Medical Necessity for Joint Replacement Surgery

Primary Joint(s) Affected	Right	Left	Bilateral	Duration of Symptoms			
Нір				□ 3-6 months	□ 6-12 months □Years		
Knee				Other: (<i>specify</i>)			

Joint Replacement Related History

Osteoarthritis 🗆 Mild 🗆 Moderate 🗆 Severe	□ Failure of Previous osteotomy				
Inflammatory Arteritis					
□ Malignancy Type:	Location:				
□ Failure of previous joint replacement surgery	Reason:				
□ Avascular necrosis	Femoral head I Knee				
□ Fracture	Location:				
Other:					

Failed non-surgical treatments (tried for at least 3 months)							
NSAID/COXIB Medication Trial	□ Yes □ No □ Contraindicated for the patient						
Weight Loss	□ Yes □ No □ Contraindicated for the patient						
Physical Therapy	□ Yes □ No □ Contraindicated for the patient						
Intra-articular injection	□ Yes □ No □ Contraindicated for the patient						
Braces, orthotics or assistive devices	□ Yes □ No □ Contraindicated for the patient						
Other:							

Radiology Indications for Replacement	Highest Level of Walking Support (for the affected joint that the pt currently uses to carry out activities, e.g. work,				
□ Subchondral cysts:	leisure).				
Subchondral sclerosis:	□ None/Orthotics				
Periarticular osteophytes:	□ Brace/Cane				
□ Joint Subluxation:	□ Crutches/Walker				
Joint Space Narrowing:					

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Pain History

Select all that Apply					None	Mild	Moderate	Severe			
Pain at rest (e.g. while sitting, lying down or causing sleep disturbance)											
Pain when weight bearing (e.g. walking, bending)											
Pain with passive ROM											
Pain related ADL limitation (e.g. putting on shoes, managing stairs, bathing, or cooking):											
Abnormal findings on physical exam related to most severely affected joint (e.g. deformity, instability, antalgic gait)						ted joint					
Aggravating Factors: (list):											
Ability to walk withou	Ability to walk without significant pain										
Over 5 blocks	Over 5 blocks 1-5 blocks Less than 1 bl 				ss than 1 blo	ck 🛛 Household ambulator					
□ Safety Issues (e.g. fai	//s):										
				[-							
The patient's current medication regimen is controlling their joint pain:Types of medicationsImage: Description of the patient's current medication regimen is image: Description of the patient medication regimen is image: Description of the					INSAID/CO	XIB Over the counter					
				Other (specify)							
Highest Level of medi	cation	therapy	v to mana	ige affe	ected	joint					
PRN Pain Medication	PRN Pain Medication Regularly-scheduled medication use Maximum medical therapy appropriate for pt								for pt		
Comments:											
Date	Гіте		ID#				Physician Sigr	ature			