

History class-11th Notes

Q1. What do you know about early societies?

Ans- The early societies consists of two themes : The first theme is all about the beginning of human existence, from the remote past million of years ago and how archaeologist have made attempts to reconstruct the lives of early people. The second theme deals with some of the earliest cities - those of Mesopotamia, present day Iraq. These cities developed around temples and we're centres of long distance trade.

Q2.What does the timeline focuses?

Ans- The timeline focuses on the emergence of humans and the domestication of plants and animals. It highlights some major technological developments such as the use of fire, metals, plough agriculture and the wheel.

Q3. What do you meant by fossils?

Ans- Fossils are the remains or impression of very old plant, animal or human which have turned into stone. These are often embedded in rock, and are thus preserved for millions of year.

Q4. What do you meant by species?

Ans- It is a group of organisms that can breed to produce fertile offspring. Members of one species cannot mate with those of other species to produce fertile offspring.

Q5.Who has published the book on the "origin of species " and when?

Ans- 24 Nov. 1859 when Charles Darwin's on the origin of species was published, marked a landmark in the study of evolution.

Q6. Which species is known as upright man and thinking/wise man?

Ans- Home erectus and Homo sapiens.

Q7. What do you meant by primates?

Ans- primates are a subgroup of a larger group of mammals. They include Monkeys, apes and humans. They have body hair, a relatively long gestation period following birth, mammary glands, different types of teeth and the ability to maintain a constant body temperature.

Q8. Define genus?

Ans- Hominids are further subdivided into branches called Genus.

Q9. Define Hominoids.

Ans- Hominoids different from monkeys in a number of ways. They have a larger body and do not have a tail. Besides, there is a longer period of infant development and dependency amongst hominids.

Q10.what is Homo.

Ans-It is a Latin word meaning man.

Q11. Where was the fossils of Homo habilis have been discovered?

Ans- The fossils of Homo habilis have been discovered at One in Ethiopia and at Olduvai Gorge in Tanzania.

Q12. Where was the earliest fossils of Homo erectus have been found.

Ans- It is found both in Africa and Asia:koobi Fora and west Turkana, Kenya, Modjokerto, and sangiran, Java.