



Name _____

Date _____

Write an expression to represent the description. Then find the product and write it in unit form and standard form.

1. 2 groups of 3 tenths

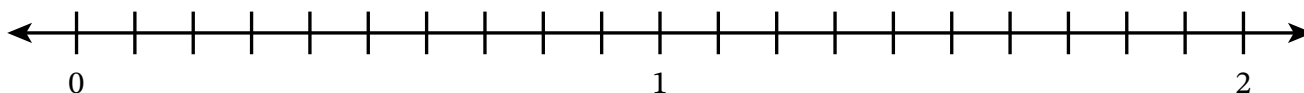
$$\underline{\hspace{1cm}} \times \underline{\hspace{1cm}} \text{ tenths} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} \text{ tenths} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

2. 4 times as much as 2 hundredths

$$\underline{\hspace{1cm}} \times \underline{\hspace{1cm}} \text{ hundredths} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}} \text{ hundredths} = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

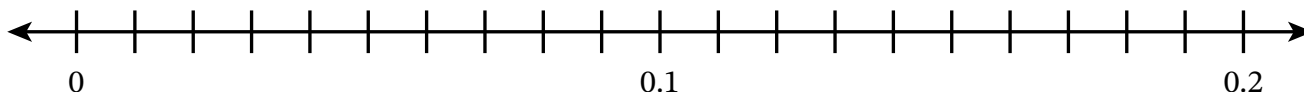
Multiply. Show your work by using a number line.

3. 2×0.6



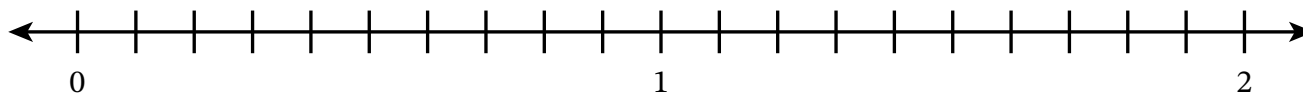
$$2 \times 0.6 = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

4. 3×0.05



$$3 \times 0.05 = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$

5. 5×0.2



$5 \times 0.2 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

Multiply. Show your work by using a place value chart. Then record your work in vertical form.

6. $2 \times 0.46 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

ones	tenths	hundredths

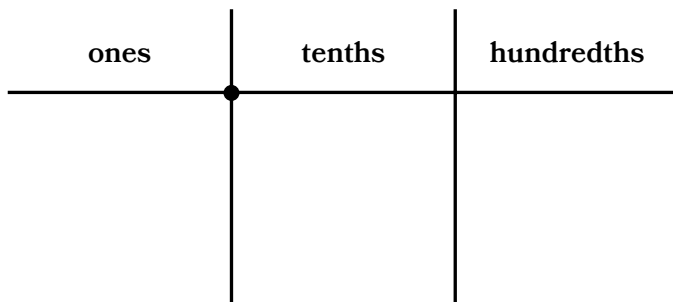
	0.	4	6
×			2

7. $2 \times 2.5 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

ones	tenths	hundredths

	2.	5
×		2

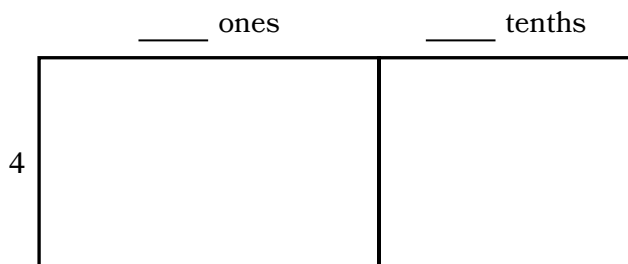
8. $4 \times 2.33 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$



	2.	3	3
×			4

Multiply. Show your work by using the area model to find the partial products. Add the partial products to find the product.

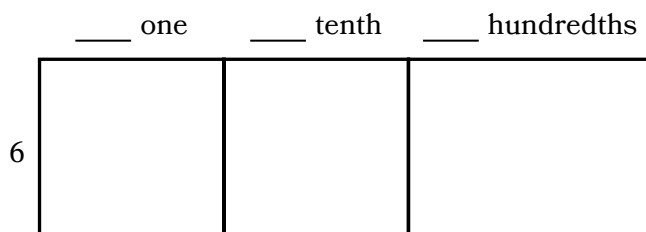
9. 4×3.6



_____ + _____ = _____

$4 \times 3.6 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

10. 6×1.13



_____ + _____ + _____ = _____

$6 \times 1.13 = \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

Multiply.

11. $5 \times 0.06 =$ _____

12. $2 \times 0.34 =$ _____

13. $4 \times 6.24 =$ _____

14. $4.13 \times 8 =$ _____

15. $60 \times 0.71 =$ _____

Use the Read–Draw–Write process to solve the problem.

16. Eddie needs 4 ribbons that are each 0.91 meters long. How many meters of ribbon does Eddie need in all?