

# A GUIDE TO MEDICAL AND LEGAL DECISIONS

## Planning for Your Peace of Mind



*Revised 9/2021*



*Dear Friend,*

*This booklet was designed to assist you in pre-planning by providing frequently asked questions and general information on MIPeace of Mind Registry, Funeral Representative designation, Michigan's Statutory Will and Patient Advocate law, and organ donation.*

*This booklet is not intended to replace the advice of legal professionals when it comes to making long-term care and end-of-life decisions.*

*For additional information or if you are in need of a referral for legal counsel, please contact:*

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Prepared by the Michigan Legislature

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# PERSONAL RECORDS

# PERSONAL RECORDS

OF

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*(Your full legal name)*

A RESIDENT OF THE  
STATE OF MICHIGAN

Address \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

Telephone number \_\_\_\_\_

Date completed \_\_\_\_\_

# YOUR WILL

Do you have a Will?  Yes  No If yes, where is it kept? \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_  
Name and address of personal representative \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_  
Name and address of Attorney/Law Firm if you use one \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_  
Date of most recent Will \_\_\_\_\_

The date is important. You should review your Will if there are any changes in circumstances such as marriage; divorce; change in assets; birth or adoption of children since the will was signed; death of any beneficiaries; changes in state or federal law; change of residence; unavailability of witnesses; or death, age, or failing powers of the person named as personal representative.

REMEMBER: If you do not have a Will, your estate will be distributed as provided by state law. Its formula for distribution may not be the same as you would want. Your wishes and your family's special needs can best be satisfied if you make a Will.

# REAL ESTATE

Do you own real estate (for instance, a home, land or other)?  Yes  No

If yes, provide the following information:

**Real Estate #1** \_\_\_\_\_  
(*Real estate name and location*)

List names and addresses on the title for this real estate \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_  
Is there a mortgage on the property?  Yes  No

If yes, mortgage company name \_\_\_\_\_

**Real Estate #1** *(Continued)*

List names on the mortgage \_\_\_\_\_

The deed, a copy of the mortgage, survey, title insurance policy, and closing documents are

kept \_\_\_\_\_

Real estate tax receipts are kept \_\_\_\_\_

Insurance policies, like fire and liability, are kept \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

For advice as to keeping or selling the property, consult \_\_\_\_\_

whose contact information is \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

**Real Estate #2** \_\_\_\_\_

*(Real estate name and location)*

List names and addresses on the title for this real estate \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

Is there a mortgage on the property?  Yes  No

If yes, mortgage company name \_\_\_\_\_

List names on the mortgage \_\_\_\_\_

The deed, a copy of the mortgage, survey, title insurance policy, and closing documents are

kept \_\_\_\_\_

Real estate tax receipts are kept \_\_\_\_\_

Insurance policies, like fire and liability, are kept \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

For advice as to keeping or selling the property, consult \_\_\_\_\_

whose contact information is \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_



**Real Estate # 3**

*(Real estate name and location)*

List names and addresses on the title for this real estate \_\_\_\_\_

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Is there a mortgage on the property?  Yes  No

If yes, mortgage company name \_\_\_\_\_

List names on the mortgage \_\_\_\_\_

The deed, a copy of the mortgage, survey, title insurance policy, and closing documents are

kept \_\_\_\_\_

Real estate tax receipts are kept \_\_\_\_\_

Insurance policies, like fire and liability, are kept \_\_\_\_\_

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For advice as to keeping or selling the property, consult \_\_\_\_\_

whose contact information is \_\_\_\_\_

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**Additional Notes**

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## LIFE INSURANCE

Do you have life insurance?  Yes  No

If yes, company name and policy number \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

Is the life insurance in trust?  Yes  No

If yes, list the trustee name and contact information \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

List beneficiary(ies) of this policy(ies) \_\_\_\_\_

Policy(ies) are kept \_\_\_\_\_

Are there any unpaid loans secured by this policy(ies)?  Yes  No

If yes, list lender contact information \_\_\_\_\_

Name of your insurance advisor \_\_\_\_\_

Insurance advisor contact information \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

## MILITARY, FRATERNAL, OR COMPANY INSURANCE

Do you have military, fraternal, or company insurance?  Yes  No

If yes, company name and policy number \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

Is the life insurance in trust?  Yes  No

If yes, list the trustee name and contact information \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

List beneficiary(ies) of this policy(ies) \_\_\_\_\_

Policy(ies) are kept \_\_\_\_\_

Are there any unpaid loans secured by this policy(ies)?  Yes  No

If yes, list lender contact information \_\_\_\_\_

Name of your insurance advisor \_\_\_\_\_

Insurance advisor contact information \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

## OTHER PERSONAL INSURANCE

Do you have health and accident insurance?  Yes  No

If yes, company name and policy number \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

Do you have hospitalization insurance?  Yes  No

If yes, company name and policy number \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

Do you have insurance for medical and surgical expenses?  Yes  No

If yes, company name and policy number \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

Policies are kept \_\_\_\_\_

## SOCIAL SECURITY

Social Security Number \_\_\_\_\_

Card is kept \_\_\_\_\_

Employment record is kept \_\_\_\_\_

## PENSION AND RETIREMENT INFORMATION

Do you have a pension or other retirement program?  Yes  No

If yes, company name and policy number \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

Is there a survivor benefit?  Yes  No

List beneficiary(ies) of this policy(ies) \_\_\_\_\_

Address \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

# FAMILY RECORDS

List your birthplace \_\_\_\_\_  
*(Hospital name, city, state)*

Your birth date \_\_\_\_\_

Are you married?  Yes  No

If yes, list the date, city and state of the marriage \_\_\_\_\_

Where are other important family documents, such as birth certificates (or other proof of dates of birth) of family members, marriage certificates, judgments of divorce, death certificates, naturalization papers, military service and discharge papers and any other family documents kept?

LIST CHECKING ACCOUNT(S) HERE	
Name(s) on this Account <i>(include co-owner names)</i>	Name(s) on this Account <i>(include co-owner names)</i>
Bank Name	Bank Name
Address	Address
Telephone	Telephone
Account No.	Account No.
Beneficiary	Beneficiary
LIST SAVINGS ACCOUNT(S) HERE	
Name(s) on this Account <i>(include co-owner names)</i>	Name(s) on this Account <i>(include co-owner names)</i>
Bank Name	Bank Name
Address	Address
Telephone	Telephone
Account No.	Account No.
Beneficiary	Beneficiary

**LIST CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT (CDs) HERE**

Name(s) on this Account ( <i>include co-owner names</i> )	Name(s) on this Account ( <i>include co-owner names</i> )
Bank Name	Bank Name
Address	Address
Telephone	Telephone
Account No.	Account No.
Beneficiary	Beneficiary

Where do you keep bank books, canceled checks, and statements? \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

**LIST IRA ACCOUNTS HERE**

Name(s) on this Account ( <i>include co-owner names</i> )	Name(s) on this Account ( <i>include co-owner names</i> )
Bank Name	Bank Name
Address	Address
Telephone	Telephone
Account No.	Account No.
Beneficiary	Beneficiary

**LIST SAFE DEPOSIT BOX INFORMATION HERE**

Name(s) on this Account ( <i>include co-owner names</i> )	Name(s) on this Account ( <i>include co-owner names</i> )
Bank Name	Bank Name
Address	Address
Telephone	Telephone
Key is kept	Key is kept

Where are additional checking, savings, certificate of deposit information kept? \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

LIST U.S. SAVINGS BONDS HERE	
Name(s) registered in	Name(s) registered in
Bonds can be found	Bonds can be found
Beneficiary or co-owner	Beneficiary or co-owner
Name(s) registered in	Name(s) registered in
Bonds can be found	Bonds can be found
Beneficiary or co-owner	Beneficiary or co-owner

A list of all bonds by serial number and denomination is kept \_\_\_\_\_

LIST OTHER BONDS PREFERRED OR CORPORATE STOCKS HERE	
Name of Sole Owner	Name of Joint Owner
Bonds/Stocks kept	Bonds/Stocks kept
Broker	Broker
Broker Address	Broker Address
List and records of purchases are kept	List and records of purchases are kept

*LIST OTHER PERSONAL PROPERTY INFORMATION HERE
Name(s) on title of your motor vehicle(s)
Vehicle title and insurance policy(ies) are kept
Are household furnishings insured? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No If yes, where is policy kept?
Policies, inventory, and bills of sale are kept

*\*Attach additional bond, stock, personal property information*

## **FUNERAL ARRANGEMENTS**

Do you own a cemetery plot?  Yes  No

If yes, where is the deed kept? \_\_\_\_\_

Do you have a pre-paid funeral?  Yes  No

If yes, list the name of the funeral home and where the receipt is kept \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

## **IF YOU ARE SELF-EMPLOYED**

The business name and address \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

What is the corporate structure of the business? \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

Where are copies of business agreements and other related documents located? \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

For advice as to handling or disposition of this business, consult \_\_\_\_\_

Address and other contact information \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

## **IF YOU ARE NOT SELF-EMPLOYED**

Your employer and employer contact information \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

Name and phone number of noted emergency contact \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

# OTHER MATTERS

List all personal creditors or debtors here \_\_\_\_\_

Copies of notes, loan agreements, and receipts are kept \_\_\_\_\_

Income tax records and supporting data are kept \_\_\_\_\_

Credit card records are kept \_\_\_\_\_

A list of the accounts that have a death benefit payoff is kept \_\_\_\_\_

Your tax advisor's name and contact information \_\_\_\_\_

LIST HEIRS (Example: Spouse, Children, Other Relative), DEVISEES, AND BENEFICIARIES TO INHERIT PROPERTY UNDER YOUR WILL			
Name	Date of Birth	Relationship	Address
<b>Are any of the above under legal disability or otherwise represented by a guardian or conservator?</b>			
Name	Legal Disability	Represented by: Name and Address	



# MEDICAL AND PRESCRIPTION RECORDS

# MEDICAL INFORMATION

List all allergies and drug sensitivities here \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

Blood type \_\_\_\_\_

Medical conditions \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

LIST YOUR HEALTH CARE PROVIDERS		
Doctor Name	Doctor Name	Doctor Name
Specialty	Specialty	Specialty
Address	Address	Address
Phone	Phone	Phone
Name of Preferred Hospital		
Address		Phone
Name of Preferred Pharmacy		
Address		Phone
Dentist Name		
Address		Phone
Optometrist Name		
Address		Phone

**LIST ALL MEDICATIONS YOU CURRENTLY TAKE**

<b># 1 Name of Drug</b>	<b># 2 Name of Drug</b>	<b># 3 Name of Drug</b>
Date Prescribed	Date Prescribed	Date Prescribed
Doctor's Name	Doctor's Name	Doctor's Name
Prescribed for What?	Prescribed for What?	Prescribed for What?
Color/Shape/Strength	Color/Shape/Strength	Color/Shape/Strength
Directions/Cautions	Directions/Cautions	Directions/Cautions
Kept	Kept	Kept
<b># 4 Name of Drug</b>	<b># 5 Name of Drug</b>	<b># 6 Name of Drug</b>
Date Prescribed	Date Prescribed	Date Prescribed
Doctor's Name	Doctor's Name	Doctor's Name
Prescribed for What?	Prescribed for What?	Prescribed for What?
Color/Shape/Strength	Color/Shape/Strength	Color/Shape/Strength
Directions/Cautions	Directions/Cautions	Directions/Cautions
Kept	Kept	Kept

**LIST ALL MEDICATIONS YOU CURRENTLY TAKE**

<b>#7 Name of Drug</b>	<b>#8 Name of Drug</b>	<b>#9 Name of Drug</b>
Date Prescribed	Date Prescribed	Date Prescribed
Doctor's Name	Doctor's Name	Doctor's Name
Prescribed for What?	Prescribed for What?	Prescribed for What?
Color/Shape/Strength	Color/Shape/Strength	Color/Shape/Strength
Directions/Cautions	Directions/Cautions	Directions/Cautions
Kept	Kept	Kept
<b>#10 Name of Drug</b>	<b>#11 Name of Drug</b>	<b>#12 Name of Drug</b>
Date Prescribed	Date Prescribed	Date Prescribed
Doctor's Name	Doctor's Name	Doctor's Name
Prescribed for What?	Prescribed for What?	Prescribed for What?
Color/Shape/Strength	Color/Shape/Strength	Color/Shape/Strength
Directions/Cautions	Directions/Cautions	Directions/Cautions
Kept	Kept	Kept

# MICHIGAN STATUTORY WILL

# Frequently Asked Questions

## 1. What happens if I die without a Will?

With certain exceptions, your possessions are distributed according to state law.

## 2. What can I accomplish by making out a Will?

You can choose who is to receive your property; select someone to serve as personal representative (formerly known as executor); and appoint a guardian and conservator for your children under age 18.

## 3. Does having a Will avoid probate procedures after my death?

No. The issue of whether probate procedures must be followed is not solely dependent on whether or not you have a Will.

## 4. What property is not subject to probate procedures?

Property such as money held in a joint bank account; real estate, if your spouse's name or a joint tenant's name is on the deed; life insurance benefits, if a person living at the time of your death was named as a beneficiary in the policy; and some other assets that are jointly held or have beneficiary designations.

## 5. If property is specified in my Will, am I prevented from giving it away or selling it during my life?

No. Your Will has absolutely no effect until you die. If you sell or give away property mentioned in the Will, that provision of the Will is simply ignored.

## 6. Are there different types of Wills?

Yes. Each type is equally valid if done precisely in accordance with the law. It is recommended that you see an attorney if you do not want to use the Statutory Will form provided in this booklet.

## 7. What are some of the things I can accomplish through a Statutory Will?

- (a) You can leave up to two cash gifts of any amount to people or charities.
- (b) You can write a list of personal and household items and name the person or entity to receive each item.
- (c) You can ensure that the rest of your property goes to your spouse. If he or she dies before you, the property is to be distributed equally among your children.
- (d) You can select a personal representative to administer your property.
- (e) You can appoint a guardian and conservator in case you and your spouse both die before your children reach age 18.

## 8. Are there any reasons for me NOT to use the Statutory Will form provided in this brochure?

There may be. If, for instance, you have substantial wealth and need tax planning for your estate, you should consult an attorney who handles estate planning to discuss your specific needs. Consultation with an attorney is strongly recommended if you want to establish a trust fund for your children's education, if you have assets outside the State of Michigan, if you have children from a prior relationship, or if you have a significant interest in a business or partnership.

- 9. I have a wife and two young children. Might a Statutory Will be appropriate for my purposes?**  
Perhaps. A Statutory Will might be appropriate if you do not have extensive assets and, therefore, do not need tax planning. In a Statutory Will, you can appoint a guardian for your children and a conservator for your children's assets.
- 10. I would like to leave my favorite niece an antique brooch. Can I do this with a Statutory Will?**  
Yes. A Statutory Will allows you to leave gifts of personal items by making a list of the items and the names of the persons you want to receive each item.
- 11. I am a widow with no children. Could a Statutory Will be appropriate for me?**  
If you do not have substantial assets and you do not object to the limited options for disposing of your property, you may want to use the Statutory Will form.
- 12. I own a house, a condominium, and much stock. Should I use a Statutory Will?**  
Perhaps not. A Statutory Will is not designed to reduce federal or state taxes on your estate. If you have very substantial assets, you may wish to check with an attorney to see if tax planning is recommended.
- 13. I am married for the second time and my husband and I each have children from our first marriages. Would a Statutory Will be appropriate for my purposes?**  
Probably not. The Statutory Will provides that your estate goes to your husband if he survives you. For that reason, the Statutory Will may not give you an adequate way to provide for the children from your first marriage. Speaking with an attorney is likely a good idea for a person with children from a previous relationship.
- 14. I have rather complicated business interests, which I wish to pass on through my Will. Would a Statutory Will be appropriate for my purposes?**  
No. A Statutory Will does not provide for any specific business planning.
- 15. What should I do if a Statutory Will doesn't meet my needs?**  
Contact an attorney with knowledge of estate planning. He or she can draft a Will to meet your specific needs.
- 16. How can I find a good attorney?**
- (a) If you have dealt with an attorney in the past and were satisfied, contact that person. An attorney who does not handle estate planning may recommend someone who does.
  - (b) Ask friends, neighbors, or relatives.
  - (c) Ask a person you respect, such as a religious leader, or call an organization such as a consumer group or a civic organization.
  - (d) Call the county or state bar referral service, which will provide you with the names of attorneys.
  - (e) Consult the business section of your telephone directory or newspaper classified section. Don't be intimidated. Don't be afraid to "shop around" for someone you are comfortable with and whose services you can afford.

**17. How do I use the Statutory Will form?**

First, thoroughly read the entire form. Read the notice at the beginning and the definitions at the end. After you are sure you understand all of the Will's provisions, carefully follow the directions and fill in the blanks.

**18. Can a Statutory Will be a joint Will?**

No. A husband and wife cannot both use a single Statutory Will. If one spouse chooses to use a Statutory Will, the other spouse is free to complete a separate Statutory Will or to choose a different type of Will.

**19. May I use a Statutory Will form and yet leave no cash gifts? (Article 2.1)**

Yes. You may leave no cash gifts, one cash gift, or two cash gifts. If you do leave a cash gift, it is particularly important that you give a complete address of the person or charity to receive the money.

**20. How do I go about preparing a list of personal items? (Article 2.2)**

List the possessions such as jewelry, books, automobiles, furniture, and other personal and household items on a separate piece of paper. On the list, name the person who is to receive each item. The list can be as short or long as you choose. Make sure you describe each item sufficiently to avoid confusion. For each person who is to receive an item, include his or her full name and address. The list must be in your handwriting or signed by you at the end. It is a very good idea to include the date. You may make the list before you complete the Statutory Will form, at the same time, or afterward. You can change the list as often as you wish. It is a good idea to staple or firmly attach the newest list to your Will.

**21. What is the purpose of Article 2.3?**

This provision sets out the distribution of your property (other than cash gifts and the list of items) if you have no living spouse, children, grandchildren, and great-grandchildren. You have a choice: you may leave all the property to your blood relatives who survive you, or leave one-half to those relatives and one-half to your deceased spouse's blood relatives. Make your choice by signing your name under the appropriate paragraph.

**22. Need I complete Article 3.2 if all of my children are over 18?**

No. You may skip Article 3.2 relating to guardians and conservators.

**23. How do I decide whether to have my Personal Representative serve with or without bond? (Article 3.3)**

Most people request that the Personal Representative serve without bond. If you are careful to choose a person you trust to be Personal Representative, you may wish that no money be spent for a bond.

**24. After the Will is completed, where should I keep it?**

One option is to file it in probate court in the county you live in; such filings cost very little. Wherever you keep the Will, it is a good idea to attach the list of personal items to the Will. You may want to give a copy of the Will to the person you have selected as Personal Representative. If you file the Will with a court, you should file a new copy any time you make a change.



**25. Can I make changes to my Statutory Will?**

Yes. Since a Will has absolutely no effect until you die, you can change the Will as often as you desire during your lifetime. But do not make corrections on the Will. You can either complete a new Statutory Will, or have a codicil (an amendment to the old Will) or have an entirely new Will drafted by an attorney. If you sign a new Will, destroy copies of the old one. You can change the list of personal property items at any time. Make sure to attach the most recent list to your Will. It is probably best to write a whole new list if you decide to make changes.

**26. If I move from Michigan, would my Statutory Will still be valid?**

Probably yes. It would be a good idea to check with an attorney who practices law in the state of your new residence.

**27. Does my Statutory Will need to be notarized?**

No, but it does need to be witnessed.

# MICHIGAN STATUTORY WILL

## NOTICE

1. An individual age 18 or older and who has sufficient mental capacity may make a Will.
2. There are several kinds of wills. If you choose to complete this form, you will have a Michigan Statutory Will. If this Will does not meet your wishes in any way, you should talk with an attorney before choosing a Michigan Statutory Will.
3. Warning! It is strongly recommended that you do not add or cross out any words on this form except for filling in the blanks because all or part of this Will may not be valid if you do so.
4. This Will has no effect on jointly held assets, on retirement plan benefits, or on life insurance on your life if you have named a beneficiary and the beneficiary survives you.
5. This Will is not designed to reduce estate taxes.
6. This Will treats adopted children and children born outside of wedlock who would inherit if their parent died without a Will the same way as children born or conceived during marriage.
7. You should keep this Will in your safe deposit box or other safe place. By paying a small fee, you may file this Will in your county's probate court for safekeeping. You should also tell your family where the Will is kept. If you do not designate another individual to have access to your safe deposit box, your family may need to obtain a county probate court order to open your safe deposit box to access your Will.
8. You may make and sign a new Will at any time. If you marry or divorce after you sign this Will, you should make and sign a new Will.

## INSTRUCTIONS

1. To have a Michigan Statutory Will, you must complete the blanks on the will form. You may do this yourself, or direct someone to do it for you. You must either sign the will or direct someone else to sign it in your name and in your presence.
2. Read the entire Michigan Statutory Will carefully before you begin filling in the blanks. If there is anything you do not understand, you should ask an attorney to explain it to you.

# Michigan Statutory Will of

---

*(Print or type your full name)*

## Article 1. Declarations

This is my Will and I revoke any prior Wills and codicils. I live in

\_\_\_\_\_ County, Michigan.

My spouse is \_\_\_\_\_  
*(Insert spouse's name or write "none")*

My children now living are:

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
*(Insert names or write "none")*

## Article 2. Disposition of My Assets

### 2.1 CASH GIFTS TO PERSONS OR CHARITIES. (Optional)

I can leave no more than two (2) cash gifts. I make the following cash gifts to the persons or charities in the amounts stated here. Any transfer tax due upon my death shall be paid from the balance of my estate and not from these gifts.

Full name and address of person or charity to receive cash gift  
*(Name only 1 person or charity here):*

\_\_\_\_\_  
*(Insert name of person or charity)*

\_\_\_\_\_  
*(Insert address)*

AMOUNT OF GIFT *(In figures)*: \$ \_\_\_\_\_

AMOUNT OF GIFT *(In words)*: \_\_\_\_\_ Dollars

\_\_\_\_\_  
*(Your signature)*

Full name and address of person or charity to receive cash gift  
(Name only 1 person or charity here):

---

(Insert name of person or charity)

---

(Insert address)

AMOUNT OF GIFT (In figures): \$ \_\_\_\_\_

AMOUNT OF GIFT (In words): \_\_\_\_\_ Dollars

---

(Your signature)

## 2.2 PERSONAL AND HOUSEHOLD ITEMS.

I may leave a separate list or statement, either in my handwriting or signed by me at the end, regarding gifts of specific books, jewelry, clothing, automobiles, furniture, and other personal and household items.

I give my spouse all my books, jewelry, clothing, automobiles, furniture, and other personal and household items not included on such a separate list or statement. If I am not married at the time I sign this Will or if my spouse dies before me, my Personal Representative shall distribute those items, as equally as possible, among my children who survive me. If no children survive me, these items shall be distributed as set forth in paragraph 2.3.

## 2.3 ALL OTHER ASSETS.

I give everything else I own to my spouse. If I am not married at the time I sign this Will or if my spouse dies before me, I give these assets to my children and the descendants of any deceased child. If no spouse, children, or descendants of children survive me, I choose 1 of the following distribution clauses by signing my name on the line after that clause. If I sign on both lines, if I fail to sign on either line, or if I am not married, these assets will go under distribution clause (b).

Distribution clause, if no spouse, children, or descendants of children survive me, then  
(Select only 1)

(a) One-half is to be distributed to my heirs as if I did not have a Will, and one-half is to be distributed to my deceased spouse's heirs as if my spouse had died just after me without a Will.

---

(Your signature)

(b) All is to be distributed to my heirs as if I did not have a Will.

---

(Your signature)

## Article 3. Nominations of Personal Representative, Guardian, and Conservator

Personal representatives, guardians, and conservators have a great deal of responsibility. The role of a personal representative is to collect and protect your assets, pay debts and taxes from those assets, and distribute the remaining assets as directed in the Will. A guardian is a person who will look after the physical well-being of a child. A conservator is a person who will manage a child's assets and make payments from those assets for the child's benefit. Select them carefully. Also, before you select them, ask them whether they are willing and able to serve.

### 3.1 PERSONAL REPRESENTATIVE. *(Name at least 1)*

I nominate \_\_\_\_\_  
*(Insert name of person or eligible financial institution)*

of \_\_\_\_\_  
*(Insert address)*

to serve as my personal representative.

If my first choice does not serve, I nominate \_\_\_\_\_  
*(Insert name of person or eligible financial institution)*

of \_\_\_\_\_  
*(Insert address)*

to serve as my personal representative.

### 3.2 GUARDIAN AND CONSERVATOR.

Your spouse may die before you. Therefore, if you have a child under age 18, you should name an individual as guardian of the child, and an individual or eligible financial institution as conservator of the child's assets. The guardian and the conservator may, but need not be, the same person.

If a guardian or conservator is needed for a child of mine, I nominate

\_\_\_\_\_  
*(Insert name of individual)*

of \_\_\_\_\_ as guardian  
*(Insert address)*

and \_\_\_\_\_  
*(Insert name of individual or eligible financial institution)*

of \_\_\_\_\_  
*(Insert address)*

to serve as conservator.

If my first choice cannot serve, I nominate \_\_\_\_\_  
(Insert name of individual)

of \_\_\_\_\_ as guardian  
(Insert address)

and \_\_\_\_\_  
(Insert name of individual or eligible financial institution)

of \_\_\_\_\_ to serve as conservator.  
(Insert address)

### 3.3 BOND.

A bond is a form of insurance in case your personal representative or a conservator performs improperly and jeopardizes your assets. A bond is not required. You may choose whether you wish to require your personal representative and any conservator to serve with or without bond. Bond premiums would be paid out of your assets. *(Select only 1)*

(a) My personal representative and any conservator I have named shall serve with bond.

\_\_\_\_\_  
(Your signature)

(b) My personal representative and any conservator I have named shall serve without bond.

\_\_\_\_\_  
(Your signature)

### 3.4 DEFINITIONS AND ADDITIONAL CLAUSES.

Definitions and additional clauses found at the end of this form are part of this will.

I sign my name to this Michigan Statutory Will on \_\_\_\_\_, 20\_\_\_\_.

\_\_\_\_\_  
(Your signature)

**NOTICE REGARDING WITNESSES**

You must use 2 adults as witnesses. It is preferable to have 3 adult witnesses. All the witnesses must observe you sign the Will, have you tell them you signed the Will, or have you tell them the Will was signed at your direction in your presence.

**STATEMENT OF WITNESSES**

We sign below as witnesses, declaring that the individual who is making this Will appears to have sufficient mental capacity to make this Will and appears to be making this Will freely, without duress, fraud, or undue influence, and that the individual making this Will acknowledges that he or she has read the Will, or has had it read to him or her, and understands the contents of this Will.

\_\_\_\_\_  
(Print name)

\_\_\_\_\_  
(Signature of witness)

\_\_\_\_\_  
(Address)

\_\_\_\_\_  
(City)                                      (State)                                      (Zip)

\_\_\_\_\_  
(Print name)

\_\_\_\_\_  
(Signature of witness)

\_\_\_\_\_  
(Address)

\_\_\_\_\_  
(City)                                      (State)                                      (Zip)

\_\_\_\_\_  
(Print name)

\_\_\_\_\_  
(Signature of witness)

\_\_\_\_\_  
(Address)

\_\_\_\_\_  
(City)                                      (State)                                      (Zip)

## Definitions

The following definitions and rules of construction apply to this Michigan Statutory Will:

- (a) "Assets" means all types of property you can own, such as real estate, stocks and bonds, bank accounts, business interests, furniture, and automobiles.
- (b) "Descendants" means your children, grandchildren, and their descendants.
- (c) "Descendants" or "children" includes individuals born or conceived during marriage, individuals legally adopted, and individuals born out of wedlock who would inherit if their parent died without a will.
- (d) "Jointly held assets" means those assets to which ownership is transferred automatically upon the death of 1 of the owners to the remaining owner or owners.
- (e) "Spouse" means your husband or wife at the time you sign this Will.
- (f) Whenever a distribution under a Michigan Statutory Will is to be made to an individual's descendants, the assets are to be divided into as many equal shares as there are then living descendants of the nearest degree of living descendants and deceased descendants of that same degree who leave living descendants. Each living descendant of the nearest degree shall receive 1 share. The remaining shares, if any, are combined and then divided in the same manner among the surviving descendants of the deceased descendants as if the surviving descendants who were allocated a share and their surviving descendants had predeceased the descendant. In this manner, all descendants who are in the same generation will take an equal share.
- (g) "Heirs" means those persons who would have received your assets if you had died without a will, domiciled in Michigan, under the laws that are then in effect.
- (h) "Person" includes individuals and institutions.
- (i) Plural and singular words include each other, where appropriate.
- (j) If a Michigan Statutory Will states that a person shall perform an act, the person is required to perform that act. If a Michigan Statutory Will states that a person may do an act, the person's decision to do or not to do the act shall be made in good faith exercise of the person's powers.

## Additional Clauses

### **Powers of personal representative.**

- (1) A personal representative has all powers of administration given by Michigan law to personal representatives and, to the extent funds are not needed to meet debts and expenses currently payable and are not immediately distributable, the power to invest and reinvest the estate from time to time in accordance with the Michigan prudent investor rule. In dividing and distributing the estate, the personal representative may distribute partially or totally in kind, may determine the value of distributions in kind without reference to income tax bases, and may make non-pro rata distributions.
- (2) The personal representative may distribute estate assets otherwise distributable to a minor beneficiary to the minor's conservator or, in amounts not exceeding \$5,000.00 per year, either to the minor, if married; to a parent or another adult with whom the minor resides and who has the care, custody, or control of the minor; or to the guardian. The personal representative is free of liability and is discharged from further accountability for distributing assets in compliance with the provisions of this paragraph.

### **Powers of guardian and conservator.**

A guardian named in this Will has the same authority with respect to the child as a parent having legal custody would have. A conservator named in this Will has all of the powers conferred by law.



ADVANCE DIRECTIVES  
FOR HEALTH CARE:  
MICHIGAN'S PATIENT  
ADVOCATE LAW

# Frequently Asked Questions

## 1. What is an “advance directive”?

An advance directive is a written document in which a competent individual gives instructions about his or her health care, that will be implemented at some future time should that person lack the ability to make decisions for himself or herself.

## 2. Must I have an advance directive?

No. The decision to have an advance directive is purely voluntary. No family member, hospital, or insurance company can force you to have one, or dictate what the document should say if you decide to write one.

## 3. Are there different types of advance directives?

Yes. There are three types: a durable power of attorney for health care, a living will, and a do-not-resuscitate order. Living wills are not recognized in Michigan statute. However, in case of a dispute as to your health care desires, your written or oral statements regarding your wishes pertaining to health care or the withdrawal or refusal of treatment may be used as evidence in court, if you are unable to participate in health care decisions. You may wish to consult an attorney for further information regarding durable powers of attorney or living wills.

## 4. What is MIPeace of Mind Registry?

The Michigan Peace of Mind Registry is a free and voluntary statewide registry service that securely stores your advance directive and allows healthcare providers to access it, if or when needed. MIPeace of Mind will provide you with a wallet-sized registration card you can present to a healthcare provider so they may request a copy of your advance directive. Registration does not affect whether your advance directive is legally binding. For more information please contact Gift of Life Michigan, (800) 482-4881, [www.MIPeaceofMind.org](http://www.MIPeaceofMind.org).

## 5. What is a “designation of patient advocate”?

In Michigan statute, a designation of patient advocate is the term used for a durable power of attorney for health care, also known as a health care proxy—a document in which you give another person the power to make medical treatment and related personal care and custody decisions for you.

## 6. Is a durable power of attorney for health and/or mental health care legally binding in Michigan?

Yes, based on a state law passed in 1990 (PA 312 of 1990), later replaced by PA 386 of 1998 and PA 532 of 2004 (sections 700.5506-700.5515 of the *Michigan Compiled Laws*).

## 7. Who is eligible to create a designation of patient advocate?

Anyone who is 18 years of age or older and of sound mind is eligible.

## 8. What is the title of the person to whom I give decision-making power?

That person is known as a “patient advocate.”

## 9. Who may I appoint as a patient advocate?

Anyone who is 18 years of age or older may be appointed. You should choose someone you trust who can handle the responsibility and who is willing to serve.

## 10. Does a patient advocate need to accept the responsibility before acting?

Yes, he or she must sign an acceptance. This does not have to be done at the time you sign the document. Nevertheless, you should speak to the person you propose to name as patient advocate to make sure he or she is willing to serve.

**11. When can the patient advocate act in my behalf?**

The patient advocate can make decisions for you only when you are unable to participate in medical treatment decisions. The patient advocate for mental health treatment can make decisions for you when you are unable to give informed consent for mental health treatment.

**12. Why might I be unable to participate in medical and mental health treatment decisions?**

You may become temporarily or permanently unconscious from disease, accident, or surgery. You may be awake but mentally unable to make decisions about your care due to disease or injury. In addition, you might have a temporary loss of ability to make or communicate decisions if, for example, you had a stroke. Others might suffer long-term or permanent loss through a degenerative condition such as Alzheimer's disease. Your doctor and a mental health professional, after examination, may determine that you are unable to give informed consent for mental health treatment.

**13. Who determines that I am no longer able to participate in these decisions?**

Your attending physician and one other physician or licensed psychologist must make that determination. If your religious beliefs prohibit an examination to make this determination, and this is stated in the designation document, you must indicate in the document how the determination will be made. For mental health treatment, your physician and a mental health professional must make that determination.

**14. What powers can I give a patient advocate?**

You can give a patient advocate the power to make those personal care decisions you normally make for yourself. For example, you can give your patient advocate power to consent to or refuse medical treatment for you, to arrange for home health care or adult day care, arrange care in a nursing home, or move you to a home for the aged. A patient advocate may also be empowered to make an anatomical gift of all or part of the patient's body. According to state law, if you were to become incompetent while pregnant, your patient advocate could not authorize a medical treatment decision to withhold or withdraw treatment that would result in your death. You can give your patient advocate for mental health the power to obtain and consent to mental health care and treatment that is in your best interest, including arranging for appropriate residential placement and making payments to secure the necessary treatment.

**15. Can I give my patient advocate the authority to make decisions to withhold or withdraw life-sustaining treatment, including food and water administered through tubes?**

Yes, but you must express in a clear and convincing manner that the patient advocate is authorized to make such decisions, and you must acknowledge that these decisions could or would allow your death. If you have specific desires as to when you want to forego life-sustaining treatment, you must describe in the document the specific circumstances in which he or she can act.

**16. Do I have the right to express in the document my wishes concerning medical treatment and personal care?**

Yes. You might, for example, express your wishes concerning the type of care you want during terminal illness. You might also express a desire not to be placed in a nursing home and a desire to die at home. Your patient advocate has a duty to try to follow your wishes.

**17. Is it important to express my wishes in the designation of patient advocate document?**

Yes. Your wishes might not be followed if others are unaware of them. It can also be a great burden for your patient advocate to make a decision for you without your specific guidance.

**18. Can I revoke my patient advocate designation?**

Yes. A patient may revoke his or her designation at any time and in any manner sufficient to communicate an intent to revoke. However, for mental health treatment, you may waive your right to revoke your Patient Advocate Designation for up to 30 days to allow for treatment.

**19. Can I appoint a second person to serve as patient advocate in case the first-named person is unable to serve?**

Yes. In fact, this is highly recommended.

**20. Must a designation of patient advocate document be witnessed?**

Yes. A designation must be executed in the presence of and signed by two witnesses. The witnesses must not include your spouse, parent, child, grandchild, sibling, presumptive heir, known devisee at the time of the witnessing, physician, or patient advocate. Witnesses must also not include an employee of your life or health insurance provider, a health facility that is treating you, a home for the aged where you reside, or a community mental health services program or hospital that is providing mental health treatment to you.

**21. In general, what should I do before completing an advance directive?**

Give careful consideration to whom you might choose to be your advocate or to act in your place. Think about your treatment wishes. Discuss the issue with family members. Talk with your minister, rabbi, priest, or other spiritual leader if you feel it would be helpful. Bring the subject up with your doctor. Have a discussion about the benefits and burdens of various types of treatment.

**22. Are there issues I should give particular attention to?**

Yes. Many people have strong feelings about the administration of food and water, either by tube down their throat, a tube placed surgically into their stomach, or intravenously. You should consider and indicate in what circumstances, if any, you wish such procedures withheld or withdrawn. Also, bear in mind that your opinions regarding your own health care may change over time. Your wishes regarding medical treatment when you are relatively young may be quite different from your wishes when you reach advanced age, so you may wish to review your decisions periodically with your patient advocate.

**23. Is there a standard form for an advance directive?**

No. While this publication contains a sample form which you may choose to use to designate a patient advocate, you may use a form designed by an organization, you may hire an attorney to draft the necessary documentation, or you may write out the document yourself. If you write the documentation yourself, make sure that it is legible. Under state law, the designation must be in writing, you must sign the document, date it, and have it witnessed as described above.

A person accepting the responsibility to act as a patient advocate must sign an acceptance to the designation document which contains provisions required by statute. **(These statutory provisions are listed in sections A through J found in Part VI of the attached Designation of Patient Advocate form.)**

**24. What if there is a dispute as to how my designation of patient advocate should be carried out?**

If there is a dispute as to whether your patient advocate is acting consistent with your best interest, the probate court may be petitioned to resolve the dispute. The court can remove a patient advocate who acts improperly in your behalf.

## 25. What is a funeral representative?

Michigan law allows an individual who is 18 years of age or older and who is of sound mind to designate another individual who is 18 years of age or older and who is of sound mind to serve as a funeral representative. This is an individual you designate, in writing, to make decisions about your funeral arrangements and the handling and disposition of your remains upon your death. Upon request, the individual you chose must provide a copy of the funeral representative designation to the funeral establishment.

## 26. How do I designate a funeral representative?

A funeral representative designation may be included in your will, patient advocate designation, or other writing. An individual would accept the designation by signing an "Acceptance of Funeral Representative" or by acting as a funeral representative. The authority of funeral representation is exercisable only after your death. Such authority and powers are non-delegable to another individual. To be valid, the "Acceptance of Funeral Representative" must be executed in the presence of and signed by 2 witnesses or acknowledged before a notary public. The person you appoint as a funeral representative cannot sign as a witness. The funeral representative also cannot be an individual who provided nursing care or medical treatment to you immediately before death or be affiliated with a funeral establishment that will provide services to you, a crematory that will provide cremation services to you, or a cemetery where you will be buried or entombed unless that individual is your surviving spouse or relative.

# GUIDE FOR USING THE DESIGNATION OF PATIENT ADVOCATE FORM

The pages following this guide contain a blank copy of a Designation of Patient Advocate form which you may use to designate your patient advocate. **This is a suggested form only. Michigan law does not require a specific form to be used.** If you wish to provide more details in your designation of patient advocate document, you may attach additional pages to it containing those details. This guide is intended to help clarify the purposes of the various provisions in this form.

THIS FORM PROVIDES A DESIGNATION OF PATIENT ADVOCATE FOR PURPOSES OF CARE, CUSTODY, MEDICAL AND MENTAL HEALTH TREATMENT. IF YOU DESIRE A MORE COMPREHENSIVE DOCUMENT THAT ALSO GRANTS AUTHORITY FOR HANDLING FINANCIAL, BUSINESS OR PERSONAL AFFAIRS, PLEASE CONSULT AN ATTORNEY.

## SECTION I: APPOINTMENT OF ADVOCATE

The first several blanks in the form are for putting your name and the name of the person you are appointing as your advocate and successor advocate. You may appoint ANY person who is at least 18 years of age or older and of sound mind to be your advocate. It is important that you consult with the person you are naming and secure his or her consent before naming that person.

The law requires that, before you can be considered unable to participate in medical or mental health treatment decisions, a determination must be made by your attending physician and at least one other physician, a licensed psychologist, or a mental health professional. Because some individuals' religious beliefs may not allow for an examination by a physician, the document may state the religious objection and indicate how the determination shall be made.

## SECTION II: REVOCATION

This section clarifies that you may revoke your patient advocate designation at any time by clearly communicating your intent to do so. With regard to mental health treatment, you may choose to waive your right to revoke for up to 30 days.

### **SECTION III: GRANTS OF AUTHORITY AND RESPONSIBILITY**

This is a crucial section of the designation of patient advocate document. You may check any, all, or none of the grants of power. If you do not check any of the options, you will need to attach your own written grants of power to indicate what powers your advocate will have.

This section contains the very important provision regarding whether decisions to withhold or withdraw treatment, which would allow you to die, will be made for you. Due to the serious nature of this granting of power, Michigan law requires that you express in a clear and convincing manner that your patient advocate is authorized to make such a decision, and that you acknowledge that such a decision could or would allow your death. If you do grant this authority, you should make clear to your patient advocate your desires for treatment. Section IV of the form provides a space for setting forth your specific desires.

### **SECTION IV: DESIRES AND PREFERENCES FOR TREATMENT**

This is the section of the document where you may state your desires regarding the care, custody, and medical treatment you want or do not want to receive, and under what circumstances treatment should be administered, continued, refused, or withdrawn. Here you may direct your treatment regarding mechanical life-supports (like respirators or kidney dialysis), ordinary or routine treatments (simple surgeries, use of antibiotics, insulin, heart or blood pressure medications, blood transfusions, pain medication, etc.), and basic care (including the provision of food and water). As with the other sections of your designation of patient advocate document, you may attach additional pages if the space provided is inadequate.

MICHIGAN LAW DOES NOT REQUIRE THAT YOU FILL OUT THIS SECTION OR PROVIDE AN ATTACHMENT ACCOMPLISHING THE SAME PURPOSE. The law stipulates that your advocate must act in your best interest and that health care providers should comply with your advocate's direction if he or she is reasonably believed to be acting within the authority granted in your designation of the patient advocate. Thus, directions your advocate gives which are consistent with your statement in this section are not likely to be questioned.

### **SECTION V: SIGNATURE AND WITNESSING**

Michigan law requires that before a patient advocate can execute any of his or her duties and responsibilities, he or she must sign an Acceptance to the designation. The first provision of Section V simply insures that you are aware that this designation must be signed before it becomes effective. It also will indicate whether the designation and acceptance process were completed at one time.

Next, your signature is required. Finally, the requirements pertaining to the witnessing of the designation are contained within this section. Please note the limitations on who may serve as a witness.

### **SECTION VI: ACCEPTANCE OF THE DESIGNATION**

As noted above, the advocate whom you name must sign an Acceptance of your designation before he or she can act on your behalf. Michigan law requires that certain information regarding the rights, authorities, and limits related to patient advocate designations be contained within this Acceptance. The Acceptance provided in Section VI of the form meets these requirements.

The name of the person you are appointing should appear in the first blank, and your name (patient) should appear in the second blank. The third blank should contain the date on which you signed your designation of patient advocate document. The Acceptance may be signed on the same day, or at a later time. Finally, your advocate's signature and the date of his or her signing are needed at the end of the Acceptance.



# Designation of Patient Advocate (Durable Power of Attorney for Health Care)

(Please print or type required information)

## I. Appointment of Patient Advocate

I, \_\_\_\_\_  
*(Your full name)*

of \_\_\_\_\_  
*(Your complete legal address)*

hereby appoint \_\_\_\_\_  
*(Person you are appointing as your Patient Advocate)*

residing at \_\_\_\_\_  
*(Person's complete address)*

as my Patient Advocate with the following power to be exercised in my name and for my benefit, for the purpose of making decisions regarding my care, custody, and medical and/or mental health treatment. This Designation of Patient Advocate shall not be affected by my disability or incapacity, and is governed by sections 700.5506-700.5515 of the *Michigan Compiled Laws*.

In the event that the above-named Patient Advocate is unable or expresses an intent not to serve as advocate, I then appoint

\_\_\_\_\_ residing at \_\_\_\_\_  
*(Name of successor Patient Advocate)* *(Address)*

to serve as my successor Patient Advocate.

This designation of Patient Advocate shall be exercisable (check one):

When my attending physician and at least one other physician or licensed psychologist determine upon examination that I am unable to participate in medical decisions; puts the determination in writing; and makes it part of my medical record. For mental health treatment, when a physician and a mental health professional both certify in writing after examination that I am unable to give informed consent to mental health treatment.

My religious beliefs prohibit my examination as detailed above. Therefore, the determination of my inability to participate in medical decisions or give informed consent to mental health treatment shall be made as follows:

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

*(use attached sheet if necessary)*

I designate the following physician(s) and/or mental health practitioner(s) to make the determination as to whether I am able to give informed consent for mental health treatment:

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I understand that if any of these individuals are unwilling or unable to make this determination within a reasonable time, the required examination and determination may be made by another physician or mental health professional, as appropriate.

Before the powers granted in this designation of patient advocate are exercisable, a copy of it shall be placed in my medical record with my attending physician and, if applicable, with the facility where I am located.

Michigan law states that an individual designated as a patient advocate has the following authority, rights, responsibilities, and limitations:

- (a) A patient advocate shall act in accordance with the standards of care applicable to fiduciaries in exercising his or her powers.
- (b) A patient advocate shall take reasonable steps to follow the desires, instructions, or guidelines given by the patient while the patient was able to participate in decisions regarding care, custody, medical treatment, or mental health treatment, as applicable, whether given orally or as written in the designation.
- (c) A patient advocate shall not exercise powers concerning the patient's care, custody, and medical or mental health treatment that the patient, if the patient were able to participate in the decision, could not have exercised on his or her own behalf.
- (d) The designation cannot be used to make a medical treatment decision to withhold or withdraw treatment from a patient who is pregnant that would result in the pregnant patient's death.
- (e) A patient advocate may make a decision to withhold or withdraw treatment that would allow a patient to die only if the patient has expressed in a clear and convincing manner that the patient advocate is authorized to make such a decision, and that the patient acknowledges that such a decision could or would allow the patient's death.
- (f) A patient advocate may choose to have the patient placed under hospice care.
- (g) A patient advocate under this section shall not delegate his or her powers to another individual without prior authorization by the patient.
- (h) With regard to mental health treatment decisions, the patient advocate shall only consent to the forced administration of medication or to inpatient hospitalization, other than hospitalization as a formal voluntary patient under section 415 of the mental health code, 1974 PA 258, MCL 330.1415,



if the patient has expressed in a clear and convincing manner that the patient advocate is authorized to consent to that treatment. If a patient is hospitalized as a formal voluntary patient under an application executed by his or her patient advocate, the patient retains the right to terminate the hospitalization under section 419 of the mental health code, 1974 PA 258, MCL 330.1419.

A patient advocate designation is suspended when the patient regains the ability to participate in decisions regarding medical treatment or mental health treatment, as applicable. The suspension is effective as long as the patient is able to participate in those decisions. If the patient subsequently is determined under MCL 700.5508 or 700.5515 to be unable to participate in decisions regarding medical treatment or mental health treatment, as applicable, the patient advocate's authority, rights, responsibilities, and limitations are again effective.

## II. Revocation

I retain the right to revoke this designation of patient advocate as to medical treatment at any time, and by any means whereby I may communicate an intent to revoke it.

As to mental health treatment (check one):

- I retain the right to revoke this designation of patient advocate at any time, and by any means whereby I may communicate an intent to revoke it.
- I waive the right to revoke the powers granted in this Patient Advocate Designation regarding mental health treatment decisions. This waiver does not affect the rights afforded to me to terminate formal voluntary hospitalization under MCL 330.1419. Furthermore, if I communicate at a later time that I wish to revoke this Patient Advocate Designation for mental health treatment while I am deemed unable to participate in decisions regarding mental health treatment, and I am receiving mental health treatment at that time, mental health treatment shall not continue for more than thirty (30) days.

If you wish to revoke a Designation of Patient Advocate, it is best to do it in writing and to provide a copy of the revocation to your physician, mental health professional or health care facility.

### III. Grants of Authority and Responsibility

With respect to my physical and medical treatment, I am granting to my advocate the authorities and responsibilities indicated below. [Check those you are authorizing and add any additional authorities and responsibilities below. Use more sheets if necessary.]

- Access to and control over my medical records and information.
- Power to employ and discharge physicians, nurses, therapists, and any other care providers, and to pay them reasonable compensation.
- Power to give informed consent to receiving any medical treatment or diagnostic, surgical, or therapeutic procedure.
- Power to refuse, or to authorize the discontinuance of, any medical treatment, or diagnostic, surgical, or therapeutic procedure.
- I AUTHORIZE MY ADVOCATE TO MAKE A DECISION TO WITHHOLD OR WITHDRAW TREATMENT THAT WOULD ALLOW MY DEATH AND FURTHER ACKNOWLEDGE THAT SUCH A DECISION TO WITHHOLD OR WITHDRAW TREATMENT COULD ALLOW MY DEATH. I INSTRUCT MY ADVOCATE IN SECTION IV AS TO MY DESIRES REGARDING THE WITHHOLDING OR WITHDRAWAL OF TREATMENT THAT COULD BRING ABOUT MY DEATH. (If you have checked this item, it is strongly recommended that you use the optional Section IV to specify your desires.)
- Power to execute waivers, medical authorizations, and such other approval as may be required to permit or authorize care which I may need, or to discontinue care that I am receiving.
- Arrange and consent to inpatient psychiatric hospitalization and treatment as a formal voluntary patient, pursuant to MCL 330.1415, if it is in my best interest and is the least restrictive treatment to protect my safety and/or the safety of others. However, if I am hospitalized as a formal voluntary patient under an application executed by my patient advocate, I retain the right to terminate the hospitalization in accordance with MCL 330.1419.
- To make an anatomical gift of all or part of my body as I have designated on my Organ Donation form and in accordance with the Public Health Code, MCL 333.10101 to 333.10123. This authority remains exercisable after my death.

#### **IV. Desires and Preferences for Treatment (optional section)**

I understand that my inability to participate in medical treatment decisions may encompass a wide range of circumstances, including, but not limited to, my being either (a) conscious, but mentally incompetent, or (b) unconscious and unaware. In light of the wide range of circumstances which might effectuate this document, my desires and preferences for treatment include:

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## V. Signature of Patient

I have discussed this designation with my above designated patient advocate who intends to sign the attached Acceptance to this designation (check one):

Concurrently with the execution of this document.

At a future date.

I freely and voluntarily sign this document, in the presence of the below-named witnesses, and it shall become effective on the date indicated below.

\_\_\_\_\_  
(Your signature) (Date)

\_\_\_\_\_  
(Print or type full name)

\_\_\_\_\_  
(Address)

\_\_\_\_\_  
(City) (State) (Zip)

## ATTESTATION OF WITNESSES

As a witness to the execution of this designation of patient advocate, I attest that the person who has signed this document in my presence appears to be of sound mind and under no duress, fraud, or undue influence. I further attest that I am not the person's spouse, parent, child, grandchild, sibling, presumptive heir, known devisee at the time of this witnessing, physician, the named patient advocate; or an employee of a life or health insurance provider for the person, a health facility that is treating the person, a home for the aged as defined in the Public Health Code, MCL 333.20106, where the person resides, or a community mental health services program or hospital that is providing mental health treatment to the person.

\_\_\_\_\_  
(First Witness's Signature) (Address)

\_\_\_\_\_  
(Type or Print Name) (City) (State) (Zip)

\_\_\_\_\_  
(Second Witness's Signature) (Address)

\_\_\_\_\_  
(Type or Print Name) (City) (State) (Zip)

## VI. Acceptance to the Designation of Patient Advocate

I, \_\_\_\_\_ hereby accept the  
*(Print patient advocate's name)*

responsibilities conferred upon me by \_\_\_\_\_  
*(Print patient's name)*

to serve as patient advocate in this document executed on

\_\_\_\_\_. I maintain the right to revoke this acceptance at  
*(Date)*

any time and by any means whereby I may communicate a desire to revoke it. By providing my signature below, I acknowledge that I have read and understand the requirements of Michigan law pertaining to the execution of a designation of a patient advocate, set out in sections (A) through (J) below.

- (A) This designation is not effective unless the patient is unable to participate in medical or mental health treatment decisions. If the patient advocate designation includes the authority to make an anatomical gift as described in MCL 700.5506, the authority remains exercisable after the patient's death.
- (B) A patient advocate shall not exercise powers concerning the patient's care, custody, and medical or mental health treatment that the patient, if the patient were able to participate in the decision, could not have exercised on his or her own behalf.
- (C) This designation cannot be used to make a medical treatment decision to withhold or withdraw treatment from a patient who is pregnant that would result in the pregnant patient's death.
- (D) A patient advocate may make a decision to withhold or withdraw treatment that would allow a patient to die only if the patient has expressed in a clear and convincing manner that the patient advocate is authorized to make such a decision, and that the patient acknowledges that such a decision could or would allow the patient's death.
- (E) A patient advocate shall not receive compensation for the performance of his or her authority, rights, and responsibilities, but a patient advocate may be reimbursed for actual and necessary expenses incurred in the performance of his or her authority, rights, and responsibilities.
- (F) A patient advocate shall act in accordance with the standards of care applicable to fiduciaries when acting for the patient and shall act consistent with the patient's best interest. The known desires of the patient expressed or evidenced while the patient is able to participate in medical or mental health treatment decisions are presumed to be in the patient's best interest.
- (G) A patient may revoke his or her patient advocate designation at any time and in any manner sufficient to communicate an intent to revoke.
- (H) A patient may waive his or her right to revoke the patient advocate designation as to the power to make mental health treatment decisions and, if such a waiver is made, his or her ability to revoke as to certain treatment will be delayed for up to 30 days after the patient communicates his or her intent to revoke.

- (I) A patient advocate may revoke his or her acceptance to the designation at any time and in any manner sufficient to communicate an intent to revoke.
- (J) A patient admitted to a health facility or agency has the rights enumerated in section 20201 of the Public Health Code, 1978 PA 368, MCL 333.20201.

Some, but not all, of the rights enumerated in section 20201 include:

A patient or resident in a health facility or agency (including a hospital or nursing home) will not be denied appropriate care on the basis of race, religion, color, national origin, sex, age, disability, marital status, sexual preference, or source of payment.

Patients and residents are also entitled to:

- inspect, or receive for a reasonable fee, a copy of their medical records, to have the confidentiality of those records maintained and to refuse the release to a person outside the health facility or agency except as required by a transfer to another health care facility or otherwise required by law.
- receive adequate and appropriate care, and to receive from the appropriate individual within the facility information about his or her medical condition, proposed course of treatment, and prospects of recovery, in terms which the patient or resident can understand unless medically contraindicated.
- refuse treatment to the extent provided by the law and to be informed of the consequences of that refusal. If a refusal of treatment prevents a health facility or its staff from providing appropriate care according to ethical and professional standards, the relationship with the patient or resident may be terminated upon reasonable notice.
- information about the facility's policies and procedures for initiation, review, and resolution of patient complaints.
- to exercise his or her rights as a patient or resident and as a citizen, and to this end may present grievances or recommend changes in policies and services on behalf of himself or herself or others to the health facility or agency staff, to governmental officials, or to another person of his or her choice within or outside the health facility or agency, free from restraint, interference, coercion, discrimination, or reprisal.
- receive and examine an explanation of his or her bill regardless of the source of payment and to receive, upon request, information relating to financial assistance available through the facility.
- associate and have private communications and consultations with his or her physician, attorney, or any other person of his or her choice, and to send and receive personal mail unopened on the same day it is received at the health facility or agency, unless medically contraindicated as documented by the attending physician in the medical record.

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*(Patient Advocate's Signature)*

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*(Date)*

# ORGAN DONATION

# Frequently Asked Questions

**1. How can I be assured my donation decision will be carried out?**

First, register with the Michigan Organ Donor Registry. You may register online at [www.michigan.gov/sos](http://www.michigan.gov/sos); in person at your local Secretary of State office or by calling Gift of Life at (800) 482-4881. Once registered, you will receive a heart sticker to place on your license indicating you are registered with the state's donor database. This registry consents for all organs. Second, discuss your wishes with your family and/or patient advocate. You may also fill out the generic organ donor form to keep with your personal papers or to specify certain organs and/or tissues to donate.

**2. Can the next of kin or a patient advocate consent to a donation if the deceased family member has not registered as an organ donor or made any provision for organ donation?**

Yes. The Public Health Code (PA 368 of 1978) and the Estates and Protected Individuals Code (PA 386 of 1998) provide for this opportunity.

**3. Can my donation decision be included in a Will?**

Yes. However, since organ donations must occur promptly, this is normally ineffective because wills are rarely read, let alone probated, until long after the time for the organ donation has passed.

**4. Who can be a donor?**

Almost anyone. Poor health, poor eyesight, and age do not prohibit you from becoming a donor. However, some of these factors do influence the likelihood of the tissues being suitable for transplant. Organs and tissues that cannot be used for transplants, however, can often be used for research to help scientists find cures or better treatments for serious illness.

**5. Will donation affect my funeral arrangements?**

No. The donation is performed within hours after death, so funeral arrangements may proceed as planned. Removal of organs leaves no visible signs that would interfere with a normal open casket viewing.

**6. Will my family pay or receive any fees for donation?**

No. It is illegal to buy or sell the human body, its eyes, organs, and tissues.

**7. Will the quality of medical treatment be affected if one is a known donor?**

Strict laws protect the potential donor. Legal guidelines must be followed before death can be certified. The physician certifying a patient's death cannot be involved in any way with the donation or with the transplant.

**8. How can I obtain more information regarding organ, tissue, and eye donation?**

Contact the Gift of Life Michigan on the web at [www.giftoflifemichigan.org](http://www.giftoflifemichigan.org) or toll-free at (866) 500-5801 for organ and tissue donations. For eye donations, contact Eversight Michigan on the web at [www.eversightvision.org/michigan](http://www.eversightvision.org/michigan) or toll-free at (800) 247-7250. Your local Secretary of State office also has donation information available.



# ORGAN DONATION FORM

Organ Donor Form

of \_\_\_\_\_  
(Print or type your name)

In the hope that I may help others, I hereby make this anatomical gift if medically acceptable, to take effect upon my death. The words and marks below indicate my desires.

I give:

(a) any needed organs or physical parts

(b) only the following organs or physical parts:

\_\_\_\_\_  
(Specify the organ(s) or physical part(s))

(c) my body for anatomical study, for the purposes of transplantation, therapy, medical research, or education if needed.

Limitations or special wishes, if any: \_\_\_\_\_

Signed by the donor and at least 1 witness in the presence of each other:

\_\_\_\_\_  
Your Signature

\_\_\_\_\_  
Your date of birth

\_\_\_\_\_  
Date signed

\_\_\_\_\_  
Your complete address (street, city, state, zip code)

\_\_\_\_\_  
Witness's Signature

\_\_\_\_\_  
Witness's Signature

\_\_\_\_\_  
Printed Name of Witness

\_\_\_\_\_  
Printed Name of Witness

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**Note: Keep this form with your personal papers and inform family members of your wishes and where this form is kept.**



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*The information in this publication is available,  
upon request, in an alternative, accessible format.*

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