

Aquatic Plant Management

NOTE: Missing or incomplete fields are highlighted at the bottom of each page. You may save, close and return to your draft permit as often as necessary to complete your application. If there are no updates in 90 days, your draft is deleted

This Application has been Signed and Submitted by: i:0#.f|wamsmembership|hdharveyiii signed on 2025-05-01T12:34:47

Site or Project Name:

Lost Lake Preservation & Rehabilitation District - Lost Lake 2025 A-25

The permit application will be saved automatically with this name

Activity:

Chemical Control Application-Lake, River, Pond

Eligibility:

(All questions must be no for it to be considered a private pond.)

Does the waterbody have:

- More than one property owner? ☒ Yes ☐ No
- Uncontrolled surface water discharge? ☐ Yes ☒ No
- Public access? ☒ Yes ☐ No

3200-004 Chemical Aquatic Control Application - Lake, River, Pond

NOTE: To be considered a private pond, a waterbody must meet all of the following requirements:

1. Confined to one property owner.
2. The pond has no uncontrolled surface water discharge.
3. No public access.

Upon submittal of your permit application, a **non-refundable \$20 permit processing fee will be charged**. Additional acreage fees will be refunded if the permit request is denied or if no treatment occurs.

3200-004 Chemical Aquatic Plant Control Application

- Annually complete all pages on Form 3200-004 for chemical plant management applications. Complete form 3200-004a for large scale treatments(exceeds 10.0 acres in size or 10% of the area of the water body that is 10 feet or less in depth) as required by NR107.04(3).
 - Form 3200-004 is completed electronically through this system.
 - Form 3200-004a must be completed outside the system and uploaded to the attachments section. Please refer to this link for a copy of this form: <http://dnr.wi.gov/files/pdf/forms/3200/3200-004A.pdf>
- Attach a map that shows the treatment location(s), treatment dimensions and riparian landowners. If requesting WPDES coverage, attach a water body map that shows surface outflow and receiving waters.
- For a large-scale treatment, attach evidence that a public notice has been published in a regional / local newspaper and if required that a public informational meeting has been conducted as defined in NR107.04(3).
- Pay fee online.
- Sign and Submit form.
- A signed permit application certifies to the Department that a copy of the application has been provided to any affected property owner's association/district and to landowners adjacent to treatment area.

Contact Information

Applicant Information

Organization Lost Lake Preservation and Rehabilitation District

Last Name: Eckerman

First Name: John

Mailing Address: 611 Chippewa Dr

City: Plover

State: WI

Zip Code: 54467

Email:

Phone Number:

(xxx-xxx-xxxx)

Alternative Phone Number:

(xxx-xxx-xxxx)

Waterbody Address

Last Name:

First Name:

Street Address: 2461 Forest Primal Dr

City: St Germain

State: WI

Zip Code: 54558

Email:

Phone Number:

(xxx-xxx-xxxx)

Alternative Phone Number:

(xxx-xxx-xxxx)

Applicator

Name of Applicator Firm: Schmidt's Aquatic LLC

Applicator Certification #: 000977

Business Location License #: 93-022613-020730

Restricted Use Pesticide #:

Address: 7470 Sherman Rd

City: Bancroft

State: WI

Zip: 54921

Email: hdhiii@schmidtsaquatic.com

Phone Number: 920-980-9190
(xxx-xxx-xxxx)

Adjacent Riparian Property Owners

NOTE: Phone and email address will not be publicly viewable.

☒ Uploaded riparian owners to attachment tab ☐ Riparian Owners Information is not applicable for this application

Name Address Phone Email Address

Site Information - Complete

Waterbody Containing Control Area(s)

Waterbody Property Owners Association
or Waterbody District Representative :

Lost Lake Preservation & Rehabilitation District

☐ None

Water Body or Wetland Name:

Lost Lake

Primary County:

Vilas

Latitude:

45.9619

Longitude:

-89.4944

Section:

09

Township:

40

Range:

08

Direction:

☒ E ☐ W

Waterbody Surface Area:

544

acres

Estimated Surface area that is 10ft or less

100

acres

Proposed Control Area(s)

Area(s) Proposed for Control:

Site Name (Optional)	Treatment Length	Treatment Width	Estimated Acreage	Average Depth	Calculated Volume
A-25	0 ft. x	0 ft.	$\div 43,560 \text{ ft}^2 =$ 7.90 ac	4.50 ft =	35.55 ac-ft
			Estimated Acreage Grand Total		Calculated Volume Grand Total
			7.90 ac		35.55 ac-ft

Is the area with in or adjacent to a sensitive area designated by the Department of Natural Resources. [More Information](#)

☐ Yes ☒ No

If the estimated acreage is greater than 10 acres, or is greater than 10 percent of the estimated area 10 feet or less in depth in Section II, complete and attach Form 3200-004A, Large-Scale Treatment Worksheet.

Chemical Aquatic Plant Control Information - Lake, River, Pond Form 3200-004 (R 2/17)

Notice: Use of this form is required by the Department for any application filed pursuant to s. 281.17(2), Wis. Stats., and Chapters NR 107, 200 and 205, Wis. Adm. Code. This permit application is required to request coverage for pollutant discharge into waters of the state. Personally identifiable information on this form may be provided to requesters to the extent required by Wisconsin's Open Records Law [ss. 19.31-19.39, Wis. Stats.].

Treatment Type:

☒ *Lake* ☐ *Pond* ☐ *Wetland* ☐ *Marina* ☐ *Other*

Has a management plan been provided to the DNR? <input checked="" type="radio"/> Yes <input type="radio"/> No <input type="radio"/> Don't Know	If Yes, date approved of most current copy 11/30/2023	Link to Approved Plan: <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Uploaded Plan copy as an Attachment
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Does the proposed plant removal agree with the approved plan? ☒ Yes ☐ No
If NO, explain, Attach additional sheets if necessary.

Goal of Aquatic Plant Control:

- ☐ Maintain navigation channel
- ☐ Maintain boat landing and carry in access
- ☐ Improve fish habitat
- ☐ Maintain swimming area
- ☒ Control of invasive exotics
- ☐ Other

Nuisance Caused By:

- ☐ Algae
- ☐ Emergent water plants (majority of leaves & stems growing above water surface, e.g. cattail, bulrushes)
- ☐ Floating water plants (majority of leaves floating on water surface, e.g., water lilies, duckweed)
- ☒ Submerged water plants (leaves & stems below surface, flowering parts may be exposed: milfoil, coontail)
- ☐ Other

List Target Plants

- | | | |
|---|--|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Algae | <input type="checkbox"/> Flowering Rush | <input type="checkbox"/> Purple Loosestrife |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Common/Glossy Buckthorn | <input type="checkbox"/> Hybrid Cattail | <input type="checkbox"/> Reed Canary Grass |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Coontail | <input type="checkbox"/> Hybrid Watermilfoil | <input type="checkbox"/> Reed Manna Grass |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Curly-Leaf Pondweed | <input type="checkbox"/> Japanese Knotweed | <input type="checkbox"/> Starry Stonewort |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Duckweed | <input type="checkbox"/> Naiad | <input type="checkbox"/> Yellow Floating Heart |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Elodea | <input type="checkbox"/> Narrow-Leaf Cattail | <input type="checkbox"/> Yellow Iris |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Eurasian Watermilfoil | <input type="checkbox"/> Phragmites | <input type="checkbox"/> Pondweed |

Other Target Plants:

Note: Different plants require different chemicals for effective treatment. Do not purchase chemical before identifying plants.

Chemical Control

Full Trade Name of Proposed Chemical(s)

<input type="checkbox"/> Agristar 2,4-D Amine	<input type="checkbox"/> Clipper	<input type="checkbox"/> K-Tea	<input type="checkbox"/> SCI-62
<input type="checkbox"/> Algimycin PWF	<input type="checkbox"/> Clipper SC	<input type="checkbox"/> Littora	<input type="checkbox"/> Sculpin G
<input type="checkbox"/> Alligare 2,4-D	<input type="checkbox"/> Current	<input type="checkbox"/> Milestone	<input type="checkbox"/> SeClear
<input type="checkbox"/> Alligare Argos	<input type="checkbox"/> Cutrine-Plus	<input type="checkbox"/> Nautique	<input type="checkbox"/> SeClear G
<input type="checkbox"/> Alligare Diquat	<input type="checkbox"/> Cutrine-Plus Granular	<input type="checkbox"/> Navigate	<input type="checkbox"/> Shoreklear-Plus
<input type="checkbox"/> Alligare Ecomazapyr	<input type="checkbox"/> Cutrine-Ultra	<input type="checkbox"/> Navitrol	<input type="checkbox"/> Shredder Amine
<input type="checkbox"/> Alligare Glyphosate 5.4	<input type="checkbox"/> DMA 4 IVM	<input type="checkbox"/> Navitrol DPF	<input type="checkbox"/> Sonar AS
<input type="checkbox"/> Aqua Neat	<input type="checkbox"/> Earthtec	<input type="checkbox"/> Phycomycin SCP	<input type="checkbox"/> Sonar Genesis
<input type="checkbox"/> Aqua Star	<input type="checkbox"/> Element 3A	<input type="checkbox"/> Polaris	<input type="checkbox"/> Sonar H4C
<input type="checkbox"/> AquaPro	<input type="checkbox"/> Flumioxazin 51% WDG	<input type="checkbox"/> Polaris AC	<input type="checkbox"/> Sonar PR
<input type="checkbox"/> Aquashade	<input type="checkbox"/> Formula F-30	<input type="checkbox"/> Pond-Klear	<input type="checkbox"/> Sonar Q
<input type="checkbox"/> Aquashadow	<input type="checkbox"/> Garlon 3A	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ProcellaCOR EC	<input type="checkbox"/> Sonar RTU
<input type="checkbox"/> Aquastrike	<input type="checkbox"/> Green Clean	<input type="checkbox"/> Refuge	<input type="checkbox"/> Sonar SRP
<input type="checkbox"/> Aquathol K	<input type="checkbox"/> Habitat	<input type="checkbox"/> Renovate 3	<input type="checkbox"/> SonarOne
<input type="checkbox"/> Aquathol Super K	<input type="checkbox"/> Harpoon	<input type="checkbox"/> Renovate LZR	<input type="checkbox"/> Stingray
<input type="checkbox"/> Avast! SC	<input type="checkbox"/> Harvester	<input type="checkbox"/> Renovate LZR Max	<input type="checkbox"/> Symmetry NXG
<input type="checkbox"/> Captain	<input type="checkbox"/> Havoc Amine	<input type="checkbox"/> Renovate Max G	<input type="checkbox"/> Touchdown Pro
<input type="checkbox"/> Captain XTR	<input type="checkbox"/> Hydrothol 191	<input type="checkbox"/> Renovate OTF	<input type="checkbox"/> Tribune
<input type="checkbox"/> Chinook	<input type="checkbox"/> Hydrothol Granular	<input type="checkbox"/> Reward	<input type="checkbox"/> Trycera
<input type="checkbox"/> Clearcast	<input type="checkbox"/> Komeen	<input type="checkbox"/> Rodeo	<input type="checkbox"/> Weedar 64
<input type="checkbox"/> Clearigate	<input type="checkbox"/> Komeen Crystal	<input type="checkbox"/> Roundup Custom	<input type="checkbox"/> Weedestroy AM-40

Other Proposed Chemical(s):

Have the proposed chemicals been permitted in a prior year on the proposed site?
☐ All ☐ Some ☒ None

What were the results of the treatment?

Method of Application: Injection
Other Method of Application

NOTE: Chemical fact sheets for aquatic pesticides used in Wisconsin are available from the Department of Natural Resources upon request.

Alternatives to Chemical Control:	Feasible?	If No, Why Not?
1. Mechanical harvesting	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input checked="" type="radio"/> No	Possible fragmentation and could possibly spread EWM
2. Manual removal	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input checked="" type="radio"/> No	Area too large
3. Sediment screens/covers	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input checked="" type="radio"/> No	Area too large and too costly
4. Dredging	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input checked="" type="radio"/> No	Too costly
5. Waterbody drawdown	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input checked="" type="radio"/> No	Not specific to site
6. Nutrient controls in watershed	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input checked="" type="radio"/> No	Not specific to site
7. Other:	<input type="radio"/> Yes <input checked="" type="radio"/> No	N/A

Note: If proposed treatment involves multiple properties, consider feasibility of EACH alternative for EACH property owner.

Will surface water outflow and/or overflow be controlled to prevent chemical loss?
☒ Yes ☐ No

Is the treatment area greater than 5% of surface area?

☐ Yes ☒ No

WPDES Permit Request

Is WPDES coverage being requested? Refer to

<http://dnr.wi.gov/topic/wastewater/aquaticpesticides.html> for more information

☐ Yes - complete section VII with signature.

☒ No

☒ Already have WPDES

☐ WPDES coverage not needed

Required Attachments and Supplemental Information

Upload Required Attachments (15 MB per file limit) - [Help reduce file size and trouble shoot file uploads](#)

* indicates completion of this item is required

Note: To add additional attachments using the down arrow icon. To replace an existing file, use the 'Click here to attach file ' link. To remove additional items, select the item and press CNTRL Delete.

Riparian Owners

 File Attachment

[St Germain Lost Lake District Owner Roster UPDATED hide.xlsx](#)

Public Notice

 File Attachment

[Lost Lake Newspaper Notification Ad 2025.pdf](#)

Large Scale
Worksheet

 File Attachment

[Form 3200-4A Signed Copy Lost Lake 2025.pdf](#)

Site Map

 File Attachment

[LostVilas EWM T2025 Prelim2 NEW MAP 2025.pdf](#)

Site Map

 File Attachment

[Lost Lake Affidavit Publication 2-12-2025.pdf](#)

Lake
Management
Plan

 File Attachment

[Lost Vilas APMPlan Final FullPlan Nov30-2023.pdf](#)

Fee Calculation

Chemical Control Application

1. s. NR 107.11(1), Wis. Adm. Code, lists the conditions under which the permit fee is limited to the \$20 minimum charge.
2. s. NR 107.11(4), Wis. Adm. Code, lists the uses that are exempt from permit requirements.
3. s. NR 107.04(2), Wis. Adm. Code, provides for a refund of acreage fees if the permit is denied or if no treatment occurs.

If Proposed treatment is over 0.25, calculate acreage fee: (round up to nearest whole acre, to maximum of 50 acres)	7.9
acres X \$25 per acre = \$	\$200.00
If proposed treatment is less than 0.25 acre, acreage fee is \$0	
Basic Permit Fee (non-refundable)	\$20.00
Total Fee	\$220

Payment Information

Invoice Number: WP-00053058

Payment Confirmation Number:

WS2WT3012387938

Amount Paid: \$220

Sign and Submit

Applicant Responsibilities and Certification

1. The applicant has prepared a detailed map which shows the length, width and average depth of each area proposed for the control of rooted vegetation and the surface area in acres or square feet for each proposed algae treatment.
2. The applicant understands that the Department of Natural Resources may require supervision of any aquatic plant management project involving chemicals. Under s.NR 107.07 Wis. Adm. Code, supervision may include inspection of the proposed treatment area, chemicals and application equipment before, during or after treatment. The applicant is required to notify the regional office 4 working days in advance of each anticipated treatment with the date, time, location and size of treatment unless the Department waives this requirement. Do you request the Department to waive the advance notification requirement?
☐ Yes ☒ No
3. The applicant agrees to comply with all terms or conditions of this permit, if issued, as well as all provisions of Chapter NR 107, Wis. Adm. Code. The required application fee is attached.
4. The applicant will provide a copy of the current application to any affected property owners' association inland Lake District and, in the case of chemical applications for rooted aquatic plants, to all owners of property riparian or adjacent to the treatment area. The applicant has also provided a copy of the current chemical fact sheet for the chemicals proposed for use to any affected property owner's association or inland Lake District.
5. Conditions related to invasive species movement. The applicant and operator agree to the following methods required under s.NR 109.05(2), Wis. Adm. Code for controlling, transporting and disposing of aquatic plants and animals, and moving water:
 - Aquatic plants and animals shall be removed and water drained from all equipment as required by s.30.07, Wis. Stats., and ss. NR 19.055 and 40.07, Wis. Adm. Code.
 - Operator shall comply with the most recent Department-approved 'Boat, Gear, and Equipment Decontamination and Disinfection Protocol', Manual Code #9183.1, available at <http://dnr.wi.gov/topic/invasives/disinfection.html>

All portions of this permit, map and accompanying cover letter must be in possession of the chemical applicator at the time of treatment. During treatment all provisions of Chapter NR 107 107.07 and NR 107.08, Wis. Adm. Code, must be complied with, as well as the specific conditions contained in the permit cover letter.

I hereby certify that that the above information is true and correct and that copies of the application shall be provided to all affected property owners promptly and that the conditions of the permit will be adhered to. All portions of this permit, map and accompanying cover letter must be in possession of the applicant or their agent at time of plant removal. During plant removal activities, all provisions of applicable Wisconsin Administrative Rules must be complied with, as well as the specific conditions contained in the permit cover letter.

Steps to Complete the signature process

IMPORTANT: All email correspondence will be sent to the address associated with your WAMS ID).

1. Read and Accept the Responsibilities and Certification
2. Press the Initiate Signature Process button
3. Open the confirmation email for a one time confirmation code and instructions to complete the signature process.

You will receive a final acknowledgement email upon completing these steps .

☒ Check if you are signing as Agent for Applicant.

i:0#.f|wamsmembership|hdharveyiii signed on 202.

☒ I hereby certify that the above information is true and correct and that copies of this submittal shall be provided to the appropriate parties named in the contact section and that the conditions of the permit and pesticide use will be adhered to.

NOTE: Completion of this form is required by the Department, pursuant to s. 144.025(2)(i), Wis. Stats., and Chapter NR 107, Wis. Adm. Code, once every five years for proposed treatments that would cover more than 10 acres on one lake, or more than 10 percent of that portion of the lake that is 10 feet or less in depth.

The purpose of this form is to identify the: (1) recreational needs of the property owners and visitors;
(2) value of the proposed treatment area to fish and wildlife;
(3) cause(s) of the excess plant growth problem; and
(4) short and long-term solutions to the problem.

Please furnish a detailed map(s) of the lake and its watershed. Indicate the watershed boundaries on the map. If you do not have a watershed map for the lake you wish to treat, your DNR lake management coordinator can help you locate or prepare one.

SECTION I. BACKGROUND

Name of Applicant
Lost Lake Protection & Rehabilitation District

Date Completed
2/17/2025

Name of Lake
Lost Lake

SECTION II. RECREATIONAL USES

Check those uses that apply and complete the information requested:

- ☐ 1. **SWIMMING:** Indicate on your lake map the portions of the proposed treatment area that are used for swimming.
What distance from shore is needed to provide adequate swimming space? _____ feet
What is the average depth at this distance? _____ feet
- ☐ 2. **FISHING:** Indicate on your lake map any fishing areas that are within the proposed treatment area.
- ☐ 3. **HUNTING:** Indicate on your lake map any hunting areas that are within or adjacent to the proposed treatment area.
- ☐ 4. **BOATING/NAVIGATION:** Indicate on your lake map where the following boating activities take place within the proposed treatment area:
- | | | |
|------------------|--------------|-------------|
| Sailing | Water skiing | Fishing |
| Pleasure boating | Jet skiing | Other _____ |
- ☐ 5. **AESTHETIC:** Indicate on your lake map any wildlife or nature observation areas within the proposed treatment area.
Do you object to the aesthetic quality (appearance, odor) of the proposed treatment area? ☐ Yes ☐ No
- ☒ 6. **OTHER:** What other activities occur in the proposed treatment area? Swimming, fishing, and recreational activities
take place throughout the entire lake.

SECTION III. FISH AND WILDLIFE VALUE

1. **Fisheries:** To maintain a quality fishery, a lake must provide good spawning, rearing and feeding habitat. Please indicate on your lake map the location of any quality fisheries habitat. (Contact your local DNR fish manager or your local fishing club for information about your lake's fishery.)
2. **Wildlife:** Indicate on your lake map any portions of the proposed treatment area or adjacent shoreline that are considered to be good wildlife habitat. (Contact your local DNR wildlife manager or your local wildlife or hunting club for additional information about the wildlife around (and in) your lake.)
3. Which organization(s) or individual(s) did you contact for your information? WI DNR

SECTION IV. CAUSES OF THE PROBLEM

What are perceived to be the local or regional causes of the problem? (Check all those that apply.)

- ☐ A. Agricultural runoff (from barnyards or croplands) that contributes sediment, nutrients and/or bacteria to the lake.
- ☐ B. Urban runoff (from stormwater) that contributes sediment, nutrients and other pollutants to the lake.
- ☐ C. Sewage treatment or industrial discharges upstream of the lake.
- ☐ D. Possible faulty septic systems in the area around the lake.
- ☐ E. Runoff from fertilized lawns near the lake.
- ☐ F. Sediments contaminated with nutrients from past pollution activities.
- ☒ G. Naturally fertile - no known human sources of excessive sediment, nutrients or other pollutants.
- ☒ H. Other: EWM was introduced into the lake by an unknown source.

Please identify on your watershed map the locations of any land use practices that are perceived to be contributing to excess plant growth problems in the lake.

SECTION V. SOLUTIONS

Control of aquatic plant problems can be temporarily accomplished with short-term measures, but no strategy will be successful without long-term planning to address the source of the problem. A sound plant management program should combine both short-term and long-term control strategies.

1. What level of short-term control do you wish to achieve?

- ☐ Remove 100% of the plants in the treatment area.
- ☒ Remove 70-99% of the plants in the treatment area.
- ☐ Remove less than 70% of the plants in the treatment area.

2. Which plants do you wish to remove in the short-term?

- ☐ Remove all plant species.
- ☒ Remove specific plant species only. (Name(s) of species: EWM)

3. How often will it be necessary to:

- A. Chemically treat? 0 times per year for algae; 0 times per year for other plants
- B. Mechanically harvest? 0 times per year

4. What long-term control alternatives have you begun to implement?

- ☒ Developed a lake plant management plan.
- ☒ Developed a lake protection plan.
- ☒ Formed a Lake District, Lake Association or other organization. (Name: Lost Lake P & R District)
- ☒ Established a monitoring program for the lake.
- ☐ Contacted the Soil Conservation Service or Land Conservation Commission to identify land use controls that are needed in the watershed.
- ☐ Conducted a septic survey with the county sanitarian.
- ☐ Other: _____

Long-term planning can provide an organized approach to solving the problems that are affecting the water quality of your lake. Your DNR lake management coordinator, county extension agent, or regional planning commission can provide specific technical information and assistance.

SECTION VI. PUBLIC INVOLVEMENT

1. Before you conduct a large-scale chemical aquatic plant treatment, you are required to provide the public with formal notice of the planned treatment (s. NR 107.04(3), Wis. Adm. Code). Please attach evidence (e.g., newspaper clipping) that such notice has been made.

2. You are also required to conduct a public informational meeting on the proposed large-scale treatment if 5 or more individuals, organizations or local or special units of government request such a meeting within 5 days of the notice (s. NR 107.04(3), Wis. Adm. Code).

Was a public informational meeting required for the proposed treatment? ☐ Yes ☒ No

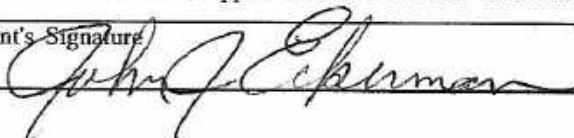
If yes, please attach evidence that such a meeting was held.

3. These public notice and public meeting provisions apply each year that a treatment is proposed.

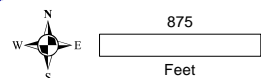
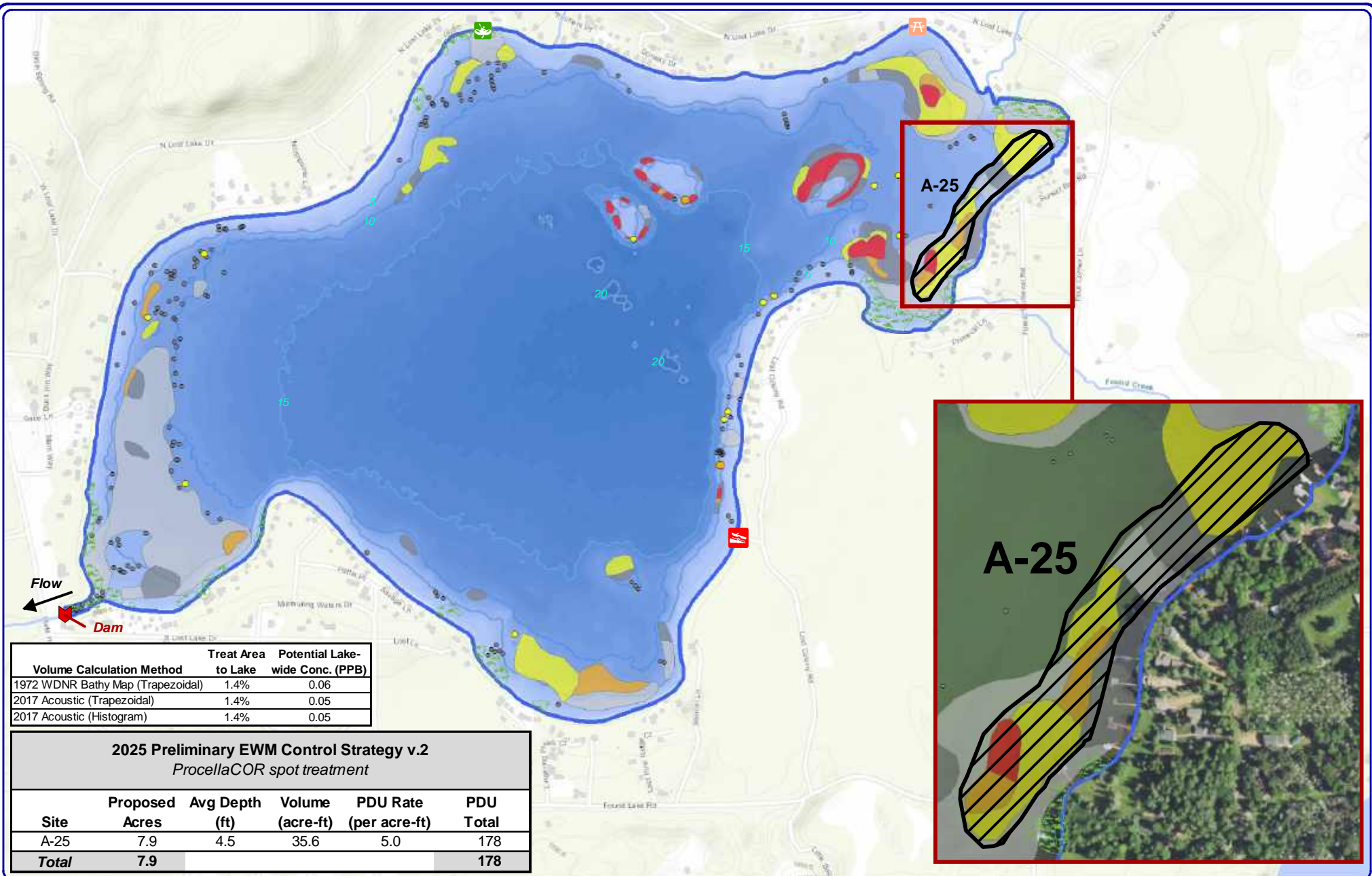
NOTE: This form is to be updated once every 5 years to include new information. Modifications of the proposed treatment within the 5-year period also require re-submittal of this form if the location or target organisms are changed, or if the treatment area is expanded by more than 10 percent.

I hereby certify that the above information is true and correct and that copies of this application have been provided to the appropriate parties named in Section II of Form 3200-4, Application for Permit for Chemical Aquatic Plant Control.

Applicant's Signature



Please attach with map(s) to Form 3200-4, Application for Permit for Chemical Aquatic Plant Control.



Onterra LLC
Lake Management Planning
815 Prosper Rd
De Pere, WI 54115
920.338.8860
www.onterra-eco.com

Sources:
Hydro and Roads: WDNR
Aquatic Plant Survey: Onterra, 2024
Bathymetry: Onterra, 2017
Basemap: ESRI AGOL
Orthophoto: NAIP, 2022
Map Date: April 25, 2025 - E-JH



EWM Survey Results (August 14, 2024)

- Highly Scattered
- Scattered
- Dominant
- Highly Dominant
- Surface Matting
- Single or Few Plants
- Clump of Plants
- Small Plant Colony



- Prelim 2025 Herbicide Treatment Site
- Floating-leaf and/or Emergent Plant Colony (Mapped in 2017)

Lost Lake
Vilas County, Wisconsin

**Preliminary 2025 EWM
Treatment Strategy v2**

FLORPYRAUXIFEN-BENZYL CHEMICAL FACT SHEET

Formulations

Florpyrauxifen-benzyl is a relatively new herbicide that was first registered with the U.S. EPA in 2017. The active ingredient is 4-amino-3-chloro-6-(4-chloro-2-fluoro-3-methoxyphenyl)-5-fluoro-pyridine-2-benzyl ester, also identified as florpyrauxifen-benzyl.

Florpyrauxifen-benzyl is labeled for control of submerged, floating and emergent aquatic plants using surface, subsurface or foliar application in slow-moving and quiescent waters. Commercial formulations approved for aquatic use in Wisconsin include ProcellaCOR™*.

Aquatic Use and Considerations

Florpyrauxifen-benzyl is a systemic herbicide (i.e., it moves throughout the plant tissue). It is a WSSA Group 4 herbicide, meaning that the mechanism of action is by mimicking the plant growth hormone auxin and causing excessive elongation of plant cells, ultimately killing the plant. Affected plants may show atypical growth patterns (e.g., large and/or twisted leaves, stem elongation), and leaf and shoot tissue may become fragile. While initial effects will become apparent within a few days after treatment, it will take two to three weeks for the full plant decomposition process to occur. Florpyrauxifen-benzyl should be applied to plants that are actively growing; mature plants may require a higher concentration of herbicide and a longer contact time compared to smaller, less established plants.

It is important to note that repeated use of herbicides in the same WSSA group (i.e., with the same mechanism of action) can lead to herbicide-resistant plants, even in aquatic

environments. In order to reduce the risk of developing resistant genotypes, avoid using the same type of herbicides year after year, and utilize effective integrated pest management strategies as part of any long-term control program.

Florpyrauxifen-benzyl has relatively short contact exposure time (CET) requirements (typically 12 to 24 hours). The short CET may be advantageous for localized treatments of submersed aquatic plants, however, the target species efficacy compared to the size of the treatment area is not yet known. In some Wisconsin lakes impacts to target and non-target plants have been observed in areas beyond the targeted treatment areas, and research is ongoing to better understand the herbicide's dissipation and degradation patterns across various lake types.

Florpyrauxifen-benzyl is labeled for control of invasive Eurasian watermilfoil (*Myriophyllum spicatum*), hybrid watermilfoil (*M. spicatum x sibiricum*) and yellow floating heart (*Nymphoides peltata*)†. Native species listed on the product label as susceptible to florpyrauxifen-benzyl include coontail (*Ceratophyllum demersum*), variable-leaf watermilfoil (*Myriophyllum heterophyllum*), watershield (*Brasenia schreberi*), pickerelweed (*Pontederia cordata*) and American lotus (*Nelumbo lutea*)†.

Preliminary results from pre- and post-treatment monitoring conducted on a subset of Wisconsin lakes observed negative impacts to dicot species such as northern watermilfoil (*Myriophyllum sibiricum*), white water crowfoot (*Ranunculus aquatilis*), water marigold (*Bidens beckii*), & coontail following treatment.

* Product names are provided solely for your reference and should not be considered exhaustive nor endorsements.

† May vary by formulation, application rate, and/or product. Every product label must be carefully reviewed and followed by the user.

Post-Treatment Water Use Restrictions

There are no drinking water or recreational use restrictions, including swimming and fishing, and no restrictions on irrigating turf. There is a short waiting period (dependent on application rate) for other non-agricultural irrigation purposes. Treated water should not be used for livestock drinking water or for agricultural irrigation without analytical monitoring to confirm dissipation†.

Herbicide Degradation, Persistence and Trace Contaminants

Florpyrauxifen-benzyl is short-lived, with a half-life (the time it takes for half of the active ingredient to degrade) of four to six days in aerobic aquatic environments and two days in anaerobic aquatic environments.

Florpyrauxifen-benzyl in water is subject to rapid breakdown by light (photolysis), with a reported photolytic half-life of approximately two hours in surface water when exposed to sunlight. In addition, the herbicide can convert partially to an acid form via breakdown by water (hydrolysis) at high pH (greater than 9) and higher water temperatures (greater than 25°C). Microbial activity in the water and sediment can also enhance degradation.

Florpyrauxifen-benzyl breaks down into five major degradation products. These materials are generally more persistent in water than the active herbicide (with a half-life of up to three weeks), but four of the five products are minor metabolites detected at less than 5% of applied active ingredient.

Florpyrauxifen-benzyl has a high soil adsorption coefficient (KOC) and low volatility, which allows for rapid plant uptake resulting in short exposure time requirements. Florpyrauxifen-benzyl degrades quickly (two to 15 days) in sediment. Few studies have yet been completed for groundwater, but based on known environmental properties, florpyrauxifen-benzyl is not expected to be associated with potential environmental impacts in groundwater.

Impacts on Fish and Other Aquatic Organisms

Florpyrauxifen-benzyl is practically nontoxic to freshwater fish and invertebrates, birds, bees, reptiles, amphibians and mammals. Florpyrauxifen-benzyl will temporarily bioaccumulate (the process by which chemicals in the environment or in a food source are taken up by plants or animals) in freshwater organisms but is expelled and/or metabolized within one to three days after exposure to high (greater than 150 parts per billion) concentrations.

Human Health

There are no risks of concern to human health since no adverse short- or long-term effects, including a lack of carcinogenicity or mutagenicity, were observed in the submitted toxicological studies for florpyrauxifen-benzyl regardless of the route of exposure. Drinking water exposures to florpyrauxifen-benzyl also do not pose a significant human health risk. Additionally, there is no hazard concern for metabolites and/or degradants of florpyrauxifen-benzyl that may be found in drinking water, plants and livestock.

For Additional Information

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA)
Office of Pesticide Programs
epa.gov/pesticides

Wisconsin Department of Agriculture, Trade,
and Consumer Protection
datcp.wi.gov/Pages/Programs_Services/ACMOVerview.aspx

Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources
608-266-2621
dnr.wi.gov/lakes/plants

National Pesticide Information Center
1-800-858-7378
npic.orst.edu

Washington State Department of Ecology. 2017.
fortress.wa.gov/ecy/publications/documents/1710020.pdf



WARNING

PESTICIDE TREATMENT AREA

THIS WATERBODY HAS BEEN CHEMICALLY TREATED FOR:

☐ INVASIVE PLANTS
☐ ALGAE

☐ NAVIGATION/ACCESS
☐ FISH REMOVAL

☐ MOSQUITO/BLACK FLY
☐ OTHER _____

PESTICIDE APPLIED

ACTIVE INGREDIENT

DATE TREATED

WATER USE RESTRICTIONS APPLY AS FOLLOWS:

TO ☐ THE ENTIRE WATERBODY

TO ☐ WATER WITHIN _____ FT OF THIS NOTICE AND _____ FT FROM SHORE

DO NOT USE TREATED WATER FOR THE FOLLOWING PURPOSES UNTIL:

SWIMMING _____

HOUSEHOLD USE (dishes, laundry, etc.) _____

CONSUMING FISH _____

DRINKING WATER _____

IRRIGATION (CROP) _____

PET/LIVESTOCK WATER _____

IRRIGATION (OTHER) _____



Wisconsin Dept. of Natural Resources
101 S. Webster St., P.O. Box 7921
Madison, WI 53707-7921
www.dnr.state.wi.us/lakes/plants/factsheets

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CONTACT _____
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