FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Prepared by:

Department of Finance

FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

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FINANCIAL SECTION



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The City Commission Of the City of Cordele, Georgia Cordele, Georgia

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of **City of Cordele, Georgia** (the "City"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Cordele, Georgia's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Cordele, Georgia as of June 30, 2017, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective budgetary comparisons for the General Fund and Economic Development Fund Main Street District for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages 4 - 12, the Schedule of Changes in the City's Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios on page 57, and the Schedule of City Contributions on page 58 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the *Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB)*, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Cordele, Georgia's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedules of expenditures of special purpose local option sales tax proceeds are presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by the Official Code of Georgia Annotated 48-8-121, and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules and the schedules of expenditures of special purpose local option sales tax proceeds are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedules of expenditures of special purpose local option sales tax proceeds are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 13, 2017, on our consideration of the City of Cordele, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of Cordele, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Macon, Georgia November 13, 2017

Mauldin & Genkins, LLC

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

As management of the City of Cordele, Georgia (the City), we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Cordele, Georgia for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017. The information presented here should be used in conjunction with the additional information provided in this financial report, which follows this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The assets of the City exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$28,795,328 (*net position*). Of this amount, \$4,097,683 (*unrestricted net position*) may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The City's total net position decreased by \$1,136,170.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$5,560,611, a decrease of \$275,837 in comparison with the prior year.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$1,889,840.
- The City's total long-term debt (excluding compensated absences and the net pension liability) decreased by \$646,425 during the current fiscal year. This change consisted of scheduled repayments of \$655,654 of bonds, notes payable, and capital leases. An addition of capital leases of \$9,229 added to long-term debt.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The City's annual financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, includes Government-wide statements along with Fund based financial statements. The primary role of the Statement of Net position and the Statement of Activities in the government-wide financial statements is to demonstrate operational accountability, while the primary role of the Fund financial statements is to demonstrate fiscal accountability. Operational accountability requires that a government demonstrate the extent to which it has met its operating objectives efficiently and effectively, using all resources available for that purpose, and whether it can continue to do so. Fiscal accountability requires that a government demonstrate compliance with public decisions concerning the raising and spending of public monies in the short term (usually one budgetary cycle or one year).

This Discussion and Analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Cordele's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) Government-wide financial statements, 2) Fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. Comparative information between the current year and the prior year is included. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide Financial Statements. The Government-wide Financial Statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City of Cordele's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net position presents information on all the City's assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference between these components reported as *net position*. This statement is a tool to measure the City's financial health or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, public works, culture and recreation, central purchasing and community development. The business-type activities of the City include water and sewer, natural gas, and sanitation.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City of Cordele itself (known as the *primary government*), but also a legally separate Downtown Development Authority and Cordele Office Building Authority, for which the City has some degree of financial accountability. The Cordele Office Building Authority is blended as a fund of the City's financial statements. The Downtown Development Authority is discretely presented, and information for this component unit is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 13 and 14 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources*, as well as on *balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The City maintains thirteen (13) individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General and Economic Development Main Street funds only, because they are considered to be major funds. Data from the other eleven (11) governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* elsewhere in this report.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 15 - 20 of this report.

Proprietary Funds. The City maintains one type of proprietary funds. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its Water and Sewer Fund, the Natural Gas Fund, and the Sanitation Fund.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Water and Sewer Fund, Gas Revenue Fund, and the Sanitation Fund, all of which are considered to be major funds of the City.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 21 - 24 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 25 - 56 of this report.

Other Information. The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with non-major governmental funds are presented immediately following the notes to the financial statements. Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules can be found on pages 59 - 70 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

Statement of Net Position

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$28,795,328 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

By far the largest portion of the City's net position (75%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, improvements, infrastructure, machinery, and equipment); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

		Gover Act			Business-type Activities Tota						otal			
		FY2017		FY2016		FY2017		FY2016		FY2017		FY2016		
Current and other assets	\$	7,061,400	\$	8,043,137	\$	3,847,526	\$	5,013,478	\$	10,908,926	\$	13,056,615		
Capital assets		14,961,216		14,674,289		11,914,399		12,237,914		26,875,615		26,912,203		
Total assets	_	22,022,616		22,717,426		15,761,925		17,251,392		37,784,541		39,968,818		
Deferred outflows of														
resources		398,574		660,190		102,613		176,156		501,187		836,346		
Current liabilities		1,957,655		2,162,259		480.524		702,549		2,438,179		2,864,808		
Long-term liabilities		6,377,936		7,383,181		449,992		550,934		6,827,928		7,934,115		
Total liabilities		8,335,591		9,545,440		930,516		1,253,483	·	9,266,107		10,798,923		
Deferred inflow s of														
resources		176,501	_	60,044		47,792	_	14,699		224,293		74,743		
Net position:														
Net investment in capital														
assets		9,723,117		8,789,765		11,914,399		12,237,914		21,637,516		21,027,679		
Restricted		3,060,129		4,070,216		-		-		3,060,129		4,070,216		
Unrestricted		1,125,852		912,151		2,971,831		3,921,452		4,097,683		4,833,603		
Total net position	\$	13,909,098	\$	13,772,132	\$	14,886,230	\$	16,159,366	\$	28,795,328	\$	29,931,498		

City of Cordele's Net Position Fiscal Year Ending June 30 (Comparative)

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. The City of Cordele's combined net position for the year ending June 30, 2017, was \$28,975,328, a decrease of \$1,136,170 from June 30, 2016. Of total position, \$14,886,230 came from business-type activities and \$13,909,098 came from governmental activities.

A significant portion (or 75%) of the City's net position is invested in capital assets, net of related debt. A portion of the City's net position (10.6%) or \$3,060,129, represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position (amounting to \$4,097,683 or 14.2%) may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City is able to report positive balances in all three categories of net position, both for the City as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities.

Statement of Activities

Governmental Activities. Governmental activities during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, increased the City of Cordele's net position by \$136,966. Business-type activities during the same period decreased net position by \$1,273,136 for a total decrease in net position of \$1,136,170. The following analysis shows the revenue and expenses by activity for the total primary government.

		imental vities		ess-type vities	Tota	1
Revenues:	FY2017	FY2016	FY2017	FY2016	FY2017	FY2016
Program revenues:						112010
Charges for services	\$ 594,407	\$ 628,348	\$ 6,057,643	\$ 5,678,836	\$ 6,652,050 \$	6,307,184
Operating grants	,,	+ ,	• • • • • • •	+ -,,	• • • • • • • • •	-,, -
and contributions	367,309	88,403	-	-	367,309	88,403
Capital grants	,	,			,	
and contributions	1,465,732	1,356,009	-	-	1,465,732	1,356,009
General revenues:	,, -				-	-
Property taxes	3,754,148	3,744,930	-	-	3,754,148	3,744,930
Sales taxes	1,856,711	1,869,829	-	-	1,856,711	1,869,829
Alcoholic beverages taxes	317,286	316,090	-	-	317,286	316,090
Other taxes	1,481,336	1,334,219	-	-	1,481,336	1,334,219
Franchise fees	1,307,428	1,298,165	-	-	1,307,428	1,298,165
Unrestricted investment	,, -	, ,			,, -	
earnings	224,506	270,227	9,161	14,581	233,667	284,808
Total revenues	11,368,863	10,906,220	6,066,804	5,693,417	17,435,667	16,599,637
Expenses:	, ,		-,,		,,	
General government	2,259,195	2,124,204	-	-	2,259,195	2,124,204
Public w orks	2,923,157	2,968,187	-	-	2,923,157	2,968,187
Public safety	4,773,836	4,432,038	-	-	4,773,836	4,432,038
Community development	976,998	816,809	-	-	976,998	816,809
Culture and recreation	394,787	322,540	-	-	394,787	322,540
Interest on long-term debt	124,656	139,032	-	-	124,656	139,032
Water and sew er	-	-	3,886,116	3,627,353	3,886,116	3,627,353
Natural gas	-	-	2,435,608	2,093,155	2,435,608	2,093,155
Sanitation	-	-	797,484	777,327	797,484	777,327
Total expenses	11,452,629	10,802,810	7,119,208	6,497,835	18,571,837	17,300,645
Increase (decrease) in net					<u>·</u>	
position before transfers	(83,766)	103,410	(1,052,404)	(804,418)	(1,136,170)	(701,008)
Transfers	220,732	1,042,582	(220,732)	(1,042,582)		-
Increase (decrease) in						
net position	136,966	1,145,992	(1,273,136)	(1,847,000)	(1,136,170)	(701,008)
Net position, beginning of						
year	13,772,132	12,626,140	16,159,366	18,006,366	29,931,498	30,632,506
Net position, end of year	\$ 13,909,098	\$ 13,772,132	\$ 14,886,230	\$ 16,159,366	\$ 28,795,328 \$	29,931,498

City of Cordele's Net Position Fiscal Year Ending June 30 (Comparative)

Governmental Activities. The preceding analysis shows total revenues from governmental activities of \$11,368,863 for 2017 and \$10,906,220 for 2016 while expenses were \$11,452,629 for 2017 and \$10,802,810 for 2016. The largest revenue source for governmental activities comes from property taxes at \$3,754,148 or 33.0% for 2017 and from property taxes at \$3,744,930 or 34.3% of revenues for 2016. The City of Cordele spent the greatest amount of its available funding on public safety at 41.6% for 2017 and at 41.0% for 2016.

Business-Type Activities. Business-type activities total revenues amounted to \$6,066,804 for 2017 and \$5,693,417 for 2016 while expenses were \$7,119,208 for 2017 and \$6,497,835 for 2016. The business-type activities largest revenue source is the Water/Sewer Fund in 2017 (64%) and the Water/Sewer Fund in 2016 (62%). The Water and Sewer Fund had the largest amount of expenses at \$3,818,528 for 2017 and \$3,627,353 for 2016.

Analysis of Balances

Governmental Activities Funds. The City of Cordele has three major governmental funds which are the General Fund, the Economic Development Main Street Fund, and the SPLOST 2012 – 2017 Fund. At the end of FY2017, these three funds had fund balances of \$2,304,868, \$251,753, and \$1,043,031, respectively. This is an aggregate increase for the three funds of \$443,352 to the beginning fund balances.

The fund balances for the other governmental funds decreased by \$719,189. The final fund balance for these funds decreased from \$5,836,448 at the beginning of the year to \$5,560,611 at the end of the year.

Business-Type Activities Funds. The enterprise funds, which include the City's Water and Sewer Fund, Natural Gas Fund, and the Sanitation Fund showed a combined cash and cash equivalents and investments of \$4,732,435 as of June 30, 2017 as compared to \$4,809,073 at the end of the previous year ending June 30, 2016. This is a decrease of \$76,638 from the previous year.

The Water and Sewer Fund had ending cash and cash equivalents and investments of \$2,841,026 as of June 30, 2017. This is an increase of \$20,329 from the previous year.

The Gas Fund had ending cash and cash equivalents and investments of \$1,891,409 as of June 30, 2017. This is a decrease of \$96,967 from the previous year.

The Sanitation Fund had a zero balance for ending cash and cash equivalents as June 30, 2017. This is the same as in the previous year.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. At the end of the fiscal year ending June 30, 2017, governmental activities and business-type activities had capital assets of \$26,875,615 (net of accumulated depreciation) invested in land, buildings, system improvements, machinery and equipment, and infrastructure.

				9 -						
	Govern	me	ntal		Busine	ss-	type			
	Activ	/itie	S		Acti	vitie	es	Т	otal	
	 FY2017		FY2016		FY2017		FY2016	 FY2017		FY2016
Land	\$ 4,889,257	\$	4,889,257	\$	326,299	\$	326,299	\$ 5,215,556	\$	5,215,556
Construction in progress	1,858,694		2,033,745		499,881		290,634	2,358,575		2,324,379
Buildings	4,430,037		4,349,123		2,158,816		2,158,816	6,588,853		6,507,939
Improvements other than										
buildings	2,964,445		2,955,345		33,300,762		32,817,608	36,265,207		35,772,953
Infrastructure	8,631,098		7,728,789		-		-	8,631,098		7,728,789
Machinery and										
equipment	8,684,127		8,218,924		3,964,513		3,853,279	12,648,640		12,072,203
Total capital assets	 31,457,658		30,175,183		40,250,271		39,446,636	 71,707,929		69,621,819
Accumulated depreciation	 16,496,442		15,500,894		28,335,872		27,208,722	 44,832,314		42,709,616
Capital assets, net	\$ 14,961,216	\$	14,674,289	\$	11,914,399	\$	12,237,914	\$ 26,875,615	\$	26,912,203

City of Cordele's Capital Assets Fiscal Year Ending June 30 (Comparative)

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 6 of this report.

Debt Administration. The City's total long-term debt consists of revenue bonds, long-term notes payable, capital leases, compensated absences and net pension liability.

At June 30, 2017, the City had \$7,222,866 of outstanding long-term debt related to the governmental activities and \$483,815 of long-term debt related to business-type activities for a total \$7,706,681 compared to the previous year's total of \$8,805,109. This is a decrease of \$1,098,428 primarily attributable to the payment of regularly schedule debt services payments of \$655,654 during the year as well as a decrease in the City's net pension liability of \$458,824.

The City, through its blended component unit, the Cordele Office Building Authority (COBA), issued bonds in 2012 to refund older bonds and a note payable in the Water/Sewer Fund. The present value of the interest savings was built into the bond issue and this issue totaled \$5,305,000. The governmental activities reflect this debt as payable in the governmental activities as the full faith and credit of the City is pledged to make these payments on behalf of the COBA fund.

Additional information on the City's debt can be found in Note 7 of this report.

Currently Known Conditions Affecting Future Operations

The City Commission is committed to providing the best services to its citizens while also trying to keep costs at a minimum. The Commission, again this year, did not increase the property tax millage and there was an increase in the overall digest amount. The economy of our area is showing an improvement over past years and the City looks forward to the increased revenues from sales taxes in governmental activities as well as revenues from utility users in the business-type activities. The City will continue to closely watch economic indicators and trends in the community and forecast accordingly.

Factors Affecting the FY18 Budget

The Cordele City Commission considered many factors when approving the City's 2018 budget and are very aware of current economic conditions and their effect on its citizens. The Commission chose to continue to use transfers from the business-type activities to the governmental activities instead of increasing taxes or rates within the governmental activities. There are proposed increases to the rates of the business-type activities to cover state and federal mandates which continue to increase costs within these funds without a viable revenue stream from which to fund these activities. The City will closely monitor these activities to keep the rate increases as minimal as possible.

Annually, the City Manager submits to the Commission a proposed operating budget for the coming fiscal year which is required to be approved prior to June 30. Public hearings are held prior to adoption to allow citizens the opportunity to comment on the proposed budget.

Budgets are adopted for the General Fund, all special revenue funds, all capital projects funds, and the City's enterprise funds. Budgets for the enterprise funds are prepared for planning and control purposes only. The legal level of budgetary control is the department level, with the Commissioners being the only body authorized to make amendments to the budget. During the year, there were no significant increases in appropriations between the original budget and the final amended budget for the City's General Fund.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Cordele's finances for citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors and all others with an interest in the City. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the Finance Department at the City of Cordele, P.O. Box 569, Cordele, Georgia 31010-0569.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2017

ASSETS Governmental Activities Business-type Activities Total Downtown Development Authority Cash and cash equivalents Investmonts \$ 2,830,466 \$ 380,051 \$ 3,270 Cash and cash equivalents 564,472 4,170,085 4,785,337 - Taxes receivable 6480,299 - 4480,299 - - Accounts receivable net of allowances 120,076 701,194 821,270 - Due from other governments 397,337 - 397,337 - - Internal balances 1,661,400 16,81,400 - - - Internal balances 1,616,400 - - - - Internal balances 1,616,400 - - - - Internal balances 1,616,400 -				Prima	ary Governme	nt		Сог	nponent Unit
Investments 1664,472 4,170,865 4735,337 Taxes receivable, net of allowances 120,076 701,194 821,270 Due from other governments 397,337 - 397,337 - Internal balances 1,661,400 (1,661,400) - - Inventories 31,665 31,882 63,547 - Cash and cash equivalents - 201,519 - - Cash and cash equivalents - 201,519 - - Capital assets: - 201,619 201,519 - Total assets 22,022,616 15,761,925 37,784,541 3,270 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension 398,574 102,613 501,187 Consums payable - 201,519 - - Accrued liabilities 2342 52,891 302,233 - Unaamed revenues 448,928 - 448,928 - Liabilities payable - 201,519 201,519 -<	ASSETS	Go			••		Total	Dev	elopment
Taxes receivable 449:299 - 499:299 - Accounts revelvable, net of allowances 120:076 701,194 821.270 - Due from other governments 397,337 - - - Internal balances 1,661,400 - - - Mortgages receivable 676,861 - 676,861 - Capital assets: 2,022,616 15,761,925 3,7784,541 3,270 Deference outriclows of RESOURCES Pension 398,574 102,613 501,187 Compensate absences due within one year 190,174 382.23 23,997 - Accounts payable - 201,519 201,519 - Compensate dassences due within one year 99,756 -	Cash and cash equivalents	\$	2,830,466	\$	360,051	\$	3,190,517	\$	3,270
Accounts receivable, net of allowances 120,076 701,194 821,270 - Due from other governments 397,337 - 397,337 - Internal balances 1,661,400 (1,661,400) - - Internal balances 31,665 31,862 63,547 - Cash and cash equivalents - 201,519 201,519 - Cash and cash equivalents - 201,519 201,519 - Capital assets: - 201,519 - 676,861 - Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation 8,213,2265 110,882,19 19,301,484 - Total assets 22,022,616 15,761,925 37,784,541 3,220 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension 398,574 102,613 501,187 Accounts payable 413,455 192,291 605,746 - Accounts payable - 201,519 201,519 - Compensated absences due within one year 190,174 33,823 223,997	Investments		564,472		4,170,865		4,735,337		-
Due from other governments 397,337 - 397,337 - Internal balances 1,661,400 - - Internal balances 1,661,400 - - Internal balances 1,661,400 - - Prepaid expenses 289,824 43,415 333,239 Restricted assets: - 201,519 201,519 - Cash and cash equivalents - 201,519 201,519 - Mortgages receivable 676,861 - 676,861 - Nondepreciable, net of accumulated depreciation 8,213,265 11,088,219 19,301,484 - Total assets 22,022,616 15,761,925 37,784,641 3,270 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension 396,574 102,613 501,187 Liabilities 240,425 52,891 303,233 - Liabilities payable from restricted assets: 201,519 201,519 - Deposits payable - 201,519 21,543 - Capital lea	Taxes receivable		489,299		-		489,299		-
Internal balances 1,661,400 - - Inventories 31,665 31,882 63,547 - Cash and cash equivalents 289,824 43,415 333,239 Restricted assets: 289,824 43,415 333,239 Cash and cash equivalents - 201,519 - Capital assets: 676,861 - 676,861 - Copital assets: - 22,022,616 15,761,925 37,784,541 3,270 Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation 321,2365 11,088,219 19,301,484 - Total assets 22,022,616 15,761,925 37,784,541 3,270 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension 398,574 102,613 501,187 Accounts payable 413,455 192,291 605,746 - Account grayable from restricted assets: - 201,519 - Deposite payable - 201,519 - - Capital leases due intim one year 190,174 3,823 223,997 -	Accounts receivable, net of allowances		120,076		701,194		821,270		-
Inventories 31,665 31,882 63,847 - Prepaid expenses 289,824 43,415 333,239 - Restricted assets: 289,824 43,415 333,239 - Cash and cash equivalents - 201,519 - - Mortgages receivable 676,861 - 676,861 - Capital assets: - 22,022,616 15,761,925 37,784,541 3,2270 Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation 8,213,265 11,088,219 19,301,484 - - Total assets 22,022,616 15,761,925 37,784,541 3,2270 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension 398,574 102,613 501,187 Pension 398,574 102,613 501,187 - Accrued liabilities 2303,233 - - Liabilities payable from restricted assets: 448,928 - 448,928 - Liabilities payable from restricted assets: 201,519 201,519 - - Ca	Due from other governments		397,337		-		397,337		-
Prepaid expenses 289,824 43,415 333,239 Restricted assets: - 201,519 - - Cash and cash equivalents - 676,861 - 676,861 - Capital assets: - 676,861 - 676,861 - - Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation Total assets 6,747,951 826,160 7,574,131 - 3,270 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES 22,022,616 15,761,925 37,784,541 3,270 Deference outreliabilities 250,942 52,891 303,233 - Accounts payable 413,455 192,291 605,746 - Accounts payable from restricted assets: - 201,519 - Deposits payable from restricted assets: - 201,519 201,519 - Compensated absences due within one year 190,174 33,823 223,977 - Capital leases due within one year 250,000 - 321,600 - 253,000 - 321,600 - <t< td=""><td>Internal balances</td><td></td><td>1,661,400</td><td></td><td>(1,661,400)</td><td></td><td>-</td><td></td><td>-</td></t<>	Internal balances		1,661,400		(1,661,400)		-		-
Restricted assets: 201,519 201,519 201,519 Cash and cash equivalents 676,861 - 676,861 - Capital assets: Nondepreciable, net of accumulated depreciation 8,213,265 11,088,219 19,301,484 - Total assets 22,022,616 15,761,925 37,784,541 3,270 DEFERED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension 398,574 102,613 501,187 Counts payable Accound Isolihilities 250,342 52,291 605,746 Accounts payable 201,519 201,519 - Liabilities payable 201,319 201,519 - Accound Isolihilities payable from restricted assets: 201,519 201,519 - Deposits payable 201,519 201,519 - - Capital leases due within one year 190,174 33,823 223,997 - Capital leases due within one year 25,000 - 25,000 - 25,000 - 500,00 - 500,00 - <t< td=""><td>Inventories</td><td></td><td>31,665</td><td></td><td>31,882</td><td></td><td>63,547</td><td></td><td>-</td></t<>	Inventories		31,665		31,882		63,547		-
Cash and cash equivalents - 201,519 201,519 - Mortgages receivable 676,861 - 676,861 - Capital assets: 0.004preciable, net of accumulated depreciation 8,213,265 11,088,219 19,301,484 - Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation 22,022,616 15,761,925 37,784,541 3,270 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension 398,574 102,613 501,187 Accounts payable 413,455 192,291 605,746 - Accounts payable from restricted assets: - 201,519 201,519 - Deposits payable from restricted assets: - 201,519 201,519 - Compensated absences due within one year 190,174 33,823 223,997 - Capital lease due in more than one year 190,174 33,823 23,297 - Capital leases due within one year 190,174 33,823 22,000 - 25,000 - Capital leases due within one year 25,000 - 25,000 -	Prepaid expenses		289,824		43,415		333,239		
Mortgages receivable 676,861 - 676,861 - Capital assets 0ndepreciable, net of accumulated depreciation 8,213,265 11,088,219 19,301,484 - Total assets 22,022,616 15,761,925 37,784,541 3,270 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension 398,574 102,613 501,187 LIABILITIES Accrued liabilities 250,342 52,891 303,233 - Unearned revenues 448,928 - 448,928 - Liabilities payable from restricted assets: 201,519 201,519 201,519 - Compensated absences due within one year 190,174 33,823 223,997 - Capital leases due within one year 190,174 33,823 223,097 - Capital leases due within one year 250,000 - 25,000 - Capital leases due within one year 321,600 331,600 - 3745,000 - Note payable due in more than one year 374,5000 - 3745	Restricted assets:								
Capital assets: Nondepreciable 6,747,951 826,180 7,74,131 - Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation Total assets 8,213,265 11,088,219 19,301,484 - DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES 398,574 102,613 501,187 - LABILITIES Accrued liabilities 250,342 52,891 303,233 - Accounts payable 413,455 192,291 605,746 - - Accrued liabilities 250,342 52,891 303,233 - Unearned revenues 448,928 - 448,928 - Liabilities payable from restricted assets: - 201,519 201,519 - Depresits payable - 201,519 21,500 - 26,000 - 25,000 - 25,000 - 25,000 - 25,000 - 25,000 - 25,000 - 25,000 - 25,000 - 25,000 - 25,000 - 25,000 - 26,000 - 374,5000	Cash and cash equivalents		-		201,519		201,519		-
Nondepreciable 6,747,951 826,180 7,574,131 Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation Total assets 22,02,616 15,761,925 37,784,541 3,270 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES 22,02,616 15,761,925 37,784,541 3,270 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES 398,574 102,613 501,187 501,187 LABILITIES - - Accrued liabilities 250,342 52,91 303,233 - Accrued liabilities 243,225 192,291 605,746 - - Liabilities payable 413,455 192,291 605,746 - - Accrued liabilities 248,928 - 448,928 - 448,928 - Liabilities payable from restricted assets: - 201,519 201,519 - Capital leases due within one year 190,174 33,823 223,997 - Capital leases due within one year 21,600 - 321,600 - Note payable due within one year 321,600 - 321,000 </td <td>Mortgages receivable</td> <td></td> <td>676,861</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>676,861</td> <td></td> <td>-</td>	Mortgages receivable		676,861		-		676,861		-
Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation Total assets 8,213,265 11,088,219 19,901,484 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES 3398,574 102,613 501,187 3,270 Demsion 398,574 102,613 501,187 Accounts payable 413,455 192,291 605,746 Accounts payable 250,342 52,891 303,233 Liabilities payable from restricted assets: 0 0 201,519 201,519 Captal leases due within one year 199,756 25,000 25,000 25,000 25,000 25,000 25,000 30,000 30,000 30,000 30,000 30,000 30,000 30,000 30,000 30,000 37,45,000 37,45,000 37,45,000 <t< td=""><td>Capital assets:</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>	Capital assets:								
Total assets 22,022,616 15,761,925 37,784,541 3,270 DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension 398,574 102,613 501,187 LABILITIES 413,455 192,291 605,746 - Accounts payable 413,455 192,291 605,746 - Accound isbilities 250,342 52,891 303,233 - Uneamed revenues 448,928 - 448,928 - Liabilities payable from restricted assets: Deposits payable - 201,519 - Capital leases due within one year 190,174 33,823 223,997 - Capital leases due in more than one year 1516,743 - 516,743 - Note payable due within one year 25,000 - 25,000 - 250,000 - Note payable due within one year 330,000 - 321,600 - 300,000 - Bonds payable due in more than one year 3,745,000 - 3,745,000 - - <t< td=""><td>Nondepreciable</td><td></td><td>6,747,951</td><td></td><td>826,180</td><td></td><td>7,574,131</td><td></td><td>-</td></t<>	Nondepreciable		6,747,951		826,180		7,574,131		-
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation		8,213,265		11,088,219		19,301,484		-
Pension 398,574 102,613 501,187 LLABILITIES -	Total assets		22,022,616		15,761,925		37,784,541		3,270
Pension 398,574 102,613 501,187 LLABILITIES -									
LIABILITIES Accounts payable 413,455 192,291 605,746 - Accrued liabilities 250,342 52,891 303,233 - Unearned revenues 448,928 - 448,928 - Liabilities payable from restricted assets: Deposits payable - 201,519 201,519 - Capital leases due within one year 99,756 - 99,756 - 99,756 - Capital leases due within one year 25(0,00 - 25(0,00 - 25(0,00 - Note payable due in more than one year 321,600 - 321,600 - 321,600 - Bonds payable due in more than one year 530,000 - 37,45,000 - Net payable due in more than one year 321,600 - 37,45,000 -									
Accounts payable 413,455 192,291 605,746 - Accrued liabilities 250,342 52,891 303,233 - Unearned revenues 448,928 - 448,928 - Liabilities payable from restricted assets: Deposits payable - 201,519 201,519 - Compensated absences due within one year 190,174 33,823 223,997 - Capital leases due within one year 99,756 - 99,756 - Capital leases due within one year 25,000 - 25,000 - Note payable due in more than one year 321,600 - 321,600 - Bonds payable due within one year 3,745,000 - 3,745,000 - Note payable due in more than one year 3,745,000 - 3,745,000 - Net payable due in more than one year 3,745,000 - 3,745,000 - Total liabilities 8,335,591 930,516 9,266,107 - DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension 176,501	Pension		398,574		102,613		501,187		<u> </u>
Accounts payable 413,455 192,291 605,746 - Accrued liabilities 250,342 52,891 303,233 - Unearned revenues 448,928 - 448,928 - Liabilities payable from restricted assets: Deposits payable - 201,519 201,519 - Compensated absences due within one year 190,174 33,823 223,997 - Capital leases due within one year 99,756 - 99,756 - Capital leases due within one year 25,000 - 25,000 - Note payable due in more than one year 321,600 - 321,600 - Bonds payable due within one year 3,745,000 - 3,745,000 - Note payable due in more than one year 3,745,000 - 3,745,000 - Net payable due in more than one year 3,745,000 - 3,745,000 - Total liabilities 8,335,591 930,516 9,266,107 - DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension 176,501	LIABILITIES								
Accrued liabilities 250,342 52,891 303,233 - Unearned revenues 448,928 - 448,928 - Labilities payable from restricted assets: - 201,519 201,519 - Capital leases due within one year 190,174 33,823 223,997 - Capital leases due within one year 99,756 - 99,756 - Capital leases due within one year 516,743 - 161,743 - Note payable due within one year 250,000 - 25,000 - Note payable due within one year 321,600 - 321,600 - Bonds payable due within one year 3,745,000 - 3,745,000 - Net payable due within one year 3,745,000 - 3,745,000 - Total liabilities 8,335,591 930,516 9,266,107 - DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension 176,501 47,792 224,293 - Net investment in capital assets 9,723,117 11,914,399 21,637,51			413,455		192,291		605,746		-
Uneared revenues 448,928 - 448,928 - Liabilities payable from restricted assets: - 201,519 201,519 - Compensated absences due within one year 190,174 33,823 223,997 - Capital leases due within one year 99,756 - 99,756 - Capital leases due within one year 25,000 - 25,000 - Note payable due within one year 321,600 - 321,600 - Note payable due within one year 33,000 - 530,000 - Bonds payable due within one year 3,745,000 - 3,745,000 - Net payable due in more than one year 3,745,000 - 3,745,000 - Net payable due in more than one year 3,745,000 - 3,745,000 - Net payable due in more than one year 3,745,000 - 3,745,000 - Total liabilities 8,335,591 930,516 9,266,107 - DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES - 176,501 47,792					,		, -		-
Liabilities payable from restricted assets: - 201,519 201,519 - Compensated absences due within one year 190,174 33,823 223,997 - Capital leases due within one year 99,756 - 99,756 - Capital leases due within one year 516,743 - 516,743 - Capital leases due within one year 321,600 - 321,600 - Note payable due in more than one year 321,600 - 321,600 - Bonds payable due within one year 33,745,000 - 3,745,000 - Net pension liability 1,794,593 449,992 2,244,585 - Total liabilities 8,335,591 930,516 9,266,107 - DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension 176,501 47,792 224,293 Net investment in capital assets 9,723,117 11,914,399 21,637,516 - Restricted 208,531 - 208,531 - 208,531 - Clubhouse expenses							,		-
Deposits payable - 201,519 201,519 - Compensated absences due within one year 190,174 33,823 223,997 - Capital leases due within one year 99,756 - 99,756 - Capital leases due in more than one year 25,000 - 25,000 - Note payable due in more than one year 25,000 - 321,600 - Bonds payable due in more than one year 33,000 - 530,000 - Bonds payable due in more than one year 3,745,000 - 3,745,000 - Net pension liability 1,794,593 449,992 2,244,585 - Total liabilities 8,335,591 930,516 9,266,107 - DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension 176,501 47,792 224,293 - NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 9,723,117 11,914,399 21,637,516 - Restricted 208,531 - 208,531 - 208,531 - </td <td></td> <td></td> <td>,</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>,</td> <td></td> <td></td>			,				,		
Compensated absences due within one year 190,174 33,823 223,997 - Capital leases due within one year 99,756 - 99,756 - Capital leases due within one year 516,743 - 516,743 - Note payable due within one year 25,000 - 25,000 - Note payable due in more than one year 321,600 - 321,600 - Bonds payable due within one year 530,000 - 530,000 - Bonds payable due in more than one year 3,745,000 - 3,745,000 - Net pension liability 1,794,593 449,992 2,244,585 - Total liabilities 8,335,591 930,516 9,266,107 - DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension 176,501 47,792 224,293 - Net nositial assets 9,723,117 11,914,399 21,637,516 - Restricted 208,531 208,531 - 208,531 - Clubhouse expenses 267,			-		201.519		201.519		-
Capital leases due within one year 99,756 - 99,756 - Capital leases due in more than one year 516,743 - 516,743 - Note payable due within one year 22,000 - 225,000 - Bonds payable due within one year 321,600 - 321,600 - Bonds payable due in more than one year 3,745,000 - 3,745,000 - Bonds payable due in more than one year 3,745,000 - 3,745,000 - Bonds payable due in more than one year 3,745,000 - 3,745,000 - Net pension liability 1,794,593 449,992 2,244,585 - Total liabilities 8,335,591 930,516 9,266,107 - DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension 176,501 47,792 224,293 Net noestment in capital assets 9,723,117 11,914,399 21,637,516 - Restricted 208,531 - 266,107 - Clubhouse expenses 267,170			190.174						-
Capital leases due in more than one year 516,743 - 516,743 - Note payable due within one year 25,000 - 25,000 - Note payable due within one year 321,600 - 321,600 - Bonds payable due within one year 530,000 - 530,000 - Bonds payable due in more than one year 3,745,000 - 3,745,000 - Bonds payable due in more than one year 3,745,000 - 3,745,000 - Net pension liability 1,794,593 449,992 2,244,585 - Total liabilities 8,335,591 930,516 9,266,107 - DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension 176,501 47,792 224,293 - NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 9,723,117 11,914,399 21,637,516 - Restricted 208,531 - 208,531 - Clubhouse expenses 267,170 - 267,170 - Promotion of touris			-						-
Note payable due within one year 25,000 - 25,000 - Note payable due in more than one year 321,600 - 321,600 - Bonds payable due in more than one year 530,000 - 530,000 - Bonds payable due in more than one year 3,745,000 - 3,745,000 - Bonds payable due in more than one year 3,745,000 - 3,745,000 - Net pension liability 1,794,593 449,992 2,244,585 - Total liabilities 8,335,591 930,516 9,266,107 - DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension 176,501 47,792 224,293 ONET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 9,723,117 11,914,399 21,637,516 - Restricted 208,531 - 267,170 - - Clubhouse expenses 267,170 - 267,170 - - Promotion of tourism 590,927 - 590,927 - - 8,850 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td>			-		-				-
Note payable due in more than one year 321,600 - 321,600 - Bonds payable due within one year 530,000 - 530,000 - Bonds payable due in more than one year 3,745,000 - 3,745,000 - Bonds payable due in more than one year 3,745,000 - 3,745,000 - Net pension liability 1,794,593 449,992 2,244,585 - Total liabilities 8,335,591 930,516 9,266,107 - DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 8,335,591 930,516 9,266,107 - DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension 176,501 47,792 224,293 Net investment in capital assets 9,723,117 11,914,399 21,637,516 - Restricted 208,531 - 208,531 - - Clubhouse expenses 267,170 - 267,170 - Federal programs 208,531 - 208,531 - Promotion of tourism 590,927 - 8,850 -			,		-		,		-
Bonds payable due within one year 530,000 - 530,000 - Bonds payable due in more than one year 3,745,000 - 3,745,000 - Net pension liability 1,794,593 449,992 2,244,585 - Total liabilities 8,335,591 930,516 9,266,107 - DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension 176,501 47,792 224,293 NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 9,723,117 11,914,399 21,637,516 - Restricted 208,531 - 267,170 - 267,170 - Promotion of tourism 590,927 - 590,927 - 590,927 - Law enforcement purposes 8,850 - 8,850 - 8,850 - Law enforcement purposes 1,934,415 - 1,934,415 - 1,934,415 - Unrestricted 1,25,852 2,971,831 4,097,683 3,270 -			-		-				-
Bonds payable due in more than one year 3,745,000 - - 3,745,000 - - 3,745,000 - - 3,745,000 - - 3,745,000 - - 3,745,000 - - 3,745,000 - - 3,745,000 - 3,745,000 - 3,745,000 - 3,745,000 -			,		-		,		-
Net pension liability Total liabilities 1,794,593 449,992 2,244,585 B,335,591 930,516 9,266,107 - DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 7 7 224,293 Pension 176,501 47,792 224,293 NET POSITION 9,723,117 11,914,399 21,637,516 - Restricted 9,723,117 11,914,399 21,637,516 - Clubhouse expenses 267,170 208,531 - - Federal programs 208,531 - 208,531 - Promotion of tourism 590,927 - 590,927 - Law enforcement purposes 8,850 - 8,850 - Capital projects 1,934,415 - 1,934,415 - Unrestricted 50,236 - 50,236 -					-				-
Total liabilities 8,335,591 930,516 9,266,107 - DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES 176,501 47,792 224,293 - NET POSITION 9,723,117 11,914,399 21,637,516 - Restricted 267,170 - 267,170 - Clubhouse expenses 267,170 - 208,531 - Promotion of tourism 590,927 - 590,927 - Law enforcement purposes 8,850 - 8,850 - Capital projects 1,934,415 - 1,934,415 - Unrestricted 1,125,852 2,971,831 4,097,683 3,270					449,992				
Pension 176,501 47,792 224,293 NET POSITION <td>Total liabilities</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td>	Total liabilities				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				-
Pension 176,501 47,792 224,293 NET POSITION <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>									
NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets 9,723,117 11,914,399 21,637,516 - Restricted 267,170 - 267,170 - Clubhouse expenses 208,531 - 208,531 - Promotion of tourism 590,927 - 590,927 - Law enforcement purposes 8,850 - 8,850 - Capital projects 1,934,415 - 1,934,415 - Endowment - Community clubhouse 50,236 - 50,236 - Unrestricted 1,125,852 2,971,831 4,097,683 3,270			176 501		17 702		224 203		
Net investment in capital assets 9,723,117 11,914,399 21,637,516 - Restricted -			170,301		47,792		224,293		
Restricted 267,170 267,170 - Clubhouse expenses 208,531 - 208,531 - Federal programs 208,531 - 208,531 - Promotion of tourism 590,927 - 590,927 - Law enforcement purposes 8,850 - 8,850 - Capital projects 1,934,415 - 1,934,415 - Endowment - Community clubhouse 50,236 - 50,236 - Unrestricted 1,125,852 2,971,831 4,097,683 3,270	NET POSITION								
Federal programs 208,531 - 208,531 - Promotion of tourism 590,927 - 590,927 - Law enforcement purposes 8,850 - 8,850 - Capital projects 1,934,415 - 1,934,415 - Endowment - Community clubhouse 50,236 - 50,236 - Unrestricted 1,125,852 2,971,831 4,097,683 3,270	•		9,723,117		11,914,399		21,637,516		-
Promotion of tourism 590,927 - 590,927 - Law enforcement purposes 8,850 - 8,850 - Capital projects 1,934,415 - 1,934,415 - Endowment - Community clubhouse 50,236 - 50,236 - Unrestricted 1,125,852 2,971,831 4,097,683 3,270	Clubhouse expenses		267,170		-		267,170		-
Law enforcement purposes 8,850 - 8,850 - Capital projects 1,934,415 - 1,934,415 - Endowment - Community clubhouse 50,236 - 50,236 - Unrestricted 1,125,852 2,971,831 4,097,683 3,270	Federal programs		208,531		-		208,531		-
Law enforcement purposes 8,850 - 8,850 - Capital projects 1,934,415 - 1,934,415 - Endowment - Community clubhouse 50,236 - 50,236 - Unrestricted 1,125,852 2,971,831 4,097,683 3,270					-		590,927		-
Capital projects 1,934,415 - 1,934,415 - Endowment - Community clubhouse 50,236 - 50,236 - Unrestricted 1,125,852 2,971,831 4,097,683 3,270			8,850		-		8,850		-
Endowment - Community clubhouse 50,236 - 50,236 - Unrestricted 1,125,852 2,971,831 4,097,683 3,270			1,934,415		-		1,934,415		-
Unrestricted 1,125,852 2,971,831 4,097,683 3,270					-				-
Total net position \$ 13,909,098 \$ 14,886,230 \$ 28,795,328 \$ 3.270	Unrestricted		1,125,852	_	2,971,831	_	4,097,683		<u>3,</u> 270
	Total net position	\$	13,909,098	\$	14,886,230	\$	28,795,328	\$	3,270

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

						· · ·	s) Revenues and Net Position	
			Program Revenue	-				Component Unit
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Downtown Development Authority
Primary government:								
Governmental activities:	¢ 0.050.405	¢ 200.047	¢	\$ -	¢ (4.000.040)	¢	\$ (1.868.248)	¢
General government	\$ 2,259,195	\$ 390,947	\$ -	*	\$ (1,868,248) (1,502,224)		+ ())	\$ -
Public works	2,923,157	400.057	-	1,420,933	(1,502,224)		(1,502,224)	-
Public safety	4,773,836 976,998	166,057 23,578	323 366,986	549 44,250	(4,606,907)		(4,606,907) (542,184)	-
Community development Culture and recreation	394,787	23,578	300,900	44,250	(542,184)		(380,962)	-
Interest on long-term debt	394,787 124,656	13,625	-	-	(380,962) (124,656)		(380,982) (124,656)	-
Total governmental activities	11,452,629	594,407	367,309	1,465,732	(9,025,181)		(9,025,181)	
Total governmental activities	11,452,029		307,309	1,403,732	(9,023,101)		(9,023,101)	
Business-type activities:								
Water and sewer	3,886,116	3,850,773	-	-	-	(35,343)	(35,343)	-
Natural gas	2,435,608	1,479,865	-	-	-	(955,743)	(955,743)	-
Sanitation	797,484	727,005	-	-	-	(70,479)	(70,479)	-
Total business-type activities	7,119,208	6,057,643	-	-	-	(1,061,565)	(1,061,565)	-
Total primary government	18,571,837	6,652,050	367,309	1,465,732	(9,025,181)	(1,061,565)	(10,086,746)	-
Component units								
Component unit: Downtown Development Authority								
Total component unit	-	-	\$ -		\$ -		\$ -	\$ -
rotal component unit	Ψ	Ψ	Ψ	ψ -	Ψ	Ψ	Ψ	Ψ
	General revenues	6:						
	Property taxes				3,754,148	-	3,754,148	-
	Sales taxes				1,856,711	-	1,856,711	-
	Alcoholic beve	0			317,286	-	317,286	-
	Franchise taxe	S			1,307,428	-	1,307,428	-
	Hotel taxes Other taxes				766,556 714,780	-	766,556 714,780	-
		vestment earnings			224,506	- 9,161	233,667	-
	Transfers	vesiment earnings			224,300	(220,732)	200,007	-
		al revenues and trar	sfers		9,162,147	(211,571)	8,950,576	
		n net position			136,966	(1,273,136)	(1,136,170)	
	Net position, beg				13,772,132	16,159,366	29,931,498	3,270
	Net position, end	of year			\$ 13,909,098	\$ 14,886,230	\$ 28,795,328	\$ 3,270

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2017

ASSETS		General	Dev Ma	conomic velopment Fund ain Street District		SPLOST 2012 - 2017 Fund		Nonmajor overnmental Funds	Go	Totals overnmental Funds
Orah and arah amindrata	¢	0.40,004	۴	454 750	۴	400.000	۴	4 5 40 00 4	۴	0.540.004
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	342,831	\$	151,753	\$	496,333	\$	1,549,284	\$	2,540,201
Investments		295,802		-		-		268,670		564,472
Taxes receivable		379,993		-		-		109,306		489,299
Accounts receivable Due from other governments		120,076 223,883		-		- 155,770		- 17,684		120,076 397,337
Due from other funds		1,824,457		-		579,710		17,004		2,404,167
Inventories		31,665		-		579,710		-		2,404,107
Prepaid expenditures		288,863		-		-		- 961		289,824
Mortgages and notes receivable		200,003 94,500		484,834				97,527		209,024 676,861
Total assets		3,602,070		636,587		1,231,813		2,043,432		7,513,902
	_	3,002,070		000,007	_	1,201,010		2,040,402		7,010,002
LIABILITIES										
Accounts payable		252,638		-		-		15,799		268,437
Accrued liabilities		225,656		-		-		-		225,656
Unearned revenues		-		384,834		-		64,094		448,928
Due to other funds		579,710		-		188,782		2,580		771,072
Total liabilities		1,058,004		384,834		188,782		82,473		1,714,093
					_					
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		000 000								000 000
Unavailable revenue - property taxes Unavailable revenue - utilities		238,208		-		-		-		238,208
	-	990		-		-			-	990 239,198
Total deferred inflows of resources		239,198		-		-		-		239,198
FUND BALANCES Fund balances:										
Nonspendable:										
Inventories		31,665		-		-		-		31,665
Prepaid expenditures		288,863		-		-		961		289,824
Mortgages and notes receivable		94,500		100,000		-		97,527		292,027
Endowment - Community clubhouse		-		-		-		50,236		50,236
Restricted for:										
Clubhouse expenses		-		-		-		267,170		267,170
Federal programs		-		151,753		-		56,778		208,531
Promotion of tourism		-		-		-		590,927		590,927
Law enforcement purposes		-		-		-		8,850		8,850
Capital projects		-		-		1,043,031		891,384		1,934,415
Unassigned		1,889,840		-		-		(2,874)		1,886,966
Total fund balances		2,304,868		251,753	_	1,043,031		1,960,959		5,560,611
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of										
resources, and fund balances	\$	3,602,070	\$	636,587	\$	1,231,813	\$	2,043,432		
Amounts reported for governmental activi net position are different because: Capital assets used in governmental a therefore, are not reported in the fun Other long-term assets are not availal	activi ds.	ties are not fir	nancia							14,961,216
and, therefore, are deferred in the fu		pay for barro	in po		uio	0				239,198
Deferred outflows of resources are no		and pavable	in the	current per	iod a	and.				200,100
therefore, are not reported in the fund				•						
consist of contributions made subse										
between projected and actual earnin Long-term liabilities are not due and p	gs or	n plan investm	nents,	and experie	ence	differences.				398,574
are not reported in the funds.	•			, ,						(7,247,552)
Deferred inflows of resources are not	availa	able to pay for	r curre	ent expendit	ures	and,				· · · ,
therefore, are not reported in the fund				•						
consist of pension related assumption										(176,501)
Internal service funds are used by ma		-	•			5				
benefits and services to individual fu	-		-							
service funds are included in govern	ment	al activities in	the s	tatement of	net	position.			_	173,552
Net position of governmental activities	5								\$	13,909,098
The accompanying notes are an integral part of these	finan	cial statomo	nte							

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

		General	Economic Development Fund Main Street District		SPLOST 012- 2017 Fund	Nonmajor overnmental Funds	G	Totals overnmental Funds
Revenues								
Taxes	\$	5,857,045	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 766,556	\$	6,623,601
Intergovernmental		528,859	-		657,950	278,148		1,464,957
Charges for services		57,168	-		-	-		57,168
Fines and forfeitures		151,066	-		-	-		151,066
Administrative fees		40	-		-	-		40
Interest and penalties		209,665	196		1,098	14,361		225,320
Franchise and leases		1,307,428	-		-	-		1,307,428
Payments in lieu of taxes		941,707	-		-	-		941,707
Codes		23,578	-		-	-		23,578
Other revenues		349,938	12,617		-	 366,986		729,541
Total revenues		9,426,494	12,813		659,048	 1,426,051		11,524,406
Expenditures								
Current:								
General government		1,767,497	-		-	-		1,767,497
Public works		2,887,592	-		-	-		2,887,592
Public safety		4,639,248	-		-	10,625		4,649,873
Culture and recreation		331,084	-		-	64,352		395,436
Community development		703,766	-		-	254,712		958,478
Debt service:		,				,		,
Principal retirement		140,654	-		-	515,000		655,654
Interest and fiscal charges		4,054	-		-	123,124		127,178
Capital outlay		-	-		854,597	412,578		1,267,175
Total expenditures		10,473,895			854,597	 1,380,391		12,708,883
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
(under) expenditures		(1,047,401)	12,813		(195,549)	45,660		(1,184,477)
Other financing sources (uses): Issuance of capital leases		9,229	-		-	-		9,229
Transfers in		2,472,066	100.000		-	667,109		3,239,175
Transfers out		(807,806)	(100,000)		-	(1,431,958)		(2,339,764)
Total other financing sources		()	((, - ,,		()/
(uses), net		1,673,489	-		-	 (764,849)		908,640
Net change in fund balances		626,088	12,813		(195,549)	 (719,189)		(275,837)
Fund balances, beginning of year		1,678,780	238,940		1,238,580	 2,680,148		5,836,448
Fund balances, end of year	\$	2,304,868	\$ 251,753	\$	1,043,031	\$ 1,960,959	\$	5,560,611
· •	<u> </u>	, ,		<u> </u>		 	<u> </u>	· ·

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ (275,837)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays differed from depreciation in the current period.		286,927
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		
Prior year long-term assets not available for current-period expenditures \$ (395	025)	
Current year long-term assets not available for current-period expenditures 239	198	(155,827)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position.		646,425
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		(23,478)
Internal service funds are used by management to charge costs of various services and benefits to individual funds. The net revenues (expenses) of certain activities of internal service funds are reported with governmental activities.		
Current year change in net position of the Health Benefit Internal Service Fund \$ (422	138)	
Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of internal service fund activities related to enterprise 80	894	 (341,244)
		\$ 136,966

GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Budget	Amo	unts			Variance with Final
	 Original	Ano	Final	Actual		Budget
Revenues:	 original		- mai	 , lottudi		Buugot
Taxes	\$ 6,246,000	\$	6,246,000	\$ 5,857,045	\$	(388,955)
Intergovernmental	800,000		800,000	528,859		(271,141)
Charges for services	70,200		70,200	57,168		(13,032)
Fines and forfeitures	226,500		226,500	151,066		(75,434)
Administrative fees	600		600	40		(560)
Interest and penalties	250,000		250,000	209,665		(40,335)
Franchise and leases	1,500,000		1,500,000	1,307,428		(192,572)
Payments in lieu of taxes	906,000		906,000	941,707		35,707
Codes	25,750		25,750	23,578		(2,172)
Other revenues	316,000		316,000	349,938		33,938
Total revenues	 10,341,050	_	10,341,050	 9,426,494		(914,556)
Expenditures:						
Current:						
General government:						
Legislative	432,771		432,771	383,687		49,084
Executive	655,118		640,118	576,010		64,108
Judicial	91,206		91,206	80,744		10,462
Finance	 815,872		820,872	 727,056		93,816
Total general government	 1,994,967		1,984,967	 1,767,497		217,470
Public works:						
Highways and streets	 3,055,379		3,055,379	2,887,592		167,787
Total public works	 3,055,379		3,055,379	 2,887,592		167,787
Public safety:						
Police	3,075,249		3,080,249	3,018,169		62,080
Fire	1,529,418		1,529,418	1,382,363		147,055
E-911	 238,716		238,716	 238,716		-
Total public safety	 4,843,383		4,848,383	 4,639,248		209,135
Community development	 971,303		976,303	 703,766		272,537
Culture and recreation	 361,018		361,018	 331,084		29,934
Debt service:						
Principal retirement	85,000		85,000	140,654		(55,654)
Interest and fiscal charges	10,000		10,000	4,054		5,946
Total debt service	 95,000	_	95,000	 144,708		(49,708)

(Continued)

GENERAL FUND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	 Budget . Original	Amo	unts Final		Actual	Variance with Final Budget
Expenditures (Continued):						
Total expenditures	\$ 11,321,050	\$	11,321,050	\$	10,473,895	\$ 847,155
Deficiency of revenues						
under expenditures	 (980,000)		(980,000)		(1,047,401)	 (67,401)
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers in	980,000		980,000		2,472,066	1,492,066
Transfers out	-		-		(807,806)	(807,806)
Issuance of capital leases	-		-		9,229	9,229
Total other financing sources, net	 980,000	_	980,000	_	1,673,489	 693,489
Net change in fund balances	-		-		626,088	626,088
Fund balance, beginning of year	 1,678,780		1,678,780		1,678,780	 <u> </u>
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 1,678,780	\$	1,678,780	\$	2,304,868	\$ 626,088

ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT FUND MAIN STREET DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Original and Final Budget		Actual		Variance	
Revenues:						
Interest earned	\$	-	\$	196	\$	196
Program income		12,618		12,617		(1)
Total revenues		12,618		12,813		195
Expenditures						
Community development		12,618		-		12,618
Total expenditures		12,618		-		12,618
Excess of revenues over expenditures		-		12,813		12,813
Other financing sources (uses):						
Transfers in		-		100,000		(100,000)
Transfers out				(100,000)		100,000
Total other financing sources, net				-		
Net change in fund balance		-		12,813		12,813
Fund balance, beginning of year		238,940		238,940		
Fund balance, end of year	\$	238,940	\$	251,753	\$	12,813

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2017

	B	Governmental				
CURRENT ASSETS	Water and Sewer	Natural Gas	Sanitation	Totals	Activities - Health Benefit Internal Service Fund	
Cash	\$ 360,051	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 360,051	\$ 290,265	
Investments	2,324,799	1,846,066	-	4,170,865	•,	
Accounts receivable (net of						
allowance for uncollectibles)	473,260	140,934	87,000	701,194	-	
Due from other funds	188,782	-	-	188,782	-	
Inventory	-	31,882	-	31,882	-	
Prepaid expenses Restricted assets:	34,174	9,241	-	43,415	-	
Cash - customer deposits	156,176	45,343	<u>-</u>	201,519	-	
Total current assets	3,537,242	2,073,466	87,000	5,697,708	290,265	
NONCURRENT ASSETS						
Capital assets, at cost						
Land	317,299	9,000	-	326,299	-	
Construction in progress	496,631	3,250	-	499,881	-	
Buildings	1,913,849	244,967	-	2,158,816	-	
Improvements other than buildings	29,776,714	3,524,048	-	33,300,762		
Machinery and equipment	<u>3,156,615</u> 35,661,108	807,898	-	3,964,513	·	
Less accumulated depreciation	25,126,379	4,589,163 3,209,493	-	40,250,271 28,335,872		
Total capital assets	10,534,729	1,379,670		11,914,399		
Total noncurrent assets	10,534,729	1,379,670		11,914,399		
Total assets	14,071,971	3,453,136	87,000	17,612,107	290,265	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURC		0,400,100	07,000	17,012,107	200,200	
Pension	82,941	19,672	-	102,613		
CURRENT LIABILITIES						
Payable from current assets:						
Vouchers payable	51,432	74,278	66,581	192,291	27,022	
Accrued other expenses	-	9,387	-	9,387	-	
Accrued payroll and vacation	60,074	17,253	-	77,327		
Due to other funds	2,285	1,245,635	101,935	1,349,855	472,022	
Unpaid claims and accrued estimate liability	a				117.006	
Total	113,791	1,346,553	168,516	1,628,860	<u> </u>	
Payable from restricted assets:		.,0.0,000		.,020,000		
Customer deposits	156,176	45,343	-	201,519	-	
Total	156,176	45,343		201,519		
Total current liabilities	269,967	1,391,896	168,516	1,830,379	617,040	
NONCURRENT LIABILITIES	·		<u>,</u>			
Net pension liability	364,797	85,195	-	449,992	-	
Total liabilities	634,764	1,477,091	168,516	2,280,371	617,040	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		.,,	100,010			
Pension	34,349	13,443	-	47,792	-	
NET POSITION				,		
Investment in capital assets	10,534,729	1,379,670	-	11,914,399	-	
Unrestricted	2,951,070	602,604	(81,516)	3,472,158	(326,775	
Total net position	\$ 13,485,799	\$ 1,982,274	\$ (81,516)	15,386,557	\$ (326,775	
Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of i					, (0_0,110	
Aujustment to reneut the consolidation of	Internal Service IUNC	ו מטוויוובא ופומופט נט	enterprise iurius	(500,327)		

Net position of business-type activities

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

\$

14,886,230

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Βι	Isiness-type Activit	nds	Governmental Activities - Health Benefit			
	Water and Sewer	Natural Gas	Sanitation	Totals	Internal Service Fund		
Operating revenues:	• • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•	• • • • • • • • • •			
Charges for services	\$ 3,814,418	\$ 1,479,865	\$ 727,005	\$ 6,021,288	\$ -		
Employee and employer contributions	-	-	-	-	1,220,545		
Miscellaneous income	36,355			36,355	-		
Total operating revenues	3,850,773	1,479,865	727,005	6,057,643	1,220,545		
Operating expenses:							
Natural gas purchases	-	1,113,040	-	1,113,040	-		
Production	1,441,569	-	-	1,441,569	-		
Distribution	1,339,162	1,219,909	-	2,559,071	-		
Collection	-	-	797,484	797,484	-		
Health benefit costs	-	-	-	-	1,416,726		
Miscellaneous expenses	-	-	-	-	226,241		
Total operating expenses	2,780,731	2,332,949	797,484	5,911,164	1,642,967		
Operating income (loss) before depreciation	n 1,070,042	(853,084)	(70,479)	146,479	(422,422)		
Depreciation expense	1,037,797	89,353		1,127,150			
Operating income (loss)	32,245	(942,437)	(70,479)	(980,671)	(422,422)		
Non-operating revenues:							
Interest revenue	5,473	3,688		9,161	284		
Total non-operating revenues	5,473	3,688	-	9,161	284		
Income (loss) before transfers and							
contributions	37,718	(938,749)	(70,479)	(971,510)	(422,138)		
Capital contributions	678,679	-	-	678,679	-		
Transfers in	678,326	-	-	678,326	-		
Transfers out	(1,573,684)	(4,053)		(1,577,737)			
Change in net position	(178,961)	(942,802)	(70,479)	(1,192,242)	(422,138)		
Net position, beginning of year	13,664,760	2,925,076	(11,037)		95,363		
Net position, end of year	\$ 13,485,799	\$ 1,982,274	\$ (81,516)		\$ (326,775)		
net position, end or year	ψ 10, 1 00,199	ψ 1,302,274	φ (01,010)		ψ (320,173)		
Adjustment to reflect the consolidation of in	ternal service fund	activities related to	enterprise funds	(80,894)			
Change in net position of business-type act	ivition			\$ (1,273,136)			

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Bu	Governmental				
	Water and Sewer	Natural Gas	ies - Enterprise Fur Sanitation	Totals	Activities - Health Benefit Internal Service Fund	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING						
ACTIVITIES						
Cash received from customers,						
including deposits	\$ 3,842,362	\$ 1,485,009	\$ 729,409	\$ 6,056,780	\$-	
Cash received from employer and						
employee contributions	-	-	-	-	1,220,545	
Cash payments to:						
Suppliers and vendors	(1,391,667)	(1,014,011)	(729,409)	(3,135,087)	<u> </u>	
Medical providers and/or employees	-			-	(1,329,954)	
Employees	(1,053,523)	(273,602)	<u>-</u>	(1,327,125)		
City in lieu of taxes	(383,000)	(273,000)	-	(656,000)	-	
Net cash provided by (used in)	((/		
operating activities	1,014,172	(75,604)		938,568	(109,409)	
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Transfers from other funds	678,326	-	-	678,326	-	
Transfers to other funds	(1,573,684)	(4,053)	-	(1,577,737)	-	
Net cash used in noncapital						
financing activities	(895,358)	(4,053)		(899,411)		
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES						
Purchase of capital assets	(103,958)	(20,998)	-	(124,956)	-	
Net cash used in capital and						
related financing activities	(103,958)	(20,998)		(124,956)		
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING						
ACTIVITIES						
Proceeds from investment sales	2,320,154	1,842,378	-	4,162,532	-	
Purchase of investments	(2,324,799)	(1,846,066)	-	(4,170,865)	-	
Interest received	5,473	3,688		9,161	284	
Net cash provided by investing						
activities	828	-		828	284	

(Continued)

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

		Water and	isines	iness-type Activities - Enterprise Fu Natural				Governmental Activities - Health Benefit Internal Service		
		Sewer		Gas	S	anitation		Totals		Fund
Net increase (decrease) in cash	\$	15,684	\$	(100,655)	\$	-	\$	(84,971)	\$	(109,125)
Cash and cash equivalents, July 1		500,543		145,998		-		646,541		399,390
Cash and cash equivalents, June 30	\$	516,227	\$	45,343	\$		\$	561,570	\$	290,265
Classified as:										
Cash Restricted assets:	\$	360,051	\$	-	\$	-	\$	360,051	\$	290,265
Cash - customer deposits		156,176		45,343		-		201,519		-
	\$	516,227	\$	45,343	\$		\$	561,570	\$	290,265
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCO (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES	OME									
Operating income (loss) Depreciation Changes in assets and liabilities: (Increase) decrease in	\$	32,245 1,037,797	\$	(942,437) 89,353	\$	(70,479) -	\$	(980,671) 1,127,150	\$	(422,422) -
accounts receivable		(8,411)		5,949		2,404		(58)		-
Decrease in due from other funds		176,854		34,895		28,449		240,198		346,469
Decrease in inventory		-		129,713		-		129,713		-
Increase in prepaid expenses Decrease in deferred outflows		(7,601)		(2,151)		-		(9,752)		-
of resources		59,761		13,782		-		73,543		-
Increase (decrease) in vouchers paya		(134,323)		(32,141)		(62,309)		(228,773)		11,115
Decrease in unpaid claims and accrue estimated liability	ed	-		-		-		-		(34,414)
Increase (decrease) in customer depo	sits	5,573		(805)		-		4,768		-
Increase (decrease) in accrued expension	ses	2,502		(522)		-		1,980		-
Increase (decrease) in due to other fu	nds	(94,863)		641,247		101,935		648,319		(10,157)
Decrease in net pension liability		(78,001)		(22,941)		-		(100,942)		-
Increase in deferred inflows										
of resources		22,639		10,454		-		33,093	. <u> </u>	-
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$	1,014,172	\$	(75,604)	\$		\$	938,568	\$	(109,409)
NONCASH INVESTING, CAPITAL, AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Capital assets transferred from										
other funds										
Net noncash investing, capital,	\$	678,679	\$	-	\$	-	\$	678,679	\$	-
and financing activities	\$	678,679	\$	-	\$	-	\$	678,679	\$	-

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2017

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the City of Cordele, Georgia (the "City") have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The *Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB)*, is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the City's accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The City was incorporated December 22, 1888, and reincorporated April 18, 1969, under the provisions of Act No. 623 (House Bill 748). The City operates under a commission-manager form of government and provides the following services as authorized by its charter: public safety (police and fire), highways and streets, sanitation, community development, culture-recreation, public improvements, codes and engineering, water and sewer, and natural gas.

The accompanying financial statements present the City and its component units, entities for which the City is considered to be financially accountable. The discretely presented component unit is reported in a separate column in the government-wide financial statements to emphasize that it is legally separate from the City.

The **Downtown Development Authority (the "Authority")** has been included as a discretely presented component unit in the accompanying financial statements. The Authority plans and develops the downtown area of the City in order to attract new business and residences. The City possesses the authority to review, approve, and revise the budget and governs collection and disbursement of funds. The governing body of the Authority is appointed by the City Commissioners. The Authority maintains a general fund with limited activity. Separate financial statements for the Downtown Development Authority are not available.

The **Cordele Office Building Authority ("COBA")** has been included as a blended component unit in the accompanying financial statements. COBA oversees the acquisition, construction and improvements to buildings for the benefit of the City in order to attract new businesses and residences. The City possesses the authority to review, approve, and revise the budget and governs collection and disbursement of funds. The governing body of COBA is appointed by the City Commissioners. COBA maintains a general fund with limited activity. Separate financial statements for COBA are not available.

B. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The Government-wide Financial Statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. (For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements). Government-wide financial statements do not provide information by fund or account group, but distinguish between the City's governmental activities and business-type activities. Governmental activities, which are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from the discretely presented component unit. The statement of net position will include noncurrent assets which were previously reported in the General Capital Assets Account Group and noncurrent liabilities previously reported in the General Long-Term Debt Account Group. In addition, the government-wide statement of activities reflects depreciation expense on the City's capital assets.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not considered program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Basis of Presentation

The Government-wide Financial Statements are reported using the *economic resource measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*, as are the proprietary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Basis of Presentation (Continued)

Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures are generally recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, intergovernmental grants, and investment income associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

The format of the fund financial statements has been modified by *GASB*, Statement No. 34. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. *GASB*, Statement No. 34 also requires, as required supplementary information, Management's Discussion and Analysis which includes an analytical overview of the City's financial activity.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The **General Fund** is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The **Economic Development Fund – Main Street District** is a special revenue fund which accounts for the repayment of a loan made with proceeds from 1993 and 1989 federal grants. Under the terms of the grants, all repayments are required to be accounted for in a separate account.

The **SPLOST 2012 - 2017 Fund** is used to account for financing and construction of facilities and improvements in accordance with a sales tax referendum associated with the years 2012 through 2017.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Basis of Presentation (Continued)

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

The **Water and Sewer Fund** accounts for the provision of water and sewer services to the residents of the City and some residents of Crisp County. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund, including, but not limited to, administration, operations, maintenance, financing and related debt service, and billing and collection.

The **Natural Gas Fund** accounts for the provision of natural gas to the residents of the City. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund, including, but not limited to, administration, operations, maintenance, financing and related debt service, and billing and collection

The **Sanitation Fund** accounts for the provision of garbage collection to the residents of the City. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund, including, but not limited to, administration, operations, maintenance, financing and related debt service, and billing and collection. This fund is being presented as a major fund in order to be consistent with its prior year presentations. It did not otherwise meet the criteria to qualify as a major fund within the current fiscal year.

The City also reports the following fund type:

The **Health Benefit Internal Service Fund** accounts for employer-employee contributions to health benefits and related cost distributions from the City's self-funded Employee Health Benefit Fund.

Amounts reported as program revenues include: 1) charges for services provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Basis of Presentation (Continued)

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the enterprise funds are charges for goods and services provided. Operating expenses of the enterprise funds include the cost of these goods and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

D. Budgets

Formal budgetary accounting is employed as a management control device for the General Fund and the Proprietary Funds of the City. Annual operating budgets are adopted each fiscal year through passage of an annual budget ordinance and amended as required for the General Fund, Special Revenue Funds, Capital Project Funds, and Proprietary Funds, and the same basis of accounting is used to reflect actual revenues and expenditures/expenses recognized on a generally accepted accounting principle basis. The City Commission must approve any amendments to the budget which are interdepartmental. The budget officer (Finance Director) can approve amendments within a department, except an increase in the salary budget, which also requires City Commission approval. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, no material budgetary amendments were approved by the City Commission.

All unencumbered budget appropriations lapse at the end of each year.

E. Cash and Investments

Cash includes amounts in demand deposits as well as short-term investments with a maturity date within three months of the date acquired by the City. The City pools cash resources of its various funds in order to facilitate the management of cash. Cash applicable to a particular fund is readily identifiable. The balance in the pooled cash accounts is available to meet current operating requirements.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the City considers all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

E. Cash and Investments (Continued)

State statutes authorize the primary government to invest in obligations of the U. S. Treasury, commercial paper, corporate bonds, repurchase agreements and the Local Government Investment Pool of the State of Georgia (Georgia Fund 1). Georgia Fund 1 was created under OCGA 36-83-8 and is a stable asset value investment pool, which follows Standard and Poor's criteria for AAAf rated money market funds and is regulated by the Georgia Office of the State Treasurer. The pool is not registered with the SEC as an investment company. The pool's primary objectives are safety of capital, investment income, liquidity and diversification while maintaining principal (\$1 per share value). The asset value is calculated weekly to ensure stability. The pool distributes earnings (net of management fees) on a monthly basis and determines participants' shares sold and redeemed based on \$1 per share. The pool also adjusts the value of its investments to fair market value as of year-end and the City's investment in the Georgia Fund 1 is reported at fair value. The City considers amounts held in Georgia Fund 1 as cash for financial statement presentation.

Investments are reported at fair value. Short-term investments are reported at cost, which approximates fair value. Securities traded on a national or international exchange are valued at the last reported sales price at current exchange rates. Mortgages are valued on the basis of future principal and interest payments, and are discounted at prevailing interest rates for similar instruments. The fair value of real estate investments is based on independent appraisals. Investments that do not have an established market are reported at estimated fair values. Increases or decreases in the fair value during the year are recognized as a component of interest income.

F. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year as well as all other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds". Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances".

All receivables are reported at their gross value and, where appropriate, are reduced by the estimated portion that is expected to be uncollectible. Estimated unbilled revenues from the Water and Sewer Fund are recognized at the end of each fiscal year on a pro rata basis. The estimated amount is based on billings during the month following the close of the fiscal year.

G. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories consist of expendable supplies and items acquired for infrastructure repair and maintenance or for possible future expansion. Inventories in governmental funds are stated at average cost. Proprietary funds' inventories are stated at lower of average cost or market. The consumption method is used to account for inventories. Under the consumption method, budgetary authority is slated and expenditures are recorded in terms of authority to use or consume inventory items. Reported inventories are equally offset by a fund balance reserve in the fund financial statements.

Payments made to vendors for services that will benefit periods beyond June 30, 2017, are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements.

H. Other Assets

Other assets held are recorded and accounted for at cost.

I. Restricted Assets

Proprietary funds, based on certain bond covenants, are required to establish and maintain prescribed amounts of resources (consisting of cash and temporary investments) that can be used only to service outstanding debt. Customer deposits that must be refunded upon the termination of service are also restricted.

J. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, the City retroactively reported major general infrastructure assets. In this case, the City chose to include all items with an acquisition date of January 1, 1980 or later, as allowed by the provisions of *GASB*, Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments*, as amended and interpreted.

J. Capital Assets (Continued)

The City was able to determine the historical cost for the initial reporting of these assets via vendor invoices stored in the City's vault. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets of the primary government are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Machinery & equipment	2-60
Improvements other than buildings	5-60
Infrastructure	20-40
Buildings	5-60

K. Compensated Absences

It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. There is no liability for non-vesting accumulated rights to receive sick pay benefits since the City does not have a policy to pay any amounts when employees separate from service with the City. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

L. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds using the bonds-outstanding method, which approximates the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable discount or premium. Any proprietary fund type loans payable are reported as liabilities at their outstanding value.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

L. Long-Term Obligations (Continued)

Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

M. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. These items relate to the City's Retirement Plan and are reported in the government-wide and proprietary fund statements of net position. Contributions made by the City to the pension plan before year-end but subsequent to the measurement date of the City's net pension liability are reported as deferred outflows of resources. Experience gains or losses result from periodic studies by the City's actuary, which adjust the net pension liability for actual experience for certain trend information that was previously assumed, for example the assumed dates of resources and are amortized into pension expense over the expected remaining service lives of the plan members.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position and the governmental funds balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of fund balance that applies to future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has four types of items that qualify for reporting in this category, one of which arises only under modified accrual basis of accounting. Accordingly, the item, unavailable revenue, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from property and sales taxes, utilities, and miscellaneous items and these amounts are deferred and will be recognized as an inflow of resources in the period in which the amounts become available. The other items relate to the City's Retirement Plan and are reported in the government-wide and proprietary statements of net position. Experience gains or losses result from periodic studies by the City's actuary, which adjust the net pension liability for actual experience for certain trend information that was previously assumed, for example the assumed dates of retirement of plan members. These experience gains or losses are recorded as deferred inflows of resources and are amortized into pension expense over the expected remaining service lives of the plan members. Changes in actuarial assumptions, which adjust the net pension liability, are also recorded as deferred inflows of resources and are amortized into pension expense over the expected remaining service lives of plan members. The net difference between projected an actual earnings on pension plan investments is deferred and amortized against pension expense over a five year period, resulting in recognition as a deferred outflow of resources.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

N. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City of Cordele Retirement Plan (the Plan) and additions to/deductions from the Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

O. Fund Equity

Fund equity at the governmental fund financial reporting level is classified as "fund balance". Fund equity for all other reporting is classified as "net position".

Fund Balance – Generally, fund balance represents the difference between the assets and liabilities under the current financial resources measurement focus of accounting. In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in those funds can be spent. Fund balances are classified as follows:

- **Nonspendable** Fund balances are reported as nonspendable when amounts cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form (i.e., items that are not expected to be converted to cash) or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- **Restricted** Fund balances are reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the City or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments.
- Committed Fund balances are reported as committed when they can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the City Commission through the adoption of a resolution. Only the City Commission may modify or rescind the commitment.
- Assigned Fund balances are reported as assigned when amounts are constrained by the City's intent to be used for specific purposes, but are neither restricted nor committed. The City has not adopted a policy giving specific parties the power to assign fund balance. The only assigned fund balances are those mandated by GASB pronouncements.

NOTE 1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

O. Fund Equity (Continued)

Fund Balance – (Continued)

 Unassigned – Fund balances are reported as unassigned as the residual amount when balances do not meet any of the above criterion. The City reports positive unassigned fund balance only in the General Fund. Negative unassigned fund balances may be reported in all funds.

Flow Assumptions – When both restricted and unrestricted amounts of fund balance are available for use for expenditures incurred, it is the City's policy to use restricted amounts first and then unrestricted amounts as they are needed. For unrestricted amounts of fund balance, it is the City's policy to use fund balance in the following order:

- Committed
- Assigned
- Unassigned

Net Position – Net position represents the difference between assets and liabilities in reporting which utilizes the economic resources measurement focus. Net position invested in capital assets, net of related debt, consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowing used (i.e., the amount that the City has spent) for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted using the same definition as used for restricted fund balance as described in the section above. All other net position is reported as unrestricted.

The City applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

P. Management Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTE 2. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A. Explanation of Certain Differences between the Governmental Fund Balance Sheet and the Government-wide Statement of Net Position

The governmental fund balance sheet includes a reconciliation between *fund balance – total governmental funds* and *net position – governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of net position. One element of that reconciliation explains that "long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds." The details of this difference are as follows:

Capital leases payable	\$ (616,499)
Notes payable	(346,600)
Bonds payable	(4,275,000)
Accrued interest	(24,686)
Compensated absences	(190,174)
Net pension liability	 (1,794,593)
Net adjustment to reduce fund balance - total governmental	
funds to arrive at net position - governmental activities	\$ (7,247,552)

B. Explanation of Certain Differences between the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances and the Government-wide Statement of Activities

The governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances includes a reconciliation between *net changes in fund balances – total governmental funds* and *changes in net position of governmental activities* as reported in the government-wide statement of activities. One element of that reconciliation explains that "Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their useful lives and reported as depreciation expense." The details of this difference are as follows:

Capital outlay	\$ 1,282,475
Depreciation expense	(995,548)
Net adjustment to increase net changes in fund balances - total	
governmental funds to arrive at changes in net position of	
governmental activities	\$ 286,927

NOTE 2. RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

B. Explanation of Certain Differences between the Governmental Fund Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances and Government-wide Statement of Activities (Continued)

Another element of that reconciliation explains that "The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to government funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position." The details of this difference are as follows:

Proceeds from debt - capital leases	\$ (9,229)
Principal repayments	655,654
Net adjustment to increase net changes in fund balances - total	
governmental funds to arrive at changes in net position of	
governmental activities	\$ 646,425

Another element of that reconciliation explains that "Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds." The details of this difference are as follows:

Compensated absences	\$ (5,809)
Pension expense	(20,191)
Accrued interest	2,522
Net adjustment to decrease net changes in fund balances - total	
governmental funds to arrive at changes in net position of	
governmental activities	\$ (23,478)

NOTE 3. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgetary Information

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data in the financial statements:

- Prior to June 1, the City Manager submits to the Chairman and Commission a proposed operating and capital improvements budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. A public hearing is conducted at the June City Commission meeting in Cordele City Hall to obtain citizen comments.
- 3. Prior to July 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution.
- 4. The City department heads are authorized to transfer budgeted amounts between line items within a department with the approval of the budget officer (Finance Director); however, any revisions that increase salaries must be approved by the City Commission. All appropriations at year-end lapse. Legally-adopted budgets are prepared, as described above, on a departmental basis for General and Special Revenue Funds. Individual amendments were not material in relation to the appropriation resolution as originally approved.

To ensure sound financial administration, the City Commission also adopts annual operating budgets for the City's Proprietary Funds. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General, Enterprise, and Special Revenue Funds.

5. Budgets for the General, Enterprise, and Special Revenue Funds are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), and are presented in accordance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions.

Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted or as amended by the City Commission. Individual amendments were not material in relation to the original appropriations.

NOTE 3. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY (CONTINUED)

Budgetary Information (Continued)

6. For the year ended June 30, 2017, expenditures exceeded budgeted appropriations, as follows:

Fund or Department	 Excess			
General Fund:				
Debt Service:				
Principal Retirement	\$ 55,654			
Condemnation Proceeds Fund:				
Public Safety	7,625			
Downtown Revitalization Fund:				
Community Development	3,004			
COBA Fund:				
Debt Service	8,124			
A.B. Branan Community Clubhouse Fund:				
Program Services	58,852			

These over-expenditures were funded by under-expenditures in other departments.

Deficit Fund Equity

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the CHIP Grant Fund reported a deficit fund balance of \$2,874. This deficit will be eliminated through future revenues and/or transfers from other funds. Additionally, the Sanitation Fund reported a deficit fund net position of \$81,516 for the year ended June 30, 2017. This deficit will be eliminated through future revenues and/or transfers from other funds.

NOTE 4. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Total deposits and investments as of June 30, 2017, are summarized as follows:

As reported in the Statement of Net Position:	
Primary government:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,190,517
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	201,519
Investments	 4,735,337
	\$ 8,127,373
Cash deposited with financial institutions	\$ 7,858,607
Cash deposited with Georgia Fund 1	96
Investments in Corporate Stock	 268,670
	\$ 8,127,373
Component unit:	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,270
Cash deposited with financial institutions	\$ 3,270

Credit Risk. State statutes authorize the City to invest in obligations of the State of Georgia or other states; obligations issued by the U.S. government; obligations fully insured or guaranteed by the U.S. government or by a government agency of the United States; obligations of any corporation of the U.S. government; prime bankers' acceptances; the local government investment pool established by state law; repurchase agreements; and obligations of other political subdivisions of the State of Georgia. As of June 30, 2017, the City's investments in Georgia Fund 1 was rated AAAf with an average maturity of 26 days.

At June 30, 2017, the City had the following investments:

Investments	Maturities	F	air Value
Certificates of Deposit	110 day weighted average	\$	4,466,667
Corporate Stock - Exxon	Not applicable		268,670
Total		\$	4,735,337

Interest Rate Risk. The City does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

NOTE 4. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits. Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. State statutes require all deposits and investments (other than federal or state government instruments) to be collateralized by depository insurance, obligations of the U.S. government, or bonds of public authorities, counties, or municipalities. As of June 30, 2017, the City did not have any balances exposed to custodial credit risk as uninsured and uncollateralized.

Fair Value Measurements. The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. The City has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2017:

Investment	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Fair Value		
Equity securities	\$ 268,670	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 268,670		
Total investments measured at fair value	\$ 268,670	\$-	\$-	\$ 268,670		
Investments not subject to level disclosure Certificates of deposit				4,466,667		
Total investments				\$ 4,735,337		

Investments classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those investments.

The Georgia Fund 1 is an investment pool which does not meet the criteria of *GASB*, Statement No. 79 and is thus valued at fair value in accordance with *GASB*, Statement No. 31. As a result, the City does not disclose its position in the Georgia Fund 1 within the fair value hierarchy.

Custodial Credit Risk – Investments. Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investments that are in the possession of an outside party. State statutes require all investments (other than federal or state government instruments) to be collateralized by depository insurance, obligations of the U.S. government, or bonds of public authorities, counties, or municipalities.

NOTE 5. RECEIVABLES

Property taxes are levied by the City based on the assessed value of property as listed on the digest furnished by the county. Assessed values are forty percent (40%) of market value and are based on current property value. Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of February 21. Taxes are levied on October 20 and payable on or before December 20. Property taxes not collected by December 20 are considered and reported as delinquent taxes receivable. Property taxes levied for the year ending June 30, 2017, are recorded as receivables, net of estimated uncollectibles. In the governmental funds, the net receivables collected during the year ended June 30, 2017, and expected to be collected by August 31, 2017, are recognized as revenues for the year ended June 30, 2017, whereas, net receivables estimated to be collectible subsequent to August 31, 2017, are recorded as revenue when received. Receivables at June 30, 2017, for the City's individual major funds and nonmajor funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

			conomic /elopment	ę	SPLOST	w	ater and	Natural			onmajor ernmenta				
	General	Ма	Main Street		2012 - 2017		2012 - 2017		2012 - 2017		Sewer	Gas	Sa	nitation	Funds
Receivables:															
Taxes	\$ 851,403	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 109,306				
Accounts	140,664		-		-		496,413	152,520		91,085	-				
Mortgages and notes	94,500		484,834		-		-	-		-	155,746				
Due from other															
governments	223,883		-		155,770		-	-		-	17,684				
Gross receivables	1,310,450		484,834		155,770		496,413	 152,520		91,085	 282,736				
Less allowance															
for uncollectible	(491,998)		-		-		(23, 153)	 (11,586)		(4,085)	(58,219)				
Net total receivables	\$ 818,452	\$	484,834	\$	155,770	\$	473,260	\$ 140,934	\$	87,000	\$ 224,517				

NOTE 6. CAPITAL ASSETS

Primary Government

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, is as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Ir	ncreases	Decr	eases	т	ransfers	Ending Balance
Governmental activities:								
Capital assets, not being depreciated:								
Land	\$ 4,889,257	\$	-	\$	-		-	\$ 4,889,257
Construction in progress	 2,033,745		458,599		-		(633,650)	1,858,694
Total	6,923,002		458,599		-		(633,650)	 6,747,951
Capital assets, being depreciated:								
Buildings	4,349,123		80,914		-		-	4,430,037
Improvements other than buildings	2,955,345		9,100		-		-	2,964,445
Infrastructure	7,728,789		268,659		-		633,650	8,631,098
Machinery and equipment	8,218,924		465,203		-		-	8,684,127
Total	23,252,181		823,876		-		633,650	 24,709,707
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings	2,481,143		145,819		-		-	2,626,962
Improvements other than buildings	2,918,781		-		-		-	2,918,781
Infrastructure	3,334,230		420,302		-		-	3,754,532
Machinery and equipment	6,766,740		429,427		-		-	7,196,167
Total	 15,500,894		995,548		-		-	 16,496,442
Total capital assets, being								
depreciated, net	 7,751,287		(171,672)				633,650	 8,213,265
Governmental activities								
capital assets, net	\$ 14,674,289	\$	286,927	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 14,961,216

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 6. CAPITAL ASSETS (CONTINUED)

Primary Government (Continued)

	 Beginning Balance	 ncreases	Decreases		Decreases		Decreases		Decreases		Decreases		Decreases		Decreases		Transfers		Transfers		ecreases Transfers		Decreases Transfers		Transfers		 Ending Balance
Business-type activities:																											
Capital assets, not being depreciated:																											
Land	\$ 326,299	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 326,299																				
Construction in progress	 290,634	 397,847		-		(188,600)	 499,881																				
Total	616,933	 397,847		-		(188,600)	826,180																				
Capital assets, being depreciated:																											
Buildings	2,158,816	-		-		-	2,158,816																				
Improvements other than buildings	32,817,608	294,554		-		188,600	33,300,762																				
Machinery and equipment	 3,853,279	 111,234		-		-	 3,964,513																				
Total	38,829,703	405,788		-		188,600	39,424,091																				
Less accumulated depreciation for:																											
Buildings	1,531,181	46,365		-		-	1,577,546																				
Improvements other than buildings	23,202,173	838,650		-		-	24,040,823																				
Machinery and equipment	 2,475,368	 242,135		-		-	 2,717,503																				
Total	 27,208,722	1,127,150		-		-	 28,335,872																				
Total capital assets, being																											
depreciated, net	11,620,981	 (721,362)		-		188,600	 11,088,219																				
Business-type activities							 																				
capital assets, net	\$ 12,237,914	\$ (323,515)	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 11,914,399																				

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government	\$ 164,679
Public safety	278,434
Public works	534,277
Community development	 18,158
Total depreciation expense - governmental activities	\$ 995,548
Business-type activities:	
Water and sewer	\$ 1,037,797
Natural gas	 89,353
Total depreciation expense - business-type activities	\$ 1,127,150

NOTE 7. LONG-TERM DEBT

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2017, was as follows:

		Beginning Balance	 Additions	I	Reductions	· .	Ending Balance	ا 	Due Within One Year
Governmental activities:									
Capital leases Note payable - One Georgia	\$ a	722,924	\$ 9,229	\$	115,654	\$	616,499	\$	99,756
Authority		371,600	-		25,000		346,600		25,000
Bonds payable - COBA		4,790,000	-		515,000		4,275,000		530,000
Compensated absences		184,365	75,589		69,780		190,174		190,174
Net pension liability		2,152,475	 855,608		1,213,490		1,794,593		-
Governmental activity									
Long-term liabilities	\$	8,221,364	\$ 940,426	\$	1,938,924	\$	7,222,866	\$	844,930
Business-type activities:									
Compensated absences	\$	32,811	\$ 19,356	\$	18,344	\$	33,823	\$	33,823
Net pension liability		550,934	241,325		342,267		449,992		-
Business-type activity									
Long-term liabilities	\$	583,745	\$ 260,681	\$	360,611	\$	483,815	\$	33,823

For the governmental activities, capital leases and compensated absences are generally liquidated by the General Fund.

For the business-type activities, compensated absences are generally liquidated by the respective proprietary funds.

Capital Leases - Equipment. The City has entered into lease agreements as lessee for financing the acquisition of various equipment. The lease agreements qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes (titles transfer at the end of the lease terms) and, therefore, have been recorded at the present value of the future minimum lease payments as of the date of their inceptions.

The following is an analysis of leased assets under capital leases as of June 30, 2017:

	Go	overnmental
		Activities
Machinery and equipment	\$	1,071,807
Less: Accumulated deppreciation		(535,633)
	\$	536,174

Depreciation expense for the year ended June 30, 2017, for assets under capital lease is \$110,304.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 7. LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

The following is a schedule of the future minimum lease payments under the capital leases, and the present value of the future minimum lease payments at June 30, 2017:

	Governmental Activities	
Fiscal year ending June 30,		
2018	\$	113,840
2019		101,110
2020		72,662
2021		69,939
2022		64,397
Thereafter through 2026		257,586
Total minimum lease payments		679,534
Less amount representing interest		63,035
Present value of future minimum lease payments	\$	616,499

Notes Payable. During the year ended June 30, 2011, the City entered into a note payable with the One Georgia Authority to provide funding for street improvements near a new commercial development. The note is secured by two parcels of City-owned land appraised at a value of \$600,000. The note is as follows at June 30, 2017:

Interest Rate	Term	Due Date	Original Amount	Outstanding Amount	
0.00%	20 years	2031	\$ 496,600	\$ 346,600	

The annual requirements to pay the outstanding note are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending		
June 30,	Princ	ipal
2018	\$	25,
2019		25,
2020		25,
2021		25,
2022		25,
2023-2027		125,
2028-2031		96,
Total	\$	346,

NOTE 7. LONG-TERM DEBT (CONTINUED)

Revenue Bonds

Revenue bonds outstanding at June 30, 2017, are as follows:

		Interest			Original	I	Balance at
Series	Purpose	Rate	Term	Due Date	 Amount	Jı	ine 30, 2017
2005 Series	Cordele Industrial Park	3.67%	20 years	April 2025	\$ 3,145,000	\$	890,000
2012A Series	Provide Funds to City to Retire Water/Sewer Debts	2.42%	13 years	Nov 2024	5,000,000		3,310,000
2012B Series	Provide Funds to City to Retire Water/Sewer Debts	1.90%	7 years	Nov 2018	305,000		75,000
						\$	4,275,000

During the year ended June 30, 2012, COBA issued revenue refunding bonds to pay off the 1998 series Water and Sewer Fund revenue bonds and the Water and Sewer Fund loan payable to the Georgia Environmental Finance Authority (GEFA). COBA and the City entered into an intergovernmental agreement whereby the City absolutely and unconditionally agreed to repay the entire debt obligation. The City recorded a note payable (less undisbursed proceeds) on the government-wide financial statements to reflect its obligation for COBA revenue bond debt service payments.

Revenue bond debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

	Total Amount of Bonds Payable							
		Principal		Interest		Total		
Fiscal year ending June 30,								
2018	\$	530,000	\$	109,117	\$	639,117		
2019		515,000		95,418		610,418		
2020		505,000		81,951		586,951		
2021		515,000		68,357		583,357		
2022		535,000		54,338		589,338		
2023 - 2025		1,675,000		75,131		1,750,131		
	\$	4,275,000	\$	484,312	\$	4,759,312		
2023 - 2025	\$		\$		\$			

NOTE 8. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

The City's interfund receivables and payables at June 30, 2017 (at the fund level) are shown below. These amounts represent short-term receivables and payables. The balances resulted from the time lag between the dates that: (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made. The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2017, is as follows:

		Payable Fund											
	(General Fund	-	SPLOST 12 - 2017 Fund	S	ater and Sewer Fund	Natural Gas Fund	Sanitation Fund	Gov	onmajor ernmental Funds		Internal Service Fund	Total
Receivable Fund: General Fund SPLOST 2012- 2017	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,285	\$ 1,245,635	\$ 101,935	\$	2,580	\$	472,022	\$1,824,457
Fund		579,710		-		-	-	-		-		-	579,710
Water and Sewer		-		188,782		-	-	-		-		-	188,782
	\$	579,710	\$	188,782	\$	2,285	\$ 1,245,635	\$ 101,935	\$	2,580	\$	472,022	\$2,592,949

Interfund transfers recorded and transacted during the year ended June 30, 2017, are as follows:

	Transfers Out:										
			E	Economic							
			Deve	lopment Fund	Wate	er and	Ν	Vatural	Nonmajor		
	Gene	eral	N	lain Street	Se	ewer		Gas	Governmental		
	Fur	nd		District	F	und		Fund	Funds	Total	
Transfers in:											
General Fund	\$	-	\$	100,000	\$ 93	36,055	\$	4,053	\$1,431,958	\$2,472,066	
Economic Development Fund											
Main Street District	100	,000		-		-		-	-	100,000	
Water and Sewer Fund	678	3,326		-		-		-	-	678,326	
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	29	,480		-	6	37,629		-		667,109	
Total	\$ 807	,806	\$	100,000	\$1,5	73,684	\$	4,053	\$1,431,958	\$3,917,501	

Transfers are used to: (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that the statute or budget requires to expend them, (2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund as debt service payments become due, and (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

NOTE 9. PENSION PLAN

A. Plan Description

The City, as authorized by the City Commission, has established a non-contributory defined benefit pension plan (The City of Cordele Retirement Plan), covering substantially all of the City's employees. The City's pension plan is administered through the Georgia Municipal Employee Benefit System (GMEBS), an agent multiple-employer pension plan administered by the Georgia Municipal Association. The Plan provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefits are provided by the Plan whereby retirees receive between 1% and 1.75% multiplied by the average of the five highest years of regular earnings multiplied by the total credited years of service. The City Commission, in its role as the Plan sponsor, has the governing authority to establish and amend from time to time, the benefits provided and the contribution rates of the City and its employees. The Georgia Municipal Association issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for GMEBS. That report may be obtained at www.gmanet.com or by writing to Georgia Municipal Association, Risk Management and Employee Benefit Services, 201 Pryor Street, NW, Atlanta, Georgia 30303 or by calling (404) 688-0472.

Plan Membership. As of January 1, 2017, pension plan membership consisted of the following:

Inactive plan members or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	107
Inactive plan members entitled to, but not receiving benefits	26
Active plan members	116
Total	249

Contributions. The Plan is subject to minimum funding standards of the Georgia Public Retirement Systems Standards law. The Board of Trustees of GMEBS has adopted a recommended actuarial funding policy for the plan which meets state minimum requirements and will accumulate sufficient funds to provide the benefits under the plan. The funding policy for the Plan, as adopted by the City Commission, is to contribute an amount equal to or greater than the actuarially recommended contribution rate. This rate is based on the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by plan members during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The City is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of plan members, as determined by the City Commission. City contributions to the Plan were \$256,780 for the year ended June 30, 2017.

B. Net Pension Liability of the City

The City's net pension liability was measured as of September 30, 2016. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2016 with update procedures performed by the actuary to roll forward to the total pension liability measured as of September 30, 2016.

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability in the January 1, 2016 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.25%
Salary increases	3.25%, plus service based merit increases
Investment rate of return	7.75 %

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Healthy Mortality Table with gender-distinct rates, set forward two years for males and one year for females.

The actuarial assumptions used in the January 1, 2017 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2010–June 30, 2014.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

B. Net Pension Liability of the City (Continued)

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of September 30, 2016, are summarized in the following table:

			Long-term
		Target	expected real
Asset class		allocation	rate of return*
Domestic equity		45%	6.75%
International equity		20%	7.45
Global fixed income		5%	3.30
Domestic fixed income		20%	1.75
Real estate		10%	4.55
Cash		%_	
	Total	100%	

* Rates shown are net of the 3.25% assumed rate of inflation

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that City contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all of the projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

B. Net Pension Liability of the City (Continued)

Changes in the Net Pension Liability of the City. The changes in the components of the net pension liability of the City for the year ended June 30, 2017, were as follows:

	Total Pension Liability (a)		F	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net Pension Liability (Asset) (a) - (b)
Beginning Balance	\$	12,450,396	\$	9,746,987	\$ 2,703,409
Changes for the year:					
Service cost		140,373		-	140,373
Interest		937,164		-	937,164
Differences between expected and					
actual experience		(191,564)		-	(191,564)
Contributions—employer		-		298,465	(298,465)
Net investment income		-		1,065,728	(1,065,728)
Benefit payments, including refunds of					
employee contributions		(715,902)		(715,902)	-
Administrative expense		-		(19,396)	19,396
Other changes		-		-	 -
Net changes		170,071		628,895	(458,824)
Ending Balance	\$	12,620,467	\$	10,375,882	\$ 2,244,585

The required schedule of changes in the City's net pension liability and related ratios immediately following the notes to the financial statements presents multiyear trend information about whether the value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the net pension liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 7.75%, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.75%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.75%) than the current rate:

	Current							
	1%	6 Decrease	Di	scount Rate	1% Increase			
		(6.75%)		(7.75%)	(8.75%)			
City's net pension liability	\$	3,659,562	\$	2,244,585	\$	1,047,176		

B. Net Pension Liability of the City (Continued)

Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future, and actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. Calculations are based on the substantive plan in effect as of September 30, 2016, and the current sharing pattern of costs between employer and employee.

C. Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2017, the City recognized pension expense of \$368,257. At June 30, 2017, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	 red Outflows Resouces	 erred Inflows Resources
Net difference between projected and actual		
earnings on pension plan investments	\$ -	\$ 21,214
Differences between expected and actual experience	244,407	163,981
Changes in actuarial assumptions	-	39,098
City contributions subsequent to the measurement date	 256,780	 -
Total	\$ 501,187	\$ 224,293

City contributions subsequent to the measurement date of \$256,780 are reported as deferred outflows of resources and will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2017. Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending June 30,	
2018	\$ 9,787
2019	9,787
2020	104,307
2021	 (103,767)
Total	\$ 20,114

NOTE 10. CONTINGENCIES

Grant Contingencies

The City participates in a number of federal, state and county programs that are fully or partially funded by grants received from other governmental units. Expenditures financed by grants are subject to audit by the appropriate grantor government. If expenditures are disallowed due to noncompliance with grant program regulations, the City may be required to reimburse the grantor government. At June 30, 2017, there were no known amounts questioned or earmarked for disallowance. Based upon prior experience, management of the City believes such disallowances, if any, will not have a material effect on any individual governmental fund or the overall financial position of the City.

Litigation

As is the ordinary course of city government, the City is the defendant in several lawsuits in the nature of civil violations, claims for damages to persons and property and other similar types of suits. Liability, if any, which might result from these proceedings, would not, in the opinion of the management and the city commission, have a material adverse effect on the financial position of the City.

NOTE 11. RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of losses related to: torts; thefts of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The City has joined together with other municipalities in the state as part of the Georgia Interlocal Risk Management Agency Property and Liability Insurance Fund and the Georgia Municipal Association Group Self-Insurance Workers' Compensation Fund, a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for member local governments.

As a participant of these risk pools, the City is obligated to pay all contributions and assessments as prescribed by the pools, to cooperate with the pools' agents and attorneys, to follow loss reduction procedures established by the funds, and to report as promptly as possible, and in accordance with any coverage descriptions issued, all incidents which could result in the funds being required to pay any claim of loss. The City is also to allow the pools' agents and attorneys to represent the City in investigation, settlement discussions and all levels of litigation arising out of any claim made against the City within the scope of loss protection furnished by the funds.

NOTE 11. RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

The funds are to defend and protect the members of the funds against liability or loss as prescribed in the member government contract and in accordance with the workers' compensation law of Georgia. The funds are to pay all cost taxed against members in any legal proceeding defended by the members, all interest accruing after entry of judgment, and all expenses incurred for investigation, negotiation or defense.

The City carries commercial insurance for other risks of losses such as general property and liability insurance. For insured programs, there have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage. Settlement amounts have not exceeded insurance coverage for the current year or the three prior years.

The City has adopted a self-insured/funded employee health benefit plan for employees employed full time or at least 30 hours per week and elected officials. The City has retained the services of an independent plan supervisor, experienced in claims processing, to handle health claims. Additionally, the City has purchased a specific deductible stop loss contract with a major insurer whereby the City's maximum loss per person is \$40,000.

Liabilities of the fund are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of that loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported (IBNRs). Claim liabilities are calculated considering the effects of inflation, recent claim settlement trends including frequency and amount of payouts and other economic and social factors. The liability for claims payable is reported as a current liability in the internal service fund because it is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources.

Reconciliation of changes in the aggregate liabilities for claims:

	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016			
Claims liability, beginning of year	\$ 152,410	\$ 207,147			
Incurred claims (including IBNRs)	1,416,726	1,279,068			
Claims paid	(1,568,991)	(1,372,761)			
Claims reimbursed from reinsurers	117,851	38,956			
Claims liability, end of year	\$ 117,996	\$ 152,410			

NOTE 12. RELATED ORGANIZATIONS

The City's governing commission is responsible for all of the board appointments of the Cordele Housing Authority. However, the City has no further accountability for this organization. In the year ending June 30, 2017, the City did not provide any contributions to the Cordele Housing Authority.

NOTE 13. JOINT VENTURES

Under Georgia Law, the City, in conjunction with other cities and counties in the eight-county west central Georgia area, is a member of the River Valley Regional Commission and is required to pay annual dues thereto. During the year ended June 30, 2017, the City paid \$10,939 in such dues. Membership in the Commission is required by the Official Code of Georgia Annotated (OCGA) Section 50-8-34 which provides for the organizational structure of Regional Commissions (RCs) in Georgia. The RC Board membership includes the chief elected official of each county and municipality of the area. OCGA 50-8-39.1 provides that the member governments are liable for any debts or obligations of an RC. Separate financial statements may be obtained from the River Valley Regional Commission, 228 West Lamar Street, Americus, Georgia 31709.

NOTE 14. HOTEL/MOTEL LODGING TAX

The City has levied a 6% lodging tax, which is composed of a 3% original base tax, a 2% additional tax added in 2010, and a 1% Quiet Community tax added in 2014. Revenues collected during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, were \$766,556. Management represents that 100% of the lodging tax received during the year ended June 30, 2017, was used for the promotion of tourism, conventions, or trade shows.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

CITY OF CORDELE, GEORGIA

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE CITY'S NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS

	 2017	 2016	 2015
Total pension liability			
Service cost	\$ 140,373	\$ 140,909	\$ 128,917
Interest on total pension liability	937,164	882,832	869,112
Differences between expected and actual experience	(191,564)	407,346	(26,823)
Changes of assumptions	-	-	(97,744)
Benefit payments, including refunds of			
employee contributions	 (715,902)	 (744,143)	 (648,712)
Net change in total pension liability	 170,071	 686,944	 224,750
Total pension liability - beginning	12,450,396	11,763,452	11,538,702
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$ 12,620,467	\$ 12,450,396	\$ 11,763,452
Plan fiduciary net position			
Contributions - employer	\$ 298,465	\$ 297,030	\$ 289,550
Net investment income	1,065,728	130,426	1,061,925
Benefit payments, including refunds of	, ,	·	
member contributions	(715,902)	(744,143)	(648,712)
Administrative expenses	(19,396)	(21,572)	(17,308)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	 628,895	 (338,259)	 685,455
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	9,746,987	10,085,246	9,399,791
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ 10,375,882	\$ 9,746,987	\$ 10,085,246
City's net pension liability (asset) - ending (a) - (b)	\$ 2,244,585	\$ 2,703,409	\$ 1,678,206
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the			
total pension liability	82.21%	78.29%	85.73%
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 4,293,794	\$ 4,746,408	\$ 4,509,741
Net pension liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	52.28%	56.96%	37.21%

Notes to the Schedule:

The schedule will present 10 years of information once it is accumulated.

CITY OF CORDELE, GEORGIA

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION SCHEDULE OF CITY CONTRIBUTIONS

			2017		2016		2015			
Actuarially determined contribution		\$	342,373	\$	283,829	\$	301,431			
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution			342,373		283,829		301,431			
,			- ,		,					
Contribution deficiency (excess)		\$	-	\$	-	\$	-			
Covered-employee payroll		\$	4,293,794	\$	4,746,408	\$	4,509,741			
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll			7.97%		5.98%		6.68%			
Notes to the Schedule:										
Valuation Date	January 1, 2017									
Cost Method	Projected Unit Cre	dit								
Actuarial Asset Valuation Method	Sum of actuarial value at beginning of year and the cash flow during the year plus the assumed investment return, adjusted by 10% of the amounts that the value exceeds or is less than the market value at the end of the year. The actuarial value is adjusted, if necessary, to be within 20% of market value.									
Assumed Rate of Return										
on Investments	7.75%									

on Investments	7.75%
Projected Salary Increases	3.25%, plus service based merit increases
Cost-of-living Adjustment	0.00%
Amortization Method	Closed level dollar for remaining unfunded liability
Remaining Amortization Period	Varies for the bases, with a net effective amortization period of 11 years

The schedule will present 10 years of information once it is accumulated.

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds

Economic Development Fund – This fund is used to account for 1984 and 1989 federal grants to the City relative to economic development assistance to private or for-profit entities. The proceeds of this grant were loaned to local businesses as an employment incentive. Under the terms of this grant, all funds recaptured through repayment of economic development loans are required to be deposited in a Special Economic Development account bearing the highest possible legal rate of interest. The City Commission may, by vote, designate expenditures from this account for economic development in the City of Cordele on a case by case basis, but will require recapture of any principal in full with a negotiated interest rate based on projection and forecast.

Condemnation Proceeds Fund – This fund is used to account for proceeds of property seized or forfeited pursuant to federal law regarding controlled substances, marijuana or dangerous drugs. Georgia law (Code 1981 16-13-49-F (2) A) provides that said funds may be used to defray the cost of complex investigations, to purchase equipment, to provide matching funds to obtain federal grants and for such other law enforcement purposes as the governing authority of the municipality deems appropriate except that none of the monies shall be used to pay all or part of salaries of law enforcement purposes during the calendar year to \$200,000. The remainder of such money, if any, received by the governing authority during the fiscal year may be expended for other public purposes.

Downtown Revitalization Fund – This fund is used to account for proceeds from a special tax earmarked for the downtown revitalization, and equal amounts contributed by the City of Cordele, the Crisp County Commissioners and the Crisp County Power Commission. The Main Street Director is appointed by the Downtown Revitalization Committee. The director is responsible for coordinating all activities for the Main Street programs.

Hotel Tax Fund – This fund is used to account for the City's revenues and expenditures related to the Hotel Lodging tax levied during the year. The City collects lodging fees for the promotion of tourism, conventions, or trade shows.

Cordele Office Building Authority (COBA) – This is the general fund of a blended component unit used to oversee the acquisition, construction and improvements to buildings for the benefit of the City in order to attract new businesses and residences.

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

Capital Projects Funds

The **SPLOST 2006 - 2011 Fund** – This fund is used to account for financing and construction of facilities and improvements in accordance with a sales tax referendum associated with the years 2006 through 2011.

The **T-SPLOST Fund** – This fund is used to account for financing and construction of transportation improvements in accordance with a sales tax referendum beginning January 2013 through December 2022.

CDBG Rehabilitation Fund – This fund is used to account for financing and construction of low income housing authorized by Community Development Block Grants provided through the federal government.

CHIP Grant Fund – This fund is to be used in conjunction with the Community HOME Investment Program (CHIP) to provide low-interest loan funds to low/moderate income, and elderly/handicapped homeowners for rehabilitation of their substandard homes.

Permanent Fund

A.B. Branan Community Clubhouse Trust Fund (a Non-expendable Trust Fund) – This fund is used to account for the trust of 3,328 shares of Exxon Corporate stock donated November 19, 1991. The corpus of the trust shall exist in perpetuity under statutory authority provided by O.C.G.A. # 36-37-1. The income from the corpus is exclusively dedicated to the maintenance, care and beautification of the Cordele Community Clubhouse.

CITY OF CORDELE, GEORGIA

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2017

	Special Revenue Funds										
ASSETS	Economic Development Fund		Condemnation Proceeds Fund		Downtown Revitalization Fund		Hotel Tax Fund			COBA Fund	
Cash	\$	42,939	\$	8,850	\$	2,227	\$	479,394	\$	384,870	
Investments		-		-		-		-		-	
Mortgages receivable		97,527		-		-		-		-	
Taxes receivables		-		-		-		109,306		-	
Due from other governments		-		-		-		-		-	
Prepaid expenditures		-				-		961		-	
Total assets		140,466		8,850		2,227		589,661		384,870	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES											
LIABILITIES											
Unearned revenue		-		-		-		-		-	
Accounts payable		-		-		-		-		-	
Due to other funds		-						-		2,530	
Total liabilities		-		-				-		2,530	
FUND BALANCES (DEFICIT)											
Nonspendable:											
Prepaid expenditures		-		-		-		961		-	
Mortgages receivable - long-term		97,527		-		-		-		-	
Endowment - Community clubhouse		-		-		-		-		-	
Restricted for:											
Clubhouse expenses		-		-		-		-		-	
Federal programs		42,939		-		-		-		-	
Promotion of tourism		-		-		2,227		588,700		-	
Law enforcement purposes		-		8,850		-		-		-	
Capital projects		-		-		-		-		382,340	
Unassigned		-		-		-		-		-	
Total fund balances (deficit)		140,466		8,850		2,227		589,661		382,340	
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	140,466	\$	8,850	\$	2,227	\$	589,661	\$	384,870	

			Capital Pro	ojects	Fund			P	ermanent Fund	
2006 -	SPLOST 2006 - 2011 Fund		T-SPLOST Fund		CDBG Rehabilitation Fund		CHIP Grant Fund	C	B. Branan ommunity lubhouse Fund	Total Nonmajor overnmental Funds
\$	-	\$	507,159	\$	13,839	\$	\$ 61,270		48,736	\$ 1,549,284
	-		-		-		-		268,670	268,670
	-		-		-		-		-	97,527
	-		-		-		-		-	109,306
	-		17,684		-		-		-	17,684
	-		-		-		-		-	 961
	-		524,843		13,839		61,270		317,406	 2,043,432
	- - -		- 15,799 - 15,799		- - -		64,094 - 50 64,144		-	 64,094 15,799 2,580 82,473
	-				-		-		-	961
	-		-		-		-		-	97,527
	-		-		-		-		50,236	50,236
	-		-		-		-		267,170	267,170
	-		-		13,839		-		-	56,778
	-		-		-		-		-	590,927
	-		-		-		-		-	8,850
	-		509,044		-		-		-	891,384
	-		-		-		(2,874)		-	 (2,874)
	-		509,044		13,839		(2,874)		317,406	 1,960,959
\$	-	\$	524,843	\$	13,839	\$	61,270	\$	317,406	\$ 2,043,432

CITY OF CORDELE, GEORGIA

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Special Revenue Funds									
		conomic /elopment Fund		Condemnation Proceeds Fund		Downtown Revitalization Fund		Hotel Tax Fund		COBA Fund
Revenues:	•		•		•		•	700 550	•	
Taxes	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	766,556	\$	-
Intergovernmental Donations		-		323		- 78,740		-		-
Interest and dividend income		- 3,736		-		76,740		-		-
Other revenues		- 3,730		-		-		288,246		-
Total revenues		3,736		323		78,740		1,054,802		-
Expenditures:		i				<u> </u>		<u> </u>		
Current:										
Public safety		-		10,625		-		-		-
Culture and recreation		-		-		-		-		-
Community development		9		-		91,004		112,311		-
Capital outlay		-		-		-		-		-
Debt service:										
Principal		-		-		-		-		515,000
Interest and fiscal charges		-		-		-		-		123,124
Total expenditures		9		10,625		91,004		112,311		638,124
Excess (deficiency) of revenues										
over (under) expenditures		3,727		(10,302)		(12,264)		942,491		(638,124)
Other financing sources (uses):										
Transfers in		-		-		29,432		-		637,629
Transfers out		-		-		-		(1,431,958)		-
Total other financing sources										
(uses), net		-		-		29,432		(1,431,958)		637,629
Net change in fund balances		3,727		(10,302)		17,168		(489,467)		(495)
Fund balances (deficits),										
beginning of year		136,739		19,152		(14,941)		1,079,128		382,835
Fund balances (deficits), end of year	\$	140,466	\$	8,850	\$	2,227	\$	589,661	\$	382,340

	Capital Pro	ojects Fund		Permanent Fund	
SPLOST 2006 - 2011 Fund	CDBG CHIP T-SPLOST Rehabilitation Grant Fund Fund Fund		Grant	A.B. Branan Community Clubhouse Fund	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
\$ - - - - - - - -	\$	\$ - - - 1 - 1	\$ - 44,250 - 13 - 44,263	\$ - - - 10,089 - - 10,089	\$ 766,556 278,148 78,740 14,361 288,246 1,426,051
- - - 115,800	- - - 296,778	- - 20 -	- - 51,368 -	- 64,352 - -	10,625 64,352 254,712 412,578
115,800	296,778	20	51,368	64,352	515,000 123,124 1,380,391
(115,800)	(62,681)	(19)	(7,105)	(54,263)	45,660
- - -		-	48 - 		667,109 (1,431,958) (764,849)
(115,800)	(62,681)	(19)	(7,057)	(54,263)	(719,189)
<u>115,800</u> \$ -	571,725 \$ 509,044	<u>13,858</u> \$ 13,839	4,183 \$ (2,874)	371,669 \$ 317,406	2,680,148 \$ 1,960,959

CITY OF CORDELE, GEORGIA ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	a	Actual	Variance		
Revenues:					
Interest earned	\$	5,000	\$ 3,736	\$	(1,264)
Total revenues		5,000	 3,736		(1,264)
Expenditures					
Community development		5,000	 9		4,991
Total expenditures		5,000	 9		4,991
Net change in fund balance		-	3,727		3,727
Fund balance, beginning of year		136,739	 136,739		-
Fund balance, end of year	\$	136,739	\$ 140,466	\$	3,727

CITY OF CORDELE, GEORGIA CONDEMNATION PROCEEDS FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	O an B	Actual		Variance		
Revenues:						
Intergovernmental revenue	\$	3,000	\$	323	\$	(2,677)
Total revenues		3,000		323		(2,677)
Expenditures						
Public safety		3,000		10,625	_	(7,625)
Total expenditures		3,000		10,625		(7,625)
Net change in fund balance		-		(10,302)		(10,302)
Fund balance, beginning of year		19,152		19,152		
Fund balance, end of year	\$	19,152	\$	8,850	\$	(10,302)

CITY OF CORDELE, GEORGIA DOWNTOWN REVITALIZATION FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Orig and Bu	ļ	Actual	Variance		
Revenues:						
Tax district	\$	12,000	\$	-	\$	(12,000)
Donations	76,000		78,740		2,740	
Total revenues	88,000		78,740		(9,260)	
Expenditures						
Community development	88,000			91,004		(3,004)
Total expenditures	88,000			91,004		(3,004)
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures		-		(12,264)		(12,264)
Other financing sources:						
Transfers in		-		29,432		(29,432)
Net change in fund balance		-		17,168		(35,688)
Fund balance (deficit), beginning of year		(14,941)		(14,941)		-
Fund balance (deficit), end of year	\$	(14,941)	\$	2,227	\$	(35,688)

CITY OF CORDELE, GEORGIA HOTEL TAX FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Original and Final Budget		Actual		Variance
Revenues:					
Tax revenue	\$	541,726	\$	766,556	\$ 224,830
Other revenues		-		288,246	 288,246
Total revenues		541,726		1,054,802	 513,076
Expenditures					
Community development		390,000		112,311	 277,689
Total expenditures		390,000		112,311	 277,689
Excess of revenues over expenditures		151,726		942,491	 790,765
Other financing uses:					
Transfers out		(151,726)		(1,431,958)	 1,280,232
Net change in fund balance		-		(489,467)	(489,467)
Fund balance, beginning of year		1,079,128		1,079,128	
Fund balance, end of year	\$	1,079,128	\$	589,661	\$ (489,467)

CITY OF CORDELE, GEORGIA COBA FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Revenues:	Original and Final Budget		Actual		Variance	
Revenues.						
Total revenues	\$	-	\$	<u> </u>	\$	-
Expenditures						
Debt service		630,000		638,124	_	(8,124)
Total expenditures		630,000		638,124		(8,124)
Deficiency of revenues under expenditures	((630,000)		(638,124)		(8,124)
Other financing sources:						
Transfers in		630,000		637,629		(7,629)
Net change in fund balance		-		(495)		(495)
Fund balance, beginning of year		382,835		382,835		-
Fund balance, end of year	\$	382,835	\$	382,340	\$	(495)

CITY OF CORDELE, GEORGIA A.B. BRANAN COMMUNITY CLUBHOUSE FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Original and Final Budget	Actual	v	ariance
Revenues:				
Interest earned	\$ -	\$ 38	\$	38
Dividends earned	5,500	 10,051		4,551
Total revenues	5,500	 10,089		4,589
Expenditures:				
Culture and recreation	5,500	 64,352		(58,852)
Total expenditures	5,500	 64,352		(58,852)
Net change in fund balance	-	(54,263)		(54,263)
Fund balance, beginning of year	371,669	 371,669		-
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 371,669	\$ 317,406	\$	(54,263)

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF SPECIAL PURPOSE LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

<u>No.</u>	<u>Project</u>	E	riginal and Current Stimated Cost Referendum	 Prior Years	 Current Year	 Total
1	Library Improvements	\$	300,000	\$ 632,623	\$ -	\$ 632,623
2	Industrial Park Elevated Tank		1,000,000	953,609	-	953,609
3	Water/Sewer Improvements		1,110,000	1,362,711	115,800	1,478,511
4	Police Vehicles		600,000	634,202	-	634,202
5	City Hall Improvements/HVAC/ADA		500,000	688,018	-	688,018
6	Emergency Warnings Signals		100,000	-	-	-
7	Public Works Equipment		90,000	215,239	-	215,239
8	Fire HVAC Systems		50,000	 18,172	 	 18,172
	Totals	\$	3,750,000	\$ 4,504,574	\$ 115,800	\$ 4,620,374

(Continued)

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF SPECIAL PURPOSE LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

<u>No.</u>	<u>Project</u>	E	iginal and Current Stimated Cost Referendum	 Prior Years	 Current Year	 Total
1	Gum Creek Facility	\$	600,000	\$ 87,950	\$ 109,068	\$ 197,018
2	City Roads		600,000	9,000	55,680	64,680
3	Water & Sewer Utilities		1,000,000	568,570	109,686	678,256
4	Inland Port Utilities		500,000	218,284	279,958	498,242
5	City Hall/Fire Station 1 & 2		500,000	56,675	83,943	140,618
6	Police Cars		450,000	364,758	150,789	515,547
7	Fire Department		275,000	663,518	37,176	700,694
8	Public Works Vehicles		100,000	 102,334	 28,297	 130,631
	Totals	\$	4,025,000	\$ 2,071,089	\$ 854,597	\$ 2,925,686

COMPONENT UNIT

BALANCE SHEET COMPONENT UNIT JUNE 30, 2017

	ASSETS	Downtow Developme Authority					
Cash	Total assets	\$ \$	3,270 3,270				
	LIABILITIES						
	Total liabilities		-				
	FUND BALANCE						
Assigne	ed to downtown planning and development Total fund balance	\$	3,270 3,270				

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE COMPONENT UNIT FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Revenues	Downtown Development Authority
Total revenues	<u>\$</u> -
Expenditures Total expenditures	<u>-</u>
Net change in fund balances	-
Fund balance, beginning of year	3,270
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 3,270

COMPLIANCE SECTION



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The City Commission Of the City of Cordele, Georgia Cordele, Georgia

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Cordele, Georgia (the "City"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2017, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Cordele's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated November 13, 2017.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purposes of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Macon, Georgia November 13, 2017

Mauldin & Jenkins, LLC

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

SECTION I SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued	Unmodified
Internal control over financial reporting: Material weaknesses identified?	Yes <u>X</u> None Reported
Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be material weaknesses?	Yes <u>X</u> None Reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	Yes <u>X</u> No

Federal Awards

There was not an audit of major federal award programs due to the total amount expended on federal programs being less than \$750,000.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

SECTION II FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS AND RESPONSES

None reported.

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

2016-001. General Accounting Matters

Criteria: Internal control is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance about the achievement of an entity's objectives with regard to the reliability of financial reporting, effectiveness and efficiency of operations, and compliance with applicable laws and regulations. Internal control is a process of safeguarding assets against unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition, and includes controls related to financial reporting and operation objectives.

Generally accepted accounting principles require assets, liabilities, revenues and expenditures to be recognized in the accounting period in which they become both measurable and available. Further, a fundamental principle in accounting and financial reporting is the notion of timely recognition and recording of financial and non-financial transactions and activities.

Condition: Certain accounting, reporting and reconciling procedures were not properly performed and reviewed during the fiscal year which required a significant effort to close the City's 2016 fiscal year. Significant adjustments were determined and required to be recorded in the months that followed June 30, 2016. We noted deficiencies in completeness and accuracy. Specifically, we noted a lack of accurate financial and non-financial information needed:

- to properly maintain general ledgers, subsidiary ledgers, reconciliations; and,
- to close-out and report activities, events and transactions on a periodic basis.

Status: Resolved.

2016-002. Accounting for Accounts Payable and Expenditures

Criteria: Generally accepted accounting principles require timely reporting of all current liabilities when goods have been received or services have been performed, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Condition: The City did not properly address the above criteria as of June 30, 2016, as it relates to accounts payable in the 2012 – 2017 SPLOST Fund.

Status: Resolved.

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

2016-003. Management of Interfund Transactions – Including Due To/From and Transfer Accounts

Criteria: Generally accepted accounting principles require consideration of the collectability of receivables of all kinds, whether external or internal to the City. In addition, internal controls should be in place to provide reasonable assurance that interfund transactions are properly recorded.

Condition: We noted the City did not account for and use due to/due from accounts and transfers properly in conjunction with the operations of the City.

Status: Resolved.

2016-004. Improper Reporting of SPLOST Expenditures

Criteria: State law requires that the proceeds from the imposed SPLOST be used or expended in accordance with the voter approved referendum.

Condition: We noted the City did not properly record approved SPLOST project expenditures in the 2006 SPLOST and 2012 – 2017 SPLOST funds.

Status: Resolved.

2016-005. Recording of Revenues, Receivables, and Unavailable Revenue

Criteria: Generally accepted accounting principles require revenues to be recognized in the accounting period in which they become both measurable and available to finance expenditures of the current period.

Condition: During fiscal year 2016, the City did not properly record revenues, receivables, and unavailable revenue as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016. Consequently, the respective revenues, receivables, and unavailable revenue of various funds were not properly stated and reflected as of and for the year ended June 30, 2016, and audit adjustments were required to correct such amounts and balances.

Status: Resolved.

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

2016-006. Management of Capital Assets

Criteria: Generally accepted accounting principles require items purchased with a measurable future economic value to be recorded as a capital asset and depreciated over its useful life.

Condition Capital asset activity was not recorded and reconciled in the City's Water & Sewer and Gas enterprise funds.

Status: Resolved.

2016-007. Management of Accrued Liabilities - Accrued Payroll and Benefits

Criteria: Generally accepted accounting principles require reporting of all current liabilities whose liquidation is expected to require the use of current assets.

Condition: Accrued liabilities, including customer deposits and claims and judgments were incorrectly recorded in the Water & Sewer Fund, Gas Fund, and Nonmajor Governmental Funds as of June 30, 2016.

Status: Resolved.

2016-008. Management of Inventory Accounts

Criteria: Generally accepted accounting principles require that material amounts of inventory on hand at year end be reported as an asset. Additionally, internal controls and effective procedures should be in place to ensure that inventory records are being updated in a timely manner and accurate detail listings are being maintained and reconciled periodically to the general ledger.

Condition: The City did not properly record inventory amounts as of June 30, 2016.

Status: Resolved.

2016-009. Management of Capital Leases

Criteria: Generally accounting standards require that governmental funds record proceeds from the issuance of capital leases.

Condition: The City did not properly record the proceeds from its capital leases issued for the year ended June 30, 2016.

Status: Resolved.