

Class – 10
SST

Geography chapter-5
Minerals and energy resources

Objective type question

1. which of the following minerals is formed by decomposition of rocks, leaving a residual mass of weathered material?

Ans:- Bauxite

2. Minerals are deposited and accumulated in the strata of which of the following rocks?

Ans:- sedimentary rocks

3. A person who studies the formation of minerals, their age and physical and chemical properties is called

Ans:- Geologist

4. Mining depends upon

Ans:- Concentration of mineral, ease of extraction, nearness to the market

5. Koderma, in Jharkhand is the leading producer of which one of the following minerals?

Ans:- Mica

6. which of the following states is the largest producer of copper in India?

Ans:- Madhya Pradesh

7. Neyveli Lignite mines are located at

Ans:- Tamil Nadu

8. Which of the following minerals is mined at Balaghat mines?

Ans:- Copper

9. Bailadila mines are located in which of the following states?

Ans:-Chhattisgarh

10. Which of the following states is the leading producer of manganese?

Ans:- Odhisa

11. The iron ore from Kudremukh mines is exported through this port.

Ans:- Mangalore

12. Which of the following mineral is fossil fuel?

Ans:- Coal

13. Which of the following is an offshore oil field?

Ans:- Mumbai High

14. The Hazira-Vijapur-Jagdishpur pipeline does not pass through this state

Ans:- Madhya Pradesh

15. Which one of the following is not a conventional source of energy?

Ans:- Wind

16. Which of the mineral is contained in the Monazite sand?

Ans:- Thorium

17. Kakrapar nuclear power station is located in state of

Ans :- Gujarat

18. Which of the following states has the largest wind farm cluster?

Ans:- Tamil Nadu

19. The largest solar power plant is located at

Ans:- Madhapur

Chapter-4

Agriculture

Objective type questions

1. Which of the following describes a system of agriculture where a single crop is grown on a large area?

Ans:- Plantation agriculture

2. Which of the following is a rabi crop?

Ans:- Gram

3. Which of the following is a leguminous crop?

Ans:- Pulses

4. Rearing of silkworm is called

Ans:- Sericulture

5. Which of the following crop is commercial crop in one state while it is subsistence crop in another state?

Ans:- Rice

6. Cultivation of fruits and vegetables is called

Ans:- Horticulture

7. Which one of the following states is the leading producer of rubber?

Ans:- Kerala

8. Which of the following is announced by the govt. in support crop?

Ans:- Minimum support price

9. Bhoodan-Gramdan Movement was initiated by-

Ans:- Vinoba Bhave

10. White revolution refers to

Ans:- increased production of milk.

11. ICAR refers to -

Ans:- Indian Council of Agricultural Research

12. Grouping of small land holding into a bigger one is called-

Ans:- Consolidation of land holdings

Chapter- 1

Resources and Development

1. Which one of the following type of resource is iron ore?

Ans :- Non- renewable

2. Under which of the following type of resource the tidal energy can be put?

Ans:- Replenishable

3. Resources which are found in a region, but have not been utilized are called-

Ans:- Potential

4. Which one of the following statements is true about the term resources?

Ans:- They are the functions of human activities

5. The first International Earth Summit was held in-

Ans:- Rio de Janeiro

6. "There is enough for everybody's need but not anybody's greed" who said this?

Ans:- M.K. Gandhi

7. Which one of the following is the main cause of land degradation in Punjab?

Ans:- Over irrigation

8. In which of the following states is terrace cultivation practiced ?

Ans:- Uttarakhand

9. In which of the following states is black soil found?

Ans:- Gujarat

10. The old alluvial soil is known as

Ans:- Bangar

11. Which one of the following methods is ideal for controlling land degradation in coastal areas and in deserts?

Ans:- Planting of shelter belts

12. The area brought under cultivation in a year is called-

Ans:- Net sown area