

BOARD PROCEDURES BYLAW INTERLAKE REGIONAL WATER BOARD

BYLAW NO. 2022-01

A BYLAW TO REGULATE THE MEETING PROCEDURES OF THE INTERLAKE REGIONAL WATER BOARD

The Board of the Interlake Regional Water Board in the Province of Saskatchewan enacts as follows:

PART I – INTERPRETATION

1. Short Title

1.1 This bylaw may be cited as “The Board Procedures Bylaw”.

2. Purpose

2.1 The purpose of this bylaw is to establish clear, transparent, consistent and accessible procedures to follow for conducting business at Board meetings.

3. Definitions

3.1 In this bylaw:

- a) **“Act”** means *The Municipalities Act*;
- b) **“Acting Chairman”** means the Board member appointed by member municipalities to act as the Chairman if a vacancy arises in that office;
- c) **“Adjourn”** means to suspend proceedings to another time or place;
- d) **“Administration”** means the administrator or an employee accountable to the administrator;
- e) **“Administrator”** means the person appointed as administrator;
- f) **“Agenda deadline”** means the time established in subsection 13.6 of this bylaw;
- g) **“Amendment”** means an alteration to a main motion by substituting, adding or deleting a word or words without materially altering the basic intent of the motion;
- h) **“Board”** see Interlake Regional Water Board;
- i) **“Board Member”** means person(s) appointed by partner municipality as a Member;
- j) **“Business day”** means a day other than a Saturday, Sunday or holiday;
- k) **“Chair”** means a person who has the authority to preside over a meeting;
- l) **“Chairman”** means the Board member appointed to act as the Chair;
- m) **“Communications”** include, but are not limited to, the following: letter, memorandum, report, notice, electronic mail, facsimile, petition, brochure, or newspaper/magazine article;
- n) **“Consent agenda”** means a portion of a meeting that lists items of business which are routine in nature and do not require substantial discussion and/or debate;
- o) **“Consent motion”** means a motion to adopt, without debate, the recommendations of several reports within a consent agenda;
- p) **“Contact information”** means:
 - i. The name of a person; and
 - ii. Whichever of the following options is considered by the sender to be most likely to affect receipt by the intended recipient:

- (A) Mailing address;
 - (B) Street or civic address;
 - (C) Email address;
 - (D) Telephone number;
 - (E) Fax number; or
 - (F) Any other prescribed option;
- q) **“Board committee”** means a committee duly appointed by Board and consisting of Board members only;
- r) **“Deputy mayor / reeve”** means the Board or who is appointed by Board, pursuant to section 34 of this bylaw, to act as Chairman in the absence or incapacity of the mayor / reeve;
- s) **“Interlake Regional Water Board”** means the individuals appointed from the Resort Village of Cochin and the Rural Municipality of Meota No. 468 to represent each municipality on the decision-making Board for the public utility.
- t) **“Member”** means any municipality involved in the agreement establishing the Utility;
- u) **“Member Municipality”** means any municipality involved in the agreement establishing the Utility;
- v) **“Motion”** means a formal proposal placed before a meeting of Board to be debated to a conclusion;
- w) **“Mover”** means a person who presents or proposes a motion or amendment;
- x) **“Order of business”** means the list of items comprising the agenda and the order in which those items appear on the agenda;
- y) **“Other body”** means a committee, Board, authority, commission or other body duly appointed by Board, but does not include a Board committee;
- z) **“Point of order”** means the raising of a question by a member in a meeting claiming that the procedures of the meeting or of an individual Board member are contrary to the procedural rules or practices;
- aa) **“Point of privilege”** is the raising of a matter by a member which occurs while the Board is in session, where:
- i. The rights, privileges, decorum or dignity of the Board collectively or the rights and privileges of a member individually have been affected; or
 - ii. When a member believes that another member has spoken disrespectfully toward them or the Board; or
 - iii. When a member believes their comments have been misunderstood or misinterpreted by another member or members; or
 - iv. When a member believes that comments made by the member outside the Board chamber have been misinterpreted or misunderstood by the community, the public or the news media in order to clarify their position;
- bb) **“Point of procedure”** means a question directed to the person presiding at a meeting to obtain information on the rules or procedures bearing on the business at hand;
- cc) **“Public hearing”** means a meeting of the Board or that portion of a meeting of the Board which is convened to hear matters pursuant to:
- i. *The Municipalities Act*;
 - ii. *The Planning and Development Act, 2007*;
 - iii. Any other act; or
 - iv. A resolution or bylaw of the Board;
- dd) **“Quorum”** is:
- i. In the case of the Board, a majority of the whole Board;

- ii. In the case of a Board committee, a majority of the members appointed to the Board committee; and
 - iii. In the case of an other body, a majority of the members appointed to the other body;
 - ee) **“Recess”** means an intermission or break within a meeting that does not end the meeting, and after which proceedings are immediately resumed at the point where they were interrupted;
 - ff) **“Resolution”** means a formal determination made by the Board, a Board committee or other body based on a motion duly placed before a regularly constituted meeting or a special meeting of Board, a Board committee or an other body for debate and decision and is duly passed;
 - gg) **“Special meeting”** means a meeting other than a regular scheduled meeting called pursuant to the provisions of this bylaw;
 - hh) **“Unfinished business”** means business which has been raised at the same meeting or a previous meeting and which has not been completed; and
 - ii) **“Urgent business”** means a time sensitive matter which requires Board’s immediate and urgent consideration.
 - jj) **“Utility”** see “Interlake Regional Water Board”.
- 3.2 A reference in this bylaw to an enactment of the Legislative Assembly of Saskatchewan is a reference to the enactment as amended from time to time.

4. Application

- 4.1 This bylaw applies to all meetings of the Board, Board committees and other bodies.
- 4.2 Notwithstanding subsection 4.1, the Board may, by resolution or bylaw, allow a Board committee or other body to establish its own procedures.
- 4.3 When any matter relating to proceedings arise which is not covered by a provision of this bylaw, the matter shall be decided by reference to Robert’s Rules of Order.
- 4.4 In the event of any conflict between the provisions of this bylaw and those contained in subsection 4.3, the provision of this bylaw shall apply.
- 4.5 Subject to subsection 4.3, any ruling of the chair shall prevail, subject to the jurisdiction of Board or the Board committee to consider any appeals of those rulings.

PART II – MEETINGS

5. First Meeting

- 5.1 The first meeting of the Board following a general election shall be held within 31 days after the date of the election at a time, date and place determined by the administrator.
- 5.2 Prior to commencement of the first meeting, every member of Board shall take the oath or affirmation of office pursuant to the Act.
- 5.3 At the first meeting of Board, the administrator shall provide Board with a copy of the returning officer’s declaration of results with respect to the election.

6. Regular Meetings

- 6.1 Regular meetings of the Board shall be held on the third Thursday of each month commencing at 4:00 pm.
- 6.2 The Board shall ensure that the time between regularly scheduled Board meetings does not exceed 60 days.
- 6.3 In the event of any meeting date falling on a statutory or civic holiday or any day appointed as a holiday by proclamation of the Governor-General of Canada, the Lieutenant Governor

of Saskatchewan, such meeting shall be held at the same time on the next day that the municipal office is scheduled to be open for business.

- 6.4 Annually, the administrator shall submit a regular schedule of Board meetings to the Board for approval as set out in subsections 6.1 and 6.2 or may recommend alternate meeting dates.
- 6.5 Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions, the Board may, by resolution, dispense with or alter the time of a regular meeting of the Board.
- 6.6 The Board may, by resolution, authorize the Chairman to reschedule a regular meeting of Board pursuant to the Act during a period of time to be specified within the resolution.

7. Special Meetings

- 7.1 The administrator shall call a special meeting of the Board whenever requested to do so in writing by the Chairman or a majority of the members.
- 7.2 If the position of administrator is vacant or the administrator is unable to act, the member municipality administrator shall call a special meeting of the Board whenever requested to do so in writing by the Chairman or a majority of the members, pursuant to **sec: 81.1 MA**
- 7.3 The written request referred to in subsection 7.1 shall include all items of business to be transacted.
- 7.4 Form 1, appended hereto and forming a part of this bylaw, shall be the form used to direct the administrator to call a special meeting of the Board.
- 7.5 When a special meeting is to be held, the administrator shall provide written notice of the time, date and place of the meeting to all members pursuant to section 10 of this bylaw and to the public at least 24 hours prior to the meeting and, in general terms, the business to be transacted at the meeting.
- 7.6 Notwithstanding subsection 7.4, a special meeting may be held with less than 24 hours' notice to members and without notice to the public if all members agree to do so in writing before the beginning of the special meeting.
- 7.7 No business other than that stated in the notice shall be transacted at a special meeting unless all the members are present and it is by unanimous consent.

8. Meeting Through Electronic Means

- 8.1 One or more members of the Board may participate in a Board meeting by electronic means if:
 - a) The members of the Board provide the administrator with at least two (2) business days' notice of their intent to participate in this manner or request standing notice of intent to participate electronically;
 - b) Notice of the Board meeting is given to the public including the way in which the Board meeting is to be conducted;
 - c) The facilities enable the public to at least listen to the meeting at a place specified in that notice and the administrator attends that place; and
 - d) The facilities permit all participants to communicate adequately with each other during the Board meeting.
- 8.2 Members participating in a Board meeting by electronic means are deemed to be present at the Board meeting.

9. Notice of Meetings

- 9.1 Notice of regularly scheduled Board meetings is not required to be given.

- 9.2 If the Board changes the date, time or place of a regularly scheduled meeting, at least 24 hours' notice of the change will be given to:
- a) Any members not present at the meeting at which the change was made; and
 - b) The public.

10. Method of Giving Notice

- 10.1 Notice of a Board meeting is deemed to have been given to a member if the notice is:
- a) Delivered personally;
 - b) Left at the usual place of business or residence of the member; or
 - c) At the request of the member, provided or sent according to the member's contact information.
- 10.2 Form 2, appended hereto and forming a part of this bylaw, shall be the form used to request the administrator to use an alternate method of providing notice of meetings.
- 10.3 Notice of a Board meeting is to be given to the public by posting a notice on the Utility's website or in any other manner specified by the Board through bylaw.

11. Actions in Public

- 11.1 An act or proceeding of the Board is not effective unless it is authorized or adopted by bylaw or resolution at a duly constituted public meeting of the Board.
- 11.2 Every person has the right to be present at Board meetings that are conducted in public unless the person presiding at the Board meeting expels a person for improper conduct.

12. Closed Sessions

- 12.1 The Board may close all or any part of its meetings to the public if the matter to be discussed:
- a) Is within one of the exemptions of Part III of *The Local Authority Freedom of Information and Protection of Privacy Act*; or
 - b) Concerns long-range or strategic planning.
- 12.2 A resolution to move into closed session shall state in general terms the topic of discussion.
- 12.3 Where the Board resolves to close a portion of a meeting to the public, all persons shall be excluded from the meeting except:
- a) The members of the Board;
 - b) The administrator and other members of administration as the members of the Board may deem appropriate; and
 - c) The members of the public as the members of the Board may deem appropriate.
- 12.4 Where the Board resolves to close a portion of a meeting to the public, in addition to the resolution to do so, the administrator shall record in the minutes:
- a) The time that the in-camera portion of the meeting commenced and concluded;
 - b) The names of the parties present; and
 - c) The legislative authority including the exemptions in Part III of *The Local Authority Freedom of Information and Protection of Privacy Act* relied upon for authority to close the meeting to the public.
- 12.5 No resolutions or bylaws may be passed during a closed meeting.
- 12.6 No business other than that described within the resolution pursuant to subsection 12.2 may be discussed.
- 12.7 Matters discussed or to be discussed in a closed meeting are to be kept in confidence until discussed at a public meeting of the Board unless otherwise provided for in this bylaw.

PART III – BOARD MEETING PROCEDURES

13. Agendas

- 13.1 The administrator shall prepare the agenda for all regular and special meetings of the Board.
- 13.2 The agenda shall include the order of business, all items of business and associated reports, bylaws or documents, and shall be set out in accordance with the order of business.
- 13.3 The administrator shall ensure that the Board agendas are delivered to each member no later than 3 business days immediately preceding the board meeting.
- 13.4 The administrator shall ensure that the Board agendas are available to the general public no later than 2 business days immediately preceding the Board meeting.
- 13.5 If, for any reason, the administrator is unable to meet the deadline mentioned in subsection 13.3, the administrator shall prepare and distribute the agenda as soon as reasonably possible to allow Board members an opportunity to review the agenda prior to the Board meeting.
- 13.6 All administrative reports, communication from the public, requests, or any other material intended for inclusion in a Board agenda must be received by the administrator no later than 5 business days preceding the Board meeting
- 13.7 The Board may, on a majority vote, permit additional material on the agenda.

14. Urgent Business

- 14.1 The administration may request to add a matter to the agenda of a meeting as urgent business after the agenda has been prepared and distributed by the administrator.
- 14.2 In these circumstances, the administrator shall submit a report to the Board including an explanation of the reasons and degree of urgency of the matter as soon as possible.
- 14.3 The administrator shall distribute any requests to add a matter of urgent business to the agenda to the members as soon as they are available.
- 14.4 During the confirmation of the agenda, a member may move to add a report, communication or delegation to the agenda if the matter arises from an unforeseeable situation of urgency.
- 14.5 The Board may only consider a matter of urgent business by a majority vote of members present.

15. Order of Business at Meetings

- 15.1 The general order of business of every regular Board meeting shall be as follows:
 - 1. Call to order;
 - 2. Additions/Deletions to the Agenda
 - 3. Approval / Adoption of Agenda;
 - 4. Approval of Minutes;
 - 5. Business Arising from the Minutes;
 - 6. Financial Reports;
 - 7. Operational Reports;
 - 8. Administration Report;
 - 9. Unfinished Business;
 - 10. New Business;
 - 11. Correspondence
 - 12. Adjournment

- 15.2 Business shall, in all cases, be taken up in the order in which it stands on the agenda, unless:
- a) Otherwise determined upon motion passed by a majority vote of the members present and which vote shall be placed without debate; or
 - b) The Chair determines during the proceedings of the Board that for public interest a matter be moved forward to be dealt with promptly.

16. Commencement of Board Meeting

- 16.1 At the hour set for the meeting, or as soon as all members of the Board are present, the Chairman, or in their absence the Deputy Chairman, shall take the chair and call the members to order.
- 16.2 If a quorum is not present 20 minutes after the time appointed for the meeting, the administrator shall record the names of the members present at the expiration of such time and announce that the Board shall then stand adjourned until the next meeting, unless a special meeting is called in the meantime.
- 16.3 Subject to the Act, if at any meeting the number of members is reduced to less than the number required for a quorum, the Board shall immediately stand adjourned.
- 16.4 Any unfinished business remaining at the time of the adjournment due to a loss of quorum shall be considered at the next regular meeting, or it shall be placed on the agenda for a special meeting to be called for the purpose of dealing with the unfinished items.
- 16.5 Members are encouraged to notify the administrator when the member is aware that they will be absent from any meeting of the Board.

17. Quorum

- 17.1 A quorum of the Board is a majority of members.
- 17.2 Any act or proceeding of the Board that is adopted at any Board meeting at which a quorum is not present is invalid.

18. Minutes

- 18.1 The administrator shall record the minutes of each Board meeting without note or comment and shall distribute copies of the minutes to each member at least 72 hours prior to a subsequent Board meeting.
- 18.2 Notwithstanding section 18.1, the administrator shall record in the minutes every declaration of a conflict of interest and the general nature and material details of the disclosure and any abstention or withdrawal.
- 18.3 The names of the members present at the meeting are to be recorded in the minutes of every meeting.
- 18.4 Any member may make a motion amending the minutes to correct any mistakes.
- 18.5 The minutes of each meeting are to be approved at the next regular meeting of the Board and signed by the presiding member and the administrator in accordance with the Act.
- 18.6 All minutes, once approved, shall be open for inspection by the public.

19. Proclamations

- 19.1 All requests for proclamations shall be submitted to the Chairman for approval outlining:
- a) The date to be proclaimed;
 - b) Specific name of the day, week or month requested;
 - c) The reason for the proclamation; and

- d) Information about the group, including contact person and contact information at least 14 days prior to the proposed date for the proclamation.
- 19.2 Exceptions to subsection 19.1 may be made in extenuating circumstances.
- 19.3 Subject to *The Saskatchewan Human Rights Code*, the Chairman may, in their sole discretion, approve the proclamation submitted pursuant to subsection 19.1, provided the proclamation does not:
 - a) Promote any commercial business, unless, at the discretion of the Chairman, the proclamation provides a significant benefit to the community;
 - b) Involve any person or organization which promotes hatred of any person or class of persons or otherwise involves illegal activity; or
 - c) Contain any inflammatory, obscene or libelous statement.
- 19.4 The Chairman may:
 - a) Issue the proclamation:
 - i. In the words and form of the proclamation as submitted; or
 - ii. In words and form chosen by the Chairman; or
 - b) Forward the proclamation for consideration by the Board.
- 19.5 Once the proclamation has been approved, the proclamation shall be noted on the appropriate Board agenda as information.
- 19.6 The Board, having delegated the administration of proclamations, shall not hear delegations related to proclamation requests unless specifically approved by the Board.
- 19.7 Each organization shall be responsible for any costs and the disseminating of the proclamation to the media and making arrangements for the attendance of the Chairman or members at the specific function or event.
- 19.8 The local media are requested:
 - a) Not to publish any proclamation claiming to be proclaimed by the Chairman unless it bears their signature; and
 - b) When publishing a proclamation by the Chairman, that the proclamation contains only the following:
 - i. The crest of the Utility;
 - ii. The name of the Utility; and
 - iii. The text of the proclamation.

20. Presentations and Recognitions

- 20.1 Presentations shall be listed on the agenda when authorized by the Chairman and shall be intended to recognize an individual or group on behalf of the Board for some award or similar honour which they have received or for a group or individual to present to the Board some award or similar honour which the Utility has been awarded.

21. Public Hearing

- 21.1 If a public hearing is required by any act, it shall be conducted in accordance with the provisions of this section.
- 21.2 The procedure by which the public hearing will be conducted or by which public input will be obtained shall be as follows:
 - a) The Chairman shall declare the hearing on the matter open;
 - b) The administration shall present a report on the bylaw or resolution under consideration including the administration recommendations;
 - c) If it is a hearing that involves an applicant, the applicant shall be given an opportunity to make representations on the matter under consideration;

- d) After the applicant, any person or group of persons or spokesperson acting on behalf of another person or group shall be given an opportunity to make representations on the matter under consideration;
 - e) If it is a hearing that involves an applicant, at the conclusion of the speakers, the applicant shall be given an opportunity to respond to the representations of other people;
 - f) The Board may request further information from administration;
 - g) The Board shall formally receive all communications and written reports submitted to it on the subject matter of the hearing;
 - h) The Chairman shall declare the hearing closed; and
 - i) The Board shall then consider the matter and, at the conclusion of the deliberations, the Board shall vote on the bylaw or resolution in accordance with the procedures contained in this bylaw.
- 21.3 The time allowed for each person making representations shall be 10 minutes.
- 21.4 A hearing may be adjourned to a certain date.
- 21.5 A member shall abstain from taking part in the debate or voting on the bylaw or resolution which is the subject of the hearing if the member was absent from any part of the public hearing.

22. Communications - General

- 22.1 When a person wishes to have a communication considered by the Board, it shall be addressed to the Board, and:
- a) Clearly set out the matter at issue and the request; and
 - b) For written communications, must be printed, typewritten or legibly written, contain the contact information of the writer and be signed with the name of the writer; or
 - c) For electronic communication, must contain the name of the writer and both the mailing and electronic address of the writer.
- 22.2 A communication received by the administrator which does not meet the conditions in subsection 22.1 or is abusive in nature, shall be forwarded to the Chairman for review and disposition.
- 22.3 A communication received by the administrator which contains or relates to personal information shall be dealt with in accordance with the provisions of *The Local Authority Freedom of Information and Protection of Privacy Act*.
- 22.4 Bound documents or studies in support of a delegation's presentation shall, if sufficient copies are provided by the delegation, be circulated to members, but will not be reproduced.

23. Communications - Matters on Board Agenda

- 23.1 A written communication pertaining to a matter already on a Board agenda must be received by the administrator no later than the agenda deadline in order to be included on the Board agenda.
- 23.2 A written communication received before the agenda deadline shall be placed by the administrator on the Board agenda and shall be dealt with when the matter is considered by the Board at its meeting.
- 23.3 In the event that the communication to the administrator is received after the agenda deadline, regarding a subject which is on the agenda, the administrator will bring the request to the attention of the Board:

- a) The individual will be advised by the administrator that the communication may not be considered by the Board unless the majority of members vote to allow the communication within the motion to approve the agenda.

24. Communications - Matters Not on Board Agenda

- 24.1 A written communication received before the agenda deadline shall be placed by the administrator on the Board agenda and shall be dealt with when the matter is considered by Board at its meeting.
- 24.2 In the event that the communication to the administrator is received after the agenda deadline, regarding a subject which is not on the agenda, the administrator will bring the request to the attention of Board.
- 24.3 The individual will be advised by the administrator that the communication may not be considered by Board unless the majority of members vote to allow the communication within the motion to approve the agenda.

25. Delegations - Matters on Board Agenda

- 25.1 When a person wishes to speak to Board on a matter already on a Board agenda, for which a hearing is not required, that person shall notify the administrator in writing, the notice shall include the following:
 - a) The name and correct mailing address of the spokesperson;
 - b) Telephone number where the representative of the delegation can be reached during the day;
 - c) Original signature, except when submitted by facsimile or email; and
 - d) The subject matter to be discussed and the request being made of the Board.
- 25.2 A request to speak to the Board pursuant to subsection 25.1 must be received by the administrator no later than the agenda deadline in order to be included on the Board agenda.
- 25.3 In the event a delegation makes an application to the administrator after the agenda deadline regarding a subject which is on the agenda, the administrator will bring the request to the attention of the Board:
 - a) Delegations will be advised by the administrator that they may not be heard by the Board unless the majority of members vote to allow the delegation to speak within the motion to approve the agenda.
- 25.4 Delegations speaking before Board shall address their remarks to the stated business:
 - a) Will be limited to speaking only once; and
 - b) Rebuttal or cross-debate with other delegations shall not be permitted.
- 25.5 A maximum of 10 minutes shall be allotted for each delegation to present their position of support or opposition.
- 25.6 Where there are numerous delegates taking the same position on a matter, they are encouraged to select a spokesperson to present their views:
 - a) Delegations are encouraged not to repeat information presented by an earlier delegation;
 - b) The Chairman shall at the conclusion of 10 minutes, inform the delegation that the time limit is up;
 - c) Only upon a motion to extend the 10 minute limitation adopted by a majority of members shall the 10 minute limit be extended; and
 - d) Delegations will not be permitted to assume any unused time allocated to another delegation.

- 25.7 Upon the completion of a presentation to the Board, any dialogue between members and the delegation shall be limited to members asking questions for clarification and obtaining additional or relevant information only:
- a) Members shall not enter into debate with the delegation respecting the presentation; and
 - b) Once a motion has been moved and seconded, no further representation or questions of the delegation shall be permitted.

26. Delegations - Matters Not on Board Agenda

- 26.1 When a person wishes to speak to the Board on a matter not on a Board agenda, for which a hearing is not required, that person shall notify the administrator in writing, the notice shall include the following:
- a) The name and correct contact information of the spokesperson;
 - b) Telephone number where the representative of the delegation can be reached during the day;
 - c) Original signature, except when submitted by facsimile or email; and
 - d) The subject matter to be discussed and the request being made of Board.
- 26.2 A request to speak to Board pursuant to subsection 26.1 must be received by the administrator no later than the agenda deadline to be included on the agenda.
- 26.3 The administrator, who shall consult with the Chairman, may refuse to accept a request to speak to the Board if Board has, within the six months immediately preceding the request, already heard from the person and dealt with the same or substantially the same matter by resolution or bylaw.
- 26.4 If a request to speak to Board is refused pursuant to subsection 26.3, a copy of the request and reply shall be forwarded to members by the administrator.
- 26.5 In the event that a delegation makes an application to the administrator after the agenda deadline regarding a subject which is not on the agenda, the administrator will bring the request to the attention of the Board:
- a) Delegations will be advised by the administrator that they may not be heard by the Board unless the majority of members vote to allow the delegation to speak within the motion to approve the agenda.

27. Chairman and Board's Forum

- 27.1 Statements shall include the sharing of the following information:
- a) Events, activities or community functions attended; and
 - b) General work of members on behalf of the Board.
- 27.2 All comments will be verbal only and shall not be recorded in the minutes of the meeting.

28. Bylaws

- 28.1 Every proposed bylaw must have three distinct and separate readings.
- 28.2 A proposed bylaw must not have more than two readings at a Board meeting unless the members present unanimously agree to consider a third reading.
- 28.3 A proposed bylaw will be considered by the Board immediately following consideration of the report or item to which the bylaw relates.
- 28.4 Only the title or identifying number is to be read at each reading of the bylaw.
- 28.5 Each member present at the meeting at which the first reading is to take place must be given or have had the opportunity to review the full text of the proposed bylaw before the bylaw receives the first reading.

- 28.6 Each member present at the meeting at which the third reading is to take place must, before the proposed bylaw receives the third reading, be given or have had the opportunity to review the full text of the proposed bylaw and any amendments that were passed after the first reading.
- 28.7 When a bylaw has been given three readings by the Board, it:
- a) Becomes an enactment of the Utility; and
 - b) Is effective immediately unless the bylaw or an applicable provincial statute provides otherwise.
- 28.8 The administrator shall be empowered to correct any typographical error that may not have been corrected at the time of submission to Board and the bylaw shall have the same status as if the Board had corrected same.
- 28.9 After passage, every bylaw shall be signed by the Chairman and the administrator pursuant to the Act and marked with the corporate seal of the municipality.

29. Public Forum

- 29.1 Any member of the public wishing to speak to the Board on a Utility matter may appear at a Board meeting as long as they pre-register with the administrator prior to 12:00 noon 5 business days preceding the Board meeting so that their name may be placed on a speaker's list.
- 29.2 The total time allowed to speak shall be not more than 10 minutes per individual.

30. Recess

- 30.1 The Board may recess at any time during the meeting.
- 30.2 A motion to recess must state the time of duration of the recess and must be passed by a majority of the members present.
- 30.3 The Board may reconvene sooner than the time mentioned in the motion of recess, but must not reconvene later than 20 minutes after the time specified for reconvening or the meeting shall be deemed to be adjourned due to a lack of quorum.

31. Adjournment

- 31.1 All regularly scheduled Board meetings shall stand adjourned when Board has completed all business as listed on the order of business or upon the arrival of 9:00 pm.
- 31.2 If a member is speaking upon arrival of the time mentioned in subsection 31.1, the Chairman shall wait until that person is done speaking before asking the Board to consider whether it wants to extend the time of the meeting.
- 31.3 Any business which remains on the agenda and which has not been dealt with at the time of adjournment shall be deemed to be postponed until the next regularly scheduled Board meeting or until a special meeting is called for the purpose of dealing with the unfinished items.

32. Extension of Time

- 32.1 Notwithstanding section 31, a regularly scheduled Board meeting may be extended beyond 9:00 pm by a majority vote of the members present.
- 32.2 If Board extends its meeting pursuant to subsection 32.1, the meeting shall continue until:
- a) The business of the meeting is completed;
 - b) A motion to adjourn is passed; or
 - c) A quorum is no longer present.

33. Deputy Chairman

34.1 The Board shall, at its first meeting, or as soon thereafter as conveniently possible and whenever the office becomes vacant, appoint from the members Deputy Chairman who shall hold office for a term of 2 years or for such longer period as the Board may decide, and in any event until a successor is appointed. If the Chairman for any reason is unable to perform the duties of their office, the Deputy Chairman shall have all of the powers of the Chairman during the inability.

34. Acting Chairman

- 35.1 Board shall appoint a member to act as Chairman if:
- a) Both the Chairman and the Deputy Chairman are unable to perform the duties of their office; or
 - b) The offices of both the Chairman and the Chairman are vacant.
- 35.2 The member to be appointed pursuant to subsection 35.1 shall be elected by a majority of the members present.
- 35.3 Where two members have an equal number of votes the administrator shall:
- a) Write the names of those members separately on blank sheets of paper of equal size, colour and texture;
 - b) Fold the sheets in a uniform manner so the names are concealed;
 - c) Deposit them in a receptacle; and
 - d) Direct a person to withdraw one of the sheets.
- 35.4 The member whose name is on the sheet withdrawn pursuant to subsection 35.3(d) shall be declared elected.

36. Persons Allowed at the Table

36.1 No person except members, the administrator, and other staff as authorized by the Board, are permitted to be seated at the Board table during sittings of the Board without permission of the Board.

37. Conduct of Public

- 37.1 All persons in the public gallery at a Board meeting shall:
- a) Refrain from addressing the Board or a member unless permitted to do so;
 - b) Maintain quiet and order;
 - c) Refrain from disturbing the proceedings by words, gestures or actions including applauding, displaying flags, placards or similar material;
 - d) Refrain from talking on cellular telephones;
 - e) Refrain from making audio or video recordings of Board proceedings; and
 - f) Ensure that all electronic devices are silent and operated in such a manner that does not interfere with the meeting or with another person's ability to hear or view the proceedings.

38. Conduct of Delegations

- 38.1 When addressing members at a Board meeting, a delegation shall refrain from:
- a) Speaking disrespectfully of the federal government, the provincial government, another municipal Board, or any official representing them;
 - b) Using offensive words in reference to a member, an employee of the Utility or a member of the public; or
 - c) Shouting, using an immoderate tone, or profane, vulgar or offensive language.

39. Conduct of Members

- 39.1 Members of Board shall ensure they do not interrupt another member.
- 39.2 If more than one member wishes to speak at a meeting at the same time, the Chairman shall indicate which member shall speak first.
- 39.3 When a member is addressing the Board, the member shall refrain from:
 - a) Speaking disrespectfully of the federal government, the provincial government, another municipal Board, or any official representing them;
 - b) Using offensive words in reference to a member, an employee of the Utility or a member of the public;
 - c) Reflecting on a vote of Board except when moving to rescind or reconsider it;
 - d) Reflecting on the motives of the members who voted on the motion or the mover of the motion; or
 - e) Shouting, using an immoderate tone, or profane, vulgar or offensive language.
- 39.4 When a member is addressing the Board, all other members shall:
 - a) Remain quiet and seated;
 - b) Refrain from interrupting the speaker, except on a point of order or point of procedure; and
 - c) Refrain from carrying on a private conversation in such a manner that disturbs the speaker.
- 39.5 Members shall ensure that all electronic devices remain silent and do not interfere with the meeting.

40. Improper Conduct

- 40.1 The Chairman may request that any person in the public gallery who disturbs the proceedings of Board or acts improperly at a Board meeting, as set out in section 37, leave or be expelled from the meeting.
- 40.2 The Chairman may request that any delegation who addresses Board improperly, as set out in section 38, leave or be expelled from the meeting.
- 40.3 No person shall refuse to leave a Board meeting when requested to do so by the Chairman.
- 40.4 Any person who refuses to leave when requested to do so may be removed.
- 40.5 If a person disturbs the proceedings of Board or refuses to leave when requested to do so, the Chairman may recess the meeting until the person leaves or adjourn the meeting to another day.
- 40.6 The Chairman may direct that law enforcement officials be engaged to assist in the removal of a person in the public gallery or any delegation acting improperly.

41. Leaving the Meeting

- 41.1 Every member who leaves the Board meeting before the meeting is over, whether intending to return to the meeting or not, shall notify the administrator.
- 41.2 The administrator shall make a notation in the minutes of the name of any member leaving the meeting pursuant to section 41.1, and the time the member did so.

42. Point of Order

- 42.1 A member may rise and ask the Chairman to rule on a point of order.

- 42.2 When a point of order is raised, the member speaking shall immediately cease speaking until the Chairman decides the point of order raised.
- 42.3 A point of order must be raised immediately at the time the rules of Board are breached.
- 42.4 The member against whom a point of order is raised may be granted permission by the Chairman to explain.
- 42.5 The Chairman may consult the administrator before ruling on a point of order.
- 42.6 A point of order is not subject to amendment or debate.

43. Point of Privilege

- 43.1 A member may rise and ask the Chairman to rule on a point of privilege.
- 43.2 After the member has stated the point of privilege, the Chairman shall rule whether the matter raised is a point of privilege.
- 43.3 If the matter is determined to be a point of privilege, the member who raised the point of privilege shall be permitted to speak to the matter.
- 43.4 If the point of privilege concerns a situation, circumstance or event which arose between Board meetings, the member shall raise the point of privilege immediately after adoption of the minutes of the previous Board meeting.
- 43.5 The Chairman may consult the administrator before ruling on a point of privilege.
- 43.6 A point of privilege is not subject to amendment or debate unless a motion regarding the point of privilege is put to Board.

44. Point of Procedure

- 44.1 Any member may ask the Chairman for an opinion on a point of procedure.
- 44.2 When a point of procedure is raised, the member speaking shall immediately cease speaking until the Chairman responds to the inquiry.
- 44.3 After the member has asked the point of procedure, the Chairman shall provide an opinion on the rules of procedure bearing on the matter before Board.
- 44.4 The Chairman may consult the administrator before providing an opinion on the point of procedure.
- 44.5 A point of procedure is not subject to amendment or debate.
- 44.6 The Chairman's answer to a point of procedure is not a ruling and cannot be appealed to the whole of Board.

45. Appeal

- 45.1 Whenever a member wishes to appeal any ruling of the Chairman or a point of order or point of privilege to the whole of Board:
 - a) The motion of appeal "that the decision of the chair be overruled" shall be made;
 - b) The member may offer a brief reason for the challenge;
 - c) The Chairman may state the reason for the decision; and
 - d) Following which the question shall be put immediately without debate.
- 45.2 The Chairman shall be governed by the vote of the majority of the members present.
- 45.3 A ruling of the Chairman must be appealed immediately after the ruling is made or the ruling will be final.

46. Calling a Member to Order

- 46.1 When the Chairman calls a member to order, the member shall resume their seat but may, afterwards, explain their position in making the remark for which they were called to order.
- 46.2 In the event that a member refuses to resume their seat when called to order, the Chairman shall request the deputy mayor / reeve, or if the deputy Chairman is absent or is

the unruly member, any other member of Board to move a resolution to remove the unruly member either:

- a) For the balance of the meeting;
- b) Until a time, which shall be stated in the motion; or
- c) Until the member makes an apology acceptable to the Board for their unruly behavior, whichever shall be the shortest time.

46.3 When the majority of the Board votes in favour of the resolution, the Chairman's hall direct the unruly member to leave the Board chamber, and if the member refuses to leave, the Chairman may:

- a) Recess the meeting until the person leaves or adjourn the meeting to another day; or
- b) Direct that law enforcement officials be engaged to assist in the removal of the unruly member.

46.4 When Board has directed an unruly member to leave the Board chambers pursuant to subsection 46.3, and the member makes an explanation and apology adequate and satisfactory to the Board, it may, by a majority vote of the remaining members present, allow the offending member to remain in their place if they have not left or been removed.

PART V – MOTIONS

47. Motions and Debate

47.1 A motion shall express fully and clearly the intent of the mover and shall not be preceded by any preamble or whereas clauses.

47.2 A motion shall not be considered unless it has been seconded.

47.3 Any member may require the motion under debate to be read at any time during the debate, but not so as to interrupt a member while speaking.

47.4 When a motion is under debate no other motion may be made, except a motion to:

- a) Amend the motion;
- b) Refer the motion to a Board committee or administration for a report back to the Board;
- c) Postpone the motion to a fixed date;
- d) Request the motion be put to a vote;
- e) Extend the time for a Board meeting; or
- f) Adjourn the meeting.

47.5 Notwithstanding any other provisions of this bylaw, the member who moved a motion may, with the consent of Board:

- a) On their own initiative while they are speaking on the same; or
- b) When requested by another member speaking on the motion; change the wording of the motion, or agree to a change proposed by another member, if the alteration does not change the intention of the motion.

47.6 Any motions allowed under subsection 47.4 shall be considered in the order in which they were moved.

48. Motion to Amend

48.1 Except as provided in subsection 48.12, any motion may be amended to:

- a) Add words within the motion;
- b) Delete words within the motion; or
- c) Change a word or words within the motion.

48.2 The amending motion must be:

- a) Relevant to the main motion;
 - b) Made while the main motion is under consideration; and
 - c) Consistent with the principle embodied in the main motion.
- 48.3 An amending motion may also be amended (also called a sub amendment).
- 48.4 A sub amendment must be:
- a) Relevant to the original amendment;
 - b) Made while the original amendment is under consideration; and
 - c) Consistent with the intent of either the original amendment or the main motion.
- 48.5 Only two amendments to a motion (an amendment and a sub amendment) are allowed at the same time. When one or both have been dealt with, a further amendment or sub amendment may be entertained.
- 48.6 There is no limit to the number of amendments or sub amendments that may be proposed.
- 48.7 An amendment may be introduced at any stage before the question is put on the main motion provided there is not more than one amendment and one sub amendment before the meeting at one time.
- 48.8 Any member wishing to move an amendment that is not in order at the time because there are already two amendments before the meeting, may state the intention of the proposed amendment as the proposal may affect the vote on those motions awaiting decision.
- 48.9 The main motion shall not be debated until all amendments to it have been put to a vote.
- 48.10 Amendments shall be put in the reverse order to the order in which they were moved.
- 48.11 When all amendments have been voted on, the main motion incorporating all amendments adopted shall be put to a vote.
- 48.12 No amendments shall be made to the following motions:
- a) A motion to adjourn;
 - b) A motion to defer to a fixed date, except as to the date; and
 - c) A motion requesting that a motion be put to a vote.

49. Dividing a Motion into Parts

- 49.1 A member may request or the Chairman may direct that a motion be divided if the motion contains more than one separate and complete recommendation.
- 49.2 Board shall then vote separately on each recommendation.
- 49.3 A new motion to add a further recommendation is permitted provided:
- a) The proposed recommendation is relevant to the original motion;
 - b) The proposed recommendation does not alter in a significant way the principle embodied in the original motion; and
 - c) The original motion has been dealt with.

50. Motion Arising

- 50.1 When a matter is before Board, a motion arising on the same matter is permitted provided:
- a) The proposed motion is related to and rises from the item which has just been considered;
 - b) The proposed motion does not alter in a significant way the principle embodied in the original motion; and
 - c) The proposed motion is made before the consideration of any other item of business at the meeting.

51. Request that Motion Be Put to Vote

- 51.1 A motion requesting that a motion be put to a vote shall not be moved or seconded by a member who has spoken to the original motion.
- 51.2 A motion requesting that a motion be put to a vote shall not be amended or debated.
- 51.3 If a motion requesting that a motion be put to a vote is passed by Board, the original motion shall immediately be put to a vote of Board without any amendment or debate.
- 51.4 If a motion requesting that a motion be put to a vote is not passed by Board, the original question may be amended or debated.

52. Motion to Adjourn

- 52.1 A member may move a motion to adjourn a meeting at any time except when:
 - a) Another member is in possession of the floor;
 - b) A call for a recorded vote has been made;
 - c) The members are voting;
 - d) Board is considering a motion requesting that a motion be put to a vote; or
 - e) A previous motion to adjourn has been defeated and no other intermediate proceeding has taken place.
- 52.2 A motion to adjourn shall be decided without debate.

53. Consent Agenda

- 53.1 The consent agenda portion of a meeting is moved, seconded and voted upon without debate as one item regardless of the number of reports included.
- 53.2 If a member wishes to debate an item included in the consent motion, a request to remove the item from the consent agenda must be made before the Chairman calls the question, and the item shall be removed from the consent agenda without further debate or vote.
- 53.3 Any items so removed shall be addressed immediately following approval of the consent agenda.
- 53.4 If an item is removed from the consent agenda pursuant to subsection 53.2, a person may address Board on the item.

54. Motion to Move to a Closed Meeting

- 54.1 A member may make a motion that a Board meeting move to a closed meeting.
- 54.2 The motion to move to a closed meeting must:
 - a) Be in accordance with *The Local Authority Freedom of Information and Protection of Privacy Act*;
 - b) Include in general terms the subject of the item(s) to be discussed; and
 - c) Include the reason for moving to a closed meeting.

55. Motion Contrary to Rules

- 55.1 The Chairman may refuse to put to the Board a motion which, in the opinion of the Chairman, is contrary to the rules and privileges of Board.

56. Withdrawal of Motions

- 56.1 The mover and seconder of a motion may withdraw it at any time prior to a vote being taken or prior to the motion being amended.

57. Motion to Reconsider

- 57.1 A motion to reconsider shall apply to resolutions only, and shall not apply to bylaws passed by the Board.
- 57.2 A motion to reconsider is in order whether the original motion passed or was defeated.
- 57.3 A motion to reconsider may only be made at the same Board meeting at which the original motion was considered.
- 57.4 A motion to reconsider must be moved by a member who voted on the winning side of the original motion.
- 57.5 When the original motion lost on a tie vote, the winning side is those who voted against the motion.
- 57.6 A motion to reconsider may be seconded by any member regardless how the member voted on the original motion.
- 57.7 A motion to reconsider is debatable only if the original motion was debatable.
- 57.8 A motion to reconsider cannot be amended.
- 57.9 A motion to reconsider shall require a majority vote of the members present at the meeting.
- 57.10 If a motion to reconsider is adopted, the original motion is immediately placed before Board to be reconsidered.
- 57.11 Once a vote on a motion to reconsider has taken place, there shall be no further motion to reconsider that resolution.

58. Motion to Rescind

- 58.1 A motion to rescind shall apply to resolutions only and shall not apply to bylaws passed by the Board.
- 58.2 A motion to rescind is in order only when the original motion passed. No motion to rescind shall be necessary when the original motion failed.
- 58.3 A motion to rescind may be made at any time following the Board meeting at which the original motion was voted on regardless of the time that has elapsed since the original vote was taken.
- 58.4 A motion to rescind may be moved and seconded by any Board member regardless how they voted on the original motion.
- 58.5 A motion to rescind is debatable.
- 58.6 A motion to rescind may be amended.
- 58.7 A motion to rescind shall, in all cases, require a majority vote of all Board members to pass.
- 58.8 A motion cannot be rescinded:
 - a) When the making or calling up of a motion to reconsider is in order;
 - b) When action on the motion has been carried out in a way that cannot be undone; or
 - c) When a resignation has been accepted or actions electing or expelling a person for/from membership or office have been taken.

59. Motion to Postpone

- 59.1 Where a majority of all members decide to postpone a motion to a fixed date, the motion cannot be considered by the Board until the fixed date.
- 59.2 Notwithstanding subsection 59.1, the Board may consider a postponed motion before the fixed date if a majority of members agree that the motion may be considered before that date.
- 59.3 The only amendment allowed to a motion to postpone to a fixed date is to change the date.

60. Motion to Refer

- 60.1 A motion to refer a matter shall not be amended or debated except with respect to the conditions of the referral or the time required to carry out the review.
- 60.2 A member making a referral motion generally should include in the motion:
 - a) The terms on which the motion is being referred; and
 - b) The time when the matter is to be returned.

61. Debate on Motion

- 61.1 No member shall speak more than once to a motion until each member has been provided an opportunity to speak on the motion except to explain a material part of their speech which may have been misquoted or misunderstood.
- 61.2 The mover of the motion shall be given the first opportunity to speak.
- 61.3 The mover of the motion shall be allowed a reply at the conclusion of the debate.

62. Legal Advice

- 62.1 Where a majority of the members present at a Board meeting wish to receive legal advice in private, the Board may recess for a period of time sufficient to receive legal advice.

63. Voting of Board

- 63.1 A voting member attending a Board meeting shall vote on a matter before Board unless the member is required to abstain from voting pursuant to the Act or any other act.
- 63.2 If a voting member is not required to abstain from voting on a matter before Board pursuant to subsection 63.1 and abstains from voting, the Board member is deemed to have voted in the negative.
- 63.3 The administrator shall ensure that each abstention is recorded in the minutes of the meeting.

64. Majority Decision

- 64.1 Unless a greater percentage of votes is required by any provision of this bylaw, at every Board meeting, all questions are to be decided by a majority vote of the voting members present.

65. Recorded Vote

- 65.1 Before a vote is taken by Board, a member may request that the vote be recorded.
- 65.2 If a vote is recorded, the minutes must show the names of the members present and whether each voted for or against the motion or abstained.

66. Tied Vote

- 66.1 If there are an equal number of votes for and against a motion or bylaw, the motion or bylaw is defeated.

PART VI – BOARD COMMITTEES

67. Procedures for Appointments and Terms

- 67.1 Annually, the Board shall review appointments to Board committees.
- 67.2 Appointments to Board committees shall be for a one-year term beginning on January 1st and ending December 31st of the following year.
- 67.3 Notwithstanding subsection 67.2 in a general election year, the term of appointment shall be reduced to coincide with the day of election.
- 67.4 Appointees may be reappointed from term to term to a maximum of two terms on one particular Board committee.
- 67.5 A member of any Board shall only be appointed to a maximum of two Board committees at one time.
- 67.6 The administrator shall advise Board of any Board committee members absent for more than two meetings within a calendar year and request that a written warning be forwarded to the member. As well, if the member misses three meetings within a calendar year Board shall be advised to decide if the member should be removed from the Board committee.
- 67.7 Board may in its discretion revoke the membership of any individual who has been appointed to a Board committee.

68. Board Committee Procedures

- 68.1 Board may from time to time establish a Board committee in response to specific issues requiring immediate or long-term attention.
- 68.2 The membership and jurisdiction of a Board committee shall be provided for in the enabling legislation or as directed by Board.
- 68.3 The Chairman is an ex-officio voting member of all Board committees established by Board pursuant to the Act unless Board provides otherwise, and when in attendance, possesses all the rights, privileges, powers and duties of other members whether elected or appointed.
- 68.4 The Chairman's attendance shall not, however, be included for the purpose of determining a quorum.
- 68.5 Municipal administration shall act only in an advisory capacity to the Board committees and shall not be considered voting members or have any voting privileges in respect to participation on any Board committee.
- 68.6 The chair of all Board committees established by Board shall be designated by the Board unless Board directs otherwise.
- 68.7 All Members may attend the meetings of Board committees established pursuant to the Act and may take part in the proceedings of the same except that non-appointed Members shall not have a vote.
- 68.8 Each Board committee shall meet as soon as possible after it has been appointed and where a chair has not been appointed by Board, members of that Board committee shall select a chair and vice-chair, and if required, decide the day and time for holding its regular meetings.
- 68.9 The chair shall preside at every meeting, participate in the debate and vote on all motions.
- 68.10 In the absence of the chair, the vice-chair shall preside, and in the absence of both the chair and the vice-chair, one of the other members of the Board committee shall be elected to preside and shall discharge the duties of the chair during the meeting or until the arrival of the chair or vice-chair.

- 68.11 An act or proceeding of a Board committee is not effective unless it is authorized or adopted by a resolution at a duly constituted public Board committee meeting.
- 68.12 The public has the right to be present at Board committee meetings that are conducted in public unless the chair expels a person for improper conduct.
- 68.13 Subject to subsection 68.14, Board committees shall conduct all Board committee meetings in public.
- 68.14 Board committees may close all or part of the meeting if the matter to be discussed is within one of the exemptions in Part III of *The Local Authority Freedom of Information and Protection of Privacy Act*.
- 68.15 Notice of regularly scheduled Board committee meetings is not required to be given.
- 68.16 If a Board committee changes the date, time or place of a regularly scheduled meeting, the administrator shall give at least 24 hours' notice of the change to:
- a) Any members of the Board committee not present at the meeting at which the change was made; and
 - b) The public.
- 68.17 Notwithstanding subsection 68.16, a Board committee meeting may be held with less than 24 hours' notice to all members and without notice to the public if all Board committee members agree to do so in writing immediately before the beginning of the meeting.
- 68.18 The consent to waive notice of a change in date, time or place of a meeting pursuant to subsection 68.17 may be given in person or by facsimile, electronic mail and other similar means.
- 68.19 If a Board committee cancels its regularly scheduled meeting, the administrator shall give at least 24 hours' notice of the change to:
- a) All members not present at the meeting at which the decision to cancel was made; and
 - b) The public.
- 68.20 The administrator shall call a special meeting of a committee whenever requested to do so in writing by the chair or by a majority of the Board committee members in the same manner as set out in subsection 68.16.
- 68.21 For Board committees operating without a regularly scheduled meeting, it shall be the duty of the chair, or in the chair's absence, the administrator to call a meeting of the Board committee whenever requested in writing to do so by a majority of the committee.
- 68.22 The business of Board committees shall be conducted in accordance with the rules governing the procedures of Board or as otherwise established by Board for the Board committee or established by the Board committee.
- 68.23 Board committees may at its discretion hold its meetings electronically in accordance with subsection 8 of this bylaw.
- 68.24 Each Board committee whom the administrator does not provide services to will recommend to the administrator the appointment of a secretary, who will be responsible for:
- a) Tracking the attendance of Board committee members;
 - b) Preparing meeting agendas and minutes; and
 - c) Reporting the Board committee's decisions to Board.
- 68.25 When a person or a group of persons wishes to bring any matter to the attention of a Board committee or appear as a delegation, a communication shall be addressed to the administrator and will be subject to the requirements set out in sections 22 to 26 of this bylaw.


- 68.26 Upon receipt of such communication, the administrator shall place the communication on the agenda of the next meeting of the Board committee for its consideration.
- 68.27 All submissions to Board committees must be received by the administrator within the established deadlines, usually four business days prior to the meeting.
- 68.28 Any reporting to Board committees shall be provided through the administrator.
- 68.29 Any notice respecting a Board committee meeting is deemed to have been given to a member if the notice is:
- a) Delivered personally;
 - b) Left at the usual place of business or residence of the member; or
 - c) At the request of the member, provided or sent according to the member's contact information.
- 68.30 Notice to the public of a Board committee meeting as required by subsections 68.16 to 68.19 is sufficient if the notice is posted at the municipal office or on the municipality's website or given in any other manner specified by Board, by bylaw, as the means by which public notice in such cases is to be provided.
- 68.31 Any unfinished business remaining at the time of the adjournment shall be considered at the next regular meeting of the Board committee or at a special meeting called for that purpose.
- 68.32 The administrator, or secretary as per subsection 68.24, shall record the minutes without note or comment.
- 68.33 The minutes of the Board committee shall be distributed to each member at least 24 hours before the next Board committee meeting for consideration.
- 68.34 After the minutes have received approval of a majority of the members present, they shall be signed by the presiding member and administrator or secretary. Once signed, the administrator shall present the original minutes to Board and provide for the safekeeping of the minutes.
- 68.35 All minutes, once approved, shall be open for inspection by the public.
- 68.36 No member shall release or otherwise make public any information considered at a closed Board committee meeting including discussion of the content of such a meeting.
- 68.37 Every Board committee shall report to Board and no action of any Board committee shall be binding on the municipality unless:
- a) Power to take such action is expressly conferred on the Board committee by legislation, bylaw or resolution of Board; or
 - b) Board has considered the report of the Board committee and if adopted, shall become the resolve of Board.
- 68.38 The conduct of delegations or the public at Board committee meetings, which they are entitled to attend, shall be subject to the requirements as set out in sections 37 and 38 of this bylaw.
- 68.39 The conduct of Board committee members shall be subject to the requirements as set out in section 39 of this bylaw.
- 68.40 The chair may request any individual to be expelled from a meeting in accordance with the guidelines as set out in section 40 of this bylaw.

PART VII – MISCELLANEOUS


69. Coming into Force

69.1 This bylaw shall come into force and take effect on **JANUARY 27TH, 2022.**





(Chairman Signature)



(Administrator Signature)

Read a third time and adopted

this 27 day of January.



(Administrator Signature)

Bylaw No. 2022-01
Form 1 – Request for a Special Meeting

Date: _____
To: _____, Administrator, Interlake Regional Water Board

Pursuant to section 123 of the Act, I / we hereby request you to call a special meeting of the Board of the Interlake Water Utility Board to discuss the following matter(s):

1. _____
2. _____
3. _____

Meeting Details:

Location: _____

Date: _____

Time: _____

Dated this _____ day of _____, 20_____.

SIGNED:

Name: _____

Name: _____

Name: _____

Name: _____

Office Use Only:

Members provided notice pursuant to subsection 124(1) of the Act

Notice not provided pursuant to subsection 123(3) of the

Bylaw No. 2022-01
Form 2 – Request for Method of Providing Notice

Date: _____

To: _____, Administrator, Interlake Regional Water Board

From: _____ (*Name of Board member*)

Pursuant to clause 124(1)(c) MA of the Act , I hereby request notice of Board or committee meetings be provided to me by the alternate means:

(Check one of the following)

By regular mail to: _____

By telephone or voice mail to: _____

By facsimile to: _____

By email to: _____

This request remains in force until the end of my current term of office unless sooner revoked by me in writing.

Dated this _____ day of _____, 20_____.

(Signature of member)