



John Ritter for BuzzFeed News



The Second Coming Of iPad

With new hardware and a next-generation operating system heavy on tablet-specific improvements, Apple is on a campaign to make the iPad your primary computing device.

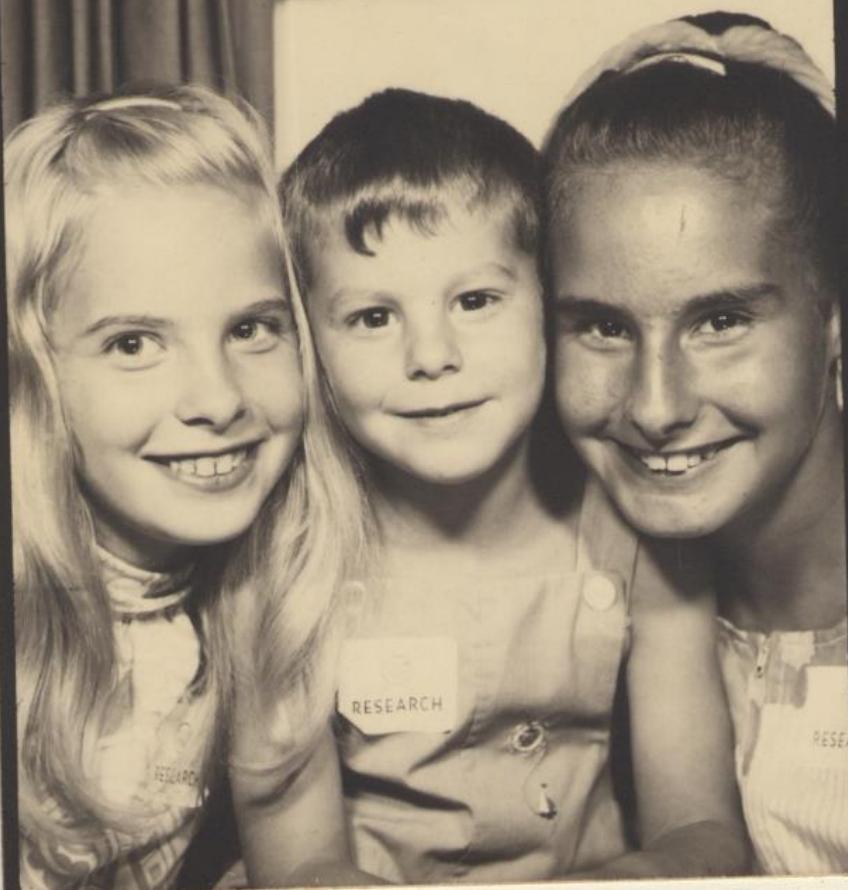
Posted on June 5, 2017, at 5:00 p.m.



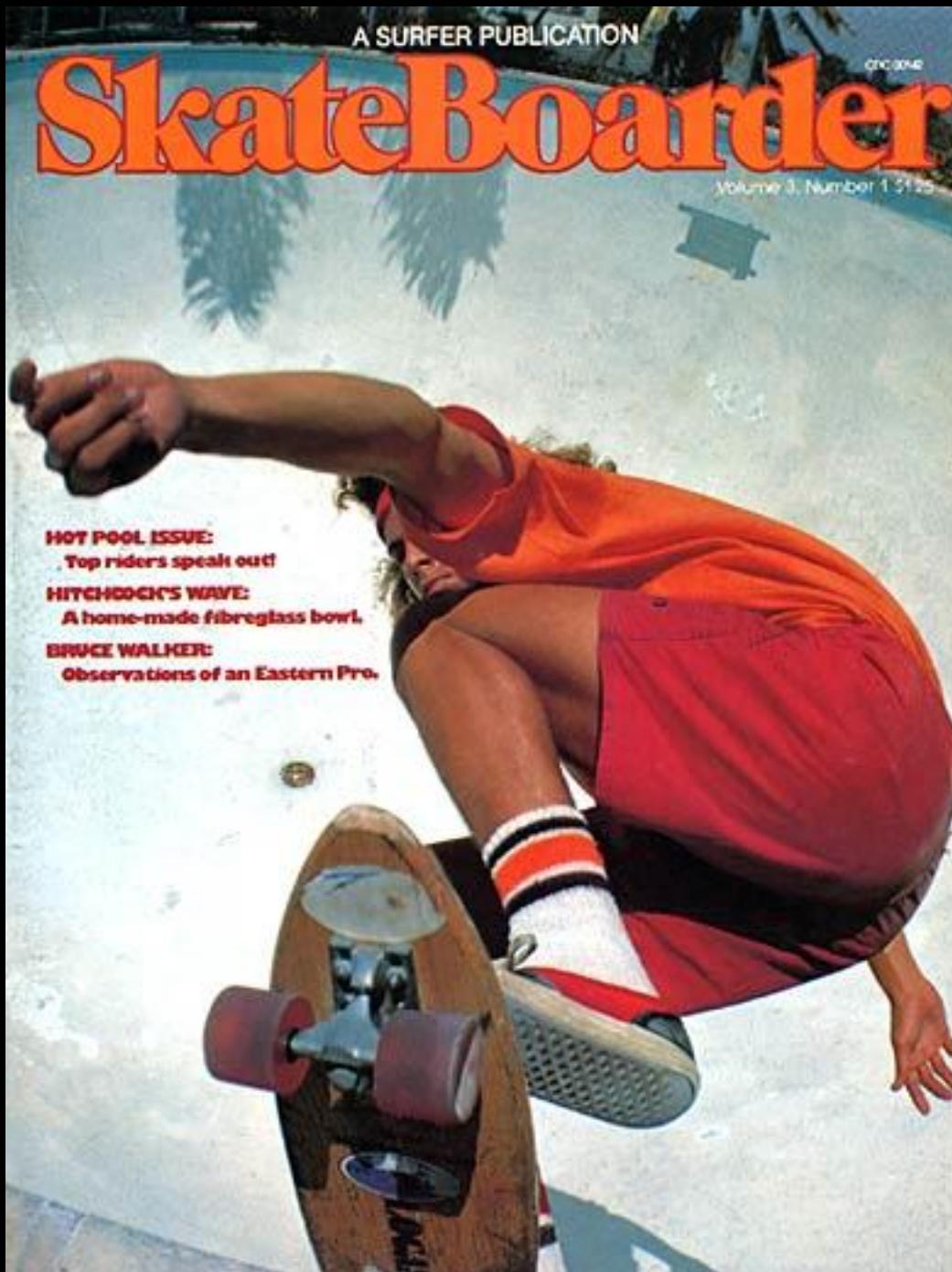
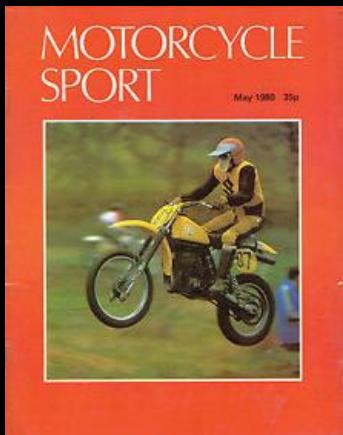
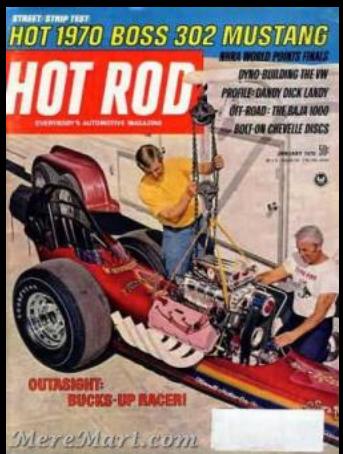
John Paczkowski

Managing Editor, BuzzFeed San Francisco

KENNYWOOD MEMORIES AUG 16 1969









GREENSBURG SALEM SENIOR HIGH SCHOOL

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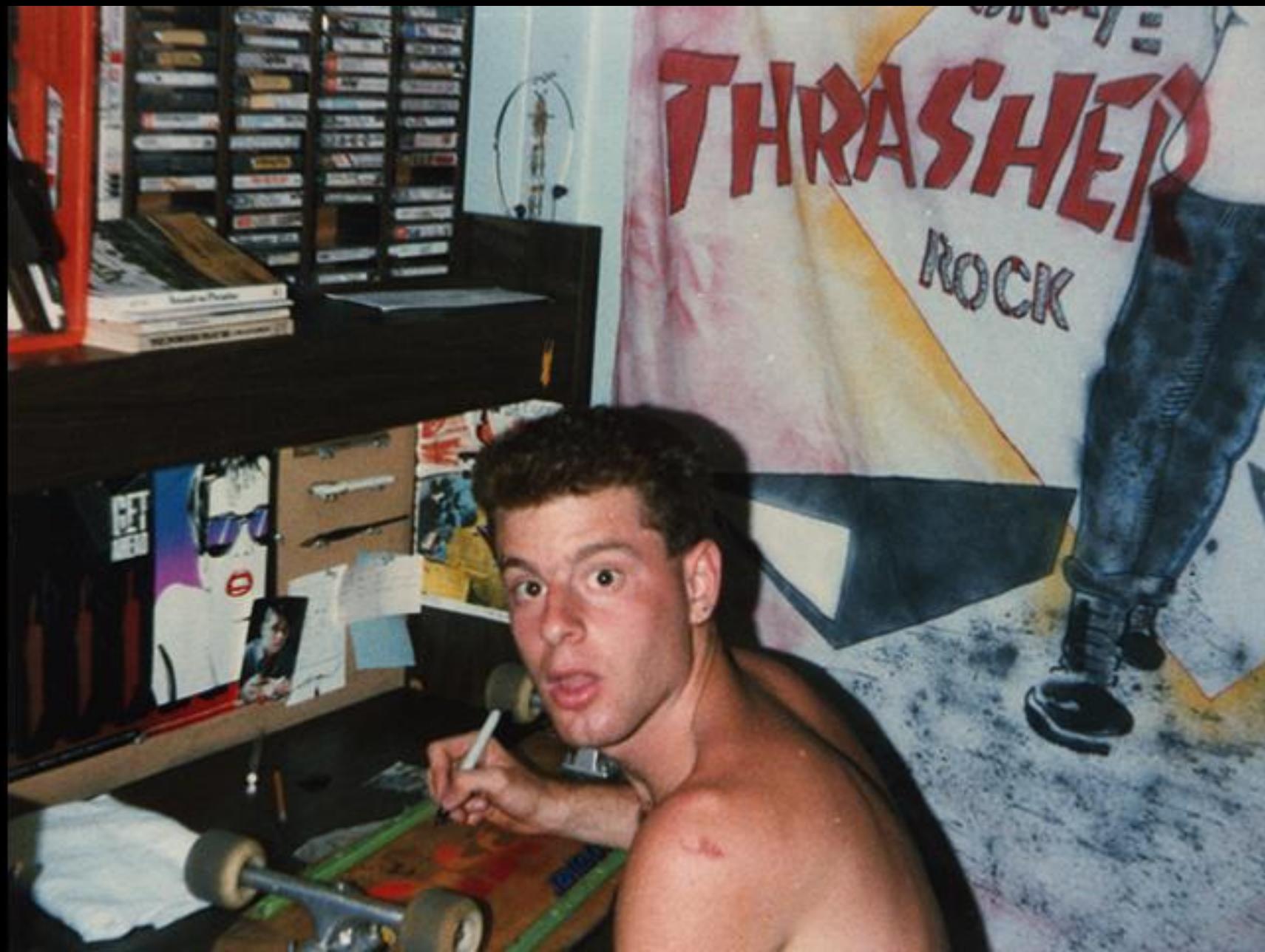
Greensburg, Pennsylvania

John Ritter 384











ROCKNROLL

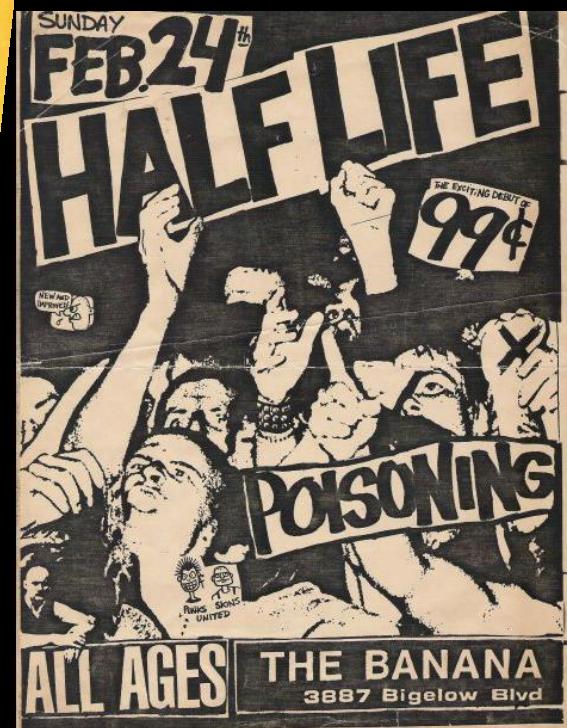
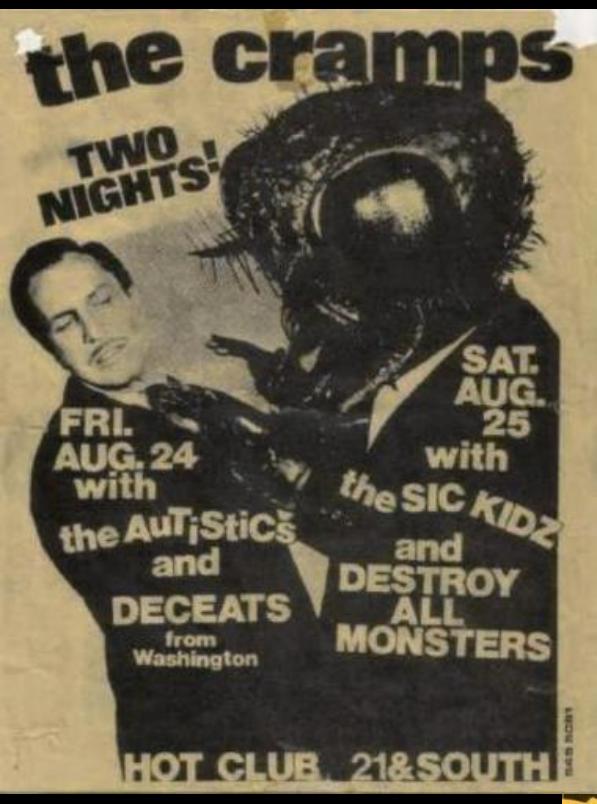


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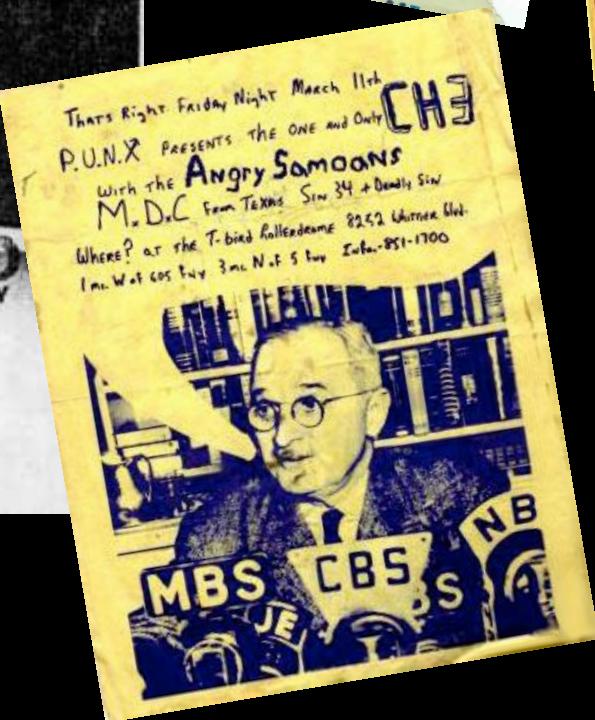






MAY 29
at the TOOL & DIE 974 Valencia
J.F.A.
LOS OLVIDADOS
THE SKOUNDRELZ
THE FACTION
MINUS ONE

MAY 30
at the ON BROADWAY
BLACK ATHLETES
THE BIG BOYS
DRUNK INJUNS
THE FACTION
MINUS ONE
THE SKOUNDRELZ







1988
capital



BURNOUT

PRO MINI-RAMP CONTEST
AUG. 21st



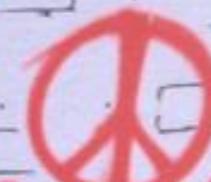
TANGERINE TURTLE



NEW KIDS
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PLEASE
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GIRL



PEACE

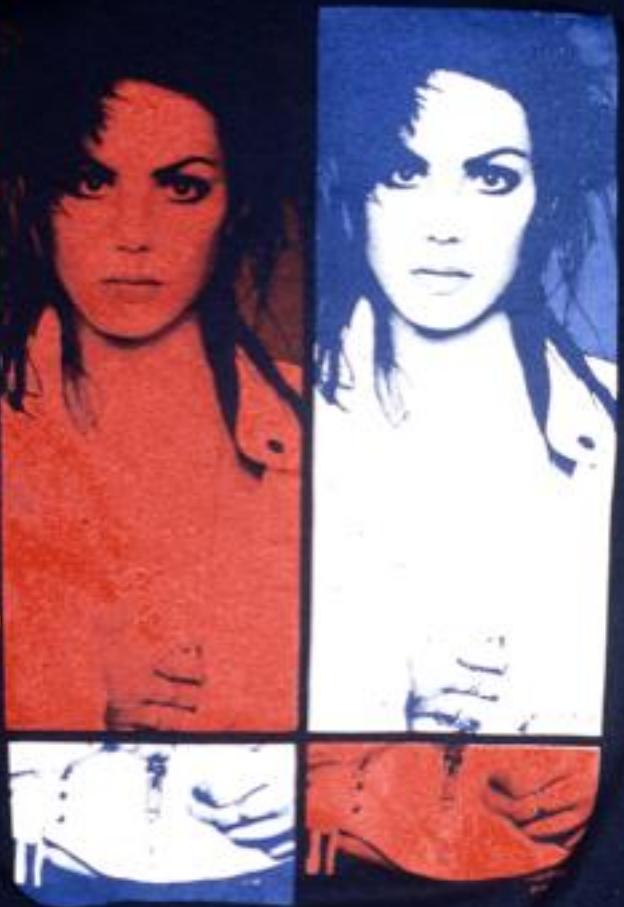
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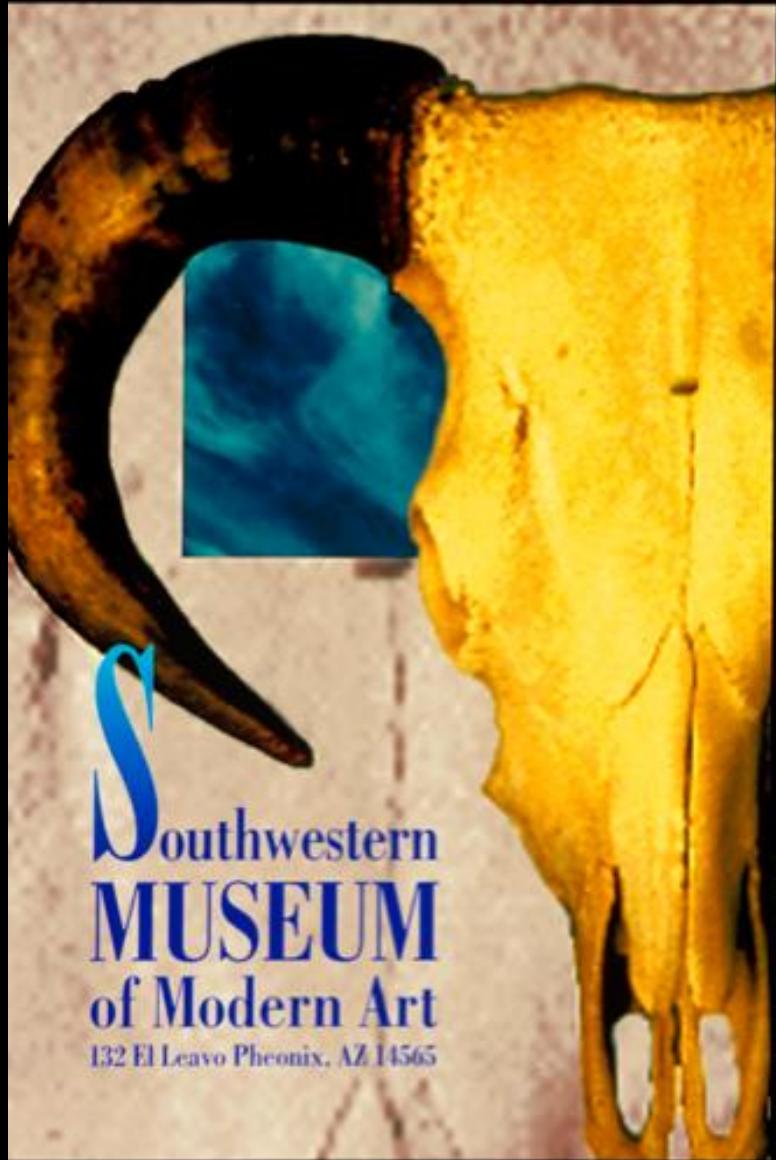


JOAN
JETT
THE
HIT
LIST











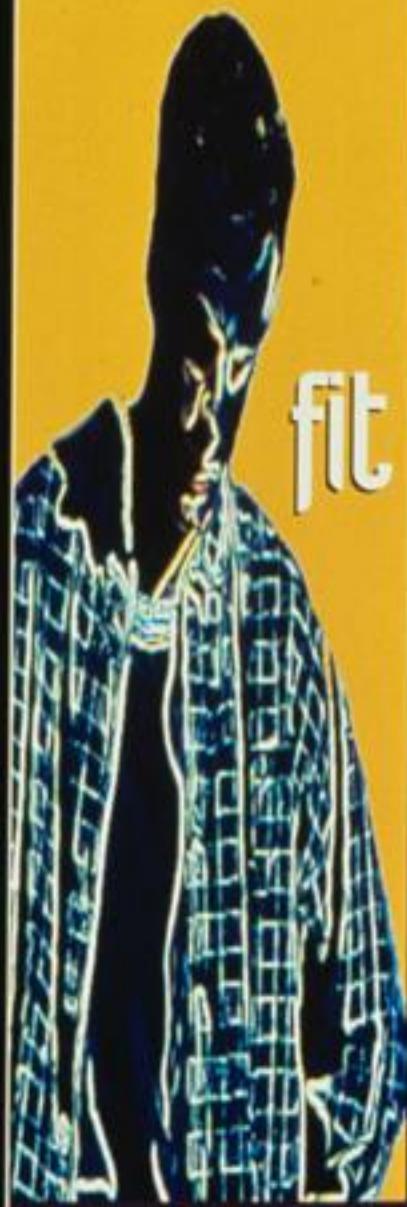
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BIG DRILL CAR

Understand what I say
Every dog will have his day
You're always right
When the bull begins to roll
Frank

Salvation from sin
Chew your head
Big Drill Car
The final chapter
Wanderer





H



OCCASIONALLY THERE ARE WORKS
OF TIMELESS BEAUTY.



GENOVA'S

VIGNOLA

LOA	39' 0"
LWL	27' 0"
Main Beam	10' 6"
Bow Line	8' 4"
Main Sail	325 sq. ft.

The Vignola 39' is a roomy, classic-looking sailboat, sailing easily. It features a spacious deck with a large sun deck, bringing indoor facilities outside. Large storage deckhatches, a large cockpit locker, and a companion seat including a backrest, are standard. The main deck features a large hatch in a large dry dock hatch, which makes it easy to load and unload equipment. The interior includes a large central saloon, a spacious deckhouse, a large deck hatch, and a large deck hatch. The interior includes a large central saloon, a spacious deckhouse, a large deck hatch, and a large deck hatch.

39'

FONTANA

LOA	35' 0"
LWL	27' 0"
Main Beam	10' 6"
Bow Line	8' 4"
Main Sail	325 sq. ft.

Sailing over 35' long, the Fontana is a pleasure to sail, but it's not a beach cruiser. The Fontana's hull is designed for high performance, with a deep keel and a wide beam. The interior is spacious, with a large central saloon, a large deck hatch, and a large deck hatch. The interior includes a large central saloon, a large deck hatch, and a large deck hatch.

32'



PICK TYPES

for their freshness and novelty—but have an eye out for the

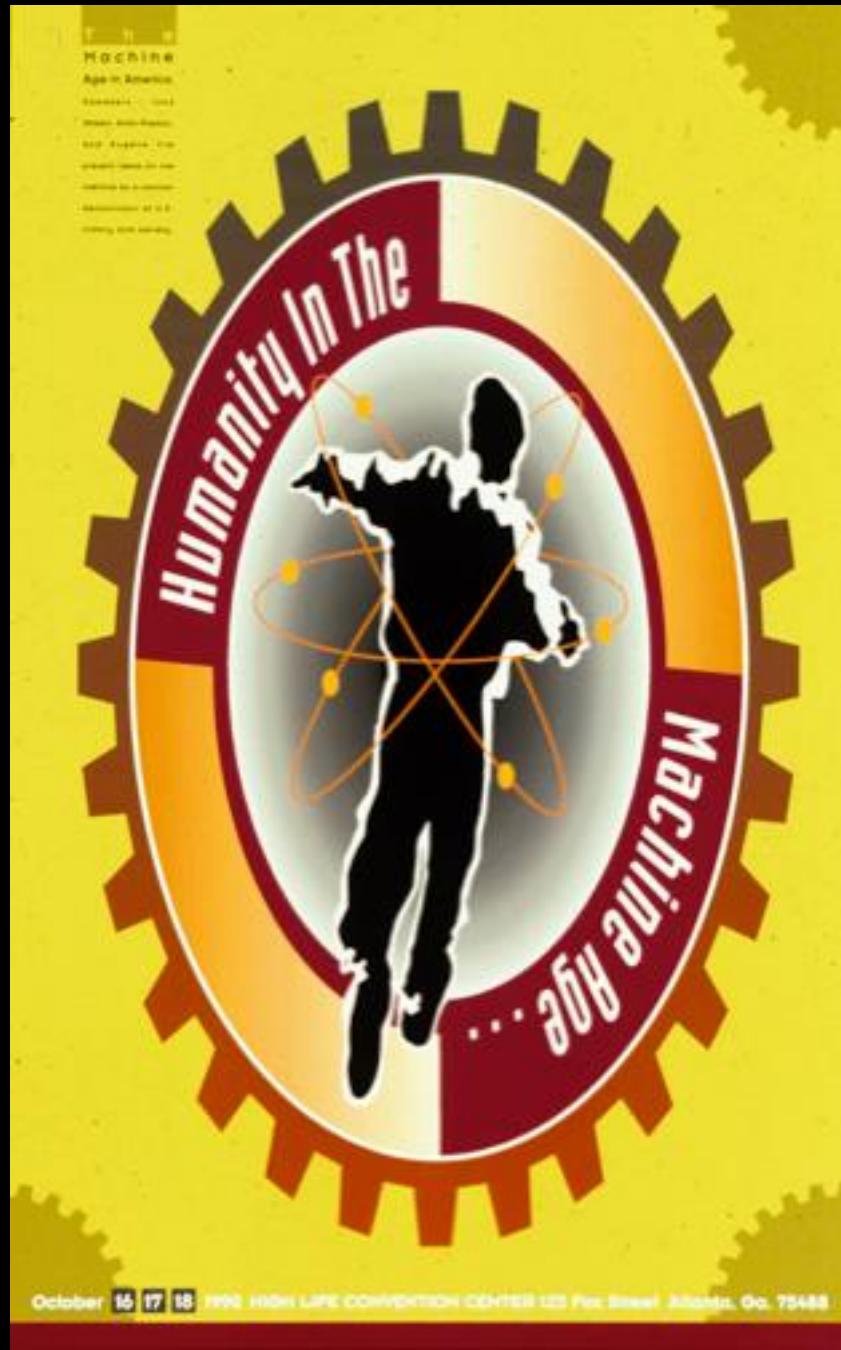
NEWNESS

that is too.

too new, and for that moment in the career of a new design when it is

NEW NO LONGER!

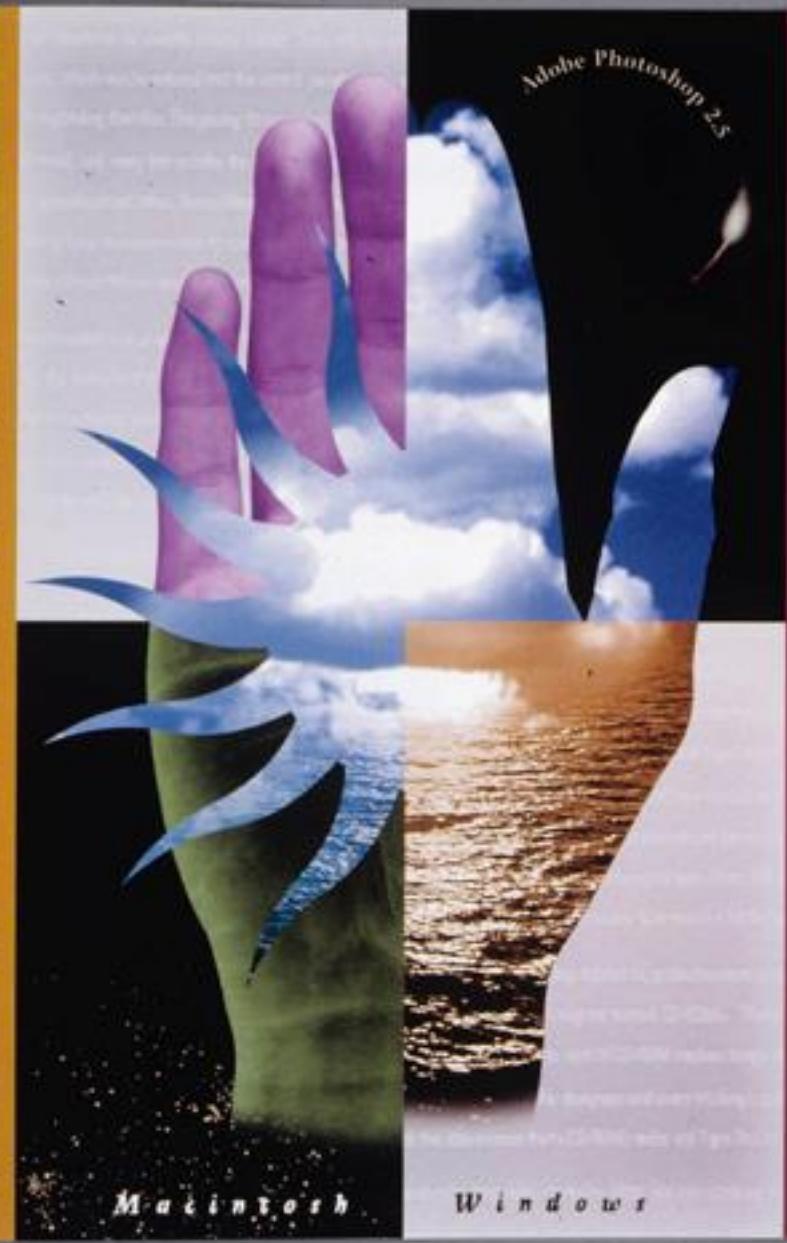




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CREATE WHAT YOU CAN IMAGINE



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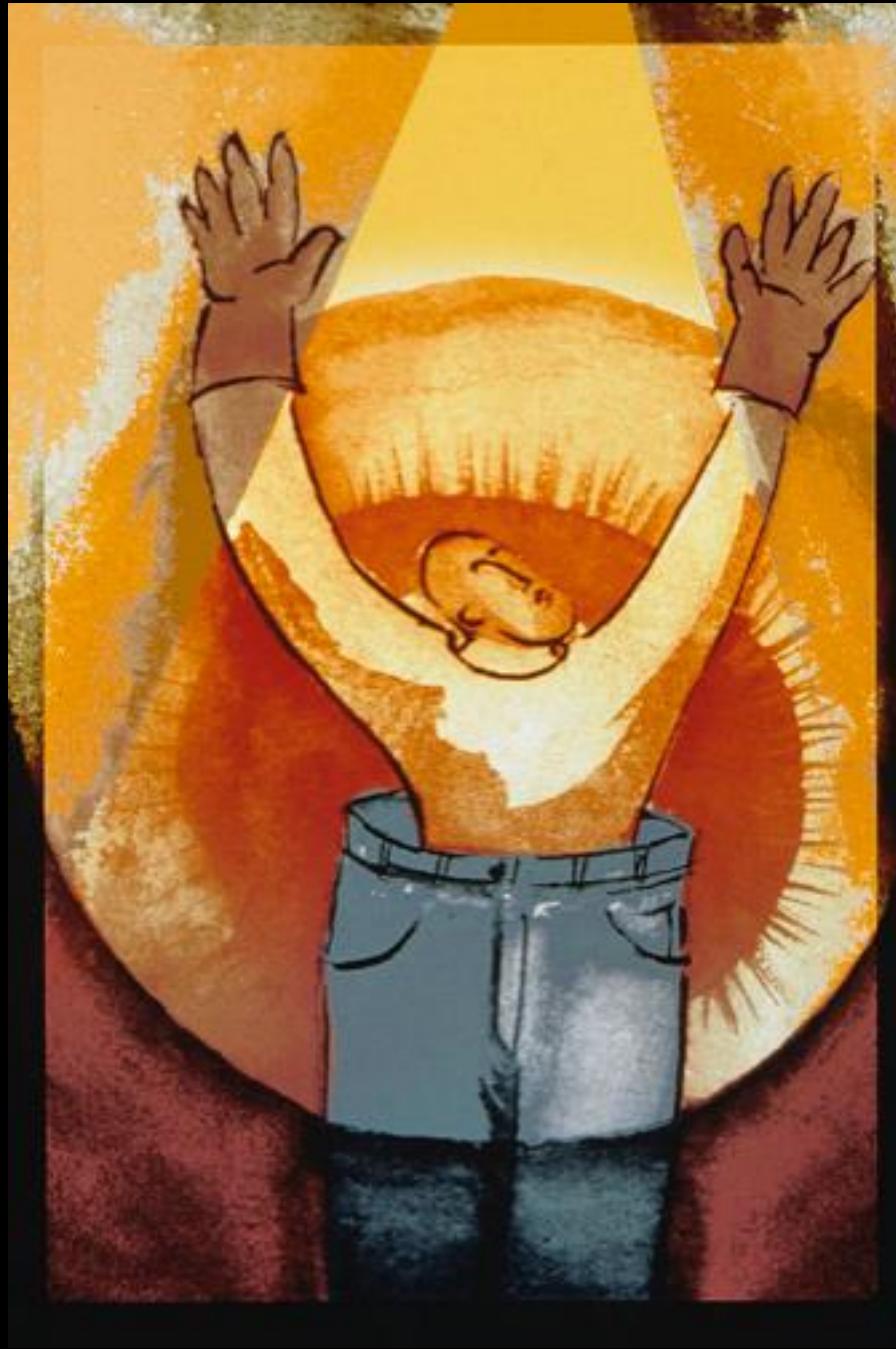


















Opposite Number by Bonty

My favorite Bonty work is his split third space series, changing locations in other art that he's added some surprise, tension, tension and some surprise.

For example, *Opposite Number* (above) is based on Kandinsky, featuring painterly faces, geometric shapes, and organic forms. The artist has added his own twist to the composition, creating a sense of depth and perspective. In the center of the painting is a large black sphere, or "The Sphere". It is the source of gravitation for all the other elements of the scene. Behind it are several other abstract shapes, including a white circle and a blue rectangle.

For Bonty's *Death and Pain*, Bonty uses colors

to express the pain of death. It has been divided into three main sections: a central area with chaotic, jagged, non-movable patterns; a top left section with flowing, organic, and fluid-like patterns; and a bottom right section with a grid-like pattern. The overall composition is a mix of different styles and textures, creating a sense of movement and energy. The colors used in the painting are primarily dark blues, blacks, and grays, with some white highlights, giving it a somber and melancholic feel.

In *Death and Pain*, Bonty uses a combination of organic and abstract elements to create a sense of life and death coexisting. The organic elements represent the cycle of life, while the abstract elements represent the finality of death.

Overall, Bonty's *Opposite Number* and *Death and Pain* are excellent examples of his unique style and vision. They demonstrate his ability to create complex and thought-provoking pieces that challenge the viewer to think differently about the world around them.

His other works, such as *Death and Pain*, also show a mix of organic and abstract elements. For example, in *Death and Pain*, the organic elements include a central black sphere and various organic shapes, while the abstract elements include a grid-like pattern and a white circle. The overall composition is a mix of different styles and textures, creating a sense of movement and energy.

Overall, Bonty's *Opposite Number* and *Death and Pain* are excellent examples of his unique style and vision. They demonstrate his ability to create complex and thought-provoking pieces that challenge the viewer to think differently about the world around them.



BY SALLY TURNER

I ENGLAND

The English have had a long history of being controversial. From the Queen's speech to the Royal Wedding, the English are often seen as arrogant and aloof. But they have also been known for their sense of humor and wit. This is reflected in the Spice Girls' music video for "Wannabe".

NO BOX SET

"I am not the first person to say that there is a lot of controversy surrounding the Spice Girls. There is always a lot of debate about whether they are still relevant or not. However, I think that the Spice Girls have a special place in my heart because they were the first girl band that I fell in love with. I grew up listening to them and I still do today. They are a big part of my childhood and I will always remember them. I hope that they continue to inspire young girls and make music that brings joy to people all over the world."

"The Spice Girls were a huge influence on me growing up. They were the first girl band that I fell in love with and they still are. I think that they have a special place in my heart because they were the first girl band that I fell in love with. They are a big part of my childhood and I will always remember them. I hope that they continue to inspire young girls and make music that brings joy to people all over the world."

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What I see is what I think.

JUSTER



feel about you. You felt something missing. You felt that there was something wrong here. There was contact but it wasn't as if I could talk to them, walk up to them about my job or say, "Something weird happened to me."

So that with them there was always a certain distance. You

I like it's not that you were being actively discriminated against by

the room, so one talked about you. You felt something was missing,

but you didn't feel that you could do anything about it. Something

was missing, but there was no way to do anything about it. So I

just went up to them and said, "I was discriminated against,"

"We don't have any of those people here,"

"So if you want to talk to me, I understand."

"I just want to speak with you to deal with it,"

"and I'll go along with it,"

"I just want to speak with you to deal with it,"

"and I'll go along with it,"

"I just want to speak with you to deal with it,"

"and I'll go along with it,"



KNOW WHAT

YOU

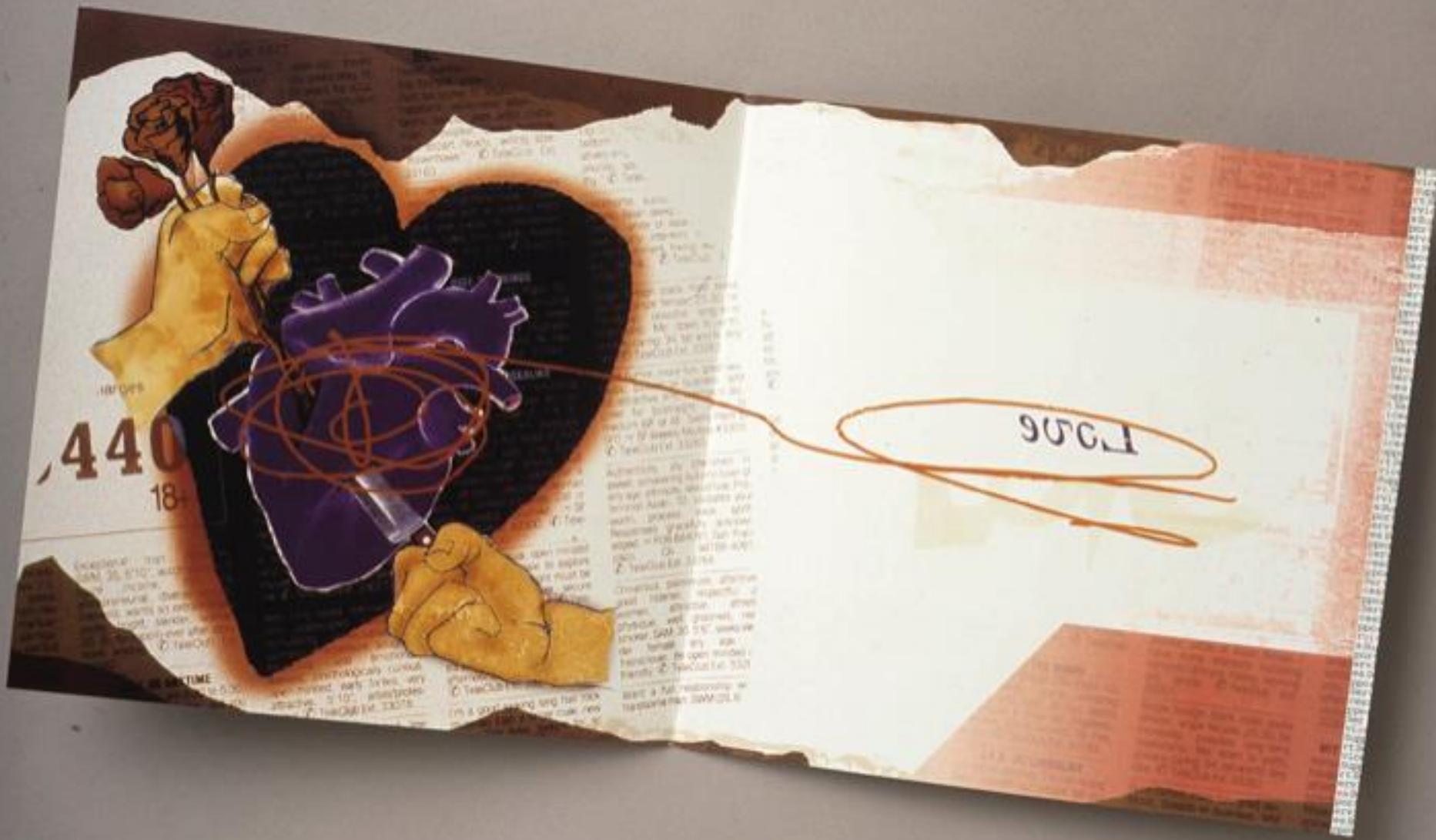


KNOW



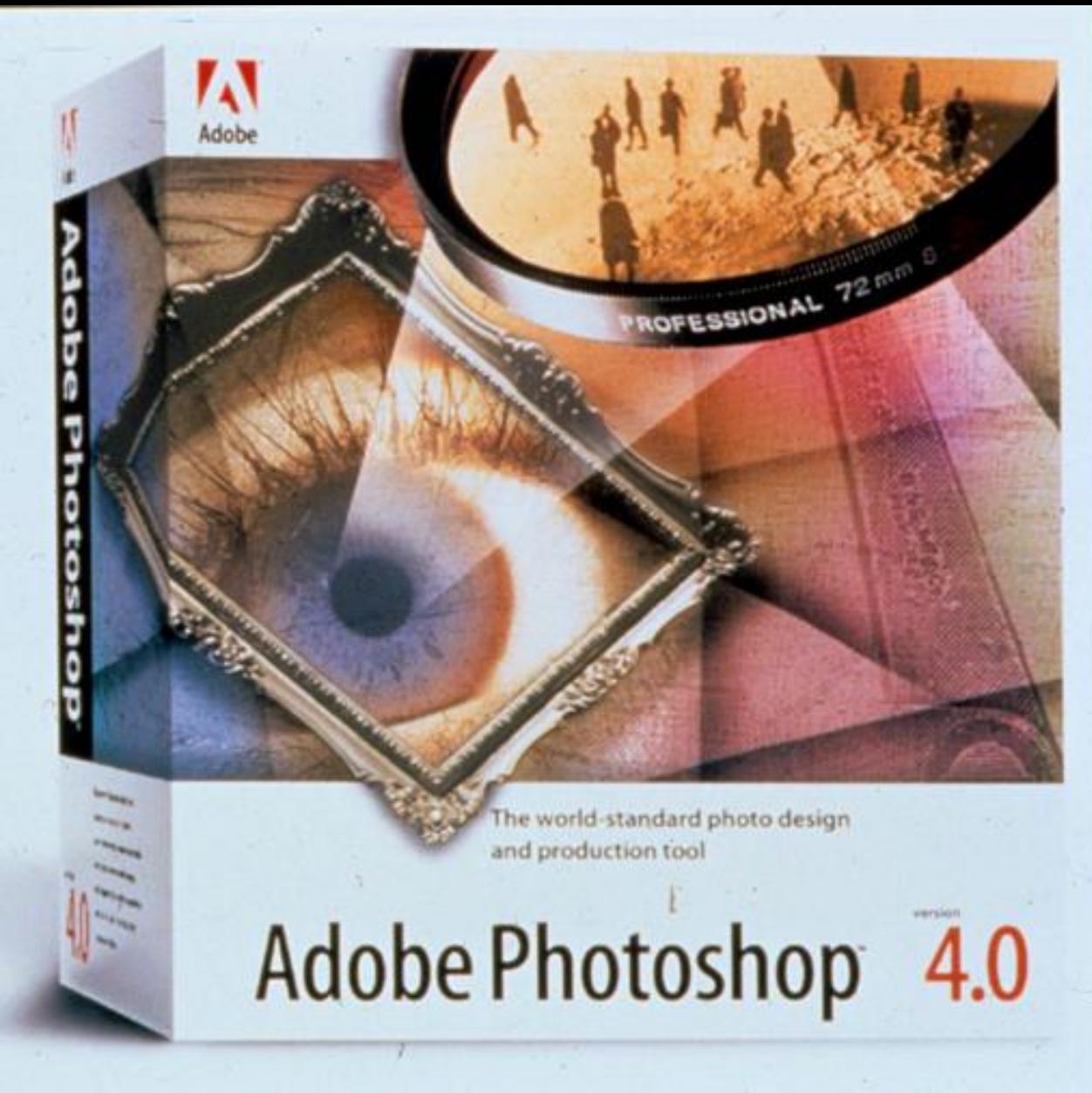
WHAT YOU WANT

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 L.2.6
 A.7.1
 S.6.8
 F.12.9
 L.1.6
 S.6.1
 L.3.4
 V.10.6
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A photograph of a light-colored Honda Accord driving through a field of tall, golden-brown grass. The car is angled towards the right side of the frame. The background is a dense wall of grass, creating a textured, warm-toned scene. The car's body reflects some light, and its wheels are partially visible as it moves through the vegetation.

2000 HONDA ACCORD



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2000 HONDA PRELUDE



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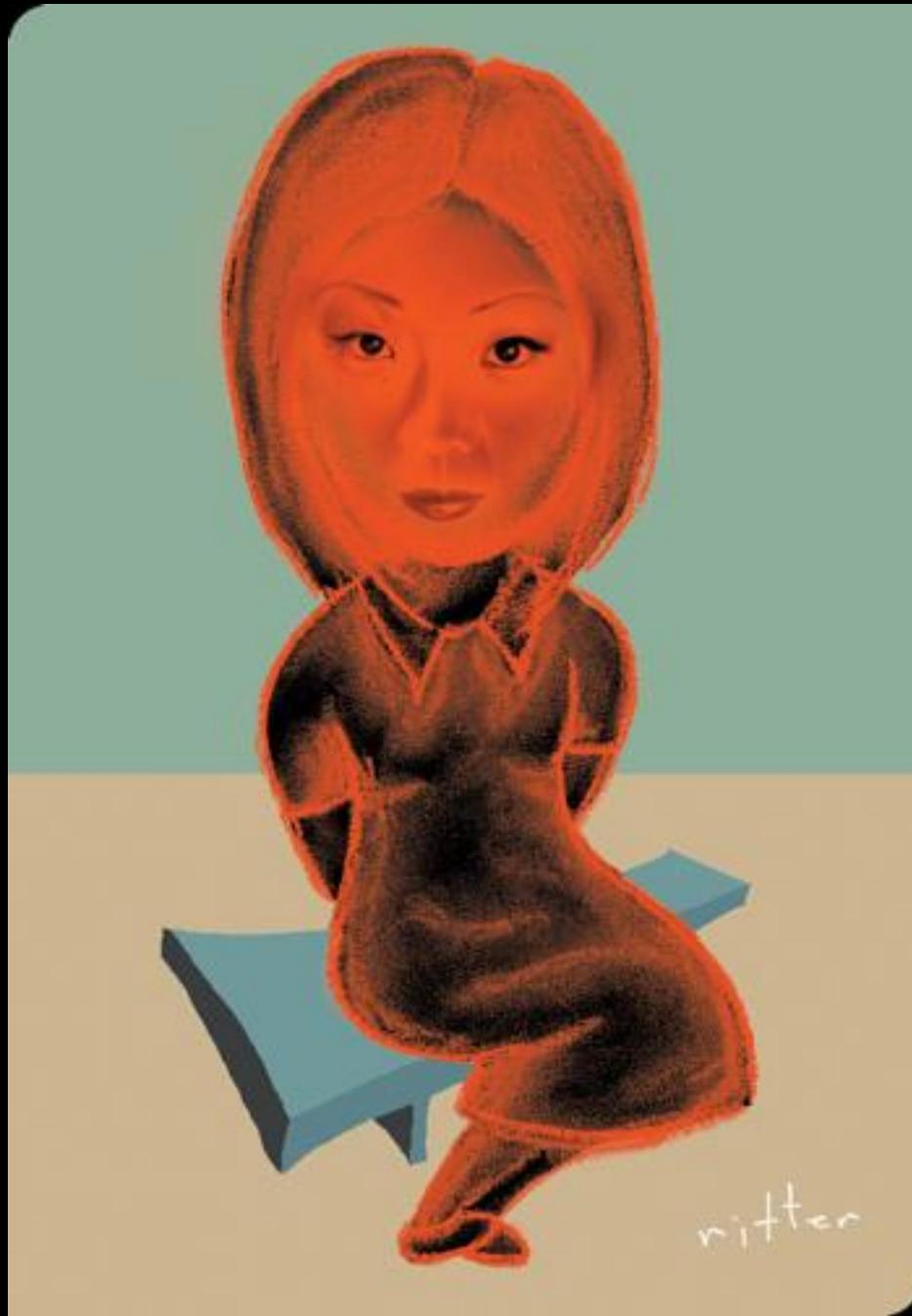
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riffles







+ 100 POINTS



+ 70 POINTS



+ 40 POINTS



+ 10 POINTS









At Walter Reade, "Caine and See," a film about the Nazi invasion of Bohemia.

main want-to-be-a-father syndrome, and, in a moment of lucid confusion, it pulls us into the story. With Sam Rockwood and Aaron Eckhart as cops, and Vanessa Redgrave, Helen Mirren, and Mackenzie Bourg as nonpeople. A weenie movie, but don't go expecting insanity from it.—D.L. (12/21/01) *Battery Park* Jr., *Chelsea*, *West 42nd Street*, *Cosmopolitan*, *Alley Street*, *E. Walk*, *Kips Bay*, *Theatre*, *Lincoln Square*, *New York Times*, and *Union Square*.

SAVE THE LAST DANCE

A hip-hop love tale. Julia Stiles, the reigning queen of teen movies, plays Sari, a halfer dancer and high-school senior who moves to inner-city Chicago after her mother dies in a car crash. There, she meets with her new classmates and learns to use "blends"—as an adjective. Her love interest is Derek, Sean Patrick Thomas, a Geography-bound student, who goes for over-the-top African dances by default, even though he's not a natural dancer. The movie's best scenes are its adolescent romances—Derek teaches Sari how to jive, and we see the way Black people do. Everyone else they know, and the only people who really look out for the old white ones—there's a funny scene on the El where they jump in front of a disapproving lady. The dancing is surprisingly violent, but we are Sari's confidante. It may be a long time before she leaves down the Precious-Lisa hole into the sports in the final scenes.—Michael Agger *Battery Park* Jr., *Cosmopolitan*, *42nd Street*, *Stephens*, *42nd Street*, *E. Walk*, *Kips Bay*, *Theatre*, *19th Street East*, *Orpheum* VII, and *Village Theatre* VII.

SHADOW OF THE FAMPIRE

It's hard to know a really good idea. The director G. E. Elias Merhige, noting the deathless appeal of

Ricardo Del Torro, first sets in the path of a *Blacula* joke, and especially in Brad Pitt, who plays what is referred to as an Irish Gypsy, although no one, least of all the other characters, can decipher what he has to say.—A.L. (12/23/01) *Battery Park* Jr., *Cosmopolitan*, *Pine* & *42nd Street*, *Orpheum*, *Stephens*, *E. Walk*, *Kips Bay*, *Theatre*, *Lincoln Square*, *Cyberia*, *U.S.A.*, and *Union Square*.)

STATE AND MAIN

Movies about invasion are seldom as funny as they should be because it's serious, as tragedy, the line between about as bad as it can get as a movie—this time it's set in by David Mamet, who has played for Philip Seymour Hoffman, to control and dominate, whereas every movie ever made about a battlefield gets dominated, this time it's the gleaming ring of reefs. The location is a small town that is infested by the cast and crew of a local drama, including the star, Alan Alda, with a taste for underage girls, the leading lady (Sarah Jessica Parker), with a desire for studies, and the coldly departing director, William H. Macy. With actors like these, the whole thing should have been a riot, but Mamet has always been more tough guy than humorist, and you find yourself waiting expectantly for laughs that never come.—A.L. *Battery Park* Jr., *East 42nd Street*, *Vinegar* 25, *Broad* & *42nd Street*, *Cosmopolitan*, *Lincoln Plaza*, *Marin*, *Hill Cinema*, and *Union Square*.)

TRAFFIC

Tremendous stuff from the first shot to the last. Steven Soderbergh's local and wide-spanning view of the "cartel exchange"—presenting those parallel stories, each with its own look and style, the former and latter parts of the film. Mexican state troopers *Bogart* Del Toro and Jacob Peralta are the two main investigators of the new American drug cart (Michael Douglas), who discovers that his beautiful, illegitimate sixteen-year-old daughter (Bella Christensen) is developing cocaine, and the infectious City of a San Diego woman (Catherine Zeta-Jones) who tries to hold on to her dormouse when her drug kingpin husband (Giovanni Ribisi) is arrested and made to stand trial. The first story is photographed in black-and-white, the second with blue filters, the third in bright sunlight—all by Soderbergh himself, who puts the camera on his shoulder and throws it into the middle of the action. Subtletiously, the writer plays with superb toughness, and the overall impression is one of high intelligence and great good humor resulting in what might be a masterpiece.—D.D. (12/23/01) *Battery Park* Jr., *Chelsea*, *Orpheum*, *Alley Street*, *E. Walk*, *Kips Bay*, *Theatre*, *Lincoln Square*, *Cyberia*, *U.S.A.*, *Union Square*, *"Good-News"* Five, and *Village Theatre* VII.

TWO OR THREE THINGS I KNOW ABOUT HER

Two or three things must be said of Jennifer Connelly's once-talented, now dimpled, through-since-1987 Paris, which delivers a mite and another who amazeballs to her middle-class constituents. First, the usually nerve-wracking clinking of a cup of coffee as the middlebore deflates, a monologue is one of the most horrific sights in movie history. Second, Marisa Tomei, in the postscript, that's right, looks beauty matched with an intoxicatingly pernicious aggression even when personality, and third, Godard's portrait of a miscreant whose career, "like better care of citizens than people," is both efficient and acute, like a pre-emptive strike of *Paradise*.—Michael Ledoux (*Union Square*, *Marin*, *Hill Cinema*, *Image*, Feb. 3).

THREE OR FOUR AND A TWO

Manohla Dargatz has a talent for reading and making us feel it, and a style that could only be called radiantly matter-of-fact. Edward Yang's drama encompasses the life of a large Taiwanese family and such central elements of middle-class existence as business ethics and the disillusionment of reaching the age of forty-five. The characters live in an Americanized work environment, yet certain tensions steadily boil in Americans, such as modesty and shyness, will make them lame. Yang works very deliberately; you have to slow yourself down to get into the pace of the movie, but once you do—every shot seems meaningful. He doesn't cover up the space, he frames it, and he marks its perimeter. A character stands alone, in a doorway, or in a window,

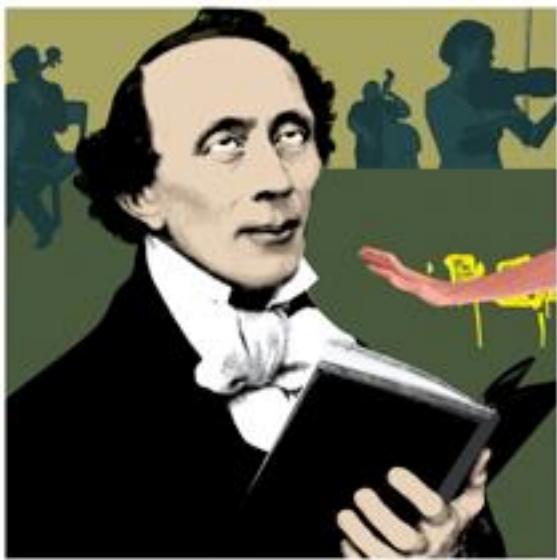






















A REPORTER AT LARGE

DELUGED

When Katrina hit, where were the police?

BY DAN BAUM

Tim Bruneau discovered New Orleans in 1997, when, as a twenty-three-year-old soldier at Fort Polk, Louisiana, he was close enough to the city to hit Bourbon Street on weekends. He'd spent two years in Panama as a military policeman, and New Orleans reminded him, in a good way, of Central America—hot, sensual, and easygoing. Rather than go home to Texas after leaving the Army, he joined the New Orleans Police Department.

Bruneau is tall and thin, with a big Adam's apple in a long neck. He walks like a marionette, lurching along with his knees slightly bent and his feet dragging. In 2002, he was hit by a car as he was running after a drug suspect. When he awoke, six weeks later, he couldn't move his left side. Bruneau assumed

that his career was finished, but the department stood by him, paying for several operations, including the amputation of the little finger of his left hand, and keeping a job open for him. When it became clear that he would never be strong enough to return to patrol, he was made a detective.

The Hurricane Katrina crisis began for Bruneau on Monday, August 29th, shortly after the storm had passed through. A young woman lay dead in the middle of the 1900 block of Jackson Avenue. Her skull was crushed, and a fallen street light, blown down by the ninety-five-mile-an-hour winds, lay beside her. Along Jackson Avenue, people were emerging from shotgun shacks into a world of smashed oak trees and downed power lines. Some of them knew the

woman. She had gone out during the storm to buy dry goods.

Bruneau's police radio carried reports from the Lower Ninth Ward, three miles away: it was flooding rapidly, from a breach in the so-called Industrial Canal. But that was another district's problem. Bruneau radioed for the coroner. Nobody showed up. Bruneau called again. Nothing. An hour passed. The dispatcher told Bruneau that floodwater was heading toward him. The Seventeenth Street and London Avenue Canals had breached their levees, and Lake Pontchartrain was pouring into northern New Orleans. Bruneau asked for an ambulance. None was available, because most of them had been moved out of the city before the storm. He asked the dispatcher to try the coroner again,

CONTRIBUTOR

but the coroner's office was flooded.

Bruneau waited by the body for two hours, and finally left it with a patrolman and drove off to another call. When he checked back, in the early afternoon, the woman still lay unclaimed on the hot pavement. Standard operating procedure, it seemed, no longer applied. In some nearby storm wreckage, he and the patrolman found a deflated waterbed mattress. Neighbors watched as the two men rolled the woman onto it and hoisted her into the back seat of Bruneau's unmarked white Crown Victoria. He explained to the neighbors that he planned to deliver the woman to the morgue. "So they wouldn't think I was up to no good," he told me. After informing the dispatcher that he had a 29-U, a victim of an unclassified death, in his back seat, he drove to Charity Hospital, about a mile away. Water was approaching the building's steps, and the doctors and staff members were evacuating. They couldn't take the body. At Tulane University Hospital, down the street, an emergency-room doc-

tor refused to let Bruneau in the door.

By this time, Bruneau knew from police reports that his own house and car were underwater. He parked a few blocks from the Superdome, staring through the windshield at the huge structure rising incongruously from deep water. "I was daunted and confused," he told me later. All he had was his uniform, the cash in his wallet, and his gun. He didn't know what to do with the corpse. The entire edifice of city government seemed to have dissolved in the floodwaters. He sat gazing at the Superdome for two hours. Finally, the dispatcher got back to him.

"Undo what you did," she said.

"You mean dump the body?"

"Undo what you did."

Bruneau drove back to Jackson Avenue. A sergeant met him there with a body bag, and the neighbors watched again as the cops pulled the woman out of the car and onto a strip of grass. They unrolled her from the water bed and zipped her into the bag. This time, Bruneau didn't know what to say to the

neighbors, so he simply drove away. During the days that followed, he headed back toward Jackson Avenue every now and then. The 1900 block eventually lay four blocks into the flood zone, and he stood at the water's edge and peered through his binoculars. The woman floated this way and that, and came to rest about half a block from where he'd first found her.

All over New Orleans, officers like Tim Bruneau were trying to do their best. One swam from his flooded house with his Rottweiler. A heavyset female officer who could not swim paddled on her daughter's desk all night, floated out on a door, and reported for duty. Kristi Foret, a tiny twenty-five-year-old single mother who joined the department in August after serving with the Army in Afghanistan, spent two days trapped on her roof in the sun. After a neighbor with a boat rescued her, she stayed with him for another three days, sleeping in the boat and pulling people off roofs and out of attics. "It's called an

At an impasse, the N.O.P.D. disintegrated almost immediately, but around the city individual officers acted heroically.

FICTION

THE FRACTIOUS SOUTH

BY GINA OCHSNER

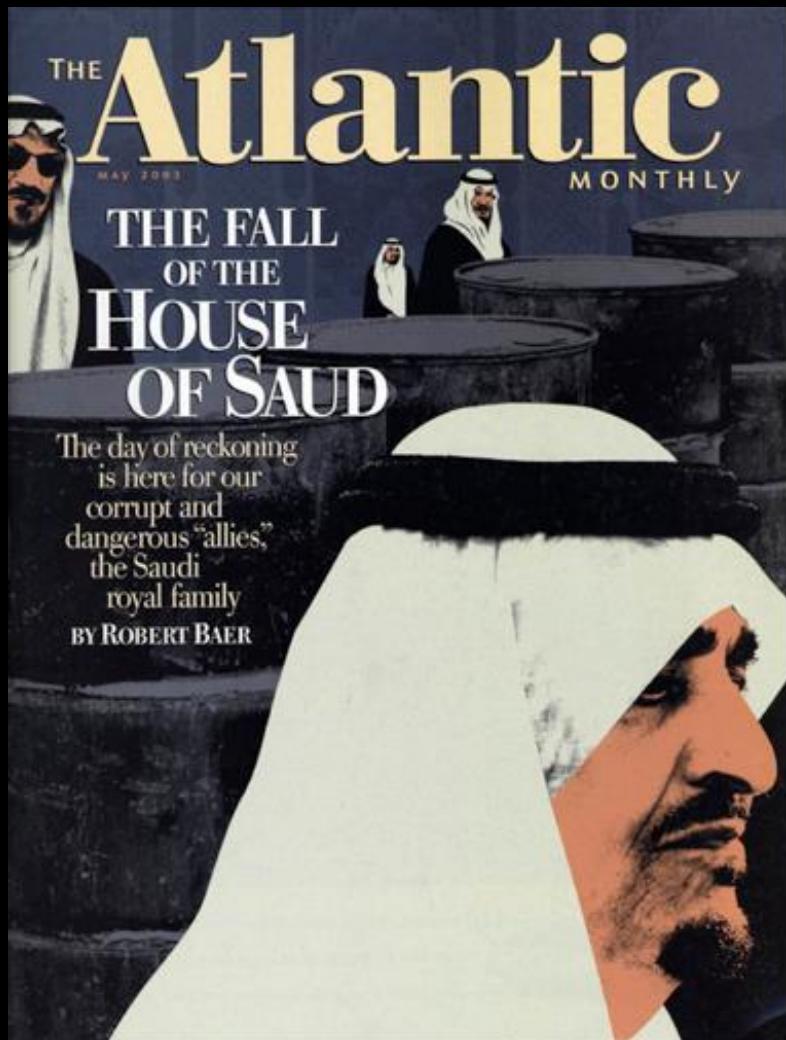


FICTION

MIRACLE

BY JUDY BUDNITZ











REF



Daughter 1-a



Daughter 2-a



Daughter 3-a



Daughter 4-a



Daughter 5-a



Daughter 6-a



Daughter 7-a



Sketches



Daughter 1-b



Daughter 2-b



Daughter 3-b



Daughter 4-b



Daughter 5-b



Daughter 6-b



Daughter 7-b



*Daughter CMYK.jpg



Daughter 1-c



Daughter 2-c



Daughter 3-c!



Daughter 4-c



Daughter 5-c



Daughter 6-c



Daughter 7-c



*Daughter(ver2)CMYK.jpg



Daughter 1-d



Daughter 2-d



Daughter 3-d



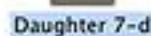
Daughter 4-d



Daughter 5-d



Daughter 6-d



Daughter 7-d



Daughter 7-f



Daughter 2-e



Daughter 4-e



Daughter 5-e



Daughter 6-e



Daughter 7-g1



Daughter 8-a



Daughter 5-f



Daughter 6-f



Daughter 5-g

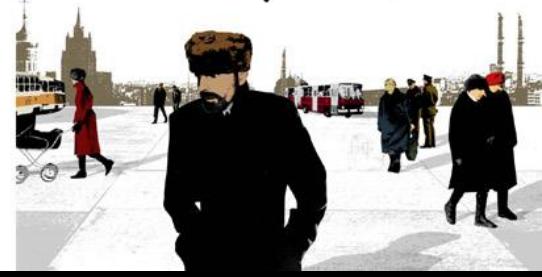
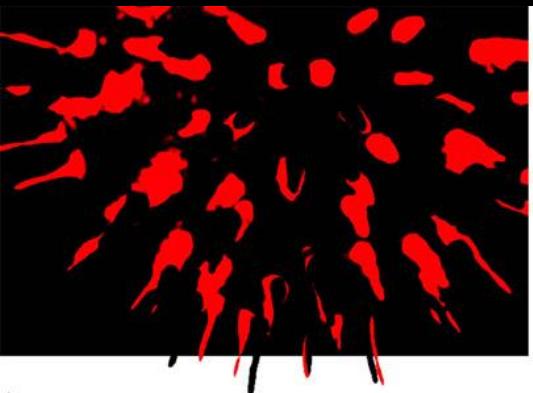


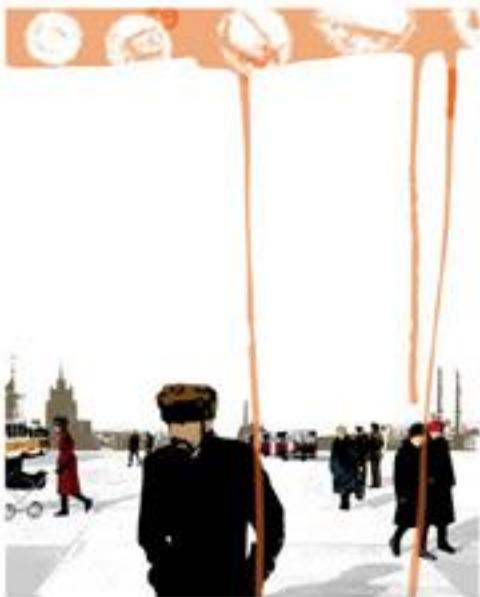


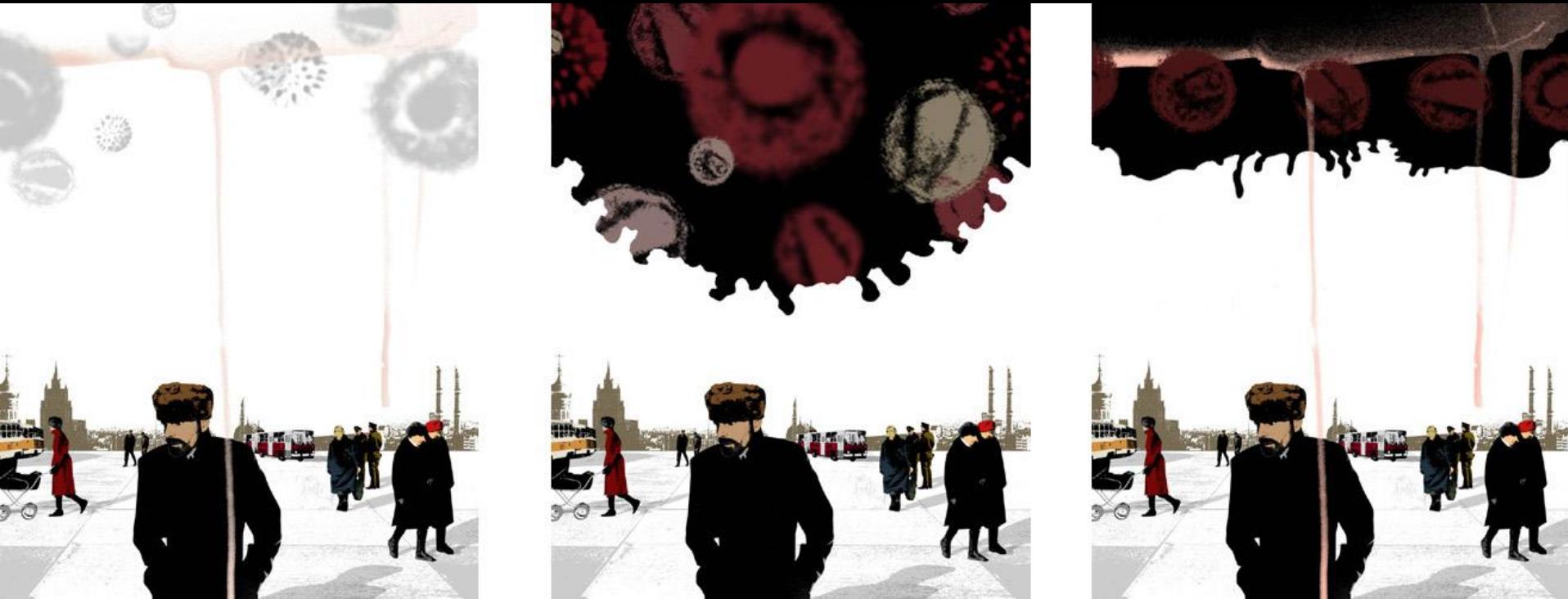


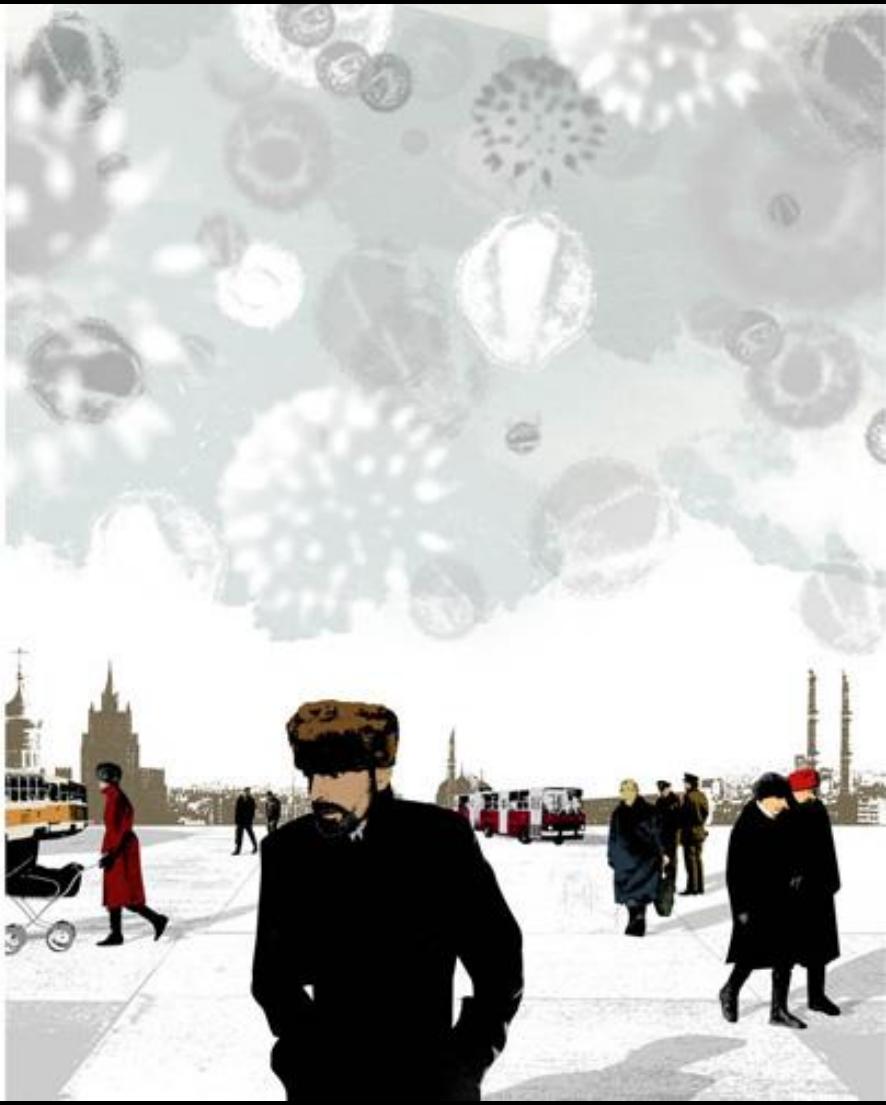


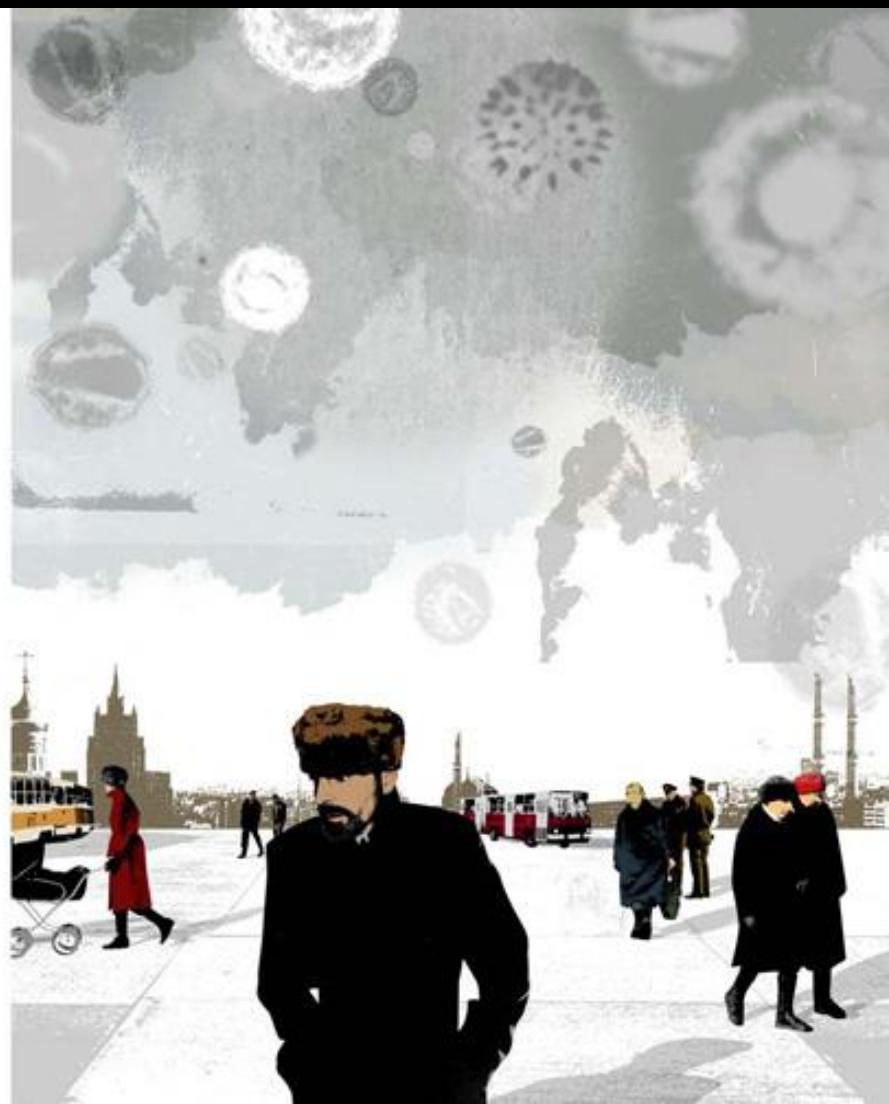












A REPORTER AT LARGE

THE DEVASTATION

Since 1985, life expectancy for Russian men has decreased by nearly six years. And now there is AIDS.

BY MICHAEL SPECTER

The first days of spring are electrifying in St. Petersburg. The winters are hard and dark and long, and when the light finally returns each year thousands of people pour onto Nevsky Prospekt and into the squares in front of the Winter Palace and St. Isaac's Cathedral. Petersburg has always been more open and more openly European than other Russian cities, and the day I arrived this spring was the first on which men in t-shirts could fling Frisbees across the endless avenues. I settled into one of the many coffee shops along the Neva River—they are a recent innovation—and noticed something else that was new: a large stack of pamphlets advertising an H.I.V. support group. AIDS is not a subject that people talk about much in Russia. Even though the epidemic is spreading here more rapidly than anywhere else in the world, there are virtually no public-service ads on television about it, and the government spends next to nothing on prevention, treatment, education, or care. This year, the entire budget for H.I.V.-related matters is a little more than five rubles per person, less than the cost of a pack of cigarettes.

St. Petersburg has been a rare exception to what seems like an official policy of ignorance and neglect. The city is responsible for the first program in Russia that sends buses to deliver information—and clean needles—to people who cannot be reached in other ways. It also pays for health workers to travel to schools, hospitals, and even construction sites to inform people about their choices. Condoms are available, and often free. Almost two years ago, St. Petersburg opened the country's first AIDS hospice. There is still only one. Funded with local money, it sits not far from the city's Botkin Infectious Disease Hospital, one of the largest such facilities in Russia. The hospice is small; it has just sixty

beds, and they are not filled. The director, Olga Leonova, is a valiant woman with an impossible job: trying to assure patients that they have a future while convincing everyone else that AIDS threatens to turn Russia back into the Third World country it was before the Second World War. "You can see it getting worse every day," she told me as we walked around the floor one morning. "It's not just drug addicts now." For years, H.I.V. infection in Russia was driven almost exclusively by shared needles. "We are seeing pregnant mothers and people we would never have even tested in the past."

Dr. Leonova is a middle-aged woman with chestnut hair and hazel eyes. She wore stylish striped pants under her lab coat, and her fingernails were painted gunmetal gray. She is proud of her work, and enjoyed introducing patients. One of them, a frail boy with sandy-colored hair, had tried to kill himself, because he thought he had no hope of living. With drugs provided by the hospice, he would soon go home. Cases like his are common. "Most of our patients have nothing when they get here," Dr. Leonova said. "They are dirty and hungry. The first thing we do is take their clothes and burn them." We had returned to her office, and while we talked she stood at the window, staring at the birch trees. "I worry that AIDS will send us over the edge—that we will become a country too sick to cope. Most people don't get it. Many of those who do understand have left. My five closest friends now live in the United States and Israel. My generation has no children. Husbands are dead. And now the young..." Her voice trailed off. Dr. Leonova is an optimist, but she knows that the illness she encounters each day is a sign of an even larger problem—one that threatens Russia at least as seriously today as the Cold

War did a generation ago. "We are on the front line of a war," she said. "This city was under siege by Hitler for years. We lived through Stalin. We have to prevail, and I think, somehow, we will. We don't have a choice."

From Tambov, the old Soviet breadbasket, to the Pacific port city of Vladivostok, and even in Moscow, which has become a world showcase for conspicuous displays of wealth, Russians are dying in numbers and at ages that seem impossible to believe. Heart disease, alcohol consumption, and tuberculosis are epidemic. So is addiction to nicotine. You won't see many pregnant women on the streets; Russia has one of the lowest per capita birth rates in modern history. Long life is one of the central characteristics of an advanced society; in Russia, men often die too young to collect a pension. In the United States, even during the Great Depression mortality rates continued to drop, and the same has been true for all other developed countries. Except Russia. In the past decade, life expectancy has fallen so drastically that a boy born in Russia today can expect to live just to the age of fifty-eight, younger than if he were born in Bangladesh. No other educated, industrialized nation ever has suffered such a prolonged, catastrophic growth in death rates.

In 1991, on the day the Soviet Union was dissolved, Russia's population stood at a hundred and forty-nine million. Without the huge wave of immigration from the former Soviet republics which followed, the country would have lost nearly a million people each year since then. If Russia is lucky, by 2050 the population will have fallen by only a third, to a hundred million. That is the most optimistic government scenario. More realistic predictions suggest that the number will be closer to seventy-five



Even the government's estimates—which ignore the AIDS epidemic—say that Russia will lose a third of its population by 2050.

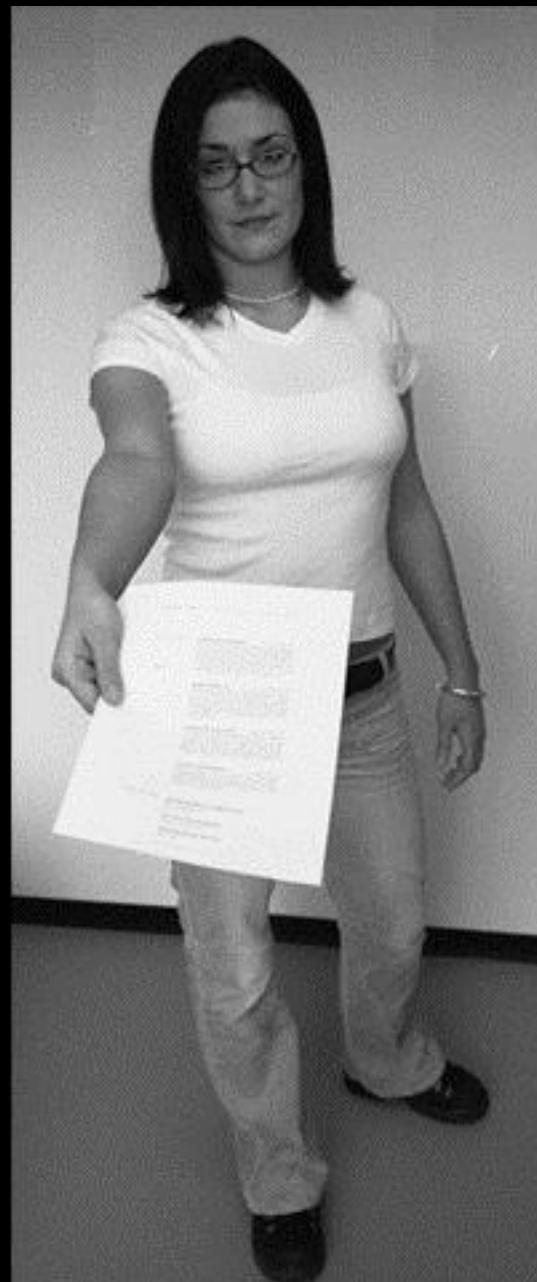




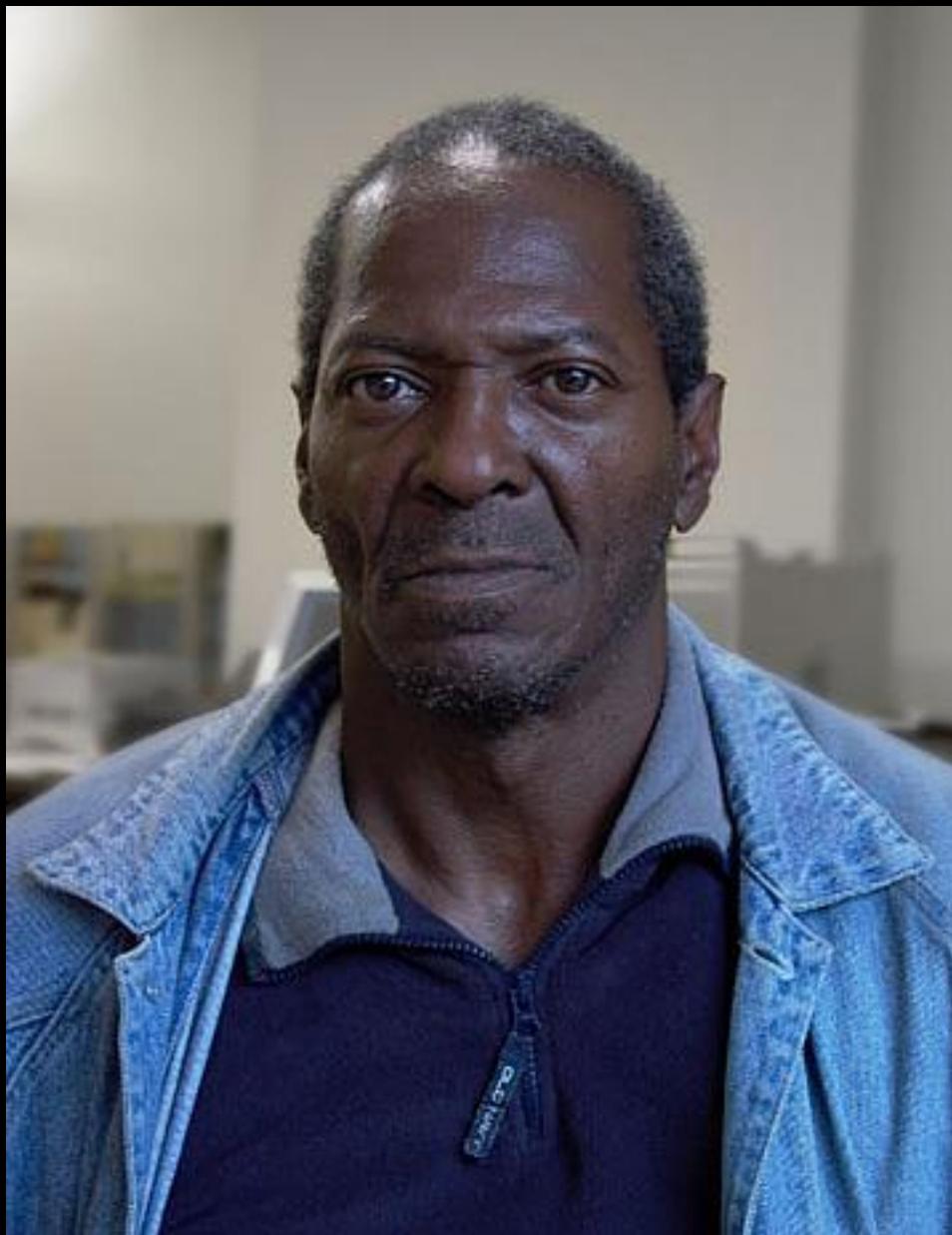




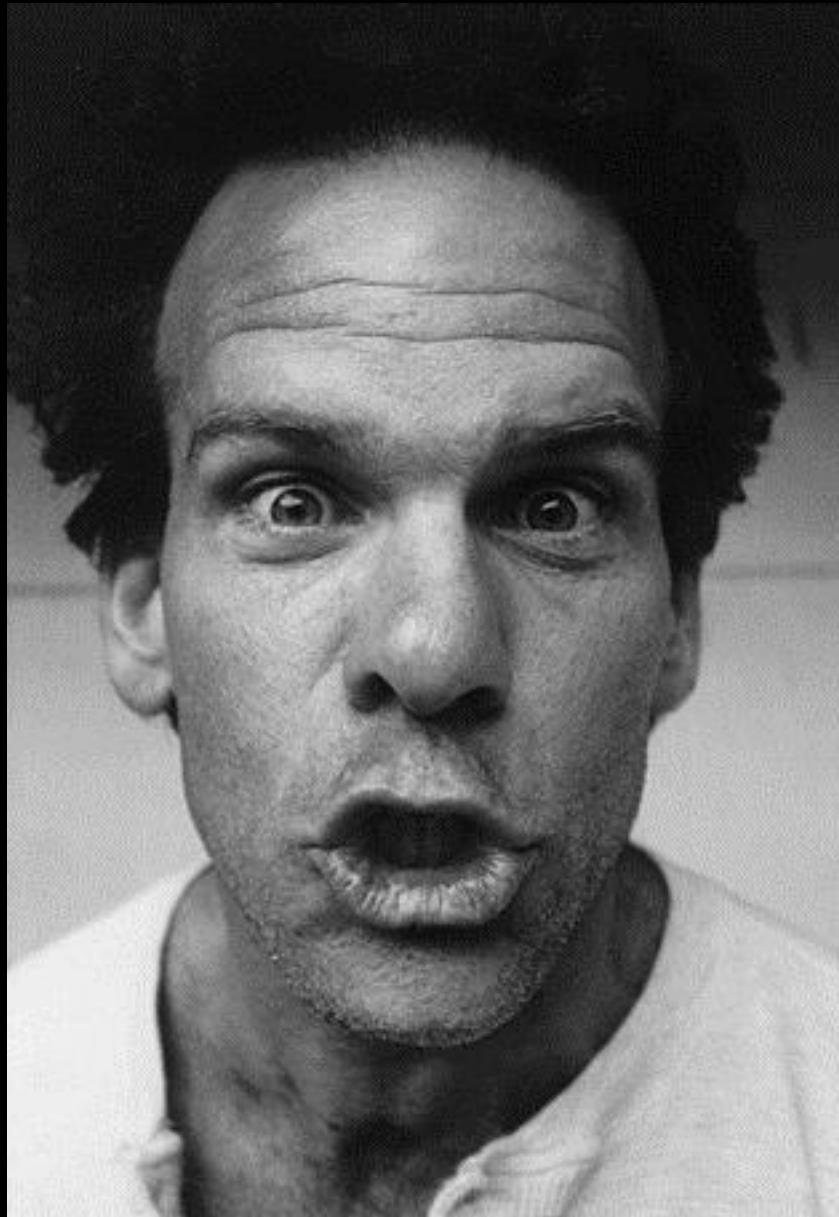












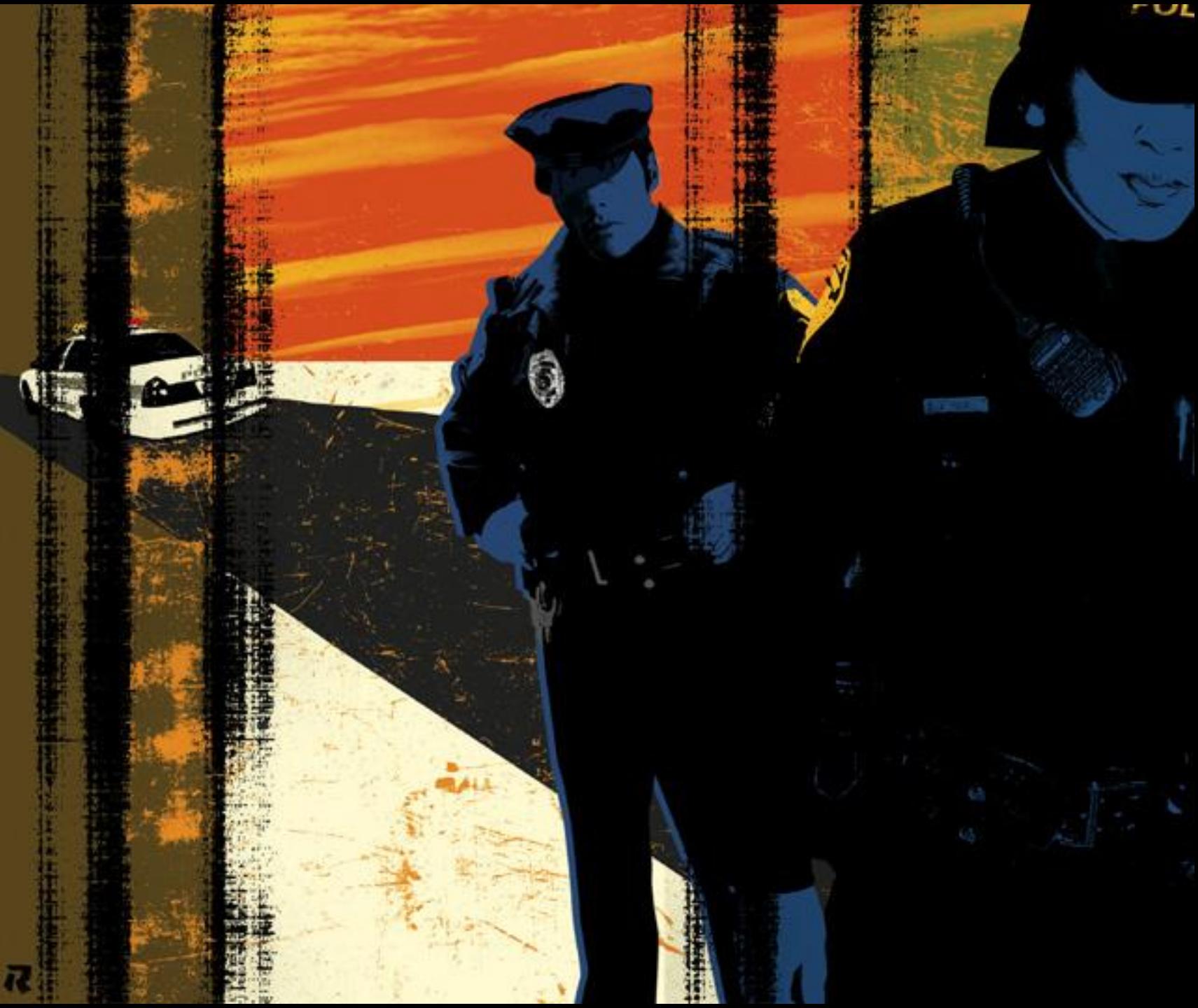
















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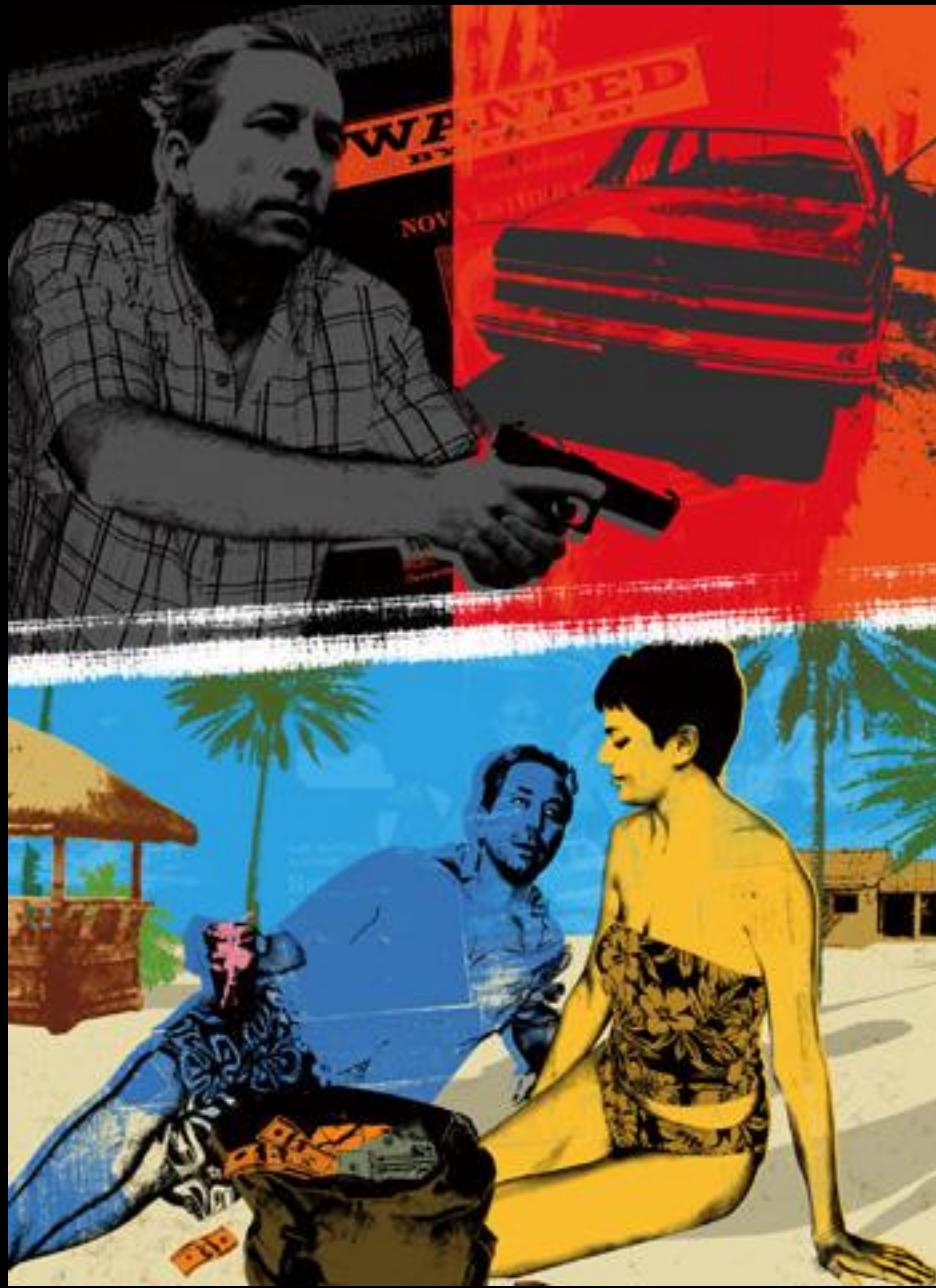


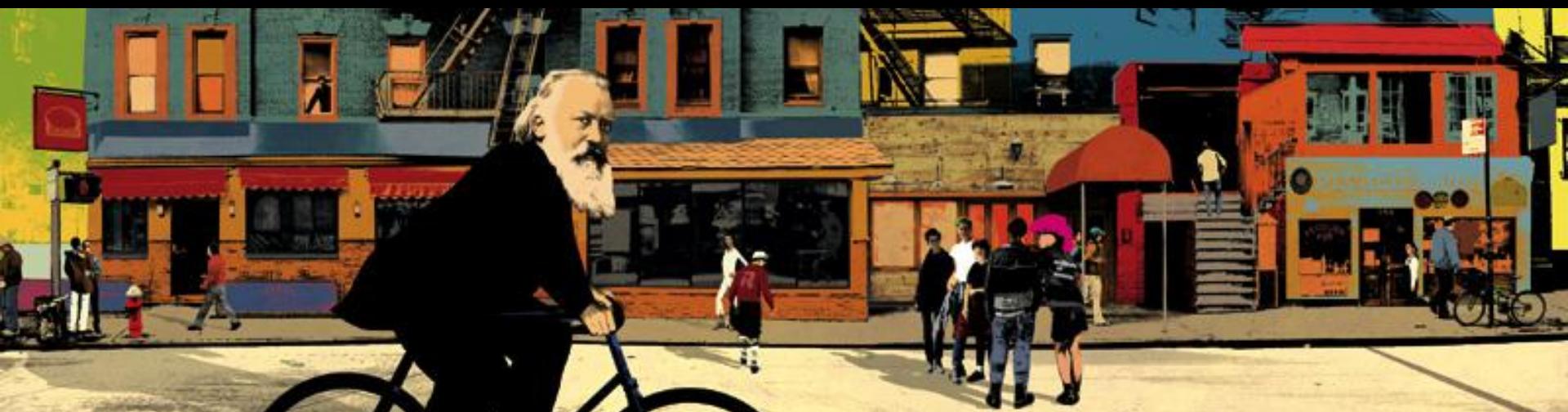
















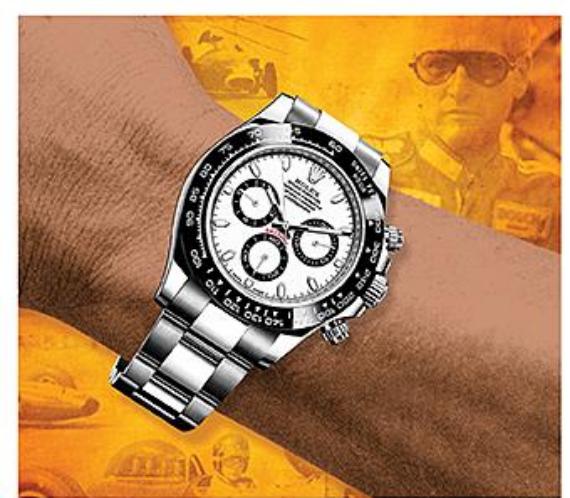




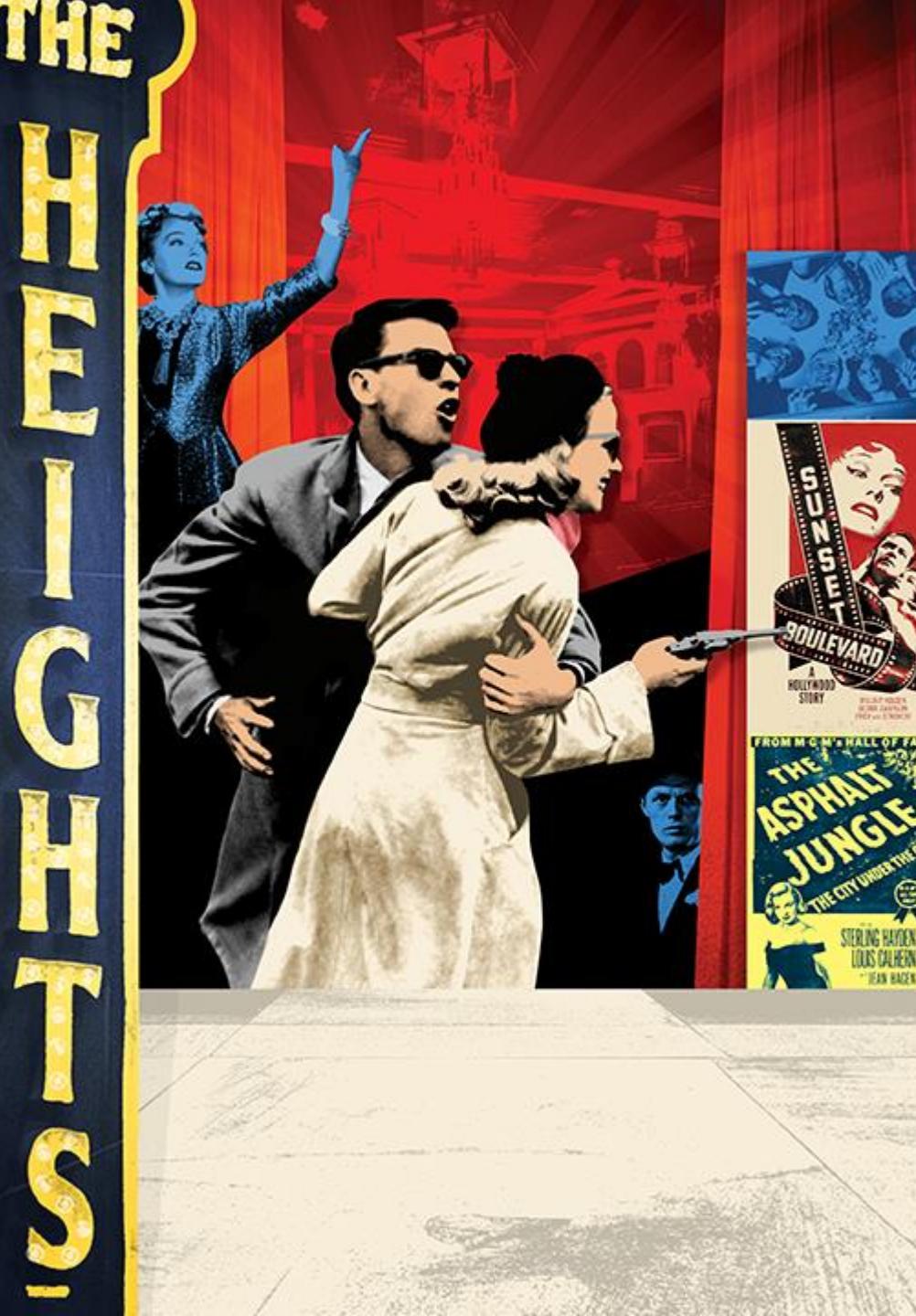












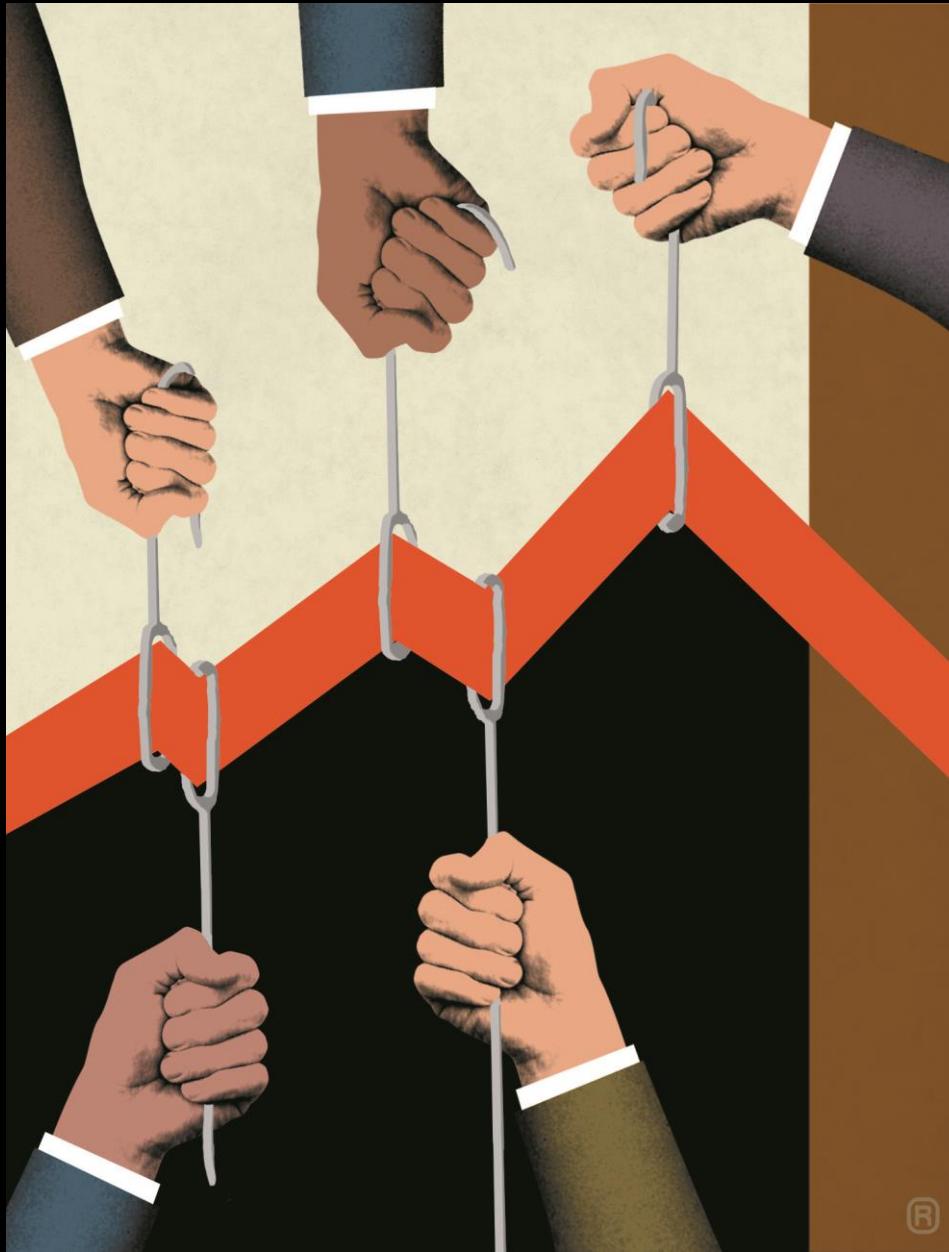




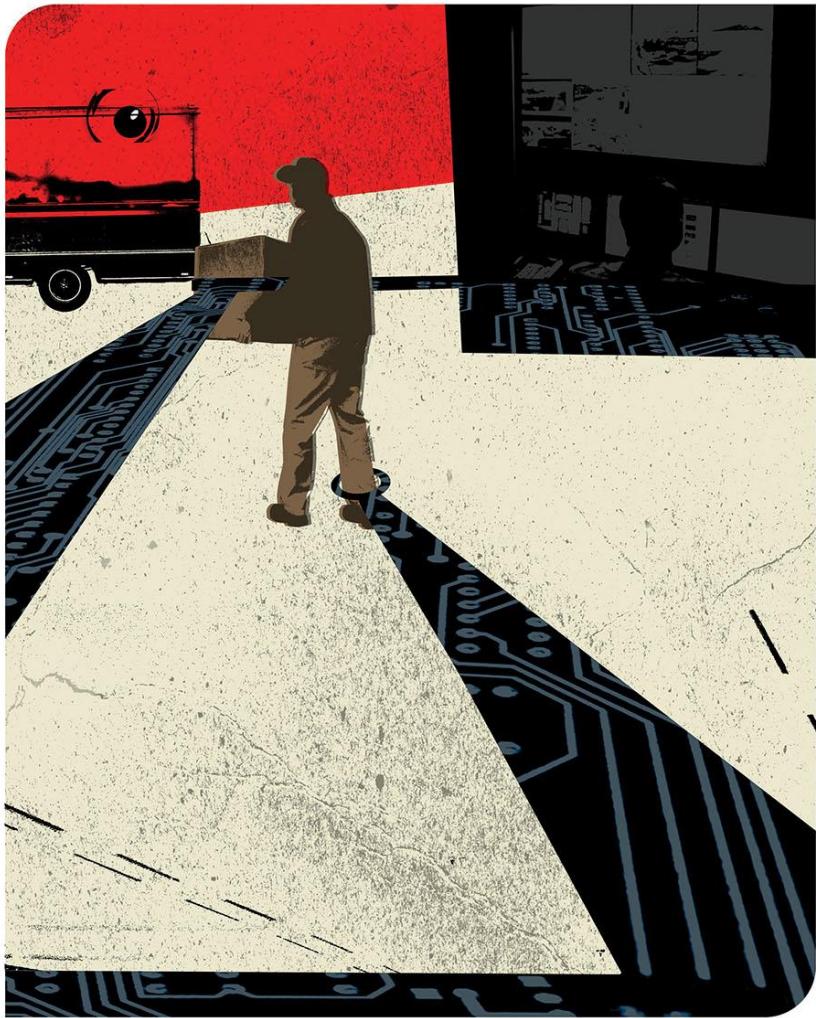




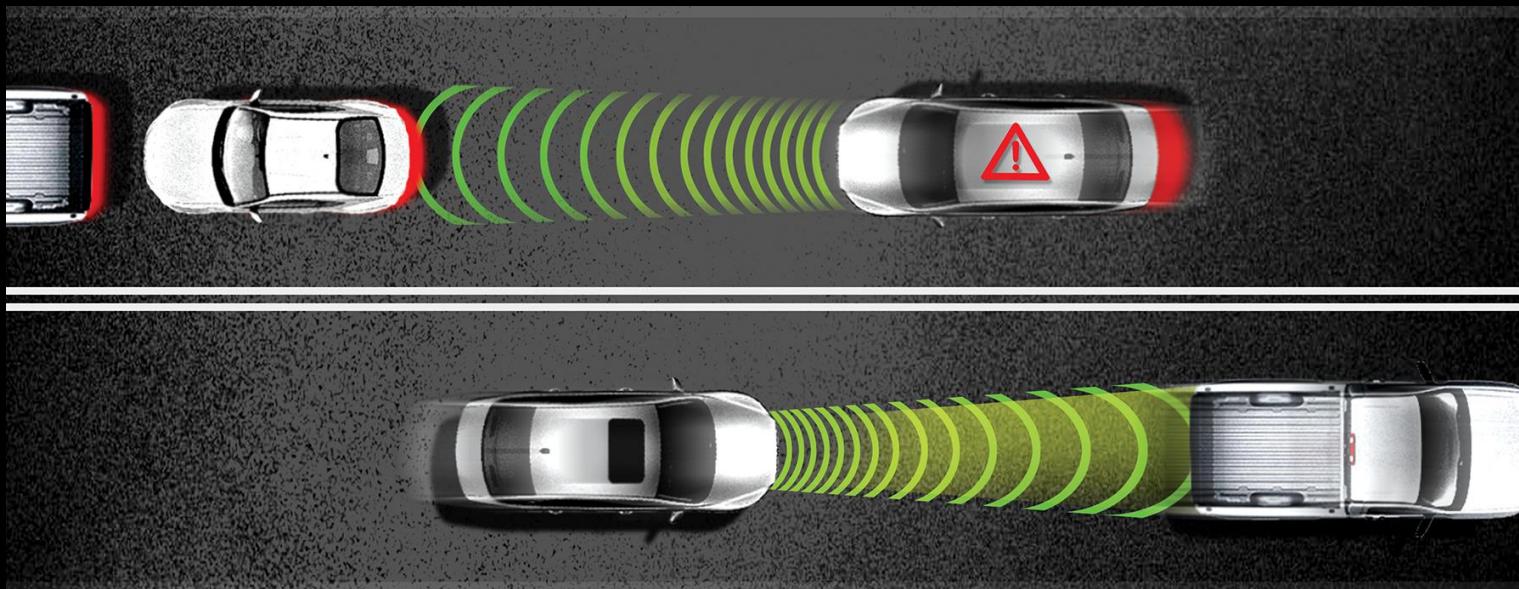
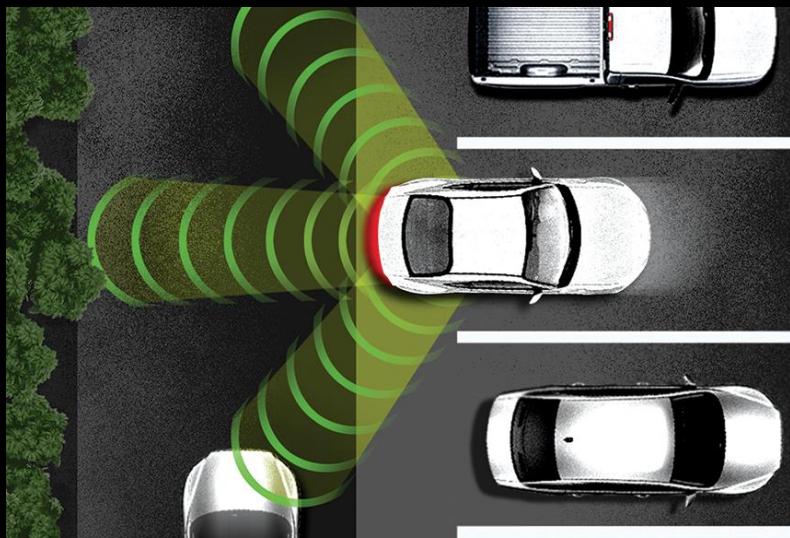












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