

A Bible class at Peace Lutheran

Lesson 1: Introduction

Each of the Gospels – Matthew, Mark, Luke, and John – give a slightly different picture of the very same, one-and-only Savior. Identify:

Why that's worth confounding: comforting: considering:

Matthew (often icon-ed as a *man*) stresses the Messiah's *lineage* Mark (often icon-ed as a *lion/bear*) stresses the Messiah's *power* Luke (often icon-ed as an *ox*) stresses the Messiah's *sacrifice* John (often icon-ed as an *eagle*) stresses the Messiah's *divinity* 

They all stress the Savior; but they all stress a different aspect of him. Could say, in their own special way, they all <u>reveal</u> the Son of God!

"Revelation" is used 22x in the New Testament. Determine how the word is used in each passage below; then comprise a working definition.

Luke 2:32

Luke 10:22

Romans 8:19

Galatians 1:12

Ephesians 1:17

working definition: "Revelation" means . . .

"The noun (revelation/apocalypse) is singular, describing the entire Book as a unified revelation from and about Jesus. However, John also describes distinct experiences of what he 'saw' which divides the Book into scenes. Understanding the relationship between these scenes is essential to understanding the book."

- Lutheran Study Bible footnote

| Revelation is all about Jesus; but he's not always what first comes to mind. List other facets that glimmer in initial consideration. |   |  |  |  |  |  |
|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|
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Read <u>Revelation 1:1-3</u>. Organize the truth it conveys to celebrate:

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† "the One made known" : _____!
† the procession relayed : ____ → ____.
† the purpose of the Revelation :
† the result of the Revelation :
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Is this breath of the Spirit Inspired meant to comfort us or intended to confuse us?

In love, God lets us know both who is coming and what is coming. Comfort & grace! In doing so, he underlines two sub-themes for us:

- 1) Acts 14:22b: 1st half of book . . .
- 2) Matthew 16:18: 2<sup>nd</sup> half of book . . .

## Why might "church militant" need that?!

It's unwise to separate the Book from its purpose, and/or to divorce it from its sub-themes.

Scripture interprets Scripture; let's see how it agrees.

Some prophecy/visions give pictures of a truth (not literal/figurative descriptions of a truth). Symbolic images/numbers need to be taken symbolically.

The symbolic use of numbers appears consistent :

- **3 God** (1:4, 5; 4:8; 12:10; 14:1; 19:1)
- 4 created world/people (4:8; 6:1-8; 7:9 11:9; 7:1; 21:13)
- o 6 evil/deception/imperfection (13:18)
- o 7 [3+4] God's gracious interaction w/ world (1:4; 4:5; 5:6, 2, 3; 5:1; 512; 7:12; 8:6)
  - O 3.5 (42 months [11:2], 1260 days 11:3], 3.5 days [11:9, 11])
- 0 10 completion (2:10; 5:11; 12:3, 13:1; 17:12; 20:2-7)
- o 12 the church, God's gracious work among people (4:4; 19:4, 7:4-8; 21:12-21; 22:2)

(adapted from Prof. Tom Kocks's Bible study: Jesus Has – and Will – Win!);

# Introduction (Revelation 1:1-20)

## Seigbert Becker's big, beneficial outline (that we won't discuss thoroughly) (NPH Revelation commentary, page 23)

| Seven<br>Letters                                  | Seven<br>Seals  | Seven<br>Trumpets   | Seven<br>Visions                          | Seven<br>Vials                             | Christ &<br>Antichrist                       | Christ &<br>Satan                  |
|---|---|---|---|--|--|------------------------------------|
| Ephesus<br>(2:1-7)                                | White<br>horse<br>(6:1, 2)  | Hail and<br>fire (8:7)  | Woman<br>clothed<br>with sun<br>(12:1-17) | Sore/ulcer<br>(16:1, 2)                    |  | 5447                               |
| Smyrna<br>(2:8-11)                                | Red horse<br>(6:3, 4)   | Blood (8:8,<br>9)   | Beast<br>from sea<br>(13:1-10)            | Bloody<br>seas (16:3)                      | The Power                                    | The                                |
| Pergamos<br>(2:12-17)                             | Black<br>horse<br>(6:5, 6)  | Bitter<br>waters<br>(8:10, 11)  | Beast<br>from<br>earth<br>(13:11-18)      | Bloody<br>rivers &<br>fountain<br>(16:4-7) | (17:1-18) and<br>Destruction<br>(18:1-24) of | Victory<br>over Satan,<br>the Last |
| Thyatira<br>(2:18-29)                             | Pale horse<br>(6:7, 8)  | Darkness<br>(8:12, 13)  | 144,000<br>in heaven<br>(14:1-5)          | Burning<br>heat<br>(16:8, 9)               | Antichrist<br>and the                        | Judgment,                          |
| Sardis<br>(3:1-6)                                 | Souls<br>under<br>altar<br>(6:9-11)                                   | Smoke<br>obscuring<br>sun-<br>locusts<br>(9:1-12)                         | Flying<br>angels<br>(14:6-13)             | Darkness<br>(16:10, 11)                    | Final<br>Victory of<br>Christ (19:1-         | Triumph<br>of Christ<br>and his    |
| Philadelphia<br>(3:7-13)                          | Last<br>judgment<br>(6:12-19)   | Army<br>from east<br>(9:13-21)  | Last<br>judgment<br>(14:14-20)            | Army<br>from east<br>(16:12-16)            | 21) — the<br>destruction                     | Church<br>(20:1-22:7)              |
| Laodicea<br>(3:14-22)                             | Interlude:<br>church<br>(on earth:<br>7:1-8;<br>in heaven:<br>7:9-17) | Interlude:<br>witnessing<br>church in<br>its<br>suffering<br>(10:1–11:14) | Angels<br>with 7<br>vials<br>(15:1-8)     | End of the<br>world<br>(16:17-21)          | of Satan's<br>earthly<br>agents              | – the<br>destruction<br>of Satan   |
| Interlude:<br>prelude to<br>7 seals<br>(4:1-5:14) | Vision of<br>trumpets<br>introduced<br>(8:1-6)                        | End of the<br>world<br>(11:15-19)   |   |  |  |                                    |

# Conclusion (Revelation 22:8-21)

one summary statement for each major section

- 1:1-3 →
- 1:4-8 →
- 1:9-11 →
- 1:12-20 **→**

compare

titles for Jesus used; which ones emphasize him as

- Anointed:
- Almighty:
- Always:
- Authoritative:

celebrate

the specific activities of Jesus done "for us"

- past activities :
- present activities :

the words of another pastor, Professor Tom Kock, in his study on Revelation. How might you answer his thoughts?

- 1) Remember the context the church is struggling, both because of Domitian's persecution from the outside and because of internal struggles. What truths in these first 11 verses will be of particular encouragement for the believers? Why?
- Given the context, the people probably didn't much feel like a 'kingdom' and 'priests,' yet they were. What are some ways in which Satan tries to hide from us the truths that we, too, are a 'kingdom' and 'priests'? What truths in these first 11 verses remind us that we ARE a 'kingdom' and 'priests?'
- God, through John, reminds the people that their pastor shares in the same 'suffering, kingdom, and patient endurance' as they. For what reasons is that an important reminder for the pastor? For the people? What important reminders does that give us as we move towards the future?

specific gospel encouragements intended for strugglers

You have the privilege of reading this with eyes of faith and hearts of grace. What words, concepts, sections might you ring to the individual who – like the original readers – is enduring hardship for the sake of Christ. Remember, Revelation is written from captivity to those persecuted.

"The beloved bride needed to hear from her Bridegroom. She needed assurances that he was still in charge. She needed reminders of his real and unfailing love. She needed to hear that she was his precious possession and possessor of all that was rightfully his. She needed his comfort in the midst of conflict. And that is what he, graciously and generously, gives her. We need to hear his voice too. We need comfort in the midst of our conflicts. Our prayer is that we would hear just that as we study this beautiful Revelation of Jesus."

— Pastor Tim Westendorf (Forward In Christ Article)

What ways can we find this week – and in worship on Sundays – to ponder, celebrate, and share the "comfort in midst of our conflicts" so evident in the book of Revelation?



A Bible class at Peace Lutheran

Lesson 2 : Seven Letters

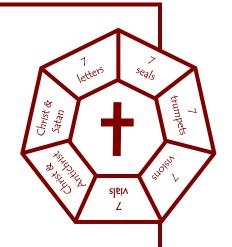
## Revelation review . . .

## Revelation means:

Revelation is all about :

Revelation has two sub-themes:

- Acts 14:22b →
- Matthew 16:18 →



Paul's letter to the Ephesians may seem like a strange place to begin a study on <u>Revelation</u>. And maybe it is. Still, let's take a skim-through look at <u>Ephesians 5</u>. As we do, let's be sure to identify clearly . . .

- \*who Christ is in connection to his Church:
- \*who the Church is in connection to Christ:
- how that's relationship on display (here):

Like e-mails of our age, letters were effective & enduring ways to communicate admonitions & administrations, encouragements & instructions, doctrines & directions. In fact, that official format was used in the Old Testament (*prophets*), throughout the Intertestamental period (*Apocrypha*), and well into the New Testament era (*epistles*). Those things, too, find a place in the book of *Revelation*.

But, before we get there, look again at Revelation 1:12-20 . . .

o identify what /who John saw:

(Ephesians 5!)

- what vision-imagery is emphasized?
- o identify what he told John to do:
  - what vision-imagery is explained?
- o Often, God "empties us" before he "fills us." Evidence?

Few couple notes to remember . . .

- o lampstands / candlesticks = the churches (Matthew 5:14–16)
- o *angels / messengers / stars* = pastors who relay/reflect the messages
- o seven = number of completion; to actual churches & meant for all
- o write = God-breathed words; Divine Verbal Inspiration
- o he who has an ear let him hear = a word to the wise (Matthew 13:9)



Now the letters. Each one communicates similar themes, outlines and instructions. Skim *Revelation 2 & 3* to complete each letter's outline.

Revelation 2:8–11

- o the good:
- o the bad:
- o the warning:
- o the promise:
- o point that "hits home":

## Smyrna

study helps: <u>tempt</u> - Satan's try to separate from God so that we become faithless <u>test</u> - God's work to draw us closer to himself &

to strengthen our faith & our faithfulness
second death - eternal separation from God

- o the good:
- o the bad:
- o the warning:
- o the promise:
- o point that "hits home":

- o the good:
- o the bad:
- o the warning:
- o the promise:
- o point that "hits home":

## Thyatira

Revelation 2:18–29

study helps: <u>Jezebel</u> - OT idolatry-endorsing queen (I Kgs 18)

<u>Satan's deep secrets</u> - God's plain truth is despised

<u>morning star</u> - something wonderful, a Messiah

(Numbers 2:24; Matthew 2:1-12; Revelation 22:16)

- o the good:
- o the bad:
- o the warning:
- o the promise:
- o point that "hits home":

- o the good:
- o the bad:
- o the warning:
- o the promise:
- o point that "hits home":

## Philadelphia

Revelation 5:7-13

study helps: <u>key of David</u> – authority & messianic line

<u>coming trial</u> – messianic woes (Matthew 24)

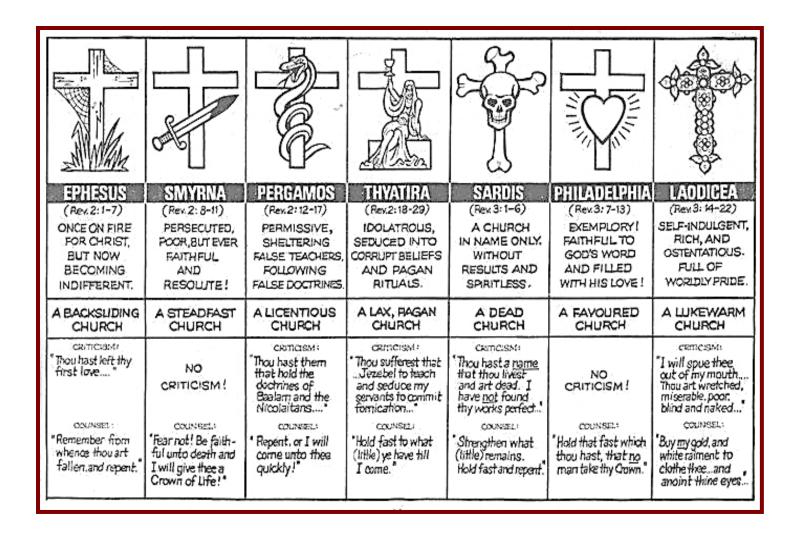
<u>temple pillar</u> – secure in God's presence

(fun fact: this Philadelphia endured a lot of earthquakes)

- o the good :
- o the bad:
- o the warning:
- o the promise:
- o point that "hits home":

study helps: <u>not hot, not cold</u> – seemingly indifferent <u>rich</u> – physical abundance sees no spiritual need

- o the good:
- o the bad:
- o the warning:
- o the promise:
- o point that "hits home":



"Jesus isn't afraid to speak the truth. He isn't bashful about pointing out our shortcomings. But he does so in love. He knows the danger posed by unrepented sin. He knows the damage caused by false teaching and ungodly living. And so he lovingly calls on his people to repent of sin where necessary. But always so he can comfort with his word of redemption and restoration! Be convicted, but be comforted by his forgiven grace . . . Hide yourself in him, and find your peace and strength and hope in him."

- Pastor Tim Westendorf (Forward In Christ Article)

Your Assignment this week . . .consider our ministry here.

## Boulder

study helps: sinner-saints – Christians on this side of heaven

ministry blessings – the joys we enjoy in grace

ministry challenges – hurdles our church endures

ministry opportunities – well suited to share Jesus

- o the church which we're most like:
- o the good :
- o the bad:
- o the warning:
- o the promise:
- o point that "hits home":



A Bible class at Peace Lutheran

Lesson 3: throne room & throne

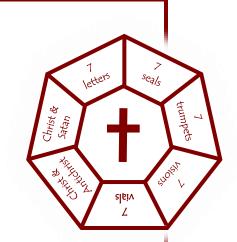
## Revelation means:

Revelation is all about :

Revelation has a context of:

Revelation has two sub-themes:

- Acts 14:22b →
- Matthew 16:18 →



Not unconnected: in the box below, list as many of God's gracious activities as you possibly can. You've got 1½ minutes to do so. Go!

- ✓ identify those activities whose evidence is important to and has already appeared in the book of Revelation
- ✓ identify those activities whose evidence is important to and still necessary for "God's Church" to hear and know

just to ponder: in our current struggles, is it more beneficial to remember what our God <u>has done</u>, or to recall what our God <u>will do</u>?

So far in **Revelation** God's heart of compassion has been active in:

- ✓ making known (1:1) : a <u>revelation</u> by his grace
- ✓ gospel-izing (1:4-8) : a <u>revelation</u> of Jesus' work
- ✓ having John write (1:19) : a <u>revelation</u> to communicate
- ✓ *instructing* (chapters 2 & 3 ) : a *revelation* for direction
- ✓ inviting (chapters 4 & 5): a revelation of the goal

The second scene of John's vision (chapters 4 & 5) gives a glimpse into the heavenly realities. This scene includes the ascension/coronation of Christ at the right hand of the heavenly Father. It shows the overall purpose of <u>Revelation</u> is to comfort the church as it faces persecution and awaits Christ's return. It is the heart of the revelation."

- Lutheran Study Bible Footnote

In just a minute, we'll read and rejoice in the vision of God's throne room & throne. Before we get there, let's identify the simple truths in:

- Psalm 47 →
- Isaiah 6:2-4 >
- Revelation 1:10, 17, 18 <del>></del>

study helps: door standing open - open access jasper/white, carnelian/red - majesty, judgment rainbow: symbol of God's covenant to Noah emerald - green: color of comfort, hope, peace thrones - places of power, rule, judgment elders - position of leadership, counsel → 12 OT tribes, 12 NT apostles = God's Church crowns - authority or reward of victory/success 7 lamps = 7 spirits - the Holy Spirit (Exodus 37:17-24, Zechariah 4:1-6, Isaiah 11:2) sea - usually symbolic of chaos, evil, unknown 4 living creatures - angel ranks? evangelists? God's created things? [Ezekiel 1; 10:9-22] wings - common feature of angel in God's presence (Isaiah 6:2: cover in reverence & readiness) eves - seem to symbolize unending vigilance

I'll read Revelation 4; you follow along & listen along to pinpoint :

- > a single-truth, simple-summary statement :
- > aspects that emphasize God's majesty :
- > other attributes of God on vibrant display :

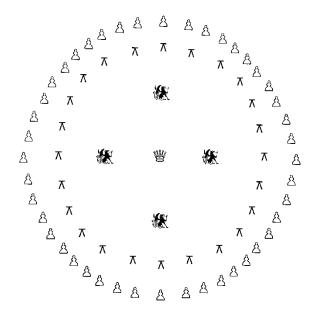
| one   |        | holy | holy   | holy           |  |
|-------|--------|------|--------|----------------|--|
| four: | is the | Lord | God    | Almighty       |  |
|       | who    | wąs  | and is | and is to come |  |

"The 'throne' is not a physical piece of furniture, etc. Rather, God here condescends to the forms and terms of this present world in order to convey to us, as far as possible, some idea of the realities of heaven, which, in their full glory and splendor, are inconceivable to us now."

- Poellot, 74

Let's make sure we don't lose the forest for the trees. Yes, it's a strange scene getting stranger. But don't miss . . .

- > the focus is on:
- > the common activity is:



God condescends to let <u>us-here</u> glimpse his <u>throne-there</u>. How's this striking balance of what God <u>has done</u> & <u>will do</u> refresh our faith here?

study helps: worthy — fully qualified & equal to the task

(not "bold enough, strong enough, willing enough")

Judah's Lion — Mighty Ruler of Genesis 49:9, 10

David's Root — Kingly line/promise of Isaiah 11

Lamb looking slain — atoning sacrifice (John 1:29)

horns — usually symbolic of power

eyes — symbol of watch and wisdom

bowls of incense — the prayers of Christians

tribe, language, people, nation — #4 = the world

new song — song of accomplished salvation

(Psalm 96:1 Psalm 98:1 — frequently used at . . . Christmas)

I'll read <u>Revelation 5</u>; you read, follow, & listen along to pinpoint :

- > a single-truth, simple-summary statement :
- > aspects that emphasize the Lamb's worthiness:
- > aspects that emphasize the Lamb's uniqueness :

"Accordingly, many interpreters understand this scene as involving a coronation or investiture of authority. One may here see a glimpse of what occurred in heaven at Christ's ascension."

- Lutheran Study Bible footnote

The focus of <u>Revelation 5</u> is the Lamb before the throne; that's our Jesus - and he's worthy to receive prayers and praise! In this chapter, 3 doxologies (words of praise) are sung. Spend time in each & identify:

- ♦ the Lamb <u>was</u> worthy.
- this is what made him worthy:
- \* this is how his worth benefits us:

## Revelation 5:12

- the Lamb <u>is</u> worthy.
- this is what's rightly his because he is worthy:
- this is how that's given on this side of eternity :

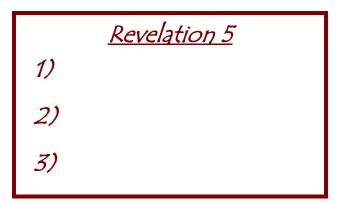
- ❖ the Lamb will always be worthy.
- this is where his worth places him:
- this is how long he shall be adored:

"[John] was an exile on the island of Patmos. Was his isolation and loneliness representative of the reality for those who placed their hope in Jesus? Was God really powerful? Was God really in charge? Or was it just some cruel hoax and scam? What an experience it must have been for John as he was allowed to see the throne room of God! Brilliant and majestic . . . 'He is worthy!' so say the four creatures and twenty-four elders. 'He is worthy!' so say the thunderous voices of the countless angel army. 'He is worthy!' so say all other creatures in heaven and earth, including, by God's grace, you and me."

- Pastor Tim Westendorf (Forward In Christ Article)

Recall God's gracious activities! By God's grace, you've been numbered with those whom God has purchased from every tribe, language, people & nation. With the Lamb's gospel on your heart, you're a saint – here & now! You! That's faith refreshing! This week, read <u>Revelation 4 & 5</u> three different times; in each time & each chapter, discover 1 thought that refreshes & strengthens your saint-life on this side of heaven.

## Revelation 4 1) 2) 3)





A Bible class at Peace Lutheran

Lesson 4:7 seals & 7 trumpets

## Revelation review . . .

## Revelation means:

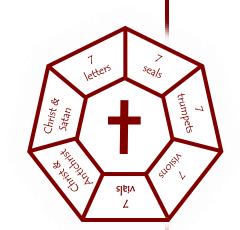
Revelation is all about :

Revelation has a context of:

Revelation has two sub-themes:

- Acts 14:22b →
- Matthew 16:18 →

Revelation gives us a glimpse of: our \_\_\_\_\_



So far, from our together-study of, and from your own individual time spent in, the Spirit Inspired book <u>Revelation</u>, identify what you feel is:

- ✓ the most striking aspect :
- ✓ the most unsettling aspect :
- ✓ the most applicable aspect :

Last lesson celebrated the throne and the Lamb before it – a powerful visual of our God and our victory! But things are about to get strange. Consider the blessings the throne's "primary placement" instills!

## Because it will inevitably come up, let's remember :

"Had God wanted us to know, he would have told us" - Poellot, 119

We have a lot to cover today. Revelation 6-11. Here's our options:

- 12 read/study/talk together & be ok not finishing the lesson; or
- 2) break into groups, self-study for 20 mins., come back & report

## Matthew 24

- ✓ false Christs (v. 5)
- √ wars & war-rumors (v. 6)
- ✓ famines (v. 7)
- √ pestilence (v. 7; Lk. 21:11)
- ✓ earthquakes (v. 7)
- ✓ persecution (v. 9)
- ✓ apostasy (v. 10)
- ✓ false prophets (v. 11)
- ✓ love growing cold (v. 12)
- ✓ gospel world-wide (v. 14)
- ✓ then the end (v. 14)

## Revelation 6

- > white horse [?] (v. 1, 2)
- $\triangleright$  red horse / war (v. 3-4)
- > black horse / famine (v. 5-6)
- > pale horse / death (v. 7-8)
- > earthquakes (v. 12)
- > souls under altar (v. 9-11)
- > white horses [?] (v. 1-2)
- > then the end (v. 12-17)

## the seals

Revelation 6

study helps: horses – synonymous with war & conquest

white – color associated with purity/innocence

(Jesus? his Word? False Christs? Man's thirst for power?)

fiery red – color for war and bloodshed

<u>black</u> – color associated with calamity/famine <u>pale (green)</u> – color associated with death & sickness (result of calamities) <u>Hades</u> – New Testament name for hell <u>fractions</u> – display severity albeit "limited"

Take 5 minutes to skim the chapter and, as you do, identify:

- > a single-truth, simple-summary statement :
- > the aspect that is the most confusing :
- > the aspect that is the most comforting:

"Focus now shifts from cosmic upheaval and judgment to the salvation of God's elect" – Lutheran Study Bible footnote

- ❖ 7:1-8 Church Militant (church's struggle in a sinful world)
- \* 7:9-17 Church Triumphant (church's eternal calm in heaven)

## the church

study helps: 144,000 - God's ordered & organized Church

palm branches - symbol of victor & victory

great tribulation - "pressing down" suffering

spread his tent - implies protection & security

Take 5 minutes to skim the chapter and, as you do, identify:

- > a single-truth, simple-summary statement :
- > the aspect that is the most confusing :
- > the aspect that is the most comforting:

Ephesians 1:13, 14 Look up Paul's divinely-inspired encouragement. What confident clarity does Ephesians 1 shed on this section?

"The people who are sealed are the servants of God, the people who belong to God. God's seal is set on men when God claims them as his own, when God says to them, "You are mine." - Becker, 119

## 10 statements of the heavenly bliss the redeemed enjoy (Rev. 7:9-17):

- 1) they're before God's throne
- 2) they serve him in his temple
- 3) God sits on the throne to dwell among them
- 4) they hunger no more
- 5)They thirst no more

- 6) sun won't fall upon them
- 7) they endure no heat
- 8) Lamb is their Shepherd
- 9) Lamb leads to life-springs
- 10) God completely wipes every tear from their eye

## seal & censer

Revelation 8:1-5

study helps: <u>angels standing</u> – ready to go at his command

<u>trumpets</u> – instrument used to warn of danger

<u>incense & prayers</u> – an acceptable mix

(Proverbs 28:9, John 9:31, John 16:23)

<u>censer thrown</u> – signals the trumpets to start

Take 2 minutes to skim the chapter and, as you do, identify:

- > a single-truth, simple-summary statement :
- > the aspect that is the most confusing :
- > the aspect that is the most comforting:

## trumpets

Revelation 8:6-9:21

study helps: fractions — display severity, albeit "limited"

Wormwood — bitter herb, absinthe

rising smoke — shows God's wrath vs. evil

5 months — usual length of locust "season"

horse-like — power & strength

crowns — victory

faces like men — deception (reason/intelligence)

hair — seduction or illusion of harmlessness

teeth – strength/ferocity, but not for killing

Abaddon / Apollyon – Destroyer (likely, Satan)

Euphrates – E' boundary with hostility across

red, blue & yellow – fire, smoke, sulpher

lions – power, courage, & agility

snake-tails – more severe than scorpions

"These unnatural characterizations emphasize that this is no no ordinary disaster, but rather punishment from God's hand" – Lutheran Study Bible footnote

Take 5 minutes to skim the chapter and, as you do, identify:

- > a single-truth, simple-summary statement :
- > the aspect that is the most confusing :
- > the aspect that is the most comforting:

fair to see?

Some think these trumpets signal against false teachings. They conclude that such teachings obscure the light of God's Word (8:12), poison the water of life (8:11), rob people of spiritual sustenance (8:7), but such teachings cannot completely blot out the truth of God's Word.

study helps: <u>open scroll</u>—not concealed; also not recorded

<u>sour & sweet</u> — proper description of the Word!

<u>peoples, nations, languages, kings</u> — all the world

Take 5 minutes to skim the chapter and, as you do, identify:

- > a single-truth, simple-summary statement :
- > the aspect that is the most confusing :
- > the aspect that is the most comforting:

"When the sweet Word has become an inseparable part of you and of your life, there is also the bitterness of the things that must be endured as a result" – Poellot, 140 Evidence?!

The first part of this chapter (11) is quite difficult because of all the imagery. Let's get the flow. In trumpet 5, we were warned that there would be all sorts of false teachings/religions coming from hell.

Trump 7 pictured the false philosophies/theologies of this world. But chapter 10 – at the end – reminds us that the Word will be spread. Chapter 11 will now talk about the results of all that, what happens with the visible Christian Church, the church on earth. This vision bears similarity to Jesus' parable of the net (Matthew 13:47–50).

-Pastor Aaron Nitz

study helps: measuring rod — God sets, expects, & knows

42 months, 1260 days — unsettled period (NT era)

witnesses / olive trees / lampstands — prophets

beast — anything that opposed/opposes Christ

Sodom — unbridled moral perversion

3 ½ days dead — misguided thought of triumph

fractions — display severity, albeit "limited"

destroying — not annihilation; a lasting death

ark — symbol of God's faithfulness & covenant

Take 5 minutes to skim the chapter and, as you do, identify:

- > a single-truth, simple-summary statement :
- > the aspect that is the most confusing :
- > the aspect that is the most comforting:

"John's readers who knew their Old Testament would realize that the only shelter that could protect men against such destruction is the merit of Christ, who has turned away God's wrath by redeeming us with his blood (Revelation 5:9)."

Becker, 179

Use Revelation 11 to again identify where and how the three major subthemes of the book are evident and are on bright display for us.

- ✓ there will be struggles:
- ✓ Jesus wins :
- ✓ Heaven is our home:

Your assignment this week . . .

- Finish whatever portions of this lesson we didn't get to in class;
- \* Revisit the entire section & identify 10 comforts for us here.
  - 1. In 10:7 it refers to the "mystery of God." What aspects of our salvation remain a "mystery?" For what reasons are you glad to have some aspects of your salvation be a "mystery?"
  - 2. Two of the three themes in the book come through pretty clearly in 11:1–14: on this side of eternity there will always be struggles, but Jesus wins. Victory through suffering. List 3 reasons that it's helpful in our life of faith to be regularly reminded of each of those truths.
  - 3. But the end of chapter 11! Oh, the end is so cool, isn't it?!? List three ways by which the end of chapter 11 will help you as you live your life this week.



A Bible class at Peace Lutheran

Lesson 5 : Rebels & Ruler

## Revelation review . . .

Revelation means:

Revelation is all about :

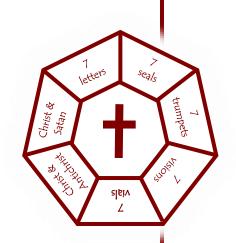
Revelation has a context of:

Revelation has two sub-themes:

- Acts 14:22b →
- Matthew 16:18 →

Revelation gives us a glimpse of our:

Revelation reminds us our God is in total:



Last time, we took a big chunk. And that was ok! Even that big bite helps us identify a balance that, like our lives, is aware of confusion but appreciative of confidence. Skim <u>Revelation 6–11</u> again to identify:

| 3 optimistic confidences : |
|----------------------------|
| 1)                         |
| 2)                         |
| 3)                         |
|                            |

In honest application, both of those columns are important for us to see, know, and experience here and now. Why?

Similar practice, different Testament. Skim <u>Isaiah 43 - 45</u> to identify:

| 3 optimistic confidences : |
|----------------------------|
| 1)                         |
| 2)                         |
| 3)                         |
|                            |

Excellent! Let's keep those in mind as we step back into the Vision.

# the bother

study helps: pregnant woman — is the Church, not Mary
red dragon — Satan
dragon's crowns — ruler's crown, not victor's
male child — Jesus
1260 days (3 ½ years) — like refers to NT era
Michael — "who is like the Lord"
Salvation — total redemption by God
Power — total strength of God
Kingdom — total rule of God
Authority — total supremacy of Christ
Devil — "to bring charge with hostile intent"
Serpent's river — flood of demonic doctrines

- > a single-truth, simple-summary statement :
- > the aspect most disturbing :
- > the aspect most delighting:

Pay attention to the Dragon's panic in the chapter outline:

- 1) Dragon unsuccessful against Church →
- 2) Dragon unsuccessful against heaven →
- 3) heaven's taunt @ unsuccessful Dragon →
- 4) Dragon against church (again).

How's this connect to:

- ✓ Church's struggle
- ✓ Christ's victory
- ✓ Our heaven

Pick apart the doxology in Revelation 12:10-12 . . . and celebrate!

This is for sure!

- v. 10 : there is one who is supreme, he is \_\_\_\_ God.
- v. 10: the one who accuses \_\_\_\_\_ is hurled down.
- v. 11 : the reason the accuser can't accuse is the Lamb's \_\_\_\_\_
- v. 11 : the means by which he's still overcome the Lamb's \_\_\_\_
- v. 12 : so, because the accuser can't accuse, so we can \_\_\_\_\_
- v. 12: so, because the accuser can't accuse, his time is \_\_\_\_\_

Both of the following quotes are right and accurate and encouraging as we step away from this chapter. Which one do you prefer . . . and why?

"In a hostile world God has prepared for his church a place of safety." – Becker, 184 "If you want to laugh at the devil, read Revelation 12" - Poellot, 158

<u>Revelation 12</u> helps us understand the Devil's <u>intent</u> <u>Revelation 13</u> helps us understand the Devil's <u>instruments</u>

# the beasts

study helps: from the sea — foreign, but from created order

leopard, bear, lion — similar to beast in Daniel 7

42 months (3½) — seems to refer to NT era

Lamblike, dragon—talk — appears innocent; isn't

mark on hand & head — sign of ownership,

service & profession/confession

666 — recognizes proximity to God (7), but falls

short with imperfection & inaccess

"[concerning the 666] Irenaeus (disciple of John) said that it was safer to wait for the fulfillment of the prophecy than to guess and to look for names that would fit (but he later identified it as "LATIN")

- Becker, 213

Take 
minutes to skim the chapter and, as you do, identify:

- > a single-truth, simple-summary statement :
- > the aspect most disturbing :
- > the aspect most delighting :

Strange as it sounds, let's do a quick compare/contrast of the beasts.

|                          | Beast 1  | Beast 2   |
|--------------------------|--|---|
| Origin :                 |  |   |
| Appearance :             |  |   |
| Attraction :             |  |   |
| Offense :                |  |   |
| Could be :               | Against-Christ governments<br>Against-Christ society;<br>Against-Christ powers | In-place-of Christ propaganda<br>In-place-of-Christ religions/offices<br>In-place-of-grace theologies |
| Means for<br>the Church: |  |   |

"The Kingdom of God on earth will be a kingdom of the cross until its consummation in eternal glory" – Becker, 200

<u>Revelation 12</u> helps us understand the Devil's <u>intent</u> <u>Revelation 13</u> helps us understand the Devil's <u>instruments</u> <u>Revelation 14</u> helps us remember our Lord's & our <u>inevitable victory</u>

# Triumphant!

study helps: Mount Zion – heaven, presence/city of God

"new" song – gratitude & joy over salvation

Virginity – symbol of faithfulness to God

Eternal gospel – not "new," but "enduring"

Babylon – idolatry, apostacy, oppression

Deeds following – as proof of faith (not merit)

"like a son of man" – Jesus (Daniel 7:13)

1600 stadia (4x4 & 10 x 10) – complete &

universal judgment on the world & wicked

Take 4 minutes to skim the chapter and, as you do, identify:

- > a single-truth, simple-summary statement :
- > the aspect most disturbing :
- > the aspect most delighting :

Revelation 14 is nicely divided up into and summarized by three sections – all for our confidence! Skim each section to identify clearly:

identify them using Revelation 14:1-5 . . .

how does that calm our hearts in Christ?

identify them using Revelation 14:6-13 . . .

how does that calm our hearts in Christ?

identify them using Revelation 14:14-20 . . .

how does that calm our hearts in Christ?

Your assignment this week . . .

read the chapters again; highlight all that brings you comfort



A Bible class at Peace Lutheran

Lesson 6 : Bowls & Babylon

# Revelation review . . .

#### Revelation means:

Revelation is all about :

Revelation has a context of:

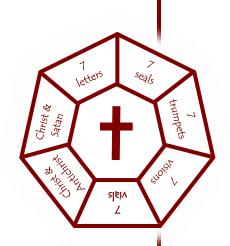
Revelation has two sub-themes:

- Acts 14:22b →
- Matthew 16:18 →

Revelation gives us a glimpse of our:

Revelation reminds us our God is in total:

<u>Revelation</u> enlightens us to the source of:



Last time . . .

Revelation 12 helped us understand the Devil's intent;

Revelation 13 helped us understand the Devil's instruments; &

Revelation 14 helped us remember our Lord's & our inevitable victory.

us?

| what does that outline display concerning God's heart for |
|---|
|   |
|   |
|   |

That in mind, let's use the table below to identify confident ways that the Lord's Prayer connects to the Spirit Inspired book of <u>Revelation</u>.

| Prayer's<br>Petition:                          | Super-Brief<br>Explanation: | Revelation<br>Connection |
|--|-----------------------------|--------------------------|
| Our Father<br>in heaven                        |                             |                          |
| Hallowed<br>be your name                       |                             |                          |
| Your kingdom<br>come                           |                             |                          |
| Your will be done<br>on earth as in heaven     |                             |                          |
| Give us today our<br>daily bread               |                             |                          |
| Forgive us our<br>sins as we forgive           |                             |                          |
| Lead us not<br>into temptation                 |                             |                          |
| Deliver us<br>from evil                        |                             |                          |
| Yours is the kingdom,<br>power & glory forever |                             |                          |
| Amen!  |                             |                          |

It's always a blessing to remember our God hears & answers our prayers; it's especially good to remember that as we see those answers played out on such rich & vivid display in <u>Revelation 15-18</u>. Let's take a look ...

# seven angels

study helps: sea of glass & fire — both hint at God's presence

harp — instrument near synonymous with joy

song of Moses — Victory (Ex. 15:1-18; Deut. 32:1-48)

Tabernacle of the Testimony — God's presence

clean linen — servants of God

golden sashes — agents of royalty

qolden bowls — punishment to be poured out

Take 
minutes to skim the chapter and, as you do, identify:

- > a single-truth, simple-summary statement :
- > the aspect most confidence instilling:
- > the Lord's Prayer petition most connecting :

Marvelous theology on display in <u>Revelation 15</u>: we get the \_\_\_\_\_, but God get the \_\_\_\_\_.

"Great and marvelous are your deeds, Lord God Almighty. Just and true are your ways, King of the ages. Who will not fear you, O Lord, and bring glory to your name? For you alone are holy. All nations will come and worship before you, for your righteous acts have been revealed. (Revelation 15:3, 4)

# Circle every reason that God is to be "feared"

"Thus all men will finally
'fear' God, either with the
fear of a terrified
conscience or with the awe
and respect of a believing
heart." – Becker, 239
(cf. Philippians 2:5–11)

"After a sublime description of how the redeemed rejoice in heaven, the vision takes a somber tone . . . That is how things typically are during the church's earthly sojourn: the most sublime moments of rejoicing are followed by dreadful calamities, and hope is ever threatened by evil and judgment." – Lutheran Study Bible footnote

#### the bowls

study helps: the altar — place of God's punitive justice

Euphrates — border edged with heather powers

Armageddon — battleground of stubborn

resistance

the great city — Jerusalem? Rome? Babylon?

island — once considered outskirts & safe—havens

Take 4 minutes to skim the chapter and, as you do, identify:

- > a single-truth, simple-summary statement :
- > the aspect most confidence instilling:
- > the Lord's Prayer petition most connecting :

| Bowls / Vials                      | Meaning: | Our Comfort : |
|------------------------------------|----------|---------------|
| sores (v. 2):                      |          |               |
| blood H <sup>2</sup> Os (v. 3, 4): |          |               |
| sun (v. 8, 9) :                    |          |               |
| beast (v. 10, 11) :                |          |               |
| Euphrates (v.12-14) :              |          |               |
| air (v. 17-21) :                   |          |               |

"Behold, I come like a thief! Blessed is he who stays awake and keeps his clothes with him, so that he may not go naked and be shamefully exposed" (Revelation 16:15)

Identify Jesus' point? Identify Jesus' grace?

# the prostitute

study helps: great prostitute – the apostate church

sits on waters – sign of authority & control

scarlet beast – anti-Christian government (13:1)

Z- not literal, seems to be devilish deception

10 kings, 1 hour – their rule is quick & limited

prostitute ravaged, – won't tolerate a "church"

Take 🌆 minutes to skim the chapter and, as you do, identify:

- > a single-truth, simple-summary statement :
- > the aspect most confidence instilling:
- > the Lord's Prayer petition most connecting :

Strangely evident in chapter 17 is the image of the world turning against itself.

Evidence of that in our day?

"Majestically and unfailingly overruling the plots and plans of the beast and its kings is the will of God" – Poellot, 227 *study helps : <u>angel illuminated</u> –* shatter darkness, show importance

<u>Fallen!</u> – double assurance <u>"Great"</u> – in size, arrogance, & destruction <u>"not a widow"</u> – never was the "Bride of Christ" <u>fruit</u> – the kind ripe & ready to harvest <u>no music or work</u> – no "life" left in her

Take 4 minutes to skim the chapter and, as you do, identify:

- > a single-truth, simple-summary statement :
- > the aspect most confidence instilling:
- > the Lord's Prayer petition most connecting:

| . >      | Three of God's attributes on display | Where, specifically,<br>they're evident here: | What it means for us who sojourn here: |
|----------|--------------------------------------|---|--|
| identify |                                      |   |  |
|          |                                      |   |  |

Your assignment this week . . .

\* read the chapters again; identify the 3 sub-themes of Revelation



A Bible class at Peace Lutheran

Lesson 7 : Victory & Triumph

#### Revelation review . . .

#### Revelation means:

Revelation is all about :

Revelation has a context of:

Revelation has two sub-themes:

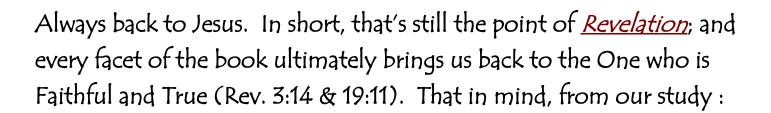
- Acts 14:22b →
- Matthew 16:18 →

Revelation gives us a glimpse of our:

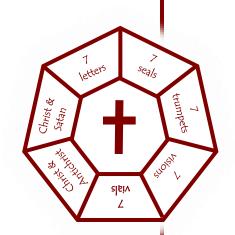
Revelation reminds us our God is in total:

Revelation enlightens us to the source of:

**Revelation** swells to the promise that Jesus will:



- \*What concept has been the most eye-opening for you?
- \* What concept has been the most assuring for you?



# Praise the LORD!

\*\*study helps: Hallelujah\* – Hebrew shout: Praise the LORD

"forever smoking" – no chance of restoration

linen given – gift granted, not worked by us

eyes of fire – symbolizes Jesus' omniscience

crowned head – symbolizes Jesus' omnipotence

sword – emblem of judgment

iron scepter/rod – emblem of ruling authority

10 positions defeated (v. 18) – complete victory

beast w/ kings – secular antichrist

beast w/ false prophet – ecclesiastical antichrist

Take 4 minutes to skim the chapter and, as you do, identify:

- > a single-truth, simple-summary statement :
- > the concept most eye-opening :
- ➤ the back-to-Jesus concept most assuring :

Vividly: the apostate church \_\_\_\_\_; God's Church \_\_\_\_\_.

| 19:3 | 19:4 | 19:5      | 19:6-8         |
|------|------|-----------|----------------|
|      |      |           |                |
|      |      |           |                |
|      |      |           |                |
|      | 19:3 | 19:3 19:4 | 19:3 19:4 19:5 |

<u>Revelation 19</u>: Jesus deals with & disposes of the beast & false prophet <u>Revelation 20</u>: Jesus deals with and disposes of Satan

- ✓ 20:1-3 = emphasizes world-wide spread of the Gospel
- ✓ 20:4-6 = emphasizes rule of saints in heaven
- √ 20:7-15 = emphasizes "loosing of Satan" for "short season"

#### satan's demise

Revelation 20

study helps: an angel with keys — Jesus

1000 years — era completion, NT period

1st resurrection — baptism/conversion

1st death — physical death

2nd resurrection — resurrection of all the dead

2nd death — damnation, final destruction

Gog & Magog — symbolic for the enemies of

God's people (not literal nations; Ezek. 38–39)

God's camp/city — the whole Christian Church

# Take 4 minutes to skim the chapter and, as you do, identify:

- > a single-truth, simple-summary statement :
- > the concept most eye-opening :
- > the back-to-Jesus concept most assuring :

Millenialists assert these 1000-years are a literal era when believers will rule with Christ on this earth and defeat all their enemies. Let's check.

- Are the details in <u>20:1, 2</u> (key, chain, dragon, etc.) to be understood literally or figuratively? How do you know?
- **❖** Look up *<u>Matthew 24:6-9</u>* 
  - a) Millenialists claim there will be peace on earth before the end. How does Jesus disagree (vs. 6-7)?
  - b) Millenialists claim believers will rule the earth before the end. How does Jesus disagree (vs. 9)?
  - Look up <u>John 18:36</u>. Millenialists claim Jesus will reign here, on earth for 1,000 years before the end of the world. How does Jesus disagree with that theology?

"While we live in the sure hope of an end to our suffering, our enemies live in constant fear of suffering without end. Even in the darkest days for the church, every believer lives with the confidence of victory." – Mueller, 199

# our heaven!

study helps: sea — symbolic of threatening evil

am making new — works begun via the Gospel!

water of life — John's way to depict eternal life

bride, wife of the Lamb — opposite of prostitute

12 — number of the Church

square/cube/sphere — figure considered perfect

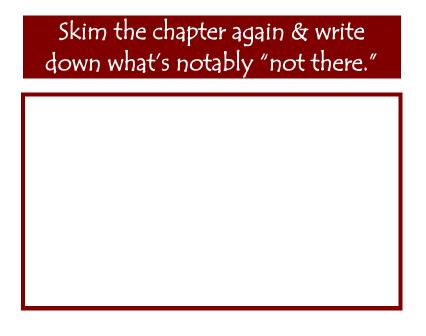
no temple — face—to—face with God is reality

no sun/moon — no darkness is God's presence

open gates — no attack feared or defense needed

Take 4 minutes to skim the chapter and, as you do, identify:

- > a single-truth, simple-summary statement :
- > the concept most eye-opening :
- > the back-to-Jesus concept most assuring :



"Describes heaven by way of negation . . . such a description is fitting, given that we have no experience of anything as fantastic as the new heavens and the new earth."

- Lutheran Study Bible Footnote

"When he calls it 'the Lamb's book of life,' he reminds us that men, who are by nature sinful and unclean, are fit to be inscribed in that book only through the merits of he Lamb of God, who takes away the sin of the world." – Becker, 351

# our life, our Lord

study helps: river & tree - Perfection of Eden imagery

12 crops - a church nurtured & alive

name on forehead - sealed & identified (3:12)

spirits of the prophets - Bible writers' souls

blessed - "happy," "content"

verse 11: set "after the time has come"

dogs - all whose life belies the Gospel

Come! - universal invitation to/for all

free gift - eternal life is gratis, it's free!

Take 🌆 minutes to skim the chapter and, as you do, identify:

- > a single-truth, simple-summary statement :
- > the concept most eye-opening :
- > the back-to-Jesus concept most assuring :

Remember Revelation's 3 sub-themes. Skim the chapter to identify:

| Evidence of<br>"our hardships" | Evidence of<br>"our Hero" | Evidence of<br>"our heaven!" |
|--------------------------------|---------------------------|------------------------------|
|                                |                           |                              |
|                                |                           |                              |
|                                |                           |                              |

comfort & confidence for us?!

"The grace of the Lord Jesus Christ be with all the saints. Amen."
With this benediction John reminds us that all the glorious blessings promised to us in the vision of Revelation are ours not because of any merit on our part but solely through the free grace of God in Christ.

To him be all praise and glory forever. Amen!" – Becker, 371