



New York State Conference of Mayors and Municipal Officials

ANNUAL VILLAGE ELECTIONS

CALENDAR OF DATES

March Election • Tuesday, March 15, 2022

June Election • Tuesday, June 21, 2022



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2022 Calendar of Dates for Annual Village Elections

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August 2021

The General Village Election

The village election material contained in this publication was compiled by the New York State Conference of Mayors. The dates and material are based upon current statutory provisions, including amendments through the 2021 session of the State Legislature. This Calendar of Dates is another example of the practical services provided by the Conference of Mayors to its members.

March Election ▪ Tuesday, March 15, 2022

June Election ▪ Tuesday, June 21, 2022

Table of Contents

General Information	1
March Village Election ▪ Tuesday, March 15, 2022.....	4
June Village Election ▪ Tuesday, June 21, 2022.....	16

General Information

General Election Dates

Election Law § 15-104. General village election

1. a. The general village election shall be held on the third Tuesday in March except in any village which presently elects, or hereafter adopts a proposition to elect, its officers on a date other than the third Tuesday in March.
- b. In any village in which the general village election, or a special village election for officers pursuant to this chapter, is scheduled to be held on the third Tuesday of March, for any year in which the seventeenth day of March shall fall on such Tuesday, the board of trustees of such village shall provide that such election shall be held on the eighteenth day of March. Any provision of a resolution adopted pursuant to this subdivision shall not otherwise alter the political calendar for any such election, which shall continue to be computed from the third Tuesday of March.

Saturday, Sunday and Public Holiday Dates

Election Law § 1-106. Filing of papers; when received

1. All papers required to be filed pursuant to the provisions of this chapter shall, unless otherwise provided, be filed between the hours of 9:00 a.m. and 5:00 p.m. If the last day for filing shall fall on a Saturday, Sunday or legal holiday, the next business day shall become the last day for filing.

All papers sent by mail in an envelope postmarked prior to midnight of the last day of filing shall be deemed timely filed and accepted for filing when received, except that all certificates and petitions of designation or nomination, certificates of acceptance or declination of such designations or nominations, certificates of authorization for such designations or nominations, certificates of disqualification, certificates of substitution for such designations or nominations and objections and specifications of objections to such certificates and petitions required to be filed with the state board of elections or a board of elections outside of the city of New York shall be deemed timely filed and accepted for filing if sent by mail or overnight delivery service pursuant to subdivision three of this section, ***and received no later than two business days after the last day to file*** such certificates, petitions, objections or specifications (emphasis added).

Failure of the post office or any other person or entity to deliver any such petition, certificate or objection to such board of elections outside the city of New York no later than two business days after the last day to file such certificates, petitions, objections or specifications ***shall be a fatal defect*** (emphasis added).

2. The failure to file any petition or certificate relating to the designation or nomination of a candidate for party position or public office or to the acceptance or declination of such designation or nomination within the time prescribed by the provisions of this chapter ***shall be a fatal defect*** (emphasis added).

NOTE: Chapter 5 of the Laws of 2019 changed the deadline to submit and accept papers that are required to be filed under the Election Law. Previously, the statute provided that a filing was timely anytime it was received, provided it was postmarked by the deadline. The law now requires postmarked papers or papers submitted through delivery services be received not later than two business days after the filing deadline. This should not be confused with the submission of an absentee ballot, which must be received by Election Day in order to be counted.

*NOTE: Election Law § 1-106 does **NOT** extend deadlines for village clerks or boards of trustees when a deadline falls on a Saturday, Sunday, or public holiday because village clerks and boards of trustees may conduct business on those days.*

General Construction Law § 24 Public holidays; half-holidays

Pursuant to General Construction Law § 24, the following days are public holidays:

Public Holiday	2022 Date
New Year's Day January 1 st	Saturday, January 1, 2022
Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr. Day Third Monday in January	Monday, January 17, 2022
Lincoln's Birthday February 12 th	Saturday, February 12, 2022
Washington's Birthday Third Monday in February	Monday, February 21, 2022
Memorial Day Last Monday in May	Monday, May 30, 2022
Flag Day Second Sunday in June	Sunday, June 12, 2022
Juneteeth June 19 th	(observed) Monday, June 20, 2022
Independence Day July 4 th	Monday, July 4, 2022
Labor Day First Monday in September	Monday, September 5, 2022
Columbus Day Second Monday in October	Monday, October 10, 2022
Veterans' Day November 11 th	Friday, November 11, 2022
Thanksgiving Day Fourth Thursday in November	Thursday, November 24, 2022
Christmas Day December 25 th	(observed) Monday, December 26, 2022

If any of these days falls on a Sunday (except Flag Day), then the holiday is celebrated the next day.

Conducting Referenda

In villages, both mandatory and permissive referenda are conducted pursuant to Article 9 of the Village Law. Under Article 9, the board of trustees may bypass the petition process by submitting a permissive referendum to voters upon its own motion. If a permissive referendum is submitted to the voters upon the board of trustee's own motion, the date the motion is adopted is deemed the date that the petition is filed. Additionally, whenever a State statute subjects a village local law or resolution to a mandatory referendum and no other procedure is provided, the referendum must be conducted pursuant to Article 9 as if the referendum was a permissive referendum for which a valid petition was filed on the date that the board of trustees adopted the local law or resolution.

For a vote to be held on a local law or resolution that is subject to a permissive referendum, a valid petition must be filed in the office of the village clerk within 30 days of the passage of the legislative act. Many referenda may be timed so that they are held during a regularly scheduled village election. If the petition is filed on or after the first day of the month two months prior to the month in which the general village election is to be held, and on or before the first day of the month in which the general election is to be held, the proposition must be voted on at the general village election.

- **March Election** – If the petition is filed on or after January 1st, and on or before March 1st, the proposition must be placed on the ballot for the March election.
- **June Election** – If the petition is filed on or after April 1st, and on or before June 1st, the proposition must be placed on the ballot for the June election.

However, if the petition for a permissive referendum is filed after the first day of the month in which a general village election is to be held and before the first day of the month two months prior to the next general village election, the referendum must be held at a special election of the village to be held not less than 10, nor more than 60, days after the filing of the petition.

- **March Election** – If a petition is filed after March 1st and before January 1st, a special election must be held.
- **June Election** – If a petition is filed after June 1st and before April 1st, a special election must be held.

For more information relating to the conduct of referenda, please refer to **NYCOM Municipal Management Series Enacting Local Legislation and Conducting Referenda**, available to download from the members only section of the NYCOM website at www.nycom.org.

March Village Election ▪ Tuesday, March 15, 2022

NOTE: If the village fails to publish or post any required information, the election will not be invalidated, except that a vote on a proposition will be void if the required notice of election is not given. Election Law § 15-104(5)).

Friday, October 15, 2021 – For villages whose March elections are conducted by the county board of elections, last day for the village clerk to transmit to the county board of elections a certificate setting forth each village office to be filled.

Election Law § 4-106(2). At least five (5) months prior to the election.

Monday, November 15, 2021 – For villages whose March elections are conducted by the county board of elections, last day for the board of trustees to submit to the county board of elections a list of polling places within the village.

Election Law § 4-104(1). At least four (4) months prior to the election.

Monday, November 15, 2021 – Last day for the village clerk to publish a notice designating the office(s) to be filled and the term(s) thereof.

Election Law § 15-104(3)(a). At least four (4) months prior to the election.

Monday, November 15, 2021 – First day village clerk may accept absentee ballot applications.

Election Law § 15-120(5). Not earlier than four (4) months prior to the election.

Monday, November 15, 2021 – Last day to divide the village into election districts.

Election Law § 15-110(5). At least 120 days before the election.

Monday, November 29, 2021 – First day that an individual may sign a party primary designating petition.

Election Law § 15-108(9). Not earlier than six (6) weeks prior to the last day to file party primary designating petitions.

Friday, December 24, 2021 – Deadline for filing the first statement of campaign receipts and expenditures for the village primary.

Rules of the State Board of Elections §§ 6200.1 & 6200.2. Must be 32 days before the primary.

Tuesday, December 28, 2021 – First day that individuals may sign independent nominating petitions.

Election Law § 15-108(9). Not earlier than six (6) weeks before the last day to file independent nominating petitions.

Thursday, December 30, 2021 – Last day that a vacancy in an elected village office may occur and be placed on the general election ballot or cause a special election if a general election is not scheduled.

Village Law § 3-312(3)(b)(1). If a vacancy occurs at least seventy-five days prior to the third Tuesday of the month preceding the end of the official year, a special election to fill the unexpired term must be held.

Village Law § 3-312(3)(b)(2). If a vacancy occurs less than seventy-five days prior to the third Tuesday of the month preceding the end of the current official year and, if the term of office does not expire at the end of such year, a special election to fill the unexpired term must be held in the following year.

NOTE: For more information relating to filling vacancies, please refer to Chapter 4 of the NYCOM Handbook for Village Officials, available to download from the members only section of the NYCOM website at www.nycom.org.

Saturday, January 1, 2022 – First day to file a petition to cause a permissive referendum to appear on the general election ballot. This is also the first day that the board of trustees may (a) pass a local law or resolution that is subject to a mandatory referendum or (b) adopt a legislative act that is subject to a permissive referendum and submit the question to voters on its own motion, and have such propositions appear on the general election ballot.

Village Law § 9-902(6). If such petition is filed on or after the first day of the month two months prior to the month in which the general village election is to be held and on or before the first day of the month in which the general village election is to be held, a proposition for the approval of such act or resolution must be submitted at the general village election.

NOTE: Pursuant to Village Law § 9-902(5), if a petition is filed before January 1st or after March 1st a special election must be held.

NOTE: If Article 9 is being followed for a mandatory referendum, the date that the board of trustees adopts the local law or resolution is deemed the date the petition is filed. Similarly, if a permissive referendum is submitted to the voters upon the board of trustee's own motion, the date the motion is adopted is deemed the date that the petition is filed. Consequently, this is the first day that the board of trustees may adopt a legislative act that is subject to a mandatory referendum or submit a permissive referendum to the voters upon a motion of the board and have such propositions appear on the general election ballot.

NOTE: For more information relating to the conduct of referenda, please refer to NYCOM Municipal Management Series, Enacting Local Legislation and Conducting Referenda, available to download from the members only section of the NYCOM website at www.nycom.org.

Monday, January 3, 2022 – First day to file party designating petitions for village primaries.

Election Law § 15-108(7)(d). Not earlier than 22 days before the primary.

Tuesday, January 4, 2022 to Tuesday, January 11, 2022 – First day political parties may publish notice of a party caucus in a newspaper.

Election Law § 15-108(2)(c). Not earlier than two (2) weeks before the caucus.

NOTE: The exact date depends on the actual date the caucus is held.

Thursday, January 6, 2022 to Thursday, January 13, 2022 – Last day to file a declination of a party primary designation.

Election Law § 15-108(7)(e). Within three (3) days of filing of the designating petition.

NOTE: Within one (1) day of a declination being filed, the village clerk must notify the committee to fill vacancies named in the petition.

NOTE: The exact date depends upon the date the designating petition was filed.

Monday, January 10, 2022 to Tuesday, January 18, 2022 – Last day to post and file notice of the party caucus in the offices of the village clerk and county board of elections.

Election Law §§ 6-202(3) and 15-108(2)(c). At least 10 days before the scheduled caucus.

NOTE: The exact date depends upon the scheduled date of the caucus.

NOTE: When the last day to post and file a notice of the party caucus in the offices of the village clerk and county board of elections falls on a Saturday or Sunday, then, pursuant to Election Law § 1-106, the last day to file the notice is extended to the next business day. Thus, if 10 days before a scheduled caucus falls on Saturday, January 8th or Sunday January 9th, the last day to post and file is pushed to Monday, January 10th. This is also the case if the last day to post and file falls on a public holiday. Thus, if 10 days before a scheduled caucus falls on Saturday, January 15th the filing deadline is extended to Tuesday, January 18th, since Monday, January 17th is Martin Luther King Jr. Day.

Monday, January 10, 2022 – Last day to file party designating petitions for village primaries.

Election Law § 15-108(7)(d). Not later than 15 days prior to the primary.

NOTE: Upon the filing of a designating petition, the village clerk must notify via mail each individual designated. The notice must (1) state the last day to decline the designation, and (2) include a statement that the candidate's name will appear on the ballot as it appears in the notice. Election Law § 6-144.

Tuesday, January 11, 2022 – Last day to file written objections to party primary designating petitions.

Election Law § 15-108(10). Not later than one (1) day after the last date to file the petition with the village clerk.

Thursday, January 13, 2022 – Last day for the board of trustees to adopt a resolution abolishing the village registration day.

Election Law § 15-118(3). Resolution is effective for all village elections held more than 60 days after the resolution is adopted.

Thursday, January 13, 2022 – Last day to file written specifications of objections to party primary designating petitions.

Election Law § 15-108(10). Written specifications of the grounds of the objections must be filed with the village clerk within two (2) days after the filing of the written objections. Upon receipt of such written specifications, the village clerk must notify each candidate named in the petition and the county board of elections.

NOTE: If an objection to a party primary designating petition is filed before January 11th, the written specifications will be due before January 13th; the exact date is dependent upon the filing date of the objection. For example, if a written objection was filed on Wednesday, January 5th, the written specifications would be due on Friday, January 7th.

Friday, January 14, 2022 – Last day for the board of trustees to adopt a resolution identifying the polling place in each district and the hours the polls will be open. Polls must be open from at least 12:00 noon until 9:00 p.m.

Election Law §§ 15-104(1)(b) and 15-104(3)(b). Must be adopted at least 60 days prior to the election.

Friday, January 14, 2022 – Deadline for filing the second statement of campaign receipts and expenditures for the village primary.

Rules of the State Board of Elections §§ 6200.1 & 6200.2. Must be 11 days before the primary.

Tuesday, January 18, 2022 – Earliest date for holding a party caucus.

Election Law § 15-108(2)(a). Not more than 56 days before the election.

NOTE: Party officials must either:

- a) publish notice of the caucus in a newspaper not more than two (2) nor less than one (1) week before the caucus, **or***
- b) post notice of the caucus in six (6) public places in the village at least 10 days before the caucus.*

Notices must also be filed and posted in the offices of the village clerk and county board of elections at least 10 days before the caucus. Election Law §§ 6-202(3) and 15-108(2)(c).

Thursday, January 20, 2022 – First day a certificate of party nomination may be filed.

Election Law § 15-108(7)(a). Not earlier than 54 days prior to election.

Tuesday, January 25, 2022 – Primary day in villages where party nominations are made via a primary.

Election Law § 15-108(2)(a). Must be 49 days prior to the village election.

NOTE: Party officials must publish notice of the primary in at least one (1) newspaper of general circulation within the village of the primary at least once a week for two (2) weeks prior to the primary. Election Law § 15-108(2)(b).

Tuesday, January 25, 2022 – Last date for holding a party caucus.

Election Law § 15-108(2)(a). Not later than 49 days prior to the village election.

NOTE: Party officials must either:

- a) publish notice of the caucus in a newspaper not more than two (2) nor less than one (1) week before the caucus, **or***
- b) post notice of the caucus in six (6) public places in the village at least 10 days before the caucus.*

Notices must also be filed and posted in the offices of the village clerk and county board of elections at least 10 days before the caucus. Election Law §§ 6-202(3) and 15-108(2)(c).

Thursday, January 27, 2022 – Last day to file a certificate of party nomination.

Election Law § 15-108(7)(a). Not later than 47 days prior to the village election.

NOTE: If a list of caucus or primary participants is not filed with the certificate, the clerk must immediately mail notice to those who signed the certificate, stating that the list of nominations must be filed within five (5) days after the mailing of the notice. Election Law § 15-108(2)(e).

NOTE: Upon the filing of a certificate of nomination or a petition nominating a person, the village clerk must immediately notify via mail each individual nominated. The notice must state the last day to decline and include a statement that the candidate's name will appear on the ballot as it appears in the notice. Election Law § 6-144.

Friday, January 28, 2022 – Last day to file written objections to certificates of party nomination.

Election Law § 15-108(10). Not later than one (1) day after the last date to file the certificate with the village clerk.

Monday, January 31, 2022 – Last day to file a certificate of acceptance or declination of a party nomination.

Election Law § 15-108(7)(b). Not later than 44 days prior to the election

NOTE: Forty-four days prior to the election is Sunday, January 30th. When the last day to file a certificate of acceptance or declination of a party nomination falls on a Saturday, Sunday, or public holiday, then, pursuant to Election Law § 1-106, the last day to file the notice is extended to the next business day.

Monday, January 31, 2022 – Last day to file written specifications of objections to certificates of party nomination.

Election Law § 15-108(10). Written specifications of the grounds of the objections must be filed with the village clerk within two (2) days after the filing of the written objections. Upon receipt of such written specifications, the village clerk must notify each candidate named in the certificate and the county board of elections.

NOTE: If an objection is filed on Thursday, January 27th, or Friday, January 28th, the last day to file written specifications on the objection would be on Saturday, January 29th or Sunday, January 30th, respectively. Pursuant to Election Law § 1-106, the last day to file is extended to is extended to the next business day, which is Monday, January 31st. The exact date depends upon the date the written objections are filed.

Tuesday, February 1, 2022 – First day to file an independent nominating petition.

Election Law § 15-108(8)(a). Not earlier than 42 days before the village election.

Wednesday, February 2, 2022 – Last day to fill a vacancy caused by a declination of a party nomination.

Election Law § 15-108(7)(c). Not later than 41 days prior to the village election.

Thursday, February 3, 2022 – Last day for the board of trustees to appoint election inspectors.

Election Law § 15-116(1). At least 40 days before the general village election (See special provisions for Nassau County. Election Law § 15-116(2)).

NOTE: Failure to appoint election inspectors by this deadline will not impact the conduct of the election, but every effort should be made to comply with this timeframe.

Friday, February 4, 2022 – Deadline for filing the third statement of campaign receipts and expenditures for the village primary.

Rules of the State Board of Elections §§ 6200.1 & 6200.2. Must be 10 days after the primary.

Sunday, February 6, 2022 – Last day for the board of trustees to adopt a resolution establishing a second registration day to be 12 days before the election.

Election Law § 15-118(5). Not later than 37 days prior to the first election for which it is effective.

Tuesday, February 8, 2022 – Last day to file independent nominating petitions for an office to be filled at the general village election.

Election Law § 15-108(8)(a). Not later than 35 days before the village election.

NOTE: Upon the filing of a certificate of nomination or a petition nominating a person, the village clerk must immediately notify via mail each individual nominated. The notice must state the last day to decline and include a statement that the candidate's name will appear on the ballot as it appears in the notice. Election Law § 6-144.

Wednesday, February 9, 2022 – Last day to file written objections to independent nominating petitions.

Election Law § 15-108(10). Not later than one (1) day after the last date to file the petition with the village clerk.

Friday, February 11, 2022 – Last day to file written specifications of objections to independent nominating petitions.

Election Law § 15-108(10). Written specifications of the grounds of the objections must be filed with the village clerk within two (2) days after the filing of the written objections. Upon receipt of such written specifications, the village clerk must notify each candidate named in the petition and the county board of elections.

NOTE: If an objection to an independent nominating petition is filed before Wednesday, February 9th, the written specifications will be due before February 11th. The date depends on when the objection is filed.

Friday, February 11, 2022 – Last day to file certificate of acceptance or declination of an independent nomination for an office to be filled at the village election.

Election Law § 15-108(8)(b). Not later than three (3) days after the last day to file the petition.

Friday, February 11, 2022 – For villages with two registration days, last day for the board of trustees to adopt a resolution stating the place and hours at which inspectors will meet to prepare the register and the hours and place of registration.

Election Law § 15-118(4). At least 20 days before the first registration day.

Friday, February 11, 2022 – Deadline for filing the first statement of campaign receipts and expenditures for the village election.

Rules of the State Board of Elections §§ 6200.1 & 6200.2. At least 32 days before the election.

Sunday, February 13, 2022 – For villages with one registration day, last day for the board of trustees to adopt a resolution stating the place and hours at which inspectors will meet to prepare the register and the hours and place of registration.

Election Law § 15-118(4). At least 20 days before the registration day.

Monday, February 14, 2022 – Last day to file a certificate to fill a vacancy caused by declination of an independent nomination for an office to be filled at the general village election.

Election Law § 15-108(8)(c). Not later than three (3) days after the last day to file a certificate of declination.

Approximately Thursday, February 17, 2022 – NYCOM recommends that the clerk prepare a draft of the ballot and provide the candidates with an opportunity to review the draft of the ballot as soon as possible after the slate of candidates has been finalized and prior to sending out any absentee ballots. Once reviewed by the candidates, the sample ballot should be made available to the public.

NOTE: Chapter 411 of the Laws of 2019 amended Election Law § 7-128 to require sample and official ballots for all elections conducted by the county boards of election to be made available as soon as practicable. While village elections conducted pursuant to Article 15 are specifically exempted from this provision, NYCOM recommends that the clerk prepare a draft of the ballot and give the candidates an opportunity to review the draft of the ballot as soon as possible after the slate of candidates has been finalized and prior to sending out any absentee ballots to adhere to the spirit and intent of this law.

NOTE: Due to the timing of referenda, a petition for a permissive referendum filed on or after January 1st and on or before March 1st will cause the proposition to appear on the general village election ballot. Similarly, the board of trustees may pass a legislative act that is subject to a mandatory referendum or submit the permissive referendum to voters on its own motion on or after January 1st and on or before March 1st and have that proposition appear on the general village election ballot. Consequently, ballots may be subject to change to include the presentation of propositions after this date.

Monday, February 21, 2022 – For villages with two registration days, last day to publish and post in each election district a copy of the resolution stating the date, place, and time when inspectors will meet to register voters for the first registration day.

Election Law § 15-118(4). At least 10 days prior to the first registration day.

Wednesday, February 23, 2022 – For villages with one registration day, last day to publish and post in each election district a copy of the resolution stating the date, place, and time when inspectors will meet to register voters.

Election Law § 15-118(4). At least 10 days prior to registration day.

Tuesday, March 1, 2022 – Last day to file a petition to cause a permissive referendum to appear on the general election ballot. This is also the last day that the board of trustees may (a) pass a local law or resolution that is subject to a mandatory referendum or (b) adopt a legislative act that is subject to a permissive referendum and submit the question to voters on its own motion, and have such propositions appear on the general election ballot.

Village Law § 9-902(6). If such petition is filed on or after the first day of the month two months prior to the month in which the general village election is to be held and on or before the first day of the month in which the general village election is to be held, a proposition for the approval of such act or resolution must be submitted at the general village election.

NOTE: Pursuant to Village Law § 9-902(5), if a petition is filed before January 1st or after March 1st a special election must be held.

NOTE: If Article 9 is being followed for a mandatory referendum, the date that the board of trustees adopts the local law or resolution is deemed the date the petition is filed. Similarly, if a permissive referendum is submitted to the voters upon the board of trustee's own motion, the date the motion is adopted is deemed the date that the petition is filed. Consequently, this is the last day that the board of trustees may adopt a legislative act that is subject to a mandatory referendum or submit a permissive referendum to voters on its own motion and have such proposition appear on the general village election ballot.

Thursday, March 3, 2022 – First registration day in villages with two registration days.

Election Law § 15-118(5). Twelve days before the general village election.

NOTE: The hours of registration must be at minimum from 12:00 noon to 5:00 p.m. Election Law § 15-118(3)(c).

Friday, March 4, 2022 – Deadline for filing the second statement of campaign receipts and expenditures for the village election.

Rules of the State Board of Elections §§ 6200.1 & 6200.2. Must be 11 days before the election.

Friday, March 4, 2022 – Last day individuals may register with the county board of elections to be eligible to vote in the village election.

Election Law § 15-118(2). At least 10 days before the election.

NOTE: At least 10 days before the election is Saturday, March 5th. As county boards of election are closed on Saturdays, the last day to register and ensure voter eligibility is Friday, March 4th.

Saturday, March 5, 2022 – Last day for the village clerk to publish notice setting forth the (1) polling place in each district, (2) hours during which the polls are open (at least 12:00 noon to 9:00 p.m.), (3) names and addresses of candidates, offices, and term nominated for, and (4) abstract of any proposition. The notice must also be posted in six (6) conspicuous places in the village and at each polling place at least one (1) day before the election.

Election Law §§ 15-104(3)(c) and (4). Notice must be published at least 10 days prior to general village election. Notice must be posted at least 1 day prior to the general village election.

NOTE: If the village fails to publish or post required information, the election will not be invalidated, except that a vote on a proposition will be void if the required notice of election is not given (see Election Law § 15-104 (5)).

Saturday, March 5, 2022 – Registration day in villages with one registration day. For villages with two registration days, this is the second registration day.

Election Law § 15-118(5). Ten days prior to election.

NOTE: The hours of registration must be at minimum from 12:00 noon to 5:00 p.m. Election Law § 15-118(3)(c).

Tuesday, March 8, 2022 – Last day for the board of elections to provide a list of registered voters to the village clerk.

Election Law § 5-612(1). At least seven (7) days prior to general village election.

NOTE: The village clerk must contact the county board of elections for a list of registered voters.

Tuesday, March 8, 2022 – Last day for the village clerk to receive applications for absentee ballots to be mailed to qualified voters.

Election Law § 15-120(5). At least seven (7) days prior to election.

Wednesday, March 9, 2022 – Last day for the village clerk to mail absentee ballots to qualified voters.

Election Law § 15-120(6). Not later than six (6) days before the village election.

Sunday, March 13, 2022 – Sample ballots must be made available for public inspection not later than this day.

Election Law § 7-128(1). Not later than two (2) days prior to the election.

NOTE: NYCOM recommends that the clerk prepare a draft of the ballot and give the candidates an opportunity to review it as soon as possible after the slate of candidates has been finalized and prior to sending out any absentee ballots.

Monday, March 14, 2022 – Last day for the village clerk to receive personal applications for an absentee ballot from applicant or applicant's agent. Upon receiving an application, the clerk must deliver the absentee ballot to the applicant or their agent named in the application.

Election Law § 15-120(5). Not later than one (1) day prior to the election.

Tuesday, March 15, 2022 – The village election.

Election Law § 15-104(1)(a). March village elections held on the third Tuesday of March.

Tuesday, March 15, 2022 – Village clerk must deliver the absentee ballots to the board of inspectors of the proper election district.

Election Law § 15-120(8). On the day of the general village election. Last day for the village clerk to receive absentee ballots in person or by mail.

NOTE: Absentee ballots cast in village elections must be received by the date of the general village election in order to be canvassed. Absentee ballots may be delivered to the village clerk or the board of inspectors in the proper election district on the day of the general village election.

Wednesday, March 16, 2022 – Inspectors must file a certificate of canvass of voters with the village clerk.

Election Law § 15-126(1). Before 9:00 a.m. of the day following the village election.

Wednesday, March 16, 2022 – The board of trustees must meet to canvass the election returns when a village has more than one election district.

Election Law § 15-126(1). Not later than 8:00 p.m. of the day after the village election.

Thursday, March 17, 2022 – The last day a recanvass of the vote may be requested.

Election Law § 15-126(3). Not later than two (2) days after the date of the election.

NOTE: The clerk may, upon his or her own volition, and must, upon the written request of any candidate, cause a recanvass of the votes cast in the village election.

Friday, March 18, 2022 – The deadline by which the clerk must notify the county board of elections of a request for recanvass.

Election Law § 15-126(3). Within one (1) day after receiving the written request.

NOTE: This is the last possible date the clerk may notify the county board of elections of the request to recanvass. If the clerk receives the written request prior to Friday, March 18th, he or she has one day to notify the county board of elections.

Friday, March 18, 2022 – Last day for the village clerk to notify the winners of the election the results and that they must file an oath of office with the village clerk within 30 days of the commencement of their term.

Election Law § 15-128. Within three (3) days after the village election.

Monday, April 4, 2022 – Start of the village's official year.

Village Law § 3-302. The official year begins at noon on the first Monday in the month following the date of the general village election or the date such an election would have been held had elections been held annually.

Monday, April 11, 2022 – Deadline for filing the third statement of campaign receipts and expenditures for the village election.

Rules of the State Board of Elections §§ 6200.1 and 6200.2. Must be no later than 27 days after the election.

Wednesday, May 4, 2022 – Deadline to file the oath of office.

Public Officers Law §§ 10 and 30. Every officer must take and file the oath of office prior to assuming their office and within 30 days of the commencement of their term of office. If an elected official fails to file their oath of office within the required 30 days, a vacancy is created in their office.

NOTE: Elected officers may take and file their oaths of office any time after the results of the election are certified pursuant to Election Law § 15-126.

June Village Election ▪ Tuesday, June 21, 2022

NOTE: If the village fails to publish or post any required information, the election will not be invalidated, except that a vote on a proposition will be void if the required notice of election is not given. Election Law § 15-104(5).

Friday, January 21, 2022 – For villages whose June elections are conducted by the county board of elections, last day for the village clerk to transmit to the county board of elections a certificate setting forth each village office to be filled.

Election Law § 4-106(2). At least five (5) months prior to the election.

Friday, February 18, 2022 – For villages whose June elections are conducted by the county board of elections, last day for the board of trustees to submit to the county board of elections a list of polling places within the village.

Election Law § 4-104(1). At least four (4) months prior to the election.

NOTE: Four months before the election is Monday, February 21st. As county boards of election are closed on weekends and public holidays, the last day for the village clerk to submit to the county board of elections a list of polling places within the village is Friday, February 18th, as Washington's Birthday is Monday, February 21st.

Monday, February 21, 2022 – Last day for the village clerk to publish a notice designating the office(s) to be filled and the term(s) thereof.

Election Law § 15-104(3)(a). At least four (4) months prior to the election.

Monday, February 21, 2022 – First day village clerk may accept absentee ballot applications.

Election Law § 15-120(5). Not earlier than four (4) months prior to the election.

Monday, February 21, 2022 – Last day to divide the village into election districts.

Election Law § 15-110(5). At least 120 days before the election.

Monday, March 7, 2022 – First day that an individual may sign a party primary designating petition.

Election Law § 15-108(9). Not earlier than six (6) weeks prior to the last day to file party primary designating petitions.

Friday, April 1, 2022 – Deadline for filing the first statement of campaign receipts and expenditures for the village primary.

Rules of the State Board of Elections §§ 6200.1 & 6200.2. Must be 32 days before the primary.

Friday, April 1, 2022 – First day to file a petition to cause a permissive referendum to appear on the general election ballot. This is also the first day that the board of trustees may (a) pass a local law or resolution that is subject to a mandatory referendum or (b) adopt a legislative act that is subject to a permissive referendum and submit the question to voters on its own motion, and have such propositions appear on the general election ballot.

Village Law § 9-902(6). If such petition is filed on or after the first day of the month two months prior to the month in which the general village election is to be held and on or before the first day of the month in which the general village election is to be held, a proposition for the approval of such act or resolution must be submitted at the general village election.

NOTE: Pursuant to Village Law § 9-902(5), if a petition is filed before April 1st or after June 1st a special election must be held.

NOTE: If Article 9 is being followed for a mandatory referendum, the date that the board of trustees adopts the local law or resolution is deemed the date the petition is filed. Similarly, if a permissive referendum is submitted to the voters upon the board of trustee's own motion, the date the motion is adopted is deemed the date that the petition is filed. Consequently, this is the first day that the board of trustees may adopt a legislative act that is subject to a mandatory referendum or submit a permissive referendum to the voters upon a motion of the board and have such proposition appear on the general election ballot.

NOTE: For more information relating to the conduct of referenda, please refer to NYCOM Municipal Management Series, Enacting Local Legislation and Conducting Referenda, available to download from the members only section of the NYCOM website at www.nycom.org.

Tuesday, April 5, 2022 – First day that individuals may sign independent nominating petitions.

Election Law § 15-108(9). Not earlier than six (6) weeks before the last day to file independent nominating petitions.

Thursday, April 7, 2022 – Last day that a vacancy in an elected village office may occur and be placed on the general election ballot or cause a special election if a general election was not scheduled.

Village Law § 3-312(3)(b)(1). If a vacancy occurs at least seventy-five days prior to the third Tuesday of the month preceding the end of the official year, a special election to fill the unexpired term must be held.

Village Law § 3-312(3)(b)(2). If a vacancy occurs less than seventy-five days prior to the third Tuesday of the month preceding the end of the current official year and, if the term of office does not expire at the end of such year, a special election to fill the unexpired term must be held in the following year.

NOTE: For more information relating to filling vacancies, please refer to Chapter 4 of the NYCOM Handbook for Village Officials, available to download from the members only section of the NYCOM website at www.nycom.org.

Monday, April 11, 2022 – First day to file party designating petitions for village primaries.

Election Law § 15-108(7)(d). Not earlier than 22 days before the primary.

Tuesday, April 12, 2022 to Tuesday, April 19, 2022 – First day political parties may publish notice of a party caucus in a newspaper.

Election Law § 15-108(2)(c). Not earlier than two (2) weeks before the caucus.

NOTE: The exact date depends upon the date of the caucus.

Thursday, April 14, 2022 to Thursday, April 21, 2022 – Last day to file a declination of a party primary designation.

Election Law § 15-108(7)(e). Within three (3) days of filing of the designating petition.

NOTE: Within one (1) day of a declination being filed, the village clerk must notify the committee to fill vacancies named in the petition.

NOTE: The exact date depends upon the date the designating petition was filed.

Monday, April 18, 2022 to Monday, April 25, 2022 – Last day to post and file notice of the party caucus in the offices of the village clerk and county board of elections if the county board of elections conducts the village election.

Election Law § 15-108(2)(c). Notice must be filed in the offices of the village clerk and the county board of elections, if the county board of election conducts the village election, at least 10 days before the scheduled caucus.

NOTE: When the last day to post and file a notice of the party caucus in the offices of the village clerk and county board of elections falls on a Saturday or a Sunday, then, pursuant to Election Law § 1-106, the last day to file the notice is extended to the next business day. Thus, if 10 days before a scheduled caucus falls on Saturday, April 16th or Sunday, April 17th, the last day to post and file is Monday, April 18th. This is also the case if the last day to post and file falls on Saturday, April 23rd, in which case the filing deadline is extended to Monday, April 25th.

NOTE: The exact date depends upon the scheduled date of the caucus.

Monday, April 18, 2022 – Last day to file party designating petitions for village primaries.

Election Law § 15-108(7)(d). Not later than 15 days prior to the primary.

NOTE: Upon the filing designating petition, the village clerk must notify via mail each individual designated. The notice must a) state the last day to decline the designation, and b) include a statement that the candidate's name will appear on the ballot as it appears in the notice. Election Law § 6-144.

Tuesday, April 19, 2022 – Last day to file written objections to party primary designating petitions.

Election Law § 15-108(10). Not later than one (1) day after the last date to file the petition with the village clerk.

Thursday, April 21, 2022 – Last day to file written specifications of objections to party primary designating petitions.

Election Law § 15-108(10). Written specifications of the grounds of the objections must be filed with the village clerk within two (2) days after the filing of the written objections. Upon receipt of such written specifications, the village clerk must notify each candidate named in the petition and the county board of elections.

NOTE: If an objection to a party primary designating petition is filed before April 19th, the written specifications will be due before April 21th; the exact date is dependent upon the filing date of the objection.

Thursday, April 21, 2022 – Last day for the board of trustees to adopt a resolution abolishing the village registration day.

Election Law § 15-118(3). Resolution is effective for all village elections held more than 60 days after the resolution is adopted.

Friday, April 22, 2022 – Last day for the board of trustees to adopt a resolution identifying the polling place in each district and the hours the polls will be open. Polls must be open at minimum from 12:00 noon until 9:00 p.m.

Election Law § 15-104(3)(b). Must be adopted at least 60 days prior to the election.

Friday, April 22, 2022 – Deadline for filing the second statement of campaign receipts and expenditures for the village primary.

Rules of the State Board of Elections §§ 6200.1 and 6200.2. Must be 11 days before the primary.

Tuesday, April 26, 2022 – Earliest date for holding a party caucus.

Election Law § 15-108(2)(a). Not more than 56 days before the election.

NOTE: Party officials must either:

- a) publish notice of the caucus in a newspaper not more than two (2) nor less than one (1) week before the caucus, or*
- b) post notice of the caucus in six (6) public places in the village at least 10 days before the caucus.*

Notices must also be filed and posted in the offices of the village clerk and county board of elections at least 10 days before the caucus. Election Law §§ 6-202(3) and 15-108(2)(c).

Thursday, April 28, 2022 – First day a certificate of party nomination may be filed.

Election Law § 15-108(7)(a). Not earlier than 54 days prior to election.

Tuesday, May 3, 2022 – Primary day in villages where party nominations are made via a primary.

Election Law § 15-108(2)(a). Must be 49 days prior to the village election.

NOTE: Party officials must publish notice of the primary in at least one (1) newspaper of general circulation within the village at least once a week for two (2) weeks prior to the primary. Election Law § 15-108(2)(b).

Tuesday, May 3, 2022 – Last date for holding a party caucus.

Election Law § 15-108(2)(a). Not later than 49 days prior to the village election.

NOTE: Party officials must either:

- a) publish notice of the caucus in a newspaper not more than two (2) nor less than one (1) week before the caucus, **or***
- b) post notice of the caucus in six (6) public places in the village at least 10 days before the caucus.*

Notices must also be filed and posted in the offices of the village clerk and county board of elections at least 10 days before the caucus. Election Law §§ 6-202(3) and 15-108(2)(c).

Thursday, May 5, 2022 – Last day to file a certificate of party nomination.

Election Law § 15-108(7)(a). Not later than 47 days prior to the village election.

NOTE: If a list of caucus or primary participants is not filed with the certificate, the clerk must immediately mail notice to those who signed the certificate, stating that the list of nominations must be filed within five (5) days after the mailing of the notice. Election Law § 15-108(2)(e).

NOTE: Upon the filing of a certificate of nomination or a petition nominating a person, the village clerk must immediately notify via mail each individual nominated. The notice must state the last day to decline and include a statement that the candidate's name will appear on the ballot as it appears in the notice. Election Law § 6-144.

Friday, May 6, 2022 – Last day to file written objections to certificates of party nomination.

Election Law § 15-108(10). Not later than one (1) day after the last date to file the certificate with the village clerk.

Monday, May 9, 2022 – Last day to file a certificate of acceptance or declination of a party nomination.

Election Law § 15-108(7)(b). Not later than 44 days prior to the election.

NOTE: Forty-four days prior to the election is Sunday, May 8th. When the last day to post and file a notice of the party caucus in the offices of the village clerk and county board of elections falls on a Saturday or a Sunday, then, pursuant to Election Law § 1-106, the last day to file the notice is extended to the next business day.

Monday, May 9, 2022 – Last day to file written specifications of objections to certificates of party nomination.

Election Law § 15-108(10). Written specifications of the grounds of the objections must be filed with the village clerk within two (2) days after the filing of the written objections. Upon receipt of such written specifications, the village clerk must notify each candidate named in the certificate and the county board of elections.

NOTE: If an objection is filed on Thursday, May 5th, or Friday, May 6th, the last day to file written specifications of the objection would be on Saturday, May 7th or Sunday, May 8th, respectively. Pursuant to Election Law § 1-106, the last day to file the written specifications would be extended to the next business day, Monday, May 9th.

NOTE: If an objection to a certificate of party nomination is filed before Thursday, 5th, the written specifications will be due before Monday, May 9th; the date depends on the date the objection is filed.

Tuesday, May 10, 2022 – First day to file an independent nominating petition.

Election Law § 15-108(8)(a). Not earlier than 42 days before the village election.

Wednesday, May 11, 2022 – Last day to fill a vacancy caused by a declination of a party nomination.

Election Law § 15-108(7)(c). Not later than 41 days prior to the village election.

Thursday, May 12, 2022 – Last day for the board of trustees to appoint election inspectors.

Election Law § 15-116(1). At least 40 days before the general village election (See special provisions for Nassau County. Election Law § 15-116 (2)).

NOTE: Failure to appoint election inspectors by this deadline will not impact the conduct of the election, but every effort should be made to comply with this timeframe.

Friday, May 13, 2022 – Deadline for filing the third statement of campaign receipts and expenditures for the village primary.

Rules of the State Board of Elections §§ 6200.1 and 6200.2. Must be 10 days after the primary.

Sunday, May 15, 2022 – Last day for the board of trustees to adopt a resolution establishing a second registration day to be held 12 days before the election.

Election Law § 15-118(5). Not later than 37 days prior to the first election for which it is effective.

Tuesday, May 17, 2022 – Last day to file independent nominating petitions for an office to be filled at the general village election.

Election Law § 15-108(8)(a). Not later than 35 days before the village election.

NOTE: Upon the filing of a certificate of nomination or a petition nominating a person, the village clerk must immediately notify via mail each individual nominated. The notice must state the last day to decline and include a statement that the candidate's name will appear on the ballot as it appears in the notice. Election Law § 6-144.

Wednesday, May 18, 2022 – Last day to file written objections to independent nominating petitions.

Election Law § 15-108(10)(d). Not later than one (1) day after the last date to file the petition with the village clerk.

Friday, May 20, 2022 – Last day to file written specifications of objections to independent nominating petitions.

Election Law § 15-108(10). Written specifications of the grounds of the objections must be filed with the village clerk within two (2) days after the filing of the written objections. Upon receipt of such written specifications, the village clerk must notify each candidate named in the petition and the county board of elections.

NOTE: If an objection to an independent nominating petition is filed before Wednesday, May 18th, the written specifications will be due before Friday, May 20th; the exact date is dependent upon the filing date of the objection.

Friday, May 20, 2022 – For villages with two registration days, last day for the board of trustees to adopt a resolution stating the place and hours at which inspectors will meet to prepare the register and the hours and place of registration.

Election Law § 15-118(4). At least 20 days before the first registration day.

Friday, May 20, 2022 – Deadline for filing the first statement of campaign receipts and expenditures for the village election.

Rules of the State Board of Elections §§ 6200.1 and 6200.2. Must be 32 days before the election.

Friday, May 20, 2022 – Last day to file certificate of acceptance or declination of an independent nomination for an office to be filled at the village election.

Election Law § 15-108(8)(b). Not later than three (3) days after the last day to file the petition.

Sunday, May 22, 2022 – For villages with one registration day, last day for the board of trustees to adopt a resolution stating the place and hours at which inspectors will meet to prepare the register and the hours and place of registration.

Election Law § 15-118(4). At least 20 days before the registration day.

Monday, May 23, 2022 – Last day to file a certificate to fill a vacancy caused by declination of an independent nomination for an office to be filled at the general village election.

Election Law § 15-108(8)(c). Not later than three (3) days after the last day to file a certificate of declination.

Approximately Thursday, May 26, 2022 – NYCOM recommends that the clerk prepare a draft of the ballot and give the candidates an opportunity to review the draft of the ballot as soon as possible after the slate of candidates has been finalized and prior to sending out any absentee ballots. Once reviewed by the candidates, the sample ballot should be made available to the public.

NOTE: Chapter 411 of the Laws of 2019 amended Election Law § 7-128 to require sample and official ballots for all elections conducted by the county boards of election to be made available as soon as practicable. While village elections conducted pursuant to Article 15 are specifically exempted from this provision, NYCOM recommends that the clerk prepare a draft of the ballot and give the candidates an opportunity to review the draft of the ballot as soon as possible after the slate of candidates has been finalized and prior to sending out any absentee ballots to adhere to the spirit and intent of this law.

NOTE: Due to the timing of referenda, a petition for a permissive referendum filed on or after April 1st and on or before June 1st will cause the proposition to appear on the general village election ballot. Similarly, the board of trustees may pass a legislative act that is subject to a mandatory referendum or submit the permissive referendum to voters on its own motion on or after April 1st and on or before June 1st and have that proposition appear on the general village election ballot. Consequently, ballots may be subject to change to include the presentation of propositions after this date.

Monday, May 30, 2022 – For villages with two registration days, last day to publish and post in each election district a copy of the resolution stating the date, place, and time when inspectors will meet to register voters.

Election Law § 15-118(4). At least 10 days prior to registration day.

Wednesday, June 1, 2022 – For villages with one registration day, last day to publish and post in each election district a copy of the resolution stating the date, place, and time when inspectors will meet to register voters.

Election Law § 15-118(4). At least 10 days prior to registration day.

Wednesday, June 1, 2022 – Last day to file a petition to cause a permissive referendum to appear on the general election ballot. This is also the last day that the board of trustees may (a) pass a local law or resolution that is subject to a mandatory referendum or (b) adopt a legislative act that is subject to a permissive referendum and submit the question to voters on its own motion, and have such propositions appear on the general election ballot.

Village Law § 9-902(6). If such petition is filed on or after the first day of the month two months prior to the month in which the general village election is to be held and on or before the first day of the month in which the general village election is to be held, a proposition for the approval of such act or resolution must be submitted at the general village election.

NOTE: Pursuant to Village Law § 9-902(5), if a petition is filed before April 1st or after June 1st a special election must be held.

NOTE: If Article 9 is being followed for a mandatory referendum, the date that the board of trustees adopts the local law or resolution is deemed the date the petition is filed. Similarly, if a permissive referendum is submitted to the voters upon the board of trustee's own motion, the date the motion is adopted is deemed the date that the petition is filed. Consequently, this is the last day that the board of trustees may adopt a legislative act that is subject to a mandatory referendum or submit a permissive referendum to voters on its own motion and have the proposition appear on the general village election ballot.

Thursday, June 9, 2022 – First registration day in villages with two registration days.

Election Law § 15-118(5). Twelve days before general village election.

NOTE: The hours of registration must be at minimum from 12:00 noon to 5:00 p.m. Election Law § 15-118(3)(c).

Friday, June 10, 2022 – Deadline for filing the second statement of campaign receipts and expenditures for the village election.

Rules of the State Board of Elections §§ 6200.1 and 6200.2. At least 11 days before the election.

Friday, June 10, 2022 – Last day individuals may register with the county board of elections to ensure voter eligibility in the village election.

Election Law § 15-118(2). At least 10 days before the election.

NOTE: At least 10 days before the election is Saturday, June 11th. As county boards of elections are closed on Saturdays, the last day to register and be eligible to vote is Friday, June 10th.

Saturday, June 11, 2022 – Last day for the village clerk to publish notice setting forth the (1) polling place in each district, (2) hours during which the polls are open (at least 12:00 noon to 9:00 p.m.), (3) names and addresses of candidates, offices, and term nominated for, and (4) abstract of any proposition. The notice must also be posted in six (6) conspicuous places in the village and at each polling place at least one (1) day before the election.

Election Law §§ 15-104(3)(c) and (4). Notice must be published at least 10 days prior to general village election. Notice must be posted at least 1 day prior to the general village election.

NOTE: If the village fails to publish or post required information, the election will not be invalidated, except that a vote on a proposition will be void if the required notice of election is not given. Election Law § 15-104 (5).

Saturday, June 11, 2022 – Registration day in villages with one registration day. For villages with two registration days, this is the second registration day.

Election Law § 15-118(5). Ten days prior to election.

NOTE: The hours of registration must be at minimum from 12:00 noon to 5:00 p.m. Election Law § 15-118(3)(c).

Tuesday, June 14, 2022 – Last day for the board of elections to provide a list of registered voters to the village clerk.

Election Law § 5-612(1). At least seven (7) days prior to general village election.

NOTE: The village clerk must contact the county board of elections for a list of registered voters.

Tuesday, June 14, 2022 – Last day for the village clerk to receive applications for absentee ballots to be mailed to qualified voters.

Election Law § 15-120(5). At least seven (7) days prior to election.

Wednesday, June 15, 2022 – Last day for the village clerk to mail absentee ballots to qualified voters.

Election Law § 15-120(6). Not later than six (6) days before the village election.

Sunday, June 19, 2022 – Sample ballots must be made available for public inspection not later than this day.

Election Law § 7-128(1). Not later than two (2) days prior to the election.

NOTE: NYCOM recommends that the clerk prepare a draft of the ballot and give the candidates an opportunity to review the draft of the ballot as soon as possible after the slate of candidates has been finalized and prior to sending out any absentee ballots.

Monday, June 20, 2022 – Last day for the village clerk to receive personal applications for an absentee ballot from applicant or applicant's agent. Upon receiving an application, the clerk must deliver the absentee ballot to the applicant or their agent named in the application.

Election Law § 15-120(5). Not later than one (1) day prior to the election.

Tuesday, June 21, 2022 – The village election.

NOTE: By State law, general village elections are held on the third Tuesday in March. However, villages may chose, and many have chosen, to hold their elections on another date. Other than in March, the most popular date to hold village elections is the third Tuesday in June.

Tuesday, June 21, 2022 – Village clerk must deliver the absentee ballots to the board of inspectors of the proper election district.

Election Law § 15-120(8). On the day of the general village election. Last day for the village clerk to receive absentee ballots in person or by mail.

NOTE: Absentee ballots cast in village elections must be received by the date of the general village election in order to be canvassed. Absentee ballots may be delivered to the village clerk or the board of inspectors of the proper election district on the day of the general village election.

Wednesday, June 22, 2022 – Inspectors must file a certificate of canvass of voters with the village clerk.

Election Law § 15-126(1). Before 9:00 a.m. of the day following the village election.

Wednesday, June 22, 2022 – The board of trustees must meet to canvass the election returns when a village has more than one election district.

Election Law § 15-126(1). Not later than 8:00 p.m. of the day after the village election.

Thursday, June 23, 2022 – The last day a recanvass of the vote may be requested.

Election Law § 15-126(3). Not later than two (2) days after the date of the election.

NOTE: The clerk may, upon his or her own volition, and must, upon the written request of any candidate, cause a recanvass of the votes cast in the village election.

Friday, June 24, 2022 – Last day for the village clerk to notify the winners of the election the results and that they must file an oath of office with the village clerk within 30 days of the commencement of their term.

Election Law § 15-128. Within three (3) days after the village election.

Friday, June 24, 2022 – The deadline by which the clerk must notify the county board of elections of the request for recanvass.

Election Law § 15-126(3). Within one (1) day after receiving the written request.

NOTE: This is the last possible date the clerk may notify the county board of elections of the request to recanvass. If the clerk receives the written request prior to Thursday, June 17th, he or she has one day to notify the county board of elections.

Monday, July 4, 2022 – Start of the village’s official year.

Village Law § 3-302. The official year begins at noon on the first Monday in the month following the date of the general village election or the date such an election would have been held had elections been held annually.

NOTE: Notwithstanding that the first Monday of July is Independence Day, the official year begins at noon on Monday, July 4, 2022. There is no obligation for the board to meet or conduct its organizational meeting on this day.

Monday, July 18, 2022 – Deadline for filing the third statement of campaign receipts and expenditures for the village election.

Rules of the State Board of Elections §§ 6200.1 and 6200.2. Must be 27 days after the election.

Wednesday, August 3, 2022 – Deadline to file the oath of office.

Public Officers Law §§ 10 and 30. Every officer must take and file the oath of office prior to assuming their office and within 30 days of the commencement of their term of office. If an elected official fails to file their oath of office within the required 30 days, then a vacancy is created in their office.

NOTE: Elected officers may take and file their oaths of office any time after the results of the election are certified pursuant to Election Law § 15-126.

NOTES

NOTES



The New York State Conference of Mayors and Municipal Officials (NYCOM) is an association of, and for, cities and villages in New York. Since 1910, NYCOM has united local government officials in an active statewide network focused on the singular purpose of finding the most effective means of providing essential municipal services. Through the active participation of our membership, which represents more than 12 million New Yorkers, NYCOM is an aggressive advocate for city and village interests before the Executive, Legislative and Judicial branches of state government. Our association is a readily accessible source of practical information touching upon every area of municipal activity, and is also a leader in the on-going training and education of local officials.