the public water system should be discharged into a reservoir tank prior to pesticide introduction. There shall be a complete physical break (air gap) between the outlet end of the fill pipe and the top overflow rim of the reservoir tank of at least twice the inside diameter of the fill nine
- 3. All chemigation systems connected to the public water system must also follow restrictions listed in the preceding section titled "Special Precautions for Chemication."

APPLICATION WITH DRY BULK FERTILIZERS

Dry bulk fertilizer may be impregnated or coated with Valor SX Herbicide. Application of dry bulk fertilizer with *Valor* SX Herbicide provides weed control equal to, or slightly below, the same rate of Valor SX Herbicide applied in liquid carriers, due to better coverage with application via spray equipment. Follow label recommendations for Valor SX Herbicide regarding rates, special instructions, cautions and special precautions, Apply 400 to 700 lbs of the fertilizer/herbicide mixture per acre to obtain adequate soil coverage. Apply the mixture to the soil with properly calibrated equipment immediately after blending. Uniform application of the herbicide/fertilizer mixture is essential to prevent possible crop injury and to obtain uniform weed control.

Ammonium nitrate and/or limestone should not be used as the sole source of fertilizer, as the Valor SX Herbicide may not adhere to these materials.

Compliance with all Federal and State regulations relating to blending pesticide mixtures with dry bulk fertilizer, registrations. labeling and application are the responsibility of the individual and/or company offering the fertilizer and Valor SX Herbicide mixture for sale.

Valor SX Herbicide must be premixed with water to form a slurry prior to impregnation on dry bulk fertilizer. For best results, use a minimum of 1 pt of water for each 2 oz of Valor SX Herbicide. A minimum of 6 pts of the Valor SX Herbicide slurry should be used to impregnate 2000 lbs of the fertilizer for uniform coverage of the fertilizer. Closed drum, belt, ribbon or other commonly used dry bulk blenders may be used.

The amount of Valor SX Herbicide required can be calculated with the following formula:

ounces of	ounces of	pounds of
	= Valor SX Herbicide x	2000 ÷ fertilizer
per ton of fertilizer	per acre	per acre

Thoroughly clean dry fertilizer blending equipment after Valor SX Herbicide has been placed in the system to avoid injury to sensitive crops that may be treated with fertilizers blended after the equipment has been used for Valor SX Herbicide. Rinse the sides of the blender and the herbicide tank with water. Then impregnate the rinsate onto a load of dry fertilizer intended for an approved crop. Use a maximum rate of 1 gal of rinsate per ton of fertilizer. Follow with 1 to 2 loads of unimpregnated fertilizer in the blender before switching herbicides.

ROTATIONAL RESTRICTIONS

The following rotational crops may be planted after applying Valor SX Herbicide at the listed rate. Planting earlier than the recommended rotational interval may result in crop injury.

. Do not plant any crop, except corn (field), cotton, peanut, soybean, sugarcane and sweet potato earlier than 30 days after applying Valor SX Herbicide.

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VALOR SX HERBICIDE RATES	CROPS	ROTATION INTERVALS
1 oz/A	Cotton (no-till or strip-till only)	14 days1
1.5 to 2 oz/A	Cotton (no-till or strip-till only)	21 days1

(continued)

ROTATIONAL RESTRICTIONS (continued)

VALOR SX HERBICIDE RATES	CROPS	ROTATION INTERVALS
2 oz/A or less	Peanut, Soybean, Sugarcane and Sweet Potato	immediately
	Field Corn (minimum and no-till)	7 days
	Cotton and Field Corn (conventional tillage), Rice, Sorghum, Sunflower, Tobacco and Wheat	30 days ¹
	Barley, Dry and Snap Beans, Flax, Peas, Rye, Safflower and Sweet Corn	3 months
	Alfalfa, Canola, Clover, Oats, Potato, Sugar Beet and all other crops not listed ²	4 months if soil is tilled prior to planting 8 months if no tillage is performed
	Lentil	6 months
Up to 3 oz/A	Peanut, Soybean, Sugarcane and Sweet Potato	immediately
	Field Corn (minimum and no-till)	14 days
	Field Corn (conventional tillage) and Sorghum	30 days¹
	Cotton, Rice, Sunflower, Tobacco and Wheat	2 months ¹
	Barley, Dry and Snap Beans, Flax, Pea, Rye, Safflower and Sweet Corn	4 months
	Alfalfa, Clover, Oats, Potato, Sugar Beet	5 months if soil is tilled prior to planting
		10 months if no tillage is performed
	Canola and all other crops not listed ²	6 months if soil is tilled prior to planting
		12 months if no tillage is performed
	Lentil	7 months
Up to 4 oz/A	Sugarcane	immediately
4 02/A	Alfalfa, Canola, Potato, Sugar Beet and all other crops not listed ²	6 months if soil is tilled prior to planting
		12 months if no tillage is performed
	Cotton, Field Corn, Peanut, Rice, Sorghum, Soybean, Sun- flower, Tobacco and Wheat	4 months
6 to 12 oz/A	Cotton, Field Corn, Peanut, Rice, Sorghum, Soybean, Sun- flower, Tobacco and Wheat	9 months
	Alfalfa, Canola, Sugar Beet and all other crops not listed ²	12 months if soil is tilled prior to planting
	Trees can be transplanted 2 months after an application of <i>Valor</i> SX Herbicide ³	18 months if no tillage is performed

and planting or crop injury may occur.

- ³ Transplanted apple, apricot, avocado, bushberries (including blueberry), cherry, fig, grape, grapefruit, lemon, nectarine, nut trees (including pistachio), olive, orange, peach, pear, plum (including dried plum), and tangerine can be planted 2 months after a Valor SX Herbicide application of 2 to 12 oz/A.

Table 1. Broadleaf Weeds Controlled by Residual Activity of Valor SX Herbicide

BROADLEAF WEE	J. LUILU			
COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME	ORGANIC MATTER	SOIL TYPE	VALOR S HERBICII RATE
Carpetweed	Mollugo verticillata	Up to 5%	All Soil Types	2 oz/A
Chickweeds			//	İ
Common	Stellaria media			
Mouseear	Cerastium vulgatum			
Dandelion	Taraxacum officinale			
Eclipta	Eclipta prostrate			
Eveningprimrose,				
Cutleaf	laciniata			
Field	Thlaspi arvense			
Pennycress	Richardia scabra			
Florida Pusley Henhit	Lamium			
HEIDIL	amplexicaule			
Lambsquarters,	Chenopodium			
Common	album			
Little Mallow	Malva parviflora			
Marestail/	Conyza			
Horseweed	canadensis			
Mayweed/False Chamomile	Matricaria maritime			
Nightshades				
Black	Solanum nigrum			
Eastern Black	Solanum			
Haim.	ptycanthum Solanum			
Hairy	sarrachoides			
Piaweeds	Sarracriviues			
Redroot	Amaranthus retroflexus			
Smooth	Amaranthus hybridus			
Spiny Amaranth	Amaranthus spinosus			
Tumble	Amaranthus albus			
Prickly Lettuce	Lactuca serriola			
Prickly Sida (Teaweed)	Sida spinosa			
Puncturevine	Tribulus terrestris			
Purslane,	Portulaca			
Common	oleracea			
Radish, Wild	Raphanus raphanistrum			

² Successful soil bioassay must be performed prior to planting these Table 1. Broadleaf Weeds Controlled by Residual Activity of Valor SX Herbicide (continued)

BROADLEAF WE	ED SPECIES			
SECTION A				
COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME	ORGANIC MATTER	SOIL TYPE	VALOR SX HERBICIDE RATE ²
Redmaids	Calandrinia ciliata var. menziessii	Up to 5%	All Soil Types	2 oz/A
Shepherd's- purse	Capsella bursa-pastoris		,,	
Smallflower Morningglory	Jacquemontia tamnifolia			
Sowthistle, Prickly	Sonchus asper			
Spotted Spurge	Euphorbia maculata			
Venice Mallow	Hibiscus trionum			
SECTION B				

All weeds listed in Section A plus

COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME	ORGANIC MATTER	SOIL TYPE	VALOR SX HERBICIDE RATE ²
Coffee Senna Common Ragweed¹ False Chamomile Florida Beggarweed Golden Crownbeard Hairy Indigo	Cassia occidentalis Ambrosia artemisiifolia Tripleurospermum maritima Desmodium tortuosum Verbesina encelioides Indigofera hirsute	Up to 3%	All Soil Types	2 oz/A Cotton and Dry Bean 2.5 oz/A Field Corn and Soybean 3 oz/A Peanut and all other
Hemp Sesbania Jimsonweed Kochia London Rocket Morningglories ³ Entireleaf	Ricigoral a linsule Sesbania exaltata Datura stramonium Kochia scoparia Sisymbrium irio Ipomoea hederacea var. integriuscula	3 to 5%	Coarse and Medium Soils: (sandy loam, loamy sand,	labeled crops
Ivyleaf Red/Scarlet Tall Mustard, Wild Palmer Amaranth Spurred Anoda	Ipomoea hederacea Ipomoea coccinea Ipomoea purpurea Brassica kaber Amaranthus palmeri Anoda cristata		loamy, silt-loam, silt, sandy clay, sandy clay loam)	

(continued)

Table 1. Broadleaf Weeds Controlled by Residual Activity of Valor SX Herbicide (continued)

SECTION B				
COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME	ORGANIC MATTER	SOIL TYPE	VALOR SX HERBICIDE RATE ²
Tropic Croton	Croton glandulosus	3 to 5%	Fine Soils:	2 oz/A Cotton and
Waterhemps ¹			(silty	Dry Bean
Common	Amaranthus rudis		clay,	3 oz/A
Tall	Amaranthus tuberculatus		silty clay loam,	Peanut,
Wild Poinsettia	Euphorbia heterophylla		clay, clay	Soybean and all othe labeled
Yellow Rocket	Barbarea vulgaris		loam)	crops

¹ A postemergence herbicide, such as Cobra® Herbicide, Phoenix™ Herbicide or glyphosate (Roundup Ready® soybeans only) may be needed following a preemergence application of *Valor SX* Herbicide to adequately control common ragweed or waterhemp in soybean fields with heavy pressure.

² Valor SX Herbicide will provide residual control of these weeds at 2 oz/A when applied under a cotton canopy.

³ Morningglory species are not adequately controlled on fine soils or soils with greater than 3% organic matter.

Table 2. Weeds Suppressed by Residual Activity of Valor SX Herbicide

	PECIES		OUNCES
COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME	ORGANIC MATTER	PER ACRE
Bristly Starbur	Acanthospermum hispidum	Up to 5%	2 to 3
Copperleaf, Hophornbeam	Acalypha ostryifolia		
Ragweed, Giant	Ambrosia trifida		
Russian Thistle	Salsola iberica		
Smartweeds			
Ladysthumb	Polygonum persicaria		
Pennsylvania	Polygonum		
	pensylvanicum		
Smellmelon	Cucumis melo		
Velvetleaf	Abutilon theophrasti		
Wild Buckwheat	Polygonum convolvulus		
Wormwood, Biennial	Artemisia biennis]	
GRASS WEED SPECIE	S		
Barnyardgrass	Echinochloa crus-galli	1	
Bluegrass, Annual	Poa annua		
Crabgrass, Large	Digitaria sanguinalis		
Foxtail, Giant	Setaria faberi		
Goosegrass	Eleusine indica		
Lovegrass, California	Eragrostis diffusa		
Panicums			
Fall	Panicum		
	dichotomiflorum		
Texas	Panicum texanum		
Ryegrass, Italian	Lolium multiflorum		
Signalgrass, Broadleaf	Brachiaria platyphylla		

Table 2. Weeds Suppressed by Residual Activity of

Value on Helbiciae (Col	itiliuouj			
GRASS WEED SPECIES			OUNCES	
COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME	ORGANIC MATTER	PER ACRE	
Cheat Downy Brome	Bromus secalinus Bromus tectorum	Up to 5%	1.5 to 3	

DIRECTIONS FOR USE IN FALL AND SPRING PREPLANT BURNDOWN AND FALLOW SEEDBED PROGRAMS IN FIELD CORN, PEANUT AND SOYBEAN (Preemergence to Crop)

RESTRICTIONS AND LIMITATIONS

- Do not apply to frozen or snow covered soil.
- Do not perform any tillage operation after application or residual weed control will be reduced.
- Observe all rotational intervals prior to planting as listed in the "ROTATIONAL RESTRICTIONS" table.

FALL BURNDOWN AND FALLOW SEEDBED PROGRAMS

Valor SX Herbicide, at 2 to 4 oz/A can be used in the fall to provide residual weed control in fields that will be planted the following spring with field corn, peanut or soybean (refer to Rotational Restrictions table for rates and rotational intervals prior to planting). Weeds controlled by residual activity are listed in Table 1 (sections A and B), Broadleaf Weeds Controlled by Residual Activity of Valor SX Herbicide; Table 3, Weeds Controlled by Fall and Spring Preplant Burndown Programs; and Table 7, Weeds Controlled by Residual Activity of Valor SX Herbicide. If weeds have emerged at the time of application, use *Valor* SX Herbicide in combination with a labeled burndown herbicide. Valor SX Herbicide can be used in a fall burndown or fallow seedbed program, however the length of residual control may be variable.

Abnormally warm or wet winters will reduce the length of weed control observed in the spring.

Weeds controlled by postemergence or residual activity are listed in Table 3. Preplant burndown treatment tank mixes and rates are:

Herbicide	Rate
Program 1 ¹	
Valor SX Herbicide Plus	2 to 3 oz/A
Glyphosate Plus	0.5 to 1.0 lb ai/A (equivalent to 1 to 2 pt/A of Roundup Original®)
2,4-D LVE (2,4-D for use on preplant soybeans only) Plus	0.5 to 1.0 lb ai/A (equivalent to 1 to 2 pt/A of 2,4-D 4 LVE)
NIS + AMS	0.5% v/v + 17 lbs/100 gals of water

OI .	
Program 2 ¹	
Valor SX Herbicide Plus	2 to 3 oz/A
Glyphosate Plus	0.5 to 1.0 lb ai/A (equivalent to 1 to 2 pt/A of Roundup Original)
COC ²	1pt/A
or NIS + AMS	or 0.5% v/v + 17 lbs/100 gals of water

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Program 3 ¹	
Valor SX Herbicide Plus	2 to 3 oz/A
2,4-D LVE (2,4-D for use on preplant soybeans only) Plus	0.5 to 1.0 lb ai/A (equivalent to 1 to 2 pt/A of 2,4-D 4 LVE)
COC	1 pt/A

- 1 Dicamba (Banyel®), at 0.188 lb ai/A (6 fl oz/A of Banyel 4) can be added to Programs 1, 2 & 3 to assist in the control of emerged broadleaves. Refer to dicamba label for rotational restrictions.
- ² Crop oil concentrate ha s been found to increase glyphosate burndown of emerged cutleaf eveningprimrose and Carolina geranium

Table 3. Weeds Controlled by Fall and Spring Preplant

WEEDS CONTRO	LLED1	POSTEMERGENCE			
COMMON	SCIENTIFIC	Program 1	Program 2	Program 3	RESID UAL
NAME	NAME	W	eeds 3 inc	hes or less	3
Chamomile, False	Matricaria maritime	Yes	Yes	No	Yes
Cheatgrass	Bromus tectorum	Yes	Yes	No	Yes
Chickweed, Common	Stellaria media	Yes	Yes	No	Yes
Chickweed, Mouseear	Cerastium vulgatum	Yes	Yes	No	Yes
Cockle, White	Silene latifolie	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
Dandelion	Taraxacum officinale	Yes	No	Yes ²	Yes
Deadnettle, Purple	Lamium purpureum	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Groundsel, Cressleaf	Senecio glabellus	Yes	Yes	-	Yes
Henbit	Lamium amplexicaule	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Kochia	Kochia scoparia	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Marestail/ Horseweed	Conyza canadensis	Yes	Yes ³	Yes	Yes
Mallow, Common	Malva Neglecta	Yes	Yes	No	Yes
Prickly Lettuce	Lactuca serriola	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Wormwood, Biennial	Artemisia biennis	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Canola, Volunteer	Brassica napus	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Carolina Geranium	Geranium carolinianum	Yes	Yes	Yes	-
Eveningprimrose, Cutleaf ⁴	Oenothera laciniata	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Flixweed	Descurainia sophia	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

(continued)

Table 3. Weeds Controlled by Fall and Spring

LLED1	POSTEMERGENCE			
COMMON SCIENTIFIC		Program 2	Program 3	RESI- Dual
NAME	Weeds 12 inches or les			s
Descurainia pinnata	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Brassica kaber	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Capsella bursa- pastoris	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
	SCIENTIFIC NAME Descurainia pinnata Brassica kaber Capsella bursa-	SCIENTIFIC NAME We	Company Comp	SCIENTIFIC NAME Program Program 2 3

- Refer to alvohosate and/or 2.4-D labels for additional weeds controlled and rotational restrictions.
- ² 1 lb ai/A of 2,4-D LVE (equivalent to 2 pt/A of 2,4-D 4 LVE) should be used for control of emerged dandelion
- ³ Program 2 will not control emerged glyphosate resistant marestail/
- Program 1 should be used to control cutleaf eveningprimrose that are nearing 12 inches in height or are past the rosette stage. Programs 2 or 3 should be used to control cutleaf eveningprimrose that are 12 inches or less and in the rosette stage.

SPRING BURNDOWN PROGRAMS

Valor SX Herbicide can be used in combination with labeled preplant burndown herbicides to assist in the postemergence burndown of emerged weeds and provide residual weed control prior to crop emergence. Weeds controlled by residual activity are listed in Table 1

No-till planters that incorporate the soil during planting may result in decreased weed control in the row. Apply Valor SX Herbicide after planting peanuts and soybeans when these types of planters are used (within 3 days after planting soybeans, within 2 days after planting peanuts and before the crop emerges). Valor SX Herbicide cannot be applied after planting field corn.

Valor SX Herbicide can be used at 1 to 3 oz/A with labeled preplant burndown herbicides to enhance the speed of burndown and increase weed spectrum.

Valor SX Herbicide can be used at 1 to 3 oz/A in field corn, peanut and soybean burndown programs. See "DIRECTIONS FOR USE IN FIELD CORN", "DIRECTIONS FOR USE IN PEANUT", "DIREC-TIONS FOR USE IN SOYBEAN" for more information.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE IN FALL AND SPRING BURNDOWN PROGRAMS IN COTTON AND SUGARCANE

RESTRICTIONS AND LIMITATIONS

- Do not apply to frozen or snow covered soil.
- Do not perform any tillage operation after application or residual weed control will be reduced.
- Valor SX Herbicide can be used at 1 to 2 oz/A with labeled burndown herbicides to enhance the speed of burndown and increase weed spectrum.
- A minimum of 30 days must pass, and 1 inch of rainfall/irrigation must occur, between Valor SX Herbicide application and planting of conventionally tilled cotton.
- A minimum of 14 days must pass, and 1 inch of rainfall/irrigation must occur between Valor SX Herbicide application and planting of no-till or strip-till cotton when a Valor SX Herbicide rate of 1 oz/A is used and 21 days when a Valor SX Herbicide rate of 1.5 to 2 oz/A is used. The field must contain the stubble from the previous crop.

- · Valor SX Herbicide can be applied as part of a burndown application to sugarcane until cane emergence.
- Observe all rotational intervals prior to planting as listed in the "ROTATIONAL RESTRICTIONS" table.
- Refer to most restrictive label for minimum interval between application and planting.

FALL BURNDOWN PROGRAMS

Valor SX Herbicide, at 2 to 4 oz/A, can be used in the fall to provide residual weed control in fields that will be planted the following spring with cotton or sugarcane (refer to Rotational Restrictions table for rates and rotational intervals prior to planting) Weeds controlled by residual activity are listed in Table 1 and Table 7. If weeds have emerged at the time of application, use Valor SX Herbicide in combination with a labeled burndown herbicide.

Abnormally warm or wet winters will reduce the length of weed control observed in the spring.

SPRING BURNDOWN PROGRAMS

Valor SX Herbicide, at 1 to 2 oz/A, can be used in combination with labeled preplant burndown herbicides to assist in the postemergence burndown of emerged weeds and provide residual weed control prior to crop emergence in fields that will be planted with cotton or sugarcane. Weeds controlled by residual activity are listed in Table 1

No-till planters that incorporate the soil during planting may result in decreased weed control in the row.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE IN FALL AND SPRING BURNDOWN PROGRAMS IN RICE, SORGHUM, SUNFLOWERS, TOBACCO AND WHEAT (Preplant to Crop)

RESTRICTIONS AND LIMITATIONS

- Do not apply to frozen or snow covered soil.
- Do not perform any tillage operation after application or residual weed control will be reduced.
- Valor SX Herbicide can be used at 1 to 2 oz/A with labeled burndown herbicides to enhance the speed of burndown and increase weed spectrum. A minimum of 30 days must pass, and 1 inch of rainfall/irrigation must occur, between Valor SX Herbicide application and planting of rice, sorghum, sugarcane, sunflowers, tobacco or wheat. Refer to most restrictive label for minimum interval between application and planting.
- Observe all rotational intervals prior to planting as listed in the "ROTATIONAL RESTRICTIONS" table.

FALL BURNDOWN PROGRAMS

Valor SX Herbicide can be used in combination with labeled burndown programs to control emerged weeds and provide residual weed control in fields that will be planted the following spring. (refer to Rotational Restrictions table for rates and rotational intervals prior to planting).

Abnormally warm winters may reduce the length of weed control observed in the spring.

SPRING BURNDOWN PROGRAMS

Valor SX Herbicide can be used in combination with labeled burndown programs to control emerged weeds and provide residual weed control prior to crop emergence. Weeds controlled by residual activity are listed in Table 1 Section A. Crops that will be planted following application must be in compliance with the rotational interval listed in the "Rotational Restriction" table above.

No-till planters that incorporate the soil during planting may result in decreased weed control in the row.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE IN FALL BURNDOWN PROGRAMS IN FIELDS TO BE PLANTED TO BARLEY, FIELD PEA. FLAX, LENTIL, SAFFLOWER, SUNFLOWER AND SPRING WHEAT (Preplant to Crop)

RESTRICTIONS AND LIMITATIONS

- · Do not apply to frozen or snow covered soil.
- Do not perform any tillage operation after application or residual weed control will be reduced
- Valor SX Herbicide can be mixed with 2.4-D and/or glyphosate formulations labeled for burndown programs (preplant to crop) in accordance with the most restrictive label limitations and precautions. Labeled application rates can not be exceeded. Do not mix Valor SX Herbicide with any product containing a label prohibition against such mixing.
- Observe all rotational intervals prior to planting as listed in the "ROTATIONAL RESTRICTIONS" table.

FALL BURNDOWN PROGRAMS

Valor SX Herbicide can be used at 2 to 4 oz/A with labeled burndown herbicides to enhance the speed of burndown, increase weed spectrum and provide residual weed control of the weeds listed in Table 3 until the following spring. Rotational intervals must be followed for crop to be planted in the spring following the fall Valor SX Herbicide application. Refer to most restrictive label for minimum interval between application and planting.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE IN FALLOW LAND

Valor SX Herbicide may be used as a preemergence fallow treatment. Weeds controlled by residual activity are listed in Table 1.

Valor SX Herbicide, at 2 to 4 oz/A, can be used in the fall to provide residual weed control in fallow fields (refer to "ROTATIONAL RESTRICTIONS" table for rates and rotational intervals prior to planting). If weeds have emerged at the time of application, use Valor SX Herbicide in combination with a labeled fallow herbicide. Abnormally warm or wet winters will reduce the length of weed control observed in the spring.

Valor SX Herbicide, at 1 to 4 oz/A, can be used in spring in combination with labeled burndown herbicides to control emerged weeds and provide residual weed control.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE IN COTTON

RESTRICTIONS AND LIMITATIONS

- Do not apply more than 2 oz of Valor SX Herbicide per acre during a single application.
- Do not apply more than 4 oz of *Valor* SX Herbicide per acre during a single growing season.
- Do not make a sequential *Valor* SX Herbicide application within 30 days of the first *Valor* SX Herbicide application.
- . Do not apply within 60 days of harvest.

ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS AND BIOLOGICAL PERFORMANCE

Hooded, Shielded and Layby Application

For best results, Valor SX Herbicide should be applied to actively growing weeds within the growth stages indicated in this label. Applying Valor SX Herbicide under conditions that do not promote active weed growth will reduce herbicide effectiveness. Do not apply Valor SX Herbicide when the crop or weeds are under stress due to drought, excessive water, extremes in temperature, disease or low humidity. Weeds under stress tend to become less susceptible to herbicidal action. Valor SX Herbicide is most effective when applied under sunny conditions at temperatures above 65°F.

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Valor SX Herbicide is rainfast one hour after application. Applications should not be made if rain is expected within one hour of application or postemergence efficacy may be reduced. Rainfall within one hour of application will not adversely affect residual

HERBICIDE RATE

Hooded, Shielded and Layby Application

For postemergence weed control, Valor SX Herbicide should be applied through a hooded or shielded sprayer or at layby, at 2 oz/A, in combinations with MSMA or at 1 to 2 oz/A in combination with alvohosate to assist in the control of weeds listed in Table 4. Residual weed control can also be obtained through hooded, shielded and layby application of Valor SX Herbicide. Weeds that are controlled through residual activity of Valor SX Herbicide are listed in Table 1. Weeds that are suppressed by residual activity of Valor SX Herbicide are listed in Table 2.

Table 4. Emerged Broadleaf Weeds Controlled by Hooded. Shielded and Layby Application of Valor SX Herbicide Tank Mixes With Glyphosate or MSMA in Cotton

BROADLEAF WEED SPECIES WEED HEIGHT			
COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME	(inches) 2 oz/A	
Bindweed, Field ¹	Convolvulus arvensis	4	
Carpetweed	Mollugo verticillata	4	
Chickweed, Common	Stellaria media	4	
Cocklebur, Common	Xanthium strumarium	4	
Florida Beggarweed	Desmodium tortuosum	2	
Hemp Sesbania	Sesbania exaltata	6	
Jimsonweed	Datura stramonium	4	
Lambsquarters, Common	Chenopodium album	4	
Morningglories		•	
Entireleaf	Ipomoea hederacea var. integriuscula	4	
lvyleaf	Ipomoea hederacea	4	
Pitted	Ipomoea lacunose	4	
Red	Ipomoea coccinea	4	
Tall	Ipomoea purpurea	2	
Mustard, Wild	Brassica kaber	6	
Nightshades			
Black	Solanum nigrum	4	
Eastern Black	Solanum ptycanthum	4	
Hairy	Solanum sarrachoides	4	
Pigweeds			
Palmer Amaranth	Amaranthus palmeri	4	
Redroot	Amaranthus retroflexus	4	
Smooth	Amaranthus hybridus	4	
Plaintain, Broadleaf	Plantago major	6	
Prickly Sida (Teaweed)	Sida spinosa	4	
Purslane, Common	Portulaca oleracea	2	
Ragweeds			
Common	Ambrosia artemisiifolia	2	
Giant	Ambrosia trifida	4	

(continued)

Table 4. Emerged Broadleaf Weeds Controlled by Hooded. Shielded and Layby Application of Valor SX Herbicide Tank Mixes With Glyphosate or MSMA in Cotton (continued)

BROADLEAF WEED SPECIES		WEED HEIGHT	
COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME	(inches) 2 oz/A	
Rice Flatsedge	Cyperus iria	2	
Sicklepod	Senna obtusifolia	4	
Smartweeds			
Ladysthumb	Polygonum persicaria	4	
Pale	Polygonum lapathifolium	4	
Pennsylvania	Polygonum pensylvanicum	4	
Spotted Spurge	Euphorbia maculata	4	
Velvetleaf	Abutilon theophrasti	4	
Venice Mallow	Hibiscus trionum	2	
Waterhemps			
Common	Amaranthus rudis	2	
Tall	Amaranthus tuberculatus	2	

¹ Valor SX Herbicide tank mixes will control the above ground portion of field bindweed. Repeated applications will be needed to control

CARRIER VOLUME AND SPRAY PRESSURE

Hooded, Shielded and Layby Application

To ensure thorough coverage in hooded, shielded and layby applications, use 15 to 30 gals spray solution per treated acre. Use 20 to 30 gals per treated acre under heavy weed pressure. Nozzle selection should meet manufacturer's gallonage and pressure recommendations for application method being used. Do not use "Flood Jet" nozzles, as they tend to increase the chance of crop injury.

Hooded, Shielded and Layby Application

Weed control from hooded, shielded or layby application of Valor SX Herbicide in cotton requires the addition of an agronomically approved non-ionic surfactant to the spray mixture. Nonionic surfactant must contain at least 80% active ingredient. Mixing compatibility qualities should be verified by a jar test. The use of crop oil concentrates, methylated seed oils, organo-silicant surfactants or products containing these ingredients, may result in severe crop injury and should not be used.

APPLICATION EQUIPMENT

Apply Valor SX Herbicide tank mixes, with ground equipment using standard commercial sprayers equipped with nozzles designed to deliver the desired spray pressure and spray volume. Application equipment should be clean and in good repair. Nozzles should meet manufacturer's recommendations for spray pattern and placement on spray boom and should be checked frequently for accuracy.

TIMING TO COTTON

Hooded and Shielded Application

Valor SX Herbicide tank mixes may be applied with a hooded or shielded sprayer after cotton has reached a minimum of 6 inches in height. All nozzles must be under the hood or behind the shield to ensure no spray solution comes in contact with the cotton. Care must be taken to ensure the spray solution or drift does not come in contact with the cotton or severe crop injury can occur.

Layby Application

Layby application of *Valor* SX Herbicide tank mixes may be made 14

once cotton has reached a minimum of 16 inches in height. Cotton that is smaller than 16 inches in height may be injured by Valor SX Herbicide applications. Valor SX Herbicide application must be directed to the lower 2 inches of the cotton stem to avoid crop injury.

Valor SX Herbicide tank mix applications must be made to weeds within the height range given in Table 4.

Valor SX Herbicide must be tank mixed with one of the herbicides listed in Table 5 for postemergence control of the weeds listed in Table 4.

Table 5. Tank Mixes with Valor SX Herbicide for Hooded, Shielded

HOODED					
TANK MIX PARTNER	TARGET WEEDS	AND SHIELDED	LAYBY		
glyphosate	Perennial Grasses and Broadleaves	х	Χ¹		
MSMA	Annual Grasses Yellow Nutsedge	х	Х		

¹ For use only in cotton with the Roundup Ready gene.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE IN DRY BEANS

HARVEST AID

RESTRICTIONS AND LIMITATIONS

- Do not apply more than 3 oz of Valor SX Herbicide per acre during a single application.
- Do not apply more than 3 oz of Valor SX Herbicide per acre during a single growing season.
- Do not harvest within 5 days of application.

Desiccation from Valor SX Herbicide requires the addition of an agronomically approved adjuvant to the spray mixture. A methylated seed oil which contains at least 15% emulsifiers and 80% oil at 2% v/v should be used. A spray grade nitrogen source (either ammonium sulfate at 2 to 2.5 lbs/A or a 28 to 32% nitrogen solution at 1 to 2 ats/A) may be added to the spray mixture along with either a crop oil concentrate or methylated seed oil to enhance desiccation. The addition of a nitrogen source does not replace the need for a crop oil concentrate or a methylated seed oil. Tank mixing Valor SX Herbicide with glyphosate or paraguat will increase control of emerged weeds and aid in harvest. Add a burndown tank mix partner for the control of emerged weeds labeled for dry bean in accordance with the most restrictive labeled limitations and precautions.

TIMING TO DRY BEANS

Apply when crop is mature and at least 80% of the pods are yellowing and mostly ripe with no more than 40% (bush type beans) or 30% (vine type beans) of the leaves still green in color. Dry beans can be harvested 5 days after application. To ensure thorough coverage use 15 to 30 gallons spray solution per acre. Nozzle selection should meet manufacturer's gallonage and pressure recommendations for postemergence application.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE IN FIELD CORN

RESTRICTIONS AND LIMITATIONS

- Use only on no-till or minimum tillage fields where last years crop residue has not been incorporated into the soil.
- Corn must be planted between 14 and 30 days after application unless the application is made as part of a Fall burndown program.
- Corn can be planted 7 days after an application of 2 oz/A if a minimum of 25% of the soil surface is covered with the residue of the preceding crop and a minimum of 1/4 inch of rainfall has occurred between application and planting.
- Do not apply more than 3 oz of Valor SX Herbicide per acre during a single growing season.
- Do not irrigate between emergence and 2-leaf corn.
- Do not use on popcorn, sweet corn or corn grown for seed.

TIMING TO FIELD CORN

- Apply Valor SX Herbicide, at 2 to 3 oz/A, between 7 and 30 days prior to planting field corn for the preemergence control of the weeds listed in Table 1. Broadleaf Weeds Controlled by Residual Activity of Valor SX Herbicide.
- Apply Valor SX Herbicide at 2 oz/A between 7 and 30 days prior to planting field corn if a minimum of 25% of the soil surface is covered with the residue of the preceding crop and a minimum of 1/4 inch of rainfall has occurred between application and planting.
- Apply Valor SX Herbicide at 3 oz/A between 14 and 30 days prior to planting field corn.

Burndown Use Directions -For Preplant Applications in Field Corn

Valor SX Herbicide, applied as part of a burndown program, may be used for residual weed control, as well as to assist in postemergence burndown of many weeds where field corn will be planted directly into the residue of the previous year. See Directions For Use in Fall and Spring Preplant Burndown and Fallow Seedbed Programs in Field Corn, Peanut and Soybean for rates and timing of applications. For control of emerged weeds, Valor SX Herbicide must be applied with an appropriate burndown tank mix partner listed in Table 6. To ensure thorough coverage, use a minimum of 15 gallons of spray solution per acre. Refer to tank mix partner's label for recommended application pressure and recommended adiuvant systems.

INCREASING SPEED OF GLYPHOSATE BURNDOWN ACTIVITY

Valor SX Herbicide, at 1 oz/A, may be tank mixed with glyphosate (Roundup®) to increase the speed of burndown activity compared to glyphosate applied alone. Residual weed control will not be provided at rates lower than 2 oz/A: however, suppression of the weeds in Table 2 may occur at Valor SX Herbicide rates as low as 1 oz/A. Applications of Valor SX Herbicide at 1 oz/A must be made a minimum of 14 days prior to planting field corn.

TANK MIXES

Valor SX Herbicide may be tank mixed with the herbicides listed in Table 6 for pre-plant burndown applications. Refer to tank mix partner's label for adjuvant recommendations.

Table 6. Tank Mix Partners for Burndown and/or Residual Control of Weeds in Field Corn

TANK MIX PARTNERS ¹		
2,4-D LVE atrazine Basis® dicamba Express® glyphosate Horner®	metribuzin paraquat Python® Resolve® simazine Weedmaster®	

¹Refer to tank mix product labels for specific recommendations.

TANK MIX RESTRICTIONS

Tank mixes with flufenacet (Axiom or Domain), metolachlor (Dual Magnum or Dual II Magnum), dimethenamid or dimethenamid-p (Frontier or Outlook), alachlor (Lasso), or aceto-chlor (Surpass or Harness) may result in injury to field corn when application is followed by prolonged periods of cool wet weather and should not be used with *Valor* SX Herbicide, unless supplemental labeling, provided by Valent U.S.A. Corporation, is followed.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE IN FIELD PEAS

WEED CONTROL

RESTRICTIONS AND LIMITATIONS

- Do not apply more than 2 oz of Valor SX Herbicide per acre during a single application.
- Do not apply more than 2 oz of Valor SX Herbicide per acre during a single growing season.
- For use in Idaho, Montana, Oregon and Washington only.

Many weather related factors, including high wind, splashing or heavy rains or cool conditions at or near crop emergence, may result in pea injury in fields treated with Valor SX Herbicide. On occasion this has resulted in a delay in maturity. User should assume these risks before using Valor SX Herbicide.

TIMING TO FIELD PEAS

Valor SX Herbicide may be applied to field peas within 2 days after planting for the preemergence control of the weeds listed in Table 1, Broadleaf Weeds Controlled by Residual Activity of Valor SX Herbicide. Tank mix Valor SX Herbicide with other labeled herbicides for broad spectrum weed control.

TIMING TO WEEDS

Valor SX Herbicide may be applied to field peas prior to planting or preemergence (after planting). Preemergence application of Valor SX Herbicide must be made within 2 days after planting and prior to field pea emergence. To avoid severe crop injury, do not apply to field peas after peas begin to crack or have emerged.

Preplant incorporation (PPI) applications may result in reduced weed control.

ADDITIONAL RESIDUAL GRASS CONTROL

 ${\it Valor}\,{\rm SX}$ Herbicide can be tank mixed with pendimethalin for additional grass control.

HARVEST AID

RESTRICTIONS AND LIMITATIONS

- Do not apply more than 3 oz of Valor SX Herbicide per acre during a single application.
- Do not apply more than 3 oz of Valor SX Herbicide per acre during a single growing season.
- Do not harvest within 5 days of application.

Desiccation from Valor SX Herbicide requires the addition of an agronomically approved adjuvant to the spray mixture. A methylated seed oil which contains at least 15% emulsifiers and 80% oil at 1 qt/A should be used. A spray grade nitrogen source (either ammonium sulfate at 2 to 2.5 lbs/A or a 28 to 32% nitrogen solution at 1 to 2 qts/A) may be added to the spray mixture along with methylated seed oil to enhance desiccation. The addition of a nitrogen source does not replace the need for methylated seed oil. Tank mixing Valor SX Herbicide with glyphosate will increase control of emerged weeds and aid in harvest.

TIMING TO FIELD PEAS

Apply Valor SX Herbicide, at 1.5 to 2 oz/A, when crop is physiologically mature and a minimum of 80% of the pods are yellow to tan in color and 20% are yellow in color. If field peas are treated too early, a reduction in seed quality may occur. Do not spray Valor SX Herbicide on any area of the field with a significant amount of plants with green color. Peas can be harvested 5 days after application.

To ensure thorough coverage, use 15 to 30 gallons of spray solution per acre and select nozzle type using manufacturer's gallonage and pressure recommendations for postemergence application.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE IN FLAX

HARVEST AID

RESTRICTIONS AND LIMITATIONS

- Do not apply more than 3 oz of Valor SX Herbicide per acre during a single application.
- Do not apply more than 3 oz of Valor SX Herbicide per acre during a single growing season.
- Do not harvest within 5 days of application.

Desiccation from Valor SX Herbicide requires the addition of an agronomically approved adjuvant to the spray mixture. A methylated seed oil which contains at least 15% emulsifiers and 80% oil at 1 qt/A should be used. A spray grade nitrogen source (either ammonium sulfate at 2 to 2.5 lbs/A or a 28 to 32% nitrogen solution at 1 to 2 qts/A) may be added to the spray mixture along with methylated seed oil to enhance desiccation. The addition of a nitrogen source does not replace the need for methylated seed oil.

TIMING TO FLAX

Apply Valor SX Herbicide, at 1.5 to 2 oz/A, when crop is physiologically mature and at least 75% of the bolls are brown in color. Flax can be harvested 5 days after application.

To ensure thorough coverage, use 15 to 30 gallons of spray solution per acre and select nozzle type using manufacturer's gallonage and pressure recommendations for postemergence application.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE IN LENTILS

HARVEST AID

RESTRICTIONS AND LIMITATIONS

 Do not apply more than 3 oz of Valor SX Herbicide per acre during a single application.

- Do not apply more than 3 oz of Valor SX Herbicide per acre during a single growing season.
- Do not harvest within 5 days of application.

Desiccation from Valor SX Herbicide requires the addition of an agronomically approved adjuvant to the spray mixture. A methylated seed oil which contains at least 15% emulsifiers and 80% oil at 1 qt/A should be used. A spray grade nitrogen source (either ammonium sulfate at 2 to 2.5 lbs/A or a 28 to 32% nitrogen solution at 1 to 2 qts/A) may be added to the spray mixture along with methylated seed oil to enhance desiccation. The addition of a nitrogen source does not replace the need for methylated seed oil. Tank mixing Valor SX Herbicide with glyphosate or paraquat will increase control of emerged weeds and aid in harvest.

TIMING TO LENTILS

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Apply Valor SX Herbicide, at 1.5 to 2 oz/A, when crop is physiologically mature and a minimum of 80% of the pods are yellow to tan in color and 20% are yellow in color. If lentils are treated too early, a reduction in seed quality may occur. Do not spray Valor SX Herbicide on any area of the field with a significant amount of plants with green color. Lentils can be harvested 5 days after application.

To ensure thorough coverage, use 15 to 30 gallons of spray solution per acre and select nozzle type using manufacturer's gallonage and pressure recommendations for postemergence application.

Table 7. Weeds Controlled by Residual Activity of Valor SX Herbicide

BROADLEAF WEED SPECIES				
COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME	ORGANIC MATTER	SOIL TYPE	VALOR SX HERBICIDE RATE
Bristly Starbur	Acanthospermum hispidum	Up to 5%	All Soil Types	4 oz/A
Carpetweed	Mollugo verticillata			
Chickweeds				
Common	Stellaria media			
Mouseear	Cerastium vulgatum			
Coffee Senna	Cassia occidentalis			
Copperleaf, Hophornbeam	Acalypha ostryifolia			
Dandelion	Taraxacum officinale			
Dodder (suppression only) ¹	Cuscuta spp.			
Eclipta	Eclipta prostrata			
Eveningprimrose, Cutleaf	Oenothera laciniata			
False Chamomile	Tripleurospermum maritima			
Fiddleneck, Coast	Amsinckia menziesii			

(continued

Table 7. Weeds Controlled by Residual Activity of Valor SX Herbicide (continued)

COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME	ORGANIC MATTER	SOIL TYPE	VALOR HERBIC RATE
Field Pennycress	Thlaspi arvense	Up to 5%	All	4 oz/ <i>F</i>
Fleabane, Hairy	Conyza	· .	Soil	
	bonariensis		Types	
Flixweed	Descurainia			
F1	spophia			
Florida Beggarweed	Desmodium tortuosum			
Florida Pusley	Richardia scabra			
Golden	Verbesina			
Crownbeard	encelioides			
Groundsel.	Senecio vulgaris			
Common				
Hairy Indigo	Indigofera hirsuta			
Hemp Sesbania	Sesbania exaltata			
Henbit	Lamium			
	amplexicaule			
Jimsonweed	Datura .			
VL:-	stramonium			
Kochia	Kochia scoparia			
Lambsquarters, Common	Chenopodium album			
Little Mallow	Malva parviflora			
London Rocket	Sisymbrium irio			
Marestail/	Conyza			
Horseweed	canadensis			
Mayweed/False	Matricaria			
Chamomile	maritima			
Morningglories				
Entireleaf	Ipomoea			
	hederacea var.			
lvyleaf	integriuscula Ipomoea			
ivyicai	hederacea			
Red/Scarlet	Ipomoea coccinea			
Smallflower	Jacquemontia			
	tamnifolia			
Tall	Ipomoea purpurea			
Mustard				
Tansy	Descurainia			
	pinnata			
Tumble	Sisymbrium			
Wild	altissimum Brassica kaber			
Nettle, Burning	Urtica urens			
Nightshades	Ortica urens			
Black	Solanum nigrum			
Eastern Black	Solanum			
Edotoiii Didok	ptycanthum			
Hairy	Solanum			
,	sarrachoides			
Pigweeds				
Palmer Amaranth				
	palmeri			I

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¹ Valor Herbicide at 4 oz/A will provide postemergence dodder suppression when applied in combination with Pursuit Herbicide or Raptor Herbicide at labeled rates. The use of Pursuit Herbicide and Raptor Herbicide require the use of a NIS, which will result in burn and stunting of alfalfa. Growers should expect and accept this prior to using this tank mix.

Table 7. Weeds Controlled by Residual Activity of Valor SX Herbicide (continued)

BROADLEAF WEED	31 LUIL3			L/A/ OD OV
COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME	ORGANIC MATTER	SOIL TYPE	VALOR SX HERBICIDE RATE
Redroot	Amaranthus retroflexus	Up to 5%	All Soil Types	4 oz/A
Smooth	Amaranthus hybridus			
Spiny Amaranth	Amaranthus spinosus			
Tumble	Amaranthus albus			
Prickly Lettuce				
(China Lettuce)	Lactuca serriola			
Prickly Sida (Teaweed)	Sida spinosa			
Puncturevine Purslane	Tribulus terrestris			
Common	Portulaca oleracea			
Horse	Trianthema portulacastrum			
Radish, Wild	Raphanus raphanistrum			
Ragweed,	Ambrosia			
Common	artemisiifolia			
Redmaids	Calandrinia ciliata var. menziesii			
Russian Thistle	Salsola iberica			
Shepherd's-purse	Capsella bursa- pastoris			
Smartweeds				
Ladysthumb	Polygonum persicaria			
Pennsylvania	Polygonum pensylvanicum			
Smellmelon	Cucumis melo			
Sowthistle, Prickly	Sonchus asper			
Spotted Spurge	Euphorbia maculata			
Spurred Anoda	Anoda cristata			
Tropic Croton	Croton glandulosus			
Velvetleaf	Abutilon theophrasti			
Venice Mallow	Hibiscus trionum			
Waterhemps				
Common	Amaranthus rudis			
Tall	Amaranthus			
White Cockle	tuberculatus Silene latifolia			
Wild Poinsettia	Euphorbia			
vviiu I Ulliocitid	heterophylla			
Wormwood, Biennial	Artemisia biennis			
Yellow Rocket	Barbarea vulgaris			

(continued

Table 7. Weeds Controlled by Residual Activity of Valor SX Herbicide (continued)

icibicide (continu				
BROADLEAF WEED	SPECIES			
COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME	ORGANIC MATTER	SOIL TYPE	VALOR SX HERBICIDE RATE
GRASS WEED SPE	CIES			
Barnyardgrass	Echinochloa crus-galli	Up to 5%	All Soil Types	4 oz/A
Bluegrass, Annual	Poa annua		"	
Crabgrass, Large	Digitaria sanguinalis			
Foxtail, Giant	Setaria faberi			
Goosegrass	Eleusine indica			
Lovegrass, California	Eragrostis diffusa			
Panicums				
Fall	Panicum dichotomiflorum			
Texas	Panicum texanum			
Ryegrass, Italian	Lolium multiflorum			
Signalgrass, Broadleaf	Brachiaria platyphylla			

DIRECTIONS FOR USE IN PEANUT

RESTRICTIONS AND LIMITATIONS

- Do not apply more than 3 oz of Valor SX Herbicide per acre during a single growing season.
- Do not irrigate when peanuts are cracking.
- Do not graze treated fields or feed treated hay to livestock.

Many weather related factors, including high wind, splashing or heavy rains or cool conditions at or near peanut emergence, may result in peanut injury in fields treated with *Valor* SX Herbicide. On occasion this has resulted in a delay in maturity or even a slight decrease in yield.

WIND MANAGEMENT

In areas where shallow cultivation is used between rows to reduce wind-borne sand damage to peanuts, weed control from *Valor* SX Herbicide may be reduced.

TIMING TO PEANUTS

Valor SX Herbicide may be applied to peanuts prior to planting or preemergence (after planting). Preemergence applications of Valor SX Herbicide must be made within 2 days after planting and prior to peanut emergence. Application after the peanuts have begun to crack, or are emerged, will result in severe crop injury. Application should not be made when peanuts have begun to crack. Select Valor SX Herbicide rate from Table 1 according to anticipated weed spectrum.

TIMING TO WEEDS

Burndown – Preemergence to Peanuts, Postemergence to Weeds Valor SX Herbicide, applied as part of a burndown program, may be used for residual weed control, as well as to assist in postemergence burndown of many annual and perennial weeds where peanuts will be planted directly into a stale seedbed, cover crop or in previous crop residues. Apply Valor SX Herbicide before planting, during planting or after planting, but before the crop emerges. For control of emerged weeds, tank mix Valor SX Herbicide with glyphosate. Refer to glyphosate label for recommended rate and application pressure. To ensure thorough coverage, use

a minimum of 15 gals of spray solution per acre. Valor SX Herbicide tank mixes applied to assist in the control of emerged weeds must be applied with an adjuvant, such as a non-ionic surfactant at 0.25% v/v or a crop oil concentrate or a methylated seed oil at 1 to 2 pt/A. A spray grade nitrogen source (either ammonium sulfate at 2 to 2.5 lbs/A or 28 to 32% nitrogen solution at 1 to 2 qts/A) may be added to increase herbicidal activity.

Preemergence (conventional tillage) applications of *Valor* SX Herbicide must be applied prior to weed emergence.

ADDITIONAL RESIDUAL GRASS CONTROL: SEQUENTIAL

Valor SX Herbicide may be applied sequentially following a preplant incorporated application of trifluralin (states of New Mexico, Oklahoma and Texas only), Sonalan®, Dual® (metolachlor), pendimethalin or Frontier®

ADDITIONAL RESIDUAL GRASS CONTROL: TANK MIXED

Valor SX Herbicide can be tank mixed with alachlor, metolachlor or Frontier for additional grass and broadleaf weed control. Valor SX Herbicide can also be tank mixed with pendimethalin or Sonalan in states where they are labeled, provided overhead irrigation guidelines on the pendimethalin and/or Sonalan labels are followed.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE IN SOVBEAN

RESTRICTIONS AND LIMITATIONS

- Do not apply more than 3 oz of Valor SX Herbicide per acre during a single growing season.
- Do not graze treated fields or feed treated hay to livestock.

PRECALITIONS

- Do not tank mix Valor SX Herbicide with flufenacet (Axiom®, Domain®), metolachlor (Dual® Magnum, Dual® II Magnum, Boundary®) or dimethenamid (Frontier® or Outlook®) within 14 days of planting soybeans, unless soybeans are planted under no-till or minimum tillage conditions on wheat stubble or no-till field corn stubble.
- Do not irrigate when soybeans are cracking.

TIMING TO SOYBEANS

Valor SX Herbicide may be applied to soybeans prior to planting or preemergence (after planting). Preemergence application of Valor SX Herbicide must be made within 3 days after planting and prior to soybean emergence. Application after the soybeans have begun to crack, or are emerged, will result in severe crop injury. Application should not be made when soybeans have begun to crack. Select Valor SX Herbicide rate from Table 1 according to anticipated weed spectrum.

TIMING TO WEEDS

Burndown – Preemergence to Soybeans, Postemergence to Weeds Valor SX Herbicide, applied as part of a burndown program, may be used for residual weed control, as well as to assist in postemergence burndown of many annual and perennial weeds where soybeans will be planted directly into a stale seedbed, cover crop or in previous crop residues. For control of emerged weeds, choose the most appropriate tank mix partner from Table 8. Apply Valor SX Herbicide with ground equipment before planting, during planting or within 3 days after planting, but before the crop emerges. To ensure thorough coverage, use a minimum of 15 gals of spray solution per acre. Refer to tank mix partner's label for recommended application pressure. All Valor SX Herbicide tank mixes applied to assist in the control of emerged weeds must be applied with crop oil concentrate or methylated seed oil at 1 to 2 pt/A or a non-ionic surfactant at 0.25% v/v.

INCREASING SPEED OF GLYPHOSATE BURNDOWN ACTIVITY

Valor SX Herbicide, at rates as low as 1 oz/A, may be tank mixed with glyphosate (Roundup®) to increase the speed of burndown activity compared to glyphosate applied alone. Residual weed control will not be provided at rates lower than 2 oz/A; however, suppression of the weeds in Table 2, may occur at Valor SX Herbicide rates as low as 1 oz/A.

TANK MIXES

Valor SX Herbicide may be tank mixed with the herbicides listed in Table 8 for increased burndown activity, additional residual broadleaf and/or additional grass control. Refer to tank mix partner's label for adjuvant recommendations.

Table 8. Tank Mix Partners for Control of Emerged Weeds in Reduced Tillage Soybeans

TANK MIX PARTNER	TARGET WEEDS
2,4-D LVE	Marestail Giant Ragweed Dandelion
paraquat	Annual Grasses Henbit
glyphosate	General Burndown
Select Max®	Annual Grasses
Scepter® 70 DG	Cocklebur Common Sunflower
Weedmaster [®]	Marestail Giant Ragweed Dandelion

¹ Refer to tank mix product labels for specific recommendations for control of emerged weeds present.

ADDITIONAL RESIDUAL BROADLEAF CONTROL

Valor SX Herbicide can be tank mixed with metribuzin, Firstrate®, Lorox®, Pursuit Plus®, Python®, Squadron®, Scepter or Steel® for additional broadleaf control.

ADDITIONAL RESIDUAL GRASS CONTROL

Valor SX Herbicide can be tank mixed with pendimethalin or Command® for additional grass control. In the states of Alabama, Arkansas, Delaware, Georgia, Louisiana, Maryland, Mississippi, North Carolina, Oklahoma, South Carolina, Tennessee, Texas, and Virginia, Valor SX Herbicide can be tank mixed with microencapsulated acetochlor (WARRANT) at 2 ounces per acre. Tank mixes with flufenacet (Axiom or Domain), metolachlor (Dual products or Boundary) or dimethenamid (Frontier or Outlook) may result in severe injury to soybeans when application is followed by prolonged periods of cool wet weather and should not be used with Valor SX Herbicide, unless supplemental labeling, provided by Valent U.S.A. Corporation, is followed.

ROUNDUP READY PROGRAM

Valor SX Herbicide may be applied as part of a burndown program or preemergence in conventional tillage programs, at 2 to 3 oz/A to reduce early season weed competition from waterhemp, velvetleaf, nightshade and morningglories as well as other weeds listed in Tables 2 and 3 in Roundup Ready programs. A sequential post emergence application of glyphosate will be required to control weeds not controlled by Valor SX Herbicide.

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5-1/2"

Table 9. Weeds Controlled by Preemergence Application of Valor SX Herbicide

CONTRACNI	COLEMETIC	ODCANIC	COIL	VALOR SX HERBICIDE
COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME	ORGANIC MATTER	SOIL TYPE	RATE
Bristly Starbur	Acanthospermum hispidum	Up to 10%1	All Soil Types	Sugarcane 6 to 8 oz/A
Carpetweed	Mollugo verticillata		<i>"</i>	To Maintain
Chickweeds	0. " . "			Bare
Common Mouseear	Stellaria media Cerastium vulgatum			Ground on Non-Crop Areas of
Coffee Senna	Cassia occidentalis			Farms 6 to 12 oz/A
Dandelion	Taraxacum officinale			
Eclipta	Eclipta prostrata			
Eveningprimrose, Cutleaf	Oenothera laciniata			
False Chamomile	Tripleurospermum maritima			
Fiddleneck, Coast	Amsinckia menziesii			
Field	Thlaspi arvense			
Pennycress	Tillaspi aivelise			
Filaree				
Redstem	Erodium cicutarium			
Whitestem	Erodium			
	moschatum			
Fleabane,	Conyza			
Hairy Florida	bonariensis Desmodium			
Beggarweed	tortuosum			
Florida Pusley	Richardia scabra			
Golden Crownbeard	Verbesina encelioides			
Groundsel, Common	Senecio vulgaris			
Hairy Indigo	Indigofera hirsuta			
Hemp Sesbania	Sesbania exaltata			
Henbit	Lamium ,			
Jimsonweed	amplexicaule Datura stramonium			
Kochia				
	Kochia scoparia			
Lambsquarters, Common Mallow	Chenopodium album			
Common (Cheeseweed)	Malva neglecta			
Little	Malva parviflora			
Marestail/ Horseweed	Conyza canadensis			
Mayweed/False Chamomile	Matricaria maritima			

Table 9. Weeds Controlled by Preemergence Application of Valor SX Herbicide (continued)

				VALOR SX
COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME	ORGANIC MATTER	SOIL TYPE	HERBICIDE RATE
Morningglories Entireleaf	Ipomoea hederacea	Up to 10%1	All Soil Types	Sugarcane 6 to 8 oz/A
Littieleai	var. integriuscula	1070	1,4000	To Maintai
lvyleaf				Bare
Red/Scarlet	Ipomoea coccinea			Ground or
Smallflower	Jacquemontia tamnifolia			Non-Crop Areas of
Tall	Ipomoea purpurea			Farms
London Rocket Mustards	Sisymbrium irio			6 to 12 oz/
Tansey	Desurainia pinnata			
Tumble	Sisymbrium altissimum			
Wild	Brassica kaber			
Nettle, Burning	Urtica urens			
Nightshades	0.000 0.000			
Black	Solanum nigrum			
Eastern Black	Solanum ptycanthum			
Hairy	Solanum sarrachoides			
Pigweeds	our a orror a o		İ	
Palmer	Amaranthus		İ	
Amaranth	palmeri			
Redroot	Amaranthus retroflexus			
Smooth	Amaranthus hybridus			
Spiny	Amaranthus			
Àmaranth	spinosus			
Tumble	Amaranthus albus			
Prickly Lettuce				
(China Lettuce)	Lactuca serriola			
Prickly Sida	0:1 :			
(Teaweed)	Sida spinosa			
Puncturevine Purslane	Tribulus terrestris			
Common	Portulaca oleracea			
Horse	Trianthema portulacastrum			
Radish, Wild	Raphanus raphanistrum			
Ragweed,	Ambrosia			
Common	artemisiifolia			
Redmaids	Calandrinia ciliata var. menziessi.			
Redweed	Melochia corchorifolia			
Shepherd's- purse	Capsella bursa- pastoris			
Smellmelon	Cucumis melo			
Sowthistle, Annual ²	Sonchus oleraceus			

(continued)

Table 9. Weeds Controlled by Preemergence Application of Valor SX Herbicide (continued)

BROADLEAF WE	ED 9LEPIE9			
COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME	ORGANIC MATTER	SOIL TYPE	VALOR SX HERBICIDE RATE
Spotted Spurge	Euphorbia maculata	Up to	All Soil	Sugarcane
Spurred Anoda	Anoda cristata	10%1	Types	6 to 8 oz/A
Thistle, Russian	Salsola iberica			To Maintai
Tropic Croton	Croton glandulosus			Bare
Venice Mallow	Hibiscus trionum			Ground or
Waterhemps				Non-Crop
Common	Amaranthus rudis			Areas of Farms
Tall	Amaranthus			6 to 12 oz/
	tuberculatus			0 10 12 02/1
Wild Poinsettia	Euphorbia			
14/1: 0 11	heterophylla			
White Cockle	Silene latifolia			
Wormwood,	Artemisia biennis			
Biennial				
Yellow Rocket	Barbarea vulgaris			
GRASS WEED SI	PECIES			
Barnyardgrass	Echinochloa			
, , ,	crus-galli			
Bluegrass, Annual	Poa annua			
Crabgrass				
Large	Digitaria			
Ü	sanquinalis			
Smooth	Digitaria			
	ischaemum			
Foxtails				
Bristly	Setaria verticillata			
Giant	Setaria faberi			
Green	Setaria viridis			
Yellow	Setaria glauca			
Goosegrass	Eleusine indica			
Guineagrass	Panicum maximum			
Johnsongrass, Seedling	Sorghum halepense			
Lovegrass, California	Eragrostis diffusa			
Panicum				
Fall	Panicum dichotomiflorum			
Texas	Panicum texaum			
Ryegrass, Italian	Lolium multiflorum			
Signalgrass,	Brachiaria			
Broadleaf	platyphylla			

Valor SX Herbicide can be used on soils with greater than 10% organic matter; however, length of residual control may be shorter than on soils with lower organic matter content.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE IN SUGARCANE

RESTRICTIONS AND LIMITATIONS

- Do not apply more than 8 oz of Valor SX Herbicide per acre per application.
- Do not make a sequential application within 14 days of the first application.
- Do not apply more than 12 oz of Valor SX Herbicide per acre during a single growing season.
- Do not apply within 90 days of harvest.

TIMING TO SUGARCANE

Valor SX Herbicide may be applied from 2 weeks prior to planting to before the sugarcane emerges, post directed or at layby. Select the proper Valor SX Herbicide rate from Table 9 according to anticipated weed spectrum and soil organic matter content for preemergence applications. Select Valor SX Herbicide rate from Table 10 according to emerged weed spectrum and weed heights for post-directed and layby applications.

TIMING TO WEEDS

Burndown – Preemergence to Sugarcane, Postemergence to Weeds Valor SX Herbicide may be used for preemergence control, and to assist in postemergence burndown, of many annual broadleaf weeds in sugarcane. For control of emerged weeds, choose the most appropriate tank mix partner from Table 11. Apply Valor SX Herbicide before the crop emerges. To ensure thorough coverage, use a minimum of 15 gals of spray solution per acre. All Valor SX Herbicide tank mixes applied to assist in the control of emerged weeds must be applied with crop oil concentrate or methylated seed oil at 1 qt/A or a non-ionic surfactant at 0.25% v/v. Some tank mix products, such as Roundup Original Max (glyphosate), may be formulated with a suitable adjuvant and do not require additional adjuvant.

Preemergence – Preemergence to Sugarcane, Preemergence to Weeds

Valor SX Herbicide may be used for preemergence control of many annual broadleaf and grassy weeds in sugarcane. Select rate based on anticipated weed spectrum and soil organic matter content from Table 9. Apoly Valor SX Herbicide before the crop emerges.

Post-Directed – Postemergence to Sugarcane, Postemergence to Weeds

Post-directed applications should only be made to upright sugarcane varieties after the sugarcane has exceeded 24 inches in height and has begun to joint. Post-directed applications should not be made to "PINEAPPLE" varieties. Post-directed applications to "PINEAPPLE" varieties. Post-directed applications to "PINEAPPLE" varieties or to upright varieties that have not exceeded 24 inches in height and have not begun to joint, may result in unacceptable crop injury. To ensure thorough coverage, use a minimum of 15 gals of spray solution per acre. Post-directed applications of Valor SX Herbicide must include a crop oil concentrate or methylated seed oil at 1 qt/A or a non-ionic surfactant at 0.25% v/v. Select the proper Valor SX Herbicide rate based on weed spectrum and weed height from Table 10.

Layby – Postemergence to Sugarcane, Postemergence to Weeds Layby applications can be made to upright and "PINEAPPLE" varieties after the sugarcane has exceeded 30 inches in height and the spray solution will not contact foliage above 6 inches from the base of the sugarcane. To ensure thorough coverage, use a minimum of 15 gals of spray solution per acre. Layby applications of Valor SX Herbicide must be applied with crop oil concentrate or methylated seed oil at 1 qt/A or a non-ionic surfactant at 0.25% v/v. Select the proper Valor SX Herbicide rate based on weed spectrum and weed height from Table 10.

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² Except CA

Table 10. Broadleaf Weeds Controlled by Post-Directed or Layby Application of Valor SX Herbicide in Sugarcane

BROADLEAF WEED SPECIES		WEED HEIG	HT (inches)
COMMON NAME	SCIENTIFIC NAME	3 oz/A	4 oz/A
Bindweed, Field ¹	Convolvulus arvensis	4	8
Carpetweed	Mollugo verticillata	4	4
Cocklebur, Common	Xanthium strumarium	4	4
Florida Beggarweed	Desmodium tortuosum	2	2
Hemp Sesbania	Sesbania exaltata	6	8
Jimsonweed	Datura stramonium	4	4
Lambsquarters, Common	Chenopodium album	4	4
Morningglories			
Entireleaf	Ipomoea hederacea var. integriuscula	-	4
lvyleaf	Ipomoea hederacea	4	4
Pitted	Ipomoea lacunosa	4	6
Red	Ipomoea coccinea	-	4
Tall	Ipomoea purpurea	2	4
Mustard, Wild	Brassica kaber	6	6
Pigweeds			
Palmer Amaranth	Amaranthus palmeri	4	6
Redroot	Amaranthus retroflexus	4	6
Smooth	Amaranthus hybridus	4	6
Plaintain, Broadleaf	Plantago major	6	6
Prickly Sida	Sida spinosa	4	6
Purslanes			
Common	Portulaca oleracea	2	4
Rock	Calandrinia spp.	-	2
Ragweeds			•
Common	Ambrosia artemisiifolia	2	2
Giant	Ambrosia trifida	4	4
Rice Flatsedge	Cyperus iria	2	4
Sicklepod	Senna obtusifolia	4	4
Smartweeds			
Ladysthumb	Polygonum persicaria	4	4
Pale	Polygonum lapathifolium	4	4
Pennsylvania	Polygonum pensylvanicum	4	4
Spotted Spurge	Euphorbia maculata	4	4
Velvetleaf	Abutilon theophrasti	4	6
Venice Mallow	Hibiscus trionum	2	2
Waterhemps			
Common	Amaranthus rudis	2	2
Tall	Amaranthus tuberculatus	2	2

¹ Valor SX Herbicide, tank mixes will only control the above ground portion of field bindweed. Repeated applications will be needed to control regrowth.

Valor SX Herbicide may be tank mixed with the herbicides listed in Table 11 for additional weed control in burndown, preemergence, post-directed and layby applications. Refer to tank mix partner's label for adjuvant recommendations. 22

Table 11. Tank Mixes with Valor SX Herbicide for Post-Directed or Lavby Use in Sugarcane

TANK MIX PARTNER ¹	TARGET WEEDS	BURN- DOWN	POST- DIRECTED ²	LAYBY
2,4-D amine	Annual and Perennial Broadleaf Weeds	Х		
atrazine	Pigweeds Cocklebur	Х	х	Х
Asulox®3	Annual Grasses		X	Χ
Evik®4	Annual Grasses		X	Χ
glyphosate ⁵	Annual and Perennial Weeds	Х		Х
metribuzin ⁶	Broadleaf Panicum Goosegrass		Х	Х
Sempra®	Purple Nutsedge Yellow Nutsedge	Х	Х	Х
Weedmaster®	Annual and Perennial Broadleaf Weeds	х		

¹ Refer to tank mix product labels for specific recommendations for control of emerged weeds present not listed in Table 10.

² Post-directed applications should only be made to upright sugarcane varieties after the sugarcane has exceeded 24 inches in height. Post-directed applications should not be made to "PINE-APPLE" varieties. Post-directed applications to "PINEAPPLE" varieties or to upright varieties that have not exceeded 24 inches in height may result in unacceptable crop injury.

³ Apply to sugarcane at least 24 inches tall.

⁴ Apply before weeds are greater than 6 inches tall.

⁵ Glyphosate applications must be made with a hooded sprayer. Sugarcane must be at least 3 ft tall. Contact with the sugarcane foliage by either the spray mixture or the treated weed foliage will result in sugarcane injury.

6 Refer to metribuzin label for restrictions based on soil type.

ADDITIONAL PREEMERGENCE BROADLEAF CONTROL

Valor SX Herbicide can be tank mixed with atrazine or diuron for additional preemergence broadleaf control.

ADDITIONAL PREEMERGENCE GRASS CONTROL

Valor SX Herbicide can be tank mixed with Prowl (or other pendimethalin products) for additional preemergence grass control provided sugarcane has not emerged.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE IN SUNFLOWER AND SAFFLOWER HARVEST AID

RESTRICTIONS AND LIMITATIONS

- Do not apply more than 3 oz of Valor SX Herbicide per acre during a single application.
- Do not apply more than 3 oz of Valor SX Herbicide per acre during a single growing season.
- Do not harvest within 5 days of application.

Desiccation from Valor SX Herbicide requires the addition of an agronomically approved adjuvant to the spray mixture. A methylated seed oil which contains at least 15% emulsifiers and 80% oil at 1 qt/A should be used. A spray grade nitrogen source (either ammonium sulfate at 2 to 2.5 lbs/A or a 28 to 32% nitrogen solution at 1 to 2 gts/A) may be added to the spray mixture along with methylated seed oil to enhance desiccation. The addition of a niTank mixing Valor SX Herbicide with glyphosate or paraguat will increase control of emerged weeds and aid in harvest for sunflowers. Tank mixing Valor SX Herbicide with glyphosate will increase control of emerged weeds and aid in harvest for safflower.

TIMING TO SUNFLOWER AND SAFFLOWER

Apply Valor SX Herbicide, at 1.5 to 2 oz/A, when crop is mature (when seed is 35% moisture or less). For many varieties, this is when the backs of the heads are turning vellow and the bracts are turning brown. Sunflower and safflower can be harvested 5 days after application.

To ensure thorough coverage, use 15 to 30 gallons of spray solution per acre and select nozzle type using manufacturer's gallonage and pressure recommendations for postemergence application.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE IN SWEET POTATO

RESTRICTIONS AND LIMITATIONS

- Do not apply more than 3 oz of *Valor* SX Herbicide per acre during a single growing season.
- Do not apply postemergence to sweet potatoes.
- Do not use greenhouse grown transplants.
- Do not use transplants harvested more that 2 days prior to transplanting.
- . Do not use on any sweet potato variety other than "BEAURE-GARD", unless user has tested Valor SX Herbicide on other variety and has found crop tolerance to be acceptable.
- Do not apply as a part of any tank mix, except with labeled rates of Command, if tank mix is applied prior to transplanting.

TIMING TO SWEET POTATOES

Valor SX Herbicide must be applied prior to transplanting sweet potatoes.

TIMING TO WEEDS

Preemergence To Weeds

Apply Valor SX Herbicide to soil prior to transplanting sweet potato slips for the preemergence control of the weeds listed in Table 1

DIRECTIONS FOR USE IN WHEAT

For use in the states of DE, ID, KY, MD, MN, MT, NC, ND, NJ, OR, PA, SC, SD, TN, VA, WA and WI Only.

RESTRICTIONS AND LIMITATIONS

- Do not apply more than 2 oz of Valor SX Herbicide per acre during a single application.
- Do not apply more than 2 oz of Valor SX Herbicide per acre during a single growing season.

PREPLANT APPLICATIONS, PREEMERGENCE WEED CONTROL RESTRICTIONS AND LIMITATIONS

- For pre-plant weed control, use only on no-till or minimum tillage fields where the previous year's crop residue has not been incorporated into the soil.
- Plant wheat no sooner than 7 days after *Valor* SX Herbicide application in the states of DE, KY, MD, NC, NJ, SC, TN, VA or PA.
- Plant wheat no sooner than 14 days after Valor SX Herbicide application in the states of ID. MN. MT. ND. OR. SD. WA or WI.
- Do not use on Durum wheat.
- Do not irrigate between emergence and spike.
- Wheat must be planted a minimum of 1" deep.
- Do not graze until wheat has reached 5 inches in height.

Burndown Use Directions

Valor SX Herbicide, applied as part of a burndown program, at

trogen source does not replace the need for methylated seed oil. 2 oz/A, may be used for residual weed control, as well as to assist in postemergence burndown of many weeds where wheat will be planted directly into the residue of the previous crop. See Directions for Use in Fall Burndown Programs in Fields to be Planted to Barley, Field Pea, Flax, Lentil, Safflower, Sunflower and Wheat for rates and timing of applications. For control of emerged weeds. Valor SX Herbicide must be applied with an appropriate burndown tank mix partner. To ensure thorough coverage, use a minimum of 15 gallons of spray solution per acre. Refer to tank mix partner's label for recommended application pressure and recommended adjuvant systems.

HARVEST AID

RESTRICTIONS AND LIMITATIONS

Do not harvest within 10 days of application.

Valor SX Herbicide, applied at 2 oz/A for desiccation requires the addition of an agronomically approved adjuvant to the spray mixture. Use a methylated seed oil which contains at least 15% emulsifiers and 80% oil at 1 qt/A. A spray grade nitrogen source (either ammonium sulfate at 2 to 2.5 lbs/A or a 28 to 32% nitrogen solution at 1 to 2 qts/A) may be added to the spray mixture along with methylated seed oil to enhance desiccation. The addition of a nitrogen source does not replace the need for methylated seed oil. Tank mixing *Valor* SX Herbicide with glyphosate will increase control of emerged weeds and aid in harvest.

To ensure thorough coverage, use a minimum of 10 gallons spray solution per acre by ground application and a minimum of 5 gallons per acre by aerial application. Nozzle selection should meet manufacturer's gallonage and pressure recommendations for postemergence application.

TIMING TO WHEAT

Apply Valor SX Herbicide, at 1.5 to 2 oz/A, after wheat reaches the hard dough stage and grain has no more than 30% moisture. Wheat can be harvested 10 days after application. Valent recommends tank mixing with glyphosate.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE TO MAINTAIN BARE GROUND ON NON-CROP AREAS OF FARMS

RESTRICTIONS AND LIMITATIONS

- Do not apply to farm alleys or roads where traffic may result in treated dust settling onto crops or other desirable vegetation.
- Do not apply to ditch banks.

Valor SX Herbicide, when used as directed, can be used on farms for non-selective vegetation control to maintain bare ground on non-crop areas that must be kept weed free. Follow all applicable directions as outlined above under "USE INFORMATION".

Valor SX Herbicide offers residual and postemergence control of susceptible broadleaf and grass weeds as well as an additional mode of action to assist in the control of ALS (acetolactate synthase) resistant weeds. Valor SX Herbicide can be tank mixed with the herbicides listed in Table 12 for increased residual or postemergence control. The length of residual control is dependent on the rate applied as well as on rainfall and temperature conditions. Length of residual control will decrease as temperature and precipitation increase. Valor SX Herbicide rates of 6 to 12 oz/A are required to provide residual control of the weeds listed in Table 9.

PREEMERGENCE APPLICATION

Apply 6 to 12 oz (0.188 to 0.38 lb ai/A) of *Valor* SX Herbicide per broadcast acre as a preemergence application. Preemergence

(to weed emergence) applications of *Valor* SX Herbicide should be made to a weed-free soil surface. Preemergence applications of *Valor* SX Herbicide must be completed prior to weed emergence. Moisture is necessary to activate *Valor* SX Herbicide on soil for residual weed control. Dry weather following application of *Valor* SX Herbicide may reduce effectiveness. However, when adequate moisture is received after dry conditions, *Valor* SX Herbicide will control susceptible germinating weeds.

POSTEMERGENCE APPLICATION

Apply 6 to 12 oz (0.188 to 0.38 lb ai/A) of *Valor* SX Herbicide per broadcast acre plus an adjuvant (0.25% v/v non-ionic surfactant or 1 qt/A crop oil concentrate). The addition of an adjuvant enhances *Valor* SX Herbicide activity on emerged weeds. Thorough spray coverage is necessary to maximize the postemergence activity of *Valor* SX Herbicide. Emerged weeds are controlled postemergence with *Valor* SX Herbicide, however, translocation of *Valor* SX Herbicide within a weed is limited, and control is affected by spray coverage and by the addition of an adjuvant. The most effective postemergence weed control with *Valor* SX Herbicide occurs when applied in combination with a surfactant to weeds less than 2 inches in height. A tank mix partner should be used in combination with *Valor* SX Herbicide for the postemergence control of weeds larger than 2 inches. Recommended tank mix partners are listed in Table 12.

IMPORTANT: Completely read and follow the label of any potential tank mix partner with *Valor* SX Herbicide. When using tank mixtures, use conditions must be in accordance with the most restrictive of the label limitations and precautions on either herbicide label

Table 12. Tank Mix Combinations to Maintain Bare Ground on Non-Crop Areas

glyphosate	2,4-D	Rely	paraquat

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Do not contaminate water, food or feed by storage, disposal or cleaning of equipment.

PESTICIDE STORAGE

Keep pesticide in original container.

Store in a cool, dry, secure place.

Do not put formulation or dilute spray solution into food or drink containers.

Do not contaminate food or foodstuffs.

Do not store or transport near feed or food.

Not for use or storage in or around the home.

For help with any spill, leak, fire or exposure involving this material, call day or night (800) 892-0099.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL

Wastes resulting from the use of this product may be disposed of on site or at an approved waste disposal facility.

CONTAINER HANDLING

Nonrefillable container. Do not reuse or refill this container. Offer for recycling, if available. Clean container promptly after emptying. Triple rinse as follows: Empty the remaining contents into application equipment or a mix tank and drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Fill the container 1/4 full with water and recap. Shake for 10 seconds. Pour rinsate into application equipment or a mix tank or store rinsate for later use or disposal. Drain for 10 seconds after the flow begins to drip. Repeat this procedure two more times. Then offer for recycling, if available or puncture and dispose of in a sanitary landfill.

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Asulox is a registered trademark of UPI-USA Crop Protection Axiom, Domain and Rely are registered trademarks of Bayer Banvel, Pursuit, Scepter, Squadron, Steel and Weedmaster are registered trademarks of BASF

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Surflan is a registered trademark of United Phosphorus, Inc.

Manufactured for

Valent U.S.A. Corporation

P.O. Box 8025
Walnut Creek CA 94596-8025
Made in U.S.A.
Form 1501-I
EPA Reg. No. 59639-99
EPA Est. 11773-IA-01®, 39578-TX-01®, 5905-IA-01®
Superscript is first letter of lot number.
059639-00099.20150629. Valor NOTIF

FORM: 1501-I

NAME: Valor SX Herbicide

KIND: Comp Book - 24pp - 11508

PRODUCT SIZE: 5 pounds

LABEL SIZE: 5-1/2"(w) x 6-1/2"(h) - book closed 11"(w) x 6-1/2"(h) - book open

6-1/4"(w) x 6-1/2"(h) - base

UCC: (01) 0 06 53204 07382 2

5-1/8" -

₹.5625′

BLACK

Valor® SX Herbicide

Active Ingredient	By Wt 51%
Flumioxazin* Other Ingredients	49%
Total	
*2 [7 floors 2.4 dibodes 2 and 4.12 area and 2.11.1.4 because 6 or	1 4 5 6 7

²-[7-fluoro-3,4-dihydro-3-oxo-4-(2-propynyl)-2*H*-1,4-benzoxazin-6-yl]-4,5,6,7tetrahydro-1H-isoindole-1.3(2H)-dione

Valor® SX Herbicide is a water dispersible granule containing 51% active ingredient. EPA Reg. No. 59639-99 EPA Est. 11773-IA-01@, 39578-TX-01@, 5905-IA-01@ Superscript is first letter of lot number.

NET WEIGHT 5 POUNDS

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

SEE BELOW FOR ADDITIONAL PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS.

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS

HAZARDS TO HUMANS & DOMESTIC ANIMALS CAUTION

Harmful if inhaled or absorbed through the skin. Causes moderate eye irrita-tion. Avoid breathing dust and spray mist. Avoid contact with skin, eyes or

FIRST AID

If inhaled:

Move person to fresh air. If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible.

Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice.

lf on skin or clothing: If in eyes:

Take off contaminated clothing. Rinse skin immediately with plenty of water for 15-20 minutes.

Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for

15-20 minutes

Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing

Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice. If swallowed: Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.

Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.

Do not induce vomiting unless told to by the poison control center or doctor.

Do not give anything to an unconscious person.

HOT LINE NUMBER

Have the product container or label with you when calling a poison control center or doctor or going for treatment. You may also contact 800-892-0099 for emergency medical treatment information.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE):

Some of the materials that are chemical-resistant to this product are listed below. If you want more options, follow the instructions for category A on an EPA chemical-resistance category selection chart.

Applicators and other handlers must wear: long-sleeved shirt and long pants, chemical-resistant gloves made of any waterproof material such as polyethylene or polyvinyl chloride, shoes and socks. For aerial application to sugarcane, mixer/loaders must also wear: coveralls, chemical resistant apron and chemical resistant hoots

For aerial application to field peas, flax, lentils, sunflower, safflower and wheat, mixer/loaders must also wear: filtering face piece respirator (N95,

Follow manufacturer's instructions for cleaning/maintaining PPE. If there are no such instructions for washables, use detergent and hot water. Keep and wash PPE separately from other laundry.

USER SAFETY RECOMMENDATIONS

Users should:

 Wash hands before eating, drinking, chewing gum, using tobacco or using the toilet

· Remove clothing immediately if pesticide gets inside. Then wash thoroughly and put on clean clothing.

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

This product is toxic to non-target plants and aquatic invertebrates. Do not apply directly to water, to areas where surface water is present or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark. Drift or runoff may be hazardous to non-target plants and aquatic organisms in neighboring areas. Do not apply where runoff is likely to occur. Do not apply when weather conditions favor drift from treated areas. Do not contaminate water when disposing of equip-

This pesticide is toxic to plants and should be used strictly in accordance with the drift and run-off precautions on this label in order to minimize off-site

Under some conditions this product may have a potential to run-off to surface water or adjacent land. Where possible, use methods which reduce soil erosion, such as no till, limited till and contour plowing; these methods also reduce pesticide run-off. Use of vegetation filter strips along rivers, creeks, streams, wetlands or on the downhill side of fields where run-off could occur will minimize water run-off and is recommended.

DIRECTIONS FOR USE

It is a violation of Federal law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

READ ENTIRE LABEL. USE STRICTLY IN ACCORDANCE WITH PRECAUTION-ARY STATEMENTS AND DIRECTIONS, AND WITH APPLICABLE STATE AND FEDERAL REGULATIONS.

Do not apply this product in a way that will contact workers or other persons, either directly or through drift. Only protected handlers may be in the area during application. For any requirements specific to your State or Tribe, consult the agency responsible for pesticide regulation.

AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

Use this product only in accordance with its labeling and with the Worker Protection Standard, 40 CFR part 170. This Standard contains requirements for the protection of agricultural workers on farms, forests, nurseries, and greenhouses, and handlers of agricultural pesticides. It contains requirements for training, decontamination, notification and emergency assistance. It also contains specific statements on this label about personal protective equipment (PPE), and restricted-entry interval. The requirements in this box only apply to uses of this product that are covered by the Worker Protection Standard

Do not enter or allow worker entry into treated areas during the restricted entry interval (REI) of 12 hours.

PPE required for early entry to treated areas that is permitted under the Worker Protection Standard and that involves contact with anything that has been treated, such as plants, soil or water is: coveralls, chemical resistant gloves made of waterproof material, shoes plus socks.

NON-AGRICULTURAL USE REQUIREMENTS

The requirements in this box apply to uses of this product that are NOT within the scope of the Worker Protection Standards for agricultural pesticides (40 CFR Part 170). The WPS applies when this product is used to produce agricultural plants on farms, forest, nurseries or greenhouses.

Keep all unprotected persons out of operating areas, or vicinity where there

Do not enter or allow others to enter treated areas until sprays have dried.

For complete directions for use, disclaimer and storage and disposal see pamphlet.

Manufactured for

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P.O. Box 8025 Walnut Creek CA 94596-8025

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