



Landscaping Consultation

Most Common Questions

How can I avoid overages charges? How can I stay within my yearly water allotment?

Get informed

Monitor your water consumption online. Not only can your smart meter help you stay on budget but it can help detect a leak, running hose or running toilet. However, leaks are not the most common misuse of water. Poor landscaping design is the #1 cause of overages. Before you invest thousands of dollars in your yard, please meet with our xeriscaping specialist, Jennie Hoover.

About Jennie Hoover

Oquirrh Mountain Water continues to offer our **FREE** 2-hour consultation with Jennie Hoover, landscape designer and water conservation specialist.

Jennie knows your neighborhood, she knows your allotment and has a Master's degree in xeriscaping design. Customers who meet and follow her advice can save hundreds of dollars in costly overages. To set up a consultation please contact Jennie directly at:


Jenmhoover@gmail.com

or

Call (801) 842-5091



Excellent example of xeriscaping. A plan Jennie Hoover can help you develop.

 Oquirrh Mountain Water Company
7780 North Buckhorn Road
Lake Point Utah 84074



Links from our website

www.OMWC.us



Smart Meter Access

If you haven't received an email linking you to your smart meter. Contact nthomas@OMWC.us today to have it resent.



Online Bill Pay

Pay your bill online with credit card, electronic check, or bank transfer. You can also sign up for auto-pay and paperless billing.



Oquirrh Mountain Water Test Results



Quality Report & Backflow Information



Xeriscaping Consultation Information

Oquirrh Mountain WATER

2018 Annual Consumer Confidence Report

If you have questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Keith Fryer, General Manager at (801) 508-0397. We want our valued customers to be informed about their water utility. To learn more, please attend our annual shareholder's meeting with information below.

www.OMWC.us



We are pleased to report that our drinking water meets federal and state requirements. This report shows our water quality and what it means to you our customer.

Quality on Tap Report:

Type and Source

We're pleased to present to you this year's Annual Drinking Water Quality Report. This report is designed to inform you about the quality of the water and services we deliver to you every day. Our constant goal is to provide you with a safe and dependable supply of drinking water. We want you to understand the efforts we make to continually improve the water treatment process and protect our water resources. We are committed to ensuring the quality of your water. Our water sources have been determined to be from ground water sources. Our water sources are from two deep wells (Hole-In-The-Rock & Big Canyon Wells) located in the northern part of the Oquirrh Mountains in Tooele County.

Water Source Protection

The Drinking Water Source Protection Plan for Oquirrh Mountain Water Company is available for your review. It contains information about source protection zones, potential contamination sources and management strategies to protect our drinking water. Our sources have been determined to have a low level of susceptibility from potential contamination from sources such as our sources are located in remote and protected areas and have a low level of susceptibility from potential contamination from sources such as our sources are located in remote and protected areas and have a low level of susceptibility to potential contamination sources. We have

also developed management strategies to further protect our sources from contamination. Please contact us if you have questions or concerns about Oquirrh Mountain Water Company's Source Protection Plan. There are many connections to our water distribution system. When connections are properly installed and maintained, the concerns are very minimal. However, unapproved and improper piping changes or connections can adversely affect not only the availability, but also the quality of the water. A cross connection may let polluted water or even chemicals mingle into the water supply system when not properly protected. This not only compromises the water quality but can also affect your health. So, what can you do? Do not make or allow improper connections at your homes. Even that unprotected garden hose lying in the puddle next to the driveway is a cross connection. The unprotected lawn sprinkler system after you have fertilized or sprayed is also a cross connection. When the cross connection is allowed to exist at your home, it will affect you and your family first. If you'd like to learn more about helping to protect the quality of our water, call us for further information about ways you can help.



Annual Shareholders Meeting

Tuesday, March 6th

6:30 p.m.

Lake Point Fire Station

1540 Sunset Road

Lake Point, UT 84074



+ DEFINITIONS

In the following table you will find many terms and abbreviations you might not be familiar with. To help you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Non-Detects (ND)

laboratory analysis indicates that the constituent is not present.

Parts per million (ppm) or Milligrams per liter (mg/l)

One part per million corresponds to one minute in two years or a single penny in \$10,000.

Parts per billion (ppb) or Micrograms per liter (ug/l)

One part per billion corresponds to one minute in 2,000 years, or a single penny in \$10,000,000.

Picocuries per liter (pCi/L)

Picocuries per liter is a measure of the radioactivity in water.

Nephelometric Turbidity Unit (NTU)

Nephelometric turbidity unit is a measure of the clarity of water. Turbidity in excess of 5 NTU is just noticeable to the average person.

Action Level (AL) - The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) - The "Maximum Allowed" (MCL) is the highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal (MCLG) - The "Goal" (MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Date - Because of required sampling time frames i.e. yearly, 3 years, 4 years and 6 years, sampling dates may seem outdated.

TEST RESULTS							
Contaminant	Violation Y/N	Level Detected ND/Low-High	Unit Measurement	MCLG	MCL	Date Sampled	Likely Source of Contamination
Microbiological Contaminants							
Total Coliform Bacteria	N	ND	N/A	0	Presence of coliform bacteria in 5% of monthly samples	2016	Naturally present in the environment
	N	ND	N/A	0	If a routine sample and repeat sample are total coliform positive, and one is also fecal coliform or <i>E. coli</i> positive	2016	Human and animal fecal waste
Turbidity for Ground Water	N	0.55	NTU	N/A	5	2016	Soil runoff
Inorganic Contaminants							
Antimony	N	ND	Ppb	6	6	2016	Discharge from petroleum refineries; fire retardants; ceramics; electronics; solder
Arsenic	N	1.7	Ppb	0	10	2016	Erosion of natural deposits; runoff from orchards; runoff from glass and electronics production wastes
Barium	N	97	Ppb	2000	2000	2016	Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits
Beryllium	N	ND	Ppb	4	4	2016	Discharge from metal refineries and coal-burning factories; discharge from electrical, aerospace, and defense industries
Cadmium	N	ND	ppb	5	5	2016	Corrosion of galvanized pipes; erosion of natural deposits; discharge from metal refineries; runoff from waste batteries & paint
Chromium	N	ND	ppb	100	100	2016	Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits
Copper A - 90% results B - # of sites that exceed the AL	N	A - 106 B - 0	ppb	1300	AL=1300	2016	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits
Cyanide	N	ND	ppb	200	200	2016	Discharge from steel/metal factories; discharge from plastic and fertilizer factories
Fluoride	N	0.2	ppm	4000	4000	2016	Erosion of natural deposits; water additive which promotes strong teeth; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
Lead A - 90% results B - # of sites that exceed the AL	N	A - 2.8 B - 0	ppb	0	AL=15	2016	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits
Mercury (inorganic)	N	ND	ppb	2	2	2016	Erosion of natural deposits; discharge from refineries and factories; runoff from landfills; runoff from cropland
Nickel	N	ND	ppb	10000	10000	2016	
Nitrate (as Nitrogen)	N	0.8	ppm	10000	10000	2016	Runoff from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks, sewage; erosion of natural deposits
Selenium	N	1.3	ppb	50	50	2016	Discharge from petroleum and metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits; discharge from mines
Sodium	N	26.3	ppm	None set by EPA	None set by EPA	2016	Erosion of natural deposits; discharge from refineries and factories; runoff from landfills
Sulfate	N	21	ppm	1000	1000	2016	Erosion of natural deposits; discharge from refineries and factories; runoff from landfills, runoff from cropland
<i>If the sulfate level of a public water system is greater than 500 ppm, the supplier must satisfactorily demonstrate that: a) no better water is available, and b) the water shall not be available for human consumption from commercial establishments. In no case shall water having a level above 1000 ppm be used</i>							
TDS (Total Dissolved Solids)	N	298	ppm	2000	2000	2016	Erosion of natural deposits
<i>If TDS is greater than 1000 ppm the supplier shall demonstrate to the Utah Drinking Water Board that no better water is available. The Board shall not allow the use of an inferior source of water if a better source is available.</i>							
Thallium	N	ND	ppb	1	2	2016	Leaching from ore-processing sites; discharge from electronics, glass and drug factories
Disinfection By-products							
TTHM [Total trihalomethanes]	N	2.1	ppb	0	80	2016	By-product of drinking water disinfection
Haloacetic Acids	N	ND	ppb	0	60	2016	By-product of drinking water disinfection
Chlorine	N	0.24	ppm	4000	4000	2016	Water additive used to control microbes
Radioactive Contaminants							
Alpha Emitter	N	1.9	pCi/l	0	15	2016	Erosion of natural deposits
Combined	N	1.0	pCi/l	0	5	2016	Erosion of natural deposits
Radium 228	N	0.38	pCi/l	0	5	2016	Erosion of natural deposits

As you can see by the table, our system had **NO VIOLATIONS**. We're proud that your drinking water meets or exceeds all Federal and State requirements. We have learned through our monitoring and testing that some constituents have been detected. The EPA has determined that your water IS SAFE at these levels.

Water Quality Report

At Oquirrh Mountain Water Company we work around the clock to provide top quality water to every tap. We ask that all our customers help us protect our water sources, which are the heart of our community, our way of life and our children's future.



Oquirrh Mountain Water Company routinely monitors for constituents in our drinking water in accordance with the **Federal and Utah State Laws**. The following table shows the results of our monitoring for the period of January 1st to December 31st, 2017. All drinking water, including bottled drinking water, may be reasonably expected to contain at least small amounts of some constituents. It's important to remember that the presence of these constituents does not necessarily pose a health risk.

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home

plumbing. Oquirrh Mountain Water Company is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the safe Drinking Water Hotline or at <http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead.com>

All sources of drinking water are subject to potential contamination by constituents that are naturally occurring or man-made. Those constituents can be microbes, organic or inorganic chemicals, or radioactive materials. All drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that the water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the Environmental Protection Agency's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at 1-800-426-4791.

MCLs are set at very stringent levels. To understand the possible health effects described for many regulated constituents, a person would have to drink 2 liters of water every day at the MCL level for a lifetime to have a one-in-a-million chance of having the described health effect.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice from their health care providers about drinking water. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline 1-800-426-4791.



\$500 Backflow Deposit: Have you received your refund?

Many of our new customers have not yet installed the backflow device and received their \$500 deposit. Please visit our website www.OMWC.us and click on the **Backflow Device Learn More** button. Our website has all the spec and models approved by Oquirrh Mountain Water Company. Please call or email once you have it installed. Most customers have their check within two weeks of inspection.