

## School Pronouncers Guide

## 2023



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## Merriam－Webster • Pronunciation • Symbols


Q...........banana, collect
' $\boldsymbol{\partial}$, ө......humdrum
$\boldsymbol{Z} \ldots \ldots .$. as in one pronunciation used by $r$-droppers for bird
(alternative bil)
...........two-value symbol equivalent to the unstressed variants $\mid$ bl,

and in one pronunciation of cap and bells l-'m-l, lock and
key $\mid-2-1 /$; immediately following $\mathrm{II},|\mathrm{ml},|\mathrm{r}|$, as in one
pronunciation of French table, prisme, titre
əi ..........as in one pronunciation used by $r$-droppers for bird
(altemative |x|)
or .........operation; stressed, as in bird as pronounced by speakers
who dropr, stressed and with centered period after the
one pronunciation of hurry (altemative borl); stressed and
with centered period after lorl as in one pronunciation of
hurry (altemative larl)
a...........mat, map
ㅈ….......day, fade, date, aorta
ä...........bother, cot; most American speakers have the same vowel in
father, cart
$\dot{\mathbf{a}} . . . . . . .$. father as pronounced by speakers who do not rhyme it with
bother, farther and cart as pronounced by $r$-droppers
aa........bad, bag, fan as often pronounced in an area having New
York City and Washington, D.C., on its perimeter, in an
emphatic syllable, as before a pause, often ไaasl
ai.........as in some pronunciations of bag, bang. pass
aú........now, loud, some pronunciations of talcum
b...........baby, rib
ch........chin, nature $\$ nāchr(r) $\rangle$ (actually, this sound is $|t|+\mid$ sh $\rangle$ )
d...........elder, undone
d. .........as in the usual American pronunciation of latter, ladder
e...........bet, bed
${ }^{\prime}$ 厄, $\bar{\epsilon}$.....beat, nosebleed, evenly, sleepy
$\overline{\mathrm{E}} \ldots \ldots \ldots$ as in one promuciation of evenly, sleepy, envious,
igneous (alternative lii)
ee ........(in transcriptions of foreign words only) indicates a vowel
with the quality of $e$ in bet but long, not the sound of $e e$ in
slecp: en arrière \ainaryeer\}
eú........as in one pronunciation of elk, helm
f............fifty, cuff
g..........go, big
h...........hat, ahead
hw.......whale as pronounced by those who do not have the same
pronunciation for both whale and wail
one pronunciation of habit (atternative lal; see 引)
I ..........site, side, buy (actually, this sound is lial + li , or $\backslash \mathrm{a} \mid+\mathrm{li}$ )
iú
$\ldots . . . . . . j o b$, gem, edge, procedure $\mid$ pre'sejp(r) <br>(actually, this sound is
$(d)+b h t)$

```
k
```

    k..........kin, cook, ache
    k...........as in one pronunciation of loch (alternative $k$ ), as in German
ich-laut
1...........lily, pool
m .........murmur, dim, nymph
n..........no, own
n ...........indicates that a preceding vowel is pronounced with the nasal
passages open, as in French un bon vin blanc lex'bo'vablail

$\overline{\mathbf{O}}$...........bone, snow, beau; one pronunciation of glory
O...........saw, all, saurian; one pronunciation of horrid
œ..........French boeuf, German Hoblle
$\overline{\mathbb{C E}} . . . . . . .$. French feu, German Höhle
òi ...........coin, destroy, strawy, sawing
© $\mathbf{0} . \ldots \ldots$.....(in transeriptions of foreign words only) indicates a vowel
with the quality of $o$ in bone but longer, not the sound of oo

p..........pepper, lip
r ...........rarity, one pronunciation of tar
S............source, less
sh.........with nothing between, as in shy, mission, machine, special
(actually, this is a single sound, not two); with a stress mark
between, two sounds as in death 's-head Vdeths.hed
t..........tie, attack; one pronunciation of latter (alternative ldJ)
th .........with nothing between, as in thin, ether (actually, this is a
single sound, not two); with a stress mark between, two
sounds as in knighthood 'nithhùd
th ........then, either (actually, this is a single sound, not two)
ü...........rule, fool, youth, union l'yunyanl, few l'fyul
Ù...........pull, wood, curable \kyúraball
ue ........German fullen, häbsch
I区 .........French rue, German fohlen
V...........vivid, give
W..........we, away
y............yard, cue l'kyü, union l'yünyanl
.............(in transcriptions of foreign words only) indicates that during
articulation of the sound represented by the preceding
character the tip of the tongue has substantially the position it
has for the articulation of the first sound of yard, as in French
digne \den"
yil.........youth, union, cue, few
yú..........curable
Z............zone, raise
Zh.........with nothing between, as in vision, azure l'azho(r)! (actually,
this is a single sound, not two); with a stress mark between,
two sounds as in rosehill \rōzhill
${ }^{\prime}$.............mark preceding a syllable with primary (strongest) stress:
'penmənshipl
. .............mark preceding a syllable with secondary (next-strongest)
stress: '\penman,ship\
() indicate that what is symbolized between is present in some
utterances but not in others: factory \'fakt(o)rel

## Guidelines Regarding Pronunciation and Language of Origin

## Pronunciation

For many words in Webster's Third New International Dictionary, copyright 2002, Merriam-Webster (Webster's Third), more than one pronunciation is offered. In this school pronouncer guide, the chief pronunciation for a word is most often the first pronunciation given in this dictionary. Occasionally, however, the Bee has chosen to assign the dictionary's second or third pronunciation as the chief pronunciation. This decision has been made whenever the Bee has reason to think that a certain pronunciation has become the most prevalent one since this dictionary was first published.

Many of the variations in pronunciation listed in Webster's Third are included in this publication as alternate pronunciations and are listed in square brackets under the chief pronunciation. These alternate pronunciations are all the variants in the dictionary's pronunciation data that differ phonemically from the chief pronunciation. Minor phonetic variations that are described in the dictionary pages are not included here, however, such as pronunciations that differ only in the level of stress on given syllables. In addition, this publication has not included the voluminous treatment of $r$ dropping and vowel variations before /r/such as those that are found in certain geographical dialects of

American English. Experience has shown that this information about nuances of phonetic variation in pronunciation can be the cause for confusion for spellers and pronouncers alike.

Nevertheless, every pronunciation in Webster's Third that can offer any clues about spelling is listed as an alternate pronunciation herein. The phrase no alternate pronunciations means simply that, while the dictionary entry may or may not contain further details about phonetic differences in different dialects, the word in question has no other pronunciations that differ phonemically from the chief pronunciation that is provided.

## Language of Origin

Information in this guide regarding language of origin is a simplification of that provided in Webster's Third. For example, Webster's Third gives Old English, Middle English, and English, but we give only English.

With New Latin and International Scientific Vocabulary, however, we tend to provide information that supplements that provided in Webster's Third. Where Webster's Third lists New Latin as the language of origin, we attempt to list the origin of the roots used to form the new word. We list International Scientific Vocabulary only when it is difficult to determine instead the languages from which the International Scientific Vocabulary element came.

We do not always list all the languages a word passed through before it entered modern English. Only those languages that significantly altered the word are listed, with the earliest language listed first followed by the subsequent language(s). We give the separate etymologies of each word element regularly used in Webster's Third, with one exception: combining form(s). Combining forms are word elements regularly used in English or another language to make a new word, but they do not by themselves constitute words. Examples include -ly, -ing, -ment, -en, -o-, en-, non-, etc. Page 16a of Webster's Third contains more detailed information about etymological entries.

# Tips for Spelling Bee Officials 

## 1. Acquaint yourself with the organization of this Guide

1. Words 1-400:
$>$ These words were selected from the School-Wide Spelling Bee Study List. The first words on the list are School-Wide Spelling Bee Study List words designated for first graders and progress through eighth grade.
$>$ Words progress in difficulty by groups of words.

## 2. Acquaint yourself with the 2023 Eastern Oklahoma State Spelling Bee Rules

## 3. Pronouncers, please note:

$>$ One pronunciation is listed alongside each word in this guide, and this pronunciation is usually the first given in Webster's Third. If the speller requests an alternate pronunciation, consult the additional pronunciation information provided in square brackets. Please refer to the guidelines regarding pronunciation provided on page 3.
> This guide provides language of origin information. Please refer to the guidelines regarding language of origin on page 4. Consult Webster's Third if you desire additional information or clarity regarding the word's language of origin.
$>$ Although some words can be more than one part of speech, only on part of speech per word is provided in this guide. The part of speech provided matches that of the definition listed and coincides with the word's use in the illustrative sentence.
> Several words have homonyms or near homonyms. If you think a word is a homonym and yet a homonym is not listed, check Webster's Third or skip the word. It is possible that we did not note the fact that the word is a homonym. For the final word in handling homonyms, see the portions of Rules 5, 7, and 11 that refer to homonyms.
> Because during the spelling bee you may be asked to check for additional information in Webster's Third, this guide provides the Webster's Third page and column location of each word, designated in parentheses after the part of speech as follows: (Webster's Third page number, column number).

## Words 1-25: First Grade Spelling Bee Words

| big | $\backslash$ 'big \} <br> [no alternate pronunciation(s)] | adjective <br> of great strength or force. <br> The snow was coming down in big, heavy flakes now. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| get | $\backslash$ 'get $\backslash$ <br> [no alternate pronunciation(s)] | verb <br> to seek out and obtain. <br> Amy is going to get the red dress. |
| old | \'ōld \} <br> [no alternate pronunciation(s)] | adjective <br> advanced in years or age. <br> The old man walked slowly upstairs. |
| now | $\backslash$ naủ $\backslash$ <br> [no alternate pronunciation(s)] | adverb <br> at the present time or moment. <br> Let's get in line now, so we can get our tickets. |
| barn | $\backslash$ bärn \} <br> [no alternate pronunciation(s)] | noun <br> a usually large building for the storage of farm products or feed and usually for the housing of farm animals. <br> The horses were placed in the barn before the storm. |
| find | $\backslash$ 'find $\backslash$ <br> [no alternate pronunciation(s)] | noun <br> to come upon often accidentally. I hope we find some seashells on the beach. |
| pull | \ 'pül \} | verb |

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\text { [no alternate pronunciation(s)] } & \begin{array}{l}
\text { to exert force upon so as to cause or } \\
\text { tend to cause motion toward the force. } \\
\\
\\
\\
\text { As much as they tried, no one could } \\
\text { pull the door open. }
\end{array}
\end{array}
$$

| hunt | \'hont \} <br> [no alternate pronunciation(s)] | verb <br> to pursue for food or in sport. <br> They plan to hunt for wild animals in the forest next week. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| ride | $\backslash$ 'rīd $\backslash$ [no alternate pronunciation(s)] | verb <br> to sit and travel on the back of an animal that one directs. Several children stood in a long line to ride the elephant at the circus. |
| sky | $\backslash$ 'skī \} <br> [no alternate pronunciation(s)] | noun <br> the upper atmosphere or expanse of space that constitutes an apparent great vault or arch over the earth. We looked at all the stars twinkling in the night sky and made a wish. |
| them | $\begin{aligned} & \backslash '(\text { th }) \text { əm } \backslash \\ & \text { [no alternate pronunciation(s)] } \end{aligned}$ | adjective <br> used as the object of a verb or preposition to refer to two or more people or things previously mentioned or easily identified. "Every night Darla fed the kids and read them stories," she said. |
| truck | $\backslash$ 'trak \} <br> [no alternate pronunciation(s)] | noun <br> a wheeled vehicle for moving heavy articles. <br> We loaded the truck with all the furniture in our old house. |


| love | ```\ 'ləv\ [no alternate pronunciation(s)]``` | noun <br> strong affection for another arising out of kinship or personal ties. The love Tammy felt for her twin sister is very strong. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| job | ```\ jäb \ [no alternate pronunciation(s)]``` | noun <br> a specific duty, role, or function. Inside the body, the heart's job is to circulate blood. |
| here | ```\ 'hir\ [no alternate pronunciation(s)]``` | adverb <br> in or at this place; an arbitrary location. <br> Jannis had to turn here to get on the highway. |
| most | $\begin{aligned} & \text { \'mōst } \backslash \\ & \text { [no alternate pronunciation(s)] } \end{aligned}$ | adjective <br> the majority of ; the greatest in quantity. <br> Peter sold the most tickets for our fundraiser and won a prize. |
| show | $\begin{aligned} & \text { \'shō } \backslash \\ & \text { [no alternate pronunciation(s)] } \end{aligned}$ | verb <br> to point out; direct attention to. Lisa will show you where she found the missing toy. |
| made | $\begin{aligned} & \text { \' mād } \backslash \\ & {[\text { no alternate pronunciation(s)] }} \end{aligned}$ | adjective <br> put together of various ingredients. Anna made cookies with pecans and chocolate chips. |
| room | $\backslash$ 'rüm, 'rüm \} | noun <br> an extent of space occupied by of sufficient or available for something. Sasha's room was filled with lots of balloons for her birthday party. |


| fell | $\backslash$ 'fel \} <br> [no alternate pronunciation(s)] | verb <br> to cut, knock, or bring down. <br> As soon as dad started chopping the tree with an axe, it quickly fell to the ground. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| how | haủ \} <br> [no alternate pronunciation(s)] | adverb <br> in what manner or way. <br> Julie smiled and said, "How did you know today was my birthday?" |
| bark | \'bärk \} <br> [no alternate pronunciation(s)] | verb <br> to make the characteristic short, loud cry of a dog. <br> The puppy's loud bark woke everyone in the house last night. |
| going | $\backslash^{\prime} g o \bar{o}-i \mathrm{in} \backslash$ <br> [no alternate pronunciation(s)] | noun <br> advance toward an objective. <br> We are going to make a decision about the idea tomorrow. |
| trust | $\backslash$ 'trast <br> [no alternate pronunciation(s)] | verb <br> to rely on the truthfulness or accuracy of. <br> Ty is someone that you can trust and depend on when you need help. |
| kitten | $\begin{aligned} & \backslash ' \text { ki-tn } \backslash \\ & \text { [no alternate pronunciation(s)] } \end{aligned}$ | noun <br> a young cat. <br> Lacy's cat gave birth to four kittens. when the eggs in the nest began to hatch. |

## Words 26-50: Second Grade Spelling Bee Words

| cord | $\backslash$ 'kōrd \} [no alternate pronunciation(s)] | noun <br> a long, slender, and flexible material usually consisting of several strands. The cord to power the lamp is plugged into the outlet. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| belly | $\backslash$ 'be-lē \} <br> [no alternate pronunciation(s)] | noun <br> the stomach and its adjuncts. Lewis ate too much candy his belly ached. |
| wink | $\backslash$ 'wink \} <br> [no alternate pronunciation(s)] | verb to gleam or flash intermittently. He was gone as quick as a wink. |
| move | ```\ müv \ [no alternate pronunciation(s)]``` | verb <br> to go or pass to another place or in a certain direction with a continuous motion. <br> Latoya had to move quickly so she could take her place in line. |
| deck | $\backslash$ 'dek \} <br> [no alternate pronunciation(s)] | noun <br> a platform in a ship serving usually as a structural element and forming the floor for its compartments. The sailors scrubbed the upper deck of the yacht for the passengers. |
| leaf | \'lēf <br> [no alternate pronunciation(s)] | noun <br> a lateral outgrowth from a plant stem that is typically a flattened, expanded variably shaped greenish organ, constitutes a unit of the foliage. Adrian picked a leaf from her favorite maple tree. |


| tusk | \'task <br> [no alternate pronunciation(s)] | noun <br> an elongated greatly enlarged tooth. The elephant had a large white tusk on each side of its trunk. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| drive | $\backslash$ drīv $\backslash$ <br> [no alternate pronunciation(s)] | verb <br> to set or keep in motion or operation. Mrs. Fredricks told us to drive towards the grey building. |
| frogs | $\backslash$ 'frȯgs, 'frägs \} | plural noun <br> any of various largely aquatic leaping anuran amphibians that have slender bodies with smooth moist skin and strong long hind legs with webbed feet Caden tried to pick up the frogs, but they hopped out of his hands and into the pond. |
| lower | $\backslash$ 'laü(-ə)r $\backslash$ <br> [no alternate pronunciation(s)] | verb <br> to look sullen; to move down. Tyler saw he had to go lower his voice in the movie theatre. |
| neck | \'nek \} <br> [no alternate pronunciation(s)] | adverb <br> the part of an animal or person that connects the head with the body. Nathan placed a necklace around her neck, and wished her happy birthday. |
| fresh | fresh \} <br> [no alternate pronunciation(s)] | adjective <br> noy stale, sour, or decayed. Grace found fresh bread at the farmers' market. |
| roof | $\backslash$ 'rüf $\backslash$ <br> [no alternate pronunciation(s)] | noun <br> The cover of a building. Lance did not have a roof over his head. |


| yarn | $\backslash$ 'yärn \} <br> [no alternate pronunciation(s)] | noun continuous often piled strand composed of either natural or manmade fibers or filaments and used in weaving and knitting to form cloth. <br> The sheep's wool will be spun into yarn. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| beehive | $\begin{aligned} & \text { \ 'bē-hīv } \backslash \\ & \text { [no alternate pronunciation(s)] } \end{aligned}$ | noun something resembling a hive for bees. Adrian's beehive produced lots of honey for the farmers. |
| branch |  | noun <br> a secondary hoot or stem (such as a bough) arising from a main axis (as of a tree). <br> The robin sat on the branch of the tree. |
| spider | $\begin{aligned} & \backslash \text { 'spī-dər } \backslash \\ & \text { [no alternate pronunciation(s)] } \end{aligned}$ | noun <br> any of the various other arthropods and especially arachnids that resemble the true spiders - not used technically. We watched the spider spin its web. |
| stump |  | noun <br> the part of a plant especially a tree remaining attached to the root after it is cut. <br> Mia had her tree cut down and only the stump was left. |
| road | $\begin{aligned} & \backslash \text { 'rōd } \backslash \\ & {[\text { no alternate pronunciation(s)] }} \end{aligned}$ | noun <br> an open way for vehicles, persons, and animal. <br> We'll cross the road up ahead at the crosswalk. |


| oven | $\begin{aligned} & \backslash \text { 'ə-vən \} } \\ {\text { [no alternate pronunciation(s)] }} \end{aligned}$ | noun <br> a piece of cooking equipment that is used for baking or roasting food. Tina used her new oven to bake sugar cookies. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| dance | $\begin{aligned} & \backslash \text { 'dan }(\mathrm{t}) \mathrm{s} \backslash \\ & \text { [no alternate pronunciation( } \mathrm{s})] \end{aligned}$ | verb <br> To move one's body rhythmically, usually to music. <br> Piper has a dance recital on Saturday. |
| print | 'print $\backslash$ <br> [no alternate pronunciation(s)] | noun <br> a mark made by pressure. <br> What is the print size of your book? |
| stack | ```\ 'stak \ [no alternate pronunciation(s)]``` | noun <br> a large, usually conical, pile. The mailman placed the stack of letters in tubs before delivering them. |
| pilot | $\backslash$ 'pī-lət \} <br> [no alternate pronunciation(s)] | noun <br> a person who flies or is qualified to fly an aircraft or spacecraft. <br> The pilot of our plan had an awesome landing at the airport. |
| beach | ```\'bēch \ [no alternate pronunciation(s)]``` | noun <br> a shore of a body of water covered by sand, gravel, or larger rock fragments. We played on the beautiful beach in Florida. |

## Words 51-75: Third Grade Spelling Bee Words

| window | \'win-(.)dō $\backslash$ |
| ---: | :--- |
|  | $[$ no alternate pronunciation(s) $]$ |

high
$\backslash$ 'hī \}
[no alternate pronunciation(s)]
along
\ә-'lön \}
[no alternate pronunciation(s)]
middle $\backslash$ 'mi-dl $\backslash$ [no alternate pronunciation(s)]
partly \'pärt-lē \}
[no alternate pronunciation(s)]

## noun

an opening especially in the wall of a building for admission of light and air that is usually closed by casements or sashes containing transparent material (such as glass) and capable of being opened and shut. Josh's window was open when the bird flew inside his room.

## adjective

rising or extending upward a great distance; taller than average, usual, or expected.
The obstacle course contained a very
high rock wall.
prepostion
in a line matching the length or direction of.
The hikers walked along the trail carefully.
adjective
the position of being among or in the midst of something.
We found Cheryl in the middle of the crowd at the concert.
adverb
in some measure or degree.
What Addison said is partly true.

| gather | \'ga-thər <br> [no alternate pronunciation(s)] | verb <br> to bring together; collect. The florist tried to gather as many roses as she could. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| visit | $\begin{aligned} & \backslash \text { 'vi-zət } \backslash \\ & \text { [no alternate pronunciation(s)] } \end{aligned}$ | verb <br> to reside temporarily as a guest. We hope to visit our grandmother next week. |
| burst | ```\ 'borst \ [no alternate pronunciation(s)]``` | verb to break open, apart, or into pieces usually from impact or from pressure from within. <br> Because of the freezing temperatures several pipes burst under the house. |
| zipper | $\backslash$ 'zi-pər \} | noun <br> a fastener consisting of two rows of metal or plastic teeth on strips of tape and a sliding piece that closes an opening by drawing the teeth together. The zipper was stuck and we couldn't open the suitcase. |
| circle | $\begin{aligned} & \backslash \text { 'sər-kəl } \backslash \\ & \text { [no alternate pronunciation(s)] } \end{aligned}$ | noun <br> a closed plane curve every point of which is equidistant from a fixed point within the curve. We held hands and formed a circle to begin the game. |
| dishes | $\begin{aligned} & \backslash \text { 'dish-əz } \\ & \text { [no alternate pronunciation(s)] } \end{aligned}$ | plural noun <br> a more or less concave vessel from which food is served. <br> We washed the dinner dishes. |

$\left.\begin{array}{lll}\text { power } & \begin{array}{l}\text { \paü(-ə)r } \backslash \\ \text { [no alternate pronunciation(s)] }\end{array} & \begin{array}{l}\text { noun } \\ \text { possession of control, authority, or } \\ \text { influence over others. }\end{array} \\ \text { She is from a very wealthy family with } \\ \text { a lot of power. }\end{array}\right]$
dentist
$\backslash$ 'den-tast $\backslash$ [no alternate pronunciation(s)]
talent \'ta-lənt $\backslash$ [no alternate pronunciation(s)]

## timber

seaweed
$\backslash$ 'tim-bər $\backslash$
[no alternate pronunciation(s)]
$\backslash$ 'sē-, wēd $\backslash$
[no alternate pronunciation(s)]
noun
an alga (as a kelp) that grows in the sea.
We saw lots of seaweed on the ocean floor when we went SCUBA diving.
noun
a special often athletic, creative, or artistic aptitude.
Taylor Swift is a singer with an enormous amount of talent.
noun
one who is skilled in and licensed to practiced the prevention, diagnosis, and treatment of diseases, injuries, and malformations of the teeth, jaws, and mouth and who makes and inserts false teeth.
He goes to the dentist for a check-up every six months.
noun
wood suitable for building or for carpentry.
The log cabin was made from various timber in the forest.

## chamber \'chām-bər \}

[no alternate pronunciation(s)]
noun
an enclosed space, cavity, or compartment.
We read in history class the US
Senate has its own chamber for meetings.
mayor \'mā-ər,'mer \}
lotion
lobster
danger \'dān-jər \}
[no alternate pronunciation(s)]
noun
an official elected to serve as head of a city, town, or borough.
The mayor of our town was doing a speech tonight at City Hall.
adjective
a creamy liquid preparation used on the skin especially for healing or as a cosmetic.
Rachael's hand lotion smelled like cherries.
noun
a large edible sea animal that is a crustacean with five pairs of legs of which the first pair usually consist of large claws.
Lobster, crab, clams, and shrimp are a part of the shellfish family.

## noun

exposure or liability to injury, pain, harm, or loss.
The park is a place where children can play without danger.

## Words 76-100: Fourth Grade Spelling Bee Words


noun
a removable usually metal cap over the end of an axle.
Steve put a new hubcap on his classic vehicle.
noun
a loft especially for storing hay.
Several bales of hay were stored in the hayloft for the livestock this winter.
plural noun
a nut with a thin shell that grows under the ground and that can be eaten.
Lewis bought some hot roasted peanuts from a concession stand at the fair.
noun
a tract of soft wet land usually characterized by monocotyledons (such as grasses or cattails).
The marsh along the coast support a large variety of plants and animals.
hairpin
$\backslash$ 'her-.pin \}
[no alternate pronunciation(s)]
a pin to hold the hair in place. The bride's hair was put up in a bun with a large hairpin.

| clipper | \'kli-pər \} <br> [no alternate pronunciation(s)] | noun <br> something that moves swiftly; such as a fast sailing ship. <br> The clipper had long slender lines, an overhanging bow, and tall masts |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| waddle | $\backslash$ 'wä-dl $\backslash$ <br> [no alternate pronunciation(s)] | verb <br> to walk with short steps swinging the forepart of the body from side to side. The fat goose had a funny waddle when he walked toward the lake. |
| manner | $\backslash$ 'ma-nər $\backslash$ <br> [no alternate pronunciation(s)] | noun <br> a mode of procedure or way of acting Alice responded to the questions in a lively manner. |
| speak | \ 'spēk \} <br> [no alternate pronunciation(s)] | verb <br> to utter words or articulate sounds with the ordinary voice. <br> The judge wanted to speak to the attorney privately. |
| tennis | $\backslash$ 'te-nəs $\backslash$ <br> [no alternate pronunciation(s)] | noun <br> an indoor or outdoor game that is played with rackets and a light elastic ball by two players or pairs of players on a level court (as of clay or grass) divided by a low net. <br> "Make sure to bring your racket so we can play tennis this afternoon," Julie said. |


watermelon \'wȯ-tər-, me-lən, wä-tər-, me-lən \ noun
a large oblong or roundish fruit with a hard green or white rind often striped or variegated, and usually many seeds.
Our family loves to eat watermelon in the summertime.
$\begin{array}{ll}\text { coach } & \text { \'kōch } \backslash \\ & {[\text { no alternate pronunciation }(\mathrm{s})]}\end{array}$
bicycle \'bī-si-kəl, 'bī-sī-kəl \}
surplus

[no alternate pronunciation(s)]
guess $\quad \begin{aligned} & \text { \'ges } \backslash \\ & {[\text { no alternate pronunciation(s)] }}\end{aligned}$
salsa
\'söl-sə \}
[no alternate pronunciation(s)]

## noun

railroad passenger car intended primarily for day travel.
Smoking is not permitted in the coach car of the train.
noun
a vehicle with two wheels tandem, handlebars for teering, a saddle seat, and pedals by which it is propelled We replaced the flat wheel on our
bicycle after the race.

## adjective

the amount that remains when use or need is satisfied.
There was a surplus of $\$ 200.00$ after the bills were paid.
verb
to form an opinion of from little or no evidence.
Lori could only guess the answer to the professor's question.
noun
popular music of Latin American origin that has absorbed characteristics of rhythm and blues, jazz, and rock.
The band was playing salsa music.

| truffle | \'trə-fəl, 'trü-fəl \} | noun <br> a candy made of chocolate, butter, sugar, and sometimes liquor shaped into balls and often coated with cocoa. David gave his girlfriend a delicious truffle. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| faucet | \(\backslash ' f o ̈-s ə t, ' f a ̈-s ə t |  |
| ) | noun <br> a fixture for drawing or regulating the flow of liquid especially from a pipe. Our plumber replaced the faucet on the kitchen sink. |  |
| return | $\begin{aligned} & \backslash \text { ri- 'torn } \backslash \\ & {[\text { no alternate pronunciation(s)] }} \end{aligned}$ | verb <br> to go back or come back again. <br> The young couple had to return to the restaurant so they could grab their forgotten coats. |

## Words 100-125: Fifth Grade Spelling Bee Words

| funnel | \ ' fə-n¹ $\backslash$ <br>  <br>  <br> $[$ no alternate pronunciation(s)] |
| :--- | :--- |

coffee \'kȯ-fē \} [no alternate pronunciation(s)]
bargain
$\backslash$ 'bär-gən \} [no alternate pronunciation(s)]
hanger \'hay-er \} [no alternate pronunciation(s)]

## failure

\'fāl-yər \}
[no alternate pronunciation(s)]
noun
omission of occurrence or performance;
lack of success.
Windell felt like a failure when he did not win the school election.

| tightrope $\backslash$ 'tīt-, rōp $\backslash$ [no alternate pronunciation(s)] | noun <br> a rope or wire stretched taut for acrobats to perform on. <br> The tightrope act was the most exciting show at the circus. |
| :---: | :---: |
| cupboard \ 'kə-bərd \} [no alternate pronunciation(s)] | noun <br> a closet with shelves where dishes, utensils, or food is kept. <br> "Go to the cupboard and get a spoon," said Anna. |
| tropical \'trä-pi-kəl, 'trō-pi-kəl \} | adjective <br> of being, or characteristic of a region or climate that is frost-free with temperatures high enough to support year-round plant growth given sufficient moisture. <br> The tropical rainforest was lush with trees and lots of vegetation. |
| saucepan \'sȯs-.pan, 'sȯs-pən \} | noun <br> a small deep cooking pan with a handle. <br> Combine the sugar, corn syrup, butter, bourbon, and salt into a saucepan and bring it to a boil. |
| cyberspace \'sī-bər-,spās \} [no alternate pronunciation(s)] | noun <br> the online world of computer networks and especially the Internet. <br> The employee must send the e-mails through cyberspace. |
| beckon \'be-kn \} <br> [no alternate pronunciation(s)] | verb <br> to summon or signal typically with a wave or nod. <br> He tried to beckon the other winners to come and stand where he stood. |


| $\begin{gathered} \text { classical } \\ \\ \\ {[\text { no alternate pronunciation(s)] }]} \end{gathered}$ | adjective <br> of or relating to the ancient Greek and Roman world and especially to its literature, art, architecture, or ideals. The Roman Empire was once considered a classical civilization. |
| :---: | :---: |
| performance \'pər-'för-mən(t)s, pə | för-mən(t)s \ noun <br> the action of representing a character in a play. <br> Tammy's performance in the play on Broadway was outstanding! |
| autumn \'ó-təm \} <br> [no alternate pronunciation(s)] | noun <br> the season between summer and winter compromising in the northern hemisphere usually in the months of September, October, and November. One could feel and see the whips of autumn in the cool breezes and bursts of color appearing on the leaves. |
| contestants \'kən-' te-stənts, ' kän-, te- | -stants \plural noun one that participates in a contest. The top three contestants who catch the most fish wins. |
| lactose \'lak-, tōs, lak-tōz \} | noun <br> a sugar that is found in milk. <br> All dairy products contain the same <br> lactose ingredient. |

vocabulary \'vō-ka-byə-, ler-ē, 'və-' ka-byə-, ler-ē \ noun [no alternate pronunciation(s)] a list or collection of words or of words and phrases are usually
alphabetically arranged and explained or defined.
Most of the students in Ms. Rowland's class made an $A+$ on the vocabulary test.
$\left.\begin{array}{ccc}\text { vinegar } \begin{array}{c}\text { \'vi-ni-gər } \backslash \\ \text { [no alternate pronunciation(s)] }\end{array} & \begin{array}{l}\text { noun } \\ \text { a sour liquid obtained by fermentation } \\ \text { of dilute alcoholic liquids and used as }\end{array} \\ \text { a condiment or preservative. } \\ \text { When Tyler opened the bottle of }\end{array}\right\}$

| evaporation \'i-va-pə-rā-shən \} [no alternate pronunciation(s)] | noun <br> the process of changing from a liquid to a vapor. <br> Anthony chose the evaporation experience because it showed how water could go from a liquid, to to a solid, then to a gas. |
| :---: | :---: |
| digestive $\backslash$ dī-' je-stiv $\backslash$ <br> [no alternate pronunciation(s)] | noun <br> an aid to digestion especially of food. The digestive enzymes in your stomach helps to break down the food we eat. |
| gymnastics $\backslash$ jim- ' na-stiks \} [no alternate pronunciation(s)] | plural noun <br> a competitive sport in which individuals perform optional and prescribed acrobatic feats mostly on special apparatus to demonstrate strength, balance, and body control. <br> The U.S. gymnastics team hopes to win gold at the next Olympics. |

# Words 125-150: Sixth Grade Spelling Bee Words 

bookmobile
relative
allowance
adjective
precise, exactexacta truck that serves as a traveling library.
The bookmobile came to our elementary school last Thursday.
noun
a person connected with another by blood or affinity.
Sophia was so excited to meet her relative from Ireland.
noun
a sum granted as a reimbursement or bounty or for expenses.
Nick's salary also includes a cost-of-
living allowance.

## noun

a condition in which there is not enough of something needed Sadly, there was a shortage of clothing at the homeless shelter.

## adjective

causing laughter or enjoyment; funny or enjoyable.
Everyone in the classroom found the
joke amusing.

## adjective

exactly or sharply defined or stated. The doctor must be extremely precise when making incisions during surgery.

| superb | \sú- 'pərb $\backslash$ |
| :--- | :--- |
|  | $[$ no alternate pronunciation(s)] |

subdivision \'səb-də-, vi-zhən \} [no alternate pronunciation(s)]
adjective
characterized by serious examination and study : intelligent, reasonable. marked to the highest degree by grandeur, excellence, or competence.
The choir concert was absolutely superb.

## noun

land surveyed and divided into lots for purposes of sale especially one with houses built on it. The construction company built a new subdivision in our neighborhood.
binoculars \ bī- nä-kyə-lərs, bə-'nä-kyə-lərs \ noun
[no alternate pronunciation(s)] a handheld optical instrument composed of two telescopes and a focusing device and usually having prisms to increase magnifying ability -usually used in plural.
Binoculars were used to view the full moon.
disengage $\backslash$, dis- ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{n}$ - ${ }^{\text {gāj }} \backslash \quad$ verb
[no alternate pronunciation(s)] to release or detach oneself.
In order to make an impartial
judgement on the case, the judge must
disengage his personal feelings

| nursery\' nərs-rē, ' nər-sə-rē $\backslash$ noun <br> [no alternate pronunciation(s)]  | the room where a baby sleeps. <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  <br> The expecting parents have painted <br> their nursery blue. |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

expensive \ik-'spen(t)-siv \} [no alternate pronunciation(s)]
adjective involving high cost or sacrifice.. Michael stopped bidding at the auction because the artifact grew too expensive.
salvation
[no alternate pronunciation(s)]
noun
deliverance from the power and effects of $\sin$.
We spent the night in the cellar praying for salvation from the tornadoes.
noun
identical in musical pitch.
The choir was accompanied by unison strings.
noun
a blanket with a slit in the middle so that it can be slipped over the head and worn as a sleeveless garment. She gathered her poncho and a blanket, just in case afternoon showers arrived a bit early.

```
visual
\'vi-zhə-wəl, 'vi-zhəl, 'vizh-wəl \}
``` [no alternate pronunciation(s)]
adjective
attained or maintained by sight. After a thorough visual inspection, the health inspector gave the restaurant owner the green light for opening.
improvise \'im-prə-, vīz,'im-prə-vīz \ verb [no alternate pronunciation(s)] to compose, recite, play, or sing extemporaneously.
The quarterback will improvise a play that may result in a touchdown.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline & [no alternate pronunciation(s)] & a calmness or repose especially of mind, bearing, or appearance. The witness started to break down, then paused them regained her composure. \\
\hline aerospace & \(\backslash\) 'er-ō-, spās \(\backslash\) [no alternate pronunciation(s)] & \begin{tabular}{l}
noun \\
space compromising the Earth's atmosphere and the space beyond. Manuel was very excited to visit the aerospace museum.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline committee & \ 'kə- 'mi-tə, ' kä-mi-'tē \} & \begin{tabular}{l}
noun \\
a body of persons delegated to consider, investigate, act on, or report on some matter. The committee agreed to vote on the resolution by Tuesday of next week.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline musician & \begin{tabular}{l}
\'myü- 'zi-shən \} \\
[no alternate pronunciation(s)]
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l}
noun \\
a composer, conductor, or performer of music. \\
The pianist was a famous and exquisitely talented musician
\end{tabular} \\
\hline energetic & \begin{tabular}{l}
\\, e-ner- je-tik \(\backslash\) \\
[no alternate pronunciation(s)]
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l}
adjective \\
operating with or marked by vigor or effect. \\
The boys are energetic players.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline exterior & \begin{tabular}{l}
\ek-'stir-ē-ər \} \\
[no alternate pronunciation(s)]
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l}
adjective \\
being on an outside surface; situated on the outside. \\
Despite the fact that the building had a rather plain exterior, the inside was lavishly decorated.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
geometry \jē-"ä-mə-trē \}
[no alternate pronunciation(s)]
noun
a branch of mathematics that deals with the measurement, properties, and relationships of points, lines, angles, surfaces, and solids.
Geometry is my favorite math class.
genuine \'jen-yə-wən,' jen-yə-wīn \}
adjective
sincerely and honestly felt or experience; actually having reputed or apparent qualities or character. My grandfather had a genuine love for the game of baseball.

\section*{Words 151-175: Seventh Grade Spelling Bee Words}

\author{
nausea
}
\ 'nôzēə,' nôzhə\}
[no alternate pronunciation(s)]
callous
dexterity \dek-'ster-ə-tē \}
[no alternate pronunciation(s)]
correctional
\kə- rek-shə-n॰ \(\\)
[no alternate pronunciation(s)]
marmalade
\'mär-mə- lād \(\backslash\)
[no alternate pronunciation(s)]
quantum
'kal-kyo-los \}
[no alternate pronunciation(s)]
noun
a stomach distress with distaste for food and an urge to vomit.
I experienced nausea during the cruise to Bermuda.
noun
a thickening of or a hard thickened area on skin or bark.
I have a callous on my hand.
noun
readiness and grace in physical activity.
Gymnastics takes great balance and dexterity.
noun
the action or an instance of correcting. The correctional facility was located west of town.

\section*{noun}
clear sweetened jelly in which pieces
of fruit and fruit rind are suspended.
Orange marmalade is delicious.
noun
any of the very small increments or parcels into which many forms of energy is subdivided.
Quantum mechanics were used to explain properties of energy forms.
sophomore \'säf- mór \}
[no alternate pronunciation(s)]
noun
a student in the second year at a college or a 4 -year secondary school.
I am a sophomore in high school.
annoyance \} \text { ə-'nōi-ən(t)s \}
[no alternate pronunciation(s)]
noun
the act of annoying someone or of being annoyed.
This dog is quite the annoyance.
consecutive \kən-'se-kyə-tiv, kən- 'se-kə-tiv \ adjective
following one after the other in order; successive.
He served four consecutive terms in office.
flabbergasted \'fla-bər-,ga-stəd \(\backslash\)
[no alternate pronunciation(s)]
adjective
feeling or showing intense shock, surprise, or wonder; utterly astonished.
Josie was flabbergasted at the results of her quiz.
chimpanzee \(.)chim-, pan- 'zē, -'pan-zē, -pən-'zē \} \text { noun } an anthropoid ape (Pan troglodytes) of equatorial Africa that is smaller and more arboreal than the gorilla.
We saw a chimpanzee at the zoo.
reservoir \'re-zə-,vwär, -zər-, -,Vwōr, -,vōi \ noun
an artificial lake where water is collected and kept in quantity for use.
Go to the reservoir and get three buckets of water.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline commendable \kə-'mend-ə-bəl \} [no alternate pronunciation(s)] & \begin{tabular}{l}
verb \\
to recommend as worthy of confidence or notice. \\
What the firefighter did was quite commendable.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline sustainable \sə-'stā-nə-bəl \} [no alternate pronunciation(s)] & adjective of, relating to, or being a method of harvesting or using a resource so that the resource is not depleted or permanently damaged. Unfortunately, this level of output is not sustainable. \\
\hline conspiracy \kən-'spir-ə-sē \} [no alternate pronunciation(s)] & \begin{tabular}{l}
noun \\
the act of conspiring together. \\
They were accused of conspiracy to commit murder.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline tarmac \'tär-, mak \} [no alternate pronunciation(s)] & \begin{tabular}{l}
noun \\
a tarmacadam road, apron, or runway. \\
Look at the airplane on the tarmac !
\end{tabular} \\
\hline indulgent \(\backslash\) in- 'del-jont \(\backslash\) [no alternate pronunciation(s)] & \begin{tabular}{l}
noun \\
willing to allow excessive leniency, generosity, or consideration. \\
His indulgent mother was willing to let him do anything he wanted.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline taxidermy \(\backslash\) 'tak-sə- dər-mē \(\backslash\) [no alternate pronunciation(s)] & \begin{tabular}{l}
noun \\
the art of preparing, stuffing, and mounting the skins of animals and especially vertebrates. \\
I just finished a taxidermy class.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
```

azalea \ə-'zāl-yə \}
[no alternate pronunciation(s)]

```
```

devotee $\backslash$, de-, vō- tē $\backslash$
[no alternate pronunciation(s)]

```
    acoustic
    \ ə-' kü-stik \}
    [no alternate pronunciation(s)]
tarantula \tə- 'ran-chə-lə \}
    [no alternate pronunciation(s)]
pantomime \'pan-tə-, mīm \}
    [no alternate pronunciation(s)]

\section*{noun}
an ancient Roman dramatic
performance featuring a solo dancer and a narrative chorus.
We saw pantomimes at the fair.
infrastructure \'in-fro-, strək-chər \ noun
[no alternate pronunciation(s)] the system of public works of a country, state, or region.
Vast sums are needed to maintain the infrastructure.
buoyancy \'bōi-ən(t)-sē \}
[no alternate pronunciation(s)]
noun
the tendency of a body to float or to rise when submerged in a fluid. We tested the boat for its buoyancy.

\section*{Words 175-225: Eighth Grade Spelling Bee Words}
\(\begin{aligned} \text { cypress } & \text { \'sī-prəs } \backslash \\ & {[\text { no alternate pronunciation(s)] }}\end{aligned}\)
gaffe
boroughs \'bər-(.) \(\overline{\text { ōz }}\) \
[no alternate pronunciation(s)]
nascent \'na-sont \}
[no alternate pronunciation(s)]
noun
any of a genus (Cupressus of the family Cupressaceae, the cypress family) of evergreen trees and shrubs with small overlapping leaves resembling scales.
She pointed at the big cypress tree.
noun
a social or diplomatic blunder.
Ricky committed an embarrassing gaffe when he mispronounced her name.
noun
everything involved in what is under consideration- usually used in the phrase the whole shebang.
Camera lenses are the most expensive and contentious part of the whole shebang.
noun
a medieval fortified group of houses forming a town with special duties and privileges.
The borough of Queens is emblazoned on what appears to be a New York City Street sign.
adjective
coming or having recently come into existence.
He inherited his father's love of art and nascent science.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline technocrat \'tek-nə-,krat \} [no alternate pronunciation(s)] & \begin{tabular}{l}
noun \\
a technical expert. \\
Joe is a technocrat.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
pulmonary \'pūl-mə-,ner-ē\ \\
[no alternate pronunciation(s)]
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l}
noun of, relating to, affecting, or occurring in the lungs. \\
There are pulmonary veins that enter your lungs.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
germinate \'jər-mə-, nāt \} \\
[no alternate pronunciation(s)]
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l}
adjective \\
to cause to sprout or develop. They soon acquire a cell wall, and germinate without a period of rest.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
dragoons \drə- 'güns \} \\
[no alternate pronunciation(s)]
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l}
noun \\
a member of a European military unit formerly composed of heavily armed mounted troops. \\
The dragoons were about to repeat their blow.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
molasses \mə-'la-səz \} \\
[no alternate pronunciation(s)]
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l}
noun \\
the thick dark to light brown syrup that is separated from raw sugar in sugar manufacture. \\
He was as slow as molasses.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline smorgasbord \'smōr-gəs-,bōrd \} [no alternate pronunciation(s)] & \begin{tabular}{l}
noun \\
a luncheon or supper buffet offering a variety of foods and dishes (such as hors d'oeuvres, hot and cold meats, smoked and pickled fish, cheeses, salads, and relishes). \\
This holiday is really about food, which means there can be a dozen or more side dishes in a smorgasbord of flavors.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline phoenix \'fē-niks\} & noun \\
\hline [no alternate pronunciation(s)] & a legendary bird which according to one account lived 500 years, burned itself to ashes on a pyre and rose alive from the ashes to live another period. There is a legend among humans of the phoenix. \\
\hline terra-cotta \,ter-ə-'kä-tə \} [no alternate pronunciation(s)] & \begin{tabular}{l}
noun \\
a glazed or unglazed fired clay used especially for statuettes and vases and architectural purposes (as for roofing, facing, and relief ornamentation). Lucy accidently dropped her mother's terra-cotta planter.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline translucent \(\backslash \operatorname{tran}(\mathrm{t}) \mathrm{s}^{-1} \mathrm{lü}-\mathrm{s}^{\gtrdot} \mathrm{nt} \backslash\) & \begin{tabular}{l}
adjective \\
permitting the passage of light. Glass is generally transparent but can also be translucent or opaque.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
resume \(\backslash\) ri- 'züm \} \\
[no alternate pronunciation(s)]
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l}
verb to return to or begin (something) again after interruption. \\
After a pause, he started to resume his climb.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline \begin{tabular}{l}
treacherous \'tre-chə-rəs \} \\
[no alternate pronunciation(s)]
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l}
adjective \\
marked by hidden dangers, hazards, or perils. \\
The journey was very treacherous.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline quasar \(\left.\quad \begin{array}{c}\text { \' kwā-, zär } \backslash \\ \text { [no alternate pronunciation(s)] }\end{array}\right]\) & \begin{tabular}{l}
noun \\
a region at the center of a galaxy that produces an extremely large amount of radiation. \\
The latest quasar image from is yet another reminder of just how vast space is.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline precocious \pri- 'kō-shəs \} [no alternate pronunciation(s)] & \begin{tabular}{l}
adjective \\
exceptionally early in development or occurrence. \\
Girolamo was a precocious child, with an early passion for learning.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline repugnance \(\backslash\) ri- ' pag-nen \((t) s\) \ [no alternate pronunciation(s)] & \begin{tabular}{l}
noun \\
the quality or fact of being contradictory or inconsistent. \\
They expressed their repugnance at the idea.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline ultimatum \ əl-tə- ' mā-təm \} [no alternate pronunciation(s)] & \begin{tabular}{l}
noun \\
a final proposition, condition, or demand. \\
She was given an ultimatum - work harder or lose her job.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline Chihuahua \chə- 'wä-(.)wä \} [no alternate pronunciation(s)] & \begin{tabular}{l}
noun \\
any of a breed of very small roundheaded dogs that occur in short-coated and long-coated varieties. \\
We just got a new pet Chihuahua.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline facilitate \} \text { fə-'si-lə-, tāt } [no alternate pronunciation(s)] & \begin{tabular}{l}
transitive verb \\
to make easier; help bring about. What physical events might facilitate the evolution of microscopic animals?
\end{tabular} \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
propaganda \'me-to- lər-jē \}
[no alternate pronunciation(s)]
noun
the spreading of ideas, information, or rumor for the purpose of helping or injuring an institution, a cause, or a person.
He was accused of spreading propaganda.
annexation \, a-, nek-' sā-shən \} [no alternate pronunciation(s)]
sabbatical \ sə-'ba-ti-kəl \} [no alternate pronunciation(s)]
anemone \} \text { - 'ne-mə-nē \} [no alternate pronunciation(s)]
slalom \'slä-ləm \}
[no alternate pronunciation(s)]
noun
the act of annexing something or the state of being annexed; the addition of an area or region to a country, state, etc.
Several states other than Texas faced annexation.
adjective
of or relating to a sabbatical year.
Several professors will be on sabbatical this year.
noun
any of a large genus (Anemone) of perennial herbs of the buttercup family having lobed or divided leaves and showy flowers without petals but with conspicuous sepals.
The anemone was beautiful with the colored flowers.
noun
skiing in a zigzag or wavy course between upright obstacles (such as flags).
Norway had a large slalom tournament last year.
```

pyrite \'p̄̄-,rīt \}
[no alternate pronunciation(s)]

```
grandeur \'gran-jər \}
    [no alternate pronunciation(s)]
potpourri \'te-,trärk, 'tē-\
    [no alternate pronunciation(s)]
irrigation \, ir-ə- 'gā-shən \}
    [no alternate pronunciation(s)]
pastrami \po-'strä-mē \}
    [no alternate pronunciation(s)]
noun
a common mineral that consists of iron disulfide, has a pale brass-yellow color and metallic luster, and is burned in making sulfur dioxide and sulfuric acid.
Other mineral products are graphite, zinc ore, and pyrite.
noun
the quality or state of being grand. They are restoring the hotel to its original grandeur.
noun
a mixture of flowers, herbs, and spices that is usually kept in a jar and used for scent.
The scent of the potpourri was filling the air in my kitchen.
noun
the watering of land by artificial means to foster plant growth.
I saw irrigation methods being used west of town.

\section*{noun}
a highly seasoned smoked beef prepared especially from shoulder cuts.
Johnny ordered a pastrami sandwich at the deli.
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|}
\hline hydroponic & \begin{tabular}{l}
c \,hī-drə- 'pä-niks \} \\
[no alternate pronunciation(s)]
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l}
noun \\
the growing of plants in nutrient solutions with or without an inert medium (such as soil) to provide mechanical support. \\
The hydroponic plants were very colorful.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline chandelier & \begin{tabular}{l}
\(\backslash\),shan-də-'lir \(\backslash\) \\
[no alternate pronunciation(s)]
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l}
noun \\
a branched often ornate lighting fixture suspended from a ceiling. Kay's chandelier in her dining room is huge..
\end{tabular} \\
\hline terrapin \(\backslash\) & \(\backslash\) 'ter-ə-pən \} [no alternate pronunciation(s)] & \begin{tabular}{l}
noun \\
any of various aquatic turtles (family Emydidae). \\
In Florida we saw many terrapin and sea turtles.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline abysmal & \begin{tabular}{l}
ว- 'biz-məl \(\backslash\) \\
[no alternate pronunciation(s)]
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l}
adjective \\
immeasurably low or wretched. A desperate cry was echoing from the abysmal reaches of the cave.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline verdigris \(\backslash\) & \'vər-də-, grēs, 'vər-də-, gris \} & \begin{tabular}{l}
noun \\
a green or greenish-blue poisonous pigment resulting from the action of acetic acid on copper and consisting of one or more basic copper acetates. The verdigris on the antique lamp will be removed as soon as possible.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline sphinx & \begin{tabular}{l}
\'sfin(k)s \\
[no alternate pronunciation(s)]
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l}
noun \\
an enigmatic or mysterious person. \\
She is a sphinx whose features hold a blank fascination.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{|c|c|}
\hline reciprocate \(\backslash\) ri-'si-pro- kāt \(\backslash\) [no alternate pronunciation(s)] & \begin{tabular}{l}
verb \\
to give and take mutually. They appreciated her kindness but were not ready to reciprocate the gesture.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline conglomerate \kən- 'glä-mə-, rāt \} [no alternate pronunciation(s)] & \begin{tabular}{l}
verb \\
to gather into a mass or coherent \\
whole. \\
People had decided \\
to conglomerate in the \\
downtown streets for an impromptu victory celebration.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline \[
\begin{aligned}
\text { chintzy } & \backslash ' \operatorname{chin}(\mathrm{t})-\mathrm{sē} \backslash \\
& {[\text { no alternate pronunciation(s)] }}
\end{aligned}
\] & \begin{tabular}{l}
adjective \\
gaudy, cheap. \\
The boss is chintzy about raises.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline appendectomy \(\backslash\), a-pən-'dek-tə-mē \(\backslash\) [no alternate pronunciation(s)] & \begin{tabular}{l}
noun \\
surgical removal of the vermiform appendix. The surgeon performed an appendectomy.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline concierge \\, kän-sē-' erzh, kō \({ }^{\mathrm{n}}\) - 'syerzh & \begin{tabular}{l}
noun \\
a usually multilingual hotel staff member who handles luggage and mail, makes reservations, and arranges tours. \\
The concierge can help book reservations and taxi rides.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline  & \begin{tabular}{l}
noun \\
an ability to recover from or adjust easily to misfortune or change. The rescue workers showed remarkable resilience dealing with the rough conditions.
\end{tabular} \\
\hline
\end{tabular}
\begin{tabular}{lll} 
goliath & \begin{tabular}{l} 
\gə-' lī-əth \(\backslash\) \\
{\([\) no alternate pronunciation(s)] }
\end{tabular} & \begin{tabular}{l} 
noun \\
giant.
\end{tabular} \\
& & The brown bear was a goliath in \\
& height and weight.
\end{tabular}
dementia \di-'men(t)-shə, di-'men(t)-shē-ə \ noun
a usually progressive condition (such as Alzheimer's disease) marked by the development of multiple cognitive deficits (such as memory impairment, aphasia, and the inability to plan and initiate complex behavior).
This patient suffers from dementia.
basilica \ bə-'si-li-kə, bə-'zi-li-kə \ noun
an oblong building ending in a semicircular apse used in ancient Rome especially for a court of justice and place of public assembly.
A large basilica once stood here.
surveillance \sər- ' vā-lən(t)s, sər- ' vāl-yən(t)s \ noun
close watch kept over someone or something.
The bank robbery was recorded by surveillance cameras.
zephyr \'ze-fər \(\backslash\)
[no alternate pronunciation(s)]
noun
a gentle breeze.
A summer zephyr gently stirred her hair.

\section*{calypso}
\kə- 'lip-(.)sō
[no alternate pronunciation(s)]

\section*{noun}
a style of music originating in the West Indies, marked by lively duple meter, and having lyrics that are often improvised and usually satirize local personalities and events.
The song soon became a calypso when Lydia sang out improvised lyrics.```

