

PUDDLEDUCKS Nursery and Pre-School

RECORD KEEPING (CHILDRENS & PROVIDERS) POLICY

Record keeping policy

Aim

We have record keeping systems in place for the safe and efficient management of the setting and to meet the needs of the children; that meet legal requirements for the storing and sharing of information within the framework of the GDPR and the Human Rights Act.

Objectives

- Children's records are kept in personal files, divided into appropriate sections, and stored separately from their developmental records.
- Children's personal files contain registration information as specified in procedure Children's records and data protection.
- Children's personal files contain other material described as confidential as required, such as Common Assessment Framework assessments, Early Support information or Education, Health and Care Plan (EHCP, case notes including recording of concerns, discussions with parents, and action taken, copies of correspondence and reports from other agencies.
- Ethnicity data is only recorded where parents have identified the ethnicity of their child themselves.
- Confidentiality is maintained by secure storage of files in a locked cabinet with access restricted to those who need to know. Client access to records is provided for within procedure Client access to records, which forms part of the Confidentiality policy
- Staff know how and when to share information effectively if they believe a family may require a particular service to achieve positive outcomes
- Staff know how to share information if they believe a child is in need or at risk of suffering harm.

- Staff record when and to whom information has been shared, why information was shared and whether consent was given. Where consent has not been given and staff have taken the decision, in line with guidelines, to override the refusal for consent, the decision to do so is recorded.
- Guidance and training for staff specifically covers the sharing of information between professions, organisations, and agencies as well as within them, and arrangements for training takes account of the value of multi-agency as well as single agency working.

Records

The following information and documentation are also held:

- name, address and contact details of the provider and all staff employed on the premises
- name address and contact details of any other person who will regularly be in unsupervised
 contact with children
- a daily record of all children looked after on the premises, their hours of attendance and their named key person
- certificate of registration displayed and shown to parents on request
- records of risk assessments
- record of complaints
- record pertaining to our registration

Children's records and data protection

During the Covid-19 outbreak there may be the need to keep additional records as part of outbreak management. A central record of all confirmed cases of Covid-19 that affect any member of staff or service user is held. This record does not contain personal details about the individual (unless a member of staff).

A record is kept of individual cases of children/families who are self-isolating due to symptoms as per usual record-keeping procedures. In all cases the principles of data protection are maintained.

Principles of data protection: lawful processing of data

Personal data shall be:

- a) processed lawfully, fairly and in a transparent manner in relation to the data subject
- b) collected for specified, explicit and legitimate purposes and not further processed in a manner that is not compatible for these purposes
- c) adequate, relevant and necessary in relation to the purposes for which they are processed
- d) accurate, and where necessary, kept up to date; every reasonable step must be taken to ensure that personal data that are inaccurate, having regard to the purpose for which they are processed, are erased or rectified without delay
- e) kept in a form which permits identification of data subjects for no longer than is necessary for the purposes for which the personal data are processed
- f) processed in a manner that ensures appropriate security of the personal data, including protection against unauthorised or unlawful processing and against accidental loss, destruction or damage, using appropriate technical or organisational measures ("integrity and confidentiality") Article 5 of the General Data Protection Regulations (2018)

Practitioners should process data, record and share information in line with the principles above.

General safeguarding recording principles

- It is vital that all relevant interactions linked to safeguarding children's and individual's welfare are accurately recorded.
- All recordings should be made as soon as possible after the event.
- Recording should be to a good standard and clear enough to enable someone other than the person who wrote it, to fully understand what is being described.
- Recording can potentially be viewed by a parent/carer or Ofsted inspector, by the
 successors of the practitioners who record, and may be used in a family Court as relevant
 evidence to decide whether a child should remain with their biological parents, or be
 removed to live somewhere else. Recording needs to be fair and accurate, non-judgemental

- in tone, descriptive, relevant, and should clearly show what action has been taken to safeguard a child, and reflect decision-making relating to safeguarding.
- Recording should be complete, it should show what the outcome has been, what happened to
 referrals, why decisions were made to share or not share information, and it should contain
 summaries and minutes of relevant multi-agency meetings and multi-agency communication.
- If injuries or other safeguarding concerns are being described the description must be clear and accurate and should give specific details of the injury observed and where it is located

The principles of GDPR and effective safeguarding recording practice are upheld

- Recording is factual and non-judgemental.
- The procedure for retaining and archiving personal data and the retention schedule and subsequent destruction of data is adhered to.
- Parents/carers and children where appropriate are made aware of what will be recorded and
 in what circumstances information is shared, prior to their child starting at the setting.
 Parents/carers are issued with 07.1a Privacy notice and should give signed, informed consent
 to recording and information sharing prior to their child attending the setting. If a
 parent/carer would not expect their information to be shared in any given situation, normally,
 they should be asked for consent prior to sharing.
- There are circumstances where information is shared without consent to safeguard children.
 These are detailed below, but in summary, information can be shared without consent if a practitioner is unable to gain consent, cannot reasonably be expected to gain consent, or gaining consent places a child at risk.
- Records can be accessed by and information may be shared with local authority
 professionals. If there are significant safeguarding or welfare concerns, information may
 also be shared with a family proceedings Court or the police. Practitioners are aware of
 information sharing processes and all families should give informed consent to the way the
 setting will use, store and share information.

- Recording should be completed as soon as possible and within 5 working days as a maximum for safeguarding recording timescales.
- If a child attends more than one setting, a two-way flow of information is established between the parents/carers, and other providers. Where appropriate, comments from others (as above) are incorporated into the child's records.

Children's personal files

- Appropriate files must be used. These are made of robust card (not ring binders) and have
 plastic or metal binders to secure documents. File dividers must be inserted into each file.
- The sections contained are as follows:
 - personal details: registration form and consent forms.
 - contractual matters: copies of contract, days and times, record of fees, any fee reminders or records of disputes about fees.
 - SEND support requirements
 - additional focussed intervention provided by the setting e.g. support for behaviour,
 language or development that needs an Action Plan at setting level
 - records of any meetings held
 - welfare and safeguarding concerns: correspondence and reports: all letters and emails to and from other agencies and confidential reports from other agencies
- Children's personal files are kept in a filing cabinet, which is always locked when not in use.
- Correspondence in relation to a child is read, any actions noted, and filed immediately
- Access to children's personal files is restricted to those authorised to see them and make
 entries in them, this being the setting manager, deputy or designated person for child
 protection, the child's key person, or other staff as authorised by the setting manager.
- Children's personal files are not handed over to anyone else to look at.

Children's files may be handed to Ofsted as part of an inspection or investigation; they may
also be handed to local authority staff conducting a S11 audit as long as authorisation is
seen.

We notify Ofsted of any change:

- In the address of the premises;
- To the premises which may affect the space available to us and the quality of childcare we provide.
- To the name and address of the provider, or, the provider's contact information;
- To the person managing the provision;
- Any significant event which is likely to affect our sustainability to look after children;
 or
- Any other event as detailed in the Statutory Framework for the Early Years Foundation Stage (DfE 2020)

Legal references

General Data Protection Regulation 2018

Freedom of Information Act 2000

Human Rights Act 1998

Statutory Framework for the Early Years Foundation Stage (DfE 2021)

Data Protection Act 2018