

Federal Consumer Information

Basic Financial Aid Information need-based and non-need based Federal Programs

Federal Pell Grant

Arthur's Beauty College can offer education at an affordable cost. However, many qualified students will need financial assistance in the form of Federal Student Aid and/or scholarships to attend school. Arthur's Beauty College Jacksonville, Conway and Jonesboro offers financial aid to those who qualify. Federal Pell Grants usually are awarded only to undergraduate students who display exceptional financial need and have not earned a bachelor's, graduate, or professional degree. A Federal Pell Grant, unlike a loan, does not have to be repaid. The amount depends on your financial need, costs to attend school, status as a full-time or part-time student, and plans to attend school for a full academic year or less.

Need-based and Non-need based State and Local Aid Programs, School Aid Programs and other private aid programs.

Arthur's Beauty College offers state, local, government and private funding sources to those who qualify. See the Operations Manager for information on how to apply for these programs. The programs that students may be eligible for are the following:

1. Arkansas Rehabilitation
2. G.I. Benefits

How students apply for Federal Student Aid and how eligibility is determined:

Students enrolling in Arthur's Beauty College should apply for Federal Student Aid using the Free Application for Federal Student Aid (FAFSA) on the web: <https://studentaid.gov/fsa-id/sign-in/landing>

A student's financial aid package may include a Federal Pell Grant and Federal Student Loan. You should use <https://studentaid.gov/h/understand-aid/how-aid-works> to learn more about the financial aid process and get an early estimate of your eligibility for federal student aid.

Seniors in high school who are ready to fill out their FAFSA:

High school seniors in the last semester of school should fill out their FAFSA to determine their eligibility for financial aid.

Why should a student consider using the <https://studentaid.gov/h/understand-aid/how-aid-works>?

1. The site will assist students in understanding Federal Student Aid.
2. It will assist students in determining how they can apply for Federal Student Aid and understand who qualifies.
3. It allows students to get an early start on the financial aid process by learning the basics.

Who Receives Federal Student Aid? (Eligibility)

Our eligibility requirements are that you must:

- Be a US citizen or an eligible noncitizen
- Have a valid Social Security number
- Have a high school diploma or GED, a certificate of completing a high school education in a home school setting approved under state law
- Complete the FAFSA for each financial aid year the student is enrolled.
- Demonstrate financial need
- Not be in default on previous student loans
- Not owe repayment on an adjusted Pell Grant
- Not exceed the annual and aggregate loan limits
- Have remaining eligibility if the student is a transfer student
- Have ISIR Social Security match successful or comment code indicates successful INS match • Be enrolled in an eligible program • Be enrolled at least half time
- Have resolved any drug convictions
- Register with Selective Service (if you haven't already and are male between the ages of 18 and 25)
- Maintain satisfactory academic progress

What are the admission requirements?

A. – Personal interviews are required to explain our program and to help you determine your potential for success. You may be scheduled up to 3 interviews to complete the enrollment process. You may schedule an interview by phone, e-mail, mail or text.

NOTE: Non-credit remedial programs have no effect upon a student's satisfactory progress status. NOTE: See Determination of Progress for more information.

How the school distributes aid among students

Most Federal Student Aid is awarded based on financial need. Need is the difference between your cost of attendance (educational expenses such as tuition, room board, books, supplies and other expenses) and the amount you and your family are expected to contribute toward your education.

A standard formula is used for all applicants to determine this amount, which is called the expected family contribution (EFC). If there is anything left over after subtracting the expected family contribution from your cost of attendance, you are then considered to have a financial need.

The rights and responsibilities of a student receiving Federal Student Aid

The student has the right to know:

- The name of its accrediting and its licensing organizations.
- About its programs; its instructional, laboratory, physical facilities and faculty.
- What the cost of attending is, and the institutions policies concerning refunds and Return to Title IV (R2T4) to students who withdraw.
- What financial assistance is available at Arthur's Beauty College; including information on all federal, state, local, private and institutional financial aid programs.
- What the procedures and deadlines are for applying for each available financial aid program.
- How it determines a student's eligibility and need for financial aid.
- How much of your financial need, as determined by the school, has been met.
- To explain each type and amount of assistance in your financial aid package.
- What the interest rate is on any student loan you have, the total amount you must repay and when a student must start repaying.
- What is deferment of repayment or forbearance for certain defined periods. How to know if you qualify and how do you request deferment or forbearance.
- Provide written information on student's loan obligations and information on your rights and responsibilities as a borrower.
- To reconsider your aid package, if you believe a mistake has been made, or if your enrollment or financial circumstances have changed.
- How the school determines when and whether you are making satisfactory academic progress (SAP) and what happens if you fail to maintain SAP. How failing to maintain SAP affect your Title IV eligibility.
- Students who enter into an agreement regarding a Title IV, HEA loan will be submitted to NSLDS and accessible to authorized agents, lenders and institutions.
- What special facilities and services are available to student with disabilities and how to request a reasonable accommodation.

It is the student's responsibility to:

- Complete Entrance Counseling <https://studentaid.gov/entrance-counseling/>
- Review and know the SAP policy (see school catalog) for criteria for continued student eligibility under each program, standards which the student must maintain to be considered making SAP for the purpose of receiving financial assistance, and the criteria by which the student who has failed to maintain SAP may re-establish eligibility.
- Review and consider all the information about the school's program before enrolling.
- Pay special attention to the application process for Federal Student Aid, complete it accurately, and submit it on time to the right place. Errors on the FAFSA can delay or prevent you from receiving aid timely.
- Know and comply with all deadlines for applying and reapplying for aid.
- Provide all enrollment and verification documentations, corrections, and/or new information requested by either the Operations Manager, Financial Aid Coordinator or the agency to which you submitted the application.

- Notify the school of any information that has changed since you applied.
- Read, understand, and request copies of all forms you were asked to sign.
- Sign A Master promissory note. You agree to repay the loan according to the terms even if you do not complete the education or did not like the education you received.
- Ensuring you are aware that you must start making monthly repayment on your student loan after your grace period ends unless you have a deferment or forbearance. When you sign your master promissory note (MPN), you agree to repay your loan.
- Attend an exit interview at the time you leave the school to determine the net balance of your account with the school as well as the net balance of any student loan.
- Notify the school of a change in your name, address, phone number, or attendance status (full/part-time student). If you have student loans, you must notify your lender of these changes.
- Understand your school's refund policy.
- Understand and comply with the enrollment status, financial charges, financial terms, time allowed to complete, refund policy and termination procedures as specified in the enrollment contract you will be asked to sign.
- Understand that you may be responsible and have liability for portions of Title IV funds return by the institution on your behalf.
- Understand that there could be liabilities when errors are made as a result of inconsistent information provided by the student that results in funds being awarded that a student was not eligible for that were advanced to you or credited to your school account.
- Exit Counseling, Each student will complete the Department of Education’s exit counseling online at www.nsls.ed.gov and www.studentaid.gov.
- Know the terms of any loan received by a student as part of the student’s financial assistance package.

Sample repayment plan: <https://studentaid.gov/loan-simulator/>

Amount Owed	6%	6.8%	7.5%	8.25%
\$1,000	\$50	\$50	\$50	\$50
\$2,000	\$50	\$50	\$50	\$50
\$3,000	\$50	\$50	\$50	\$50
\$4,000	\$50	\$50	\$50	\$50
\$5,000	\$56	\$58	\$59	\$61
\$6,000	\$67	\$69	\$71	\$74
\$7,000	\$78	\$81	\$83	\$86
\$8,000	\$89	\$92	\$95	\$98
\$9,000	\$100	\$104	\$107	\$110
\$10,000	\$111	\$115	\$119	\$123
\$15,000	\$167	\$173	\$178	\$184
\$20,000	\$222	\$230	\$237	\$245
\$25,000	\$278	\$288	\$297	\$307
\$30,000	\$333	\$345	\$356	\$368
\$35,000	\$389	\$403	\$415	\$429
\$40,000	\$444	\$460	\$475	\$491
\$45,000	\$500	\$518	\$534	\$552
\$50,000	\$555	\$575	\$594	\$613

How and when will financial aid is disbursed

Financial Aid and Title IV funds will be disbursed at the following: For 1500 hour students 0-450, 451-900, 901-1200, and 1201-1500 hours; for 600 hour students 0-300 and 301-600; transfer students’ payment periods will vary. Students must meet these clock hour requirements in order to be eligible for Title IV funding disbursement. Each student will be evaluated on an individual basis to determine eligibility based on total cumulative hours and weeks in each payment period.

Terms and Conditions under which students receive Federal Direct Loans:

The terms and conditions of any employment that is part of the financial aid package

Arthur’s Beauty College does not employ any students who are currently receiving financial aid and are attending the school programs.

The terms of, the schedule for, and the necessity of loan repayment and required loan exit counseling.

The formula for determining the amount of loans is:
(Cost of Attendance) – Minus (EFC) – Minus (estimated financial assistance)
= (Need for Federal Student Loan)

Application for Federal Student Loan:

To receive a Federal Student Loan, a student must complete a Free Application for Federal Student Aid and a Master Promissory Note. (MPN) Students must complete Entrance Counseling and a Master Promissory Note (MPN) at <https://studentaid.gov/entrance-counseling/> A printed confirmation and copy of MPN must be given to the Operations Manager. Borrowers' Rights and Responsibilities Statement must be provided to the borrower with the MPN.

Required borrower information on the MPN:

The MPN contains identifying information including name, permanent address, a date of birth, social security number, driver's license number, and two personal non-student adult references with U.S. addresses. The borrower must read, sign and date the MPN.

Adverse Credit History of Borrowers of Plus (Loan)

The parent may not have adverse credit to borrow a PLUS. This is defined in the regulations as the applicant being 90 days or more delinquent on a debt or having been subject in the first five years to a default determination, bankruptcy discharge, foreclosure, repossession, tax lien, wage garnishment or write off of an FSA debt. The absence of any credit history is not considered adverse credit. Lenders may establish more restrictive credit standards for determining adverse credit. If the parent borrower has an adverse credit history the applicant has the option of receiving a PLUS using a creditworthy endorser. If an endorser is used a separate Endorser Addendum is required for each PLUS loan. If an endorser is involved a new MPN must be used. The endorser is only liable for the specific loan or loans he/she has agreed to endorse.

School Certifies/Originates the Loan

The school's primary responsibilities in the loan application process are to ensure the completeness and accuracy of the MPN based on information it has available.

Checklist for loan certification:

For all Federal Student Loan programs applications: the school must:

- Confirm that the student and parent meet the definition of eligible borrower. This would include the student's grade level, loan period and the amounts of the disbursements as well as the student's enrollment status and anticipated completion/graduation date. The school must confirm the student's dependency status for PLUS. Check on NSLDS to check the student's financial aid history, including loan limits. It must document the student's COA, EFC and estimated Financial Aid in the student's file. It must be available to the lender, guarantor, or the Department.
- Determine the student's enrollment status and SAP
- Review NSLDS information on ISIR to ensure that the student (or both the student and parent in the case of PLUS loan) is not in default on any FSA loan and does not owe a refund on any FSA grant or scholarship and will not exceed the annual or aggregate loan limits applicable to borrowers.
- Ensure the amount of the loan in combination with other aid will not exceed the student's financial need or the annual or aggregate loan limit.

For the Federal Student Loan the school must also:

- Determine the student's Pell grant eligibility (for a subsidized Federal Student Loan the need analysis must use official EFC calculated by the Department to determine the student's financial need), and if eligible include the grant in the student's aid package.
- For an unsubsidized Federal Student Loan, first determine the student's eligibility for a Federal Student Loan
- Prorate Federal Student Loan for programs of study that are shorter than an academic year and for programs in which the remaining period of study is less than an academic year in length
- Ensure that the loan disbursement dates meet the cash management and disbursement requirements for Federal Student Loan.

A separate PLUS MPN is required for each dependent student or if both parents want to borrow individually on behalf of the student.

Additional Unsub Federal Student Loan:

Dependent students whose parents are unable to borrow PLUS loans due to adverse credit or other exceptional circumstances may receive additional unsubsidized amounts at the same level as independent undergrad students. The amounts are limited.

Guidelines for determining student's eligibility:

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- Parent's unwillingness to borrow a PLUS does not make the dependent student eligible.
- The aid administrator's belief that a parent should not borrow a PLUS does not make the student eligible.
- Only one parent must apply for a PLUS and be denied based on adverse credit history. However, if both parents apply independently and one is approved and one denied, the student is not eligible for increased loan amounts.
- The parents denied of PLUS based on adverse credit in one year does not support the dependent's eligibility in subsequent years.
- The dependent student may become eligible at anytime during an academic year if the parent has been approved and later denied.

Scheduling Disbursements

Disbursements will be established with the lender. This is the date that the funds are disbursed to the student, in keeping with the three day turnaround time for payment of FSA funds to the student. For Federal Student Loan the school may request a lender to provide funds by the thirty first day of classes for the first payment period for a first year, first time borrower.

Exit Counseling

All students who are graduating or withdrawing from school must receive exit counseling. The school will ensure that students receive exit counseling before they leave school. Counseling may be provided in person or using audiovisual materials. As with entrance counseling, exit counseling is offered on the Web at <https://studentaid.gov/exit-counseling/>. Student borrowers should be advised to complete online exit counseling or come to the counseling session at the school shortly before graduating or ceasing at least half-time enrollment. Financial Aid Staff at Arthur's Beauty College are reasonably available to answer questions from student borrowers. One of the borrowers' obligations is to participate in an exit counseling session.

Some of the same material presented at the entrance counseling session will again be presented during exit counseling. The emphasis shifts to more specific information about loan repayment and debt-management strategies. The following information will be provided as part of exit counseling:

1. Exit counseling emphasizes the seriousness and importance of the repayment obligation.
2. The lender sends payment coupons or billing statements as a convenience for the borrowers. Not receiving them does not relieve the borrower of his or her obligation to make payments.
3. Many lenders encourage borrowers to set up electronic debiting bank accounts to repay their loans.

The regulations require that exit counseling describes the likely consequences of default, including adverse credit reports, and litigation. Students will be informed of the charges that might be imposed for delinquency or default, such as lenders or guarantor's collection expenses (including attorney's fees). Defaulters often find that repayment schedules for loans that have been accelerated are more stringent than the original repayment schedule. A defaulter is no longer eligible for any deferment provisions, even if he or she would otherwise qualify. The defaulter's federal and state tax refunds may be seized, and wages garnished, and the borrower loses eligibility or any further funding from the FSA programs.

The student will receive an explanation of the use of the Master Promissory Note. The student will be advised to read carefully the MPN and the Borrowers Rights and responsibilities statement again.

Emphasis will be given that repayment is required, regardless of educational outcome or subsequent employability. The student borrower will be informed that they are obligated to repay the full loan even if they did not finish the program, cannot obtain a job after graduation, or is dissatisfied with the school's educational program or other services.

Sample monthly repayment accounts will be provided. The borrower will be given an estimate of the average anticipated monthly payments based on their indebtedness (or the average indebtedness of Stafford borrowers at our school or in the same program). The borrower will receive a sample loan repayment schedule based on their total indebtedness. A loan repayment schedule will usually provide more information than just the expected monthly payment. For instance, it would show the varying monthly amounts expected in a graduated repayment plan. The lending organization is not required to send the repayment schedule to the student until the grace period.

Repayment options will be reviewed with the student. The counseling will review the payment options, such as the standard, extended, graduated and income-contingent income sensitive plans. The option of consolidating loans will also be discussed. Consolidation loans are available through the Federal Direct Student Loan Program.

Debt Management Strategies will be discussed. The counselor will stress the importance of developing a realistic budget, based on the student's minimum salary requirements. It is helpful to have the student's budget reflect the loan payment as a fixed cost, like rent and utilities.

Forbearance, deferment, and cancellation options will be discussed including:

1. If a student cannot make scheduled payments and does not qualify for a deferment, the lender may allow the student to temporarily make smaller payments or temporarily stop making payments. Interest continues to be charged during forbearance. Some reasons why forbearance may be granted are financial hardship and/or illness. The lender must grant forbearance if the student has a monthly debt burden for Title IV loans that collectively equals or exceeds 20% of their total monthly gross income (for up to three years) There are several other reasons listed in the Borrowers Rights and Responsibilities.
2. Deferments mean that the student does not have to make payments in certain circumstances. If the student is attending school at least half-time, or if the student is unemployed, if the student is experiencing economic hardship as determined by federal law for up to three years. (See student's rights and responsibilities).

The terms and conditions under which students receiving federal student loans may obtain deferments. The following lists of deferments are available to students who have federal student loans.

Deferment Definitions

1. Action Programs Deferment
Borrowers may postpone payments with this deferment type while serving full-time in the Action Programs for at least one year.
2. Armed Forces Deferment
This deferment type may be used to postpone payments for a borrower serving in the military on active duty status.
3. Dependent Student Enrolled at Least Half-time Deferment
Borrowers may postpone payments on a PLUS loan when the dependent student for whose education the loan was disbursed is enrolled at least half-time at an eligible school.
4. Dependent Student Enrolled Full-time Deferment
Borrowers may postpone payments on a PLUS loan when the dependent student for whose education the loan was disbursed is enrolled full-time at an eligible school.
5. Dependent Student in a Full-time Rehabilitation Training Program Deferment
Borrowers may postpone payments on a PLUS loan when the dependent student for whose education the loan was disbursed is engaged in a full-time rehabilitation training program.
6. Economic Hardship Deferment
This deferment postpones payments for a borrower during times of financial difficulty where the borrower receives public assistance, serves in the Peace Corps, receives the deferment on a Direct or Perkins loan, or meets specific income criteria.
7. Full-time Student Deferment
Any borrower who is certified by an eligible school as enrolled on a full-time basis may receive this deferment.
8. Graduate Fellowship Deferment
This deferment type postpones payments for borrowers engaged in a full-time course of study in a Graduate Fellowship program.
9. Internship/Residency Deferment
This deferment type postpones payments for a borrower engaged in an Internship/Residency program.
10. Less than Full-time but at Least Half-time Student
In order to qualify for this deferment, an eligible school must certify that the borrower is enrolled at least half-time.
11. National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA) Deferment
Borrowers serving in the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA) on active duty status may use this deferment type to postpone payments.
12. Parental Leave Deferment
This deferment type may postpone payments for a pregnant borrower or one caring for a newborn child or a newly adopted child.
13. Peace Corps Deferment
Borrowers may postpone payments with this deferment type while serving in the Peace Corps for at least one year.
14. Public Health Service Deferment

This deferment type postpones payments for borrowers serving full-time as an officer in the Commissioned Corps of the Public Health Service.

15. Rehabilitation Training Deferment

This deferment type is available for borrowers engaged in a full-time rehabilitation training program.

16. Tax-exempt Organization Deferment

This deferment type may postpone payments for full-time paid volunteers in a tax-exempt organization.

17. Teacher Shortage Area Deferment

This deferment type is available to borrowers when teaching in a designated teacher shortage area.

18. Temporary Total Disability Deferment

This deferment type may postpone payments for a borrower with a condition that prevents them from working or going to school, or who is caring for a disabled person.

19. Unemployment Deferment

This deferment type postpones payments for borrowers who are seeking full-time employment through registry with an employment agency or are receiving unemployment benefits.

20. Working Mother Deferment

This deferment type may postpone payments for mothers who recently re-entered the workforce.

The student will be informed of the Availability of Loan Information on NSLDS and the availability of the FSA Ombudsman's Office. The borrower's loan history can be reviewed on NSLDS (PIN required for access). Students without Internet access can identify their loan holder by calling 1-800-4-fed-aid. The borrower will be made aware that the information on the NSLDS site is updated by lenders and guarantors and may not be as current as the latest information from the loan holder. The Ombudsman's Office is a resource for borrowers when other approaches to resolving student loan problems have failed. Normally the bank and/or guarantor can help with any problem.

Review the Student's Rights and Responsibilities: The student received this with the MPN at the beginning of the loan process and it should be reviewed again at the exit interview.

The importance of keeping loan records will be reinforced with the student. The borrower should keep the loan repayment schedule provided by the lender when repayment begins as well as records of loan payments—including cancelled checks, money order receipts. The student should keep copies of any requests for deferment or forbearance, or any other correspondence with the loan holder.

Arthur's Beauty College will collect and update personal and contact information: During exit counseling, the Operations Manager will obtain the borrower's expected permanent address after leaving school, the address of the borrower's next of kin, and the name and address of the borrower's expected employer (if known). A school will correct its records to reflect any changes in the borrower's name, address, Social Security Number, or references and will obtain the borrower's current driver's license number and state of issue. It will be stressed that a borrower must make payments on their loans even if the borrower does not receive a payment booklet or a billing notice.

If the student borrower drops out without notifying the school, we will confirm that the student has either completed online counseling or exit counseling material will be emailed to the borrower at their last known email address. The material must be emailed within 30 days of learning that a borrower has withdrawn or failed to participate in an exit counseling session. When we email these exit materials, we must document in the student's file that the materials were sent. If the student fails to complete the Exit Counseling material including the contact information, we are not required to take any further action.

Grace Period: Once the student withdraws, leaves school or graduates on the subsidized loans there is a grace period of six months. During this time no interest accrues on the subsidized loan. On an unsubsidized loan the interest is paid during the loan period but the principal is not paid until after the grace period. The borrower has a choice of paying the interest or having it capitalized – adding the accrued interest to the original loan principal. PLUS loan repayment begins sixty days after the second disbursement and interest begins at that point.

Repayment on all loans is up to ten years with a minimum repayment of \$50.00 per month.

The criteria for measuring satisfactory academic progress (See copy of catalog for the SAP policy)

General Information about the school

See [catalog](#) for the name, addresses and phone numbers of all agencies that have approval over Arthur's Beauty College.

By putting a request in writing to the school director you may review the letter of accreditation and the license or letter of approval from the state agency that approves the school. This request will be honored within 30 days of receiving the written request.

Special facilities and services available to disabled students.

No qualified handicapped person, by reason of handicap, will be excluded from enrolling in a course of instruction. Arthur’s Beauty College has provided accommodations for handicapped students. Additionally, the school will exert its best effort to provide reasonable requirements for the handicapped person by nature of their handicap. If you would like to request academic adjustment or auxiliary aids, please contact the Director of Education. You may request academic adjustments or auxiliary aids at any time. The Director of Education is responsible for coordinating compliance with Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 and Title III of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990. Applicants who are persons with disabilities, as defined in paragraph 104.3 (j) of the regulation under Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, may apply for admittance into the program. Arthur’s Beauty College will work with the applicant or student to determine whether reasonable accommodation can be effective and/or are available.

Any qualified individual with a disability requesting an accommodation or auxiliary aid or service should follow this procedure:

- 1) Notify the Director of Education in writing of the type of accommodation needed, date needed, documentation of the nature and extent of the disability, and of the need for the accommodation or auxiliary aid. The request should be made at least four weeks in advance of the date needed. You may contact the Director of Education by telephone at 501-982-8987.
- 2) The Director of Education will respond within two weeks of receiving the request.

Cost of attending the school

Programs	Tuition and fees	Books and Equipment	Room and Board		Transportation cost		Misc Cost	
			Independ	Depend	Independ	Depend	Independ	Depend
Cosmetology	17348	2323.00 *applicable sales tax added	N/A	N/A	2256	2256	15264	9444
Instructor	3608.00	176.95 *applicable sales tax added	N/A	N/A	880	880	6012	3747

A statement of the requirements for the return of Title IV funds when a student withdraws from school, information about any refund policy with which the school must comply, and the requirements for officially withdrawing from the school.

RETURN TO TITLE IV FUNDS POLICY

Arthur’s Beauty College is required by the Department of Education to provide students with all refund policies applicable at the institution as well as information on the Title IV requirements for determining the amount of Title IV funds a student has earned when he/she withdraws.

Title IV funds are awarded to a student under the assumption that the student will attend school for the entire period for which the assistance is awarded. If a student withdraws, they may no longer be eligible for the full amount of Title IV funds that they were initially awarded.

- Payment Periods

Listed below are the payment periods in which students are disbursed Title IV funds. The disbursement is made at the beginning of each pay period. If the student withdraws, a Return of Title IV funds may be required. Transfer student payment periods will vary.

Cosmetology – 1500 Clock Hours				
Payment Periods	0-450	451-900	901-1200	1201-1500

Instructor – 600 Clock Hours	
Payment Periods	0-300 301-600

- Withdrawal from the School

When a student officially or unofficially withdraws from their course of study and a withdrawal date and determination date have been determined, a refund calculation (R2T4) is performed.

- Determination Date

The date of determination is defined as the date that the school determines when the student dropped.

In the event student misses 14 consecutive days of school, a refund calculation (R2T4) will be performed on the 14th day. The withdrawal date will be the students' last day of physical attendance and the 14th day missed will be the date determined.

In the event a student does not return from a Leave of Absence on the scheduled date or if the student notifies the school that they will not be returning from Leave of Absence, a refund calculation (R2T4) will be performed on the earlier of the two dates. The withdrawal date will be the students' last day of physical attendance and either the scheduled return date or the date the student notifies the school they will not be returning, whichever date is earlier, will be the date determined.

- Official Withdrawal

When a student officially withdraws from their course of study, the date determined will be the date that the student notifies Arthur's Beauty College. In the event we receive notification of termination via the U.S. Postal Service, the postmark date will serve as the date of determination.

- Unofficial Withdrawal

If a student does not officially withdraw, Arthur's Beauty College will determine a withdrawal date and determination date and proceed with the Return to Title IV (R2T4) calculations set forth by the Department of Education. All refunds due to the Dept. of Education will be returned within 45 days from the date of determination of withdrawal. Unofficial withdrawals are determined through monitoring attendance daily and students are dropped after 14 consecutive missed days.

- Return of Unearned Title IV Funds

If a Title IV financial aid recipient withdraws from their course of study after beginning attendance but prior to course completion, a calculation for return of Title IV funds will be completed based on the guidelines set out by the Department of Education and any applicable returns by the school shall be paid. Unearned funds must be returned to the Department of Education within 45 days from the date the institution determined that the student withdrew.

The order in which Title IV funds are returned are as follows:

- a. Federal Direct Loan Program Unsubsidized –(FDLPU)
- b. Federal Direct Loan Program Subsidized –(FDLPS)
- c. Federal Direct Loan Program PLUS–(PLUSD)
- d. Federal Pell Grant
- e. Federal, State, private or institutional student financial aid programs
- f. Student

After all applicable returns to Title IV aid have been made, this refund policy will apply to determine the amount earned by the school and owed by the student. If the student has received personal payments of Title IV aid, he/she may be required to refund the aid to the applicable program. If the amount disbursed to the student is less than the amount the student earned and is eligible for, the student is eligible to receive a post-withdrawal disbursement of the earned aid that was not received. Any refunds due to the student will be made within 14 days.

- Determination of Title IV Earned by the Student

Up through the 60% point in each payment period, a calculation is used to determine the amount of Title IV funds the student has earned at the time of withdrawal. After the 60% point in the payment period, a student has earned 100% of the Title IV funds.

Return of Title IV Funds Notes:

Only the Title IV programs are to be included in this calculation.

You must keep in mind that when you apply for financial aid, you sign a statement that you will use the funds for educational purposes only. Therefore, if you withdraw before completing your program, a portion of the funds you received may have to be returned. The school will calculate the amount of tuition it must return to the Federal funds according to the policies listed below:

The Return of Title IV Funds is NOT a Refund Policy. Instead, the Federal regulations (beginning with October 7, 2000) require the use of a Return to Title IV calculation to determine the amount of Title IV funds a student has earned as of the date he or she ceases attendance. Any student receiving Title IV funds will be subject to these regulations.

The law specifies how your school must determine the amount of Title IV program assistance that you earn if you withdraw from school. The Title IV programs that are covered by this law are: Federal Pell Grants, Federal Direct Stafford Loans, PLUS Loans, Federal Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grants (FSEOGs), Federal Perkins Loans and in some cases, certain state grant aid (LEAP/SLEAP), GEAR UP grants, and SSS grants to students.

When you withdraw during your payment period or period of enrollment (your school can define these for you and tell you which one applies) the amount of Title IV program assistance that you have earned up to that point is determined by a specific formula. If you received (or your school or parent received on your behalf) less assistance than the amount that you earned, you may be able to receive those additional funds. If you received more assistance than you earned, the excess funds must be returned by the school and/or you.

The amount of assistance that you have earned is determined on a pro rata basis. For example, if you completed 30% of your payment period or period of enrollment, you earn 30% of the assistance you were originally scheduled to receive. Once you have completed more than 60% of the payment period or period of enrollment, you earn all the assistance that you were scheduled to receive for that period.

If you did not receive all of the funds that you earned, you may be due a post-withdrawal disbursement. If the post-withdrawal disbursement includes loan funds, you may choose to decline the loan funds so that you don't incur additional debt. Your school may automatically use all or a portion of your post-withdrawal disbursement (including loan funds, if you accept them) for tuition, fees, and room and board charges (as contracted with the school). For all other school charges, the school needs your permission to use the post-withdrawal disbursement. If you do not give your permission (which some schools ask for when you enroll), you will be offered the funds directly. However, it may be in your best interest to allow the school to keep the funds to reduce your debt at the school.

If a student earned more aid than was disbursed to him/her, the institution would owe the student a post-withdrawal disbursement. From the date the institution determined the student withdrew, grant funds must be paid within 45 days, and loan funds must be paid within 180 days.

Return of Unearned Aid is allocated in the following order:

- Unsubsidized Federal Direct Stafford Loan
- Subsidized Federal Direct Stafford Loan
- Federal Direct Parent (Plus) Loan
- Federal Pell Grant
- Other Title IV Assistance

There are some Title IV funds that you were scheduled to receive that you cannot *earn* once you withdraw because of other eligibility requirements. For example, if you are a first-time, first-year undergraduate student and you have not completed the first 30 days of your program before you withdraw, you will not earn any Direct loan funds that you would have received had you remained enrolled past the 30th day.

Title IV Future Professionals reentering within 180 days of withdrawal date will resume at the same status as prior to withdrawal. If you receive (or your school or parents receive on your behalf) excess Title IV program funds that must be returned, your school must return a portion of the excess equal to the lesser of:

1. Your institutional charges multiplied by the unearned percentage of your funds, or
2. The entire amount of excess funds.

The school must return this amount even if it did not keep this amount of your Title IV program funds.

If your school is not required to return all of the excess funds, you must return the remaining amount. Any loan funds that you must return, you (or your parent for a PLUS Loan) repay in accordance with the terms of the promissory note. That is, you make scheduled

payments to the holder of the loan over a period of time.

Any amount of unearned grant funds that you must return is called an *overpayment*. The amount of a grant overpayment that you must repay is half of the received amount. You must make arrangements with your school or the Department of Education to return the unearned grant funds.

The requirements for Title IV program funds when you withdraw are separate from any refund policy that your school may have. Therefore, you may still owe funds to the school to cover unpaid institutional charges. Your school may also charge you for any Title IV program funds that the school was required to return. If you don't already know what your school's refund policy is, you can ask your school for a copy. Your school can also provide you with the requirements and procedures for officially withdrawing from school.

If you have questions about your Title IV program funds, you can call the Federal Student Aid Information Center at 1-800-4-FEDAID (1-800-433-3243). TTY users may call 1-800-730-8913. Information is also available on *Student Aid on the Web* at www.studentaid.ed.gov.

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NOTE: If the initial amount of the overpayment owed by the student is \$25.00 or less, the student repayment requirement is forgiven

The certificate programs, training, and other education programs offered; See school catalog for list of program or programs being taught.

The availability of a GED program, if the school admits students who do not have a high school diploma or equivalent
Arthur's Beauty College does not offer a GED program as part of the Institution.

Instructional, laboratory, and other school facilities associated with academic programs;

See school [catalog](#) for description of school facilities

Campus Security Act

This information pertains to the Campus Security Act. Arthur's Beauty College makes this information available to all students, employees, and applicants for enrollment or employment, as required by the United States Department of Education. See the [U.S. Department of Education's Postsecondary Education web site](#) for detailed statistics.

1. Arthur's Beauty College places a high priority on safety. In an effort to make the campus safe, students and employees should periodically inspect their surroundings; become familiar with all safety and health procedures; identify and report unsafe conditions in writing; and, report accidents immediately.
2. Security incidents which pose a threat to your safety if not made public, will be communicated to students through the instructors or posted on the bulletin board in the open area of the location where the threat occurred.

The school's campus security report; this report must be updated each year on October 1.

CRIME STATISTICS

In accordance with the Jeanne Cleary Disclosure of Campus Security Policy and Campus Crime Statistics Act the school collects crime statistics as the basis for the Annual Security Report that is made available to students, employees, applicants, for enrollment or employment. Campus is defined as any building or property owned or controlled by the school within the same contiguous area used by the school in direct support of related to its educational purpose. The following criminal offenses, published October 1, 2023, include any crime statistics that occurred on campus during the previous three-year period. Updated annually in October.

Crimes Reported	2020	2021	2022	Location:	
				C=Campus N=Non-campus P=Public Area	*Hate Crime
Murder (Includes non-negligent manslaughter)	0	0	0		0

Negligent manslaughter	0	0	0		0
Sex offenses (forcible)	0	0	0		0
Sex offenses (non-forcible)	0	0	0		0
Robbery	0	0	0		0
Aggravated assaults	0	0	0		0
Burglaries	0	0	0		0
Motor Vehicle Thefts (on Campus)	0	0	0		0
Arson	0	0	0		0
Any other Crime involving bodily injury	0	0	0		0
Domestic Violence	0	0	0		0
Dating Violence	0	0	0		0
Stalking	0	0	0		0

Number of arrest made for the following crimes	2020	2021	2022	Referred for campus disciplinary action? (Yes)(No)
Liquor Laws	0	0	0	
Drug Laws	0	0	0	
Illegal Weapons Possession	0	0	0	

*** Hate Offenses:**

The above crimes of murder, manslaughter, arson, forcible rape and aggravated assault that show evidence of prejudice based on race, religion, sexual orientation, ethnicity or disability as prescribed by the Hate Crimes Statistics Act (28 U.S.C 534) occurred.

Arthur's Beauty College encourages all students and employees to be responsible for their own security and the security of others. Please report any known criminal offenses occurring on campus to the school administration. In the event a sex offense should occur on campus, the victim should take the following steps:

1. Report the offense to the school administration.
2. Preserve any evidence as may be necessary to the proof of the criminal offense.
3. Request assistance, if desired, from school administration in reporting the crime to local law enforcement agencies.
4. Request a change in the academic situation if necessary.

Information for Crime Victim about disciplinary hearings:

Institution must, upon written request disclose to the alleged victim of any crime of violence, or a non forcible sex offense, the results of any disciplinary proceeding conducted by the institution against a student who is the alleged perpetrator of such crime or offense. If the alleged victim is deceased as a result of the crime or offense, the information shall be provided, upon request to the next of kin of the alleged victim. This provision applies to any disciplinary proceeding conducted by the institution on or after August 14, 2009 (HEOA amendment).

Convicted sex offenders residing in the county in which the school is located are required to register with the County Sheriff's office for a designated period of time. You can obtain more information by accessing the following website <https://static.ark.org/acic/contact.html> or by contacting the Arkansas Crime Information Center located at One Capitol Mall, Little Rock, Arkansas 72201, whose phone number is (501) 682-2222.

Contacts for information on student financial assistance and general institutional issues that a student may be eligible for FSA program funds for attending a study abroad program that is approved for credit by the home school; Arthur's Beauty College does not currently have any agreements with any institutions overseas for training of students where credit received would be used to meet the graduation requirements of Arthur's Beauty College.

Information regarding the availability of FSA program funds for study abroad programs.

If you are currently receiving financial aid from Arthur's Beauty College and the school has a program for study abroad, you can use it for the study abroad program. Talk to your financial aid officer about what can and can't be applied to a program of study abroad.

The Higher Education Act (HEA) of 1992 mandated that a student can receive financial aid for study abroad if the student is enrolled in a program approved by the home institution. Moreover, the student would be eligible to receive "grants, loans, or work assistance

without regard to whether the study abroad program is required as a part of the student's degree."

Drug and alcohol abuse information:

Last updated as of April 2024. [LINK TO INFORMATION](#)

Last date distributed to all employees and currently enrolled students: It is given to staff upon employment and to students during enrollment.

Completion/graduation rates for the general student body

2022 Completion, Licensure and Placement Rates

Cosmetology Program Rates	Jacksonville	Conway	Jonesboro
Completion	83.33%	80.56%	71%
Licensure	93.33%	100%	96.77%
Placement	86.67%	100%	96.97%

Instructor Program	Jonesboro
Completion	100%
Licensure	100%
Placement	100%

There were no Instructor students scheduled to graduate in 2022 at the Conway or Jacksonville campuses.

Student Body Diversity

Arthur’s Beauty College must make available to current and prospective students information about student body diversity, including the percentage of enrolled, full-time students in the following categories: Male, Female, Self-identified members of a major racial or ethnic group, and Federal Pell Grant recipients.

Conway Campus

<https://nces.ed.gov/collegenavigator/?id=445540#finaid>

Jacksonville Campus

<https://nces.ed.gov/collegenavigator/?id=106494>

Jonesboro Campus

<https://nces.ed.gov/collegenavigator/?id=489830>

Type of Employment Students might expect to enter:

Cosmetologist

Teach Out Plan:

Our accrediting agency requires that all schools have a “Teach Out Plan” in the event of a school closure. Arthur’s Beauty College maintains this plan.

FERPA

The Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA) is a Federal law that protects the privacy of student education records. The law applies to all schools that receive funds under an applicable program of the U.S. Department of Education. FERPA gives parents certain rights with respect to their children's education records. These rights transfer to the student when he or she reaches the age of 18 or attends a school beyond the high school level.

Students to whom the rights have transferred are "eligible students."

- Parents or eligible students have the right to inspect and review the student's education records maintained by the school. Schools are not required to provide copies of records unless, for reasons such as great distance, it is impossible for parents or

eligible students to review the records. Schools may charge a fee for copies.

- Parents or eligible students have the right to request that a school correct records, which they believe to be inaccurate or misleading. If the school decides not to amend the record, the parent or eligible student then has the right to a formal hearing. After the hearing, if the school still decides not to amend the record, the parent or eligible student has the right to place a statement with the record setting forth his or her view about the contested information.
- Generally, schools must have written permission from the parent or eligible student in order to release any information from a student's education record. However, FERPA allows schools to disclose those records, without consent, to the following parties or under the following conditions:
 - School officials with legitimate educational interest;
 - Other schools to which a student is transferring;
 - Specified officials for audit or evaluation purposes;
 - Appropriate parties in connection with financial aid to a student;
 - Organizations conducting certain studies for or on behalf of the school;
 - Accrediting organizations;
 - To comply with a judicial order or lawfully issued subpoena;
 - Appropriate officials in cases of health and safety emergencies; and
 - State and local authorities, within a juvenile justice system, pursuant to specific State law.

Schools may disclose, without consent, "directory" information such as a student's name, address, telephone number, date and place of birth, honors and awards, and dates of attendance. However, schools must tell parents and eligible students about directory information and allow parents and eligible students a reasonable amount of time to request that the school not disclose directory information about them. Schools must notify parents and eligible students annually of their rights under FERPA. The actual means of notification (special letter, inclusion in a PTA bulletin, student handbook, or newspaper article) is left to the discretion of each school.

A list of the faculty and other instructional personnel;

See the [catalog](#) for a list of school faculty and instructional staff.

Code of Conduct

1. No action will be taken by financial aid staff that is for their personal benefit or could be perceived to be a conflict of interest. Employees within the financial aid office will not award aid to themselves or their immediate family members. Staff will reserve this task to an institutionally designated person, to avoid the appearance of a conflict of interest.

If a preferred lender list is provided, it will be compiled without prejudice and for the sole benefit of the students attending the institution. The information included about lenders and loan terms will be transparent, complete, and accurate. The complete process through which preferred lenders are selected will be fully and publicly disclosed. Borrowers will not be auto-assigned to any particular lender.

- A borrower's choice of a lender will not be denied, impeded, or unnecessarily delayed by the institution, even if that lender is not included on the institution's preferred lender list.
- No amount of cash, gift, or benefit in excess of a de minimis amount shall be accepted by a financial aid staff member from any financial aid applicant (or his/her family), or from any entity doing business with or seeking to do business with the institution (including service on advisory committees or boards beyond reimbursement for reasonable expenses directly associated with such service).

2. Information provided by the financial aid office is accurate, unbiased, and does not reflect preference arising from actual or potential personal gain.

3. Institutional financial aid offers and/or other institutionally provided materials shall include the following:

- A breakdown of individual components of the institution's Cost of Attendance, designating all potential billable charges.
- Clear identification of each aid being offered, indicating type of aid, i.e. gift aid (grant, scholarship), work or loan.
- Standard terminology and definitions, using NASFAA's glossary of terms.
- Renewal requirements for each aid being offered.

4. All required consumer information is displayed in a prominent location on the institutional web site(s) and in any printed materials, easily identified and found, and labeled as "Federal Consumer Information."

5. Financial aid professionals will disclose to their institution any involvement, interest in or potential conflict of interest with any entity with which the institution has a business relationship.

Copyright Infringement Policy

At Arthur's Beauty College we abide by the provisions of the federal Digital Millennium Copyright Act (DMCA), which requires prompt response to claims of copyright infringement by copyright holders or their agents. Arthur's Beauty College explicitly informs all that unauthorized peer-to-peer file sharing, may subject you to civil and criminal liabilities. If the Arthur's Beauty College receives an allegation of copyright infringement based on your use of the school's computers, the matter will be referred to the Director for further investigation. If you are found responsible after meeting with the Director, you are subject to disciplinary action including loss of network access, suspension or termination from school, and/or restitution or community service. The Internet is an essential tool in everyone's lives for both academic and everyday pursuits. Along with these benefits come responsibilities. One of the most critical is conforming to the copyright laws governing music, movies, games, and software over the Internet. You must have the consent of the copyright holder to make copies. The consequences of copyright infringement also extend outside of the institution. Copyright holders may assess civil liability and even criminal prosecution. Recently, the Recording Industry Association of America (RIAA) has adopted the practice of sending schools pre-litigation settlement letters to be forwarded to individuals offering them "the opportunity to resolve copyright infringement claims against them at a discounted rate." Published reports indicate that the minimum settlement is \$3,000.00 per case. Another reason to be careful with file-sharing programs is that the installation procedures for most of them enable default open access worldwide to information on your system; thus, the integrity of your computer and personal information can be compromised through illegal file sharing, including making you vulnerable to identity theft. For more information, please see the website of the U.S. Copyright Office at www.copyright.gov, especially their FAQ's at www.copyright.gov/help/faq.

Constitution Day

In September of each year Arthur's Beauty College will hold a day dedicated to the Constitution of the United States. As part of that day the school shows a video on the Constitution for our students to watch during a designated time to commemorate the signing of the Constitution.

Vaccination Policy

Arthur's Beauty College currently does not have a policy on vaccination. The Arkansas Dept. of Health – Cosmetology Section does not require a licensee to have had any types of vaccinations.

Transfer Policy

All certified hours of cosmetology and instructor are transferable. Transfer hours from another institution are counted as both attempted and completed hours for the purpose of determining when the allowable maximum timeframe has been exhausted. In order to receive credit for test scores from your previous cosmetology school, we will require a transcript from the school which lists all tests that have been taken.

We do not have an articulation agreement with any other schools. Programs are only offered by Arthur's Beauty College, no other entities.

What the Acronyms Mean

EFC	Expected Family Contributions
GED	General Education Diploma
MPN	Master Promissory Note
PLUSD	Parent Loan for Undergraduate Students
FSA	Federal Student Aid
NSLDS	National Student Loan Data System
COA	Cost of Attendance
SAP	Satisfactory Academic Progress
ISIR	Institutional Student Information Report
FDLPU	Federal Direct Loan Program Unsubsidized

FSEOG	Federal Supplemental Educational Opportunity Grant
SLEAP	Special Leveraging Educational Assistance Partnership
LEAP	Leveraging Educational Assistance Partnership
GEARUP	Gaining Early Awareness and Readiness for Undergraduate Programs
SSS	Student Support Services
FDLPS	Federal Direct Loan Program Subsidized
FERPA	Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act